THE GOVERNOR SAYS

That He Did Not Request the Beef-Junket Bill's Passage.

Which, as a House Member Said He Did, Seems to Square It.

The Meat Question and Its Inspection to Be Discussed.

Hanke's Bill to Tax Street Railways Coming To-Day.

Representative Hompe rose in his seat just before adjournment yesterday. "I desire to say for the governor that he did not request the passage of the bill to send legislators to the beef convention at St. Louis, and I hope that the St. Paul GLOBE reporter, if he is present, will record this."

As the GLOBE reporter was looking directly at Mr. Hompe's benign countenance, "this" was duly recorded. The effect of the governor's denial will probably be to cure certain house members of the practice of saying, when they desire a measure to be hurried through, "The governor has requested this." When the bill to increase the salary of a certain officer was before the house, and members were resisting it on the ground of economy, the introducer of the bill said "This is by the request of the governor." And on Thursday noon and evening, when this junketing St. Louis bill of $1,000 was before the house and members protested against it, Mr. Estes rose in his seat and asserted that the governor desired its passage. Consequently a bill that would otherwise have been defeated was passed. There were plenty of of house members to be found, after the governor's denial, who said that they would never have voted for it except on this statement that he desired it. If the bill could be reconsidered now it would without doubt be defeated. There will probably be no more "the governor requests" this session unless that official does it personally himself.

LOCAL BILLS.

Representative Taft secured the passage of a bill yesterday to prevent the running of cattle at large in the town of Marine.

Representative Swaim introduced a bill to appropriate $1,000 for the construction of a road in the township of Tyrone, Le Sueur county.

Representative E. C. Johnson had passed yesterday a bill amending the charter of the city of Winona, so that section 16 shall read: "Said city shall be liable in all cases for the board, washing and fees on commitment of all persons committed to the jail of Winona county by the municipal court."

Representative Hanson's bill to extend the corporate limits of Waseca was passed yesterday. It adds to the city the north half of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 17, town 107, north of range 22 west.

Representative Taft's bill to prevent the catching of fish in the counties of Ramsey, Hennepin and Washington, except between May 15 and Nov. 1, exempts Forest lake from its provisions. The bill passed the house.

Representative Seymour's bill to authorize Stillwater to maintain a street across the state prison lands passed the house yesterday.

STOCK AND BEEF.

Members Visit South St. Paul---The Forbes Inspection Bill.

The visit of the legislature to the Union stock yards at South St. Paul yesterday, on the invitation of the company and Representative McGrath, was quite enjoyable, and gave the lawmakers new ideas as to a home industry needing some of their care and attention.

From 3:30 until 5 the time was spent in watching the process of killing, dressing and preparing 400 hogs for the market. From the moment the knife struck the porker's throat until he lay quartered and halved in the salt rooms ready for shipment to England, the process was studied. Representative Temple brought out the prohibitory idea quite forcibly when, after seeing a hog accidentally not dead yet slip into the hot water vat and leap with pain, he said that he thought he should introduce a bill prohibiting such occurrences. In connection with this visit of yesterday the following meat inspection bill was introduced in the house by Representative Forbes:

"The sale of any fresh beef, veal, mutton, lamb or pork is prohibited in the state except where inspectors appointed by the several cities, villages, boroughs and townships of the state have inspected the same twenty-four hours before slaughtering; and if found healthy then to be slaughtered by authority of a certificate given by said inspectors. Any person selling meat before inspection shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than $100 or imprisonment for not more than three months. The act does not apply to canned, smoked or cured meats."

M'KUSICK'S LATEST.

The Peddlers and Their Licenses Receive Attention.

Representative McKusick introduced the following bill, relating to peddlers and their licenses:

It shall be unlawful for any person to travel from place to place in any county in this state peddling goods for sale, etc., unless said person shall have been licensed. This does not apply to manufacturers, mechanics, nurserymen or farmers selling results from their work or products, or to patent right dealers, train boys commercial travelers, or persons incapacitated for hard manual labor. Applications for licenses must be filed with the county auditor. License fees shall be: To travel by foot or rail, $15; to travel by single team, $25; to travel by double team, $40.

Licenses are good for one year, and the act is not intended to infringe on corporate rights as to licenses.

TO BUST TRUSTS.

Representative Elmquist Tries a Hand at Anacondas.

