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VOL. XII. ST. PAUL, MINN., SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 18, 1890. NO. 18.

The Boston St. Paul
THIRD ST., COR. ROBERT.

A St. Paul Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by St. Paul Men.

Our 38th SEMI-ANNUAL Red Figure Sale.

JUST HIS FIT.

Certainly his appearance would be improved by some new teeth, and if he knows the dentist to be Reliable, he'd better buy them at once.

At the prices we are now *giving away* our Clothing for, you'd better buy *at once*, if you know us to be reliable; and if you don't, just ask any of the numerous customers we've made in the past twenty years we have been in St. Paul.

It's not often that such superior clothing as this of ours is slaughtered so badly. The unusually warm Winter and our large stock are the reasons for the sacrifice.

Our elegant Winter Overcoats and Ulsters are now going for positively less than they cost to make, and for *much less* than the to-be-found everywhere sort of stuff is sold for elsewhere.

Boys' and Children's Outfits for so little that every Boy's parents can easily afford to dress him well.

Our 38th SEMI-ANNUAL Red Figure Sale.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE, THIRD STREET, ST. PAUL.

N. B.—Out-of-Town Orders solicited. Goods sent on approval to any part of the West. Price-List and Easy Rules for Self-Measurement mailed free upon application.

JOSEPH McKEY & Co.

LE SUEUR'S BIG LOSS.

The Largest Business House in the Town Destroyed by Fire.

Montana Republicans Spring a Surprise Upon Their Political Opponents.

Rump Representative Thompson Used as a Tool by His Party.

North Dakota Legislators Will Meet This Morning at Sunrise.

Special to the Globe.

LE SUEUR, Minn., Jan. 17.—Le Sueur was visited by a calamity in the nature of a big fire this evening, the large dry goods house of Huber & Co. being completely gutted. The stock carried by this firm was one of the largest in Southern Minnesota, and the loss will foot up over $14,000, with insurance of something like $13,000. The building occupied by the firm was one of the best in the town, and the loss upon it will be quite heavy.

MAY BREAK THE DEADLOCK.

A Rump Representative in Montana Sues to Recover Salary and Mileage.

Special to the Globe.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 17.—William Thompson, one of the Republican contestants from Silver Bow county, to-day filed a petition in the supreme court for a writ of mandamus directing State Auditor Kenney to issue to him a certificate for salary and mileage as a member of the house of representatives. The writ is returnable next Monday at 10 a. m. Only about a week ago Judge Hunt, in the district court had a case of the same sort before him, but the question which Republicans are anxious to have decided by the supreme court—the validity of the state canvassing board certificates—he did not touch upon in his decision. This action to-day is somewhat of a surprise. While it has been known that W. F. Sanders had determined to try and get a decision by the supreme court as to the validity of the house which elected him to the United States senate, it was thought he would take another course. The action to-day was probably forced by the fact that the Democrats now have a majority in the senate, owing to the illness of Senator Brown, Rep. The senate adjourned last night to meet Monday, at 8. p. m., and the Republicans fear that when it meets at that time the senate will recognize the Democratic house. If all the Democratic senators can keep well till Monday night there will be a circus in the senate. They had a majority last night, but Lieut. Gov. Rickards ruled every motion they made out of order. So they accomplished nothing. The Democrats say the presiding officer will not be allowed to overrule the majority at the next session of the senate. The peculiar feature of the Thompson mandamus case is that Chief Justice Blake as state canvasser issued the certificate, the validity of which he will be called upon to decide on Monday. As the attorney general is a Republican, and he will be supposed to represent the Democrats, the latter do not look for a strong presentation of their case. United States District Attorney Weed is the leading attorney for Thompson.

ALMOST READY TO ADJOURN.

North Dakota Senators Fix Feb. 15 as the Date.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 17.—The railroads were given some attention in the house to-day by the introduction of a bill providing that their property shall be assessed and taxed the same as all other property. The civil service examination of the army of clerks in the house this morning attracted a large crowd, and the result is awaited with much interest. It is claimed that the lady clerks surpassed, in nearly every respect, their male associates. The committee will report to-morrow. The senate passed a resolution fixing Feb. 15 as the date of final adjournment. In the house a little horse play on the question of hours of meeting resulted in adjournment to meet at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning. This is the earliest hour to which a Dakota legislature ever adjourned.

JUSTICES TO BE ABOLISHED.

