SAINT PAUL.

Additional City News on Page 4.

CHATS IN CORRIDORS.

That the election retired a great many prominent politicians is demonstrated by a visit to the lobbies of the hotels since the election. Hon. J. C. Flynn, who was defeated for senator in his district, seems to be following Boss Quay's directions, and must, therefore, have considerable wood sawed by this time. At any rate he has not loomed up in St. Paul since the landslide. Senator Hixon, of Grant county, is another one of the defeated statesmen who will be given a year or two to philosophize on the uncertainties of politics. He has not been in St. Paul since the election. A. T. Stebbins, of Rochester—"Steb," as he is more commonly known—managed to spend a few hours in the city yesterday, but he was not discussing the result of the senatorial conflict in Olmsted. It will be Senator Mayo and not Senator Stebbins after January.

The next lieutenant governor of the state, Hon. Gideon S. Ives, of St. Peter, devoted a portion of his time at the Merchants' yesterday to figuring out a majority for the Republicans in the next state senate. He finally arrived at the wonderful conclusion that the senate when called together will stand: Republicans, 28; Democrats, 26. In his calculations the Nicollet statesman evidently figures on the Alliance senators joining the political party which formerly claimed their allegiance. This is, unquestionably, a mistake. With possibly one exception, the Alliance members-elect and the Democrats will pull together against the common enemy. No Alliance member of either branch of the next legislature who remembers the abuse heaped on the new party and its candidates by the Republican managers during the late campaign will be foolish enough to become a tool with which the Republicans will rake their own chestnuts out of the fire. The Democrats and Alliance members will control the organization of both houses.

Joseph Keenan, the machine man of Austin, dined at the Clarendon yesterday. Mr. Keenan furnished about all the binding twine used by the Farmers' Alliances of the state this year, and, unlike several other jobbers in this line, carried out the terms of his contract with the Farmers' Alliance, and is deservedly popular with the farmers of Minnesota. Mr. Keenan is, of course, an ardent supporter of Hon. J. J. Furlong for the speakership of the next house of representatives.

County Attorney Leeman, of Sibley county, spent Tuesday in St. Paul, and in mentioning his presence in the city, the GLOBE, taking an early election report as authority, stated that he had been defeated for re-election. It now turns out, fortunately for Sibley county, that this is not true. Owing to local difficulties Mr. Leeman had a close run, but, as he says, "A miss is as good as a mile."

Senator Wood, of Faribault, was in the city yesterday as lively and good-natured as ever. He was not a candidate for the senate this year, and so will be missed when that body meets; and, by the way, no one of the members of the last state senate will be missed more than Dr. Wood. He stopped in the lobby of the Merchants' last evening long enough to drop a tear for "Dar" S. Hall and comment on the size of Hon. O. M. Hall's majority, and then dropped the subject with the remark that it took two Halls to make a congressman, anyhow.

Hon. Henry Keller, the popular Stearns county senator, was kept busy receiving the congratulations of his friends at the Merchants' yesterday afternoon. Senator Keller defeated ex Lieut. Gov. Gilman by a majority of 2,000 votes at the late election, and, naturally enough, feels very good over his success. There was a general feeling among Mr. Keller's constituents that he deserved the indorsement of a re-election, and he was given it. Mr. Keller was one of the most accommodating members of the last state senate, and was always at the service of his constituents. A re-election has not changed him in any respect.

Senator Frank Pettigrew, of South Dakota, is again in the city, having returned from a trip East yesterday morning. He will go on to Sioux Falls to-day. He is as confident as ever that Senator Moody will be re-elected, and says that while the Alliance movement struck the South Dakota Republicans amidships, it failed to accomplish its main object, which was the defeat of Senator Moody. According to the "Pickerel statesman" the South Dakota legislature is Republican by three majority. Other reports, however, give the fusionists a much larger plurality and point to the election of Judge Bartlett Tripp.

THEY WERE NOT A SUCCESS.

Failure of Three Young Men to Cleanse a Saloon.

Three young fellows last evening shortly before 11 started in at the Shades concert saloon on East Seventh street to clean out the place, as the result of drinking a glass of beer each. They, however, were confronted in their work of hurling glasses and upsetting chairs and tables by Officer Hamman, who was attracted by the general hubbub. The lads were conveyed to the central police station in the patrol wagon, and gave their names to the officers there as George Adamson, Joseph Waller and Frank McCarthy. Their avocations they described as gasfitter, harnessmaker and plumber respectively. Waller was very defiant when being put through the first degree by Lieut. Schweitzer and Officer O'Keefe, and threatened, if he was locked up over night, "to make all you se feellers suffer," but when in the quietude of cell 4 he speedily repented and begged to be set free. The rash youths will interview Judge Cory this morning in the municipal court.

Good Dressers.