Representative Elmquist, of the Ramsey delegation, has introduced the following bill, designed to destroy trusts:

"It shall be unlawful for any firm or incorporated company or any member of them, manufacturing, producing, refining or mining any article or product which enters into general use or consumption by the people to form or organize any trust, or to enter into any combination or delegate to any one or more board or boards of trustees the power to conduct and direct the business of the whole number of said firms, etc., which may have or propose to form a trust inconsistent with this act and contrary to public policy. No certificate of stock or other evidence of interest in any trust, etc., shall have legal recognition in any court in this state, and any deed to real estate given by any firm, etc., for the purpose of becoming interested in said trust, or any mortgage given, etc., shall be void. On the passage of this act the secretary of state shall send a prescribed form of oath to all corporations, for them to take that they are not concerned in a trust. Failure to comply with said oath shall be authority for the secretary of state to revoke the charter of said corporation. The secretary of state may notify any corporation in a trust that if it does not withdraw from said trust its charter may be revoked at the expiration of ninety days. Any corporation in a trust at the time of the passage of this act or after shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of not less than $5,000 nor more than $10,000."

CORPORATE LIABILITY.

An important bill relating to the liability of corporations, was introduced by Representative Vollmer yesterday.

"No steamboat, sleeping or passenger car corporation, etc., shall take on board, or contract to do so, any passenger or passengers except under the provision of this act; that the duties and liabilities of the corporation to the persons conveyed, their heirs or assigns, are the same as that of an inn keeper in common law, in so far as reimbursing said passengers, their heirs or assigns are concerned, for losses or damage to his or their property. Said corporations may limit their liability to an iron safe on each boat or car and giving notice that all property and valuables may be deposited there. Railroads operating sleeping cars shall be deemed to be the owners of said cars. No contract made in this state to fix or limit the duties or liability of any person or corporation shall have any force or validity in this state and the courts shall determine and define according to the provisions of this act."

RAILROAD STOCK.

Representative Ives has introduced the following bill:

"Any railroad company organized under the special or general laws of this state may create, issue and dispose of such number of shares of stock, either common or preferred, as may be necessary for redeeming its bonded debt, etc., by exchanging stock for bonds. Nothing in this act to be construed as authorizing the sale by any company of its stock for less than the full par value thereof in money, property, labor or services."

TAXING STREET CARS.

Representative Hanke Will Introduce a Measure to That Effect.

Representative Hanke, of the Hennepin delegation, will introduce the following tax bill in the house to-day:

"Every street railway company or the owner or operator of said company shall hereafter pay to the county treasurer of each county in this state, in which the same shall be located, 3 per cent per annum upon the gross earnings; payments to be made prior to June 1. The tax shall be in full of all taxation or assessment upon said railroad of all of its property. Thirty days after the close of each calendar year the owner of said street railway shall file with the county treasurer a report covering all of the operations of said road. The tax is made a lien upon the railway. Delinquencies in the tax are to be collected in the usual manner. Of the whole tax collected in each county there shall be paid to the state treasurer the same percentage upon the gross earnings of said railways as shall be levied for state purposes upon other property in said county. Said county treasurer shall next retain for general county purposes the same percentage of the gross earnings of said railways as shall be levied for general county purposes upon other taxable property in the county. The said tax upon the gross earnings from said railway in any incorporated city, etc., during any year, after making the deductions for state and county purposes, shall be paid to the officers of said city, to be divided among the different funds levied for the same year."

ALL-AROUND BILLS.

Ramsey County---Traverse and Big Stone---Hennepin.

Representative F. C. Stevens secured the passage of a bill in the house yesterday creating the office of assistant county attorney, with a salary of $2,500 attached. M. D. Munn will get it, of course.

Representative C. R. Davis introduced a bill yesterday consolidating Big Stone and Traverse counties under the name of Harrison county, the county seat to be Granville. The bill was sent to the judiciary committee.

Mr. Lane's armory bill authorizes Minneapolis to spend $10,000 in purchasing lot 9, block 230, Brown & Jackson's addition, known as the "armory" site, for an armory and police drill location.

Representative Savage has a bill introduced to authorize Hennepin county to issue $15,000 bonds for relocating last section, quarter section and meander posts.

SLEEPING CAR TAX.

Representative Young introduced yesterday his bill, published in the GLOBE last week, to tax sleeping car companies operating in this state 7 per cent upon their gross earnings.

SPEAKER UNDERWOOD.

The house had a large-sized picnic with Representative Underwood yesterday, who was speaker while the Kreis bill to exclude billiard and pool tables from saloons was under discussion. Mr. Underwood had scarcely got into his seat before the fun began. Amendments of every character poured in, followed by motions and counter-motions, cries for the "question" and uproarious laughter. The bill was foredoomed to defeat, so that the merriment was a good-natured burlesque. In the confusion Mr. Underwood lost sight of his bearings. He declared the bill indefinitely postponed without taking a vote upon it, refused to entertain a motion from John Day Smith, and when Bob Dunn inquired:

"In all seriousness I would like to know what has become of House File No. 576?"

Assured him that it was no more. On the adoption of the report of the committee that the bill be indefinitely postponed, the vote was as follows:

YEAS.