A Peculiar Bill Introduced in South Dakota's Legislature.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 17.—An important measure came before the senate to-day which proposes to do away with the office of justice of the peace and substitute district attorneys and county commissioners as a tribunal before which all criminal suits shall be brought for preliminary hearing. Discussion of this measure occupied the greater part of the session to-day. In the house the day was taken up with a discussion of the bill extending the time for the payment of delinquent taxes from September to February. The house has adjourned until Tuesday to allow member to visit their homes and recover from la grippe, which has laid many low.

DEMOCRACY'S ULTIMATUM.

Proposition for a Settlement of the Iowa Deadlock.

DES MOINES, Io., Jan. 17.—The Democrats this afternoon made a proposition to the Republicans looking toward a settlement of the deadlock. It provided that the present officers who are Republicans be made regular temporary officers; that in permanent organization the Democrats be given the speaker, the Republicans the chief clerk, and the remainder of the offices be divided; that the Democrats be given the chairman of the committees on judiciary, the suppression of intemperance, appropriations and railroads. The Republican caucus will act upon it in the morning, but no hopes are entertained for its acceptance. In the senate to-day the committee on inauguration was appointed, after which the senate adjourned until 2 p. m. Tuesday.

Canfield Gets a Timepiece.

Special to the Globe.

BRAINERD, Minn., Jan. 17. — Last night's watch presentation to Mr. Seelye was followed by another to-night, the recipient being George S. Canfield, being the same sort of recognition for efforts connected with the Weyerhauser lumber deal. The gift was a magnificent gold watch and chain, Editor Stevens, of the Journal, making the presentation speech. Messrs. Seelye and Mellett, chiefs of the Northern Pacific and Weyerhauser estimators respectively, left to-night for the Northern woods to continue the estimates upon the syndicate deal.

Grangers in Conference.

Special to the Globe

ST. PETER, Jan. 17.—The first farmers' institute for two years is now being held in this city. It is singularly successful, in that nearly 500 farmers are in attendance, despite the inclement weather. Supt. Gregg speaks in glowing terms of its success. Dr. Dickson delivered a lecture this evening on "The Tropics." The institute will continue through to-morrow.

Mules Will Be Stabled.

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Jan. 17.—The Duluth Street railway will commence work on an incline cable road to the top of the hill running up Seventh avenue west. The cost of the incline plant will be $225,000. On level streets, where service is now done by mule and horse power, electric service will probably be substituted.

Carriage Horses Cremated.

Special to the Globe.

LUVERNE, Minn., Jan. 17.—About 3:30 this morning fire broke out in John Cameron's livery stable. Six teams of carriage horses were consumed, together with the buildings. When the stable door was opened dense clouds of smoke rolled out, rendering it impossible to save the horses. Mr. Cameron's loss is about $3,000, with no insurance.

Guests Evicted by Fire.

Special to the Globe.

MANKATO, Minn., Jan. 17.—The Clifton house, owned by Jacob Klein, was destroyed by fire to-night, with its contents. The loss will reach $15,000, with no insurance. This is the second hotel in this place burned during the last two days.

Aberdeen Gets the Fair.

PIERRE, Dak., Jan. 16.—The South Dakota board of agriculture adjourned to-day after a business session of two days. Aberdeen was chosen as the place for the next state fair, which will doubtless be held in October.

FATHER BOYLE.

He Is to Have a New Trial for Criminal Assault.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 17.—Intense interest has been shown in the case of ex-Priest Boyle, of the Roman Catholic church here, convicted of assault upon Geneva Whitaker, organist of his church, and sentenced to be hanged. The supreme court heard the arguments some weeks ago. It says there was error in the superior court, and that Boyle shall have a new trial. The court holds that there was error in Judge Armfield's charge to the jury, in that he failed to sufficiently state in a plain and correct manner the evidence given, and explain the law arising thereon. The judge declined to direct the attention of the jury to parts of the evidence of the prosecutrix, and to instruct them as to its nature, bearing and application. This was regarding the time of day, location of the house, and of the chamber where the alleged crime was committed; also, that afterward she joined her companions in the yard and did not tell them she had been assaulted. The judge should not have left the jury to digest and classify voluminous and conflicting evidence, but should have explained its nature and purport to the jury, and told them that if that part of it as to the public situation of the place of the alleged assault and failure to hear an outcry were true, the law made such facts strong evidence to the discredit of the prosecutrix. There could scarcely be a case in which the aid of a judge could be more important. Without the aid of the court the verdict is often the result of lack of intelligent comprehension and appreciation of the evidence because of want of knowledge on the part of the jury of the law.

FATHER BOYLE.

JOHN WILL CARRY THE HOD.

