Daily ST. PAUL Globe.

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HE IS NO MAN'S MAN.

Editor Henry Watterson Acknowledges Writing the Hill Letter.

He Stands by Every Line, Word and Syllable of the Document.

Ex-President Cleveland Declines to Discuss the Letter's Merits.

Republicans at Pierre, S. D., Want Senator Moody to Step Aside.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 12.—On returning to this city this afternoon Mr. Watterson, in response to a request of the Associated Press and in answer to some hundreds of telegrams which have come to Louisville the last twenty-four hours, gave the following statement for publication:

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 12.—I wrote the letter to Gov. Hill, and I was impelled to do so by motives the sincerest and most disinterested. There appeared in many of the great newspapers last Sunday a sensational account of how a caucus of United States senators had resolved upon retiring Gov. Hill from the presidential arena, of how I had been selected as the instrument of these senators, and of how I had dispatched him a letter potent enough to alter his plans. Whence this fantastic story emanated, I cannot divine; but it was so absurd, and did such injustice to both Gov. Hill and myself, that I thought, as I still think, that there could be no objection on the part of anybody to the publication of the truth which flatly contradicted it. I was induced to this by the circumstance that Gov. Hill seem to have adopted a course suggested by considerations alike honorable to his character and creditable to his judgment; the more so, indeed, since the letter in question furnished him and his friends impartial testimony to answer and refute a most odious and widely circulated calumny.

I confess that I am surprised that the governor should make such haste to disavow and disown a course which, however promoted, gratified every Democrat in the United States outside the state of New York, removing him at once from the field of a mere political and self-seeking politician and placing him in the front rank of statesmen having the good of their country and party at heart. I am equally distressed by the representation that Gov. Hill should regard my plain but friendly, words as impertinent and insulting. I did not so intend them. I cannot help thinking that the same words might be with propriety addressed to him or to any Democratic aspirant by the humblest Democrat in the land; and I still hope that, annoyed by a publication which annoyed me as well, he has proceeded upon a misapprehension of the facts of the case. I can assure him that neither in the writing or printing of my letter was there any purpose to take advantage of him, and least of all to do him injustice. I am no man's man and exist in no man's interest. To use his own happy expression, "I am a Democrat" who has passed a lifetime in the service of principles and policies from which I have never sought the slightest personal recognition or reward. I am only humiliated by the reflection that this service was not sufficient in the estimation of Gov. Hill to protect me against his displeasure, and that in the harsh construction which he puts upon a genuine, and not a forged letter, he visits me with what I must regard as unmerited suspicion.

HENRY WATTERSON.

NO COMMENT BY GROVER.

He Says Nothing Concerning the Letter.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The Herald prints the following: I called upon Grover Cleveland in reference to the Watterson letter. First I asked Mr. Cleveland for an expression of opinion as to the unity of the party for 1892. Mr. Cleveland inquired why the question was asked now, and then I told him the question was founded upon the letter of Mr. Watterson to Gov. Hill.

"What can I say about it?" said Mr. Cleveland, echoing one of my questions. "You know more about these things than I do. I go to and from my business and mind my own business. Some people make a great deal out of very little. Now, I am not worrying about these matters in the least. I am attending to my own business, and I don't know why I should be asked about these matters."

I reminded the distinguished Democratic leader that a very large section of the country would be very glad to hear from him.

"I recently attended a dinner," said Mr. Cleveland, looking out of the window with a smile on his face, "which was given by a gentleman, and a good deal was made of it by other people. It was talked about and written about and looked upon as something very extraordinary."

"That is because you met Gov. Hill there."

"Yes, but I did not know he was to be present, and he did not know I was to be present. It was a meeting of good Democrats at a gentleman's table, and that was all."

"And you had no private conversation with Gov. Hill?"

"Gov. Hill and I," said Mr. Cleveland, quite seriously, "have, ever since I left the gubernatorial chair, been on the very best of terms. Every time I have been to Albany, or passed through it, I have called on Gov. Hill. Why should we not be on cordial terms? The evening of the dinner, Gov. Hill was visiting an armory in this city and he came. No, we had no private conversation. All that happened was stated in the newspapers."

Finally I remarked that notwithstanding the recent Democratic cyclone in the country, the Democratic party would have a good deal to do to beat the Republican party.

"It will be no child's play," said the ex-president very quietly.

Before he handed me back the paper, he looked at the date of the letter, quoting it aloud. Mr. Cleveland, however, made no comment on the supposed letter.

REPUBLICANS FIGHTING.

