MINNEAPOLIS EVENTS

The New Bijou Theater is Auspiciously Opened to the Public.

Richards, the Tribune Necromancer, Returns and Again Vanishes.

The Single Tax League's Wrestle With the Silver Question.

The New Water Tower Tested --A Board of Health Squabble.

On Dec. 28, 1890, all that remained of the Bijou opera house were four blackened walls enclosing a mass of ashes, charred timbers, tattered draperies, desolation. "Resurgam" was written upon the water-soaked mass. That promise has been fulfilled; nay, more than fulfilled. Not phœnix-like has the Bijou arisen from its ashes. The phœnix was burned, but when he "winked his other eye" at the priest of the temple the next morning, he was the same old phœnix. Not so the Bijou opera house. No one who attended the opening last night would have fancied that he sat in the Bijou, so much handsomer is the new house than the old. If it be true that "a thing of beauty is a joy forever," unlimited joy will be drawn from the resurrected, regenerated Bijou.

As soon as the old house was burned, last December, Manager Jacob Litt hurried to Minneapolis. Plans for a new house were forming in his mind even as he tossed in feverish slumber in a vestibuled sleeping car en route hither. Minneapolis was a good "show town." It would never do to let the "Big Four" circuit be broken by a fire. With characteristic energy he applied himself to the task of supplying the people of Minneapolis with more than they had lost. In this undertaking he found an able coadjutor in Lambert Hays, the owner of the burned playhouse. It took these two gentlemen but a few minutes to decide that the Bijou must be rebuilt. Before the lengths of hose that had showered water upon the flames of the burning theater had dried Mr. Hays had men at work preparing for the erection of the new house. The contract for putting up the structure was let within the week to John Gilman, builder of the ruined building. From that day until last night incessant work has been the shibboleth of everybody connected with the new house. No expense was spared. "The house must be rebuilt and rebuilt quickly," said Mr. Hays. His instructions were carried out to the letter. Under the watchful eye of Theo L. Hays, manager of the old theater and now manager of the new, everything moved on wheels smoothed by the oil of enterprise, attention to detail and desire to excel. To these three gentlemen is due the credit for the beautiful house that was opened last night.

The plan of the house, the general scheme and the detail of interior decoration have been spoken of before. Particularization would be both useless and out of place in speaking of the opening of the house last night. It was a picture imposing, yet beautiful as a whole, full of new surprises as to detail. Crowded from floor to roof it looked like the Bijou of old, yet unlike in its added beauty. Everything had been prepared. There was no blemish, not a flaw in the first presentation of the house to the people. When the hundreds of incandescent lamps cast their soft radiance over the auditorium just before the rise of the curtain, a burst of applause, vast in volume, spontaneous in sincerity, spoke eloquently of how well the owner, the lessee and the manager had done their work.

Before the play began, Manager Hays introduced Mayor P. B. Winston. The mayor spoke briefly of the history of the house, paying a deserved tribute to the men who have made it what it is. Then the play began.

Manager Litt did not cast about for some high-priced attraction to open his house. The opening was at the same old scale of prices and utterly devoid of ostentation, as if the house had never been closed. Katie Emmett, in "The Waifs of New York," was the play. Miss Emmett's rendition of this well known piece has been seen here before. It suffices to say that the production is even better than before.

Among those who occupied boxes were Mayor Winston, wife and son, and George Stevens; Mrs. D. C. Avery, E. L. Rains, Mrs. I. Litt and Miss Grossman, Milwaukee; Miss Nemma, E. F. Nordholm, W. B. Chamberlain, M. J. Check and wife; Sol Litt, business manager Bijou, Milwaukee; George H. Reed, manager Standard, Chicago; Archie Dingwald, Milwaukee Sentinel; Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Sawyer, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Root, M. S. B. Buchorn, C. A. Proctor, Mrs. Mayall and party, St. Paul; Lambert Hays and family.

RICHARDS WAS HERE,

But He Has Gone From Minneapolis a Second Time.

Sierra Leone Richards was in town Sunday. It is not believed that he ever went to St. Joseph, Mo., although he returned ostensibly to settle up his debts and to secure another interview with his affianced. She positively refused to see him. His efforts to settle with the people he had fleeced were likewise abortive. Eustis Bros. were his heaviest creditors. He purchased about $1,500 worth of jewelry there, paying for it with checks dated ahead. They have recovered all the jewelry, except a diamond bracelet valued at $300. That Richards took with him. He denies that he has it, saying that he gave it to George Caven, night editor of the Tribune, as security for a debt. Caven denies that he knows anything about it. It is needless to add that Caven's word outweighs Richards'. The gay Richards declares that he owes no one in Minneapolis but George Caven and John Leonard, of the Tribune, and Eustis Bros.

