

SAINT PAUL.

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

Diphtheria is reported at 523 Sims street. The taxpayers' union will meet in the municipal court room to-morrow night.

Mrs. M. L. Henry speaks at the First M. E. church this evening at 8 o'clock. All in view.

Three permits for the construction of buildings to cost in the aggregate \$700 were issued yesterday.

August Kold, charged with assault and battery, will have a hearing today before Judge Cory.

The Catholic Benevolent society will hold a regular monthly meeting this evening at 8 o'clock in the hall in the old Rock house.

John Coates, a West side boy, fell while skating on one of the river banks Sunday night and fractured his left arm. He was attended by Dr. Sigler.

Henry Stein, the snook thief who got away with Dr. Keam's overcoat a few days ago, was in court yesterday. He was turned over to the grand jury by the State's attorney.

John Hackett and John Roche are bewitched and dirty vagrants of an ancient vintage. They fell into the hands of the police in company, and were yesterday ordered to leave the city.

There will be a meeting of the Central citizens' union Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock at the municipal court room. The presence of officers and other important business is to be brought before the union.

The county commissioners will go to White Bear to-morrow to view the new road construction, and to gather such information as may be necessary to subsidize or adjust the differences between property owners.

A case of the East Seventh street bus, which was the St. Paul street car, was taken yesterday afternoon at Seventh and Broadway. The driver of the bus was arrested, but escaped without serious injury.

Charles King and Dan Johnson, two local loafers, made a display of their talents as jugglers Monday night, and were arrested by the police. They were taken to the police station and King will be given a chance to-morrow.

John Burke, John McLean, Fred Wilson, Thomas Jones, Thomas Hunter and Mike Fitzpatrick were yesterday charged with drunkenness. Wilson and Hunter were fined \$5 each, Fitzpatrick \$3 and the others were discharged.

Ben Lelsch will be tried in the municipal court this morning for an assault on Mrs. Lelsch. The latter it is understood, has frequently been the victim of her husband's violent temper, and will now endeavor to have him punished.

At the Metropolitan Dime and Grand give a "Natural Gas" nature, and cause their engagement with this creature's performance. For the first of this week Cleveland's consolidated minstrel will furnish the entertainment at this popular house.

John McManis was fined \$15 yesterday by Judge Cory for creating a disturbance in a saloon the other night. McManis proclaimed himself a world-beater in a loud voice, and was promptly whipped by a standard bearer for his conduct in public.

Watchman Davis, of the Kansas City yards, caught two men in the act of breaking a car Saturday evening. As a result of Davis' endeavor to capture the thieves both succeeded in escaping. The West side police are on the lookout for the men.

After four weeks of weary waiting Dr. Denton has received a trial of Koch's lymph. It is believed on Jan. 22 and after the customary trials in New York City, Dr. Denton will at once begin the use of the lymph.

Henry F. Wedelstaal, the Third street stationer, has for sale a beautiful picture, "Now I Lay Me" by Mrs. J. Pauline Hunter, at the reasonable price of \$1. Every mother should have one in her nursery. The picture is a Stokes edition, 152 Fifth avenue, New York city, are the publishers.

A negro named Bates was charged before Judge Cory yesterday with an assault on his wife. The woman told a rambling story of the manner in which the alleged assault had been committed, and failed to convince the judge that Mr. Bates had any part in the matter. The latter was discharged.

At the Metropolitan opera house Monday night for one week, the plotters of three comedies, French and English, present their latest edition of "A Paris Match." This funny play this season has been dressed up in such a new and variegated garb that it is scarcely likely to be resented were it not for the familiar faces of McMoran and O'Leary.

Mrs. Mary O'Brien, of 43 West Seventh street, fell down stairs at a window last evening and was severely injured. The lady had just returned from a shopping tour and became faint on reaching the top of the stairs. She fell backwards, and striking her head sustained serious contusions. She will recover.

Mrs. James S. Thaler, of Astoria, Minn., was in the city yesterday, looking for her daughter Maud, who has been missing from home for two weeks past. The girl is seven years old, and was started when leaving home that she was going to work for Mrs. Dean, of Mississippi street. No such person is known on the street and the girl cannot be found.