Moody Urged to Step Aside and Give Another a Show.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, S. D., Feb, 12.—For the first time during the senatorial balloting party lines were drawn to-day on the three ballots taken, without change on any ballot. Moody received 69, Kyle 58, Tripp 25, with 16 paired and 1 absent. Each one received his full party vote. Peace is still apparent among the Democrats and Independents, while Republicans are fighting. At their party caucus last night Moody won first place for to-day's ballot, with a promise of every Republican note, to demonstrate whether he could draw from among the Independents. The result proved a dismal failure, and now the leaders want him to step aside and give others a chance, but this he is loth to do, and the discussion in the caucus to-night is whether he shall remain a stumbling block any longer. Mellette's and Milville's friends want to trot out their men and this is the issue to see whether they can fare better with Independet favor than Moody has. The Republicans fear a crisis is not far off and have a well grounded belief that the Democrats and Independents are figuring together for an early settlement of the contest. With desperate resolve they have concluded to be as a unit on the caucus mandate. The appearance is noted of a number of the sharpest and smoothest Democratic politicians lately on the ground, doing service for Tripp, which still more serves to aggravate the night-mares that beset the pillows of Republican leaders.

Considerable routine work was done in each house to-day, but only four measures became laws. Three of these were appropriation bills relating to stationery and supplies for the legislature and mileage and per diem expenses of members, while the fourth was a memorial to congress asking that the law pass allowing tree claim holders to prove up on land under the homestead act, without further compliance with timber culture laws, owing to the difficulty of raising trees amid drouths and prairie fires. The governor approved the bill regulating filing of mining claims; another reducing the number of jurors from twelve to six, and returned without approval a bill regulating the registering of warrants by reason of the irregularities it contained. After a hard fight the bill to abolish the grand jury system and prosecute by information, went over in the house on almost a tie vote.

THE BRINK OF SUCCESS.

Gen. Palmer's Prospects Still Good at Springfield, Ill.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 12.—The F. M. B. A. members of the legislature this morning agreed with the Republicans to take two or three ballots to-day and then adjourn until to-morrow, in order to give the steering committee time to get recalcitrant Republicans in line for Moore, a F. M. B. A. man, if that is possible. Later in the forenoon this decision was communicated to the Democratic steering committee, and an agreement was reached all around that an early adjournment should be taken to-day, but that the senatorial contest shall be settled to-morrow. It is now a matter of public knowledge that unless the Republicans decide to accept a F. M. B. A. candidate by to-morrow, Messrs. Moore and Cockrell will withdraw from the joint assembly and leave the old parties to settle the contest for themselves. In case the Republicans, after the departure of the F. M. B. A. men, should resort to breaking a quorum in order to prevent the election of a United States senator, Moore and Cockrell will then return to the joint assembly, and, announcing that they feel it incumbent upon themselves to spare the state the expense of a more prolonged contest, will vote for John M. Palmer for United States senator. The joint assembly met at noon and cast five ballots, making the total eighty-four, each resulting: Palmer, 101; Lindley, 100; Steele, 3. Adjourned till to-morrow.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Various Opinions on the Letter Pro and Con.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 12.—Regarding Mr. Cleveland's anti-free coinage letter, the St. Louis Republic will say editorially to-morrow:

This is, of course, merely the expression of his view as a single private citizen. Far from attempting to speak as a party leader, or to control the party, Mr. Cleveland has waited until the attitude of the party became pronounced and unmistakable, and has then declared his private opinion. In 1888 he renounced the presidency and sacrificed his prospects of a second term in order to lead the fight for tariff reform, which, although it confirmed his judgment of temporary defeat, resulted in the splendid victory of last November. It is possible, though not now probable, that the whole matter may be settled by the adoption of free coinage before 1892. Certainly the Democrats will have nothing more done to that end. But if it is otherwise, the entire matter should be left to the Democratic national convention.

New York Sun—Mr. Cleveland's letter to the anti-silver mass meeting at the Cooper Union is as disingenuous and amusing a document as has recently proceeded from his industrious pen. True to the last to his destiny, Grover Cleveland dares only to be a stuffed Daniel on the silver question.

Baltimore Sun—Ex President Cleveland speaks but with his accustomed courage and lucid lucidity. His words are not the words of a trimmer, but of a statesman who squares his conduct by his convictions as to the public interest.

Boston Herald—Ex-President Cleveland is amply explicit in discussing the silver question. The letter he sent to the reform club is not only concise, but graphic. The language in it is well chosen throughout. It does justice to Mr. Cleveland by placing him on exactly the right ground on this subject.

Philadelphia Times—There is one man whose name will go into history as the heroic statesman of his age; one man who dared to be right and to speak for the right even at the cost of political success. In 1887 Grover Cleveland dared everything to rescue the people from the most wanton taxes upon the wages for the benefit of a few privileged classes. It cost him the presidency, but his teaching has triumphed by the largest popular majority of American history.

PUBLISHERS' CONVENTION.