Richards has left town again. He heard while in Minneapolis Sunday that he would probably be arrested. So he flew. It is said that he has gone to Chicago. Now the question of prosecution comes up. Eustis Bros. cannot prosecute on the checks dated ahead. It is probable, however, that an indictment could be found on the transactions by which he beat George Caven and John Leonard out of money. The attention of the grand jury will be called to his case.

While here, Richards attempted to secure time from the men whom he "skinned." But they couldn't see the beauties of his plan. He sticks by the statement that his mother will send him money with which to settle everything. In doing this he admits that he lied about the death of his mother and other relatives. Moreover, he admits substantially all of the story concerning his exploits at his former home. Under these circumstances his creditors couldn't believe him, and he left a second time.

FREE SILVER OR —.

Maj. J. B. Bassett Says We Do Not Want the Free Silver.

Maj. Joel B. Bassett addressed the single tax league last evening. "The Silver Question" was his theme. Maj. Bassett is not a free silver man. He inveighed against free coinage with all his well known power. The major's argument started from a hypothesis, whether a true or false one depends upon whether one agrees with him. He stated that if the free coinage act had become a law every ounce of silver going to make a dollar would be purchased by the government for $1.29 in gold. From that he argued that a market would be created for silver far in excess of the existing market. The silver of the world would be dumped into the United States. All nations and all owners of silver would send their silver to America, because it would fetch a better price here than anywhere else. The United States would be unable to stand up under such a burden. C. J. Buell and other members of the single tax league denied Maj. Buell's hypothesis regarding the $1.29 per ounce for silver under a free coinage act. That was equivalent to denying his whole argument. And on this point they agreed. At a late hour last night the question was still under discussion.

HEALTH MATTERS.

Kelley and Schwartz Disagree—Street Railway Transportation Up.

The meeting of the health and hospitals committee yesterday was not devoid of bitterness. A little quarrel arose over the appointment of a sanitary inspector in place of E. G. O'Donnell, resigned. Commissioner Kelley said no one was needed. Ald. Schwartz declared that he knew, from his former experience in the health department, that one was needed. He was determined that James McAllister be appointed. He nominated McAllister. That gentleman received three votes. The appointment will be reconsidered before it is sent to the council.

Complaint was received from residents near the dump under Washington avenue bridge. That dump must be abandoned within a very short time. But the health department will soon be ready to abandon it. The bill empowering the board of health to make contracts for the disposition of garbage needs only the governor's signature now before becoming a law. Then the garbage will be sent out over the street railway tracks. More has been done in that direction than the public has heard. The health department has received a definite proposition from the street railway company, such a favorable one that there is no longer any doubt of the adoption of that method. All the city's waste will be sent out to Brooklyn first. Other lines will be extended into the country so as to accommodate farmers on all sides of the city. This movement has progressed so far that nearly all of the board are enthusiastic over its success. C. E. Bromer bobbed up again yesterday with his proposition to haul the manure, night soil, street sweepings and dead animals down the river on flat boats. He will do it for $26,000 per year, the city to deliver the garbage to him at the river. His proposition will not be considered. The board regards it as merely changing the location of a nuisance in the form of a dump.

LIBRARY BOARD MEETINGS.

University Extension Course Paid Its Own Expenses.

The regular meeting of the library board was held yesterday. Librarian Putnam presented reports, heretofore published, on his trip to Chicago to purchase Scandinavian literature. He also reported on the university extension course. The receipts were $1,210.75. The expenses were: To Prof. John McLain, twelve lectures, $361.12; Prof. W. W. Folwell, ten lectures, $239.10; Prof. H. P. Judson, twelve lectures, $268.92; Prof. Arthur Hadley, four lectures on railroads, $300; printing, $128.61; an attendant, $12.50. The expenses and receipts balanced. The request of the Young People's Political Science club for permission to use the meeting room was referred. Librarian Putnam wishes that all persons who have copies of municipal reports of Minneapolis which they do not need would donate them to the library. He is undertaking to establish a system of interchange of municipal reports between the public libraries of the country. Bills amounting to $1,055.17, and the pay roll, amounting to $1,398.22, were audited and ordered paid.

BURNED IN A FLASH.

What Destroyed Electric Car No. 410 Sunday Night.