Messieurs Dinger and Smith, reputedly respectable women residing on Rice street, were arrested Monday, charged by sergeant Galt of the Fourth division with disorderly conduct. The charge specified that the women had visited saloons and otherwise behaved in an unbecomingly manner. The court remanded a warrant against them, and allowed them to depart on their promise to walk a check mark in the future.

A man giving his name as Edward Long was arrested yesterday in Minneapolis, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses. Long had a notebook showing collections in St. Paul to the amount of \$200 in sums of from \$5 cents to \$5.00, received by means of an extensive solicitation in this way for months.

An unincorporated individual took Judge Connelley by surprise yesterday afternoon when his honor, escorted by the marshal, appeared for the day by approaching the bar and saying in a loud voice: "I would like to inquire of this court when the Duluth tract case, involving from the effects of the surprise the judge committed the inquisitive citizen to the mercy of a deputy sheriff with an injunction to remove him from the court room."

Jarlson, in her musical play, "Straight," is attracting large houses at the Grand this week. She will be seen at the matinee to-day, and for the remainder of the week. A Sunday night a decided dramatic novelty will be seen at this house, Giovanni Melnick, an Italian actress, appearing in "The Indian Mail Carrier," a play somewhat on the sensational order with Miss Mohawk in the leading female part. She is said to possess considerable dramatic ability and she makes all that could be desired out of her part.

Interest Allowed From March 1, on deposits made before March 1 at the State Savings Bank, Germania Life Building, corner Fourth and Minnesota streets.

New Concerns. Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday with the secretary of state for the following:

Independent Order of Good Templars of Austin, the incorporators being John E. Robinson, Wilson Beech, Thomas Boutelle and S. F. Adams.

The Maryland Investment Company of Duluth, with a capital stock of \$100,000 and the following incorporators: N. S. Albutt, Robert W. Albutt, F. A. Dawson, Thomas D. Darby, S. Lawrence, Charles F. Poole, B. W. Walling, Charles F. Kreh, E. H. Bruce and W. C. White.

The Kerkhoven Roller Mill company, of Kerkhoven, Swift county, with a capital stock of \$12,000, and the incorporators are Lewis Nyquist, I. G. Berge, Ole N. Rudin and Ole Backlund.

The Greese & Nickerson Home-Furnishing company, of Minneapolis, capital, \$50,000; incorporators, W. Creedy, L. B. Nickerson, E. C. Roberts, E. Bennett, G. B. Clark.

Annual Sale of Shirts, Collars and Cuffs. The Plymouth Clothing House.

BUILDERS' CONGRESS.

To Devise Uniform Building Laws for Large Cities of the Country.

Inspector Johnson Talks of the Results of the Recent Convention.

The Council Has One of Its Rarely Uneventful Fort-nights.

A Three-Cornered Free-for-All for Election as City Attorney.

Building Inspector Johnson is preparing a report of the recent convention of building inspectors in New York city, which he will present at the next council meeting.

He describes the meeting as extremely profitable for all who participated in it, and one which is destined to accomplish a great deal for builders and the public generally throughout the country.

Thirty of the largest cities in the country were represented. The building laws of all the states were taken up serially and their application to public and private interests was discussed.

It was made apparent that there was a wide variance in statutes adopted to secure a single end, and it was decided to unite in congress with the other builders, the architects and the chiefs of the country for the purpose of devising a series of building laws, covering the most essential features of construction, and then endeavor to secure their adoption in every state by which they are not already in force.

It will be a representative body for the performance of the work in hand, in which the American Institute of Architects, the National Board of Underwriters, and the National Fire association, among others, were represented. One of the most convincing was made from the standpoint of a designer living, for instance, in Boston prepared plans for all parts of the country. He discusses thoroughly familiar with the building laws of Boston, but when he comes to make drawings for a building in St. Paul he finds that he has to comply with an entirely different set of regulations.

