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Daily Globe.

ST. PAUL

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IF OF ADVERTISING, COME IN AND LET YOU THE GLOBE THINK GIVE YOU SOME GOOD PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS.

TWO HONEST JOHNS.

Bardsley's Suppressed Statement Involved Prominent People.

Editor McWade Read It as He Got It From the Convicted Embezzler,

Who, in a Late Letter, Denies That He Made Such Assertions.

The Postmaster General, in His Testimony, Makes an Explanation.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—The subcommittee of the finance committee of the city council that is inquiring into the failure of the Keystone National bank and the affairs of ex-City Treasurer John Bardsley held a protracted session this afternoon. The main witnesses were Robert M. McWade, city editor of the Public Ledger; William V. McKean, editor-in-chief of the same paper, and Postmaster General Wanamaker. The testimony of Mr. McWade and Mr. McKean had reference to two statements obtained by the former from Bardsley on June 18 and 19, four days before the accused city treasurer made his public statement in court when brought up for sentence. Mr. Wanamaker, after denying emphatically statements made by Bardsley to Mr. McWade which reflected rather severely on his (Wanamaker's) actions in connection with the Keystone bank's troubles, explained fully his connection with the 2,625 shares of Keystone bank stock which the stubs in the certificate book showed had been issued in Mr. Wanamaker's name. As at previous meetings of the committee, the room was crowded to suffocation with men, many of them prominent in the affairs of the city, who stood attentive listeners to the testimony. Mr. McWade was the first witness. He said, in answer to questions, that he went to the county prison Thursday, June 18, and interviewed the imprisoned ex-city treasurer.

Bardsley Talked Freely

and understood that the interview was for publication. He told Bardsley at the beginning that, in view of certain charges that he had made in the newspapers, he thought it proper for him to make a full statement, particularly as to what became of the $945,000 deposited and which had disappeared, the charge being made that it had been stolen. After Mr. McWade had written out the first statement, he said a consultation was held between Mr. McKean, himself and another member of the editorial force of the Ledger, and after full deliberation and discussion it was decided not to publish it, because strong reference, unsupported by facts, was made to certain people. Mr. McKean was not sworn. He said that as editor of the Ledger he had charge of the interview which Mr. McWade had obtained. He said that because the statement implicated a number of reputable citizens upon the testimony of a witness not credible, it was decided that it was not proper to publish it. It was locked up in the office fire-proof safe, and had, so far as we know, never been out of the Ledger office until brought to the committee room to-day. No member of the committee had ever seen it; in fact, no one except the three editors of the Ledger had ever seen it. Both interviews were submitted to the committee. It was decided by a vote of five to two to at once listen to the public reading of the statements.

THIS SEEMS STRANGE.

What Bardsley Said of John Wanamaker.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—Mr. McWade, being familiar with the manuscript, was asked to read the papers, which he willingly consented to do. Much that Bardsley told to Mr. McWade was afterwards incorporated in the statements he read in court when called up for sentence June 23, and which has already been published. In these Bardsley again went over the story of the Keystone bank and stoutly maintained that he put the $930,000 in the bank but did not know what became of it any more than he believed that President Marsh got it. Bardsley said that Bank Examiner Drew had been a heavy borrower from the Keystone bank and was completely under Lucas and Marsh's thumb.

In regard to John Wanamaker, Bardsley said that Marsh told him that he knowingly held over-issued shares of bank stock and demanded $100,000 for them and upset the plans for reorganizing the bank. Bardsley then said that he advised Marsh to engage counsel and make a demand on Wanamaker for the over-issued shares, as he was guilty of a crime in holding them. Marsh retained Mayor Sulzberger and John O. Johnson as his counsel, and they made a demand on Wanamaker which he refused. Wanamaker's proposition was that the Lucas estate should pay him $50,000, Marsh, $25,000, and the bank $25,000. The lawyers then notified Mr. Wanamaker that, if the fraudulent shares were not delivered to them by a specified date, they would resort to legal measures to get them. The shares were then turned over without delay. Wanamaker had made a threat that he would see Comptroller Lacey in Washington and have the bank closed before they expected it.

In March, 1890," said Bardsley, "Marsh came to me and said Wanamaker wanted $200,000 at once. Marsh told him that he did not have the amount on hand, and Wanamaker told him where he could get it. Two days later Marsh came to me saying that Wanamaker was persistent and must have the money. I loaned him the money and Wanamaker got it." Bardsley also talked a great deal about his connection in the past with several prominent Philadelphians, and blamed them for the stand they had taken against him. He is accredited by Mr. McWade with having spoken of Col. McClure, of the Times, and William Singerly of the Record, in the interview.