Anderson,	Hay,	Roberts,
Baun,	Hoistrom,	Sevatson,
Barr,	Hompe,	Shoemaker,
Brush,	Hoppin,	Smith,
Crain,	Johnson, J. N.,	Swain,
Dunham,	Kreis,	Temple,
Ellingson,	Lightly,	Thoe,
Flathers,	Maland,	Thurber,
Forbes,	McNelly,	Underwood,
Hanson,	Morris,	Wilson, H.—34
Harrington,	Poe,	
Haven,	Quam,	

NAYS.

Ackerman,	Fuhrmann,	Merz,
Barteau,	Greely,	Savage,
Bickel,	Hagney,	Searle,
Buell,	Haigron,	Seymour,
Capser,	Hanke,	Sinclair,
Damp,	Heidemann,	Smout,
Davis, C. R.,	Husher,	Stebbins,
Davis, C. H.,	Ives,	Stevens, H. F.,
Dunn,	Kelly,	Sumner,
Eastman,	Keyes,	Taft,
Elmquist,	Lane,	Vollmer,
Erickson,	Lossow,	Willrich,
Farley,	McGrath,	Wing—41.
Fleming,	McMillan,	

ARISTOCRATIC LANDLORDISM

An Eloquent Oration by Senator Goodrich.

Ill fares the land, to hastening ills a prey,
Where wealth accumulates and men decay;
Princes and lords may flourish or may fade,
But a bold yeomanry, their country's pride,
When once destroyed can never be supplied.

It was with these beautiful lines of Goldsmith that Senator Goodrich closed an eloquent oration in the senate yesterday. It was the most forcible utterance heard this session, and was occasioned by a bill introduced by Senator Durant entitled, "Relating to ownership of real property in Minnesota." The object of the measure is to repeal a law passed by the last legislature and make it possible for aliens to hold real estate in the state. Senator Goodrich's patriotism was stirred to its depth. He said: We do not want a landed aristocracy in this state. This law provides that not more than 5,000 acres shall be held by any one alien. I am opposed to let foreigners who have not declared their intention of becoming citizens hold even a single acre. I know the tendency of this country is to open the door to individual aliens and corporations to purchase lands and deprive its use to citizens who wish to buy; and I say it is not only wrong, it is unjust. The cause of the French revolution was because one-half of the land of France was held by ecclesiastical and other corporations, and the people were deprived of their rights and liberties. I therefore warn you against opening the doors to these foreign corporations, and I believe it to be right and just for laboring men to rise up against agression, and protest against these land monopolies.

Senator Ward looked at the matter from a totally different standpoint. He supported the bill, and said: It is one of the prerogatives of Americans to sell out at a profit if they can get a purchaser; and they invite every dollar they can get from England, Germany, Norway and everywhere else. These foreigners that come here have made Minnesota what she is. What would Minnesota be to-day without the Scandinavian, the German and the Irish element. Where, I ask you? A barren waste, with not enough for even a crow to light on. Do you suppose that these foreigners will come into this country, buy land and not become citizens? Not they. They have too great a love for office. [Laughter.]

Senator Durant, in a well-worded address, supported the passage of his bill, and said the law now on the statutes was mischievous in its intent and in its effect.

But Senator Goodrich was determined to kill the bill, and rose to reply more particularly to Senator Ward. His eloquence surprised the senators. Briefly put, he protested against posterity being deprived of possession of the land, and warned legislators against the evils of absentee landordism. That would be the great curse produced if this bill became law. "If you want an example," he remarked, "go to Ireland and see what a landed aristocracy and absentee landlordism has produced in that country. Go there, and then say if you are going to perpetuate such a state of oppression in this glorious country. I say no, no, no!"

The great effort on the part of the aged legislator was received with hearty applause. It would have fared badly with the bill had not Senator Ives intervened and had it referred back to the judiciary committee.

WASHBURN'S GHOST.

Senators Call in a Physician, but Grumble Over Paying the Bill.

Though Senator Washburn has taken his oath of office, state senators are confronted with a question evolving out of his election. They have before them a bill of $826 for expenses incurred by the bribery investigating committee. The claims committee had this bill referred to them, the items of which are:

W. W. Erwin, attorney	$250 00
C. D. O'Brien, attorney	250 00
G. H. Hellman, stenographer	180 00
John Ward, doorkeeper	50 00
J. K. Merz, sergeant-at-arms	50 00
Hotel Ryan, room	40 00
Virtue & Tallboy, printing	3 50
Telegraphing and messengers	2 50
Total	$826 00

Senator Thacker reported that the claims committee would not make any recommendation on the bill, believing some of the charges illegal, and asked that the matter might be considered before the committee of the whole. The bill was in consequence upon the general order of yesterday. As soon as it was reached Senator Ward rose and left the chamber. He was the instigator of the investigation. Senator Eaton moved to have the bill amended. He didn't oppose the stenographer's charge, but that of the attorneys was exorbitant. The committee also might have contented themselves with a room at the capitol. He could not see why they should also pay a doorkeeper for ten days' service, when the committee only sat two days.