A new danger to the passengers on electric cars comes to light. Between 11 and 12 o'clock Sunday night Electric Car No. 410 burned at Lake Calhoun. It went up in a blaze. No one knows how it happened. Not a reasonable explanation has been offered. The car was wholly consumed. The wheels and driving gear remained on the track, but a pretty sorry spectacle they looked; wires and iron rods and frame work twisted into fantastic shapes. Wood ashes that would about fill a fair-size wheelbarrow was all that was left of the wood work. Not a shred of the carpet seating was visible. The three iron trellis gates had the lower half consumed. One half the glass of the windows had melted, the remainder lay scattered around, torn into thousands of little pieces by extreme heat. The switches were burned out entirely. All that was shapeable besides the wheels were the brass mountings of the front and end tail boards. Lightning did not do it. Some mark would have been left to indicate it. The master mechanic says of the cause:

"It was either a defective insulator in the roof which set the car on fire, and it ran down the wires and owing to defective insulation set the whole thing ablaze, or it may have started in the battery underneath the car. Whatever it was it was not caused by electricity from above."

ANNA IN CHICAGO.

An Erring Wife Drives Her Husband to the Divorce Court.

Allan P. Thompson has begun an action for divorce from his wife, Anna, to whom he was wedded at Detroit, Mich., in 1880. After they removed to Minneapolis, the lady seemed to turn over a new leaf, and one that was not for the best. She began to look about her and found pleasure in the society of other men, with whom she carried on liasons which went beyond those of a platonic character. At last she found her affinity in the person of Harry Aldis, with whom she fled away to Chicago. This occurred in May of 1890, when Allan found himself deserted for good. The guilty pair are now living as man and wife at 3125 Michigan avenue, in the Windy city, while the deserted husband applies for legal redress at the hands of a Hennepin county court. The complaint states that the husband is thirty-one years of age and the wife twenty-nine. They have no children.

EASY FOR THE BURLINGTON.

It Will Be Able to Run Under the Bridge.

At the city hall yesterday afternoon there was a conference between the railroads committee and the officials of the Burlington, the St. Louis and the Great Northern roads. The object of the couference was to secure the permission of the city to make the necessary alterations in approaches so as to allow the Burlington road to run its lines underneath them and get trackage facilities at Hoag lake, where it owns yard room. The committee will recommend to the council that the crossings plans be amended so as to accommodate the Burlington road. The bridge approaches will be raised from 135 to 137 feet.

The Clubs Will Fight.

A number of parties who are interested in the clothing and jewelry clubs, who feel that a legitimate business venture has received unjust treatment by the jury's finding in the municipal court in the Moren case, which virtually stamps the sale of clothing or other articles to clubs as a lottery, met last evening at the store of F. O. Fisk & Co., at 32 Washington avenue south, and organized an association and decided to start a subscription list for the purpose of raising funds to carry the case to the supreme court, where they are confident that the ruling of the municipal court will be set aside. In the meantime they propose to carry on their business as usual and maintain what they consider as their rights. They were very indignant at what they consider is simply persecution in the interest of a certain class of competitors, and mean to protect their business as best they can.

BUILDING PROJECTS.

An Addition to the Coffee Palace a Family Hotel Among Them.

S. W. Sample, the owner of the building occupied by the W. C. T. U. coffee palace, on Fourth street, has decided to purchase the land adjoining the GLOBE building and build an addition some six or seven stories high, which will be planned in accordance with the needs for an enlargement of the coffee palace after the general idea of an European hotel, with rooms for offices and branches of the union's work. The building contemplated will cost about $50,000.

It is said that T. B. Walker has interested some Eastern capitalists in a project to erect a magnificent family hotel on the foundation that was put in some years ago by Gates Bros., adjoining the Holmes hotel at the corner of Hennepin avenue.

Plans for the alteration and remodeling of the Woods block on Nicollet avenue have been submitted to the building inspector for his approval.

W. H. Jacoby, who owns a ninety-nine years' lease on the property at the corner of Third street and Nicollet avenue, is said to be contemplating the erection of a large business block there. The site is one of the best in the city.

J. C. Woodward and F. B. Godfrey are going to rebuild their feed mill and elevator.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Mr. Barnes of New York," A. C. Gunter's famous novel, has been cleverly dramatized, and was last night presented by a strong company at the Grand opera house, and of the two it is likely the play presents the characteristically American story in the more entertaining way. The dialogue loses some of its brightness, while the scenes afford some striking climaxes that are well improved. The humor is well preserved, and the tale does not suffer much from the pruning incident to dramatization. Sheridan Block is entitled to the greatest praise of any of the company for his forcible characterization of Count Mousso Danella. Mr. Neill as the imperturbable Barnes is a comedian of good quality, and Horace Lewis as the foster father is acceptable. Miss May Wheeler is fairly strong as Marina Paoli, and Miss Annie H. Blancke as Maud is sprightly and pleasing. The company, however, is well balanced and capable throughout. The engagement is for the first half of the week, including a Wednesday matinee. The audience last evening was a large one.

Newton Beers company opened an engagement at the Pence last night before a large audience, in spite of the strong counter attractions, and his spectacular production of "Lost in London" made an artistic hit. Mr. Beers is a most capable actor and his rendition of the part of "Job Armroyd evinces careful study.

