DAGGERS ARE DRAWN

Hansbrough - Pierce Forces Knifing Each Other Regardless of Results.

Pierce Called a Carpet-Bagger in the Richland County Convention.

Would-Be Congressman Johnson Suffering From an Enlargement of Caput.

The Protection Chinese Wall Which the Republicans Are Building.

Special to the Globe.

DEVIL'S LAKE, N. D., Oct. 5.—In the convention which nominated Johnson to congress the fine Italian hand of Carpet-Bagger Pierce was plainly visible. He wanted Johnson out of his way, and so he stiletteed Hausbrough, and now the Republican politicians who were for Hausbrough have daggers in their boots for Pierce, and Hausbrough is a candidate for senator. In the Republican district convention, held in Richland county recently, an attempt was made by the Pierce politicians to secure an indorsement for Pierce for United States senator.

A very prominent Republican, who is one of the ablest public speakers in the state, arose to speak on the motion to indorse Pierce, and said: "Gentlemen of the Convention: I am opposed to this motion. If we want to indorse a man for United States senator, there are plenty of good men, residents and taxpayers of the state, who live among us and whose interests are here, whom we can indorse." The motion to indorse died right there.

A HOME THRUST.

Benton Makes a Good Point on Johnson.

Special to the Globe.

WAHPETON, Oct. 5.—Mr. I-am-the-Man Johnson is very fond of telling how his father came over from Norway away back in the thirties, how poor he was, how much money he afterward accumulated, what a gallant Scandinavian soldier he made during the war, etc., etc. He grows red in the face and eloquent when reciting his personal matters and deluging his hearers with highly interesting family history. He makes much of his Scandinavian origin and seems to think that from that fact alone he is entitled to the earth with a hole bored in it and a string in the hole. And the other night here, after Johnson had recited an unusually long pedigree, Hon. John D. Benton, who followed Johnson's speech, said: "Now, Mr. Johnson, you say your father came over here away back in the thirties. I take you to be about as old a man as I am—about forty. If that is the case then you was born in this country. Therefore you are an American citizen, and if you are an American citizen you are no better than I am." [Great laughter.]

ORIGINAL PACKAGES

Suffer at the Hands of the Friends of Johnson.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Oct. 5.—The Republican candidate for congress appears to be traveling a rather rocky road toward Washington. He is, himself, a wild-eyed Prohibitionist, notwithstanding the fact that the delegates to the convention which nominated him drank up $3,000 worth of original packages; and when the Farmers's Alliance-Prohibition-Independent convention met in Grand Forks last week they also indorsed Johnson for congress. Now the Republican central committee and the other candidates on the Republican state ticket, who are lottery men and original package patrons, demand that Johnson shall declare himself, and publicly make known which platform he stands upon, and of which convention he proposes to accept the nomination. This places Mr. Johnson between the devil and the deep sea. He dare not repudiate the Republican nomination, although he is really more of a Prohibitionist than a Republican; and if he does not renounce his Prohibition ideas, the lottery gang and cork-screw politicians, who have control of the Republican central committee, will insert their knives under his fifth rib with a vigor that will make him jump sideways.

BENTON-JOHNSON.

Correspondence Between Chairmen of the Two Committees.

GRAND FORKS, Sept. 23, 1890.—Hon. D. W. Maratta, Chairman Democratic Central Committee—Dear Sir: I herewith submit for the consideration of your committee the following resolutions adopted by the Republican central committee, viz.:

Whereas, Certain preliminary arrangements have been discussed between the congressional candidates for joint debates on the tariff question,

Resolved, That the executive committee of the Republican party indorses and approves of such proposed joint debates and the action of Hon. M. N. Johnson in signifying his willingness to take part in the same. Owing to previous arrangements of this committee demanding a portion of Mr. Johnson's time for other purposes of the campaign, such joint debates to be limited to five, at the following places and on the dates named: Mayville, Oct. 6, at 8 o'clock p. m.; Fargo, Oct. 7, at 8 o'clock p. m.; Valley City, Oct. 8, at 8 o'clock p. m.; Ellendale, Oct. 10, at 8 o'clock p. m.; Grand Forks, Oct. 18, at 8 o'clock p. m., subject to the following conditions: One speaker to open with thirty minutes, the other to follow with one hour and the first speaker to close with thirty minutes; the speakers to alternate in both opening and closing. If this proposition is adopted the Democratic committee shall notify the chairman of the committee. Respectfully submitted.

JUDSON LA MOURE, Chairman.
G. H. WINTERS, Secretary.

