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VOL. XIII. ST. PAUL, MINN., SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 10, 1891.—TWENTY PAGES. NO. 130.

WAR IS NOT WANTED

The British Object to War When England Must Pay the Bill.

Capt. Verney Was an Actual Jekyll and Hyde in His Methods.

The Strike in Belgium Is Almost National in Its Proportions.

The Behring Sea Muddle--Talk of Retaliation on Copyright.

LONDON, May 9.—A very uncomfortable feeling exists in England over the prospects of another Boer war, which may involve the disappearance of Mr. Goschen's surplus, besides being very uncertain as to results. Small wars devour surpluses in a way that English taxpayers are beginning to appreciate, and they do not view the likelihood or certainty of a Boer struggle with the same patience that they look upon a Manipur campaign. The expense of Indian wars is borne by India, but England must carry the burden in Africa. The struggle seems inevitable, however, whatever the cost, and the war office is engaged in preparing for it. The friends of peace are already discussing some way of getting out of the difficulty, and but one way is apparent, and that is, permit the Boers to establish their new republic under the sovereignty of the queen. This will probably be the outcome of the affair after a skirmish or two between the troops and the Dutch. Capt. Verney is said to be enjoying himself in jail, so far as physical comforts are concerned, although nobody who has seen the man doubts that he is under a terrible mental strain. It is talked of as the most remarkable instance of Hyde and Jekyll in this generation. Verney had an excellent side to his character. He was foremost in genuine works of philanthropy; and all the time as Wilson he was following a most despicable and criminal career. His friends say that he is insane on a certain subject. The common people look on him as an

Accomplished Scoundrel

who has not received a tithe of his deserts. It is said that his wife stands by him. Under English laws she could not procure a divorce if she wished to, as he has not been cruel to her personally. She has an independent fortune in her own right. Like Valentine Baker, Verney is too old to build up a reputation that would wipe out the past. A German officer under the circumstances would have committed suicide. English society is just now rife with wretched scandals, in some instances involving other men as high as Capt. Verney. This morning's news from Belgium is alarming. The striking spirit is spreading like an epidemic, and multitudes are leaving their work in every center of industry. The army could not be depended upon in the event of a revolution, for in no other country of Europe is there such close friendship between the people and the troops. The Belgian parliament has lost its opportunity to gain the popular good will through a satisfactory measure of extended suffrage, and the working classes are thoroughly aroused to an assertion of their rights. The meager Tory victory of Thursday, when Mr. Brymer, Conservative, defeated Edgcombe, Gladstonian, by forty votes, in the election for member of parliament held in the South Dorset division, the seat being left vacant by the death of Lieut. Col. C. T. J. Hambro, Conservative, was followed yesterday by a

Decisive Victory

for the Gladstonians, in the South Leicestershire division. The seat for this division was left vacant the same time as the one for South Dorset, as Thomas Kay Tapling, Conservative, died on the same day, April 11, as Col. Hambro, Conservative, who represented South Dorset. In the election yesterday, the returns of which have just been announced, Mr. Logan, the Gladstonian candidate, defeated Mr. Hardy, the Conservative nominee, by 489 votes, as follows: Mr. Logan, Gladstonian, 5,982; Mr. Hardy, Conservative, 5,493. At the last election, the late Mr. Tapling, who was the head of the firm of Tapling & Co., well-known wholesale carpet and Manchester warehousemen, polled 5,708 votes, defeating the Gladstone Liberal candidate, James Harris Sanders, by 1,138 votes, Mr Sanders polling only 4,570 votes. If this Conservative majority at the last election is added to the Liberal majority scored yesterday, it will be seen that, on the basis of the last election, the Liberals have gained 1,627 votes out of a total of 10,278 polled during the last election, or out of a total of 11,475 votes polled yesterday. Thus with 1,197 more people voting yesterday, the Liberals won by 489 votes. On Wednesday last, it will be remembered, Baron Stern, the Gladstone candidate, defeated Mr. Greene, the Conservative candidate, in the Stow Market, or Northwest division of Suffolk, by 4,346 to 4,132 votes. The Times in an editorial this morning on the Behring sea correspondence, says Secretary Blaine's

Important Concessions

make possible arbitration. The award was given long before the Sayward case was decided, therefore it is scarcely necessary to discuss his last arguments. In the meantime, the question of the close time for seals is most pressing, and Mr. Blaine's delay causes daily increased surprise. The chamber of commerce of this city is circulating a statement against the American copyright act, classing it as being ruinous to the trades concerned in the production of books, chromos, photographs and lithographs. In conclusion the chamber of commerce also invokes support for a bill by which English copyright will be refused to books not set up and printed in the British dominions or in a contry included in the Berne convention. A letter received here from Bilboa, Spain, says that Edward de Cobain, member of parliament for East Belfast, for whose arrest on a serious charge a warrant has been issued, was seen recently at Bilboa in company with a lady at the religious service at the Seamen's hall. Mr. de Cobain declined to give his address, but he professed a great interest in religion, and even offered to conduct the services at the Seamen's hall.