New York Contractors Propose to Employ Coolie Labor.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 17.—There passed through this city to-day nine Chinamen, en route from the Pacific coast to New York city. The Chinaman in charge of the party speaks English and resides in New York. He stated that a firm of contractors in New York had sent him West for the purpose of securing Chinamen, who are to be put at work as hod carriers, laborers, etc. If it is found that Chinamen can perform the duties required, others will be brought East. The informant stated that it was the intention of his employers to thus protect their interests in case there is a general strike among the building trades, laborers, etc., for the eight-hour rule next May.

Sixty Years in the House.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Christopher Rice Mansel Talbot, Liberal member of the house of commons for the middle division of Glamorganshire, is dead. In point of service Mr. Talbot was the oldest member of the house of commons, having sat for the county uninterruptedly for sixty years.

Grain Porters on Strike.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 17.—Five hundred grain porters on the North and South docks have struck for an advance in their wages. As a result of the strike the grain traffic on these docks is at a standstill.

Queen Christina's Diplomacy.

MADRID, Jan. 17.—It is believed that Queen Christina has endeavored to get a Liberal cabinet for form's sake only, before summoning Canovas del Castillo in order that she might say she only called him when no other was possible. The Liberals are surprised and grieved.

Our Mary Is Engaged.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Mr. Navarro cabled his congratulations to his son upon his engagement with Mary Anderson. Mr. Lincoln has started for London with his son, who is now convalescent.

Pope Leo Scores a Point.

ROME, Jan. 17.—Gen. Simmons, the special envoy to the Vatican from Malta, has signed an agreement with the holy see, guaranteeing to the latter full ecclesiastical jurisdiction in Malta.

CHICAGO IS WORSTED

Location of the World's Fair Left to a Special Committee.

Still the Windy City Leads Any One of Its Competitors.

Statehood for Wyoming and Territorial Government for Oklahoma.

Pension Commissioner Raum Wants One of His Deputies Removed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The action of the house to-day in deciding in favor of a special world's fair committee, as against the proposition to give the matter in charge of the foreign affairs committee, which was urged strongly by the friends of Chicago, while naturally regarded as a defeat for the great city on Lake Michigan, is generally considered as only the opening skirmish in the fight for the fair. The showing of strength made on the question of reference to committee is not believed to be an absolute test, but it demonstrated clearly that Chicago, while not stronger in the house than the other three cities combined, still holds a fairly good lead on any one of its competitors. Some of those who voted in favor of the foreign affairs committee, it is known, did so for reasons entirely apart from their choice as between the four competing cities, and some who voted for the special committee have Chicago as a second choice, and would vote for it if their first favorite were

CLEARLY OUT OF THE RACE.

Notably among those who voted for reference to the foreign affairs' committee, although understood not to favor Chicago, is Gov McCreary, of Kentucky. He has publicly stated in interviews his preference for Washington, but he voted with the Chicago men through committee pride, a very potent factor frequently in congress. Gov. McCreary was chairman of the foreign affairs committee in the last congress and is the Democratic leader of the committee in this congress. His committee had charge of the world's fair projects during the last congress, and as he believes the committee disposed to do justice to all the cities concerned, he voted for reference to his committee, though not committing himself thereby to Chicago. On the other hand, some members who might otherwise have favored the foreign affairs committee were influenced to cast their votes in favor of a special committee through a belief that there had been some sort of an understanding among the leading representatives of the contesting cities that a special non-partisan committee should have charge of the matter. It was taken for granted this evening that in the make-up of this special committee the speaker will give each of the four rivals two members on the committee, while the chairman will be as nearly neutral as can be secured. It is expected that the committee will report a measure leaving the question of choice to the house. The committee will, however, have one very interesting problem to solve, and that is what rule shall govern the house in its balloting on

THE QUESTION OF SITE.

It was this which caused the friends of Chicago to make such a vigorous and determined fight for the foreign affairs committee, of which Mr. Hitt, an Illinois man, is chairman. It is evident that there would be a small prospect of any conclusion being reached if all four cities were permitted to be voted for until one city had secured a majority of all the votes cast. Under this arrangement the balloting would proceed indefinitely, as it is hardly probable one city could secure more strength than all her rivals put together. For this reason it has been proposed that on each ballot the city receiving the lowest number of votes shall drop out of the race until only two remain, when the fight will finally end with a battle royal between the two leaders. St. Louis was opposed to this plan for the reason that she has always considered her greatest hope lay in the fact that she was the second choice of many members of congress. Under a plan which permits the Mound City to remain in the fight as long as she desires, her friends believe that she stands a good chance of winning and that she will receive many votes from New York and the East as against Chicago. New York and Washington oppose this plan because they prefer that St. Louis and Chicago should