N. B.—An early reply is respectfully requested.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Sept. 29, 1890.—Hon. Judson La Moure, Chairman State Central Committee, Grand Forks, N. D.—Dear Sir: Yours of Sept. 23, referring to the joint discussion between Mr. Johnson and Mr. Benton, was handed to me at 10 p. m. on the 26th inst., after the Grand Forks meeting. Such an arrangement as you suggest cannot be entertained by our committee at this time for the following reasons:

First—It would materially interfere with the agreement, in writing, made on the 16th inst., between Mr. Johnson and Mr. Benton, to hold a joint discussion in fourteen of the principal cities of the state.

Second—Each place named by you, except Mayville, is included in the list agreed upon by Mr. Benton and Mr. Johnson, which fact your committee well knew, as you had before you a list of the places named by them, and Mr. Johnson was also present with you. You must have known also from such list that the dates had been fixed as they were upon the same list. If you did not Mr. Johnson did, as he was present at our Democratic headquarters on the evening of Sept. 22, and helped to arrange the dates, and expressed himself as perfectly satisfied. He had certainly as much right to fix the dates as he had to accept the challenge and agree upon the places, as he did, in writing.

The fact that your committee cannot allow Mr. Johnson to continue debates agreed upon and partly carried out by Mr. Johnson and Mr. Benton must certainly be for some other reason than the one stated in your letter, to wit: "Owing to previous arrangements of the committee demanding a portion of Mr. Johnson's time for other purposes," as no arrangements were made for him prior to the date of your letter, and certainly Mr. Johnson had no arrangements made for him prior nor since that time for last Friday evening at Grand Forks, yet he did not appear. Neither has he any engagement for this (Monday) evening, at which time, by his agreement, he should meet Mr. Benton at Fargo.

You say in your letter: "Resolved, That the executive committee of the Republican party indorse and approve of such proposed joint debates, and the action of Hon. M. N. Johnson in signifying his willingness to take part in the same." If you indorse "such proposed joint debates," do you not mean the debates as proposed by Mr. Johnson and Mr. Benton, and if so, why do you undertake to modify it by striking out ten of the towns they agreed upon and inserting one town not mentioned in the agreement, and making an entire change of dates, but in no place do you consent to his carrying out his agreement regarding "such proposed joint debates."

You well knew at the time that Mr. Benton could not accept, while you indorse and approve the action of Mr. Johnson in "such joint debates." The Democratic state central committee indorse and approve the action of Mr. Benton in such proposed joint debates, and our committee shall insist upon the carrying out of the agreement upon his part. We believe your committee are acting in this matter in good faith with your party, and wisely, but in Mr. Johnson's written agreement, we think he undertook to carry on a wholesale business upon retail capital.

We most emphatically deny that "certain preliminary arrangements have been discussed between the candidates for joint debates on the tariff question," but assert that at the first meeting of Mr. Johnson and Benton on Sept. 16, absolute agreement was made for the holding of fourteen meetings. That one of the meetings was held at Wahpeton on the 17th, and Mr. Johnson left the matter of fixing the dates and conditions of the other thirteen meetings to Mr. Benton, and put the same in writing over his own signature. That accordingly Mr. Benton fixed the dates, submitted the same to Mr. Johnson and he expressed himself as perfectly satisfied. Yours respectfully,

D. W. MARATTA,
Chairman Democratic State Central Committee.

A MAN OF CLAY.

The Kind of Stuff Johnson Is Made Of.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, Oct. 5.—The Grand Forks Plaindealer of Friday morning says that "personally M. N. Johnson would be pleased to meet Col. Benton and discuss the tariff, and he would do it provided his committee would agree to it," all of which is perfectly true. Johnson would tackle a buzz saw or stand in the middle of the track and try to derail a locomotive engine pulling a freight train with his fist. He has been suffering all his life with abnormal enlargement of the hat band. His luxuriant egotism has entirely crowded out his judgment. Some of his friends are not satisfied that he knows enough to go indoors when it rains, and so the Republican central committee has been compelled to assume paternal guardianship over him, and has taken him in out of the chilly evening air. The fact that Johnson's honor as a gentleman is at stake—since he agreed with gentlemen in writing, over his own signature, and in the public press, to meet Mr. Benton in joint debate—cuts no figure with the Republican committee, who are all practical politicians, and who see plainly that to allow Johnson to carry out his agreement to meet Mr. Benton in joint debate would be fatal to Republican success in North Dakota; and hence they have put a bridle on their frisky colt and shut the barn door. The fact that their candidate's personal honor is a stake in the matter of carrying out his agreement cannot be allowed to stand in the way of his election, and so Johnson's free agency is swallowed up in party policy.

It is a surprise and also a disappointment to many of Johnson's friends that he has thus shown himself a man of clay, to be moulded to any course of action by the will of others or the autocratic dictation of a party committee. After positively promising and making agreement in writing to carry on a joint debate with Mr. Benton, it was his duty to come to time at the meetings, as arranged between himself and Mr. Benton—the central committee to the contrary notwithstanding.