Colliery on Fire.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., May 9.—There is a serious fire raging in the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company's No. 4 colliery at Summit Hill. It originated in one of the pumpways of the mine. Its cause is unknown. Over 200 men employed were in the mine at the time. There was intense excitement, and the mouth of the pit was crowded with anxious people. All are out of the mine excepting one man, Hugh Sharp, of Lansford. Hugh Black and William Geary, of Summit Hill, were severely burned in making their escape. Not much has yet been done toward extinguishing the fire. The mines will have to be flooded.

IS BLAVATSKY DEAD?

Reported Cremated in London, but Chicago Doubts.

LONDON, May 9.—The death of Mme. Blavatsky, the noted co-founder of the Theosophical society, announced in these dispatches last night, occurred at 19 Avenue road, Regent's Park, three weeks ago. The fact has only now become publicly known. Mme. Blavatsky was sixty years of age. The cause of death was influenza, aggravated by kidney trouble. The deceased was cremated at Woking, according to her desire.

CHICAGO, May 9.—Chicago theosophists do not credit the report from London of the death of Mme. Blavatsky. Among them is Col. John C. Bundy, editor of the Religio Philosphical Journal of the leading spiritualistic publications of the country. "I have been on the lookout for such a report for some time," said Col. Bundy. "About a year ago I received from Prof. Elliott Coues, formerly of the Smithsonian institute, Washington, and a theosophists a letter stating that the madame would probably die before long and come to life again, and he warned me to be on the look out. She has died several times, according to the belief of her followers. This is another of her tricks, I have no doubt. About twelve years ago I received a letter from some person in New York who claimed to be an Arab merchant visiting that city. The letter went on to say: "Some years ago, while traveling through the Suez canal, I met on the boat a Mme. Blavatsky, traveling with a retinue of servants. At Cairo she received a sunstroke, died, and I saw her buried. Recently, while walking down Broadway, I met a lady who was in all respects identical with the lady whom I saw buried, excepting that she was a little older and stouter. She said that her name was Blavatsky and claimed to be the person who died at Cairo, now how do you explain this?" I had been fighting the Blavatsky crowd for years, and saw at once that it was a scheme put up by her and her friends in New York to circulate another of their fakes. The letter gave a street and house address as that of the writer, and referred to the Greek consul at New York. I put the matter into the hands of detectives, and discovered that there was no such address as that given, and that the Greek consel never heard of the Arab. While Mme. Blavatsky was known to be suffering from kidney trouble, which, with a combination of influenza, is said to have been the cause of her death, I do not believe that she could have died without the newspapers hearing of it. She was too noted a person. Why, it was only within a few days that she was reported as having been present at one of the theosophic seances, and as having received a message from Annie Bessant who is in this country lecturing."

NEW YORK, May 9.—The following has been received from William Q. Judge, the general secretary of the American section of the Theosophical society: "So many rumors and statements having appeared to the effect that Madame H. P. Blavatsky died three weeks ago and that the death was concealed until yesterday, I beg to say that a cable just received by me from the private secretary of Mme. Blavatsky states as follows, 'she died Friday, the 8th of May, at 2:25 in the afternoon.' This hour in London would be about 9 a. m. here, and the telegram of announcement to me was received here between 1 and 2 p. m."

LABOR AND CAPITAL.

Strikes and Disagreements in Many Places.

NEW YORK, May 9.—One of the largest meetings of the lumber trade ever held in this city took place yesterday at the rooms of the New York Lumber Trade association. The subject under discussion was the boycott which had been declared against one of the lumber dealers, who presented his case for adjustement. It was asserted that this strike was manifestly unjust, inasmuch as no demands whatever had been made upon him, and his men had refused to strike; they were consequently declared "scabs," and a walking delegate strike was ordered against him. Several of the members of the lumber handlers' association stated that at the meeting of their union, held last Sunday, the men of the boycotted yard, through their spokesman, stated that they had no grievances, and that they were perfectly satisfied with both the pay and the treatment they were receiving, whereupon the spokesman was forcibly ejected from the meeting. In view of these facts the united lumber trade of New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City determined not to deliver any lumber to any building in New York city after Saturday May 9, until the boycotts now declared have been raised. About 100,000 men will be affected.

