MINNEAPOLIS.

AT THE EXPO.

The Fish Exhibit Catches Everybody as an Interesting Show.

The fish exhibit is proving one of the most attractive features of the Exposition. It has a crowd in front of it all the time. It is a most interesting show. The tanks are so arranged that the live contents can be seen as they never could be seen in the rivers where they live. The fish are of all sizes, from the little minnow that is good for no practical use except to bait the hook of the sportsman, up to the brook trout that might grace the table of an epicure. And they are very much alive, these fish. They dive and swim and play around the tanks with all the abandon of young colts. The fish grotto is so arranged that it is the favorite resort of lovers. It is light enough so that the fishes can be seen, but it is not too light. It has an air of seclusion about it that is delightful to those happy young creatures who find no happiness equal to that afforded by getting close together away from the crowd and convulsively squeezing hands. They do it, too, in that fish grotto. The stuffed specimens of sea inhabitants and saurians are not less interesting than exhibits of lake and stream dwellers. They are all there from the sea cow to the hammerhead shark and the grampus and the porpoise. There is no sea serpent there as yet, but Press Agent Woodward promises to provide one before many days.

The Mexican band delighted every one again yesterday. They have certainly struck a popular chord. They seem to please the Exposition visitors better than almost any band that has ever been seen at the Exposition.

MAMMA WAS OUTWITTED.

Young Lovers Who Grew Tired of Waiting to Wed.

John S. Grist and Miss Grace Burhaus have been giving the locksmiths the quiet laugh. Mr. Grist is T. B. Walker's private secretary. Miss Burhaus is a teacher in the Plymouth kindergarten. They have loved each other long and ardently. Miss Burhaus' mamma objected to the young man. The lovers were not able to make love in the orthodox way, in the parlor of the young lady, so they enlisted the aid of Uncle Sam. Young Grist sent letters to the young lady to the postoffice, where they were called for under an assumed name. This style of courtship was continued, with success it seems, for two years. But the lovers grew tired of whispering their tales of love through a cold, unfeeling mail box. They resolved to act. The young lady and her watchful mamma have been stopping at Minnetonka. Last Wednesday Miss Grace left her mother, ostensibly to visit a friend at Minnetonka beach. Instead she came directly to the city, was met by the idol of her heart, and they were quietly made one without maternal interference by Rev. Mr. Wilcox. When mamma heard of it she was angry, so it is said, but that makes little difference to the young people. They are housekeeping in a flat on Eleventh street.

THIS IS GOOD.

Lake Residents Called Upon to Work Out Poll Tax.

The people who live out at Maplewood, on the shores of Lake Minnetonka, have refined the summer resort business down until it is an art. They not only want the summer visitors to support them all the year round, but to contribute to the support of their governmental institutions. Within a few days several gentlemen who have been spending the warm season at Maplewood have been approached by the tax collector, who has demanded that they immediately pay $1.50 per head as poll tax or work it out on the road. Naturally they refused. Then they were arrested and taken before Justice of the Peace Freer, of Minnetonka Mills. This second Daniel decided that they must not only pay the poll tax of $1.50 per head, but must pay a fine of $1.50 a day for the time that had elapsed since they were summoned to pay the tax. That made $16.50 each in all. By hard pleading and shedding tears they secured permission to appeal to the district court. There the matter will be settled.

The Military Ascot.
Plymouth Fur Annex, 309 Nicollet.

AMUSEMENTS.

Notwithstanding the rain last evening, "A Midnight Bell" drew an audience to the Bijou that completely filled the house. The orchestra was placed upon the stage. The play was enthusiastically received, George Richards and Eugene Canfield coming in for the bulk of the applause. Miss Ethel Friend, as Dot, repeated her success of the previous night. A matinee performance will be given to-day at 2:30 and an evening performance at 8:15 p. m., which will conclude the engagement.

Seats are rapidly selling for the engagement of George C. Staley in "A Royal Pass," which opens for a week's run to-morrow night at the Lyceum.

Seats are going very rapidly for the "Clemenceau Case" company, which opens the Pence opera house next Monday evening, Aug. 31. Everybody wants to see the original studio scene with its ten lady models, as well as the mammoth "Clemenceau Case."

No Evidence of Fraud.