There are Overcoats and Overcoats. The kind that the Boston on Third street sell have a certain style, finish and individuality about them that distinguishes them from the ordinary ready-made garments.

THE LOCAL STAGE.

Corporal Tanner will lecture at the New-Market Saturday evening. Ben Harrison's late commissioner of pensions is said to be quite a witty lecturer.

Marks and Shaffner's International Specialty company opens at the Grand to-night for the remainder of the week. This company includes, among others, M. Leonce and Mlle. Lolia in feats of juggling; Lieut. Travis, ventriloquist; Cazman, the necromancer; the brothers Borani and the wonderful Avolos. The engagement of the Internationals at the Grand in Minneapolis has been marked with great success. In fact, the company has been well received everywhere.

Mr. George H. Adams, the great pantomimist and comedian, will appear at the New-market theater four nights, commencing Sunday Nov. 16, in his latest comedy success, "He, She, Him and Her." New songs, spectacles, tricks, scenery, etc. Sale of seats, Friday morning. Mr. Adams is supported by a superb company of comedians.

The Case of Kill's Killing.

The trial of Nicholas Kill, the man indicted for the murder of Kohn, and who spent a couple of years in the Rochester insane asylum, will be commenced before Judge Kelly and a jury to-morrow. The question to be tried in this instance, as it was at the former trial, is that of his present sanity. Judge Kelly tried the case before. Kill will be defended by B. H. Schreiber, who was appointed for that purpose by Judge Brill at the October term of court.

Receipts Small, Expense Great.

The state auditor yesterday received the statements of receipts for the quarter ending Oct. 31, 1890, from the various state institutions. They were as follows:

State normal school, Moorhead	$123 29
State normal school, Winona	1,025 62
State reform school	1,233 30
School for the feeble-minded	258 48
School for the blind	82 83
School for the deaf	164 25
State normal school, St. Cloud	478 00

Don't Do It.

If you are doggedly determined to wear your seedy old overcoat one more winter, you will let Thanksgiving come and go without seeing anything to be thankful for.

Don't do it; give your coat to the poor and go to the Plymouth Clothing House and select a new one.

Don't Cough.

Call at any druggist's and get free sample bottle of Kemp's Balsam, the best cough cure. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.

THIS SECTION SOLID.

Bankers Unite in Saving the Northwest Is Very Prosperous.

The Recent Financial Panic in the East Cuts No Figure Out Here.

Some Interesting Opinions of the Causes of the Wall Street Flurry.

An Era of Good Times Dawning Upon the Whole Northwest.

The Eastern financial trouble is over, and the West is perfectly safe. In the great financial system of the country, New York is the heart and the Northwest one of the limbs, as the circulation goes, and the entire system is so closely connected that no one part can be affected without affecting the other. That is the simile used by President William Dawson, of the Bank of Minnesota, yesterday in discussing the financial situation. Mr. Dawson is a financier of wide experience and mature judgment, and all uneasiness in this portion of the country could be set at rest when he said emphatically:

"There is not a particle of danger here, or, in fact, anywhere. The panic is over, but there never was any fear for the Northwest. On the contrary, we are in splendid shape. I am in the habit of looking on the dark side of things, but I tell you, sir, we are on the eve of an era of great prosperity—a period of brightness, the edge of which is already upon us. The best evidence of its approach is the feeling of confidence which inspires every line of commercial and industrial enterprise. It begins with the farmer, who has had better crops and better prices; from him it spreads to the country merchant, and through him to the country banks and the city jobber, and thus over all. Northwestern collections are splendid, and the country banks all have good balances. Why, sir, one of the large jobbing houses of St. Paul last month collected over half a million of dollars, the largest month's collections since it has been in business. These are the local indications of the improvement in business. The entire nation is prosperous. In the past fifteen or twenty years the increase of wealth in the United States has been marvelous. We are the richest nation on the face of the globe. If ten-year bonds were issued now at 2 per cent, I think there would be no trouble in disposing of a hundred million dollars, and that is more than England herself could do."

"What do you regard as the causes of this late financial flurry?"

"There was really no excuse for it, when you get down to the bottom. It merely illustrated the power of a few men to create a panic. The financial policy of the present administration has been a poor one, and is largely responsible. I do not regard Mr. Windom as an able financier, in the first place, and his policy and the shifting of values caused by the McKinley bill were important factors in the trouble. Still, I say there was no real cause, for there were no real losses and no destruction of property. Take the panic of 1873, for instance, and you can trace the direct relations of cause and effect. That panic was the outgrowth of the destruction wrought by the two contending armies in the civil war, to which was added the additional devastation of over $200,000,000 worth of property in the great Chicago and Boston fires. That panic was inevitable, just as the panic of 1857 inevitably followed the general corner lot speculation without the necessary backing of actual population."