It will readily occur to the voters of North Dakota that, since Johnson thus allows himself to be so easily switched from the path of duty and from his promises in this campaign, if elected to congress would he not also became an easy prey to the lobbies and smooth, plausible schemers who infest the corridors of the capitol at Washington? This is a serious matter, and the people of North Dakota will inquire before the close of this campaign whether Johnson or the Republican state central committee is running as a candidate for congress.

A DANGEROUS MAN.

One Candidate Who Should Not Be Sent to Congress.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., Oct. 5.—Maj. Edwards—he of liberal gastronomic circumference, who wears a No. 10 shoe—and a No. 5 hat—and runs the Fargo Argus—says that the Democratic state central committee inveigled—which is a good word—Mr. Johnson into the Democratic headquarters at Grand Forks, locked the door, threw him down, scared him nearly to death, and compelled him to sign that agreement for a joint debate with Benton, before they would let him out of the room, which, of course, was very wrong for the wicked Democrats to do, and Capt. Dan Marratta ought to know better, but if it is all true as the corpulent majah affirms, and Johnson is that kind of a man, and is elected to go to congress, and gets far away from home again, may not somebody else catch him, and get him down, and get him to sign away, not only his own rights, but the rights and interests of the whole people of North Dakota? If Johnson can thus easily be caught in a Democratic committee mouse trap, what chance of escape will he have at Washington, when powerful corporations, and experienced lobbies round up the animals for their private corrals?

McCormack for Senator.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, Oct. 5.—Senator M. L. McCormack, of Grand Forks, one of the stalwart Democrats, of North Dakota, and one of the most progressive and popular gentlemen in the new state, will be a candidate for re-election to the state senate this fall from the Sixth senatorial district, and will have no opposion. Capt. McCormack was prominently mentioned as an available candidate for the United States senate at Bismarck last winter, and in the senatorial Kilkenny cat fight now brewing among Republicans he would give Hansbrough, Pierce et al. a close rub this winter, should he conclude to be a candidate.

WITH A BANG.

The Democrats Open the Campaign at Ellendale.

Special to the Globe.

ELLENDALE, N. D., Oct. 5.—The first gun of the campaign in Dickey county was fired at Ellendale Wednesday evening, when Hon. Taylor Crnm, of Fargo, addressed a crowded house at the court house at the conclusion of the Democratic county convention. His theme was the tariff, and for two hours he pounded cold, solid facts into the heads of his hearers. The convention was the largest and most enthusiastic ever held in the county by the Democrats. Every precinct in the county was represented except three, a thing never known before. There is much dissatisfaction expressed at the outcome of the Republican convention held the day before. Machine work of the thinest kind was apparent to everyone, and there is much talk of a general bolt by the better element of the Republican party. The party whip will be used with the utmost vigor, but the general opinion seems to prevail that the entire legislative and county Democratic ticket will be victorious at the polls in November. Following is the Democratic ticket: Legislative—Senate, Benjamin Porter; assembly, J. F. McCarthy and E. J. Moore. County—Sheriff, Henry Rusco; register of deeds, Tormod Wettre; clerk of court, Frank Aldrich; county judge, E. P. Perry; auditor, A. O. Olsen; treasurer, M. W. Boyce; district attorney, M. J. Sullivan; surveyer, Charles Ackley.

JOHNSON AT HOME.

A Few Clippings From the Current Issue of the Nelson County News.

A great many people of North Dakota have prophesied that when Johnson goes to Washington to mingle with Bill Reed, Benny Harrison, Jimmy Blaine, Bill McKinley and the rest of the boys this part of the universe will tie up.

The Republican state central found it necessary to call off Johnson in the debate with Hon. J. D. Benton. They know if they allow Johnson to bark away—at the moon—as it were, that he would never scare a rabbit away from the hedge. The committee is wiser than Johnson.

As an example of the diligence and ability with which Johnson has served Nelson county while drawing a good fat salary, might be instanced the fact that he has allowed all of the chattel mortgages given by Holman's bondsmen to secure the county to outlaw, and this in spite of the fact that his attention was twice called to the matter by the board of county commissioners, and he instructed to take steps to prevent this fiasco. Oh, Johnson is a bird, the watchdog of the treasury.

Johnson, with his superb egotism was not afraid to meet Benton in joint debate, but the Republican central committee, with more sense, if less sand, decided after hearing from the Wahpeton talk to put the muzzle on our "wild ass of the prairie," and Johnson has had to back down from his written agreement with Benton and decline to debate with him. This must be rather tough for M. N. after having dared Benton to meet him to have to crawfish after the first debate. It is, however, but another exemplification of the old adage that "fools venture in where angels fear to tread."

