TAKES IN THE STATE.

The Twin City Tournament Extended to All Minnesota Bowlers.

Entries to Be at Once Forwarded Sporting Editor of the Globe.

The Nushka-Kegel Tie to Be Played as Soon as Possible.

W. W. Erwin Will Present the Globe Emblem to the Winners.

ONE more game and the DAILY GLOBE will present the winners of the tournament with the beautiful gold emblem that is attracting such general attention and provoking exclamations of surprise at Foley's billiard room every day, where it is on exhibition. It is not yet decided where this game will occur. The Nushkas are anxious to get it off Thursday evening "and have it over with," as they explain it. Every one of the five of that team is now in the "pink of condition" and "fit to battle for his life," in sporting parlance, and that is one reason for urging no delay. The Kegel club, however, is composed of men whose business requirements prevent complete training, and the members ask for a little more delay. While the GLOBE hoped it could be played this week, it is not now ready to say that it must be. The aim of the GLOBE is to preserve the amenities that have characterized the play from first to the present, and therefore the widest latitude is accorded, although in its arbitration of differences between the two contesting candidates for the emblem, the GLOBE may conclude that in all fairness the game should be played Thursday evening. This is because L. P. Ordway, of the Nushka team, has business engagements that call him East, and it would be manifestly unfair to this organization to compel the club to play this final game, upon which the trophy hinges, without him. It is more than probable that the date will be announced in these columns tomorrow morning.

Since the GLOBE announced its second bowling tournament things have happened that have influenced an important change. Instead of making it a Twin City tournament, the GLOBE has concluded to put up an elegant cup for a state championship series. There are great bowlers in all the smaller cities of the state, and there are few towns that cannot enter a team of five as likely players as the big cities offer. Duluth, Winona, Lake City, Red Wing, Stillwater, Owatonna, Chaska, Shakopee, Carver, and, in fact, all such places have good bowling talent, and they ask to be allowed to exhibit prowess in the tourney. It will prove a great and exciting sporting event, and the cup will be an elegant affair. The St. Paul teams are willing to go into a state contest, and that is what pleases the young men from other places. Any city that wishes to be in the list should send in its entrance at once, addressing all communications to the sporting editor of the GLOBE. There will be no entrance fee, and an announcement will soon be made of an estimate of the cost that will attend any of the outside clubs participating in the sport. A movement is on foot to raise a fund for the purpose of entertaining the visiting clubs while in the city, and it is not doubtful that a goodly sum will be provided. However, these are details that will be announced in the future. The games will be played on Foley's alleys, and it is arranged so that at least two games may take place at the same time, and during the time that the visiting clubs are in the city, the play will proceed day and evening in order to reduce the necessary expense to a minimum. This will be an annual GLOBE event, and is only one of a number of projects in contemplation to encourage manly sports among the amateurs of the state.

The GLOBE is pleased to announce that W. W. Erwin has kindly consented to make the presentation speech on behalf of this paper to the club winning the present badge. Consequently the bowlers may be congratulated upon the certainty of a rare treat. Mr. Erwin is himself an adept with the big wooden spheres and an enthusiast withal, and it is positive that he will have something appropriate and pretty to say when he pins the GLOBE badge to the breast of the captain of the victorious crew.

BECAME RATTLED.

Why Company C Boys Were Defeated Last Evening.

The game of base ball at the armory last evening was productive of enough enthusiasm to make the noise almost unendurable to those who want to hear themselves talk while enjoying the game. The score was a tie at the end of the seventh inning, when the Company C boys became a little rattled, and allowed Company E to make two scores in each of the succeeding innings, and win the game by a score of 7 to 4. The make-up of the teams was as follows:

Company C.	Positions.	Company E.
Fisher	Catcher	Emmerson
Troy	First base	Brady
Snow	Second base	Egan
Robinson	Third base	Good
Dorsey	Left short stop	Murphy
White	Right short stop	Breidert
Bunker	Left field	Bouchein
Barron	Right field	Tubbesing
Rising	Pitcher	Mott

The score by innings runs:

									Total
Company E	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2—7
Company C	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—4

BASE BALL RIVALRY.