Many Men Involved.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—Bardsley's statement contains this story: "When I was a candidate for city treasurer I called on Col. McClure and told him everything in my past life, and said that, if he would say so, I would withdraw. He said: 'Go ahead; the Times will bd for you." But he weakened afterwards. You remember the scheme to get the gas works from the city; well, McClure was in that. McClure was to get a big block of stock for his advocacy in his paper, and was not to pay a cent for it. McClure was also in a number of other schemes."

Regarding the payment of $500 to Hugh Mullen, Bardsley said: "The mayor wanted Richard J. Lennon appointed to the same place. Afterwards Bardsley learned that Matt Quay was pushing Albert H. Crawford for the place, and Crawford was the auditor-general's man for the place. Martin and Porter and all of Quay's people were working for Crawford, and the result was that overtures were made to Singerly to draw Lennon out of the fight. He was promised that if Lennon was taken out $100,000 of state money would be placed on deposit in the Chestnut Street bank. "This was done. Lennon was taken out of the fight and the $100,000 is in the bank now. Crawford got the place, and Mayor Fitler got angry at what he claimed to be a broken promise." Bardsley then paid Hugh Mullen $500 to redeem the promise to the mayor. H. H. Yard, he said, got a great deal of the Keystone bank money. He was in the pool with Lucas and Marsh, and Marsh allowed him to overdraw his account $90,000, even when the run on the bank was going on. Widener and Elkins, the traction magnates, he said, never sold him any traction stock or had any dealings whatever with him.

McWade also asked Bardsley if Judge Wilson had ever borrowed money from him as city treasurer. He said no; and on being asked what judges had borrowed money, he answered in a whisper, Finletter and Ashman. The money, he understood, was simply an advance on their salaries; they did not know whether he was lending the state moneys, city moneys, or his own money. The remainder of the statement was simply a long story of Bardsley's troubles given in his own words with numerous comments, all of which contained no new facts. H. H. Yard, who was then called, did not respond, and a communication was received from his counsel stating that his case had been appealed to the supreme court. The committee voted to instruct the city solicitor to take measures to compel Yard to obey the order of the lower court and appear before the committee.

HONEST JOHN TALKS.

Mr. Wanamaker Makes a Long Explanation.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—Postmaster General Wanamaker, who had entered the room while Bardsley's statement was being read, then stepped forward and requested that he be allowed to testify. "I have," said he, "been anxious to appear ever since the question was raised regarding the stock of which I previously testified." In answer to questions he said that his interest in the Keystone bank arose out of his acquaintance with President Lucas and his brother when they were young merchants. He stated that he never pledged the over-issued stock after he was told it was an over issue, and it was out of his hands at the time. He did not know H. H. Yard and had never met Mrs. Lucas but once, and that was at an interview about the over issued stock.

He was asked to give an account of what transpired between him and Marsh at Washington, and did so, stating that he asked him to assist the bank, and he declined, saying matters must take their course. Mr. Wanamaker said that the balance of his account in the Keystone bank at the time of the run was $10,000, and when it closed it was much larger. As to the story told by Bardsley to McWade that he had threatened to close the bank unless he was paid for the over-issued stock and that Lawyers Sulzberger and Johnson had forced him to return it, Mr. Wanamaker said was absolutely false. Granville B. Haines and Samuel B. Huey came to Washington to see him about the over-issued stock and he told them they must settle for it and that if they did not in justice to himself he should inform the comptroller of the currency. After the bank closed he gave up the stock.

Bardsley's statement that Marsh obtained from him $200,000 for Wanamaker in March, 1890, he said, was absolutely untrue and without the slightest foundation and invited the committee to inspect his books. Mr. Wanamaker was then informed by a member of the committee that during their examination of the stock book of the Keystone bank they had found 3,200 shares of stock in his name in addition to the 2,515 shares which he testified had been given him by Lucas to use as collateral for a deal in Reading stock. Mr. Wanamaker referred to the 2,515 shares which he had held as collateral, and gave the committee a list of those he had turned over to the Lucas estate. That some of those shares had been at one time in his name he did not state, as he had not used them in any operation.

In regard to the stock which had been found in his name. Mr. Wanamaker said he was a director in the Girard Trust company, and Lucas came to him and asked him to obtain him a loan of $40,000 on the stock. "I have been just foolish enough," said Mr. Wanamaker, "all my life to do those things, and I got the money on the stock and gave it to him. A considerable time afterward it was paid off by the Lucas estate, and they got the stock back." Mr. Wanamaker continued: "I know of no other stock, but I remember that ten years ago, when Lucas was securing control of the bank, he came to me and said he did not want people to know who certain stock belonged to, and for a time he placed some in my name."

Mr. Wanamaker then again went over at some length the transaction in Reading in which John C. Lucas was a partner, and said that when the settlement was made President Marsh admitted in the presence of three witnesses that the Lucas estate owed him $15,000. The fact that some of the certificates held as collateral by Irvin & Toland, his bankers, were dated after Lucas' death, he said, was due to the brokers' refusal to handle them while in a dead man's name. In closing his testimony Mr. Wanamaker read letters from Comptroller Lacey and Assistant Secretary Nettleton to show that he had never influenced or delayed the appointment for an instant of a receiver for the Keystone bank.