The famous case brought by James I. Allen, of Omaha, representing some 150 stockholders, against J. H. Bishop, T. E. Bishop and C. Wright Davison and the American Building and Loan association was decided yesterday. It was charged in the complaint that the defendants conspired to defraud the stockholders by selling some lapsed stock without due notice having been given. Judge Lochren gave the plaintiff judgment for $60 on the claim of one man, and dismissed the cases as against the individual defendants. There was no fraud, he found, but the sale had been conducted in an illegal manner, and was, therefore, void. All but one of the plaintiffs, however, accepted the money realized from the sale, and by so doing sanctioned it.

With His Uncle Blaine.

James F. Blaine and wife and Miss Kelly, of Minneapolis, are spending the summer days with Mr. Blaine's uncle, Secretary of State Blaine, at Bar Harbor. Mr. Blaine writes to his Minneapolis friends that his distinguished uncle is in good health. Barring a slight attack of the gout, he says he cannot see but that the secretary is in as good physical condition as he ever was. This assurance is comforting to the Blaine enthusiasts who live in Minneapolis.

Willie Young's Body.

Early yesterday afternoon the body of a boy was found floating in the river near the soldiers' home, and upon investigation it was found to be that of Willie Young, who was drowned nearly a week ago. The body was removed to Gleason & McAllister's morgue, where it now lies. Deputy Coroner Cary has decided that an inquest is not necessary. The parents of deceased reside at 2913 Thirty-second avenue south.

A Serious Fall.

August Carlstrom, a laborer employed at the Linton elevator, corner Eighth street and Thirteenth avenue northeast, fell from the building to the ground, a distance of forty-five feet, shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, breaking his leg and receiving other serious injuries. He was taken in the South side patrol wagon to the city hospital. The injured man is a stranger in Minneapolis, he having only been in the city two days.

OPENED THEIR EYES.

Mayor Winston's Red Hot Spring Water Veto Was Sustained.

Adoption of the Revisory Board's Report by the City Council.

Sons of Veterans Find a Man Not Guilty and Reprimand Him.

Suicide of the Wife of Maj. George W. Camp at Minnetonka.

The council chamber was crowded to overflowing last night with a curious crowd, who expected a red-hot fight over the spring water ordinance, but who were doomed to disappointment, for the matter had all been fixed up before the meeting, and everything went off smoothly and according to programme. The spring water aldermen found, after a careful canvass, that they had not sufficient strength to overrule the mayor's veto, and so, rather than make a useless fight and unnecessarily incur unpopularity, decided to unanimously sustain the veto. The spectators had not long to wait, for just as soon as the meeting had been called to order City Clerk Haney proceeded to read the following communication from "His Honor the Mayor."

The Mayor's Objections.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 22.—To the Honorable City Council, City of Minneapolis—Gentlemen: I return herewith an ordinance granting to Henry W. Phelps, his associates, representatives, heirs or assigns, the right to lay and maintain water mains and supply pipes in the streets, avenues and alleys of the city of Minneapolis, for the purpose of conducting spring water into said city and for supplying consumers of such water in said city, without my signature, and beg to submit the following reasons for withholding the same:

While it may be true that the general control of the streets of the city, given to the city council by the charter, might authorize a proper ordinance granting the use of streets to water companies for the purpose of conducting water for the use of the inhabitants of the city, inasmuch as the city has itself undertaken to supply its inhabitants with water for all purposes, it is certainly not a wise policy for the city to grant ordinances to private companies to engage in such business in competition with itself. The city, having undertaken to furnish its inhabitants with pure water, should perform that undertaking and should furnish all the inhabitants of the city without distinction. If the quality of water now supplied is unsuitable, the city ought of itself to furnish other water. If it is suitable, then it ought not to grant franchises in competition with its own operations. The ordinance in question attempts to limit this competition to the use of water for culinary and drinking purposes, and, by the last clause of section 1 to impose a penalty for using spring water for any other purposes. It would be idle to expect that such a penalty could be enforced even if valid. I hope never to see the prosecuting officer or a court of jury that would punish a man for washing his face in his own house with spring water that he has bought and paid for. I do not believe the city council has authority to create such an offense, and even if it had authority, it is pretty certain that this ordinance would be invalid, because it creates an offense not designated in the title of the ordinance.

The details of this ordinance are objectionable. Whenever the city grants franchises that may or may not be valuable, it should provide by the grant that the grantee should make some performance or do some other thing that shall be an equivalent for the grant made. If the franchises are valuable, the city should have the benefit of that value. If it is doubtful whether or not these grants are valuable, then the grantee should be obliged, as a condition of such grant, to take upon himself some risk as an equivalent to the benefits he should receive if he wins.