"What do you think has been the financial effect of the McKinley bill?"

"The most disastrous effect has been in the general unsettlement of values, which is more demoralizing than any other cause. If the Republican party is wise and has the courage of its convictions, it will repeal the McKinley bill at the next session. If it should fail to do so, I believe it will be better for the real interests of the country for the next congress to give the bill a fair trial before again unsettling business by repealing it—allowing that it could do so."

"I tell you the whole cause of this flurry is Windom's policy," said Assistant Cashier Miller, who heard the conversation. "President Cleveland's policy was to relieve the money stringency by loaning out the surplus, about $10,000,000 a month, to the national banks, taking government bonds for security. Blaine harped on this at the opening of the campaign of 1888, and after Windom had been in office for six months, he began on the other line. He called in about $4,000,000 of this money, and the result has been that there is not enough circulating medium in the country. That is a tremendous sum to withdraw from circulation in a short time. Mr. Windom's claim that he has paid it out in pensions does not hold good, as the pension increase under the Davis bill did not begin until the fiscal year beginning July 1, and the four months' proportion of the increase would not nearly absorb that sum.

President Strait's Views.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Germania bank was in progress yesterday afternoon when a representative of the GLOBE called to see President H. B. Strait. That gentleman, however, kindly consented to see the reporter and answer any questions in connection with the panic in the Eastern stock market.

"To what cause do you attribute the panic of Tuesday in New York?"

"In my judgment, I think that it was caused by reckless speculation at a time when a tight money market existed. You must remember that money has been very close for the last thirty days, and, naturally, any heavy speculation must result disastrously when there is a call for heavy sums to cover margins and they are not forthcoming."

"Do you think that the panic will affect the Northwest?"

"No; it will, of course, affect it in a slight degree, but not to any heavy extent. Business is in a very good condition in this part of the country, and the reports from the East just to hand show that the market is gradually recovering its stability. Money has been very scarce in London, but the foreign powers are sending large sums to help out in that city. If the panic had occurred when money was plentiful, it would certainly have seriously affected the whole country; but, occurring when the money market was tight, it was, to a certain extent, foreseen and provided against by many bankers."

Effect of Reserve Banks.

Frank A. Seymour, cashier of the Merchants' National bank, had the following interesting explanation to offer:

The recent financial disturbance in the East—I say recent because the threatened crisis has been averted—will not in any way affect the banks of St. Paul. We are entirely independent of the New York banks. The Chicago banks more directly affect Northwestern banks—in fact, we are guided by the money market in Chicago. This trouble in the East has been almost solely confined to New York, and in any event it could only have an indirect bearing upon our banks. How? Well, in this way: The St. Paul banks are reserve banks, and a financial panic in the East might scare the country banks, leading the managers to call upon us for their deposits. But there is no probability of any such thing taking place. The country bankers know exactly the nature of these New York panics, and that the Northwest banks are entirely independent of them. The St. Paul banks are in a better condition to-day than they ever were. We have considerably more money on deposit, and, so far as this financial trouble affecting us, I might say we have more money in the banks than we had last week.

Came at a Critical Time.

Hermann Scheffer, Cashier of the Commercial Bank—

A stringency in New York is always felt here; but, in my opinion, the worst is over. Collections in the Northwest are better than they have been for years. The whole trouble has been that this stringency caught us right in the midst of moving a very heavy crop, and, consequently, every dollar that can possibly be had is needed. I do not believe that there is money enough in circulation for the business of the country, nor has there been for five or six years last past. After three or four failures, along came a very heavy crop. The McKinley tariff law caused the importers to import all that their money and credit could stand, which was another bad thing. Whether that law is a good one or not, I know that it should not have been passed at the critical time it was. Another cause of this stringency is doubtless due to a revival in business. After Jan. 1, when we have realized on our crop, we ought to be in very good shape.

"Our Corner"

Clear Havana Filler, hand-made, guaranteed, sells for 5 cents.

SLOANE SHOWS SKILL

In Devising and Securing Improved Methods of Boiler Inspection.

The new hydraulic testing machine has been put up in the office of Supervising Inspector of Steam Vessels John D. Sloane. It is of the latest improved pattern, from the shops of the Richles in Massachusetts, and is the pride of Mr. Sloane. In speaking of his acquisition he said:

The old machine has been in use in this district for fourteen years, and is a curiosity as an antiquity. It was out of balance 1,875 pounds, and I reported its defectiveness to the department at Washington. An expert was sent here and corroborated my statement. It is strange that the defects in the old machine had not been found out by men who had used it for fourteen years. I moved it into my office only a short time ago, but was so much dissatisfied with its work that I immediately determined to recommend the purchase of a new one. This one has a capacity of 40,000 pounds to the square inch, and is a very fine one. It has improvements showing the tensile strength, the transverse strength and the crushing strength. These tests are applied by the machine to steel to be used in manufacturing boilers for steam vessels.