After the hearing of the council committee, Robert Alexander, counsel for John Bardsley, was asked if he had any information or intimation from Mr. Bardsley concerning the statements made by Mr. McWade. Mr. Alexander, in reply, read a letter he had recently received from Bardsley, in which the latter denied that he had told McWade that what he spoke of was true of his own knowledge. He asserted in the letter that he gave it as gossip, and not for publication.

CORBIN IS OUT.

The Railroad Magnate Resigns an Office.

NEW YORK, July 10.—It was stated to-day that Austin Corbin had tendered his resignation as a director of the New Jersey Central road and had closed out all his interest in the country. Mr. Austin Corbin makes the following statement: "It has been understood that my resignation was handed in some time ago. I had disposed of all my interest in Jersey Central stocks, and it would therefore be improper for me to remain on the board." It is understood the resignation will be acted on at the August meeting.

A NEBRASKA HORROR.

Father, Mother and Four Children Found Dead in Their Home.

Mother and Children Were Shot to Death While Slumbering.

The Husband and Father is Blamed for the Awful Slaughter.

Remarkable Story of a Diamond Robbery and Its Results.

ELLIS, Neb., July 10.—Some time during last night the most horrible tragedy ever enacted in Gage county or this section of Nebraska occurred. About 4 o'clock this afternoon Mrs. Dr. Allen, of Beatrice, came to Ellis on a visit to her brother, John H. Puterbaugh, who lived a mile and a half south of town. She was driven to the farm by Louis Perling, and knocked at the door, but, receiving no response, entered, the door not being locked. As she entered she saw her brother lying on the floor near the door, and supposing that he was asleep, she spoke to him, but there being no response looked more closely and saw blood on her brother's ghastly face. Mrs. Allen called Perling in, who made an investigation and found a horrible state of affairs. In a bed in a room which the husband and father lay was the mother with

A Bullet in Her Head.

In a bed with her was a two-year-old baby, also shot through the head. In the room above was another bed occupied by two young girls, one thirteen and one fifteen, both dead, with bullet holes in their heads. The dead were John Puterbaugh, his wife and four children. How they met their terrible fate is as yet unknown. The general belief is that the terrible deed was the work of the husband and father. The motive is unknown, as he was a peaceable man in comfortable circumstances, and it is believed that no trouble existed in the family.

Coroner Wells, of Beatrice, arrived on the scene shortly after 6 o'clock, and at a late hour to-night the inquest is in progress. It seems certain that a terrible crime was committed by Puterbaugh. By his side, under his arm, lay a 32-caliber six-chamber revolver, with all the chambers empty. The scene in the house was a horrible one, and made the strongest-hearted turn away. The

Faces of the Dead,

although covered with blood, were as calm as though sleeping. No signs of fear were portrayed on any of them and there were no evidences of a struggle. All seemed to have been killed while sleeping and were shot directly through the skull. In every case the pistol was placed so close to their heads that the powder stains were visible on pillows or bed clothing. Puterbaugh was not a drinking man and had a reputation of being an honest man and a good citizen. He suffered from the grip last spring and since then has not been in the best of health, subsequently complaining of a pain in his head. He was a man between thirty-eight and forty years of age. His wife was a year or two younger. The murdered children were aged as follows: Carrie fifteen years, Mabel thirteen, Charlie ten, Ralph two years. One son survives, Allen, seventeen years of age. The survivor was away from home at work, having left Wednesday last. Puterbaugh was in Beatrice on Wednesday, and it is said he then purchased the revolver with which the deed was committed.

READS LIKE ROMANCE.

A Heavy Diamond Robbery and Its Ending.

NEW YORK, July 10.—W. T. Colbron, a banker of New street and a member of the firm of Colbron, Chauncey & Co., was a visitor at the district attorney's office to-day, where he told a remarkable story. His visit to the brown stone building to-day was for the purpose of seeing William C. Duncan, alias Harry Valdes, the young thief, who, while a salesman in the store of Lewisohn & Co., in Malden lane, stole $30,000 worth of diamonds, for which he was arraigned in in the court of general sessions last week and pleaded guilty.

Mr. Colbron's story is as follows: "I left New York in the spring for Lisbon, Portugal, with Charles G. Davis, a friend from Boston. On the way over we met William C. Duncan, alias Valdes, who was known to us and all the passengers by the latter name. After spending some time in Spain and Portugal we traveled to Italy where we parted with Duncan. He went to Tangier. "Before leaving us, Duncan, or Valdes as he was known to us, gave my friend, Charles G. Davis, the receipt signed by the clerk in the Astor house for $30,000 worth of diamonds he had in safe keeping, and asked him when he reached New York to go to the hotel, get the box of diamonds and keep them for him. As is well known, the Utopia collided with another steamship and was sunk off Gibraltar. Hundreds of people were drowned, and among them my friend Charles G. Davis.