T. L. Connella in Argus: The statement in the Argus editorial Friday morning that Col. Benton sent for me during his consultation with Mr. Johnson, relative to their joint discussion, is not true; the statement that I insisted on Mr. Johnson reducing his acceptance of Col. Benton's proposition to writing is equally devoid of truth; the further statement that Col. Benton tried to dictate Mr. Johnson's acceptance—ditto. I had just heard on the street that the two gentlemen were talking the matter over in Col. Benton's office, and went there to learn whether or not they had come to an agreement. I found that Col. Benton had submitted his proposition in writing, and that Mr. Johnson had verbally accepted it. I thereupon requested the latter to put his acceptance in writing, and he promptly—without further solicitation, or any mention of the central committee—complied with my request. I am not as familiar with the peculiar method of "bunco steerers" as the writer of that editorial seems to be; but if Mr. Johnson is really incapable of taking care of himfelf, as he is thus represented, it is certainly to be regretted that the committee adjourned without detailing one or more of their number to look after him.

JOHNSON IS A COWARD.

He Is Afraid to Meet His Opponent in Debate.

Nelson County News (Republican).

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Sept. 26.—A joint discussion of the tariff question had been arranged between M. N. Johnson, the Republican nominee for congress, and Col. John D. Benton, the Democratic nominee for the same office, to take place in this city to-night. Arrangements were made, the county court house secured, and a large audience assembled. Col. Benton was present, but Mr. Johnson failed to show up at all. It is said his state committee was afraid to have him meet Benton. The latter was equal to the emergency and made the most of the occasion. He spoke for an hour, giving a masterly, able and unanswerable address, in which he assailed the Republican party's tariff record and showed the McKinley scheme up in a light which won many converts from the Republican party.

MIGHT IMITATE CHINESE.

An Immense Wall Being Built Around Our Trade.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, Oct. 5.—The tendency of the protective tariff, as advocated by the Republican party, is to build up a great wall around the United States which is gradually shutting us in from the remainder of the world, and fostering in our midst an aristocracy of wealth which will surely lead to the serfdom of the people, if allowed to continue. For many centuries the Chinese empire was hermetically clased to the outside world. No foreign ship disturbed her harbors; no cargo of foreign goods entered her warehouses and no stranger set foot upon her inhospitable shores. The solid, impassable Chinese wall, on the inland boundary of the empire, kept out all intruders from the continent. Chinamen manufactured everything they used, and used everything they manufactured. They had a good home market. They were independent of the world, and yet for hundreds of years China never took one single step forward in the march of progress. Her people became divided into separate, iron-clad castes and classes. The aristocracy became stronger and richer; the people became poorer, more ignorant, more degraded, more miserable, until to-day the lower classes of that rich and wonderful empire are the most loathsome and despised creatures on the face of the globe.

The principle underlying the protective tariff is essentially a selfish one. It is a system which cultivates the belief that we should have no merchant navy, no foreign trade, no relations, whatsoever, with the rest of the world. And the system has been quite successful in bringing the country to practicing its dogmas. The bulk of our people use very few commodities produced abroad, and pay home manufacturers any price asked for the necessaries of life. The farmers and laboring men are forced to what protectionists call an independence of foreigners; though, since the farmer has to depend on the foreigner to take his surplus products, the independence does not seem to be perfectly carried out. It is an independence which suits only the manufacturer. If the farmer will watch the newspapers in this country, particularly in the Eastern cities, he will see that the wealthy classes of our Eastern states are by no means so hostile to foreigners as they pretend to be. He will see the daughters of rich manufacturers marrying Frenchmen and Englishmen, taking the millions squeezed from the consumers of America to decorate the petty state of questionable titles of aristocracy. He will see European hotels and seaside villas filled with Americans who have made money in the trusts, corners, land steals, and "infant industries" nourished by the class legislation for nearly thirty years. From the skin out he could not find a piece of clothing manufactured in America on one of these liberal gentlemen. The protected manufacturer's wife would sooner stay in her room than wear American silk. The sleek figure of the manufacturer himself is encased in English cloth and his coupe is driven by an English horse rubber. He could not travel without English handbags and English steamer-boxes—it is not the proper thing, doncher know, to call them trunks. Go with him for a year and you will see him buy hardly anything American, even when at home, except beer and flour. To him the patronage of home industry is only a high-sounding phrase for sending out to farmers and workingmen. He wants others to huzza for the phrase because it suits his business, but he sneers at the suggestion that he practice himself.

Why should we want commerce, or seek to encourage it, if the present tariff is perfection? Why should we not close our ports, sell all our ships of war, build along our seacoasts an impregnable wall, and allow no American to leave the country and no foreigner to come in? Even our writers and painters have caught the protection fever and want foreign books and pictures taxed so that the demand for home-made books and pictures may be stimulated. Why not go the whole hog? Keep out the books and pictures, the sugar and coffee, the champagne and broadcloth. America for Americans! Hurrah for Jim Blaine! Develop internal trade and let nothing go to nor come from Europe. Let the merchant marine go to Halifax and the United States navy to the bottom of the sea after McGinty. We Americans have learned the secret of civilization from the Chinese!