Marie Wellesley a strong local favorite celebrated her return to our midst by making a hit. Her reception was a rousing one. The entire company is good and the entertainment of considerable merit. Same bill all the week and at Sunday's matinee, but at the regular Wednesday and Friday matinees only that beautiful story of "Enoch Arden" will be acted to please the ladies and children.

The spectacle of "The Chimes of Normanda" in bloomers, by the Wilbur Opera company, will run for the week at the Lyceum theater, with matinees to-day, Thursday and Saturday.

MINISTERIAL DOINGS.

Are the ministers jealous of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor? At the meeting of the Methodist ministers yesterday morning Rev. C. N. Stowers read a paper upon the relations of the young people's societies to the church, and claimed the societies are sapping the vitality of the church. The religious training of many children, he said, ends with Sunday school, and they do not attend morning or evening church service, so the pastor does not acquire influence over them. Young people attend their society's meeting and go away. The Society of Christian Endeavor instead of being subordinated to and vitally connected with the church is becoming an independent factor in religious work. It's getting to be "Our society and your church." The pledge of Christian Endeavor with many young people is their only creed. He referred with evident alarm to the fact that 500 Christian Endeavor missionaries were being sent out who will get hold of money that would naturally go to the churches. He doubted whether $5,000 would be raised among the church people of Minneapolis to defray the expenses of the Christian Endeavor convention here in June. In fact, he doubted whether it ought to be raised, as it is too much. He was afraid that people are divorcing themselves from the church, and are becoming tired of co-operation with it.

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David Tice remarked in his cheerful way that this had been the trend for several years. Dr. Marshall, and even Dr. Tiffany, agreed with Mr. Stowers on the main points of his paper, the latter saying: "Brother Stowers has got ahead of the times, but it is all coming sooner or later. The tendency is to undervalue Methodism."

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Presiding Elder Hingely, of the Fergus Falls district, however, perceived much good in the young people's societies, and Rev. Atkins saw in them a revolution against officialism in the church, of which there has been too much. The discussion will doubtless cause something of a commotion, as Mr. Stowers' paper will be regarded by many as intended to throw cold water upon the enthusiasm for the Christian Endeavor convention at a critical time when the raising of funds is going on.

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At the meeting of the Baptist ministers Dr. H. C. Mable talked of his observations of missionary work during his trip around the world. He emphasized the need of trained native missionaries to carry on the work inaugurated by missionaries from this country and England.

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The Presbyterians listened to a paper by Rev. John B. Donaldson, editor of the Northwestern Presbyterian, in which he criticised rather severely the recent liberal views expressed by Rev. C. A. Briggs, professor of the Union Theological seminary.

D. S. McCasselton was elected president of the association and C. C. Christianson, secretary.

Capt. Amory Banqueted.

Capt. John L. Amory will leave for Washington, D. C., to-night, where he will assume the management of a building and loan association. Capt. Amory is held in the highest esteem by Minneapolis militiemen. As evidence of their regard Company A and the Light Guards tendered the departing captain a banquet at the Guarantee Loan building last night. Nearly 500 members of the two companies sat down to dinner. E. W. Goddard was toast master. Toasts were responded to as follows: "Company A," Capt. Fred Ames; "Light Guards," T. P. A. Howe; "The Veterans," Lou Fisher; "The Boys of '61," E. W. Murphy. Several bright impromptu speeches were made. At the close Capt. Amory feelingly voiced his regard for his former companions in the militia.

Testing a Water Tower.

There was an interesting test of the new water tower yesterday afternoon. The tower was raised on Sixth street, between Hennepin and First avenue north. It is a beautiful piece of mechanism. A striking feature of it is the method of raising the tower by hydraulic pressure. The tower stands fifty-five feet high, fed by six streams forced by three engines, the aggregate pressure being 220 pounds. A two-inch stream was thrown over 200 feet in the air. The nozzle was pointed over the Masonic Temple. The stream rose fully forty feet above that structure. For half an hour it was thrown toward the sky. The tower worked to a charm. The nozzle can be raised or lowered or swung in any direction.

The Judges Protest.

Judge Lochren, of the district court, has written a strong letter of protest, signed by Judges Pond, Hicks, Smith, Hooker and Canty, against the bill which passed the house last week and is now before the senate, to reduce the municipal courts of the state to the rank of justice courts, making the district court a court of appeal for cases from the municipal court. He says the change contemplated is very undesirable and that it would not lessen the number of appeals from the municipal court. On the contrary, it would increase them. Neither would there be fewer appeals to the supreme court of the cases first appealed to the district court from the municipal court. The litigants would insist upon fighting cases to the court of last resort. Litigation would be increased. Besides, it would fairly overwhelm the district court with work. The municipal court has given satisfaction for twenty years.