"I hired a diver to secure my friend's body, and when I had found that, tried to secure his trunks, in which I was also successful. When I got the trunks to shore and opened them I found the receipt for the diamonds which Valdes had given to Mr. Davis. I was at a loss to know what to do in the matter, but I finally sat down and wrote to Valdes, who was then in Tangier, and told him of the loss of my friend Davis. I also inclosed him the receipt. I then came home and thought no more about it until the other day, when I saw the arrest of Valdes in the Astor house." Mr. Colbron added that had his friend Davis not been drowned, but had presented the receipt at the Astor house for the $30,000 worth of diamonds, he might have been arrested, and it would have been difficult to explain matters.

FOUR WENT DOWN.

A Sunday School Picnic Ends Disastrously.

CLEVELAND, O., July 10.—The Miles Park M. E. Sunday school of this city gave an excursion to Oak Point to-day. Among the excursionists were John Henderson and his two nieces, Isabel and Ella Henderson, aged respectively twenty-two and twelve years. This afternoon Mr. Henderson and John Stockman, aged thirty-two, took the two Henderson girls and Lillie Chenowith, aged twelve, for a boatride on Lake Erie. The lake was somewhat rough, but not considered dangerous. When some distance from the shore a wave washed into the boat and the girl's became frightened. In the excitement that followed the boat was overturned. The three girls and Stockman were drowned, but Henderson managed to support himself on the skiff until help came. The bodies were all recovered and brought back to the city to-night.

BANKS ON THE ROCKS.

Three Monetary Institutions Have Hard Luck.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 10.—Financial circles received a shock this morning when it was officially announced that the Falls City bank had closed its doors. It was a private corporation and has been in a shaky condition since last fall, when a run was made on it by its depositors. The liabilities are supposed to be about $1,300,000. Assets, $100,000. Its capital stock was placed at $600,000. The bank officers state that their assets will be $1,200,000 and liabilities a little more than half that amount. The depositors will be paid in full, and it is expected that there will be something left for the stockholders. The bank's money was tied up in loans, and this together with the depositors' withdrawals, brought about the collapse.

NEVADA, Mo., July 10.—The Citizens' bank of Nevada closed its doors this morning, and with it three other banks in the county. The Bank of Sheldon, Bank of Walker and Bank of Bronaugh, all under its control, passed into the hands of Receiver A. E. Fordham. The capital stock of the Citizens' bank is $100,000, but with all four there was only a paid up stock of $68,400. No statement of assets and liabilities has been made. Deprecation of values and withdrawal of deposits are given as the causes.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 10—The Lake City bank failure is more serious than was supposed, and the general impression is that it is a complete wreck, though the president says he will pay out. There are many more depositors than was supposed. The best business men are badly hit. The county funds are said to be secured. There is still no definite statement of the liabilities. The individual and firm losses range from $5,000 to a few dollars.

A GOOD IDEA.

Young Mr. Hearst and His New Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The Examiner claims bureau, recently established here by W. B. Hearst, proprietor of the San Francisco Examiner, will soon have the influence and backing of half a dozen leading journals throughout the country, and is likely to become a formidable rival to the hundreds of claim agents in Washington, engaged in the prosecution of Indian depredation, pension and patent claims. Mr. Hearst is expected here in a few days to close contracts with influential journals in Boston, Cincinnati, St. Louis, St. Paul, New Orleans and Atlanta with a view to strengthening the bureau and extending its field of operation to every section of the country.

CAMPBELL WILL WIN.

Ohio's Governor Is Sure of a Renomination.

CINCINNATI, July 10.—Gov. Campbell will be renominated at Cleveland next week beyond all question. He has secured more than enough delegates to accomplish this result. Then, according to the statement of one of his most intimate friends, he will make a sacrifice of himself, and "in the interest of peace and harmony," decline the honor. This project was agreed upon, it is said, in New York at a conference of Campbells friends within the last four or five days, and the man who was deputized to make the necessary arrangments for the dicker arrived in Cincinnati Wednesday night. It looks as if the arrangement would be a go. If it should be Gov. Campbell will play for higher stakes than the governorship of Ohio.

MAY YET AGREE.

Armour and Swift Likely to Get Their Demands.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Despite the denials of an agreement between the Union Stockyards company and the packers, Armour and Swift, involving the abandonment by the latter of the project to establish near Chicago a new stockyards of their own, gossip continued to-day that a compromise had really been effected. The basis was said to be the granting of special rates to the "Big Three" for the yardage of cattle. It is reported that the negotiations were conducted in Europe, and the fact is pointed out that Messrs. Armour and Swift are both across the water, as are also John B. Sherman and Chouncey M. Pepew.