Accordingly, it has been the policy of the city to require as a condition precedent that the grantee of such franchises should, within a limited time, make such performance on his part as to insure completion of the projected enterprises, and it is usual not only to provide that the grant shall be determined by the failure to make this performance, but, further, that the grantee should forthwith give bonds to insure such performance. Nothing of that kind is found in the ordinance in question. All the ordinance contains in this behalf is a provision that the pipe shall be laid from the spring to Hennepin avenue within twelve months, and if not so laid, then said ordinance may be repealed.

This gives Mr. Phelps and his associates the power for twelve months, and as much longer as council shall neglect to repeal the ordinance, to peddle this franchise or to peddle the stock of any corporation that may organize for that purpose. If they can sell this stock or this franchise for any bonus, the effect is simply a gift by the city to them of such bonus. If, at the end of twelve or twenty months they fail to peddle out that franchise at a profit, they are at liberty to drop the whole thing without any loss or risk of loss of life on their part. No franchise for the use of all the streets of the city ought to be granted on any such terms. Again, by the terms of the ordinance, if the grantee lay a pipe from the springs to Hennepin avenue within twelve months, or before the ordinance is repealed, it is then granted an irrevocable franchise for sixty years, giving authority at their leisure to lay pipes all over the city, and collect large rates for the use of water, and practically exclude any other company or the city, unless the city should buy them out from the use of the streets to supply spring water. The ordinance makes no provision to require the holders of the franchise to lay any other pipe or to furnish water to any inhabitant of the city. The owners of this franchise would have it in their power to demand an extortionate bonus for laying their pipes on any street. If the spring water enterprise is a good thing, the inhabitants would be anxious to have it, but could not get it without paying a bonus as the ordinance is drawn. If it is not a good thing, the ordinance ought not to be enacted at all. No such franchise ought to be granted by the city without making provision to secure the accommodation of the people, without leaving them the arbitrary control of the owner of the franchise. Without some such provision they might hold that franchise for the benefit of one real estate boom and to pull down another.

While perhaps in terms the franchise so granted might not be exclusive, it is practically so, because nobody else could afford to construct another system of water works with this franchise outstanding. Should any other parties desire to proceed with such construction, they would be forced to buy out this franchise if outstanding.

Again, as the ordinance stands, the city cannot recall this franchise short of ten years, and probably the granting of such franchise would prevent it from getting those rights by condemnation inside the ten years. The city is thus tied up and embarrassed without an adequate return.

In other words, for an expenditure of about $10,000 they would get the power to 'play dog in the manger' for sixty years without doing anything for the benefit of the city at large.

The provision for meter rates is futile. Nobody will ever put in a meter to take water at $2.50 per thousand gallons. The ordinance is further objectionable in taking the control of the streets away from the council and delegating it to the city engineer. Respectfully submitted. P. B. WINSTON, Mayor.

Their Reasons for Changing.

Ald. McGowan, in explanation of his vote, made an elaborate speech of ten minutes' duration. He stated that he had voted for the ordinance under the impression that it was desirable and was desired by the public; but, finding that there existed so strong a sentiment against it, he must vote to sustain the mayor's veto.

Ald. Durnam said that he believed that there should be some provision for the distribution of spring water, but that he should vote against the granting of the franchise. Ald. Loye was the next to declare himself. He asserted that he had acted in good faith in voting for the passage of the ordinance, and that at the time he did so he believed that he was acting in accordance with the wishes of the people. Since that time, however, he had found that the ordinance was very unpopular, and had therefore decided to change his attitude. Ald. Rand took advantage of this opportunity to ring in one of his characteristic humorous speeches. He said that personally the ordinance cut very little figure with him one way or the other, as he

Seldom Used Water

except for his ablutions. He had voted for the ordinance, and had since learned that he had done the wrong thing. He had decided to change his vote.

Ald. Bradish said that he thought the mayor had dealt rather unfairly with the ordinance in picking out its most objectionable features to criticise, while he had said nothing of its desirable provisions. However, he would fall into line and vote to sustain the veto.

President Potter's turn came last, but he had his little say, nevertheless. He recalled the time, two years ago, when Mayor Winston and other gentlemen had endeavored to secure a franchise similar in its general purpose to this one, and stated that during the pending of the ordinance in the committee on waterworks he had heard Mr. Winston make a much stronger speech in favor of the plan than he had yet heard on behalf of this ordinance. This last ordinance, he claimed, was much more favorable to the city in its provisions than the former one. However, although he favored the general distribution of spring water, he would vote with the rest of the council.