Laid to Rest at Chaska.

To-day the remains of Mrs. Chauncey L. Baxter, of Perham, who died in this city Friday last, where she had been under treatment for consumption, the malady from which she died, will be taken to Chaska for interment to-day. Mrs. Baxter, before her marriage to Mr. Baxter two years ago, was Miss Helen B. Huntington, of Kansas City, and she was a beautiful and accomplished young lady, who was greatly beloved by all who knew her. Although her health had been failing, her death was hastened by pneumonia. Her age was twenty-eight years. The bereaved husband and his father, Judge L. L. Baxter, of Fergus Falls, and other relatives will accompany the remains to their last resting place.

The Pettit Mill Shuts Down.

Pettit, Christian & Co. closed down Saturday night and the entire force of about 100 employes was discharged. This is taken by some as a confirmation of the reported consolidation of the smaller flour mills under one management in order to compete with the Pillsbury-Washburn combination. Members of the firm are reticent as to the future of the mill, but admit that negotiations for its purchase are pending.

DISTRICT COURT BRIEFS.

The Dayton-Corser case, which was to have been tried yesterday, will come up to-day.

Ella D. Thomas has begun an action to collect $700 from James E. Merritt on a promissory note.

H. Kelly & Co. sue J. H. Johnson on promissory notes aggregating $100. Six parties have been garnished in the action.

Gus M. Wing has prepared a court calendar neatly printed which will be out for distribution for the attorneys in a few days.

Judge Corrigan filed an order for the settlement and distribution of the Jonathan E. Wilson estate. The estate amounts to 30,000.

The St. Louis railroad matters are still being argued before Judge Lochren. The probability is that it will take some time to get the matter finished.

The cases of J. J. Custer and William McDonough against The American Building and Loan Association were dismissed when called yesterday morning. The trouble, it is claimed, was that the defense wanted a bond filed, and the plaintiffs were too far away to have the order complied with.

The Gunnr Smith damage suit against The St. Paul & Duluth Railway, which has been to the supreme court and back, and had a verdict set aside as excessive, is again on trial before Judge Hicks. The former verdict was for $4,000 in damages. The case is from Isanti county, and is one of the most well known landmarks of the district court.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

Yesterday's bank clearings amounted to $1,116,910.49.

A house at 3029 Fifth avenue south was struck by lightning shortly after midnight.

The printing of the exposition programme this year has been let to Harrison & Smith.

The tunnel under Third avenue for the use of the street railway company is completed.

W. W. Saterlee is circulating a letter inviting Bishop W. F. Mallalieu to take charge of the Red Rock camp meeting this year.

Rev. S. G. Smith, of St. Paul, lectures upon "Pray and Grow Fat," at Century hall this evening for the benefit of Oliver Morton post.

The general offices of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company have been removed to the third floor of the Guaranty Loan building.

Capt. W. B. McCrory, of Minneapolis, is to read a paper before the Loyal Legion tomorrow night at St. Paul upon "Reminiscences of Gen. W. T. Sherman."

Sidewalk Inspector De Harven's case has not been decided yet. All the evidence has been typewritten and is in the mayor's hands. He will decide in a day or two.

The council meeting next Friday evening will be for the purpose of awarding bids for curb and gutter, which have been delayed by the vetoes of the mayor and acting mayor.

William Scott, employed by the Minnesota Shoe company, of St. Paul, was in Minneapolis yesterday looking for his sixteen-year-old son Willie, who has run away from home.

Charles Horton is the first fireman to be placed on the retired list, after eighteen years and six months' service. His health has been poor since the Church of the Redeemer fire four years ago.

Wheat thieves have been operating of late in the Northern Pacific yards in Northeast Minneapolis. Some of them were frightened from elevator I Sunday morning by the watchman. The story that they stole a wagon load of wheat is pure "fake."

George Alexander—only one of his names, by the way—was tried yesterday for impersonating an officer. He wore a star closely resembling a Minneapolis police star. He was fined $20 or twenty days, and sentence was suspended on condition that he do so no more.

A horse became frightened at an electric car on University avenue, near the city limits, yesterday morning and ran away. Andrew Leisch, a junk dealer, and wife were thrown out, badly cut and bruised. Mrs. Leisch having her left arm broken. One of the horses struck an electric line post, and was so badly injured it will probably have to be shot.

Mrs. Agnes Russell, who has been staying at the Malvern, 901 First avenue north, is missing. She had been an inmate of the asylum at Rochester two years ago, her lunacy being induced by alcoholism. She was discharged on probation, and had recently begun to get worse. Some are inclined to attempt to identify as Mrs. Russell an apparition that has lately been seen several times near Lakes Calhoun and Harriet by superstitious people. This theory, however, is improbable.