This entails a lot of unnecessary work and considerable additional expense to the owner, and yet the object of the laws in the two places is to secure the same class of buildings. One of the chief objects of the building laws made in the general building laws was for the more thorough protection of the combustible materials which enter into the construction of a building. It was thought that something should be done to make owners of buildings already erected, in which there were defects, remodel their structures for their own protection, as well as for the protection of the general public.

Old rattle-shed buildings to stand when improvements are going on all around them were severely criticized. It was shown that in a majority of cases they were merely waiting for some one to pay them a large bonus on the value of their property, and it was believed that they could be made to keep in the line of progress if the right kind of public opinion could be created and brought to bear upon them.

A QUIET SESSION.

The City Fathers Peacefully Transact Routine Business.

At last night's meeting of the city council the only measure that called forth any debate was Peter Berkey's claim for \$250 in payment of judgment obtained against the city in 1875 for damages caused by the widening of Mississippi street.

All the aldermen seemed to favor payment of the judgment, but they were at variance as to the method in which it should be paid. Aid. Gehan thought it should be paid out of the general fund, while Aid. Johnson said that the citizens of St. Anthony hill and West St. Paul should partly pay the damages.

Ald. Cochran's resolution, which authorized the city to pay the judgment, was adopted. The council also passed a resolution ordering the removal of powder and dynamite magazines from the city ward to outside the city limits.

The name of Miller street was changed to Taven street. The report of the clerk of the municipal court for February, showing total collections of \$2,735.80, was accepted. Aid. McNamee requested a leave of absence for sixty days, which was granted.

COUNSEL FOR THE CITY.

A Lively Three-Cornered Triangle Now in Progress.

Oscar E. Holman, Daniel W. Lawler and John W. Willis are the legal celebrities—all good men—who desire to see the corporation attorney's office for the next two years. The election occurs next Tuesday night, and until that time no cross will be allowed to grow under the feet of any of the candidates.

Mr. Holman and Mr. Lawler are sanguine of success, but Mr. Willis considers himself a sort of dark horse. It is stated upon good authority that the venerable William Pitt Murray is not in the race at all. A member of the city council yesterday criticized the situation as follows:

"The light is between Lawler and Holman, but what is the matter with the intention of voting for Willis. There are fifteen aldermen now in the city—twelve Democrats and three Republicans. Mr. Holman claims the pledged support of seven Democrats and Mr. Lawler claims the votes of nine aldermen. It is apparent that they are both claiming the support of one particular Democratic alderman. Now, if this particular alderman goes to Lawler that gentleman will be elected. If he turns to Holman, however, the chances are that Lawler will be defeated."

WHAT ST. PAUL READS.

Some Interesting Library Statistics, Showing the Trend of Taste.

The directors of the public library yesterday submitted their annual report to the mayor. The voluminous document shows that of the 1,622 free libraries in the United States there are only thirty-six larger than that of St. Paul. The circulation percentage table shows that the press fiction is most sought after in this city and that very few peo-

ple are of a poetical turn of mind. It is also apparent from the report that book-worms take their vacation during the hot months of June, July, August and September.

There has been a large increase in reading on special subjects due perhaps to the impulse to study given by the movement inaugurated by the St. Paul Academy of Science the past year.

Classes have been formed in algebra, botany, history, mechanical drawing, geology, political science and English literature. About 300 people have attended the lectures. Special efforts have been made by the library to obtain such books as would be useful in the study of these sciences, and copies of these books, together with the syllabus of each lecture, have been retained in the reference department.

There are 26,516 books in the library, and 75 people hold library cards. During the year 5,942 volumes were added of the following classes: History, 241; biography, 227; travels, 270; general literature, 2,577; selected works, 47; language and literature, 120; fine arts, 156; mathematics, 77; natural arts, 201; natural science, 224; political and social science, 212; science, 67; ancient classic, 6; religion, 171; medicine, 21; law, 7; periodicals, 983; government documents, 122; bibliography, 31; statistics, 11; dictionaries and encyclopedias, 80; press fiction, 781; juvenile literature, 385; Parliamentary history, 40.