Company I Wants to Play for the Indoor Championship.

Company A, of the National Guard Indoor Base Ball league, was beaten by Company D, of St. Paul, the tail-enders, last Friday night, throwing A back and tying it with Company I for first place. The defeated club and Company I broke even on the games scheduled for these clubs, so the superiority of these two teams is an open question. Company I lost a game to Company C by a close score, one to A, and won all the rest. Company A has won all, with the exception of the game Friday night and one to I. The A management, it is understood, intend to protest the D game for the reason that the St. Paul boys played several outside men. This apparently isn't a valid objection, as most all the teams have been compelled to call on outside talent during the whole season, and teams composed of players of this sort have met a great many times. Company I is anxious to play with A for the championship, and, it is understood, is in favor of playing three games to decide it.

The score Friday night was 12 to 8 in favor of the St. Paul boys, and it simply demonstrates that the best clubs will at some unexpected moment meet defeat at the hands of the weak team. There seems to be no good excuse for filing a protest, and the action of "A" is somewhat of a surprise to the adherents of the game.

CORBETT MEANS FIGHT.

Not Much Doubt of the Californian's Earnestness.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The prospective Sullivan-Corbett contest is the all-absorbing topic in pugilistic and sporting circles just now. Some of the local sports profess to believe that the match will never take place. They say Corbett has no intention of fighting Sullivan. One of Sullivan's admirers, Dick Roche, has even gone so far as to offer to wager $500 that no match between the men will be made. Corbett arrived in town last night. This morning he said: "Tell those who want to bet against my good faith in the matter that I will be at the place appointed at 1 o'clock Tuesday to put up the rest of the deposit. I accepted Sullivan's challenge simply because he abused me. I want to get even with him for alluding to me as a bombastic bluffer. I think I can defeat him; I always thought that I could."

Corbett denied that he would have Prof. William Muldoon train him for the prospective fight with Sullivan. He said his sparring partner, Jim Daley, of Philadelphia, would perform those functions for him. He had not decided where he would train, possibly in California, as the climate there suited him better than any other place. He hoped the fight would take place in New Orleans, because the change of climate would not be so great should he decide to train on the Pacific coast.

The Herald announces this morning: In a letter Corbett wrote to one of his old chums and advisers, three lines are devoted to polite inquiries for his friend's welfare and three long pages to a discussion of the coming battle. "I don't care a cent for the $10,000 stake," continued Corbett. "That would be a nice plum, but my backers are welcome to it. What I want is to best Sullivan. Think of what that means; and I feel just as certain that I can do it as that I am certain that I am alive."

A HARSH HARANGUE.

Sullivan Scores Corbett Without Mercy.

CHICAGO, March 14.—"Corbett is a great big stiff," said John L. Sullivan tonight. "He is a pillow fighter and could not punch a hole through a pound of butter. It is just like going out into the road and finding $30,000 to meet him. That's how easy I regard him. Why, the boy has never bested a first-rate man yet. It took him twenty-seven rounds to settle little Joe Choynski, and he fought Jackson to a draw when the negro had but one leg to stand on. When I sparred for his benefit in Frisco he came into my room at the hotel, I swear it, and begged me not to hit him hard. He is a boxer and not a fighter, and is in the same class with Mitchell, and everybody knows how sneaky and tricky the Englishman is. But it is not Corbett who is really doing the talking. Brady is behind him pulling the strings and Corbett dances like a puppet to his music. I hope that Corbett will not flunk, and that we will come together. Slavin and Mitchell are running away as fast as their legs can carry them, and they will soon sneak back to the old country. If Corbett flunks I see no prospect of a match. I want just one more battle and it will be my last."

A Prize Ring Utopia.

Special to the Globe.

ASHLAND, Wis., March 14.—It is stated that Mike Conley, the "Ithaca Giant," will return to Ashland in a few days from the South and settle on a farm near Ashland, and quietly go into training to retrieve his honors in the prize ring. It is also stated quietly that a big match will be arranged for him to come off in a few months at some place around here, which will be a battle for blood and not for boodle. An effort was made to see Conley's old partner tonight to confirm the report, but he could not be found.