SLIPPERY PIERCE.

Unkind Remarks About the Short-Term Senator.

Any man who favors the re-election of Pierce isn't entitled to the political support of the people of Cass county.—Fargo Republican.

Pierce is a weak, slippery two-faced man—a good tool for the monopoly leaders in the house of lords at Washington. The men who gave Pierce his walk away are now the most determined to down him.—Wahpeton Times.

The above little clippings show the drift of sentiment on the senatorial question in North Dakota. When Pierce was elected to the United States senate last winter at Bismarck there was hardly a dissenting politician in the Republican caucus, and he was elected by acclamation. He has accomplished positively nothing for North Dakota so far, and there is no reason to believe that he can or will accomplish anything if sent there during the rest of his natural life. The only way in which his administration as senator has been distinguished is in the matter of appointment of non-residents and his own relatives to fat offices, which probably comes very natural to Pierce—being a carpet-bagger himself—but it does not digest well with the self-respecting people in North Dakota. And the Republican politicians are particularly hot. They rallied round Pierce unanimously, and expected the spoils to be divided among their own numbers, and got snubbed. As a prominent Republican remarked the other day: "It reminds one of the story of the tender-hearted man who placed a frozen viper in his bosom, which, when it became thawed out, savagely stung him."

NORTH DAKOTA TICKET.

The Men to Vote for in the Coming State Election.

Member of Congress—John D. Benton, Cass county.

Governor—W. N. Roach, Grand Forks county.

Lieutenant Governor—George P. Garred, Richland county.

Secretary of State—Frank A. Wilson, Pembina.

Auditor—William Braithwaite, Burleigh county.

State Treasurer—

Attorney General—Burke Corbett, Grand Forks.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Mrs. Laura J. Eisenhuth, of Foster county.

Railroad Commissioners—L. H. Low, Stutsman county; B. B. Stevens, Ransom county; Nils H. Rinde, of Walsh county.

Johnson Is Doomed.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, Oct. 5.—A member of the Republican state central committee stated confidentially to a friend last Friday that Johnson was withdrawn from the joint debate he had agreed to hold with Hon. John D. Benton, and which was partly carried out, because "it would never do to sacrifice the whole Republican state ticket for that d—n Johnson." If Johnson is so small caliber that he cannot maintain the respect of his own party committee in a hot campaign, how can we hope that he will command respect at Washington; and, if elected, what kind of a representative will he make for a live, industrious, intelligent and well-balanced people like the citizens of North Dakota? Bah! To attempt to fill a seat in the national congress with a man like Johnson would be like trying to wad a Krupp cannon with a doughnut.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Now Runs

"Parlor Cars to Chicago,"
"Daylight Trains to Chicago,"
"Solid Vestibuled Trains to Chicago,"
"Steam-Heated Trains to Chicago,"
"Electric-Lighted Trains to Chicago,"
"Electric Reading Lamps in Berths,"
"Finest Dining Cars in the World,"
"Thirteen hours and a half to Chicago,"
"Solid Vestibuled Trains to Kansas City,"
"Double Daily Pullman Service to St. Louis,"
"Through Coaches to St. Louis,"
"Through Coaches to Kansas City on Morning and Evening Trains,"
"Elegant Day Coaches,"
"Magnificent Lunch Cars,"
"Pullman's Best Sleepers,"
"The Shortest and Quickest Line,"
"The Best Route to Kansas City,"
"The Best Route to St. Louis,"
"The Best Route to Colorado,"
"To Kansas, to California,"
"To the West and Southwest."

Secure accommodations from the Company's agents in St. Paul or Minneapolis, or from any coupon ticket agent in the Northwest.

IN BED WITH ELECTRICITY.

The Idaho Way of Keeping Warm on Cold Nights.

New York Times.

"We can give a point to New York people about getting their money's worth out of these little movable electric bulb lights," said a visiting Idahoan the other day. "Out our way we take them to bed with us. For keeping one comfortable on a cold night they are as good as a roaring fire in a room. Rubber bags, tin boilers and other devices for holding hot water get cold.

"With the thermometer 40 deg. below zero, as we often have it in Idaho for long stretches at a time, these old-fashioned arrangements would freeze before morning. But the electric bulbs keep one snug and warm all the time. When I begin to get ready for bed I put the light between the sheets. By shifting it about every little while it takes the chill from the bed by the time I am undressed. As I slide in I push the light down with my feet, and usually fall asleep with it there.

"It is proof against any blast of cold in the night. I never knew its warmth to fail. It doesn't cost me any more to burn it all night than if I turned it off at bedtime, and if I burned a cord of wood every month in my bed room and could keep the fire blazing all night I could not be made as comfortable as by this little bulb."