Resolutions Adopted Favorable to the World's Fair.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—At to-day's session of the American Newspaper Publishers' convention, Maj. Moses P. Handy dropped in and had a Western delegate present the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the American Newspaper Publishers' convention, recognizing the national character of the world's fair and exposition, expresses its sympathy with any effort to establish the same in the favor of the people.

Resolved, That the president of the association be authorized to appoint a committee who may advise from time to time with the officials of the fair and exposition as to the best way in which the interests of the country may be promoted before and during the continuance of the fair.

The date of the annual convention was changed from second to the third Wednesday in February. The following officers were elected:

President, James W. Scott, of the Chicago Herald; vice president, E. H. Woods, of Boston Herald; secretary, L. L. Morgan, of the New Haven Register; treasurer, W. M. Laffan, of the New York Sun; executive committee, W. C. Bryant, of the Brooklyn Times; C. W. Knapp, of the St. Louis Republican; Lewis Baker, of the ST. PAUL GLOBE; J. A. Butler, of the Buffalo News, and Milton McRae, of the Cincinnati Post and the St. Louis Chronicle.

Movements of Steamships.

NEW YORK—Arrived: Steamer Westernland, from Antwerp; Circassian, from Glasgow.

LONDON—Sighted: Missouri and Baltimore, from Baltimore.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrived: British Prince, from Liverpool; Switzerland, from Antwerp.

SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived: Rhein, from New York.

THIRTY MEN BOILED.

Horrible Explosion in the Quebec Worsted Company's Works.

The Entire City Panic-Stricken by the Terrible Disaster.

Large Force of Doctors and Surgeons Promptly in Attendance.

Work of Exhuming Bodies and Rescuing Victims in Progress.

QUEBEC, Feb. 12.—About 9:45 this morning the boiler in the Quebec Worsted Company's factory at Hare Point, exploded, completely demolishing the engine house and about half of the factory. A large number of hands were buried in the ruins. The works of the Quebec Worsted Company, where this morning's fatal explosion occurred, are situated at Hare Point, on the northeastern outskirts of the city. They cover a large area and employ more hands than any other manufacturing establishment in the city. They had been closed down for two weeks while the boilers and machinery were being overhauled and refitted. Operations were to have been resumed this morning, and about 300 of the operatives were on hand. Owing to some cause, however, the machinery was not started and they were dismissed. Many of them, however, remained about the building, a number keeping in the vicinity of the engine room for the sake of warmth. About 9:45 there was a sudden explosion which completely wrecked the engine house and dye house and damaged a large part of the main building. A great crowd gathered immediately and the work of rescue commenced. The fire brigade was called out, but, fortunately, the horrors of fire were not added to the calamity. A battery of artillery was ordered out to assist the police in keeping order and controlling the enormous crowd of excited men and women who blocked up every avenue of approach. Among the dead and injured are these:

William Forest, dead; Amelia Cote, badly scalded; Alex Martineaux, dying; Miss Rousseau, broken thigh and fractured skull; Timothy Enright, injured about head; Pierre Peterson, scalded and bruised; William Blouin, scalded; Emila Boule, dying; Miss Mercier, dead; Joseph Dutresne, dead; Henri Laberet, dead; Joseph Michaud, dead; J. Styles, badly injured; H. Styles, badly scalded; John La Montagne, dead; Arthur Tweedle, dead.

A large force of doctors and surgeons is on hand, and the wounded are receiving prompt attention. Many persons who left their homes this morning to go to work in the building are reported to be missing, but the number is probably much exaggerated, for as already stated, the greater proportion had left the building before the explosion occurred. The cause of the accident is not at present known, but it is thought some of the pipes may have been frozen while the fires were out, and so caused a stoppage when steam was got up. Mr. Harvey, foreman of Messrs. Carrier, Laine & Co., of Levis, who were carrying out repairs to the machinery and boilers, says that he was in the engine room when the explosion took place. He instinctively threw himself under the shelter of a large wheel and so escaped being crushed by falling bricks and rafters. He was rescued half an hour later and has only slight injuries. He cannot account for the accident. The work of rescuing the unfortunates buried under the ruins is still going on. The Marine hospital, which is situated in the same locality as the mill, has been opened to receive the dead and wounded, and is besieged by people searching for missing relatives. The body of Engineer Francour, of the works, was found crushed out of all shape by a mass of debris which covered him.

Mr. Styles, reported injured, has since died. His son is thought to be dying. Fr Dion, foreman of the spinning department, has a broken arm and leg; Emmanuel Filteault has a broken arm; Caroline Morrisette was bruised and scalded; C. Villeneuve is dying; Ed Morris is dying; Gustav Blowin is dead; Arthur Rousseau is dead; Peter Clements is dead; Pierre Girroux is dying; Llewellyn has slight injuries; Lee is dead.

FATAL GAS EXPLOSION.