Supervising Inspector Sloan has made two other recommendations to the department, which have been adopted and highly commended. One of these relates to the testing of boilers after being in use ten years. This test is made by boring holes in the boiler to see if it has become so thin as to render it unsafe. An inch hole was formerly bored. Steamboat men claimed this weakened the boiler. Mr. Sloane's plan is to use a machine that will make a three-sixteenths or quarter-inch hole.

The other recommendation is in reference to banding flues of boilers. In boilers which have a flue over sixteen inches in diameter, the government requires the flues to be strengthened by bands. Mr. Sloane's plan is to have a water space between the flue and the band, which lessens the deterioration. Detailed drawings showing the proposed plan were prepared by Mr. Sloane and sent to the department at Washington. Mr. Sloane is always on the alert to do something to perfect the regulation of the department over which he has control, and it must be gratifying to him to receive the commendations which he does on all sides.

AN OLD INDIAN DEAL,

Involving Prominent People, Now Up for Settlement.

The trial of the case of Charlotte C. R. Hatch against John B. Sanborn is in progress before Judge Kerr. The action was brought to settle the accounts between General Sanborn and the late A. E. C. Hatch. The complaint details in substance the following story, Between the years 1862 and 1878 General Sanborn and Mr. Hatch were engaged in a venture or scheme, looking to the collecting from the United States of claims due from Indians of the Upper and Lower Sioux agencies in Minnesota, to the white people with whom they traded. The claims were for supplies furnished the Indians upon credit prior to the Sioux outbreak in Minnesota in 1862, and which had not been paid for at that time. Gen. Sanborn and Mr. Hatch agreed to contribute their services and share profits and losses equally. They secured a number of claims from traders and others for collection, for which they were to receive one-half of the amount collected. Mr. Hatch died several years ago, and before the venture was consummated. Mrs. Hatch alleges that Gen. Sanborn agreed with her to carry out the venture. After January, 1885, and before March 17, 1886, there was collected $31,000, of which Gen. Sanborn received $15,427. He promised to pay her, as her husband's share of expenses, $2,000, and credit himself with an expense account of $5,500. Mrs. Hatch received only $1,137.34. Gen. Sanborn put in an additional claim as an expense account amounting to $6,000. Mrs. Hatch claims over $4,000 as yet due her. Gen. Sanborn was on the witness stand yesterday and detailed the facts as to the time spent in Washington, D. C., and the work done in securing the allowance of the claims by congress.

Happy as a King.

Because he was dressed warmly and stylishly, appeared well before his fellow men, and realized he had done the proper thing by patronizing McGrath & Co., the Popular Merchant Tailors, 146 East Third street. Go and do likewise. It will pay you. Suits of their imported woolens, Overcoats of their stylish patterns, etc., will please you. Prices to suit the times.

AFTER THE DEED.

The Claim of the Defense in the Holden Murder Case.

Assistant Attorney General Childs will leave this morning for Washington to appear for the state of Minnesota in the United States supreme court next Monday, when the case of Clifton Holden will come up for argument. It will be remembered that Holden was indicted for the murder of his cousin on Nov. 23, 1888. He was tried at Redwood Falls in May, 1889, and on the evidence found guilty and sentenced to death. The case was appealed by his attorney to the supreme court, which upheld the lower court in its ruling. The date of execution was fixed for June 27, 1890, but previous to that date an appeal was taken on a writ of error to the United States supreme court. The brief prepared by the attorney general and his assistant is a very exhaustive one, but the main fact to be argued before the supreme court is whether Holden can be punished under a law passed after the committal of the crime for which he was indicted. At the time of the murder, November, 1888, the punishment for murder was death, but on April 24, 1889, the act which it is claimed in the appeal is unconstitutional became a law and immediately operative. That act provided that in addition to the death penalty a convicted murderer should be kept in solitary confinement until the day of his execution. The attorneys for Holden claim that the law of 1889 is void—ex post facto as to his crime within the meaning of section 9 of article 1 of the Constitution of the United States, which says, "No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed."

The result of the appeal will decide the fate of a number of men now under sentence of death, chief of whom is William Rose, whose case is now before the supreme court of this state.

PERFECTLY FRANK.

His Narrow Escape and Admission 'Twas His Own Fault.