On complaint of Secretary George N. Holt, of the Associated charities, a woman known as Belle Kuehn was locked up as a vagrant. This woman has a history. She comes from a well known and wealthy family of Chicago. She seems to be the prodigal daughter. She is about thirty-five years of age. The marks of trouble are on her face. She has received aid from the Associated charities several times. Whenever she gets money she spends it for liquor. Secretary Holt will correspond with her relatives in Chicago.

TO DYE OR NOT TO DYE?

One can make old dresses look like new, clothe the children handsomely from faded garments, and give the husband's suit a new lease of life, with but little trouble or expense, by using Diamond Dyes. The few who do not know how easily they can be used and what a great saving they make in clothing bills ought to try them this spring.

COMMERCIAL CONGRESS

To Open at Kansas City To-Day—Prominent Men There.

KANSAS CITY, April 13.—The first Western state commercial congress assembles in this city to-morrow. The idea of the congress originated in the Kansas legislature last winter, and provision was made for it by concurrent resolutions appropriating funds for its expense and authorizing the governor to issue invitations to the governors of all the states west of the Mississippi river and to Mississippi, Alabama, Kentucky, Tennessee and Georgia, of the Southern states, and Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan and Ohio east of the Mississippi. The governors of those states all appointed delegates. The commercial organizations of each city in the West were each invited to send representatives, and many of them have responded. The congress will, therefore, be a thoroughly representative body, and the personnel of the convention will be of a character to invest its proceedings with unusual interest, and to enlist national attention. There will be in attendance a large quota of distinguished political economists who will make addresses, and a number of papers will be read from a number of persons who are unable to be present. It will be pre-eminently a business convention. It will deal with practical questions in a practical manner, and it is intended that whatever may be done will be the result of an honest desire to subserve the highest welfare of all the states represented. The need of the congress, as set forth in the Kansas legislature's resolution, was suggested by the demand which is coming up from the people for clearer light upon those questions which affect their material welfare. With the rapid development of the country, new problems are pressing forward for solving and are absorbing public attention, and as the West and South are seeking light, a thorough consideration of the new conditions which have come through their marvelous growth, will be one of the objects of the convention. The interests of two sections are reciprocal and the welfare of both demands closer commercial relations. The South has manifested a disposition to co-operate in the movement, and it will be ably represented. The plan of discussion will be conservative, non-partisan and thoughtful. A careful effort will be made to avoid anything like political rancor in debating the subjects outlined in the programme. The congress will not be wholly a We tern affair. There will be read a paper from Erastus Wiman on reciprocity, and one by Edward Atkinson on the money question, and others by Charles Francis Adams and Hon. W. C. Curtis, of Washington. Papers will be read by other well known Eastern men. The delegates began to arrive to-day. The delegations from Louisiana, Kansas, Mississippi, Georgia, Alabama, Oklahoma, Indiana, Ohio and Texas arrived this evening, and delegations from Colorado, Illinois, Nebraska and Kansas arrived yesterday, and the other delegations are expected to-night or to-morrow morning. Among the notable men who are now on the ground are Congressmen Crisp, of Georgia; Breckenridge, of Kentucky; Olis, Davis and Simpson, of Kansas, and Tarsney, of Missouri; Gen. Breaux, of New Orleans, and J. F. V. Skiff, of Denver.

MONEY DOESN'T COUNT.

The Union Club, of New York, Blackballs Millionaire Corbin.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Austin Corbin was blackballed by the governors of the Union club at their regular monthly meeting held last Wednesday evening. Mr. Corbin's name was proposed for membership something more than two years ago, by James C. K. Duer, the banker, and was secouded by J. Pierpont Morgan and in other ways, it is stated, his candidature was indorsed by the strongest men in the organization. The story is that when the count was made six black balls were discovered. When John King, the president of the Erie railroad, was blackballed five black balls were deposited, so that Mr. Corbin is ahead of Mr. King in this unique competition. The fact that J. Pierpont Morgan had seconded his name simply increased the pleasure found by the Union club governors in depositing their black balls. It is generally believed in the Union club that Mr. Morgan is the man who first promulgated the idea of the millionaires' club that promises to become so formidable a rival.

Trouble and Bliss.

CHICAGO, April 13. — The Phœbe Couzin trouble with the executive committee of the board of lady managers over her claim as secretary to the executive committee of that board has been taken official cognizance of by the national commission. President Palmer, now in Florida, is endeavoring to arrange by telegraph for a meeting of the board of control some time this week, o take action in the matter. A little flu ter was created in the office of the world's fair lady managers this morning, when Miss Cora D. Payne, one of the members of the board from Kentucky, appeared and announced herself as Mrs. A. C. Jackson. Miss Payne took a leave of absence last week, and improved the time by getting married. Mrs. Jackson is a stenographer, and a resident of Chicago.