A Leak in the Supply Pipe the Probable Cause.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Feb. 12.—A frightful accident occurred from an explosion of natural gas in West Lafayette, a suburb of this city, at 4 o'clock this morning, by which four persons were injured, two fatally. Thomas Northcut got up and lighted a match, when the explosion occurred, blowing out the whole side of the house, setting fire to the building and burning it and the adjoining one to the ground. Northcut and Levi Brown were badly burned by exploding gas, but the most serious injury was to Mrs. Ruth A. Jenners, an old lady living in the house adjoining, and her son, who are horribly burned over the whole body. They cannot recover. The explosion is supposed to have been caused from accumulation of gas from a leak in the main pipe supplying the house.

TOOK THE BLACK VEIL.

Miss Kate Drexel Abjures the World and Its Follies.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 12.—Miss Kate Drexel, or Sister Catherine, made her final religious profession and took the black veil of the new Roman Catholic Order of the Blessed Sacrament at 7 o'clock this morning in the chapel of Mercy convent. As stated in these dispatches last night, the ceremony was a very private one, with only her brother-in-law, W. H. Smith, the church dignitaries, Sisters of Mercy and novices of the new order present. Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, interrogated and received the vows of Sister Catherine, and Bishop Phelan celebrated mass. After Sister Catherine completed the recital of the formula of the vows she received holy communion and the veil and ring of the new order, given by Archbishop Ryan, of whose diocese Sister Catherine was a member. At the conclusion of the ceremony a repast of dry bread and black coffee was served, of which all partook quite freely.

Sister Catherine has been on a retreat in the convent for the past ten days, preparing for the serious step she took to-day. None of the novices who are in the convent are prepared yet to take the final vows, and until some of them are ready to become nuns, Sister Catherine will remain where she is. Her principal convent at Andalusia, near Philadelphia, will not be ready for some time yet. She is desirous to more fully mature her plans in the place where she has gained her first experience in the labors and duties of a nun. It may be six months before Miss Drexel issues forth with her little band of workers. According to Mother Neri, of Mercy convent, Sister Catherine, as Superior of the new order, will retain control of her immense income, which she will in reality hold in trust for the benefit of the order. The garb to be worn differs slightly from the habit adopted by the Sisters of Mercy.

CONGRESSIONAL COMMENT.

A Large Majority Against Ex-President Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Ex-President Cleveland's letter against the free coinage of silver was the subject of general talk at the capitol to-day. The following are the comments of a number of Democratic members on the letter, and how it will affect his prospects for renomination:

Mr. Goodnight, of Kentucky—The letter flattens Mr. Cleveland out completely. The wonder to me is that that man was not condemned long ago. It is known long ago that he was un-Democratic on the subject of silver.

Mr. Flower, of New York—It shows that Mr. Cleveland has the courage of his convictions.

Mr. Sayres, of Texas—If the Democratic party stands by its platform it will result in an irreconcilable difference between it and Mr. Cleveland.

Mr. Edmunds, of Virginia—It means political death for Mr. Cleveland as far as the South and West are concerned.

Mr. Quinn, of New York—The letter is a big mistake. It is especially in opposition at this time.

Mr. McClammey, of North Carolina—Cleveland ain't in it. He's dumped.

Gen. Wheeler—It would have been better if Cleveland had written a letter declining the nomination.

Mr. Fithian, of Illinois—Cleveland is out of the fight.

Mr. Bynum, of Indiana—It is a long time before the next Democratic convention.

Mr. Owen, of Ohio—It knocks Cleveland out of the fight.

Mr. Wiley, of New York—The letter will help Cleveland in New York. I think that the sentiment of the country is changing to the position which Mr. Cleveland holds.

Mr. Dickerson—I think that Mr. Cleveland has issued his own death warrant.

Mr. Forman, of Illinois—Mr. Cleveland cannot expect a renomination at the hands of the Democracy after writing such a letter.

Mr. Stewart, of Texas—It ought to prevent his renomination.

Mr. Stone, of Kentucky—I don't believe any Democrat who is opposed to free coinage can be elected president of the United States.

Mr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky—I believe that Mr. Cleveland will be the next president of the United States.

Mr. Kerr, of Pennsylvania, Chairman of His State Committee—The West, South and Southwest cannot support Mr. Cleveland after that letter, the letter will, however, help Mr. Cleveland in Pennsylvania.

Mr. Bland—Everyone must see that Mr. Cleveland has made a mistake. His letter makes his candidacy for the presidency ridiculous. He will have no following west of the Allegheny mountains.

Of the Republicans, Mr. Darlington, of Pennsylvania, said: It is not going to injure his presidential chances.

Mr. Dingley, of Maine—It represents the views of all sound business men throughout the country.

GOULD'S COMBINATION.