ST. LOUIS, May 9.—There are very few changes in the labor situation. The carpenters who have not received 40 cents for eight hours' work are still out, and, from present indications, likely to be for some time to come. The success of all the strikers will depend to a great extent upon the carpenters. If they are victorious, there is little doubt that the other laboring men will get what they want. The union painters of this city, who are about equally divided, some being members of the brotherhood, while others are attached to the journeymen painters' union, have thus far met with little success. The two branches are now very bitter against each other. The journeymen cling to the bosses and cannot be induced to strike. The architectural iron workers still remain out, and not one of their bosses has as yet recognized union rules. The tin and sheet-iron cornice workers are gaining ground daily. Six large firms have signed the contract and agreed to the union's scale of wages. The men are very enthusiastic and sanguine of winning the fight. The marble cutters have carried their point with all but one firm.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., May 9.—The coke strike situation presented no new features to-day. It was remarkably quiet in all sections, the only incident being the burning last night of a block of four houses at the Alice plant. Twelve families were evicted there yesterday, and it is supposed to have been incendiary. Reports from the general offices of the coke companies are that the regular Saturday work is being done at the plants in operation, with more men willing to go to work. Large mass meetings are being held by the strikers this afternoon at Buckeye and Overton. No trouble is expected.

CHICAGO, May 9.—The strike of the employes of the Hegewisch shops of the United States Rolling Stock company, was settled this morning, and the 500 strikers went back to work. The men struck for six weeks' back pay, which they received this morning. The concern has been running some months under a receiver.

BLAMING THE ALTON.

The Attitude Assumed by That Road Arouses Indignation.

Rates for the Grand Army Encampment the Bone of Contention.

Statement of Ex-Traffic Manager Leeds Regarding His Discharge.

Breyfogle Resigns--General Items of Railroad News and Gossip.

CHICAGO, May 9.—Some of the Western roads that are not in sympathy with the Chicago & Alton in its fight with the Eastern lines are very indignant at the attitude taken by that company on the question of excursion rates to points in the territory of the Central Traffic and Trunk Line associations. Their wrath is augmented by the claim made by the Alton officials that their competitors are responsible for the failure of the Western Passenger Association to agree upon special rates to the Grand Army encampment at Detroit. The passenger agent of a Western road said to-day: "We are all willing and anxious to sell through tickets at one fare for the round trip for the occasion. The association has been unable to so legislate on account of the negative vote of the Alton. That road refuses to make a through rate to Detroit for the Grand Army encampment, and for the national educational convention, and declines to make any through arrangement that will allow the Michigan Central or the Lake Shore, the Big Four and other American lines to participate in the business. It has expressed willingness to sell at the one-fare rate to the Eastern gateways of the association, knowing that no such proposition could be entertained by any line having a legitimate regular business to protect. It requires no technical knowledge of railroad affairs to be able to see that the sale of tickets only to Chicago, St. Louis and other Eastern gateways of the Western Passenger association would result in ruining the entire westbound business for the season. On the Alton rests the responsibility of the failure of the association to agree upon reduced rates for the Grand Army encampment and the educational convention. Every possible compromise was offered, but to no effect. The matter of rates for summer tourists has been treated the same way. It is on record that at the meeting of May 9, every line present, except the Alton, voted for a reduction establishing such rates on a satisfactory basis. The failure to have it carried involved a loss of thousands of dollars to the railroad companies, the hotel proprietors and others interested, and serious loss and inconvenience to the traveling public." A large number of Western railroad officials, however, concede to the Alton the right to defend itself against the attack of the Eastern roads and maintain the rates.

Accused of Rate Cutting—The Rock Island road has filed with Chairman Finely of the Western Passenger association a charge against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, accusing the latter road of cutting the passenger rate from Chicago to Denver. It is claimed that tickets are furnished scalpers over the Atchison road at $20.50, whereas the regular rate is $30.65, and that these tinkets were obtained by the brokers at the city office of the Atchison.

LEEDS' STATEMENT.

Fired for Being Honest in Cutting Rates, He Says.

ST. LOUIS, May 9.—J. S. Leeds, ex-traffic manager of the Missouri Pacific, arrived from New York to-day. In reply to a reporter's question as to how the trouble originated and terminated, Mr. Leeds said: "There was very little to tell. I did honestly what others were doing dishonestly and have suffered. I had made several complaints to the chairman of the Western Traffic association about the unfair acts of competitors, and got no satisfaction. Then I determined to bring chairman, association and all into court, and I cut the rate of sugar for that purpose. I admitted that in the meeting of the advisory board at New York. But I reckoned without my host, for the board decided to consider my case and not take up the cause of the rate cutting. It is true that I cut the rate on my own responsibility and without consultation. As I have stated, I merely did openly what others were doing secretly, and I must take my medicine now that the board has decided against me. I have no one to blame for what has happened. Mr. Gould and the other officials of the Missouri Pacific did all they could for me under the circumstances. I cannot censure any of my employers in the least."

"Mr. Leeds, is there any truth in the statement that you are to be cared for by the Missouri Pacific?"

"None in the least; that is all bosh. I'm out in the cold world! That's all there is to it."

"What will you do in the future?"