CUT EACH OTHER'S THROATS

in their fight for Western votes and give them an opportunity to secure all the Eastern votes, and then come on and carry off the prize, with the aid of votes from the West. As the fight looked like Chicago against the field, the Lake City for obvious reasons preferred that some of the competitors should drop out early and enable it to pick enough votes to win. On this question of "plan of balloting in the house" a warm contest will be made in the committee, but the loss of the fight in the house to-day, it is the general opinion, foreshadows the adoption of a plan unfavorable to Chicago, though of course much depends upon the composition of the committee, which is as yet unknown. The main fight—that over the location of the fair—will then open up vigorously, with Chicago probably in the lead and New York second. How it will end is a question harder to predict than the weather has been during this most extraordinary season. The talk on the streets is that the opponents of Chicago will throw their votes to New York, but the question arises, can the votes be delivered? It seems likely that many of them can be, but it is extremely doubtful if this be true of all of them, and New York and Chicago's chances may fairly be said to depend upon the number of votes which can be thrown to the former in a fight narrowed down to the two cities New York unquestionably would prefer that St. Louis should get the fair rather than Chicago, and if the representatives of Gotham find that they cannot win with the aid of the votes which St. Louis can throw, they may in return give the latter all the votes they can deliver, in which event St. Louis would be a most powerful bidder for the fair. Washington is quietly looking on, saying very little, but hoping that the commercial cities

WILL GET IN A SNARL

and finally conclude that the fair should after all be held at the national capitol. The preparations which New York is making have convinced many unbelievers that the metropolis really wants the fair, and this has aided her greatly and is still doing much good. One result of the contest over the site has been an increasing belief in the possibility that there will, after all, be no fair held in 1892. This is based on a feeling that congress will be unable to come to any decision until too late to enable the successful city to make the necessary preparations involved in the holding of a fair worthy of the event to be celebrated. There had been very little speculation as to who would be chairman of the house committee. Buchanan, of New Jersey an able member and one without any chairmanship at present, has been mentioned for the honor. It is expected that Speaker Reed will be ready to announce the special committee some time to-morrow.

STATEHOOD FOR WYOMING.

Favorable Reports on the Wyoming and Oklahoma Bills.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—A special meeting of the senate committee on territories was held to-day. Chairman Platt was instructed to report, recommending the passage of the bills, to make a state of Wyoming, and to organize a territorial form of government for Oklahoma. The committee decided that inasmuch as a case is now pending before the supreme court involving the constitutionality of such a test oath as is required by the constitution adopted by the people of Idaho, affecting the Mormons, the bill for the admission of Idaho as a state should not be acted on definitely until the supreme court rules upon the question. The bill for the admission of Wyoming, which will be reported to the senate Monday, provides that the new state shall be entitled to one representative in congress; that sections 16 and 36 in every township shall be set aside for school purposes; that all lands thus granted shall be disposed of at public sale, the proceeds to constitute a permanent school fund; that 5 per cent of all moneys realized for public lands shall be applied to the educational fund; that the penitentiary at Laramie, all lands connected with it, and unexpended appropriations therefor, are

GRANTED TO THE NEW STATE;

that 90,000 acres of land are granted to the state for an agricultural college; that in lieu of grants of land under existing internal improvement and swamp land acts the following grants are made: Insane asylum in Uinta county, 30,000 acres; penal reform institution, Carbon county, 30,000 acres; penitentiary, Albany county, 10,000 acres; deaf, dumb and blind asylum, Laramie county, 30,000 acres; poor farm, Fremont county, 30,000 acres; Miners' hospital, 30,000 acres; normal schools, 100,000 acres; state charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions, 240,000 acres, making a total of 500,000 acres. All mineral lands are exempt from the grants made. The sum of $20,000 is to be appropriated to pay the expenses of the constitutional convention of Sept. 30, 1889. The state is to constitute a judicial circuit for which a judge, attorney and marshal are to be appointed. Court is to be held on the first Monday in April and the first Monday in November of each year. The territorial officers are to continue to hold office until the state officers are elected and qualify. The Oklahoma bill which is also to be reported to the senate Monday is to organize the Oklahoma country "into a temporary government by the name of the Territory of Oklahoma," but nothing in the act is to be construed to inhibit the government dividing the territory or changing its boundaries. The executive power is to be in the hands of a governor appointed by the president with the restrictions and privileges of other territorial governors. There is to be a secretary of the territory. The legislative power to be vested in the governor and in an assembly. The assembly is to be composed of a council of nine members (which may be increased to twelve), and a house of representatives of thirteen members (which may be increased to twenty-four). Members of the assembly are to be residents of

THE DISTRICTS THEY REPRESENT.