An Unfortunate Family.

CORONA, N. Y., July 10.—Clifford Silver, aged ten, fell into Flushing creek last night and was drowned. His brother, who is twelve years old, made an attempt to jump after the drowning boy, but was held back by an unknown man who made no effort to rescue the boy. The Silver family has been particularly unfortunate in the matter of drowning accidents. This is the third son of the family who has lost his life in that way.

Will Fight Further.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Miss Phoebe Couzins has informed the treasury department that her attorneys have advised her to appeal from the decision of Judge Blodgett that she was lawfully ousted from her office in connection with the world's fair. She requests the department to take no action in the matter pending the appeal.

Sunflowers Will Droop.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 10.—The Sunflower club, the Kansas insurance men's organization, has been held by the supreme court to be organized in violation of the anti-trust laws of the state. The organization was formed to maintain stable insurance rates in Kansas and Missouri.

Volunteers Must Go.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.—The city council, at a special meeting, by a vote of 19 to 7, resolved to establish a paid fire department in place of the present volunteer system.

Steamship Arrivals.

HAMBURG—Arrived: Normanna, from New York.

SCILLY ISLANDS—Passed: Friesland for Antwerp.

NEW YORK—Arrived: Denmark and City of Berlin, Liverpool.

BROW HEAD—Passed: City of Chicago, for Liverpool.

Indiana Town Burning.

DAYTON, O., July 11.—Union City, Ind., is reported by telephone to be burning.

CATTLE KING KILLED.

J. R. Dilworth, of Montana, Shot Dead by a Young Frenchman.

The Men Quarreled Over a Land Claim--The Killer Surrenders.

A Mysterious Minnesotan Commits Suicide in an Iowa Hotel.

Story of a Son's Devotion in Shielding a Guilty Mother.

Special to the Globe.

BILLINGS, Mont., July 10.—News was received this evening that J. R. Dilworth, president of the Dilworth Cattle company, was shot in the neck and instantly killed this morning at his ranch, 100 miles southwest of Billings, by George Demer, a young Frenchman. The quarrel arose over a disputed land claim. Demer surrendered himself to a constable. Deceased was about fifty-five years of age, and leaves a widow and six children. He came here from Leavenworth, Kan., seven years ago and engaged extensively in the stock business.

WHO IS THIS DEAD-MAN?

E. A. Dibble May Possibly Be His Name.

WATERLOO, Io., July 10.—A mysterious suicide occurred here to-day. A man registered at the Central house this morning under the name of T. Williams, of Minnesota. He went to his room and at once shot himself through the head with a revolver, after having taken a dose of laudanum. He left the following note to his landlord: "You will find money in my pocket to pay for a coffin and all necessary expenses for my funeral. I am sorry to cause you trouble, but I had to trouble some one."

There was absolutely nothing by which to identify the suicide, as the name he gave is undoubtedly fictitious. In a memoranda in his coat pocket reference is made to a check from the State Bank of California on Drexel, Morgan & Co., payable to E. A. Dibble, and an express order payable to Alied M. Richardson, Des Moines, Io. There was also a bill of lading consigning a trunk to F. A. Richardson, Cannon Falls, Io. In his trousers pocket was found $55, referred to in his note to the landlord. The dead man used all efforts to conceal his identity, even to erasing his name from his clothing.

SHIELDED HIS MOTHER.

An Old Crime Revived by a Death-bed Confession.

LANCASTER, Wis., July 10.—Lancaster people were startled this morning when they learned that the aged mother of Louis Sicely, on her deathbed, confessed to the murder of her son's wife nine years ago. In 1882 Louis Sicely was married to a Miss Beckford. The second night after the wedding the dead body of the young bride, perforated with bullet holes, was found lying in a pool of blood in a wheat field near the house. The murdered woman's husband was arrested and held for trial, but after an examination lasting twenty-eight days the case was never brought to trial.

For some time old Mrs. Sicely has been very ill and the doctor told her she was likely to die, but this statement was rejected by her. She ordered three more doctors sent. They came and sustained the verdict of the other confrere. When finally she became convinced that death was near, she confessed to the doctors that she herself had committed the crime of which her son had been for so long accused. The killing, she said, had occurred in a quarrel over some matter that angered her. She siezed her son's revolver and emptied the chambers into her daughter-in-law's body. When the murderous work was done she carried the body out in the field and placed the pistol by it to give the idea of suicide. She said her son, who was accused of the murder, was aware of her guilt, but shielded her by remaining silent. He refused to live with her, however.

A FEUDAL FIGHT.

Four Families Mixed Up in a Bloody Battle.