THE COUNT IS DEAD.

Miss Bayard Is Widowed a Week After Her Marriage.

WILMINGTON, Del., April 13.—Count Lewenhaupt, who recently married Miss Bayard, died this morning. The marriage of Count Lewenhaupt to Miss Ellen, youngest daughter of ex-Secretary of State Thomas F. Bayard, took place at noon of April 2, little more than a week ago, at the Bayard homestead, "Delamore Place," in Wilmington. Count Lewenhaupt was a member of a noble family of Sweden, but, having chosen to make his home in the United States, preferred to be considered as a private individual, and, it is said, requested his friends to drop his title, when addressing him. He was a very popular man in society circles, and his marriage with Miss Bayard was considered an extremely happy one. The count died suddenly at his home, No. 1017 Adams street, in this city, shortly after 6 o'clock this morning. His illness was short, and no one outside of his immediate family was aware that his life was in peril until the sad news of his death was announced. Dr. Bullock, the physician in attendance, states that Count Lewenhaupt had been indisposed for the past two or three weeks. He was not, however, seriously sick until Friday, when Dr. Bullock was summoned. The physician found his patient suffering from a malignant attack of typhoid fever, and the dread malady resisted efforts to stay its ravages. Directly after the wedding breakfast, the Count and Countess Lewenhaupt went to their home, where he early this morning passed peacefully to his death. It was their intention to remain here until May 1, when they were to have left for a European trip of about four months. The count had looked forward with great pride to presenting his fair American bride to his family and to his sovereign at Stockholm. The date of the funeral has not yet been decided upon, but interment will be made in the Bayard family vault in Old Swede's Episcopal churchyard. The count was in the thirty-first year of his age, while the countess is aged twenty-one years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock, the remains being interred in the Bayard family vault in Old Swedes churchyard. The Episcopal burial ritual will be read in Old Swedes church by the curate, Rev. Martin Dunlap. The interment will be private.

Painters on a Strike.

BOSTON, April 13.—The painters' strike for $3 a day of eight hours was inaugurated to-day, and it is said that over 800 men are out.

THE OLD STORY!

And how often it is told! Suffering for years with blood poison and blood taints; trying various nostrums in vain; traveling far to see high priced physicians; spending hundreds of dollars; and, at last,

Falling Back on S. S. S.

This was the experience of Mr. F. Z. Nelson, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Fremont, Nebraska. He suffered for years with scrofula; and it continued to grow worse in spite of all treatment. Finally four bottles of S.S.S. cured him. He writes: "Words are inadequate to express my gratitude and favorable opinion of Swift's Specific."

Book on Blood and Skin Diseases Free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

AMUSEMENTS.

BIJOU!

Jacob Litt, Lessee and Manager.

THE-:- OPENING -:- NIGHT

An event of Surpassing Grandeur. The theater a model temple of the drama, complete in all of its appointments. The palace home of Thespis. The audience filled the handsome theater to overflowing, and embraced the elite and culture of Minneapolis. The play,

KATIE EMMETT,

—IN THE—

"WAIFS OF NEW YORK."

Engagement continues all this week, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

Prices—Nights and Sunday matinee, 15, 25, 35, 50, 75 cts; Wednesday and Saturday matinees, 10, 20, 25, 35 cents.

Next Sunday matinee, "A Dark Secret."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Three Nights, Commencing Monday, April 13, Wednesday Matinee, A. C. Gunter's Great Comedy-Drama,

MR. BARNES OF NEW YORK

Next Attraction—Marie Wainwright in "Twelfth Night."

LYCEUM THEATER.

Every Night. Week Monday, April 13, Matinees—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. All Seats 25 Cents.

"The Chimes Of Normandie" IN BLOOMERS,

By The Wilbur Opera Company,

As Senator McHale would have it.

1,150 Seats at 25 Cents at Every Performance.

EDWIN P. HILTON'S **PENCE** OPERA HOUSE.

SUCCESS OF

NEWTON BEERS' CO.

To-Night, "LOST IN LONDON."

Wednesday and Friday Matinees, "ENOCH ARDEN."

Get Seats Now. No Extra Charge.

Popular Prices Always.

Next Week, Helen Mignon's Co.

Dyspepsia is the Bane

of the present generation. It is for its cure and its attendants, Sick Headache, Constipation and Piles, that

Tutt's Pills

have become so famous. They act speedily and gently on the digestive organs, giving them tone and vigor to assimilate food. No griping or nausea.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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FIRE-PROOF OFFICES!

Daily Globe Building.

Central Location!