Died in Victory.

PORTLAND, Or., March 14. — Pere Henderson, aged seventeen, and Charley Bell, aged fifteen, fought twenty-three rounds near this city this afternoon. Henderson was awarded the fight in the twenty-third round on a foul, but immediately fell to the ground and in a few minutes died from blows he received over the heart.

The Chess Masters.

LONDON, March 14.—Four of the six games played today resulted in a draw, Jasnogrodski and Bird being the only victors. The score at the conclusion of the seventh round: Lasker 5½, Mason 5, Bird 4, Loman 4, Locock 4, Van Vliet 4, Fenton 3, Jasnogrodski 3, Lee Mortimer 2½, Rumball 2, Gossip 1.

Choynski Comes High.

CHICAGO, March 14.—An offer was wired here tonight guaranteeing a purse of $3,000 to Choynski to finish with Godfrey before the Gladstone club, of Providence, R. I. Choynski in reply holds out for $4,500.

St. Louis Races.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—Snowing and cold today. Results:

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Flora May won, Billy Coleman second, Sanford third. Time, 1:05.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile—Castilian won, Brown Button second, Sea King third. Time, 1:20½.

Third race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile—Unlucky won, Crit Davis second, St. Leo third. Time, 1:13.

Fourth race, handicap, five-eighths of a mile—Bessie K won, Nathan Frank second, Belle Redmond third. Time, 1:03½.

Fifth race, half a mile—Osceola won, Lexington S second, Mamie S third. Time, :53¾.

Sixth race, five-eighths of a mile—Profligate won, Chesnut Belle second, Lucy Howard third. Time, 1:03½.

Today's Good Things.

Guttenberg—Ballad and Pluto, Noonday and Brussells, Drizzle and Miss Belle, Joe Courtney and Xenophone, Early Blossom and G W Cook, Peralto and Disappointment.

Gloucester—Judge Nelson and Lum, Flatbush and Jardine, Crispin and Umpire Kelly, Knapp and Uncertainty, Thad Rowe and Majelia, Garrison and Hourl.

New Orleans—Uncle Harry and Claudine, Nnott In It and Jennie Schwartz, Remini and Doc Wick, Sam Sayre and Bonair.

Iowa Restricting.

DES MOINES, Io., March 14.—The Democratic members of the house and senate have agreed upon a caucus bill for a congressional reapportionment of the state. The bill divides the state into eleven districts, six of which in 1890 gave a Democratic and five Republican majority.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

POSTOFFICES GALORE

The Senate Passes the Bill to Provide for Uniform Buildings.

Statement of the Conditions Which Will Govern the New Scheme.

In Executive Session Senators Discuss the Seal Matter.

Naval Vessels Being Placed in Shape for Service in Emergency.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Among the papers presented and referred in the senate today was a protest by the Baltimore conference of the Methodist Episcopal church against the enactment of further oppressive legislation against the Chinese people, as tending to cripple missionary work in China through retaliatory measures. There were also hundreds of petitions presented from grangers praying for legislation against gambling in "futures" and on various other subjects. Half an hour was occupied in the presentation of such petitions. Several resolutions touching world's fair matters were placed on the calendar.

A conference was ordered on the urgent deficiency bills, and Messrs. Hale, Allison and Cockrell were appointed conferees on the part of the senate. The vote by which the senate recently passed a bill in regard to the collection district of Puget Sound was reconsidered, and the bill was recommitted to the committee on commerce. Senate bill to authorize the construction of a combined railroad, wagon and foot bridge across the Missouri river at Yankton, S. D., was taken from the calendar and passed. The senate then proceeded to executive business.

Postoffice Bill Passed.

When the doors were reopened the senate resumed consideration of the postoffice building bill. It was finally passed, yeas 24, nays 21, as follows:

Yeas—24.

Allen,	Frye,	Proctor,
Allison,	Gallinger,	Sanders,
Blackburn,	Hansbrough,	Sawyer,
Carey,	Manderson,	Squire,
Casey,	Morgan,	Stockbridge,
Cullom,	Paddock,	Vest,
Dolph,	Peffer,	Vilas,
Dubois,	Perkins,	Warren.