"I expect to remain in the railroad business, but I have nothing in view; in fact, I only arrived from New York this morning."

Agreement and Mortgage.

WABASH, Ind., May 9.—At the special meeting of the stockholders of the Cincinnati, Wabash & Michigan railroad, held at the general office this morning, the operating agreement with the Big Four was ratified, as was the propostion to place a blanket mortgage on the line from Benton Harbor to North Vernon for $4,000,000.

Lines Consolidated.

ST. LOUIS, May 9.—A dispatch from Topeka, Kan., says the Missouri Pacific has consolidated its Kansas lines and branches under the name of the Kansas & Colorado Pacific railway. It is under the control of the Missouri Pacific company, and the lines are consolidated for convenience.

To Succeed Leeds.

ST. LOUIS, May 9.—It was announced to-day that C. A. Parker, formerly general freight agent of the Gould system, had been appointed acting freight traffic manager of the Missouri Pacific Railway company, St. Louis Iron Mountain Railway company and leased operated and independent lines.

Breyfogle Resigns.

NEW YORK, May 9.—At the meeting of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago directors to-day, the resignation of William L. Breyfogle as assistant to the president was received and the office abolished.

A Southern Rate War.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., May 9.—One of the liveliest rate wars in the history of Texas is in progress between the Southern Pacific, International & Great Northern and San Antonio & Arkansas Pass roads. The card rate on wool has been $1.75 per 100 pounds in this point to New York and Boston; the Southern Pacific made a secret cut and gobbled about 90,000 pounds. The other roads cut and went under the Southern Pacific cut. The latter retaliated and the others responded. The rate by successive stages has dropped to 85 cents, and it is predicted to-morrow it will go down to 75 cents, adding 1 cent per pound to the value of wool in this market. There is every indication that before the war ends every commodity will be dragged into it.

FORESTS ON FIRE.

Much Destruction of Timber and Other Property.

ASHLAND, Wis., May 9.—It is now believed that the worst of the forest fires is over, the weather having turned colder with promise of rain. The flames have been beaten back from all the villages in this section, and no further damage is now anticipated unless hot weather shall return without a rainfall. Reports of damage have been exaggerated by sensational correspondents. There has been no loss of life.

DETROIT, Mich., May 9.—Reports from Marquette, Mich., says that forest fires are burning all over the copper country. At the Osceola stamp mill several cords of wood and the railroad trestle were burned, at Chassell several farm houses and barns went up in smoke and a bridge was consumed. The Sturgeon river, Thomas Nester's estate and Diamond Match company lose heavily. Lake Superior from Marquette to Keweenaw Point is fairly black with smoke and all the fog whistles are kept blowing constantly. The loss will be very heavy. At Tawas on the east shore for two days past the air has been thick with smoke from the immense forest fires which are raging in the woods back of the town, and which are said to extend clear to the county line. The village of Taft in Reno township is said to be surrounded by fire, but no word can be obtained from here. Ishpeming is surrounded by fire, but there is no danger to the town. There is mile after mile of fire along the roadbed of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad south of Ishpeming and nearly to Escanaba. Telegraph poles and railroad ties are being destroyed and communication is likely to be cut off at any time. Nothing but a drenching rain of two days' duration can prevent tremendous damage. Reports from all along the line of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad show great fires and a large property damage. One of the railroad bridges burned and traffic will be suspended until it can be repaired. The fires are being driven directly towards Oscoda by half a gale from the west. Much uneasiness is felt, and unless the wind changes no one can tell what the result will be as the twin cities of Oscoda and Au Sable are directly in the path of the wind, which sweeps over the tremendous fires and blows its hot-breath over the cities. The air is stiflingly hot and thick with smoke. The big lumber yards of H. M. Loud & Co. at Oscoda caught fire last night, and burned so fiercely that help was summoned from Alpena. The fire was not checked until about $100,000 worth of lumber was burned, and over 100 rods of trams destroyed.

HARRISON, Mich., May 9.—The forest fires in this section are worse than ever, with a heavy southwest wind blowing. The ground is burning over the second time in many places. Meredith is in great danger of being burned to-day. Green pine trees two feet through are falling every few minutes. The fire is so close to this place as to cause great alarm.

FLORENCE, Wis., May 9.—The logging outfit and live stock of the Ludington Van Schaick company, three miles north of that place, were swept away by a forest fire. Loss between $30,000 and $40,000.

Omaha Gets a Convention.

CINCINNATI, O., May 9.—The committee of seven in charge of arrangements for the place of the next general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, to be held in May, 1892, met here to-day. There were present Mr. Amos Shinkle, chairman, of Covington, Ky.; Rev. J. J. Palmer, of New York; C. R. Wagener, of Boston; Seneca M. Taylor, of St. Louis; W. A. Chamberlain, of Minneapolis; J. B. Hobbs, of Chicago, and J. B. Maxfield, of Omaha. The arrangements made in Omaha were reported to the committee. The requirement of $25,000 has been exceeded by securing $31,000. Boyd's opera house has been engaged for the conference sessions, and ample arrangements made for the entertainment of delegates, of whom there may be 500. The reports were satisfactory and give no reason for changing the place of meeting.