The Pennsylvania Road Has No Direct Interests South.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania, was away from the city to-day, but William A. Patton, his private secretary, was seen in regard to the reported combination formed by Jay Gould, of the Southern and Western railroads, and the consequent possible divertment from the Pennsylvania Railroad company of a large part of its traffic in those sections of the country. Mr. Patton was inclined to be very reticent, and hesitated to express any opinion until the absolute truth in regard to the reported combination was learned. He said that the Pennsylvania Railroad company had no direct interests in the South below Washington and Norfolk, these two points being their terminals of that direction. The interests of the company lay in the traffic they received from the Southern roads, and, as Mr. Patton said:

Of course, if the reported combination is true, they can give their business to whom they please, but we think we have as good a chance to get it as any one, as we have always given them good service.

In regard to the rumor current that the Pennsylvania was negotiating to secure control of the Louisville & Nashville, Mr. Patton pronounced it absolutely false.

Defective Illumination.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 12.—A case of interest to hotel men everywhere, involving as it does the extent of their liability for damage in cases of accident to guests, has just ended here. In July 1888, W. A. Thomas, a guest of the Windsor hotel, of which Capt. D. R. West is proprietor, fell in a hallway, alleged to be poorly lighted. Both arms were broken. The plaintiff sued Capt. West for $10,000. The jury yesterday, after being out forty-eight hours, returned a verdict awarding the plaintiff $2,500.

Rufe Kitrell Taken.

FLORENCE, Ala., Feb. 12.—Rufe Kitrell, a moonshiner and outlaw from Tennessee, was arrested here to-day and will be taken back by Deputy United States Marshal John Kollefroth. He has been a fugitive from justice for three years and has just returned from Mississippi. He fled to escape the clutches of the law. He has numerous indictments against him, and is wanted on both sides of the state line for violation of the internal revenue laws.

More Forgeries Discovered.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Feb. 12.—L. B. Imboden was arrested again yesterday on a fresh charge of forgery. This time he is charged with forging the signature of Capt. Sam Evans to a note for $6,000, which he gave as security for $5,000 in the Southern National bank, of New York. James M. Kincannon, of Vernon, Miss., who is vice president of the bank, swore to the information. Imboden was released on bond.

Swore Both Ways.

MONTICELLO, Ill., Feb. 12.—Mrs. Ann Eliza Holden and Edward Holden, who confessed they killed Harley Russell, have been both indicted for perjury, and they will be brought back here and tried. The sentence will be added to their term of imprisonment for murder. They swore they did not know anything about the killing of Harley Russell, and afterwards swore that they killed him.

Luby's Suspicious Death.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—Last night Michael Luby, who came from St. Paul a short time ago, was found in his room suffering from the effects of poison, and died shortly afterward. His roommates, Alex McQueeny and Frank Reilly, were arrested on suspicion of administering the poison for the purpose of robbing him of some money which he was known to possess.

A BANKER'S SUICIDE.

A Prominent Iowa Merchant and Banker Cuts His Throat With a Razor.

The Event Arouses a Slight Distrust of the Bank's Condition.

Fatal Shooting Affair Among Gamblers at Butte, Montana.

Capital Removal the Principal Topic Discussed at Bismarck, N. D.

CRESTON, Io., Feb. 12.—Charles E. Edgerton, a prominent citizen and hardware merchant, and president of the Iowa State Savings bank, was found this forenoon in his room over his store with his throat cut. He had been unwell some days, so that his absence was not noticed at first. Becoming alarmed after a time, his clerk, and John Black, cashier of the Savings bank, broke open the door and found him on the bed with his throat cut and a razor on the floor. He was not dead, but died this evening. Great doubt was expressed at first of suicide, but later developments show almost conclusively that it was an attempt ta self-destruction. Some advance the idea of financial troubles connected with his banking matters which caused him to commit the deed. The event seems to have aroused a slight distrust of the financial condition of the bank, but as yet no serious run has been made on the bank during the day.

THE BULLETS FLEW.

Desperate Shooting Among Montana Gamblers.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 12.—A desperate affray in a saloon this morning resulted in the shooting of three gamblers named Levan, Boyer and Sheerin. Levan played heavily at the game in which Sheerin was dealer, and early this morning asked the latter for a $200 loan. Being refused, Levan began firing, and both he and Sheerin emptied their revolvers. A bystander named Boyer was fatally injured and the two principals were seriously wounded. Sheerin will probably die. One hundred men were in the saloon at the time.

CAPITAL REMOVAL.

That Is Now the Great Bismarckian Bugbear.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, N. D., Feb. 12.—To-day was an uneventful one except in two things. Mr. Richie introduced a resolution, which was referred till the 18th, raising a committee of four from the house and three from the senate to take into consideration the advisability and practicability of moving the capital; to receive propositions from different localities; to inquire into the desirability of accepting any such proposition and to take into consideration the whole subject matter and report to the next legislature. In the senate, when the concurrent resolution for resubmission was received, a motion to adjourn was made, which was carried by the resubmissionists 17 to 13, which precluded action until to-morrow.

