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DEFECTED COMMUNICATIONS cannot be preserved. Address all letters and telegrams to THE GLOBE, ST. PAUL, MINN.

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TO-DAY'S WEATHER. WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—For Minnesota: Fair weather; southerly winds; warmer in eastern, stationary temperature in western portion. For North Dakota: Showers; slightly warmer; southerly winds. For South Dakota: Fair weather; variable winds; slightly warmer by Wednesday morning. For Iowa: Fair in eastern, showers in western portion; winds southerly to easterly. For Wisconsin: Slightly warmer; fair weather; southerly winds.

Table with 4 columns: Place of Observation, Height of Barometer, Direction of Wind, and Remarks. Includes locations like St. Paul, Duluth, and various heights and wind directions.

LOCAL FORECAST. For St. Paul, Minneapolis and vicinity: Fair weather, stationary temperature.

STORY OF THE DAY.

The French assembly is open, and is the closing session. The board of underwriters banquets at the Metropolitan.

Supr. McMichael favors grouping telegraph wires into cables. Two distressing accidents by St. Paul cars resulted in the casual loss of life.

An English syndicate has purchased all the big flour mills in Canada. It is reported the big bubble lunged for the Republicans has come at last.

Minneapolis men are surprised on his tyewriter leads to serious results. Mr. Jagger narrowly escapes bounding by the St. Paul chamber of commerce.

A jealous spirit, in the person of John Barber, of Lima, O., wife of her paramour. It is reported that the Adams and United States Express companies will consolidate.

The seventh annual session of the Order of Railway Trainmen opens at Los Angeles, Cal. Salvation Army General Booth wants \$200,000,000 to save England and the Empire.

Illinois Central directors effect a new organization, with Stevenson Fish as president. B. M. Mullett, formerly supervising architect of the treasury, commits self-murder by shooting.

Foreign metallurgists and American engineers are meeting to take up the question of the iron bonanzas in Upper Michigan.

The third game between Louisville and Brooklyn for the world's championship is on. Lackie Richardson entertains the St. Paul Country Club and Mrs. Frank Leslie lectures to Minneapolisians.

By the accidental discharge of a revolver, P. H. Travers, of Idaho, is killed while traveling to Spokane.

Congressman Belden scores a legal point against the old reorganization committee of the Hoeking Valley Railway.

Gladstone's popularity seems to be increasing, his tour from Hawarden to Edinburgh being one long series of ovations.

James Carmichael, an eighteen-year-old boy, shoots and kills a woman, John Bookhouse, of Emmons county, N. D.

The bar of the United States supreme court decides for a meeting to take up the question of the death of Justice Miller.

White settlers in the Choctaw Nation petition the president to extend the time for their enforced removal to the territory.

Assistant Secretary Spaulding, of the treasury, decides that imported tobacco now in bond cannot be reweighed and taxed on that basis.

Chicago Republicans induce hundreds of negroes to register illegally, hoping thereby to capture Cook county at the coming election.

Sloux Indians, to the number of 200, near Fort Pierre, are famishing and sick as the result of two months' praying for the expected new Messiah.

An effort will be made to advance by Western railroad magnates to advance the rates between Chicago and St. Paul, the chances, however, being against such an action, as the St. Paul road insists upon a division of traffic.

REGISTER. Register. This is the second day for registering. There will be but one other. If your name is not on the registration book to-day or next Tuesday you will lose your vote.

Every voter in St. Paul should devote the necessary time to see that he is properly registered in his proper precinct.

If you have changed your residence since the spring registration, you will have to register anew.

If you have not changed your residence, your name may possibly have been dropped in copying the register list. It is your duty to see to it that your name and place of residence are properly on the list.

Make sure that you are registered. Register.

WHY THEY HOPE. The hope of the Republicans to overcome the 1,500 or more Democratic majority in one of the four congressional districts and elect ex-Gov. Foster is encouraged by the fact that there are in the district about twenty-five glassworks.

tion they are better able to compel labor to take the smallest figures, as it is no disadvantage to any plant to be idle. Its dividends go to all the same. Only the unemployed man suffers. Every farmer, mechanic, business man and consumer in the West is taxed to pay these increased profits to the trust in the East. The glass monopoly, fostered by McKinley's tariff, is one of the most unbridled outrages that oppress and burden the people.

THE GLOBE'S OPINION. The Philadelphia Inquirer, which is Boss QUAY'S organ, has the following editorial statement running all through its columns in big black letters: "A vote for PATTON means a vote for the repeal of the McKinley bill."

That is sound logic. PATTON is the Democratic candidate for governor in Pennsylvania, and the repeal of the Democratic candidate this year signifies the repeal of the McKinley bill.