"Let us take our medicine like men, and not squirm," were the words with which Senator Edwards counseled his fellow senators, and this brought Senator Durant to his feet with a happy speech. He likened his Republican friends to a person suffering from small pox. They had called in a physician, and were now grumbling about the bill. [Laughter].

Senator Eaton—Whether the disease was small-pox, or some other pox, I I don't know, but the house committee managed to kill the disease at a comparatively small expense.

Definite action was again deferred, so that the judiciary committee might decide upon the charges made by the two attorneys.

HOWLING ECONOMY.

Motion to Adjourn Denounced by Daniels.

Senator Pope sent up a proposition for the senate to adjourn until Monday evening. This excited adverse comment. "We ought to stay here and attend to business," put in Senator Goodrich, and Senator Daniels became righteously indignant. "You are howling about economy," he said, "and yet you propose to prolong the session by these repeated and lengthy adjournments. I simply say it is outrageous." These remarks of Senator Daniels highly tickled the senators, they being conversant with the fact that he was absent from the senate the first two days of the week. The motion was then voted down.

ON THE RAMPAGE.

Southern Minnesotians Declaim Against Reapportionment.

Harmony does not prevail over the reapportionment scheme as published in yesterday's GLOBE, and a meeting was held of the joint committee who have this subject to handle. It was decided that the representation in the senate should be fixed at 52 and that of the house at 114. The desire is to harmonize the representation of the southern districts, it being feared that if a large number of representatives were cut off from these constituencies great difficulty would be experienced in securing the passage of the bill. A new scheme will therefore be produced, which will retain the representatives already proposed for the northern constituencies, while it will interfere little with the representation which the southern counties now have. In other words, "a sop to catch Cerebus."

A SQUELCHER.

Protests Against the Sevatson Usury Bill.

Senator Wood is working hard to secure the reappointment of O. S. Blake as assistant postmaster. He called up the reconsideration of the matter, but senators sat down upon him with a squelching vote. Senator Sampson attempted to get H. E. Ives reappointed clerk of town and counties committee, but Senator Halvorsen applied the gag in the way of notice of debate.

Petitions are pouring into the senate protesting against the Sevatson bill reducing the rate of interest from 10 to 8 per cent. Petitioners urge that the reduction will cause a money famine in the state.

FRESH MEAT.

The State Launches Into the Public Account System.

Bacon wrote that in the making of books there is no end. The remark will apply with equal force in the making of laws, as illustrated by the bills introduced in the senate yesterday.

Senator Halvorsen proposed a measure which enable county commissioners to set aside a fund to be used by county auditors in supply of fuel, postage, etc., for county officials.

Senatar Edwards added another bill to the long list regulating the employment of convicts. This bill appropriates $25,000 to purchase plant, tools and materials for the employment of convicts on state account.

Senator Scheffer is still raising the cry of "fresh meats," and brought out a bill providing for the inspection of cattle, sheep and swine before being slaughtered. Local boards of health of cities or villages are required to appoint one or more inspectors, who are to inspect all cattle, etc., intended for human food within twenty-four hours before slaughtering the same. The sale of impure meat is made punishable by a fine of $100 or three months' imprisonment.

Senator Goodrich had a bill read which allows a girl under the care of a guardian to bring an action for defamation of character in her own name.

THOROUGHLY SKINNED.

Senator Howard Says That Is What the Finance Committees Have Done With the Appropriation Bills.

"They have not only skinned the animal, but taken its flesh and alone left us the bones."

Managers of state institutions may tremble! The appropriations asked for have been cut so low as to draw from Senator Howard the statement given above. The senator had been present at the meeting of the finance committees of the legislature, who held a joint gathering in the executive department, presided over by Gov. Merriam. They were in session from 3:30 until 6:30, and then reported they had "done nothing." The report of the subcommittee was too sweeping for some of the members—hence the kick. It is questionable, if the demands made by the members are moderated, whether three-tenths of a mill will be sufficient increase in the taxes to meet the expenditure called for.

To illustrate how the subcommittee are acting, the $10,000 asked for to create inspectors under a bill prohibiting the adulteration of food is entirely swiped out. Again, the senate prison committee asked for $50,000 to purchase plant at the state prison for employing convicts. This is calmly cut to $25,000.

SABIN NOT IN IT.

The absurd story that ex-Senator Sabin was to become president of the Duluth & Winnipeg road has run the length of its tether. There never was any foundation for it in the beginning, and it is believed the originators had some sinister motive. It has been completely exploded and there was not even curiosity about the capitol yesterday to wonder why the story was started.

PARAGRAPHS.

On the vote upon the beef trust commission Representative Hagney was given as voting for it. This was an error. Mr. Hagney was not present. If he had been he would have voted against the bill.