FARMERS DISPLEASED

With the Masterly Inactivity of the Legislature.

Special to the Globe.

FERGUS FALLS, Feb. 12.—The Otter Tail County Farmers' Alliances are getting very restive under the apparent determination of the legislature not to bring about the reforms promised last fall. Resolutions are flying about as thick as snowflakes in a storm, and the members from this county must be in receipt of many urgent requests to have the course of things changed as the farmers want it. The following resolutions, adopted this week by the Pelican Lake and Scambler Alliances, are typical of a score of other sets of resolutions adopted by other Alliances, and are worth printing, as showing the general drift of agricultural opinion in this neighborhood:

Whereas, The legislature of our state has been in session for more than a month, and we have looked in vain to see any of the Alliance members of that body make an effort for retrenchment and the reduction of the salaries of officers to correspond with wages on the farm and farm productions which they claimed to favor when elected to office last fall.

Resolved, By the Pelican Lake Alliance, that said neglect and distegard for the people's wishes as expressed so overwhelmingly at the polls at the late election, fill us with astonishment beyond measure and meet with our earnest disapproval.

Resolved, That our members of the legislature be requested to bring forward a bill immediately to lower salaries and expenses to correspond with the times, and that the first salaries in said bill to be lowered be their own to $3 per day and mileage at actual cost—then they may see clearly to proceed with due economy in other things.

Resolved, That our members bring forward a bill to abolish free passes, making it a fine and imprisonment to give or take passes, the worst discrimination in the railroad system.

Resolved, That unless our legislators bestir themselves it will soon be said of the Alliance as has been said of other parties, "Weighed in the balance and found wanting," which, may heaven forbid.

Resolved, That we disapprove of the action of our representatives in not sustaining the bill introduced by Mr. Gildea, of Pipestone, to prevent the issuing of passes to legislators.

AFTER THIRTY YEARS

The Government Steps in and Settles a Case.

Special to the Globe.

HUDSON, Wis., Feb. 11.—A thirty years contest between the United States and nearly forty sureties on the bond of S. D. Reymert, receiver of public moneys at Falls St. Croix, ended yesterday by act of congress releasing the sureties. In 1861, during Mr. Reymert's absence, the very old safe furnished the office was robbed of a large sum. It is alleged that Mr. Reymert and also his sureties respectively called attention to its unsafe condition. Mr. Reymert very soon made good all but $6,000 of the shortage, and pending an adjudication deeded to the treasury agent in trust some wild lands and village lots. Reymert was sued, but defended so vigorously that no judgment was secured against him. The sureties, about thirty of whom lived in and about Hudson, did not fare so well, they having been sued in a separate action. After getting, at great expense, witnesses twice down to Milwaukee to attend the trial, which at the last moment was put over by the United States attorney the third time in 1868, owing to the non-delivery of a message, judgment by default was entered against them. Since that date the government has realized over $3,700 from the property conveyed to the trustee, and there still remains in the trust eighty acres of land in Douglass county and some lots in Superior. Many of the sureties have died, and their estates could not be settled till the act was passed.

A TRAIN STAMPEDE.

Wonderful Escape of Passengers From a Horrible Death.

Special to the Globe.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 12.—Until last night the Deadwood Central railroad had never had an accident. On yesterday a new heavy engine was put in use, and just after leaving Lead City for Deadwood, while on the 610-foot grade in Gold Run canyon, the engine became unmanageable, due to failure on the part of the air brakes to work, whereupon the engineer, fireman, conductor and one or two passengers jumped, the balance remaining in the car. The train dashed down the incline at a terrific speed, and on reaching the junction of the B. & M. road jumped the track, demolishing the car and smashing the engine badly. All the passengers were more or less injured, but no fatalities have occurred. D. A. Wells, of Deadwood, received injuries that may necessitate the amputation of one arm.

CAME OFF THE BOND.

Powlison's Bailers Suspicious of His Intentions.

Special to the Globe.

MANKATO, Minn., Feb. 12.—Messrs. Haws and Veranazin, who signed G. S. Powlison's bail bond, last night withdrew their names. In consequence, Powlison was taken into custody, where he remained until Messrs. V. H. Andrews and Gaylord Lamb came to his rescue by making a new bond, so the prisoner was set free. These two gentlemen who withdrew their names were afraid that he might run off. Having secured no work, they also ascertained that he was indebted to a young lady in Indiana in the sum of $600. He says that the debt is just, having incurred it when he failed in business. She has his notes, which he will pay, he says, as soon as he is able. He has searched diligently for work, but has thus far been unsuccessful.