James M. Martin, a traveling man from New York city, had a narrow escape last evening from being crushed beneath the wheels of a cable car on Fourth street. He was coming down town, and as the car neared the Metropolitan hotel, attempted to alight from the rear of the grip car. He lost his footing and fell between the two cars, still retaining his hold of the railing with his left hand. He was dragged fully twenty-five yards, and, had he let go his hold, would surely have been crushed to death. Fortunately, another passenger in the rear car wished to alight at the corner of the street, and as the conductor rang the bell for the car to stop and the brakes were applied stopping the train Mr. Martin released his hold. The brakeman and conductor were not aware of the perilous position the gentleman had been placed in, and it was only his presence of mind and great strength which saved him. A representative of the GLOBE saw Mr. Martin a few minutes after the affair, and in obtaining his version of the accident learned that it was entirely his own fault. "I don't want anything said about the matter, for it is my own carelessness," said Mr. Martin. "I wanted to call upon a friend at the Metropolitan before I left the city, and as I am a good athlete, why, I did not think it was necessary to stop the car. I slipped on the step, and the conductor and brakeman were not to blame." Mr. Martin left for Duluth last evening on the 11:15 train none the worse for his narrow escape.

St. Jacobs Oil cures Back Aches, Headache, Toothache, and all Aches Promptly

A CLOSE CALL.

Judge Egan and J. E. Markham Injured in a Runaway Accident.

Judge J. J. Egan and James E. Markham met with a serious accident last evening, and had a narrow escape from what might have been fatal injury. They were driving a double team on Rice street. Through faulty harnessing the pull-back straps were made too long, and as the team started down the Rice street hill the buggy ran upon the horses, which started at a runaway gait. Mr. Markham was driving, and, proving unable to hold them, Judge Egan reached over to assist; but the horses made a sudden lurch, and he caught but one line, turning the team sharply into a frozen sand bank. The shock threw Judge Egan out, but Markham held his seat for a moment until the horses plunged again, throwing him overboard. Both gentlemen were quite severely bruised; Markham got the worst of the injuries. His head received a long scalp wound and to this added a gash over the right eye. Judge Egan's left shoulder was partly dislocated and he received a slight scalp wound. The injured men were taken into a house near by and surgical aid rendered. Both will be able to be about again in a few days, though the call was a close one.

No Excuse Whatever.

There's no excuse for being shabby nowadays. It pays to keep up appearances, and you'd be surprised to find how easily and cheaply you can dress well by trading with the Boston on Third street.

A SMALL FAILURE.

A Seventh Street Boot and Shoe Concern Collapses.

Joseph H. Hillen, the boot and shoe dealer at 67 East Seventh street, has made an assignment to Leonard W. French for the benefit of his creditors. Several actions have recently been begun against Hillen to recover for merchandise sold, among them being one by the North Star Boot and Shoe company, in which funds of Hillen in the hands of the First National bank were garnished.

Mr. Hillen made affidavit that the value of the estate assigned will not exceed $12,500. Leonard W. French gave bond as assignee in the penalty of $25,000, with Cyrus H. Kellogg and Andrew E. Johnson as sureties.

A Federal Building Improvement.

A sample of the dense ignorance of some people on certain subjects and the indifference of others is illustrated at the federal building by the placing of a three horse-power motor fan in a basement window for the ostensible purpose of relieving the mailing and distributing room of the heated atmosphere and from the stench that comes from an adjacent sewer. The custodian that ordered the fan and the plumber that put it in (for he was a plumber) ought to have had more discretion than to put it where they did, to wit, in the window of the closet, beneath which and the room sought to be benefited there is a close and solid brick wall; besides the window in which it is located is at the opening of an old sand sewer. As a consequence the room sought to be improved is not benefited, and the occupants of the rooms up stairs are wondering what has lately gone wrong to cause a fearful stench in their neighborhood. If they see this item they will know that a three horse-power fan is pumping foulness out of an old sewer and a rear annex to the building.

Supreme Court Routine.

The supreme court heard the following cases yesterday:

Carl Dobberstein, respondent, vs. Elizabeth Murphy, appellant. Motion to dismiss argued and submitted.

State of Minnesota ex rel. Deder M. Smith et al., appellants, vs. The Board of Supervisors of the Town of Somerset et al., respondents. Argued and submitted.

May King Perry, respondent, vs. Jane W. H. Reynolds, appellant. Affirmed for default of appellant to appear.

Vinette Lincoln, appellant, vs. Andrew C. Hangen et al., respondents. Argued and submitted.

Building Permit.

But one building permit was issued yesterday, as follows:

Ambrose Friedman, 1½-story frame addition to residence on Steward street, near Bay $1,000

A Thought.

How much more comfortable it is traveling over the Burlington from Minneapolis or St. Paul, to the East, South, or Southwest—thinking the while how much more comfortable it is traveling that way than any other way—than it is to travel over any other railway, thinking the while how much more comfortable it would be traveling over the Burlington from Minneapolis or St. Paul to the East, South, or Southwest, than traveling by any other route!

Columbia Salmon for Germany.

London World.