Nays—21.

Barbour,	Daniel,	Pasco,
Bate,	Dawes,	Platt,
Berry,	Felton,	Pugh,
Call,	George,	Ransom,
Chandler,	Hale,	Sherman,
Chilton,	Hoar,	Stewart,
Coke,	Palmer,	White.

The bill directs the secretary of the treasury to cause to be prepared by the supervising architect of the treasury designs, plans, working drawings and specifications for postoffice buildings, which, before being adopted, shall be approved by the postmaster general, secretary of the interior and secretary of the treasury. The designs and plans are to be so devised as to provide for the construction of buildings of such dimensions as may be required for the transaction of business of presidential postoffices, and so that additions to their capacity may be constructed from time to time without injury to the harmony of the design or usefulness of the building, and such design and plans are to be as nearly uniform as practicable, both as to exterior appearance and internal arrangement, and all such buildings are to be fire-proof and provided with a suitable fire-proof vault.

Conditions of Buildings.

The postmaster general is from time to time to cause to be constructed buildings in accordance with such general design and plans, for the accommodation, in towns and cities having no federal building, of all presidential postoffices, the gross receipts of which for three years preceding shall have exceeded the sum of $9,000 and have not exceeded $90,000; such buildings to be fairly distributed among the several states and territories, the places to be designated from time to time by the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury and the secretary of the interior, but no buildings are to be contracted for or erected in excess of the amounts which may be from time to time appropriated for such purpose by congress.

The material to be used in the construction of any such building is to be determined by the postmaster-general. The cost of such building and site is not to exceed $30,000 at any place where the gross postal receipts for each of the three preceeding years shall not have exceeded $8,000; and at no other place shall it exceed a sum equal to the aggregate of the postal receipts therein during the three years preceding, nor shall it exceed $75,000 in all. The postmaster-general is authorized, when in his judgment it shall be necessary to purchase a suitable site for any such building, at a price not exceeding $5,000, or when the same cannot be otherwise procured, to acquire

Title by Condemnation

in the name of the United States, under the laws of the state within which such site may be situated. The postmaster general is annually to report to congress a statement of all postoffice buildings constructed under the provisions of the act, together with all contracts therefor or relating thereto, and a particular statement of the cost of each during the preceding fiscal year, and also of all contracts for buildings which may be unfinished; and is also at the same time to report to congress a list of all the buildings, with the estimated cost thereof, to be erected under the provisions of the act during the next ensuing year.

Whenever, in the opinion of the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury and the secretary of the interior, it shall be necessary or expedient to provide, at any place where a building is to be erected under the provisions of this act, for the accommodation of government officials other than those connected with the postoffice department, the building is to be erected with a view to furnishing such accommodation.

The bill of which the foregoing is the result was originally introduced in the senate by Mr. Paddock. After another executive session the senate adjourned.

AN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

Senators Discuss Behring Sea Matters at Length.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The senate, in executive session, today spent an hour in the discussion of the Behring sea question. The matter came before the senate in the shape of a message from the president in reply to a resolution requesting further information as to the effect of pelagic sealing. The president sent extracts from official reports of the Behring sea commissioners showing that, contrary to Lord Salisbury's statement, the British commissioners had conceded that the seals had diminished in number by the hand of man, which, of course, meant largely through the acts of the poachers in killing the seals at sea.

The message was laid before the senate, and Mr. Sherman moved its reference to the committee on foreign relations. But the senators wished to hear the extracts enclosed by the president, and defeated the motion. The matter was read in full, and then followed a debate very similar in character to those which occurred last week. The point of difference was to be seen in the strength shown by the sentiment favorable to the protection of the claimed rights of the United States in Behring sea by all the resources of the government, pending arbitration. Short speeches were made by Senators Sherman, Butler and Morgan, of the committee on foreign relations, and by Messrs. Piatt, White and others. At their conclusion the papers were referred to the committee on foreign relations.

INTO SHIP SHAPE.