There was an increase of those entitled to draw books of 767 over the preceding year. Of the cards issued, 1,828 were to male and 1,844 to females. The daily average issue of books, by months, was as follows: January, 411; February, 454; March, 542; April, 413; May, 447; June, 526; July, 213; August, 572; September, 341; October, 441; November, 319; December, 452.

The following table shows the percentage of circulation of books of different classes:

Table with 2 columns: Class and Per Cent. Includes categories like History and biography, Natural history, Arts and sciences, Poetry and drama, etc.

THE LAW SEEMS BITTER.

But There is a Chance to Sugar-Coat the Dose.

When Judge William Louis Kelly rendered his noted decision in the action brought by Annie G. Barteau against William L. Barteau, Mary Barteau and Josiah Fairchild, he gave the plaintiff fully as much, if not more than she expected, and it was a severe trial to her when the supreme court rendered a decision reversing in toto the lower court.

In addition to that bitter dose, Mrs. Annie G. Barteau had the lysopod held to her by the supreme court, by the decision of Judge Cornish, which requires her to pay the costs incurred in the supreme court within ninety days or submit to a dismissal of the cause in the district court. As those costs amount to a considerable sum and the action of Mrs. Barteau was largely for her own protection, it is in the hands of her husband, William L. Barteau, to secure the recovery of the law work a hardship in requiring her to go to outside parties to secure means to pay costs in addition to recovering her own from her former husband.

THE PEDS ARE PAID.

And Cheerfully Depart For Other Sawdust Scenes.

The pedestrians who participated in the seventy-two-hour race at the Argonne track last evening and departed for the East. The door receipts during the week's contest amounted to \$3,222, of which sum the five walkers who made the most miles received 50 per cent. of the net receipts.

Peter Hegelman, who finished first, got \$322.16; Frank Hart, second, \$320.04; Gustav Smith, third, \$317.92; Henry Messier, fourth, \$177.63; Sammy Day, fifth, \$118.43. Old Sport Campney and George Noreme were paid salaries.

All the "ped" men in the very highest terms of praise of the management. They say the good treatment given them by the management has been equaled in the tau-tark fraternity. Hegelman, Messier, Hart, Noreme and Gustavero have gone to New York, where they will participate in the great international race.

ROASTS JUDGE THOMAS.

Attorney Hawes Explains a Case of Interest.

The Editor of the Globe.

My attention has been drawn to an article in last Sunday's Globe commenting upon the Chapin case, in which it is stated that Judge Thomas had deserted the man. I have been in constant contact with Judge Thomas since he was appointed to the bench in 1872, and this is the first time an insinuation of the kind has ever been made against me. I do not know what Judge Thomas said, but I know that when the Chapin case was argued I was so otherwise engaged as to be unable to be present and give to the judge the desired light on the questions raised. It would not have reflected upon Judge Thomas if he had not been present and said nothing about it. As I was not present, and therefore had an opportunity to explain my absence, I wish you would give this same publicity as you did the remarks of Judge Thomas whenever they were especially yours.

A FORTUNE FOR A POOL.

John Winter Asks \$15,000 of the Duluth Road.

The February term of the district court was largely taken up in the trial of personal injury cases, and the March term has begun with a number of similar actions on the calendar. One of this character is now being tried before Judge Otis and a jury. John W. Winter was an engineer on the St. Paul & Duluth railway in November, 1888. He jumped from his engine to escape a collision with a train, and was injured by a collision. When he alighted, his foot was caught in a hole at the side of the track and his knee cap was dislocated. Winter alleges that the whole matter was attributable to the carelessness of the railway company, and asks \$15,000 in damages. The case is being conducted by the prosecution of the case, whilst William H. Bliss represents the interests of the railway company.

MINOR LITIGATION.

The Raft of Small Cases Which Burden the Records.

Of the actions begun yesterday in the district court were involved a large sum of money. The Northwestern Lumber company alleges that F. A. B. King has defaulted in the payment of five notes aggregating \$405.45. Adrian Webster claims that there is \$250 due to him as bookkeeper of the Harris theater, and seeks to require R. L. Britton and Tunis F. Dean as surviving partners of the firm Harris, Britton and Dean to pay him that sum.