ERIE, Pa., July 10.—Edinboro is the scene of great excitement to-night. News has just been received of a bloody battle between the Sweet and Cobb families on one side and the Andersons and McGahans on the other. Officers have been out to-day serving warrants, and it is thought the vendetta may not be carried further unless the friends of the families meet. A few months ago Frank Anderson was arrested at the instance of Charles F. Sweet and tried for the larceny of some articles, but the prosecution failed. Since then an open warfare has prevailed between the Sweets and Andersons, and Sweet's sheep and cattle have been indiscriminately shot and maimed. Warrants were sworn out, and Erie officers started to arrest the Andersons.

Meanwhile Frank Sweet and Charles Willis Cobb moved across the Anderson domain last night, and the Andersons, Frank, Delos and Rosell, and Ransom McGahan and a neighbor opened fire. The fire was returned, and the contest was carried on at long range. The Andersons charged, and Frank fell, shot in the breast. After the ammunition was expended fists, knives and clubs were brought into requisition. When the Erie officers reached the sanguinary battlefield, they found Cobb with his throat slashed from ear to ear, but not deep enough to reach the jugular. All the parties were injured, but Frank Anderson was the only one whose recovery is in doubt. All the parties to the feud are under arrest and will be arraigned on charges of shooting with intent to kill to-morrow evening in Edinboro. It is feared bloodshed will result from the meeting in Edinboro, as friends are ranging on either side. All the parties engaged are from good families, but the battle of last night is the culmination of a feud of long standing.

MAY BE ROMANCING.

Strange Story of a Little Lad About His Father.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 10.—Charlie Snowden, a bright little chap of eight summers, Wednesday fell into the hands of the police, to whom he related a remarkable tale. He says his father is a professional thief, holding forth in Wheeling, and because he wanted to train his son up as a burglar the boy fled to this city. The lad declares that his father, whose name is George Snowden, is the leader of a gang. It was their practice to use the lad to crawl through windows and coal holes of the houses they wanted to burglarize. If he refused they threatened to kill him. Recently, when the gang supposed Charlie to be asleep, they one night planned a desperate burglary near Wheeling. The next day the boy heard that the old man they robbed was killed in the encounter. He thereupon determined to run away. The police think the boy is telling the truth, and have taken the case in hand.

RUFFIANS FALL OUT.

Two New York Thugs Suffer in a Bloody Row.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The notorious "The" Allen was stabbed early this morning by an Italian saloonkeeper and gambler named John, alias Black Jack Careno, in the latter's dive at 52 South Fifth avenue. Careno keeps a liquor store in the front part of the place mentioned, and in the rear he runs some gambling games. A disagreement arose between the dealer and a nephew of Allen's. "The" Allen rushed to intervene, but Careno turned upon him with demoniac rage, and before any one could interfere, stabbed him repeatedly with an ice pick. A general melee followed, in which Allen's friends wreaked sudden and complete vengeance upon the Italian, and in less than a minute he was lying bleeding upon the floor. Physicians this morning pronounce both men out of danger.

A Sentimental Chump.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 10.—Holding in one hand the pictures of three young ladies and in the other a revolver, a well-dressed young man registering as W. C. Aldrich, Chicago, killed himself at the Republican house last night. The name registered is probably a fictitious name, for, as though trying to conceal his real identity, the suicide had cut the initials from his shirt and burned them from his handkerchief. He had no baggage. He was apparently about twenty-five years old.

Killed Father and Child.

NORFOLK, Va., July 10.—A feud between the McPherson and McRay families in Warwick county resulted in the murder yesterday of Leon McPherson and his six-year-old daughter. The heads of the two families recently had a dispute over the ownership of certain lands. Yesterday the quarrel was renewed and resulted in the shooting of McPherson and his little girl, who happened to be with her father. McRay escaped. He is being pursued, however, and if caught will probably be lynched.

A Mean Ruffian.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Charles Brown, of Sixteenth street, Philadelphia, was remanded at the Tombs this morning on the charge of wholesale petty thefts from little messenger boys. His thefts aggregate $10,000. He would give the boys messages to deliver, promising to pay them 10 cents and holding their packages until they returned. He would be gone when the boys got back.

To Prison for Life.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Ameer Ben Ali, or Frenchy, the slayer of Carrie Brown in the East River hotel, was to-day sentenced to state prison for life. Counsel for the prisoner moved for a new trial, citing error in admitting evidence, error in the charge to the jury, and claimed that the verdict was contrary to the evidence. His motion was overruled.

Killed the Marshal.

TEXARKANA, Ark., July 10.—Last night Deputy City Marshal West was shot and killed by J. D. Gaines, a prominent citizen. The men had a dispute about a trifle and the difficulty resulted. West leaves a wife and a number of children.

Rich, But Unhappy.

FORT WORTH, Tex., July 10.—Tom Roche, a wealthy railroad contractor, suicided by shooting himself in the mouth. He leaves an estate valued at half a million dollars.

