

BOIES AND HIS BOOM.

Continued From First Page.

of legal coercion for those great moral forces which the cause of temperance, like that of religion, must continue to rely on to exist.

As citizens of a great commonwealth, whose most sacred rights are ever dependent upon the intelligence, integrity and the independence of its judiciary, we denounce the spirit of fanaticism that controlled such convulsions and struck down an able and upright man in his behalf.

Thousands supported Mr. Boies in making that protest. Like him they did not belong to the Republican organization for the gain of office, but because they felt that the Republican party stood for the principles in which they believed.

It had been an ordinary election probably many thousands more would have aided themselves to Mr. Boies. But it was an extraordinary election.

The legislature to be chosen would have to elect a United States senator to succeed Senator Allison. Therefore, all good Republicans desired to have Allison succeed himself, and thus appear in his stead in the Senate.

But Boies did not feel that there was a political home for him. He had opposed the prohibition law because it interfered with personal liberty.

He had opposed a high tariff. He found that the Democratic party's attitude was like his, and, therefore, on that ground he could be a Democrat.

He had opposed an enormous and increasing appropriations by the federal government. He found that so had the Democratic party.

And so, this man, without changing a single conviction, or altering his single opinion as to the conduct of national affairs, entered the Democratic party, and became a strong man in its councils.

How Gov. Boies Triumphed Over the Prohibition Cohorts.

In the fight over prohibition he had acted merely as an independent citizen. In the national campaign of 1884 he acted as a Democratic citizen and spoke for Grover Cleveland in many counties of the state.

His course proved, too, that the getting of office had not been and was not now in his thoughts. The Democrats were almost hopeless in the minority.

It did not look in 1888, when Mr. Boies went into the Democratic party, that the organization would be able to carry the state until a generation of agitation had passed.

But it was the unexpected that came to pass. Iowa Republicans went through a course of instruction on the tariff long before the country at large got its campaign of education on the subject.

There had been a tariff reform propaganda in the state in the decade from 1870 to 1880. The people had tracts and tracts, and the farmers studied the tax question in the county school houses at night meetings and in their homes.

Consequently there had come a change of opinion among the people of the state, and in Republican ranks there were many who were ready to revolt.

The time for this revolt came in 1890. Until a few years before the Democratic party had been so weak that it could not be said that in any campaign had there been a square fight between the parties.

But it was not a victory of the Democrats, but, as usual, in those elections they had made and kept some gains. And now, early in 1890, the managers felt that if they could find a man to run for governor they could make more gains.

They knew that there was dissatisfaction among the Republicans, but they did not believe that it was sufficient to warrant a hope that the Democrats could carry the state. Not a victory of the Democrats, but another gain of votes was all that they were looking for and working for.

Discussion about nominees began early. Newspapers all over the state urged that the best man possible be found. Some journals advocated the name of Boies, and others the name of the suggestion. Members of the state committee felt that he would be a strong candidate.

The campaign was vigorous. The questions of anti-monopoly legislation, of tariff reform and of prohibition were discussed. Especially was there argument for tariff reform. Mr. Boies made many speeches. But he did not content on being made governor. Only a short while before election day a visitor at home in Waterloo found Miss Boies packing some trunks.

Miss Jessie whether she was not rather making early preparation for it. "For," she added, "you won't have to get to the capital until January, and here it's months ahead of that time."

club, New York city, Dec. 23, 1890. The Republican editors called him a blunderer, and said that in that speech he had changed the current of the nation's wealth, and that he was directing it away from the many into the hands of a few.

Upon the silver question Gov. Boies has not made any formal utterance. He has been criticised for being a free silversite. And yet he is not an advocate of that policy.

He believes that the importance and the difficulty of arriving at a solution of the silver question make it necessary that it should receive the most serious attention of the party from now until the convention at Chicago, and that the convention is the only proper arbitrer of what the party's position should be.

As to the question of how to legislate upon silver, so far as his near friends understand them, are these: That the country should not coin or have in use any dollar which is not of the full value as every other dollar of the land.

That the extent of the country's silver interests makes it necessary that those interests should be protected. That the laws should permit a coinage of silver to go so great an extent as the silver question makes it necessary that without driving gold out of circulation, so that there may be a right use of silver and a bimetallic currency.

His Political Creed.

How He Stands on the Tariff, the Silver and Other Questions.

The first article in the creed that Gov. Boies believes is that a man must be true to his convictions. It was fidelity to his convictions that led him to become a Democrat.

In a speech before the Waterloo explaining why he was a Democrat, he said: "It seems to me that but one more disgraceful political office has been made since the attempt on the part of any one to mislead the people of Iowa."

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payments, and the property slipped from his grasp. But now he had more money. The best of land near Waterloo were selling at from \$5 to \$10 an acre. He purchased what he could afford to buy and kept it until he had looked around through the state and found a section into which a railroad had not penetrated.