Uncle Sam's Vessels Being Rapidly Made Ready.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14. — The same activity that prevailed at Mare island navy yard during the discussion of the Chilian affair has again been revived by reason of the Behring sea controversy, and every indication points strongly to the fact that the government proposes to send immediately north all the available naval vessels on the Pacific coast station. Pending the final settlement of the Chilian question the government had pushed work with dispatch on all the vessels at the yard, and the steam engineering department had been worked night and day.

The same state of affairs exists at this time. The machinists are doing double time on the Ranger; the Albatross is ready to go as soon as the orders are received. This afternoon the Charleston left the yard. She will remain for a few days, or until such time as orders for her to take her departure are sent by the navy department. There is a possibility that she will leave for San Diego and await the pleasure of the authorities at Washington. Capt. Picking, who relieved George C. Remy, has arrived and taken command. Not only can the Ranger, Charleston, Albatross and the Rush be dispatched to Behring sea on short notice, but the Baltimore could also be dispatched, should her services be needed. The revenue cutter Corwin has taken her departure, and the Bear will follow next month.

THE SUPREME LAW.

Important Postoffice Case—Butler Gets a New Trial.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The supreme court today announced ten decisions, only two or three of which were of general interest or importance. The United States appealed from a decision by the court of claims, rendering upon the following state of facts: William Wilson was appointed postmaster at Chadron, Neb., in 1885. In October, 1886, the postmaster general raised the grade of the office and fixed the salary at $1,600. His commission as third-class postmaster did not issue until January, 1887; the auditing offices refused to pay Wilson at the rate of the increased salary prior to the date of his new commission, although he performed the duties of the office. The court of claims decided that he was entitled to pay of the higher rank from the time the office was raised, and the supreme court, through Justice Lamar, announced its opinion, affirming the judgment of the court of claims.

The well known case of Gen. B. F. Butler against the National Home for Disabled Soldiers was sent back to the Massachusetts circuit court for another trial by Judge Harlan, speaking for the supreme court. While acting as treasurer for the home Gen. Butler loaned $15,000 to Gov. Tilton, of the eastern branch home, for the uses of the institution. Afterwards the money was returned, but it was alleged Gen. Butler did not account for it, and the board of managers brought suit to recover the money. Judgment was given against him in the court below. He appealed, and the supreme court, by Justice Harlan, said his appeal was well grounded and that a new trial must be given him. Justice Harlan said it was plain from the record that the case had not been fully tried, and for that reason must be heard again. Justice Brown dissented from the judgment of the court, asserting that, in his opinion, the court had given Gen. Butler full opportunity to present and establish his defense. Justices Fuller and Gray took no part in this case.

MORRILL MAY DIE.

Vermont's Aged Senator in a Dangerous Condition.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Senator Morrill, of Vermont, who has represented that state in the senate for twenty-five years, is dangerously ill, and his chances for recovery are very slight. He remained at home Saturday on account of a cold and spent the day at his desk, and in the evening was with his family and a few friends, but yesterday he was compelled to keep his bed. His physician pronounced him dangerously ill. He was somewhat easier this morning, but during the day there has been no improvement in his condition. Senator Morrill is eighty-two years of age, and it is feared his constitution is not sufficiently robust to withstand the attack of so serious a disease as congestion of the lungs. His family do not look for any amelioration of his condition tonight, and his death may ensue at any time.

District Day in the House.

WASHINGTON, March 14. — In the house today a joint resolution was passed authorizing the joint committee on printing to investigate the subject of a site for the public printing office and report to congress. A bill was passed making Council Bluffs, Io., a port of delivery. After passing numerous bills affecting the District of Columbia, the house went into committee of the whole on the army appropriation bill, Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, in the chair. The bill was discussed for half an hour, when the house adjourned until tomorrow.

New Chilian Ministers.

WASHINGTON, March 14. — Senor Montt, the Chilian minister, received a cable message from Santiago, Chili, today, announcing the formation of a new Chilian ministry, as follows: Juan Castellon, minister of foreign affairs; Eduardo Matto, minister of interior; Gaspar Terro, minister of justice; Jorge Riesco, minister of industry; Augustin Edwards, minister of treasury, and Luis Barros, minister of war.