The Ladies Delighted.

The pleasant effect and the perfect safety with which ladies may use the liquid fruit laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions make it their favorite remedy. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, gentle, yet effectual in acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

GUNNING FOR GILBERT

Alex McKenzie Trying to Bring Down North Dakota's Short-Term Senator.

Really a Good Chance for a Democrat to Pole Down the Big Plum.

Pierce's Unpopularity Results From His Duplicity With His Friends.

The Anti-Pierce Move Said to Be Growing in Strength Every Day.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, N. D., Oct. 5.—The Republicans are trying to disguise the fact that the battle of the giants is at hand. They deny the fact that an internecine war has commenced in the ranks of the party that will end in the dangling of Pierce's scalp at the belt of Alex McKenzie. However big Alex may want to disguise his hand it is of no use. His hand is there, and it is gradually getting up towards the back hair of the present short-term senator from this state. The Democracy can afford to stand by and watch the proceedings with hope, for as this correspondence stated some weeks ago, there is a good chance of a good Democrat catching the prize. Bismarck itself is strongly for Pierce. So strong is it that it is hinted that the Bismarck Tribune, which has always been with Alexander McKenzie in his fights, will be against him in this. It does not want to have its office looted. It does not want to have the business men of the city of Bismarck draw all their patronage from its columns. The Mandan Pioneer, too, is for Pierce—directly against McKenzie—but this can't be because the West side metropolis is so loyal to Pierce. It is certainly at outs with McKenzie this time, though no one explains why. Strange to say, the Fargo Republican is against Pierce, and is in with the old gang. This is a rather extraordinary move, but Jordan wants to be on the band wagon, and he has struck it this time, sure. There are in Bismarck some old-timers who have withstood the blizzards and the hot winds of the best part of a quarter of a century. They have with

Rare Nerve

stood by this city, their hands always in their pockets to build water works, erect capitols, construct railroads, electric light plants and boom the country generally. Some of these men have lost their allegiance to Pierce, and because they don't believe that Pierce's election would benefit the state, and their part of it, there are some of the newer comers to Bismarck who talk of boycotting them—getting up indignation meetings and the same sort. There is no sense in this. If they try this, a meeting denouncing Pierce would be got up as a counter irritant, and it is safe to say that there would be more enthusiasm reported against than for him. Some of the best and most loyal old-timers would be found on the platform of the anti-Pierce meeting. And, too, these men would be many of them Republicans, who have at present no desire to play into the hands of the Democrats. But they would rather see a good Democrat there than Pierce, and this is straight. Why this anti-Pierce movement? In a word or two, because he does not know how to treat his friends—the men who put him where he is. When the legislature was going on—when Senator Dodds in the legislature was calling McKenzie, Haggart, La Moure and other old timers, all the names he could think of—stamping them as corruptionists and the like, Pierce gives the men who had worked the hardest for his election a

Slap in the Face,

as intentional and as willful as he could make it. He made promises before his election to his friends here and thereto the men who voted and worked for him—that census enumerators should be appointed in their respective districts according to their wishes. They should be consulted. After his election he was written to again about the census enumerators in different counties, and he said that they would be appointed as his friends wanted. The next thing that turns up is that these appointments were in the hands of the enemy. The very men who had fought the old gang the hardest were appointed, when the old gang had had the promises. The result is that the old gang has got its war paint on as it never had before. The Pierce men wear an air of the supremest confidence. They talk as though their favorite would be nomiated on the first ballot beyond a question. They say that Morton and Stark and Burleigh and Kidder and Emmons—every county on the slope—is for him, and that all the counties south of the Northern Pacific are pledged to him. But they are counting on dozens of men who will be against him when the voting time comes. His friends among the old-time politicians are wonderfully lukewarm, if they are not absolutely hostile. They have not forgotten that Pierce secured the appointment of

Old Man Potter

to the Fargo land office, after Potter had fought the very men who were Pierce's friends, and the fight had been going on for years. What if Potter was getting old and needed to be taken care of? He had not got old doing good to the Republican party, but his sole efforts since he had been in North Dakota had been directed toward the breaking down of the Republican organization. He had been making Democrats wherever he left his trail. Men who are in the confidence of the stalwarts who are fighting Pierce give me facts and figures that convince me beyond a question that there is a large and strong anti-Pierce wave sweeping over the country, and it promises to sink all the chances that the present senator possesses for a re-election. Let the Democrats get ready for an inning, for it is coming.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Hon. Burke Corbett Placed on the Ticket.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, Oct. 5.—Hon. J. V. Brooke, of Devil's Lake, who was nominated for attorney general on the Democratic ticket, has decided to withdraw from the state ticket and enter the race for legislative honors in his district. In this he did wisely, as his election to the next state legislature is almost certain. The Democratic state central committee has placed Hon. Burke Corbett, of Grand Forks, one of the ablest attorneys in the state, on the ticket to fill the vacancy; and it is universally conceded that a better selection could not have been made. Mr. Corbett is a native of Brookville, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, and a nephew of Solicitor General Jenks, under President Cleveland's administration. He came to the West twelve years ago, and after living awhile in Washington, came to North Dakota in 1882, and has resided here ever since that time. He has worked his way upward into a successful practice in his profession, and stands in the front rank of the attorneys of the Northwest.