The soil was as good as anywhere else between the banks of the Mississippi and the Missouri. Shrewdly calculating on the growth of that part of the state, he concluded that sometime a railroad must be built through that region, and, therefore he bought acre after acre as fast as he could.

It turned out that his calculations were accurate, for in time railroad lines were built there, and thus the value of his property was enhanced. Mr. Boies had realized the acquisition of his early years in Iowa and he now has some 3,500 acres.

After the governor removed to Waterloo his wife died. They had one child, a daughter, now Mrs. John W. Carson, of Mount Vernon, Io. Quite recently she was married to a man named Miss Versala Barber, of Waterloo. By this marriage there were two sons and one daughter.

The elder son, Levein, thirty years old, is in his father's law office as a partner, and the other, Herbert, who is twenty-three, is in the same office as a clerk. The daughter, Jessica, is twenty-six years old. She divides her time between the home at Waterloo and the capital. She has dark brown hair and a pleasing manner.

Miss Boies attends the Congregational Church of Waterloo, in which she is a member, and is quite conspicuous. She believes in church work, in temperance, in prohibition, and in the rights of man. She does not feel that the state should force it upon the whole people. Whatever may be her views as to smoking, she is a non-smoker, and she is as judicious as those with which Mrs. Cleveland is credited.

Although the family is identified with the Congregational church, she herself is not a church member. His sympathies, however, are with the churches of the land, and he frequently attends services.

Editor-Priest Suspended.

St. Louis, March 11.—It is stated that Rev. C. K. Uhlman, business manager of the Church Progress, a Catholic weekly of this city, has been suspended from his office by Bishop Ryan, of Alton. It is believed that a difference of opinion in regard to the management of the paper is responsible for the suspension. Rev. Uhlman is preparing for a visit to Rome.

Best Indication in the World of Trust Merit.

What Fred L. Carter, E. P. Bryant and Others Have to Say.

The remarkable demand for St. Paul's Paine's Celery Compound in St. Paul is a very good indication of the best spring medicine that a person can take.

How Is This? Too Bad.

The Bankrupt Stock of E. Holloway at 222 Broadway street is to be sold at auction and private sale, commencing today at 10 o'clock a. m. and continuing every day till all sold. The stock consists of \$14,000 worth of Fine Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, and, as the lease of store expires May 1, the stock must all be sold by that time.

Beneficial Order Broke.

CLEVELAND, O., March 11.—The Supreme Lodge of the Ohio Beneficial Society of Cleveland dissolved last night. Its assets are about \$30,000 and its liabilities about \$10,000. It is a one-year benefit order on a basis of \$150 on a \$3 assessment, or proportionately on lesser assessments, and includes a sick benefit clause.

FACTS AND FANCIES.

Use Angrastra Bitters to stimulate the appetite and keep the digestive organs in order. Dr. J. G. B. Siebert & Sons, sole manufacturers.

Free from all impurity.

Royal Baking Powder

Is the only baking powder yet found by chemical analysis to be free from all impurities and absolutely pure. This perfect purity results from the exclusive use of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes which totally remove all the tartrate of lime. The cost of this chemically pure cream of tartar is much greater than any other, and it is used in no baking powder except the "Royal."

Dr. Edward G. Love, formerly analytical chemist for the U. S. Government, who made the analyses for the New York State Board of Health in their investigation of baking powders, says of the purity and wholesomeness of the "Royal":

"I find the Royal Baking Powder composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substance."

(Late U. S. Gov't Chemist) "E. G. LOVE, Ph. D."

Prof. Love's tests, and the recent official tests by the United States and Canadian Governments, show the Royal Baking Powder to be superior to all others in strength and leavening power.

Strange Legal Case.

Brooklyn's New Bishop. NEW YORK, March 11.—Archbishop Corrigan received an official letter this morning from Rome announcing the appointment of Monsignor McDonnell as bishop of Brooklyn.

Took Summary Vengeance. WHITESBURG, Ky., March 11.—Near here yesterday evening Dave Williams shot and fatally wounded J. L. Asher. The latter had been intimate with Williams' wife, and he was about to obtain a legal separation.

AMUSEMENTS.

DEPILES CHURCH, PLEASANT Avenue, Near West Third Street—President Cyrus Northrop, of the state university, will preach at 10:30 a. m. At 7:30 p. m. Rev. D. Morgan will preach. Prof. Baldwin's free organ recital at 8:15 p. m. Free reading room open at the church every evening during the week. Rev. J. A. Stemen will preach at Grand Park at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 3:30 p. m.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN Church, Cedar St., Opposite the Capitol—Preaching tomorrow by Rev. M. P. Hill, D. D., at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m.; young people's meeting at 8:30 p. m.