Representative Low has been sick for some time at the Clifton.

HAS A SERIOUS ASPECT.

It Looks as if the Copper Syndicate Would Go to Pieces.

NEW YORK, March 8.—During the afternoon dispatches from all sources have poured into the metal exchange relative to the copper syndicate's position. From London at 3 o'clock the following cable was received: "Position considered relieved, although prices lower and market now steady at a decline. Three months nominal sales made for delivery on April 23 at £52 and May 6 at £51 and £52." A little later came the following, also from London: "The day has brought no improvement in the situation of the copper syndicate, which tried to cover the whole world." After a spasmodic rise, the market sank back to 14-10. Operators in London predict that the end of the copper trust is near. Any scheme devised to keep it up in the eyes of the public are merely processes to arrange for an easier liquidation. It is apparent that these securities have been forced by artificial means upon the continental markets, and heavy realizing is inevitable." In reference to the situation a prominent bear operator, a man who at one time held very close relation with the syndicate, prophesied the early downfall of the French corporation. He argued that as the syndicate had 160,000 tons of the metal on hand, which was about 100,000 tons per month, and being without funds to carry the metal, the corporation, and the bank, too, that had indorsed its letters of credit must certainly go under. Even if all the mines stopped producing, this broker held it would not change the result, as the present stock was so far in excess of consumption. The failure of the syndicate, he thought, would not materially affect the American market, because there were such amounts of the metal held here. It was anticipated, he added, that prices would fall a half below the present quotations, which would stop production here, and all spot stocks would be bought by London houses which had plenty of capital and held for a rise. John Stanton, treasurer of the Central Mining company, one of the American mines with which the syndicate has contracted, expressed his belief in the solidity of the syndicate. He said that only last week a payment had been received by his company from the syndicate, and if he had an immense quantity of copper on hand ready for delivery at present, he would not hesitate to turn it over to the Frenchman. Mr. Stanton thought that the fact that the Bank of France had advanced the French banking institution, a large proportion of whose security were syndicate stock, £4,000,000, should establish faith in the stability of the copper syndicate. The Bank of France, Mr. Stanton added, would certainly not make money advances in excess of the value of the copper held as security. A Paris cable says: "It is understood that the Bank of France's advance is completely covered by discounted bills which the comptoir D'Escompte holds."

ON TO OKLAHOMA.

Thousands of Families Eager to Enter---Fears of a Conflict With the Troops.

CHICAGO, March 8.—A dispatch from Wichita, Kan., says: T. Blake, a merchant of Purcell, I. T., arrived here last night, and said that trains are daily bringing there from 100 to 150 persons. Wednesday 100 families reached the place from Michigan. Many are in destitute circumstances. They say they are willing to wait thirty days longer, and if there is then no proclamation, they will enter, for they might as well risk losing their lives as their rights, and think that no one will attempt to remove them.

Weavers Will Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 8.—The state board of arbitration came here today to attempt a settlement of the threatened strike of weavers. They sent word to the weavers, but received no response. They then communicated with the board of trade, whose representative declared that the advance could not be granted. The arbitrators then went home. At to-night's meeting of weavers the sentiment was unanimous in favor of carrying out the intention to strike unless the advance is granted before Monday.

Mormon Converts.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 8.—The Denver express yesterday had on board Mormon Elder Fry, of Salt Lake City, and 175 converts to the faith from the South. They occupied three cars. Fry has been a missionary to the South for three years. His converts were from the backwoods of Tennessee, Northern Georgia, Alabama, and were for the most part ignorant people. The elder is apparently well educated, and says that he will give his people new homes in the West.

Every body looks in SUNDAY'S GLOBE for "Rooms to Let."

WINNIPEG A WINNER.

Manitobans Again Carry Off the Trophy at the Bonspiel.

Good Ice Yesterday and Some Excellent Curling by All Contestants.

Second Day of the Great New York Sale of Trotting Stock.

Henry Bush and F. H. Jackson Sign for a Fight to a Finish.

Special to the Globe.

WINNIPEG, Man., March 8.—Interest in the curling bonspeil is increasing, and great crowds of people watched the games to-day. The ice is now in excellent condition and fine playing is the result. The chief interest to-day was in the final game for the challenge cup, between a rink from Portage La Prairie, Man., and Harstone's rink of Winnipeg Granites. It was won by the latter. Harstone's rink is the same as played in the St. Paul carnival last winter, and which then came home with the International cup. Competition for the Tuckett trophy, between selected rinks of the Manitoba association and All Comers, was won by Manitoba. The All Comers in this match were Lindsay, Guelph, St. Paul and Portage, Wis. The international contest takes place to-morrow. The Canadian rinks will be made up from Winnipeg Granites and Portage La Prairie clubs against St. Paul and the Crusaders, of Wisconsin.

SOME COSTLY COLTS.