A TRIMMER.

One Man Whom the People of Grand Forks Will Repudiate.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Oct. 5.—And now comes Attorney General Goodwin, the Republican legal luminary of Bismarck, who can address a Sunday school class much more fluently and effectively than a jury, and who is much more familiar with the Berean lesson leaf than with Blackstone, and says that the Prohibition law is much better observed in Grand Forks than any other city of the state. The reason he gives why the law is observed in Grand Forks is not that the people are law-abiding and peace-loving, but exactly the contrary. He says that the law is observed because John M. Cochrane is district attorney, and intimates that Cochrane so bestrides this county that "we petty men walk under his huge legs and peep about" to find ourselves hiding places from his majestic cinch. If it is indeed true that the people of Grand Forks obey the law simply because they fear Cochrane's cinch, as Goodwin and the Grand Forks Herald affirm, then those people are in bad plight. Cochrane is the most consummate trimmer in the state. He has been on both sides of every issue which has ever come up in Grand Forks politics. At the last election he drove the G. A. R. ram and the W. C. T. U. nanny goat to the high license band wagon, and now he is running around over the county scraping up watery evidence against divers and sundry persons in the various villages where liquor has formerly been sold, which evidence he will hold over these people as a club until after the election next month—when the cases will be dismissed and the county will foot the bills. He is a candidate for re-election, and he will be badly beaten. The people of Grand Forks are law-abiding people. They do not obey the laws because they fear Cochrane's cinch. There are in every community a few people who need the care of a policeman, but when any man or any newspaper states that the prohibition law is observed in Grand Forks because Cochrane is an "efficient district attorney," that man and that newspaper are mistaken—or worse. It is an insult to the people and the business interests of Grand Forks that they should be represented as obeying the laws of the state because Cochrane or any other giant stands over them with a stuffed club.

TO WOMEN VOTERS.

Ladies Have the Right to Vote in North Dakota.

Do you know that under the state constitution you are entitled to vote in all school matters?

Section 128, Article V.—Any woman having the qualification enumerated in section 121 of this article as to age, residence and citizenship, and including those now qualified by the laws of the territory, may vote for all school officers and upon all questions pertaining solely to school matters and be eligible to any school office.

This applies even to the office of state superintendent of public instruction. Mr. Rowe, of Dickey, who introduced the clause, made the following remarks in explanation:

"In the case of an election of a state school superintendent at the general election, it can be so arranged that the ladies would be allowed to vote on school superintendent. There can be a separate ballot box for the women, and it will not be necessary for them to exhibit their ballots." P. 574 of the "Debates."

As the coming fall election is the first at which women have had the right to vote for state superintendent, it is urgently incumbent upon us to show our appreciation to the privilege extended us by voting in large numbers.

The nominees in the field are:

Republican, John Ogden, of McIntosh; Democratic, Mrs. Laura J. Eisenhuth, of Foster.

Both candidates are able and experienced. Mrs. Eisenhuth is the first woman in this state nominated to that office, and her election would be a high tribute to the women of North Dakota.

Registration of voters previous to election day is required in only the cities of Fargo and Grand Forks. All the women in those cities should go to the polling places on the days published for registration and see that their names are properly enrolled.

On Nov. 4, election day, it is the duty of every woman in the state to prove her interest in the schools and in the enfranchisement of women by going to the voting place in her precinct and depositing her ballot.

Extra ballot boxes should be provided for the women at each polling place. See that your county commissioners are requested to attend to this. If difficulties are thrown in the way, remember that there is need of effort on our part to claim our just dues.

MRS. SARAH E. B. SMITH.
September, 1890.

FACTS AND FANCIES.

Peaches.

This, the big week on Peaches, and the time for families to put up their supply of spices, preserves, cans, etc. Ask your grocer for California "Smock" or "Salway" free-stone peaches, the finest in the world for this purpose. Dealers only supplied by B. Presley & Co., 102 East Third street.

Adam Fetsch, 3d and Jackson.

All lovers of Fine Cigars can be suited at Fetsch's. Box trade a specialty.

Holstein-Friesian Cattle

At public sale, Tuesday, Oct. 7, at 1 p. m., at State Fair Grounds. Cattle now on grounds. Bus will meet 12:30 and 1:30 Short line train at Hamline.