Will Modify McKinley's Bill.

MADRID, May 9.—As a mark of good will, the United States government has notified the Spanish government that it will favor the introduction of a bill for the modification of the McKinley tariff law in the next congress so as to facilitate the importation of Havana tobaccos into the United States. United States Minister Grubb has wired Secretary Blaine that the draft of the new treaty of commerce sent here for approval will be signed Monday. The negotiations have been kept so secret that even the legation officials are ignorant of the provisions of the treaty.

The Coming Consistory.

ROME, May 9.—The Vatican has written to Cardinal Vannutelli, nuncio at Lisbon, announcing to him that the consistory would take place on May 18, and informing him that he will be expected in Rome on this date. It is not, however, considered likely that the consistory can be ready at this date. It is now believed that the pope will distribute his encyclical at this consistory.

Two Brothers Killed.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 9.—About 6 o'clock this evening two laborers, William and Irvin Duncan, of Dayton, Ohio, while walking along the tracks of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad, were run down and instantly killed by an outbound passenger train.

Kicking, But Still Coming.

ROME, May 9.—The Popolo Romano says that it will be impossible hereafter for any civilized country to make a treaty with the United States based upon reciprocal protection of the lives of citizens of either country. One thousand two hundred emigrants left Naples for New York to-day on board the steamer Victoria, and 200 others by Italian vessels.

HE DANCED TO DEATH

Murderer William Ruldolph Suffers the Extreme Penalty for Murder.

Death Watch Horrified by a Lively Jig at the Midnight Hour.

Affecting Separation of the Criminal and His Imprisoned Wife.

A Prisoner's Death Reveals His Name and a Story of Affection.

OTTAWA, Ill., May 9.—Charles Ford, the murderer, has paid the penalty of his crime, the drop falling at 10:11 a. m. For very shrewd reasons he, during life, concealed his real name and nativity. He pretended to be of Irish antecedents, when, in fact, both his parents were German and his real name was William Rudolph. The motive for this deception was based on the circumstances that the Irish-American element is unusually strong in the population of this county, and that a number of the officials whom he encountered were of that extraction. With this knowledge he hugged the delusion that by assuming to be Irish, he would have an unconquerable "pull" and thereby escape punishment. Last evening, a dramatic incident occurred in the jail office. Rudolph's wife of a fortnight, Kate Weeneck, allias Ford, was, at the condemned man's request, brought into his presence. She had but a few moments previous pleaded guilty in court to complicity in Moore's murder and been sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for fourteen years. The meeting of the two companions in crime, whose brief conjugal union had brought them only prison bars, was one genuinely affecting. Their fate so close at hand, seemed to draw to the surface in both some redeeming qualities of human nature. For twenty minutes, the pair wept and talked together, and were then

Separated Forever.

During this interview the depraved wretch displayed the only sign of emotion which he has exhibited, though for weeks he has been absolutely without hope, since the governor refused clemency, and his attorneys abandoned him, publicly announcing belief in his guilt, except his wife. Rudolph was baptised into the Catholic faith by Dean Keating, of St. Columbo's church, last night. "Rudolph reminds me strongly," said Father Keating afterward, "of one of the characters of 'Les Miserables.' He was actually surprised that anybody should do him a kindness. Every one's hand has always been against him and his against every one. I pitied the boy, and I must say that in all my twenty-one years as a priest, I never administered a sacrament to a person who showed deeper religious feeling. By his wish, I christened him William Amelia Rudolph, Amelia being the name of his mother, of whom he seemed to know little, but spoke reverently yet." Until nearly midnight Rudolph paced slowly back and forward in his lonely cell, with eyes closed, as if in a dream. Suddenly he stopped his monotonous walk and deliberately

Danced a Jig

before the astonished eyes of the death watch. So amazed was that individual that Rudolph actually broke into a hearty laugh, but, with a sudden revulsion of feeling, stopped dancing with the remark: "It is too bad, isn't it, for a young feller like me to have to die?" He was awake bright and early, and, after performing his morning ablutions, partook of a hearty breakfast. His wife called to see him at an early hour and remained with him nearly two hours. Her grief was intense, and the parting of husband and wife was very pathetic. Ford rallied from his depressed spirits and indulged in singing and dancing until he became exhausted. When the sheriff had finished reading the death warrant, Ford said: "It's a shame that a fine young fellow like me must die; and such a death, too." A priest walked with Ford to the scaffold and remained with him until the drop fell. Ford maintained his nerve throughout and died firm. His avowed ambition was to beat the record for gameness on the scaffold, and he did it beyond a doubt, the most extraordinary feature of the affair, coupled with the utter absence of any show of fear on his part, being his total abstention from the display of the slightest trace of bravado. Death was apparently painless and the loss of consciousness instant, though the man's neck was not broken.