The apportionment of representatives is to be made by the governor. The usual qualifications for voters are provided. The assembly is to pass no laws interfering with the primary disposal of the soil, and to impose no tax on the property of the United States, and to make no unequal distribution of taxation. No member of the assembly is to hold office, created (or the salary or the emoluments which have been increased), while he is a member or for one year after the expiration of his term, except in the case of members of the first assembly. The judicial power of the territory is to be vested in a supreme court (a chief justice and two associates), district courts, probate courts and justices of the peace. Until prescribed by law the governor is to define the judicial districts, assign the judges and fix the time for holding court. A United States attorney for the territory is to be appointed by the president at an annual salary of $250 and fees, and a marshal at a salary of $200,000. At the first session of the assembly (which is to be called by the governor) or as soon thereafter as is deemed expedient, the permanent seat of government is to be located. The governor is to give sixty days' notice of the election of a delegate who is to represent the territory in congress. Sections 16 and 36 in each township are to be reserved for school lands.

PHILLIPS TO BE FIRED.

Raum Requests the Removal of a Subordinate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—Gen. Raum, the commissioner of pensions, has sent a letter to Secretary Noble, requesting the removal from office of Henry A. Phillips, of New York, the chief of the middle division in the pension bureau, on the ground that the efficiency of the bureau would be promoted thereby. Mr. Phillips' pension was rerated and increased on April 23 last, during Corporal Tanner's administration. For this reason Secretary Noble, some weeks later, requested him to resign. This, however, he declined to do, and no further action has since been taken in the case until today, owing, it is said, to the pressure which was brought to bear in Mr. Phillips' behalf by members of congress and others in high official positions. It was represented by Mr. Phillips' friends that he was not guilty of any unlawful act in connection with his rerating, and further, that he was a gallant soldier during the war of the Rebellion and received several wounds from which he is still a constant sufferer. It was also represented that he was not in the government service at the time his pension was rerated, he having been appointed to his present position nearly a month afterwards. It is believed that Mr. Phillips' dismissal will be soon followed by others whose pensions were rerated, and that several who are regarded as less guilty will be reduced in rank and pay.

Foraker Tells His Story.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Ex-Gov. Foraker, of Ohio, continued his testimony before the ballot box investigation comtee this morning. A number of letters from Wood to Gov. Foraker about the ballot box and gun carriage contracts were produced, and the committee, a few minutes before noon, adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

MAY YOHE IS FICKLE.

She of the Deep Bass Voice Bilks a Love-Sick Californian,

And to Square Himself He Thrashes the Manager of a Newspaper.

Madame De Vere, the Notorious Clairvoyant, Plucks Gullible Ohioans.

Attorneys in the Washington Monument Libel Case Make a Scene.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 17.—May Yohe, the actress, who is on her way to dazzle the Australians, is the cause of a lively scandal, which reached a climax yesterday, when her chief admirer, young Tom Williams, clubbed Business Manager Hirsch, of the Evening Post, for printing a sensational story of how she had abandoned Williams. Miss Yohe and Williams, who is known as the "Duke of Union Island," have been living together, it is said, in furnished apartments here for several weeks. It was reported they were married, but no record of such a union can be found at the license office. Recently the actress' mother arrived, and the result was that she persuaded May to leave Williams and go to Australia with her. She departed Wednesday, and yesterday the Post had a gossipy article on the abandonment of the festive Williams. The latter yesterday armed himself with a club, went to the office of the paper and beat publisher Hirsch over the head until he was senseless. Williams was arrested for assault.

DE VERE STILL IN DURANCE.

The Notorious Clairvoyant Unable to Find Bondsmen.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 17.—To-day the First National bank obtained new warrants against Mme. De Vere, the notorious clairvoyant, charging forgery of a note for $3,000, and she is still behind the bars, unable to find it. It transpires that this bank is out some $13,000 on three notes aggregating that sum, which are all believed to be forgeries. The woman De Vere is now known to have received at least $20,000 by her transactions in notes supposed to be forged during the past year, in which transactions Lamb is alleged to have figured. Richard Brown, of Youngstown, will be on hand at the preliminary examination next Tuesday, and will swear his signatures to the note is forged.

QUEER DOING IN COURT.