Fresh salmon is this year to be conveyed for the first time from British Columbia to North Germany, a contract having been signed for 200 vanloads, of which 80,000 pounds will be delivered by the end of this month. There has hitherto been no trade in fish between Canada and Germany, inasmuch as the heavy duty imposed upon tinned goods would have taken away all the profit of the speculation, but, of course, there is no duty on fish packed in ice.

Pleasant All Around.

Scranton, Pa., Truth.

The gentlemen who attended the Democratic state convention recently are saying nice things about the hospitality of the people of Scranton. This is very gratifying, but it is also true that our visitors deserved the best that could be done for them in the line of welcome. The Democratic convention was a creditable body of intelligent, appreciative men, whom it was a pleasure to entertain, and the same may be said of all who honored Scranton with their presence.

Nine Out of Ten

Persons one meets have catarrh in a mild or aggravated form, and yet comparatively few pay any attention to it, not seeming to realize until too late that other dangerous diseases, such as bronchitis and consumption, are very sure to follow if the trouble is not arrested. Catarrh originates in impurities in the blood, and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, to effect a thorough cure.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

SOUTHERN

EXCURSION

Train to the city of Florence, Ala., will start from Minneapolis Sunday, Nov. 16. Don't fail to attend the great land sale Nov. 19. For information and rates apply to

GEORGE A. CLARKE,
Nicollet House, Minneapolis.

N. LEHNEN, Ph. D., Analytical and Technical Chemist; Office and Lab. No. 183 E. Fifth street, St. Paul, Minn. Personal attention given to all kinds of Assaying, Analyzing and Testing. Chemistry applied for all arts and manufactures.

FIELD, MAHLER & CO.

THE NEW STORE,

Wabasha, Fourth and Fifth Streets.

BLANKETS.

Left Aisle—Fourth Street.

Probably the best Blanket in town for the money is a 10-4 White Blanket, which we are selling at $4. It's all wool—good wool at that—full size and generous weight. If we asked $5 for these, they would not be high.

An 11-4 Blanket, same as the above in every respect, $5.

50 pairs 11-4 Gray Blankets, marked $3 a pair, are reduced to $2.50.

50 pairs 11-4 Scarlet Blankets, all wool, at $4.50, are very good values.

Crib Blankets from $1.25 to $7 per pair.

A very good collection of Wrapper Blankets, including a number of the rare and choice black and gray, reversible styles.

Good, honest Comfortables, containing clean cotton and well tied, $2 to $5 each. We know they're honestly made, because we make them ourselves.

DRESS GOODS.

It's a strange fancy that makes light-colored Plaids so popular. They're exceedingly popular in the East, and fast becoming so here. Some very pretty styles are on our counters.

Two new styles of Imported Dress Robes came in a day or two ago. One lot we are selling at $10, the other at $15. Either of them are well worth from $5 to $8 more than our selling prices.

Nearly 100 pieces of Black Silk-Warp Henriettas were received lately. The same old kind that we've been selling for years; best in the world, without any exception. They'll outwear two of the ordinary kind, and will look better after a year's hard wear than most Henriettas when new. Although they're worth 15 per cent more, we'll sell these at the old prices: $1.25, $1.50, $1.60, $1.75, $2 and up to $3 a yard.

UNDERWEAR.

Center Aisle—Wabasha Street.

A recent importation gives us a lot of Ladies' Swiss Wool Vests at the following reduced prices:

Long Sleeves, $1.35 quality, at $1.
Short Sleeves, $1.25 quality, at 90c.

A large assortment of Ladies' Vests and Drawers, of good quality, warranted not to shrink, white or natural gray, at 97 cents each; Vests are straight or shaped, and nicely trimmed. These are exceptional values.

We're sole agents in St. Paul for Messrs. Furley & Buttrum, the celebrated English makers of fine underwear, and we carry in stock a full assortment of weights and sizes for men, ladies and children. It's the best wearing underwear we know of. Prices reasonable.

We are also sole agents in St. Paul for the Ladies' Union Suits, made by the "Meadow Company," of Longmeadow, Mass. A full assortment of sizes now in stock.

Our natural gray Shirts and Drawers for men, at 75 cents and $1, cannot be matched in town at equal prices.

Mail orders receive the benefit of all special prices, and are promptly and carefully filled.

Field, Mahler & Co

THE NEW STORE,

Wabasha, Fourth and Fifth Sts.,

Opposite Court House and Postoffice.

DONALDSON'S Glass Block Store

MINNEAPOLIS.

GIGANTIC CLEARANCE SALE!

Of all Dry Goods, Furniture and Crockery Ware, to make room for our importations of Fancy Goods for the Holiday Season. TO BE BRIEF: We would simply state that we must have the room these departments are now occupying for our Holiday Display, which will be on a scale of magnificence that will outrival all former exhibits. We are willing to sacrifice profits, and that's just what we are going to do. Note the prices and values that we print here, and be on hand bright and early to-morrow to secure choice of these bargains.