Story of the Crime.

On the morning of June 24 last, the body of David Moore, of Omaha, a traveling salesman for the T. B. Scott Lumber company, of Merrill, Wis., was discovered in Allen park, the head crushed in by repeated blows from a car coupling pin. Kate Ford, her husband, Charles Ford, William O'Brien and Minnie Winterling were arrested for complicity in the crime. O'Brien was tried in August last, and sentenced to imprisonment for life. Ford was tried in November, found guilty and sentenced to death. Judge Stipp, the trial judge, was so unmanned by overwork during the trial that he collapsed with nervous prostration two days following the verdict, and for a time it was feared he never would be able to listen to a motion for a new trial. Six weeks spent at a private sanitarium and the judge returned with his mind restored and his bodily health improved sufficiently to admit of his sitting on the motion for a rehearing, which he denied. On the trial of Ford, it was shown that at his instigation his wife, Kate, decoyed Moore to Allen park, presumably for purposes of

Robbery or Blackmail,

as the woman was of bad reputation previous to her marriage to Ford. O'Brien was Ford's accomplice. The day before the murder, Ford and his wife quarreled, and in the fear that she would not keep her appointment with Moore, Ford engaged a simple-minded woman of the town named Minnie Winterling to entrap Moore. But Mrs. Ford repented, consequently the four were present. Kate Ford yesterday pleaded guilty and was sentenced to fourteen years in the penitentiary. Minnie Winterling is yet to be sried. Ford's father was hung at Sing Sing, his mother's brother is doing time at the same prison for train wrecking, his sister keeps a notorious house in Toronto, and his step-mother was driven from West Thirty-eighth street, New York, where she kept a thieves' paradise in the '70s. She was also chased out of Chicago, and her second husband, also named Ford, is in the Indiana state penitentiary. Charles Ford has also served a term in the Illinois penitentiary, and two terms in the New York reform school. He was born in the slums of New York, and has been a tramp since boyhood.

DR. GRAVES UNDER ARREST.

Evidence Secured to Warrant an Indictment.

BOSTON, Mass., May 9.—The Globe will say to-morrow: By order of the Colorado authorities, Dr. T. Thatcher Graves is tacitly under arrest for the murder of Josephine A. Barnaby. Through adroit detective work the necesary evidence to insure an indictment has been secured, and Dr. Graves is now bound West, not for the purpose of giving testimony before the grand jury, but to be within the jurisdiction of Colorado, where he will be formally indicted on Tuesday next. If the evidence obtained, and now in the hands of States Attorney Stevens, of Denver, is to be believed, Dr. Graves has confessed sending the mysterious bottle to Denver. He has confessed writing the inscription upon it. He asserts that the bottle contained pure whisky when it was mailed in Boston, and that any poison therein contained must have been added after the package left his possession. This statement was made to representatives of the Barnaby family in Providence. The additional evidence tending to show Dr. Graves' complicity is of great amount, and it can be stated that any attempt on his part to avoid entrance to Colorado will result in a formal arrest by Detective Hanscom wherever the remonstrance may be made. This arrest will be made, if necessary, upon order of the authorities at Denver.

POISONED WHISKY

Offered in Seeming Friendship With Deadly Intent.

HARRODSBURG, Ky., May 9.—At Cardwell, Washington county, Thursday, Jefferson Holliday Sr. was invited by James Matherly to take a drink of whisky out of a bottle. The old man took a large draught, but remarked that it tasted very bitter, and also expressed his surprise that Matherly did not also drink. At this Matherly, while ostensibly raising the bottle to his lips, let it fall, spilling the contents on the ground. After partaking of the whisky Holliday was almost instantly taken with excruciating pains, and in an hour died in great agony. Mr. Holliday is the father of Jeff and Jim Holliday, who overtook Cal Vest while returning from his place February, and shot him to death, in the presence of his bride, for which they are now in jail. It is the opinion of many that Matherly was employed by some of the Vest family to do the deed, because of the killing of Cal Vest, as he was seen talking to one of the Vest boys just before inviting the old man to drink. The families have been at outs for ten years, and this is the fifth death in consequence. Indignation was so great that Matherly disappeared before he could be arrested.

A SORROWFUL ROMANCE.

One Woman's Faithfulness Discovered by a Convict's Death.