Slashed Right and Left.

The revisory board, which has been trimming down the list of public improvements to come within the $500,000 of available funds, submitted its report, which showed that the amount of paving ordered had been reduced from $220,857.36 to $91,665, the curb and gutter work from $119,000 to $6,561, sewers from $475,529.08 to $373,797, and water mains from $246,913.95.

The total amount of work originally ordered was $1,063,366.58. Of this the committee struck out $339,107.59, leaving the figures $724,259. When the report had been read, Ald. Kilchli moved to reinstate all curb and gutter work, on the ground that only a small portion of the expense of this work would be borne by the city, and that if the property owners wanted the improvements, and were willing to pay for them, they should be allowed to have them. The motion was lost, and the report adopted.

Accepted the Franchise.

Messrs. T. B. Walker, Harlow Gale, Maj. George Camp and George C. Maxwell, of the Central Market company, submitted plans of the proposed new market house and a plat of the lot upon which it will be built, together with the required bond of $25,000 and the formal notice of acceptance of the franchise, all of which were accepted and placed on file.

They Want the Hospital.

A communication from the board of corrections and charities urged the council to cause the sale of $25,000 bonds, as authorized by the act of the last legislature, for the erection of a city hospital, and to appropriate such additional sum as should be deemed advisable for this purpose.

What They Want.

The city comptroller submitted a statement of the estimates of the requirements for next year, filed with him by the various departments of the city government, as follows: Fire department, $320,709; police department, $258,667; street lighting, $164,418; salaries of city officials, $55,380; city engineers' department, $47,486; workhouse, $23,000; health department, $60,000; poor department, $85,000; municipal court, $16,330; city assessor, $35,000; building inspector, $11,400; city hospital, $16,552; city hall expense, $11,150; street opening expense, $3,000; pounds, $4,000; incidentals, $3,600; stationery and printing, $15,000; contingent fund, $10,000; elections, $25,000; armory board, $25,000; roads and bridges, $4,500; allowed city treasurer for paying employment on the work of 1891 and 1892, $2,400; total, $1,033,940. The communication was referred to the committee on ways and means.

Will Pay for the Feed.

Under a suspension of the rules Ald. Farnsworth introduced a resolution providing for the payment, from the contingent fund, of the livery bills for the feed and keeping of Supt. Henderson's horse, which were thrown out a short time ago by the committee on claims. The resolution was amended to pay the amount from the police fund, and in that shape was passed.

On recommendation of the committee on roads and bridges the contract for a stone arch bridge across Minnehaha creek at Lyndale avenue was awarded to Charles Stone, whose bid was as follows: Masonry, per cubic yard, $9; piling, per lineal foot, 22 cents; lumber, per thousand feet, $14.

"Fun and Fashion."

This interesting illustrated periodical, filled, as its name denotes, with items of fun and fashion, will be mailed free for three months if you will send your name and address to the Plymouth Clothing House, corner Nicollet and Third.

AN ANOMALOUS VERDICT.

Sons of Veterans Find Gen. Payne Not Guilty, but Reprimand Him.

Yesterday was devoted entirely to business by the Sons of Veterans, and from early morning until late at night they were in session. The most important matter of the day was the report of the committee on the Payne court martial case, which occasioned a long and heated discussion. The committee had unanimously agreed that Gen. Payne had not been guilty of intentional wrong doing, and while it unconditionally exonerated him, recommended that he be reprimanded. This recommendation, as members of the committee explained, was inserted in the interests of harmony alone and simply to conciliate the faction which has made such a bitter fight against Col. Payne. As soon as the report had been presented the discussion began, Judge Advocate Weeks appearing in behalf of the commandery-in-chief, and Judge Rea as the advocate of Gen. Payne.

Judge Rea at once raised the question—If Gen. Payne had been found not guilty, as the report stated, why should he be reprimanded? In a most eloquent manner he pleaded the cause of the past commander-in-chief, endeavoring to convince the commandery-in-chief that a reprimand would be a gross injustice. From 10:30 a. m. to 2:30 p. m. the question was discussed, and finally the commandery-in-chief adopted resolutions providing as follows:

"That the findings of the court-martial be affirmed in so far as they find him guilty of an unwarranted and unauthorized investment of the funds of the commandery-in-chief.