AGAINST THE BOOM.

Strong Protest From Wisconsin Against Congressional Action.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 12.—In the state legislature to-day a joint resolution was introduced instructing the governor to forward to Washington the protest of the legislature against granting to the Mississippi Boom company power to build a boom in the Mississippi river between the city of Winona and the mouth of the Chippewa river.

Special to the Globe

LA CROSSE, Wis., Feb. 12.—There is a big kick all along the river against Minnesota booming bill which Washburn and Dunnell are railroading through congress. The board of trade and manufacturers' and jobbers' association of this city telegraphed remonstrances today, and the association of pilots and masters is preparing a memorial to be forwarded to the different members of congress. The urgency of the promoters of the measure is regarded as a suspicious circumstance about it.

PLENTY OF MONEY.

McIntosh County Scored From Bismarck.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, N. D., Feb. 12.—Last fall Commissioner Helgren notified the commissioners of McIntosh county that he had $1,100 which could be used for the destitute and asked an early application for such part, or all of it, which that county might require. He has not received a request for any of it and still has the amount. In the face of this it does not look right for the commissioners of McIntosh county to ask aid in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Fargo.

Hon. J. J. Alexander Dead.

Special to the Globe.

NORTHFIELD, Feb. 12.—Hon. John J, Alexander died at his home in this city last evening, 58 years of age. The cause of his death was cancer of the stomach. He came to Northfield in 1854 and pre-empted a farm near the city, which he attended to until about two years ago, when he moved to town. He was elected to the house of representatives by the Democrats of Rice county in 1887, and has occupied numerous positions of trust in town and county affairs. At the time of his death he was a member of the board of directors of the State Agricultural society. The funeral services will be held Friday afternoon.

Liquor Men Levant.

Special to the Globe.

VERMILLION, S. D., Feb. 12.—Dan Doan, of this city, was arrested to-day by Deputy Marshal Keeney, of Sioux Falls, for selling liquor without a government license. He was taken to Sioux Falls for his preliminary examination. George Snyder, L. Lickholm and P. A. Bergland also left the city today, and it is supposed they went to escape justice.

Invited to Red Wing.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, Feb. 12.—At a meeting of the council and board of trade last evening it was decided to invite the reform school committees of the house and senate, and such other legislators as might desire, to visit this city with the view of more thoroughly acquainting themselves with the needs of the new school.

Lance Pleaded Guilty.

Special to the Globe.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Feb. 12.—William Lance, who deserted his family last summer and fled to Superior, where he was found living with a Connor's Point women, pleaded guilty to-day and was sentenced by Judge Larson to one year in the Waupun penitentiary.

Going to Japan.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Feb. 12.—Bishop Hare, of South Dakota, has issued a circular letter in which he states that he is going to Japan for a number of months, the house of bishops at a meeting in New York having selected him for the work.

Died From Exposure.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, Feb. 12.—Hans Hanson, living in Welch township, ten miles west of here, died last night of exposure on the Minneapolis & St. Louis right of way, about eight miles from here. He was found this morning.

Slipped on the Ice.

Special to the Globe.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Feb. 12.—E. Denny, aged ninety-eight, who fell on an icy sidewalk and broke his right hip, died from his injuries.

FIGHTING FOR LIFE.

Gen. Sherman's Single-Handed Battle With the Great Enemy.

Latest Bulletins Shed a Glimmer of Hope for Possible Recovery.

Erysipelas Leaves the Hero Patient, But He Is Not Improved.

His Breathing Indicates That His Lungs Are Filled With Mucus.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—At 2:40 a. m. there was no recognized change in the patient's condition.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13, 1:45 a. m.—The members of Gen. Sherman's family, with the exception of his daughter, Miss Rachael, are resting within easy call of the sick room. Dr. Alexander, Private Secretary Barrett and Miss Rachael are at the general's bedside. Miss Rachael absolutely refuses to leave the room despite Dr. Alexander's admonition that she will break down if she does not get some rest. At 1 a. m. it was stated that Gen. Sherman appeared to be asleep. His breathing indicated that his lungs were filled with mucus. Dr. Alexander thought the erysipelas was leaving his patient, but the general had not improved. The following bulletin has just been issued:

1:15 a. m.—Gen. Sherman is resting quietly. His condition is somewhat improved. BARRETT.