DRESS GOODS DEPT.

Will be condensed into just half the space it now occupies to make room for our Holiday Display. Ruinously Low Prices will prevail all the week. A few samples noted below, many others just as good.

52-inch-wide All-Wool English Tricot Cloth, all colors, goods that have been 89c. For this sale the price cut to only - **59c per Yd.**

FRENCH FANCIES---Strictly All-Wool 42-inch wide Fine French Fancies, regular price has been 89c, 95c and $1 per yard; big range of colors, also blacks. For this sale the price on all only - **67c per Yd.**

SUIT PATTERNS---Hundreds of Beautiful French Suit Patterns that have been selling at $10.50 and $12. For this sale all at one price, only - - - - - **$5.75** PER SUIT PATTERN

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

During the Holiday Season our Great Book Department will occupy fully half of this Department; we must close out the following lines at once:

WHITE BLANKETS, $3.19—We will sell 100 pieces only of White All-Wool Blankets from the famed "North Star Woolen Mills," usual price $4.50; also 75 pairs of 10-4 California White Blankets, usual price $4. Your choice for one week, only **$3.19 Per Pair.**

SATINE COMFORTERS, $1.79—For this sale we offer 25 dozen of Satine-Covered Comforters, filled with pure cotton, large size, regular value $2.50. **For One Week Only, $1.79 Each**

SICILLIAN CORDS, 6½c—We offer for this special sale 250 pieces of these popular goods, in handsome colors and designs; also including Tycoon Repps and Armenian Henriettas, styles suitable for wrappers, etc.; usual values, 10c and 12½c. **For One Week Only, 6½c Per Yard**

DOMET FLANNEL, 5c—We will put on sale 75 pieces of White Domet Flannel, usual 10c quality. **For One Week Only, 5c Per Yard**

LINEN DEPARTMENT.

300 DOZEN Fine Damask Towels, in plain and fancy borders, size 24x45 inches, worth from 28c to 35c each. **To Close Out at 21c Each**

McKinley did not touch these.

200 DOZEN Doylies, all linen, in plain and fancy colors, left from our big sale of last week. **Will Close at 5c and 8c Each**

100 PIECES Unbleached COTTON FLANNEL, medium weight. **Clearance Sale Price 5c Per Yard**

GOODS DELIVERED IN ST. PAUL AND SUBURBS EVERY FRIDAY.

Cloak Department

Bargains for this week that will break all previous records.

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK ONLY

And we have only a limited quality of Ladies' Newmarkets similar to cut. They come in plain Beavers, Cheviots and Striped Materials worth $15, $18 and $22.50. We offer them at less than the material cost. **As Long as They Last, $9.98**

SEAL PLUSH JACKETS.

Made of fine quality Plush, beautifully lined; actual value $12.50. **Clearance Sale Price, $9.89**

FINE IMPORTED WRAPS.

Specially adapted for large sizes, handsomely braided all over; regular price $15 and $18. **Clearance Sale Price, $11.98**

LADIES' SEAL PLUSH SACQUES.

40 inches long, four seal loops, elegant lining, worth $19. **For This week, Only $14.98**

CLOTH JACKETS.

In Plain Cloths and Cheviots, reefer style, vest fronts and plain three-quarter coats, regular price $10.50, $13.50 and $15. **Special Price, $9.95**

Millinery Department.

The Greatest Bargains in Millinery Goods Ever Shown in the Northwest.

UNTRIMMED HATS.

Our entire stock of best quality Felts, bound with velvet ribbons and wide silk bindings, in all the styles of Toques, Turbans and Dress Shapes; regularly sold from 98c to $1.48. **Clearance Sale Price, 69c**

Our entire assortment of Fur Felts, in colors and black, all the most desirable shapes; Milliners ask from $1.48 to $2.75. **Clearance Sale Price, 98c**

CHILDREN'S TRIMMED HATS

All our Children's Trimmed Goods, beautiful styles in Flats and other Dress Shapes, trimmed with fancy ribbons, cards, etc.; worth from $1.48 to $2.50. **Clearance Sale Price, 98c**

BLACK AND COLORED BIRDS

All our Colored and Black Birds, regularly sold by us at 75c. **Clearance Sale Price, 39c**

LADIES' TRIMMED HATS.

Beautiful Toques, Turbans and Flats, trimmed in all stylish materials; worth up to $5 each. **Clearance Sale Price, $2.98**

We have taken 50 of our Finest Pattern Hats, and will sell these as long as they last at **$4.98.**

These hats are worth up to $15 each and are positively the greatest bargain we have ever offered.

SILK DEPARTMENT!