Blatant Counsel Permitted to Impeach Prospective Witnesses.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., Jan. 17.—The fourth day of the Mary Washington monument libel suit opened this morning at 10 o'clock. George W. Sheppard, defendant in the suit, was recalled. Sheppard studiously evaded answering questions, but was finally forced to admit the existence of certain papers, much to the amazement of his friends. From his testimony it appeared that Sheppard gave Colbert and Kirtley a letter dated Feb. 22, in which he offered to sell the Mary Washington monument lot, but that the letter was really written on the 27th of February. When asked why he dated the letter Feb. 22 his memory failed him, but the plaintiff's counsel refreshed it by telling him he did so for the purpose of giving the letter prominence, as he had stated to Mr. Kirtley, by dating it Feb. 22, Washington's birthday. The letter, counsel stated, was given to the New York World correspondent, but was afterward stolen from the correspondent by some one supposed to be Sheppard's friend. During Sheppard's examination plaintiff's counsel asked Sheppard if he did not tell Capt. Deatley that the scheme to dispose of the monument lot was a big thing. Sheppard denied having said so. Mr. Fitzhugh, counsel for defense, in an insolent manner denounced Capt. Deatley as a liar. Mr. Deatley, who was present, but who has not yet been placed on the stand, here interrupted proceedings by moving towards Fitzhugh, but was kept back by his friends. Deatley said it was an outrage that Fitzhugh should be permitted to impeach the truthfulness of a man before he was sworn, and said that if Fitzhugh repeated his criticism when he was placed on the stand he would thrash Fitzhugh soundly. Deatley will probably testify to-morrow. Mr. Fitzhugh wanted the case submitted to the jury, saying he was "tired of the nonsense." Judge McLaughlin adjourned the court until 10 o'clock to-morrow in order to allow plaintiffs an opportunity to search the telegraph company's files and examine authentic copies of specials filed relating to the case.

NOT INTENDED FOR MARKET.

Arrest of a Sea Captain on a Technical Charge.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Capt. William Rittig, of the Ward line steamer Saratoga, from Havana, and Isaac Lamon, one of his passengers, were arrested today on a charge of smuggling into this country jewelry valued at $5,000. They were held in bail by the United States commissioner for examination to-morrow. The jewelry was found at Capt. Rittig's house, and did not appear on the ship's manifesto. The explanation given was that Lamon asked the captain, when off Sandy Hook, to take care of the jewelry while Lamon went ashore to see his bankers and arrange to have the valuables transferred to some steamer bound for Amsterdam, whither Lamon intended going. Lamon was to return and relieve the captain of the jewels, but failed to do so. When the ship reached port the captain put the package in his pocket to keep for Lamon. Neither he nor Lamon considered this smuggling, as the goods were not intended for the market.

FLY COPS STRIKE A SCENT.

Clews Which May Clear Up a Murder Mystery.

ASHLAND, Wis., Jan. 17.—Detectives here have secured clews by which they may clear up a murder mystery. Several years ago the body of a jeweler named Wells, who came from Grand Rapids, Mich., was discovered in a barn with a bullet hole through his head. A man who was suspected of murdering him has left the city, but another suspect is now supposed to be in this vicinity. The wife of the deceased lives with her parents at Erie, Pa. Wells' effects were returned to her, but a diamond pin is missing, and by tracing that the detectives have hopes of securing their man. The relatives of the murdered man appear determined to find the real culprits, and before long something may be done in bringing the guilty ones to justice.

BURNED BY MOLTEN METAL.

Terrible Results of an Explosion in a Blast Furnace.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Blast Furnace No. 4 in operation at the Illinois Steel company's works at South Chicago, burst this afternoon shortly before 5 o'clock, resulting in the death of one man and the serious injury of four others. Edward Johnson, fifty years old, was terribly burned externally and badly injured internally. He was placed in a patrol wagon, but died while on his way home. John Johnson, son of Edward Johnson; Frank Brink, Joseph Leonard and John Krapp were seriously burned about the head and body. Many others were burned by the molten metal, but their injuries are not serious. The accident was caused by water coming in contact with the molten metal.

SLUGGED BY SANDBAGGERS.

Gotham Toughs Waylay a Rich Man in Jersey.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 17.—New York sandbaggers have invaded New Jersey. Dominick Libby, the well known restaurant keeper at No. 30 Murray street, New York city, lives at Brick Church, about three miles from Newark. He got off the train at 6 o'clock to-night, as did three men, who followed close behind. About 150 feet from Libby's house one of the men struck him on the head with a sandbag and knocked him against a fence. Two of the men held him while the third rifled his pockets, taking his watch and chain. Libby soon regained consciousness, but the thieves escaped by taking a train for Newark. Libby says the men followed him from New York.