"That the other findings of the court be set aside, except the findings of not guilty, and that the sentence of said court be also set aside.

"That the sentence of this commandery-in-chief is that for said unauthorized use of said funds the said Payne be censured in open meeting of the commandery-in-chief.

"Resolved, That the said Walter S. Payne be, as a part of this sentence, deprived of his past rank as commander-in-chief.

Gen. Payne is allowed, however, to retain his other past ranks, of which he has several.

The reports of committees were also presented, among others that of the committee on ritual, which was allowed to remain unchanged.

During the morning session a committee consisting of Chief Mustering Officer Pollett, Chaplain-in-Chief Garst and Messrs. O'Brien, Stevens and Jones was appointed to visit Plummer Post hall and install the officers of the Ladies' Aid society.

The report of the judges of the exhibition drill was read. The St. Paul camp was declared the winner by a score of 93.6 against 90.26 for Tacoma. This announcement caused great dissatisfaction among the Tacoma boys, as they felt that they had won the prize.

Yesterday the Sons of their fathers closed up their encampment business preparatory to going home. The important committee reports had all been received and disposed of. There was little to do but to install the officers-elect. The complete roster of officers elected is as follows:

Commander-in-chief, Barton S. Weeks, of New York; senior vice commander, H. S. Fuller, of Wiscansin; junior vice commander, Charles A. Bookwalter, of Indiana; chairman of division council, E. D. Morris, of Red Wing, Minn.; members of division council, Isaac Cutter, of Illinois, and W. A. Stevens, of Massachusetts.

Last night the officers were formally installed. That done the business session of the encampment was over. In some respects the encampment has been a decided success. A good deal of important work has been done, though all that was intended to be done was not finished. The Payne matter was settled once and for all; the reorganization of the order on civil lines was completed; the military rank was provided for, and the preparation of a ritual for that rank was looked after. That was about all that was done in the way of special legislation. The much-discussed revision of the ritual was not accomplished. The Sons could not agree on that. It will have to be settled at some future encampment when the sentiment of the order becomes crystalized a trifle more. At present there are too many different ideas of what the ritual should be for the encampment to arrive at any agreement.

Last evening, after the installation of the officers, the young men gave themselves up to the pursuit of pleasure. The big drill hall at the top of the Masonic temple resembled the parade ground of a military post. Uniforms were everywhere. There was, however, a sprinkling of ladies. The dance and not the drill ground claimed the attention of the boys who are anxious to look like their fathers. They danced and promenadee and talked nonsense and enjoyed all the pleasures that come to young people in the ballroom. Then the command of "Lights out" came, and they departed, to begin packing their haversacks for the homeward journey.

Free Latest Fashions in Furs.

Send your name and address to the Plymouth Fur Annex, 309 Nicollet avenue, and receive the illustrations free by return mail.

FOUND IN THE LAKE.

Mrs. George W. Camp Committed Suicide by Drowning.

Mrs. Camp has committed suicide.

That was the sentence passed from lip to lip at the Hotel Lafayette yesterday morning, passed fram cottage to cottage around the lake and brought into the city by the first train. It was all too true. At 7 o'clock yesterday morning the lifeless body was discovered resting on the calm breast of Minnetonka, cold in death.

Maj. George W. Camp arose a little before 7 o'clock and went to his wife's room. She was not there. The pillows had been arranged between the covers to give the bed the appearance of containing a sleeper, but it was tenantless. In alarm he aroused the family and search was begun. They had not far to look. The body of whom they sought was found close beside the steamboat landing. She had been dead several hours. The suicidal act had been carefully planned. It seems that on more than one occasion during the last week Mrs. Camp, while out driving, had inquired of the coachman concerning the depth of the water at various points on the lake shore. She had also taken precautions against the possibility of her clothing supporting her body in the water. Around her waist was tied a little bag in which had been placed some weights taken from the family storeroom.

This abrupt departure from the scenes of earth was actuated by a mind diseased. For several years Mrs. Camp has suffered from nervous disorganization. On that account her husband has taken her to California every winter. Last spring her condition had become so serious that she was removed to the sanitarium at Hudson, Wis. There she improved rapidly, so much that she was brought home a few weeks ago. Ever since she has been unusually cheerful. She seemed in such good spirits of late that her husband thought she was entirely recovered. It was a rude awakening that he experienced yesterday morning. The funeral services will be held to-morrow at Wayzata at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The body will then be brought to Minneapolis for interment in Lakewood.