CINCINNATI, May 9.—A Columbus, O., dispatch says: "Ralph Holmes, a convict serving a two-year sentence, from Ashtabula county, for passing counterfeit money, gave his name, a half hour before his death, to the nurse as F. C. Guion, of Connecticut, and asked that his mother be notified. This was done, and she ordered the remains sent to Little Falls, N. Y. Yesterday morning two well-dressed ladies called to ask the privilege of burying the body. They were from Ashtabula county, and explained that the convict was engaged to be married to the younger one—they were mother and daughter—they had never believed him guilty, and the wedding was set for July 4, when his term expired. The request was refused, but the faithful fiancee took a last look at her dead lover, and went away in tears. The body was sent to his mother, who, by his death, had the first intimation that he had been in the penitentiary.'

Confidence Men Released.

WATERLOO, Io., May 9.—"Judge" Baker and "Doctor" Howard, the two confidence men brought here from Fayetteville, Ark., for swindling D. C. Ellis, a farmer of this county, out of $3,500 last August, had their preliminary examination to-day. Ever since the men were brought here they have been in correspondence with friends in different parts of the country in an endeavor to raise funds to compromise or furnish bail. To-day Bob Lyons, of Kansas City, came here and effected a compromise with Ellis, the victim, by refunding him, it is said, $2,200 of the money taken, Ellis agreeing to pay all the expenses of the arrest and all court costs. The men were then released on $300 bail, and left on the first train for parts unknown.

That Fatal Wedding Dinner.

CINCINNATI, May 9.—Dr. Dickore yesterday finished his analysis of the viscera of W. B. Shook, the bridegroom who died here from the effects of poisoned food he had eaten at his wedding dinner at Louisville. As stated in these dispatches heretofore, the analysis showed no metallic poison except copper. The doctor adds that if the victim was poisoned by arsenic it might have been thrown off during his illness. Drs. Mitchell and Hyndman, the patient's physicians, are of the opinion that he was poisoned by arsenic. The chemist found by Marsh's test very small specks of what might be arsenic, but they did not yield to the test for that poison.

Deserved Shooting.

CHICAGO, May 9.—While in jail in the suburban town of Austin this evening, Alfred Townsley, a gambler, was shot and killed by his wife, who has of late been separated from him, residing in Lafayette, Ind. The charge against Townsley was that of many times repeated criminal assaults upon his eighteen-year-old step-daughter, whose father was Townsley's brother. Mrs. Townsley was arrested. There was no witness to the tragedy.

His Bride Is Death.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 9.—Frank Noel, a well-known young sewing machine agent, committed suicide by shooting himself in the left breast in the presence of his intended bride, Miss May Powelson, at 1 o'clock this morning. The young lady is well connected and highly respected. There is no cause assigned for the deed.

A Persistent Villain.

WESTON, W. Va., May 9.—Friday night at 11 o'clock, Solomon Etaw set fire to B. B. Bennett's residence. Bennett extinguished the fire. An hour later Etaw returned and shot Bennett dead in his bed chamber. Etaw is under arrest.

Rough on the Gaugers.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., May 9.—J. Lack Ezell, a deputy United States marshal, was shot to-day from ambush by illicit distillers. The killing occurred in Franklin county, and makes the third murder of revenue officers in the last two years in that vicinity.

BAGGED BIG GAME.

The Leader of a Band of Train Robbers Captured in Montana.

A Virginia Railway Detective Follows Him Five Thousand Miles.

He Is Brought to St. Paul and Lodged in the County Jail.

South Dakota Independents Select Delegates to Go to Cincinnati.

The leader of a band of train robbers who operated in Virginia was brought into the city at 1 o'clock this morning by Chief Detective W. G. Baldwin, of the Norfolk & Western Railroad company, and lodged in the county jail. The man under arrest is named John Mehan, thirty-four years old, and was for a time yardmaster of the railroad division at Roanoake, Va. For some time mysterious robberies of valuable goods from freight cars took place, but, as the seals on the cars were not broken, it was almost impossible to find out where the robberies took place. Detective Bbldwin set to work, and after a few weeks located the gang of which Mehan was leader. As he possessed sealing irons, it was a simple matter to rob the cars and reseal them. All of the fellows were arrested and pleaded guilty, but Mehan got away. Detective Baldwin followed him through the states of New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Illinois, Canada, back to Chicago, through Minnesota, and located him on Friday in Dakota. The requisition papers held by the officer were for Montana, and the detective by a ruse yesterday succeeded in luring the train robber over the boader, arresting him on the train near Hayfield, Mont. The fellow made a fight for liberty, but the Hawkshaw finally overpowered him and put the irons on his wrists. The long chase extended over 5,000 miles, but the officer is jubilant at the result. He will leave to-night with his prisoner for Virginia. The value of the property stolen was many thousand dollars.

GOING TO CINCINNATI

South Dakota Independents Select Their Delegates.

Special to the Globe.