11:40 p. m.—Lieut. Fitch has just left Gen. Sherman's residence to spend the night at Dr. Green's house. He said that at 11 o'clock Gen. Sherman got out of bed and walked half across the room without assistance. He could not speak, but appeared to recognize those in the room. The general had to be helped back to the bed. He was very much exhausted. The condition of Gen. Sherman during the latter part of the afternoon was encouraging up to as late as 5 o'clock. At that hour a change for the worse took place, and it was with difficulty that the sick man could breathe. Those at the bedside thought the hour of dissolution had come, and Drs. Alexander and Green, who were present, sent in great haste for Dr. Janeway. The general lay in a comatose state and it was exceedingly difficult to rouse him. He could open but one eye, and appeared to be suffering greatly, but the doctors thought he was not troubled with pain. The patient continued in this condition during the early part of the evening. Gen. Ewing left the bedside at 7 o'clock. He said death was only a question of hours. He thought at that hour the general was in a much worse condition than he had been at any time since he was taken sick. Mrs. Colgate Hoyt left the house shortly after 7 o'clock. She said that she did not expect her uncle to live over an hour longer. During the evening a great number of persons called to ascertain the dying general's condition. Many left their cards, others contented themselves with asking the policemen on guard what the prospect of Gen. Sherman's recovery was. They all received the same answer—"Death is now a question of hours only." It was decided by the physicians in attendance to hold a consultation at 9 o'clock. The doctors met at 9 o'clock. At 9:15 Dr. Janeway came out. He declined to express any opinion as to whether the general would live through the night or not. At 9:30 this bulletin was issued:

The physicians in consultation say there is no decided change. If General Sherman maintains his present status for twenty-four hours his situation will be hopeful.

JOHN SHERMAN.

The general's private secretary said soon after she above bulletin was issued that the doctors expressed themselves as confident that if they could keep the general alive for the next twenty-four hours they could save his life. A great many telegrams were sent away this evening. What the nature of them was could not be learned. At 10 o'clock all was quiet about the Sherman residence. On the sidewalk, opposite the house, quite a large crowd of people stood watching the windows of the chamber where the sick man lay fighting the battle for life. At 11:15 p. m. the storm doors of the Sherman residence were closed, and the window shades drawn. Private Secretary Barrett then instructed Policeman Brown, who guards the door, to hold all telegrams which arrive after midnight until morning. At 11:25 p. m. Mr. Thackara, Gen. Sherman's son-in-law, left the house. He said the general was in a semi-conscious state, and no change in his condition is expected until after midnight.

Kearney Wants Revenge.

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 12.—John H. Cogin, of West Duluth, was arrested to-day upon complaint of John Kearney charged with adultery with complainant's wife. Last September a civil suit was tried in the district court and Kearney got only $100 from the jury against Cogin for alienating the effections of plaintiff's wife. The demand in the complaint was $20,000. Kearney now seeks redress by criminal action. There is also a warrant out for Mrs. Kearney's arrest.

Adjourned for Forty Days.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 12.—A halt was called to-day in the sensational fight over the mine estate left by the late Judge Davis. Judge McHatton, under the supreme court decision just rendered, has adjourned court for forty days in order that a jury panel of 300 may be drawn from which the jury to try the will case will be taken. Meanwhile all the experts who were on hand to testify to the character of the will and the witnesses from Iowa have returned east.

Box Manufacturing Plant.

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 12.—Scott and Holston, prominent lumber merchants of this city, have ordered a plant of the National Iron company for the purpose of manufacturing boxes of surplus lumber to supply the local demand.

Morey Is Dead.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—News was received here to-day of the death in Nashua, N. H., of Samuel Morey, who came into prominence during the Garfield-Hancock presidential campaign of 1880. He was arrested in connection with the famous "Morey Chinese letter."

WESTERN ASSOCIATION.

The Corn Huskers Secure Their Claim of $400.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—The Western Base Ball association met here this morning to arrange its plans for the coming season. The clubs represented were:

Kansas City—L. C. Krauthoff, E. Martin and John Speas. Omaha—E. O. Brandt, Harry McCormick. Lincoln—D. E. Rowe. Denver—W. I. Van Horn. Milwaukee—H. E. Gillette, C. H. Cushman. St. Paul—W. H. Watkins. Minneapolis—H. L. Hach, W. H. Harrington. Sioux City—W. Beck, Judge Foley. Sam Pratt, manager of the Washington club, and Chris Von der Ahe, of St. Louis, are also here.

The board of control will meet here to-morrow. President Thurman, of the American association, and President Spalding, of the local league club, had a conference this morning, and will visit the West and South side grounds this afternoon. It is practically settled that there will be an association club in this city next season. Mr. Thurman says he has enough financial backing in this city alone to put one in the field. At 3 o'clock this afternoon it was given out that the same circuit as that of last year had been decided upon. An old contention between Minneapolis and Sioux City was settled after a heated presentation of arguments. The Cornhuskers claimed $400 due on the receipts of the Decoration Day games in Minneapolis and the question arose over the proper interpretation of the agreement made made by the managers of the two clubs. The expected decision was made by the association in favor of Sioux City, and President Hatch at once drew his check for $400. At the evening session the schedule committee presented its report. Objection was made as to dates, and the committ