HOUSE OF HOPE PRESBYTERIAN Church, Corner Fifth and Exchange Streets—Rev. Robert Christie, D. D., pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor, Rev. Robert Christie, D. D., will preach tomorrow morning and evening. Sabbath school and Bible classes at 12:15 o'clock p. m. Society of Christian Endeavor meets in the lecture room at 6:30 o'clock p. m. Mid-week lecture and prayer meeting Wednesdays at 8 o'clock p. m. All are welcome.

KEEP STORE AT 101 STATE ST., St. Paul, Minn.; would like to have catalogues sent me of all kinds of business. See-En Fanianos.

H. HALE, LITT'S GRAND OPERA House, Block, 115 North Grand Street.

Two Farewell Performances. Matinee 2:30 Today at Reduced Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1. M. A. Palmer's Company in

ALADAM!

LAST TIME TONIGHT. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. L. S. SCOTT, MANAGER.

Reserved Seats Selling for THE POWER OF THE PRESS. A Great Play and a Grand Company. BEGINNING SUNDAY NIGHT. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.

GRAND MATINEE. TWO OLD CRONIES. LAST TIME TONIGHT. A rollicking musical comedy in three acts. Next Sunday Night—"The Danger Signal."

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, DEATHS.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bertram, Girl Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cherry, Boy Mr. and Mrs. John O. Mitchell, Boy Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Mitchell, Boy Mr. and Mrs. Ganton Corbett, Boy Mr. and Mrs. Anton Boske, Boy

MANHEIMER BROS.

Saturday Sale!

Note these articles of Jewelry, for they are very cheap. They have just come in, and the assortment is the largest we have ever shown.

Sterling Silver (Genuine) Stick Pins. Hundreds of styles to choose from, all quite new, 15 cents each.

Real Tortoise Shell Hair Pins! Plain and fancy designs, worth \$1 and \$1.25, for 83 cents.

Handsome styles, regularly sold for \$1.50 and \$2, for Saturday only 98c.

Empress Kid Gloves, \$1.00. In connection with these we call attention to new arrivals of

PERRIN'S KID GLOVES! With the Foster hook, and

PERRIN'S WALKING GLOVES. With Patent Stud Fastenings.

Italian Silk Slumber Rugs! Handsome Roman Stripes, for \$1.25. They are worth \$2.

BLACK SATEN SKIRTS! With gathered ruffle, 75c.

Sheer Lawn Handkerchiefs! Neatly embroidered in novel styles, scalloped edges, 10c Each.

Stylish Mull Ties! Handsomely embroidered in quite new designs, 10c, 15c and 25c.

These are great bargains, and as the quantity is limited, they will probably remain with us only a few hours.

Embroidered Cotton Chiffons, All colors, at 15 cents.

Embroidered Silk Chiffons, All colors, at 35 cents.

Men's Furnishings. We offer special values in

TIRES. 75 DOZEN WINDSOR SCARFS, white and other plain colors, with an assortment of handsome plaids and stripes, all at 19c Each.

Stylish large size BOWS, quite new, for Misses and Boys, at 50 Cents.

Straight-Cut Windsor Scarfs, square ends, handsomely finished, high colors and black, at 15 Cents.

Household Goods!

11-4 Marseilles Pattern Quilts for \$1.12 each.

68-inch Bleached Damask Table Linens, splendid quality and handsome designs, for 75c per yard.

5-4 Napkins to match, \$1.25 per dozen.

20x40 Red and White Bordered Huck-Back Hotel Towels for \$2 per dozen.

Glass Towels, all pure linen, red and white or blue and white checks, at 9c per yard.

IN THE CLOAK DEPARTMENT

WE OFFER: Navy Blue Blazers, new shapes, spring weight, for \$3 each.

Cape Newmarkets, fashionable tan and gray shades, Tudor styles, for \$11.

Cape Newmarkets of fine Black Worsted Diagonal, full 30-inch capes, a la militaire, at \$16 each.

11:30 prices are for Saturday only.

THIRD AND MINNESOTA STREETS, ST. PAUL, MINN.

SMOKE THE MIRABILIA 5 CIGAR.

FOR CURE IN THE WEAK MEN'S CURE IT!

FOR CURE IN THE WEAK MEN'S CURE IT! For medicinal purposes and all private diseases. Hirt's English Oil of Sassafras, a reliable, certain, and safe remedy for all such ailments. Address, 1109 DEBU CO., INDIANAPOLIS, IN.

Sold by L. Mussetter, Fourth and Wabasha

DELICIOUS FRUIT FLAVORS. VANILLA, LEMON, ORANGE, ALMOND, ROSE. PERFECT PURITY, OF GREAT STRENGTH, ECONOMY IN THEIR USE, FLAVOR AS DELICIOUS AND EFFECTUOUSLY AS THE FRESH FRUIT.

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS FRUIT FLAVORS. PERFECT PURITY, OF GREAT STRENGTH, ECONOMY IN THEIR USE, FLAVOR AS DELICIOUS AND EFFECTUOUSLY AS THE FRESH FRUIT.

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