HURON, S. D., May 9.—The central committee of the Independent party of this state met here this afternoon, about thirty being present. Several communications from other states urging South Dakota to send a strong delegation to the Cincinnati conference on the 19th were read, and these delegates, headed by Senator Kyle, were chosen: W. H. Curtiss, of Beadle; F. K. Falling, of Hand; J. W. Harden, of Jerauld; L. F. Dow, of Kingsbury; J. H. Kyle and Gov. G. Crose, of Brown; N. P. Smith, of Lake; A. M. Brooks and A. Wardall, of Beadle; Fred Zipp, of Lawrence; E. B. Reed, of Pennington; C. R. Gardner, of Meade; A. L. Ramsdel, of Yankton; J. O. Langless, of Grant; B. F. Wright and B. Miller, of Moody; Dr. T. M. Stewart, of Union; Duncan McFarlane, of Day; Isaac Landers and J. J. Carrier, of Clark; Judge Howe, of Spink; George Sparling, of Potter; J. G. Jones, of Charles Mix; F. Kelley, of Sanborn; J. E. Horton, of Campbell. A resolution was adopted discouraging proxies, and empowering those present to cast the full vote of the state, and also for the readoption, unaltered, of the platform of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union convention held last year in St. Louis. The delegates will endeavor to secure an adjournment of the conference till February next for final action. J. M. Pease, of the Union Labor Gazette, and E. B. Cummings, of the Ruralist, were chosen delegates to the Reform Press association meeting at Cincinnati at the time of the conference.

IT IS VERY DRY.

Farmers Discouraged Over the Crop Outlook.

Special to the Globe.

LITCHFIELD, Minn., May 9.—The past few days complaints from farmers are loud and numerous concerning crop prospects, the extremely drying winds and frost of the past week or ten day's having nipped many fields of wheat and oats close to the kernel, leaving a large percentage of the wheat and oat fields as bare and black as the land appeared before seeding. The ground is as dry as ashes, and unless rain comes very soon the prospects for the coming crop will be poor, indeed. At present writing most farmers claim the prospect now is not even as good as last year at the same time. The worst feature seems to be that where the grain was put in with a seeder and thinly covered it sprouted with the moisture then in the ground and has since dried up and died out for want of sufficient moisture. Wheat put in with pressed drills and the very earliest seeded with seeder seems in fairly good condition, yet; but the balance is most unpromising unless relief in the shape of good rains come very soon.

The Farmers Confident.

Special to the Globe.

CROOKSTON, Minn., May 9.—After the copious rains of yesterday and during the night and early morning the weather has cooled, but farmers are well pleased and confident of extraordinary yields.

Rain in North Dakota.

Special to the Globe.

DEVIL'S LAKE, N. D., May 9.—This morning at 1 o'clock rain commenced falling, and continued over six hours. It was badly needed.

Preparing for the World's Fair.

Special to the Globe.

YANKTON, S. D., May 9.—The success of the world's fair convention to be held at Yankton on the 27th inst., is assured. Out of fifty counties in the state thirty-five have already elected delegates to the convention, and as many towns have also named delegates. They are all representative men, and nothing but good can result from their meeting. A majority of the delegates so far elected are in favor of raising not less than $100,000. United States Senators Pettigrew and Kyle and Congressmen Gamble and Ricker will attend, and all the state officers will be present. Benjamin Butterfield and Moses P. Handy have also written that they will be here.

Gets a St. Paul Girl.

Special to the Globe.

HASTINGS, May 9.—The marriage of Nicholas W. Kranz, of this city, and Miss Elise P. Eisenmenger, of St. Paul, will take place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Eisenmenger, 771 Wabasha street, next Tuesday at 6 p. m., Rev. Othmar Erren, of this city, officiating, followed by a reception at Twin City hall.

DRUGGISTS IN TROUBLE.

Several of Them Indicted at Watertown.

Special to the Globe.

WATERTOWN, S. D., May 9.—The grand jury made their report in circuit court here to-day, and among others found indictments against three druggists for the illegal sale of liquors. Inasmuch as the state prohibitory law permits druggists to sell liquors to applicants upon making oath that the purchaser requires it for medicine or mechanical purposes, several of our best legal authorities are puzzled to know what phase of the question these suits will be tried upon. The grand jury examined the affidavits which the druggists turn in to the county judge at the end of each month, and the conundrum is as to where the line will be drawn. The cases will come up next week and will be watched with interest by every one.

Shot in the Shoulder.

Special to the Globe.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., May 9.—In a shooting affray last night A. B. McDonnell, president of the Lumbermen's National bank, shot Charles Bergeron in the shoulder while the latter was trying to take a revolver from him. Bergeron's wound is not dangerous.

To Go to Cincinnati.

Special to the Globe.

ALBERT LEA, Minn., May 9.—At the Alliance county convention this afternoon, H. G. Day, editor of the Standard, and G. H. Prescott were elected delegates to the Cincinnati conference, and Hon. Charles G. Johnsrud and James Lonergan were chosen alternates.

A Tug Burned.