Cheapest Office Rent in the City.

GEO. L. HILT,

SUPERINTENDENT.

MINNEAPOLIS WANTS

PLASTERERS, LOOK OUT—Keep away from Minneapolis, as here is strike; pay no attention to advertisements for plasterers to this city, for here is a great many more men now than there is employment for.

COATMAKERS—Wanted, three coat and two pants makers at once at Hanley's, 51 South Fourth st.; steady work.

COOKS—Wanted, situations as cooks by man and wife with nine years' experience; hotel or boarding or steamboat. Address E. D., No. 2215 Tenth av south, Minneapolis, Minn.

COOK—Wanted, good cook, at good wages, to go to Lake Minnetonka; private family. Apply to H. J. Burton, The Plymouth Clothing House.

CLARA GILBERTSON, magnetic healer and massager; steam baths. 416 Second av. north, Minneapolis.

DR. F. F. CASSEDAY,

Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose

828 First Avenue South.

THE MINNEAPOLIS

Medical and Surgical Institute

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Has Eight Representative Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists, and the most approved apparatus, appliances and facilities for the successful treatment of all Medical, Surgical, Nervous, and Special Diseases, including General and Orthopedic Surgery, Tumors of all kinds, Brain and Spinal affections, Diseases of Women, Piles and all other Rectal Diseases, Venereal and Skin Diseases, Catarrh and Diseases of the Eye and Ear. It has the most approved Treatment for CANCERS. DR. KOCH'S LYMPH. Compressed and Rarified Air, Oxygen, and all other agents for the cure of bronchial, lung and Tubercular affections. Correspondence and calls solicited.

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828 First Av. South, Minneapolis.

Telephone, 1399-2.

DAILY GLOBE, APRIL 14, 1891.

New England

PRELUDE.

DO YOU Like to buy Household Goods where a special price is made for you on one article, or perhaps two, and then when you are well started, fabulous prices are charged on other goods, or do you prefer to buy of a house which has absolutely one price to all, and salesmen are instructed to ask marked prices—no more, no less—in each and every instance?

MISFIT CARPET LIST

REVISED TO APRIL 11.

DON'T Get an erroneous idea of what the word "Misfit" implies. The story is just this. When a roll of Carpet is sold down to less than forty yards we take the pattern from the floor and make it into a carpet of such shape as will fit one of the standard regulation-sized rooms. This for convenience we call a "misfit." Invariably the goods are the most desirable, as they are our regular sellers. The price on these made-up Carpets, including the cutting and making, is much less than the regular price of the goods alone, as is shown in the following schedule. Thus our stock is kept sweet and clean. We have no stale patterns, and we have enough of every Carpet in our stock to furnish a customer as many yards as may be desired. If you wish a Carpet at a bargain, this is the chance of chances.

No.	Description.	Size. ft. in. ft. in.	yds.	Reg'lar Price.	Price. Now
27	S H Vel	6-3x14-0	13¼	$13.91	$7.00
29	B Brus with B. new	8-0x11-7	14	18.20	12.00
33	S H Body Brus		19	24.70	14.00
56	Moq	12-2x11-3	20½	31.78	20.00
57	B Brus with B, new	8-3x11-0	18	23.40	14.00
59	Body Brus		24¾	32.10	21.00
65	Body Brus	10-2x13-5	20½	26.65	16.00
66	Body Brus	8-3x10-6	17	22.10	14.00
114	B Brus with B.	10-6x10-6	21½	27.95	20.00
158	S H Body Brus		26¼	34.10	22.00
243	B Brus with B.	8-3x11-9	19	24.70	18.00
258	B Brus with B.	10-6x10-6	21½	27.95	20.00
259	S H Body Brus		33¼	33.21	30.00
261	S H Body Brus		25	32.50	19.00
262	Body Brus		19	24.70	16.00
275	B Brus with B.	12-9x13-9	31½	40.95	29.00
280	Vel with B.	14-3x14-9	38¼	50.23	40.00
284	B Brus with B.	10-6x11-4	22¾	29.58	20.00
287	B Brus with B.	10-6x11-4	22½	29.25	22.00
294	Ingrain	12-9x15-9	21¼	16.80	13.00
296	B Brus with B.	12-9x14-7	33¼	43.23	33.00
298	S H B Brus with B	12-3x14-2	34	44.20	30.00
307	S H Ing		26½	18.55	10.00
318	S H B Brus	7-9x13-6	15¾	20.48	11.00
319	Body Brus		19¼	25.03	18.00
321	B Brus with Tap. B	8-3x 8-4	14¼	14.50	10.00
322	Body Brus		15¾	20.48	15.00
343	Body Brus	10-6x11-3	22¼	28.93	20.00
352	S H Ing, Terry	15-0x21