But why should not the Pennsylvania people apply here? Mr. QUAY is the chairman of the Republican national committee, and he speaks ex-cathedra on all party questions. According to the logic of things, the Pioneer Press, the Tribune, and all the Republican organs in this state, should run in the same big black lines through their columns the same assertion: "A vote for THOMAS WILSON is a vote to repeal the McKinley bill."

Or they might put it in this way: "A vote for MARYLAND means an endorsement for the McKinley bill." That is the truth in plain language, and yet there is not a Republican paper in Minnesota that dares assert it.

This is a time when candidates lose their popularity by not understanding the importance of the issues of the campaign. A vote for a Republican candidate this year means an endorsement of all the legislation of the Fifty-first congress, including the force bill, the McKinley bill, and the restriction of silver coinage. It means an approval of TOM REED'S autocratic methods.

On the other hand, a vote for the Democratic candidates means a repudiation of all the infamous legislation of the Fifty-first congress, and the restriction of silver coinage. It means an approval of TOM REED'S autocratic methods.

The Democrats are not afraid to toe the mark on it. Now the Minnesota Republicans have their houses at the Pennsylvania bosses, and take the music on the tariff issue.

Let them appeal to the voters of Minnesota as they are appealing to the voters of Pennsylvania in the support of the Republican candidates on the ground that a vote for a Democratic candidate signifies hostility to the McKinley bill.

We want a fair expression of the Minnesota voters on the McKinley bill, and let the people of Minnesota vote as they think on this subject.

CUSH IS COMMANDED. It is a matter of vulgar surprise to the people of the whole state, and a source of infinite mortification (oh! its intimate friends, that Senator DAVIS is making so many blunders in the presentation of tariff statistics. It shows a lack of knowledge of the facts, and of prime importance in any adjustment of the tariff schedules, and the wonder is that one occupying the position of senator should have so little knowledge of such a practical subject.

Mr. SALADIN, a publicist, which is printed in another column, calls public attention to the previous error Senator DAVIS made in his statistics on sheep and wool growing. The mistake was not a mere slip of the tongue in the delivery of his speech, or a typographical error in the printing of it; but it was a part and parcel of the speech which the senator had carefully written out, and furnished the news columns for publication.

The same misleading figures have been given by him at every place where his campaign speech has been delivered. It is evidence that the mistake is his own, and not that of the printer.

Furthermore, it is given on a reliable authority that the Republican managers have discovered so many glaring errors of a similar nature in the senator's speech that they have submitted a list of corrections to him, and before they will allow it to be printed as a campaign document and distributed for circulation among the voters.

Senator DAVIS was selected by the Republican party to be the keynote of the campaign in this state because he was regarded as the ablest member of the Minnesota delegation, and the one who could most effectively present the Republican platform side of the tariff question. Having been selected for the keynote effect of the discussion on the McKinley bill, and having voted for that measure, it was assumed that he had made a thorough investigation of all matters connected with the tariff, and that he would be able to give some intelligent reasons why he and his Republican associates were induced to fasten such an infamous tax law upon the country. But what a disappointment he has been to the party managers. He has made himself and his party ridiculous when he gets up on the stump and tells the Minnesota farmers that in 1887 the number of sheep in the United States was 24,000,000, and that the number of sheep of the Republican tariff policy, which placed a heavy duty on wool, the number of sheep had increased to 39,000,000 in 1888. There isn't a farmer in the state who would laugh at such a statement. There is not a sheep raiser in Minnesota that the senator supposes to be in the whole United States.

If the rest of Mr. DAVIS' congressional associates who voted for the McKinley bill, and who shadowed up Egyptian darkness as he was, it is no wonder that the people are in revolt against it. As a matter of fact, the law was framed in the interests of the trusts, and under the lash of the caucus whip the Republican congressmen were driven into line in support of the inquiry, Senator DAVIS along with the rest.

If the senator wishes to save what little is left of his senatorial reputation, he will quit displaying his ignorance on taxable subjects, and make an honest confession that the McKinley bill was passed as a compromise with tariff barons for the benefit of the trusts, and that the Republicans in the last presidential election. There isn't an intelligent voter in all the state of Minnesota that knows this to be a fact.

FRANCE AND A TARIFF. PARIS, Oct. 15.—The government has decided to submit to the senate and the chamber of deputies a bill providing for a maximum of French wool to be imported, the customs regulations are unfavorable to French products, and a minimum tariff on wool. The bill is in the hands of the government to adopt a minimum tariff provisionally, but the sanction of the two chambers will be necessary for its permanent adoption.

And so it goes. Canada has already inaugurated retaliatory legislation, and the most complete of the earth will follow suit. The tariffs they will enact will be so high as to be prohibitory in their character, and thus the markets of the

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