SKIPPED TO CANADA.

Bookkeeper Penley is a Defaulter and a Fugitive.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 17.—George Penley, bookkeeper of the Kentucky Lumber company, which does a heavy business with large capital, with headquarters at Burnside, Ky., is a defaulter and a fugitive. He left Burnside Saturday ostensibly for Cincinnati, but to-day R. N. Archer received a letter from him in Canada stating that he was a defaulter and had fled. He left numerous creditors. His wife, a relative of Congressman Finley, had been kept in ignorance, and is prostrated. The amount of the defalcation is not known. Penley is an Englishman, but has lived in Kentucky from boyhood.

Disastrous Wreck on the Erie.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Jan. 17.—A bad wreck of a coal train occurred this afternoon at 4 o'clock on the Newburgh branch of the Erie railroad, between Washingtonville and Blooming Grove. From meager particulars it is learned that one man was killed outright and another seriously hurt. The train wrecked consisted of about fifty empty cars, and was run into by an extra going in the same direction, derailing several cars and precipitating four of them down a steep embankment. The track is badly blocked, and trains have to go round by way of Turners. A wrecking train has been sent to the scene of the accident.

Passenger Trains Crash Together.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 14.—The Hannibal & St. Joseph and the Rock Island passenger trains collided here this morning. The coaches on the Rock Island and the engine of the other train were wrecked. Several passengers on the latter train were injured, two badly. They are Frank Trimball, of Atchison, Kan., and Joseph Galley, of Belknap, Io., both injured internally. The accident was caused by the engineer of the Hannibal train trying to pull into the depot ahead of the Rock Island. The latter train had the right of way.

Colorado's Snow Blockade Broken

DENVER, Col., Jan. 17.—The snow blockade came to an end this afternoon, the first passenger train arriving at Alamosa from Durango. It was one of the most severe storms of the season. The snow drifted in many places twenty feet deep, and in the cut where the trains were stalled the snow was six feet above the top of the cars. None of the passengers suffered, as they had plenty of food.

A Canuck Kicked to Death.

QUEBEC, Jan. 17.—A trader named Roy was kicked to death at St. Francois Riviere du Sud, Montgomery county, on Monday night by a man who afterwards fled in the direction of the United States. The murderer is supposed to be a former partner of Roy's, with whom he had had financial trouble. The police are in pursuit of him.

Kunze Will Furnish Bail.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Kunze, the Cronin suspect, sent word to the state's attorney to-day that he expects to furnish bail to-morrow. A saloonkeeper named Julian is said to be ready to furnish security to the necessary amount—$5,000. The state's attorney admitted the prospect is dim of Kunze ever being arraigned.

Sunk in Tampico Bay.

TAMPICO, Mexico, Jan. 17. — The American schooner Hungerford, while being towed to port, sunk on the bar. The sailors report that the captain was killed by the falling of one of the masts, which were cut away to right the vessel during a norther on the night of the 15th.

Died in a Carriage.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 17.—Henry Gibson, city attorney of Roanoke, Va., who was visiting this city on business, was found dead in the carriage by the driver, who had taken Gibson a few miles out in the country, when the driver returned to his stable. Gibson's death is attributed to heart disease.

Blown Through the Roof.

VIENNA, Jan. 17.—A boiler explosion occurred in a mill at Dobschuts, Hungary, to-day, by which four persons were killed and a large number more or less seriously injured. One of those killed was the fireman, who was blown through the roof. The other three were boys.

Killed Himself While Hunting.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 17.—Sidney Dillon, a nephew of Hon. Sidney Dillon, of New York, accidentally shot and killed himself while out hunting on his farm, ten miles northwest of this city, to-day.

Jersey Jewelers Robbed.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 17.—The jewelry factory of Mockridge & Sons, on Railroad avenue, was entered by burglars this morning and $3,500 worth of jewelry taken. The thieves blew the safe open.

PORTUGAL'S RIGHTS.

Premier Pimental Asserts That They Have Been Trampled Upon.

Mobs of Workmen Parade the Streets of Lisbon Denouncing England.

Lord Salisbury Has Spoiled a Good Case by Harsh Treatment.