Last of the Season.

Tuesday, Oct. 14th, the Great Northern will sell half-fare tickets, good for thirty days, to hundreds of points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota and Montana.

Use Pillsbury's Best.

Receives the highest award everywhere.

Notice to Depositors.

The quarterly interest term begins Oct. 1. Money deposited on or before Oct. 10 draws three months' interest Jan. 1, 1891, at 5 per cent per annum. The Savings Bank of St. Paul, southwest corner of Jackson and Fifth streets. John S. Prince, president; Thos. A. Prendergast, vice president; Edward J. Meier, cashier. Capital and undivided profits, $120,000; deposits over one million dollars.

A half wine glass of Angostura Bitters before meals will restore the appetite. Manufactured only by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. At all druggists.

DIED.

WHARTON—In St. Paul, Friday evening, Oct. 3, 1890, Susan M., wife of Dr. Alfred Wharton. Funeral from home, 292 Laurel avenue, Monday, Oct. 6, at 3 o'clock. Philadelphia, Pa., and Silver City, N. M., papers please copy.

COGSWELL—In St. Paul, Augusta B. Cogswell, wife of Theodore Cogswell, of 868 Margaret street, died yesterday, aged sixty. Deceased will be buried at Hudson, Wis. Hudson, Chicago and Eugene, Or., papers please copy.

COGSWELL—In St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 5, 1890, Mrs. Agusta B. Cogswell, aged 60 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Corner Sixth and St. Peter Streets.
JACOB LITT, - - Proprietor and Manager.

DEAR | Scored a Big Success Last Night. | IRISH
Lots of Songs and Dances. | Full of Merriment and Fun
An Excellent Cast. Special Scenic Effects. | BOY
Nights, 25, 35, 50, 75 Cts. | RESERVED SEATS. | Matinees, Wednesday and Saturday, Reserved Seats, 25, 35, 50 Cts.
Next Sunday, ULLIE AKERSTROM.

HARRIS -:- THEATER!
To-Night at 8 P. M.
MISS JANE COOMBS,
Also Tuesday Matinee and night, "Bleak House;" Wednesday night and Thursday matinee, "Camille;" Thursday night and Saturday matinee, "Dressmaker;" Friday, "Engaged."
Prices, 15, 25, 50c.

10Cts. | ST. PAUL | 10 Cts.
MUSEUM
KOHL & MIDDLETON.
Monday, Oct. 6, and All Week.
JOHNNY MILLER,
THE LIVING HALF MAN.
Three Novel Stage Shows.
10c Admission as Usual. 10c

DICKINSON'S
Fourth, Fifth and St. Peter Streets, St. Paul, Minn.
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NEW GOODS RECEIVED DAILY.
Largest assortment of Fine China and Dinner Ware in the city.
NEW TOILET SETS.
$2.89 Extra Large 10-piece sets, two shapes, Underglaze Blue or Brown Decorations. Special Bargains.
$4.89 12-piece sets, with Jar. Same as above.
$6.98 12-piece sets, Handsome Decorations, Clouded with Gold all over.
Beautiful line of New Decorations on the "Roman," "Royal," "Ripple," "Devon," "Alsatian," "Castilian," "Breton," "Umbria," and twenty other shapes.

WE BELIEVE THAT
NEW BABIES
Are Entitled to
New Baby Carriages
At ALL SEASONS of the year. We have, therefore, just purchased a new lot offered us CLEAR DOWN in price, and are prepared to sell better Carriages than ever offered before, at PRICES that have
NEVER BEEN EQUALED.
Call and See Them at
SMITH & FARWELL'S
Easy Payment Furniture and Carpet House,
339 AND 341 EAST SEVENTH STREET.

Haynes' A 22x27 CRAYON PORTRAIT, $10.00.
Copied from any picture. From life with one dozen cabinets free. Artistic photography in all its branches. We occupy the entire building, Jackson street, corner Sixth.

DR. FELLER,
356 Jackson Street,
ST. PAUL, MINN.
Speedily cures all private, nervous, chronic and blood and skin diseases of both sexes without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. NO CURE, NO PAY. Private diseases and all old, lingering cases, where the blood has become poisoned, causing ulcers, blotches, sore throat and mouth pains in the head and bones, and all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, are cured for life. Men of all ages who are suffering from the result of youthful indiscretion of excesses of mature years, producing nervousness, indigestion, constipation, loss of memory, etc., are thoroughly and permanently cured.
Dr. Feller, who has had many years of experience in this specialty, is a graduate from one of the leading medical colleges of the country. He has never failed in curing and cases that he has undertaken. Cases and correspondence sacredly confidential. Call or write for list of questions. Medicines sent by mail and express everywhere free from risk and exposure.

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