The John Manufacturing company claims a mechanics' lien for \$270.55 upon lot 2, block 4, of A. Gotzian's real estate. The property is owned by Peter Olson, but is to satisfy a mechanics' lien for \$270.55. Herman Joseph Steinkamp has a dispute with William H. Hellen and others as to the title to lots 14 and 15, block 8, of Smith's subdivision of blocks 4, 7 and 8, of St. Paul's division of the northwest quarter of section 36, township 29, north of range 22 west, and asks the court to quiet the title thereto in him. It is alleged that in a conveyance of the property by James H. Donaldson, now deceased, there was a wrong description of the property.

A Battalion Drill.

The first battalion drill during the winter was given at the armory last night. Companies C, D, E and F participated. The boys showed a lack of practice, but they will do better next time, as they were put through their paces in an earnest way by Col. Bend. They were also treated to more than one terse and incisive lecture by Col. Bend, who seemed somewhat impatient at the defective manner in which the maneuvers were executed. The character of the language used by Col. Bend

was such that if it put the boys on their mettle, and they will doubtless study and practice their drill during the drills under the eye of the exacting colonel.

UNDER CLEVELAND'S LEAD.

Minnesota Will Be Democratic in 1892, Says Judge Wilson.

Minnesota will be Democratic in 1892, Cleveland is the candidate. That is what Judge Thomas Wilson said to the Herald reporter in Chicago.

"If the party is led by Cleveland in 1892," said Judge Wilson, "I believe that Minnesota will break away from the Republican ranks and give its electoral vote to the Democrats. As the legislature that will elect a United States senator is to be chosen at the same election, it is fair to believe that its complexion will be the same as that of the electoral votes."

Mr. Cleveland's silver letter has made him many friends among fair-minded men of both parties. If I were an enemy of Cleveland I should be compelled to admire him for the fearlessness with which he always says and does what he believes to be right, without regard to the political policy of the matter. The most important thing that Mr. Cleveland has done for the Democratic party is not that he has advocated a reduction of the tariff, nor is it that he has come out as being unequivocally opposed to free coinage, but it is his reading years. Of the cards issued, 1,828 were to male and 1,844 to females. The daily average issue of books, by months, was as follows: January, 411; February, 454; March, 542; April, 413; May, 447; June, 526; July, 213; August, 572; September, 341; October, 441; November, 319; December, 452.

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Liebig COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF. "IN DARKEST AFRICA." By Henry H. Stanley.

Liebig COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF. The Liebig Company's Extract of Beef was of the highest quality. It is a most valuable food for the sick and convalescent. It is also a most valuable food for the young and the old. It is a most valuable food for the laboring man and the soldier. It is a most valuable food for the invalid and the aged. It is a most valuable food for the child and the young man. It is a most valuable food for the woman and the child. It is a most valuable food for the invalid and the aged. It is a most valuable food for the child and the young man. It is a most valuable food for the woman and the child.

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WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING. Best for General Household Use. SOLD ONLY IN POUND BARS.

PIK-RON. EVERY Household EVERY Office EVERY Mechanic EVERY Stable. WILL STAIN OLD & NEW FURNITURE. WILL STAIN GLASS AND CHINAWARE. WILL STAIN WALLS AND PLASTER. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD BASKETS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD SHOES. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD HATS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD COATS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD TRUNKS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD BAGS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD VALISES. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD SADDLES. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD BRIDLES. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD REINS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD WHIPS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD GAITHERS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD SPURS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD HORSESHOES. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD NAILS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD IRONS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD TOOLS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD WEAPONS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD ARMOR. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD HELMETS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD CAPS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD GLOVES. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD BOOTS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD SOCKS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD UNDERWEAR. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD OUTERWEAR. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD ACCESSORIES. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD ORNAMENTS. WILL STAIN YOUR OLD JEWELRY. 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