Fair Prices Brought by Good Stock at Yesterday's Horse Sale.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The sale of trotting horses was continued to-day at the American institute. The crowd of buyers was large, but the prices up to noon were not above the average. The property of H. M. Johnston, of the Ela Hill's stock farm, East Los Angeles, Cal., was the first disposed of. Trebizonde, a brown colt by Stamboul, out of Elwood, brought $2,150, and Sid, bay colt, $1,200. The other prices ranged from $275 to $700. The consignment of G. Walensin, of Pleasanton, Cal., consisting of fifteen horses, was next sold and brought a total of $17,620. Highland Lass, a bay filly out of Young Highland, by Sidney, brought $1,325. Bay colt Daly, same sire, out of Grey Dale, $1,025. Catharine, bay filly, same sire, out of Casserly, sold to Robert Bonner for $3,000. Bay filly Mariana, same sire, out of Mary, $3,000. Chestnut colt, same sire, out of Tow Head, $1,700. Chestnut filly, by Sidney out of Casserly, $1,125. Fanny ch. f., same sire, out of Young Highland, $1,050. Sidnida, by Sidney out of dam Ida Walker, $1,100. The next consignment, consisting of seven sons and daughters of Guy Wilkes, the property of William Corbett, of San Mateo, Cal., were sold as follows: Alicia Wilkes, bay filly, by Guy Wilkes, out of Alice Clay, $1,600. Black filly, by Guy Wilkes, out of Alice Clay, $1,100. Woodford Wilkes, bay colt, by Guy Wilkes, out of Woodford Queen, $1,660. Princess Wilkes, black filly, same parents, $3,100. Bay colt, same sire, out of Adella, $2,806. Bay filly, same sire, out of Anteeo Viva, $1,100. Bay colt, same sire, out of Minnie Wilkes, $2,100. Brown colt, by Guy Wilkes out of Melrose, to J. W. Daly, Mt. Kisco, N. Y., for $1,850. Bay filly, by Guy Wilkes out of Rosalee, to C. J. Hamlin, Buffalo, for $1,650. Bay colt, by Guy Wilkes out of Rosalee, to M. Patterson, Almont, Ont., for $1,325. Black colt, by Guy Wilkes out of Sable Hayward, to C. J. Hamlin, Buffalo, for $5,100. Chestnut filly, by Guy Wilkes out of Rosebud, to C. W. Wilson, Cynthiana, Ky., for $1,210. Chestnut colt, by Guy Wilkes, out of Rosaline, to Hugh Brien, New York. Nanon, black filly by Guy Wilkes out of Lady Delmas, to Dr. T. J. Yarrow, Philadelphia, for $1,275. Delmas Wilkes, chestnut filly, by Guy Wilkes out of Lady Delmas, to George H. Hicks, Boston, for $1,400. Bay colt by Guy Wilkes out of Kate Arthurton, to W. R. Willets, Roslyn, L. I., for $875. Derby, bay colt by Guy Wilkes out of Norma, to Samuel McMillen, New York, for $1,100. Silvery Spray, chestnut colt, by Guy Wilkes out of Blanche, to G. D. Otis, Reading, Mass., for $1,800. Vera Wilkes, bay filly, by Guy Wilkes out of Huntress, to F. C. Fowler, Moodus, Mass., $1,000. Reid Wilkes, chestnut filly, by Guy Wilkes, out of Huntress, to F. C. Fowler, for $1,750. Bay colt, by Guy Wilkes, out of Huntress, to J. H. Osterhouse, Troy, N. Y., for $1,250. Verona Wilkes, bay filly, by Guy Wilkes, out of Glen Ellen, to A. S. Kniffen, Trenton, N. J., for $1,100. Rinaldo, bay colt, by Guy Wilkes, out of Mamie Kohl, to J. J. Bowen, Boston, for $2,150. Brown filly, by Guy Wilkes, out of Mamie Kohl, to D. B. Herrington, Poughkeepsie, for $1,000. Drew Wilkes, bay colt, by Guy Wilkes, out of Mollie Drew, to Charles Bassani, Newark, N. J., for $2,175. Grand Vent, chestnut colt, by Le Grande, out of Venturess, to T. J. Green, Philadelphia, for $610. Brown filly, by Le Grande, out of Minnie Allen, to J. W. Buckert, Litiz, Pa., for $400. Brown filly, by Le Grande, out of Hannah Price, to C. Frazer, New York, $460. Lancelot, brown colt, by Gov. Sprague, out of Lottie, to C. Fraze, for $520. Bay colt, by Lancelot, out of Blanch, to J. E. Disbrow, New York, for $200. Igo Wilkes, chestnut colt, by Guy Wilkes, out of Bay View Maid, to J. W. Page, White River Junction, Vt., for $850. Black filly, by Guy Wilkes, out of Huntress, to A. J. Wach, Hartford, for $1,525. Bay colt, by Le Grande, out of Napa Maid, to R. A. Gove, Albany, for $160. Chestnut colt, by Guy Wilkes, out of Molly Drew, to J. R. Gardner, Gardner's Island, N. Y., for $825.