Uruguayans Preparing to Honor a Distinguished Brazilian Minister.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The activity and earnestness of the new premier of Portugal, Senhor Pimental, in the pursuit of the policy of the ministry, is winning many adherents from the majority and fast disarming Republicans who want to make the surrender of the Gomes cabinet to the demands of England, a pretext for agitation, if not actual revolution. Senhor Pimental has summoned to Lisbon the Portuguese ministers to Berlin, Vienna and Rome in order that he may verbally instruct them regarding the desire of the government that they will persistently insist that the powers shall interfere in the dispute with England in behalf of Portugal, whose rights have been wantonly trampled upon. The announcement of this action has greatly conduced to the flow of a tide of popular confidence in the ministry, and it is believed that the efforts of the representatives thus instructed will result in a considerable mitigation of the severity of England's ultimatum, to the end that a mutually satisfactory understanding may be arrived at. The Portuguese colony in Paris has held a representative meeting, at which resolutions were passed condemning the course of the English government and thanking the French press for their efforts to secure the prevalence of right in the dispute between Portugal and England wherein the progress, prosperity and honor of the former is pitted against the unscrupulous greed of the latter. It has been discovered that the 110-ton guns carried by the 10,600-ton man of war Renbow, of the Mediterranean fleet, are entirely worthless for the purposes for which they were designated. This was intimated some time ago by Postmaster General Raikes, who took occasion in a speech a day or two ago to denounce the further expenditure of money in their construction. The statements concerning the guns now put forth by naval experts confirm the assertions of Mr. Raikes and have greatly depressed the enthusiasts who advocated their construction.

A PLEA FOR LATIN FEDERATION.

LISBON, Jan. 17.—O Seculo, a Republican journal, publishes a manifesto issued by the Republicans of Portugal. The pronunciamento denounces the ultimatum of the English government and strongly advocates Latin federation as a preventive of similar acts of aggression and oppression. This scheme, it says, is making great progress, and the force of the movement is seen in Brazil. The manifesto is very moderate in tone. It does not advocate revolution, but rather appeals to the people to resort to milder measures as a more effective means of success. All of the newspapers counsel prudence and moderation on the part of the government and the people.

MOBS DENOUNCE ENGLAND.

LISBON, Jan 17.—Mobs of workmen and sailors parade the streets denouncing England. There are many hundreds of adhesions to the commercial plan of campaign received from owners of machine building works. Steamship companies have transferred their contracts for coal and iron to Belgium. Englishmen employed by the government are given the alternative of dismissal or naturalization. English flags have been bought and publicly burned in several towns.

SALISBURY ACTED TOO HARSHLY.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The Portuguese correspondence was published yesterday in a "blue book." The News, commenting upon the dispatches, says they confirm the opinion that the marquis of Salisbury has spoiled a very strong case by undue harshness. His dispatches insult Senhor Gomes by implying a disbelief in Gomes' word. It is doubtful whether any further negotiations will be possible between the governments for a long time.

BRITISH FLEET IN THE TAGUS.

LISBON, Jan. 17.—It is stated that a British squadron has been seen entering the Tagus, and has exchanged salutes with Fort Julian. The rumor that a British fleet was in the Tagus has had a tranquillizing effect upon the papers. The Journal of Commerce, a popular organ, entreats the people not to prolong unjustifiably the manifestations which involve breaches of the peace and possibly fresh national humiliation. It is stated that a leading ship owner, who is in municipal authority, begged Glynn Petre's mediation to prevent the fleet entering the Tagus, and Mr. Petre intimated that if such a thing happened it would be entirely the fault of the inhabitants. A committee of ladies in society have formed the resolution to boycott the wife of Glynn Petre, the British minister. The evening papers generally advise prudence on the part of the people.

BOCAYUVA IS IN FAVOR.

Fonseca's Right Bower to Be Feted at Montevideo.

MONTEVIDEO, Jan. 17.—The press committee met again to-day to make arrangements to do honor to Senhor Bocayuva, of the Brazilian ministry, and agreed to issue a newspaper, publishing only a single copy, entitled "Brazil and Uruguay." Members of the press, literary men and statesmen will contribute. The heading will be a copy of the allegory painted by Emilio Valenciano, which will also be inserted in an album dedicated to the guest. The Brazilians met yesterday at the consul's house and agreed to receive Senhor Bocayuva in a body and present him with a silver card commemorative of his arrival.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 17.—The foreign minister, accompanied by Col. Jose J. Garmendia and several attaches of the ministry, left here yesterday for Montevideo to receive Senhor Bocayuva. The treasury delivered $3,000 gold for the expenses of the reception.

Broke Up in a Row.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 17.—A Liberal-Unionist meeting was held here to-day, which began under most favorable auspices, but ended in a disgraceful row. T. W. Russell, Unionist M. P. for South Tyrone, attempted to make a speech, but was vigorously and persistently hissed, whereupon he left the platform. A tremendous uproar ensued, which ended in several fist fights, and the informal adjournment of the meeting.