Mrs. Camp was the daughter of Noah Draper, of Fredonia, Chautauqua county, N. Y. The major married her there April 11, 1853, coming to Minneapolis directly after the wedding tour. They had four children, but only one of them is living, and now is the wife of Henry Von Weddlestaedt, of St. Paul.

Finest Fur House Outside of New York.

The Plymouth Fur Annex, 309 Nicollet.

Brame Must Pay.

C. E. Brame must pay h is fine for contempt of court or go to jail. Judge Canty so decided yesterday. The case came before him on habeas corpus proceedings to set aside the decision of Judge Elliott, of the municipal court, adjudging Brame in contempt for not appearing as a witness when summoned. Brame's attorney argued that the municipal court had no greater jurisdiction than a justice court, the maximum fine of which is $20. He also argued that the writ was not served by an officer, but by a citizen. Judge Canty did not wait for the opposing attorney to make an argument. It was not necessary. In the first place, he held, the municipal court is a court of record, and as such has power to punish for contempt. In the second place, it was not necessary that the writ be served by an officer, that point having been decided by the full district court bench a short time ago. Brame must pay or go to the workhouse.

Crushed Between Cars.

Adam Barge, a laborer, was crushed between two freight cars and probably fatally injured early yesterday afternoon while at work on Monroe street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues south. His body was very badly mangled. He was removed in the South side patrol wagon to his home, 1419 Northrop street northeast.

Electricity Killed Him.

A post-mortem examination of the remains of J. J. West was held yesterday by Deputy Coroners Cary and Orton at Connolly's morgue, and it was determined that he died from an electric shock, as was at first supposed. No inquest will be held, as there has been no request for one and there was no one present in the dynamo room when he died.

LOCAL MENTION.

Complimentary.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 22, 1891.—Educational Endowment Association, City—Gentlemen: I am in receipt of your check for $614.80, being in full of payment for certificate upon my child, which matured on the 18th inst. Please accept thanks for this very prompt settlement. I have always been a friend of your association, and have always indorsed its efficient management. I consider the plan the best for the purposes of your association in existence, and heartily commend same to the public generally. Respectfully,
[Signed] J. W. BUMMERT.

We are informed by the secretary, Mr. Merritt, that the association has paid to date $173,879.01 for the benefit of children. This speaks volumes in favor of the efficient management and object of the association.

Only $20 for $1,000 Policy.

Running twenty-five years, on the title to your home—80 cents a year. No annual premiums. Free defense in case of lawsuit. Title Insurance Company, Oneida Block.

NERVE, BRAIN, STOMACH AND KIDNEY CURE!

Dr. E. C. WEST'S Celebrated Remedy for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment, $1 a box, or six for $5, sent by mail prepaid. With each order for six boxes, will send purchaser guarantee to refund money if the treatment fails to cure. Guarantees issued and genuine sold only by JOS. J. HOFFLIN, Druggist, Cor. 3d Street and 1st Av. South, Minneapolis, Minn.

DAILY GLOBE, Aug. 29.

"EUREKA"

YOU remember we have had considerable to say about Chairs and Rockers. You remember the Grandmothers' and Grandfathers' Rockers we advertised; and also "that old arm chair" at $1.59. We have been trying for a long time to "evolve" a rocker that will be modern, stylish, substantial and more comfortable than "that old arm chair," however much you love it.

We Have Found It

THIS IS THE ROCKER

WE have not yet received the goods, but we know that there is nearly a carload at the depot, and probably before this "ad" appears we shall have the Rockers on the floor.

NOW ABOUT THE PRICE. What would you suppose this Rocker would cost? Bear in mind it is made of the very best chair stock; wood is the hardest of the hard; just cast your eye over the back and notice the heavy "flat work;" notice the arrangement of the spindles and the quantity of same; let your eye wander down to the lower part of the Rocker and see what your impression is of the construction; notice the extra spindles; notice the brace under the seat at the rear; notice the heavy flat arms; then stand back and take in the whole outline of the affair. Candidly, would you expect to buy such a rocker for less than $6, $7 or $8? Our price is

$3.00 300 Cents.

ONE THING MORE We have not expended all our inventive genius on this Rocker. We have 29 new chairs, just received, among our 300 styles, and we propose to inaugurate a new order of things in many lines of goods, but particularly in Chairs.

"Peninsular" The contest continues. The closing day draws on apace. How is your list coming out?