Total receipts for the day's sale $74,375, divided as follows: $7,100 for Johnson's lot, $17,620 for the Valensin stock, and $49,655 for the Corlett bunch. Total for entire sale $200,175, an average of $1,836.47.

SPARRING AND WRESTLING.

Killen, Lewis and Others Appear at Hastings.

Special to the Globe.

HASTINGS, March 8.—A sparring and wrestling match, in which a number of celebrities from St. Paul participated, took place at Tuetonic hall last night, preceded by sparring by local sports of this city. Pat Killen, of St. Paul, the heavy-weight champion of the Northwest, appeared in the arena with Martin Clark, alias Haley, of Lakevile. The sparring of his contestant was quite creditable, and he has the honor of standing before the state's champion three rounds of three minutes each. Following this set-to was the wrestling match between Evan Lewis, who was awarded the championship belt as a catch-as-catch-can wrestler, and Arthur C. Nesbitt and William Hanson, Lewis agreeing to throw both of them five times in thirty minutes, two points down. He accomplished the feat in 6 minutes and 25 seconds less than the time given him and demonstrated that he didn't even exercise half of his strength. In the first bout he threw Hanson in 25 seconds. In the second bout Hanson showed "the white feather," fearing that he was to be "done up" by Lewis. Nesbitt, for his remarkable agility, should be congratulated for doing as well as he did, and Lewis pronounced him "a pretty good little man." After the wrestling match Pat Killen and Barney Smith sparred three three-minute rounds.

BIG IKE'S MEAT.

The Get-There Pacer Still Holds the Belt.

There was another race at Lake Cahann, Minneapolis, yesterday afternoon, which drew out several hundred spectators. Harry Legg, the jeweler, had signified a desire to match his trotter, Edward B., against the winner of Tuesday's free-for-all at Lake of the Isles, for $200 a side, and he was accommodated. Mr. Legg was tastefully attired in a beaver overcoat, and never looked handsomer. He rode on a skeleton sleigh, and Edwin B. showed up in fine form. Big Ike, R. F. Jones' get-there pacer, looked as though he needed to be lathed and plastered and there was a weary look in his eye, but the look was deceptive, for he defeated Edwin B. easily in three straight half-mile heats and never turned a hair. The time was fair—1:17, 1:18, 1:19—considering the race was in the face of a north wind.

Mr. Jones is still open to all horses owned in Minneapolis, and in reply to the offer of Frank Bruen and J. C McNaughton for another free-for-all, says it can't come off too soon to suit him. The sooner the better.

The Metropolitan Reorganized.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The old Metropolitan base ball club of this city is now on a good way towards reorganizing. A second meeting was held this afternoon in the office of Keefe and Recannon, 149 Breadway, and the old players are well represented, there being present: Roseman, Nelson, Lynch, Kennedy Crane, Hayes, Becannon, Jones, Riepslager, Collins and Holbert. It is probable that the first game of the season will be played on the Weehawken grounds on Sunday March 24. They have had three or four offers from clubs, of their grounds for Sundays, and matches are arranged with the Brooklyn and New York clubs for the months of April. The players have signed mutual contracts to play throughout the season.

A Fight Arranged.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., March 8.—A fight to a finish is being arranged between Henry Busch, alias "Oshkosh," and F. H. Jackson, colored champion of the Northwest; the fight to occur within fifty miles of Fargo for a purse of $500 and gate receipts, Marquis of Queensberry rules, between April and June.

Will Back McAuliffe.

CLEVELAND, O., March 8.—Richard Roche, McAuliffe's backer, called at the Leader office to-day and denied that he would back Myer against McAuliffe. He said he would back McAuliffe for $5,000 against any lightweight in the world. He said he would back Myer against any one except McAuliffe.

Scraps of Sport.

Frank Atwood, of the Pioneer Press, has purchased the score-card privilege for the St. Paul base ball grounds for the season of 1889.

Milwaukee has signed McVeigh as a catcher.

Omaha has signed Nagle and Cooney.

MISS ANDERSON'S ILLNESS.

She Faints After the Fifth Act of "The Winter's Tale," and Her Doctor Commands Rest.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Miss Mary Anderson, who failed on Tuesday and Wednesday nights to fill her engagements in "The Winter's Tale" at Albaugh's opera house here, felt able to appear last night, but found as the performance progressed that she had overestimated her strength. After the dance in the fifth act she was so exhausted that she fainted, and the curtain had to be run down. She rallied quickly, however, and resumed her part, sustaining it to the end with satisfaction to a large audience. Her physician strongly advised her against attempting to act again for several days, and Miss Anderson reluctantly decided to comply, and has canceled her engagement here for the remainder of the week. Miss Anderson's ailment is nervous prostration, due to the continued strain which she has put upon herself for several years.