CAHENSLY'S BREAK.

Silence of Some Catholic Papers Explained.

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—It has been noticed that during the agitation brought about by the Cahensly letter to Leo XIII. no information on the subject was printed in the Catholic papers. The reason for this is explained by the fact that when the first wave of dissatisfaction, caused by the cabled announcement of the memorial and its projects, had subsided, an order emanating from the American Catholic Press association was sent to their Roman correspondent bidding him to drop the Cahensly matter entirely, and write nothing about the movement to appoint national bishops in the American church.

A prominent churchman, who draws his information from most reliable sources, is authority for the statement that the promoters of the scheme, fearing that the outspoken disapproval of the American people would reach the ears of the pontiff and prejudice their case, tried to hush things up until they put the matter through at Rome. The interest taken in the matter by the daily papers and the few religious papers outside of the association frustrated their design. The order was conveyed in a letter written by the editor of the press association, Conde B. Pallen, of this city. His reasons for writing the order are not plain. He is not a German, nor is he supposed to be under German influence.

Several of the local clergy thought that the order had been issued at the request of the Germans, who were heartily ashamed of the whole matter and anxious to have it die out. The letter, however, was written at the very outset of the movement and before the dissatisfaction had become widespread. As Mr. Pallen, who wrote the letter, is not in the city at present, his views on the matter could not be learned.

IN SECRET SESSION.

The Alliance Idea of a Public Debate.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 10.—President J. W. Stokes, of the South Carolina Farmers' Alliance, has issued his ultimatum in regard to the joint debate on the subtreasury question between Gov. Tillman and National Alliance Lecturer Terrell. His decision that the debate should be held in secret session at the meeting of the State Alliance is a great disappointment to non-Alliance men, and very particularly so to Gov. Tillman. As the subtreasury question is one in which the public generally is interested, Tillman's friends say that the debate should be open, and they consider the proclamation of President Stokes as a partial back-down on the part of Lecturer Terrell in advance. Gov. Tillman will be at a great disadvantage before the State Alliance, as he will be addressing a body in secret session which is, to begin with, hostile to him.

BURNED TO A CRISP.

The Terrible Fate of a Foundryman in a Fire at Chaska.

A Preacher Also Badly Burned --The Property Loss About $10,000.

South Dakota Editors Form a State Reform Press Association.

Touching Meeting of a Father and Daughter on a Western Ranch.

Special to the Globe.

CHASKA, Minn., July 10—The Name less brick machine works, foundry and wagon factory, owned by Bierlire Bros., was consumed by fire at 5 o'clock p. m. to-day. Jerry Ehman, one of the factory hands, was terribly burned and his recovery is doubtful. His flesh is burned to a crisp. Rev. C. A. Haahnle, who was near by, was also badly burned while trying to tear and extinguish the burning clothing from Jerry Ehman. Several barns and a house near by were also burned, and the total loss will reach $10,000, with only $2,000 insurance. The fire spread so rapidly that nothing could be saved. The fire department did excellent work, and saved the city from a big conflagation, as the fire was in the heart of the city.

The citizens' reception and ball at the opera house to-night was a most brilliant affair. The field, staff and line officers of the First regiment and artillery attended and complimented the managers. Lake City's social stars and business men were there and showed the good feeling that exists toward the First.

THE REFORM PRESS.

It Forms an Organization in South Dakota.

Special to the Globe.

HURON, S. D., July 10.—A State Reform Press association, to work for the interest of the third party and the Farmers' Alliance in South Dakota, was organized here to-day, with Isaac Landers, of Clark, president; J. M. Pease, of Mitchell, vice president; W. E. Kidd, of Aberdeen, secretary and treasurer. The next meeting is to occur in Madison in August. A conference of Independents and Alliance leaders here today referred the matter of organizing an independent party in the state to conform to the Cincinnati platform to the Independent central committee for settlement, which is understood to be in favor of that platform.

AFTER MANY YEARS.

Pathetic Meeting of a Father and Daughter.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., July 10.—A daughter of B. F. Balch arrived in the county a day or two ago to visit with her father at his home on the Crow Creek reservation. There is a history in connection with this meeting between father and daughter that reads like a leaf from some romance. Fifteen years ago Mr. Balch resided in Missouri. A six-year-old daughter was stolen from him at that time, and although detectives were at once employed to trace her, continuing their search for many years, no clue to the whereabouts of the lost one could be found. Mr. Balch, who is a badly crippled veteran of the civil war, removed to Fargo, N. D., some years ago, and while there made application by letter to President Cleveland, asking for an increase of pension. The letter to the president was a rather unique one, and, coming under the observation of a Washington newspaper correspondent, it was telegraphed to all sections of the country. The daughter, now grown to young womanhood, had been taken to Texas by her abductors, and was in that state when the Washington correspondent telegraphed Mr. Balch's letter to the newspapers throughout the land. The item met the daughter's eye, and she immediately wrote her father, telling him of her whereabouts. The father was completely overcome by the glad news that his long-lost daughter was still alive. The daughter established her identity by sending her father a pair of ear-rings, once the property of her mother, but given to the daughter when the mother died. The daughter, wishing to complete her education, was unable to reach here until this time, and the meeting between father and child after the long years of separation can be better imagined than described.