NEW ENGLAND Furniture and Carpet Co. Sixth Street and First Av. S. W. L. Harris, Proprietor. The Liberal House-Furnishers.

YOU CAN order by mail and be as well served as though you visited our store. Goods are sewed up in burlaps, stuffed with Excelsior, and reach you in perfect condition, however great the distance.

GOODS SOLD on our partial payment plan anywhere this side of the Pacific Ocean. One-third, one-fourth, or one-fifth down, balance monthly. One price to all.

Come over and see the great "Tanzboden" at the Exposition.

A FAT PURSE

Is a Life Preserver on the Sea of Life. The question is how to keep a fat purse. Easy Enough. Save money by buying your FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, ETC., of us.

CASH OR Installments.

F. H. Peterson & Co.

73 and 75 Sixth Street South, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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ST. ANTHONY PARK, MINNESOTA,

Midway Between Minneapolis and St. Paul, for the

Safe, Speedy and Permanent

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Drunkenness, the Opium, Morphine, Cocaine and Tobacco Habits.

WE INVITE INVESTIGATION.

FLOWERS AND PLANTS. The finest Cut Flowers and designs for weddings, funerals, parties, etc. Beautiful, strong healthy bedding and house plants, and everything for the garden, greenhouse or lawn. Telegraph orders filled. Choice Flower Seeds at MEINHALL'S. Send for Catalogue. 15 Fourth Street South, Minneapolis, Minn.

MINNEAPOLIS WANTS

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, young man as bookkeeper and stenographer; must have experience. Address, with references, P 250, Globe, Minneapolis.

CARRIAGE FINISHER—Wanted, a first-class carriage finisher and striper, also a painter. 69 South Twelfth st., Minneapolis.

PILES.—Dr. H Waite, Specialist, sixteen years in Minneapolis. Why suffer when cure is mild and certain. Ask hundreds of leading citizens of St. Paul, Minneapolis and the Northwest as to treatment and cure. Pamphlet free. 1219 Hennepin Av., Minneapolis.

JAS. F. WILLIAMSON
COUNSELOR AND SOLICITOR.
Two years as an examiner in the U. S Patent Office. Five years' practice. 929 931 Guaranty Loan Building, Minneapolis 324 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul.

THE CHILDREN

Are Invited to Come to the

EXPOSITION TO-DAY!

Special Programmes Have Been Arranged by the Mexican Band and the Sanford Girls' Orchestra.

50 LITTLE PONIES

All Ready for the Children to Ride and Drive.

ADMISSION

For the Children,

ONLY 10 CENTS

AMUSEMENTS.

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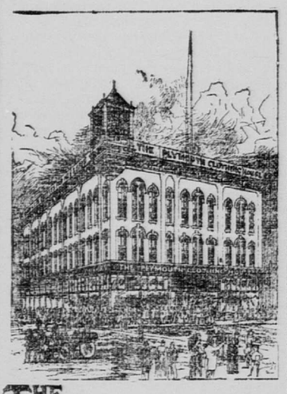

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In addition we have **oxygen compound, extensive electric apparatus,** the **vacuum treatment,** etc., also a staff of **Eight Representative Physicians, Surgeons** and **Specialists,** and every facility for the successful treatment of all **diseases, injuries, Ruptures and Deformities,** including diseases of the **Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose.** Correspondence and calls solicited.

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STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Hennepin. District Court, Fourth Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of the Minneapolis Burial Case Company, insolvent, to Matthew Walsh, assignee.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to order of said court heretofore made in the above matter, the undersigned, as assignee of the above named insolvent, will offer for sale all property and effects of the estate of the above named insolvent, including the burial case and mill plant, stock in trade, bills receivable, book accounts, leasehold interest of premises upon which plant is located, and all other property of whatsoever nature and description belonging to the estate of said insolvent, and that I will sell the same and all thereof to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the factory and shops known as the Minneapolis Burial Case company, situated on the corner of Fourteenth avenue north and First street, in the city of Minneapolis, in said county, on the 29th day of August, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. Terms of sale, cash. Purchasers will be required to deposit at the time of sale a sufficient amount of money to bind the sale, and give satisfactory security for balance, which must be paid upon the delivery of the deeds and transfer papers by the assignee to the purchaser.

MATTHEW WALSH, Assignee.
GJERTSEN & RAND,
Attorneys for Assignee.
Dated Aug. 26, 1891.

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