We Are Bound to Break All Records in This Department for This Month, and Have Gone Over the Stock and Made Prices Accordingly.

Black and Colored, in plain and fancy weaves, worth $1.00 per yard. For this sale ..... **69 Cts**

Black Silks, 24 inches wide, very heavy and rich in appearance, regular price $1.25. For this sale ..... **98 Cts**

"Guinet" and "Regatta" Black Gros Grain Silks, our regular $1.50 quality. Choice of these famous makes, for this sale **$1.19**

WE MUST SACRIFICE PROFITS FOR THE NEXT FEW DAYS IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR HOLIDAY GOODS!

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

LOT 1—About 350 pairs Ladies' Fine Kid Button Boots, broken lots, from the best makers, worth from $3 to $4 per pair. **To Close Out, Only $1.99.**

LOT 2—700 pairs Ladies' Fine Hand-Turned Dress Button Boots, all sizes and widths, opera and common sense styles. **Closing-Out Price, Only $2.47.**

These are of the Celebrated P. Cox make, and is less than the cost of manufacture.

LOT 3—144 pairs only, Misses' Fine Dongola Kid Button Boots, heels and spring heels, sizes 12 to 2, usual price $1.69. **Sale Price, Only $1.33.**

LOT 4—Gentlemen's Fine Calf Shoes, broken lots, button, lace and congress, fine Dongola tops, worth from $2.75 to $3.50. **Closing-Out Price, $1.98.**

Ladies' Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' Black All-Wool Hose, merino heels and toes, and Scotch Wool Hose, seamless feet and ribbed tops, worth 29c and 33c. **Clearance Sale Price, 21c per pair.**

Children's Black Wool Hose, derby ribbed, double knees and seamless, two-thread merino heels and toes; regular prices, 33c, 37c and 39c. **Choice for One Week, 25c,** All sizes.

Ladies' Jersey-Fitting or Ribbed Balbriggan Vests, heavy weight, made with a narrowed bottom, same as we have been selling for 50c. **Clearance Sale Price, 39c.**

Children's Heavy White Merino Vests and Pants, worth 39c. **Special Prices for This Week,**

16, 18, 20,	22, 24, 26, 28,	30, 32, 34,
19 Cents.	**25 Cents.**	**33 Cents.**

Boys' Heavy Natural Gray Shirts and Drawers, sizes 24 to 34, same as sold all season at 47c. **Special for This Week, 39c.**

The Greatest Sale of Crockery Ware ever Inaugurated in this section begins to-morrow. It is a well-known fact, and we hardly need reiterate, that this Department stands pre-eminently beyond all competition.

IF YOU LIVE WITHIN 100 MILES OF OUR STORE VISIT US THIS WEEK.

CARPETINGS.

25 pieces Ingrain Carpets, heavy all-wool filling, with double warp, suitable for sitting room or parlor. These Carpets are now worth 65c. **For This Sale They Go at 43 Cents Per Yard.**

UPHOLSTERY DEPT.

SECOND FLOOR.

One Lot 32-inch Figured Florentine Silks for Sash Curtains or Fancy Work. Nice line of colorings and patterns. **Clearance Sale Price, 69c Per Yard.**

One Lot Fine Turcoman Portieres, with deep Chenille Dado, colors, steel blue, bronze, peacock blue, gold and dark olive. **To Close, Only $3.19 Pair.**

One Lot 5-4 Imported Chenille Table Covers in medium and dark rich colors. **Clearance Sale Price, $1.29 Each.**

5,000 yards Ecru Nottingham Lace, 36 inches wide, taped edges and a good heavy quality. **Clearance Sale Price, 10 1-2c Yard.**

FUR BEPARTMENT.

All Fur Goods being bought previous to the recent advance, our Cut Prices now place these goods beyond all competition.

500 Extra Quality Black French Hare Boas, long and full. Regular price, $2.50. **This Week Only $2 Each.**

100 Light Mountain Lynx sets, consisting of Muff and Boa. Regular price, $6. **This Week Only $4 Per Set.**

150 Child's White Hare Sets, consisting of Muff and Boa. Never offered less than $1. **This Week 50c Per Set.**

We have a very large assortment of Capes at prices that cannot be duplicated again this season.

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPT.

Greatest Bargains ever offered. This entire stock must be closed out.

Youths' Heavy Overcoats—A nobby line of Stripes, Plaids and Checks, in sizes from 14 to 18 years. These goods have always been sold for $6.49. We offer them now for $4.19.

Youths' Heavy Cassimere Suits—In Dark Plaids and Checks, Long Pants, in sizes from 14 to 18 years. An extra good school suit. Always sold for $4.98. Clearance Sale Price, $3.25.

DONALDSON'S GLASS BLOCK STORE, MINNEAPOLIS.