LAY IT TO MR. KELLER.

Capser and Linnemann Think He Asked for an Investigation.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., July 10.—The commission appointed to investigate into the official acts of Judge Bruener, in relation to the Schapps case, met at the court house at 11 o'clock this morning. The principal witnesses were the complainant, Peter Joseph Schapps, and his wife. Their testimony was wholly immaterial to the charges. The only sensational part was that Mrs. Schapps testified that her name signed to an order of the probate court discharging her as the guardian of her then insane husband was a forgery. Her testimony upon this question was, however, not substantiated. She could not say he committed the forgery. At its previous meeting the commission decided to ask the governor, who, besides Schapps, urged the investigation, and if possible learn from those parties what they knew about the affair. In reply the governor stated that he had been strongly urged to appoint the commission by Henry Keller and Joseph Capser, of Sauk Centre, and Joseph Linnemann, of St. Joseph. Subpœnas were placed in the hands of an officer for these gentlemed, and Linneman and Capser appeared this afternoon before the commission. Keller, however, could not be found. Capser and Linneman in their testimony both denied that they urged the investigation. They thought Schapps had been wrongfully committed to the insane asylum and wanted it determined for a certainty whether he was demented or not. Though they did not positively say so, they admitted that Keller said something about an investigation.

Foster Didn't Strike Him.

Special to the Globe.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., July 10.—It is learned that N. C. Foster, the wealthy lumberman, was not a party to the assault on Ahlers at Fairchild, who claims he was dragged through the streets with a rope around his neck on the Fourth. No suit will be brought, as Ahlers used obscene language to a member of Mr. Foster's household and also that Mr. Foster did not strike him as he charged.

AT MAPLEWOOD PARK.

Yesterday's Proceedings at the Minnesota Chautauqua.

Special to the Globe.

WASECA, July 10.—The exercises of the Chautauqua assembly began with the regular devotional meeting at 8 o'clock, conducted by Rev. J. H. Dewart, of St. Paul. At the morning session of the Itinerant's club, Rev. H. W. Knowles continued his paper on "Books Which Have Helped Me," and Rev. H. C. Jennings spoke on the topic, "Relation of Young People to the Church." The sessions of the club are very interesting and helpful to the clergy, as the large attendance indicates. At 11 a. m. Prof. C. H. Cooper continued his lectures on English history by talking about the "Puritan Revolution." A large number of interested auditors were present. During the afternoon the daily session of Mrs. Hayes' Cooking school was held. This is one of the most valuable features of the assembly and many husbands whose wives are members of the school will rise up and call Mrs. Hayes blessed. The woman's club, conducted by Mrs. S. M. I. Henry, of Evanston, Ill., met at 2 p. m. The subject of the lecture and discussion was "How the Children of the Church Go Astray." The hour was very helpful to the ladies present. The grand concert advertised for 3 p. m. was postponed until Saturday, and instead, Rev. Dr. John Stafford lectured on "Bright Days in Europe." Old Probabilities evidently has a spite against this lecture, as it was to have been given on Monday, but was drowned out by a deluge of rain, and to-day a heavy wind storm tried to blow it away, but, nevertheless, the doctor gave the lecture, and the "Bright Days in Europe" made this stormy day brighter. The great disappointment was the absence of Bishop John Vincent, who was to have lectured at 8 p. m. The bishop was on his way and got as far as Chicago, when, owing to another attack of bronchitis, the physicians ordered him back to his home in New Jersey. His place was filled by Dr. Lysander Dickerman on "The Hebrews in Egypt, Their Sojourn and Exodus." The lecture was frequently interrupted by applause. The programme for to-morrow includes all the schools and clubs, a lecture by Prof. C. H. Cooper on "The Settlement of the Constitution," and a grand concert at 3 p. m. by the assembly chorus.

Perished in the Flames.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Io., July 10.—The home of J. E. Hannegan, general passenger and ticket agent of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern railroad, burned at an early hour this morning. Miss Huff, a servant, perished in the flames and the other inmates narrowly escaped. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Brandborg Gives Bail.

Special to the Globe.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., July 10.—Charles W. Brandborg, held on the charge of murder in the second degree for killing Ole Anderson at Henning on the Fourth, gave bail for $2,000, which was promptly furnished by neighbors.

Going to West Superior.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, July 10.—Prof. A. W. Rankin, superintendent of the city schools, has resigned, having accepted the superint