Unsuccessful in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 8.—R. B. Martin, of London, the representative of the British syndicate whose purpose is to consolidate the great breweries of this country in one company, left this city for New York to-day, his mission here being a fruitless one so far as the Chicago breweries are concerned.

Funeral of Mary Louise Booth.

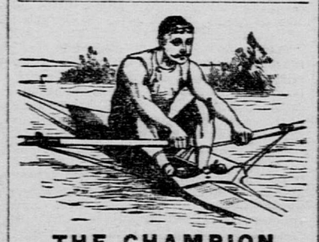
NEW YORK, March 8.—The funeral of Mary Louise Booth, late editress of Harper's Bazar, took place to-day and was largely attended by friends and acquaintances of the deceased. Rev. Dr. Eaton, of St. George's, conducted the services.

OFF FOR CANADA.

Disappearance of E. J. Roth, Manager of a La Crosse Dry Goods House.

Special to the Globe.

LA CROSSE, Wis., March 8.—The disappearance from the city of E. J. Roth, who for five years has had charge of the financial affairs at the large dry goods store known as the "Trade Palace," is reported. After a very excited conversation with the proprietor, John Paul, Thursday, he left the store and has not since seen, though it was not known until to-day that he had disappeared. His affairs are being examined, and it is impossible to say yet what, if any, is the amount of the defalcation. It is certain that Roth has been systematically deceiving the proprietor as to the condition of the business for three years, submitting false balance sheets and statements. He has given out Mr. Paul's checks to the amount of $5,000 or $6,000 to various parties around town, on which large interest is being paid. Some of the money has been used in business, but the actual facts can only be known by a rigid examination of the books. Since Roth left the store yesterday forenoon no trace of him has been found, though the police are making a search.



THE CHAMPION

Blood-purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla leads all others in age, merit, and popularity. It tones up the system, improves the appetite, strengthens the nerves, and vitalizes the Blood. Just what you need. Try it.

"I am selling your goods freely, and more of Ayer's Sarsaparilla than of all other blood-medicines put together."—R. A. McWilliams, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

BEST TEETH, $8.

Cullum's Painless Method of Tooth Extraction,

FILLING, - $1 UP.

Cor. 7th and Wabasha, St. Paul.

IT COSTS

The Manufacturer More, the Jobber More, the Retailer More, But

The Consumer Less

Than Any Other Sarsaparilla--Facts Easily Proven--Read Them.

On the question of real economy Hood's Sarsaparilla is so far ahead of other preparations as to place them entirely out of the race as competitors. Here are absolute facts in regard to this popular medicine, easily susceptible of conclusive proof:

1. **Hood's Sarsaparilla Costs the Manufacturer More** than any other competing preparation, because it is more highly concentrated and contains more real medicinal value.

2. **It Costs the Jobber More**, as a consequence of the fact just stated.

3. **It Costs the Retail Druggist More** for the same reason—as can easily be learned by inquiry. Hence the desire of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

some retailers to sell their own preparations, which cost them less, and for which they get the same price, thus making more money. But

4. **It Costs the Consumer LESS** than any other medicine, because of its greater concentrated strength, and the quantity in each bottle, and because it is the only preparation of which can be truly said, **"100 Doses One Dollar."**

On this platform Hood's Sarsaparilla stands absolutely beyond the approach of competitors. They copy our methods of advertising, they use our language, they steal our headlines, but they do not, **they cannot**, copy or reproduce our preparation, Hood's Sarsaparilla.

First, **Because it costs too much**

100 Doses One Dollar

Money to do it profitably. Our business is conducted more economically than that of any similar house in the country. Every detail is carefully studied, and every penny saved. With few exceptions everything entering into the manufacture of Hood's Sarsaparilla and its advertising is produced on our own premises, without intermediate profit. Hence, we can and do produce the best article of its kind—and which in positive medicinal value it is simply impossible for others to equal.

Second, **The Combination, Proportion and Process** in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are peculiar to itself, and competitors cannot find the secret by which this medicine secures its real merit, and in consequence of which it effects remarkable cures where other preparations fail.

That the people appreciate the truths stated in the first column of this article is shown by the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla has **The Largest Sale** of any sarsaparilla or blood purifier in this country. If you doubt this, ask any honest jobber or retail druggist. Hood's Sarsaparilla is to-day on the full tide of popularity, and has reached that pre-eminence by its own intrinsic, undisputed merit. Here is

A Point for You.

When you buy your spring medicine, you want the best. Ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla, and insist upon having it. Do not let any argument or persuasion influence you to buy what you do not went. Be sure to get the ideal spring medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla.

There is Meat Enough in this