The Deep Water Channel.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The project for a deep water channel through the connecting waters of the Great Lakes has practically received the approval of the majority of the house committee on rivers and harbors, which is framing the river and harbor bill. The amount of the appropriation has not yet been fixed.

Rebates on Tin.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The treasury department has decided that a drawback may be allowed on the exportation of tin cans manufactured from imported block plate tinned in this country.

Hetherington Held for Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—The Oceanic arrived from China and Yokohama today. Lieut. Hetherington has been held by the coroner's jury for killing the English broker, Gower Robinson, on the charge of wilful murder. As the Oceanic was leaving Yokohama, the U. S. S. Alliance, Lieut. McClintock, was run on the new breakwater for about forty feet of her length and it is expected she will be a total loss.

Mothers Who Love
Their children, who take pride in their beauty, purity and health, and in bestowing upon them a child's greatest inheritance, a skin without blemish, and a body nourished by pure blood, should not fail to make trial of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, the purest, best and most economical cure for all humors of the skin, scalp and blood.

HETHRINGTON'S SHOT

The Yokohama Coroner's Jury Finds a Verdict of Willful Murder.

Before Dying Robinson Expressed Forgiveness for the Deed.

British Naval Vessels Had Refused to Receive the Dead Man.

Half a Million Men Lying Idle on Account of the Miners' Strike.

YOKOHAMA, March 14.—The inquest into the circumstances attending the death of George Gower Robinson, a prominent broker and society man, shot by Lieut. J. H. Hetherington, of the United States steamer Marion, Feb. 13, was concluded on the 18th, with a verdict charging Hetherington with willful murder. The latter had accused Robinson with alienating his wife's affections, and meeting Robinson, who was driving with a friend named M. Pors, on the afternoon of the 13th, Hetherington fired three shots at Robinson, one bullet passing close to Fors, the second also flying wide of the mark, but the third striking Robinson in the side, shattering his hip.

The ball traveled forward and upward util it reached the stomach. Robinson was carried into the United club building, where he lingered until 11:30 o'clock Sunday night, Feb. 14, when he died. Before death he caused a letter to be written to United States Admiral Belknap, expressing pardon for Hetherington's act, and requesting that the utmost possible leniency might be shown in dealing with the case. Many prominent officials and residents of Yokohama were present at the inquest. Dr. Wheeler testified that he found the bullet in Robinson's abdomen, and that death was caused by hemorrhage. Dr. Eldridge testified that Robinson told him in an indirect way who fired the fatal shot, and added: "Doctor, if I get through this time alive,

He'll Finish Me

next time." The doctor replied: "No, if you recover he'll be out of the way of doing you any mischief." On Robinson asking what the doctor meant, the latter stated that Hetherington would be arrested. Robinson responded: "Good God, that will never do; it will ruin the poor fellow." After repeating this Robinson asked Dr. Eldridge to write, from dictation, to Admiral Belknap. In the letter Robinson used the phrase, as nearly as the witness could remember, to the following effect:

If anything from me can make the position of Lieut. Hetherington easier or better I shall be very glad. I fully forgive him.

M. Pors testified that Robinson was one of his best friends. On Saturday afternoon he went driving with Robinson. The witness' attention was called to a man who stepped up to the side of the cart with a revolver in his hand. The man, whom he subsequently ascertained was Lieut. Hetherington, cried out "Stop, you blackguard." Robinson made no reply, as Hetherington at the same time fired the first shot. Pors testified a second shot was fired while he was rising from his seat to jump out; Robinson cried out, "Oh, my God," and bent over to the left side. The witness jumped to the ground saying, "Gower,

Drive for Your Life;

I'll stop him." Witness struck the ground and received some contusions. When he rose the cart had proceeded some distance. Pors testified he threw himself upon Hetherington and they both fell. The latter rose, Pors clinging to him, endeavoring to seize the revolver and imploring Hetherington to desist. This continued for some seconds, Hetherington expressing his intention of continuing firing. Finally he dropped his arm, saying: "I have done it." Pors then ran after Robinson and two policemen took charge of Hetherington. Robinson had told him that afternoon he was in some trouble, but was pledged not to divulge what he had heard.

The coroner then reviewed the evidence, impressed upon the jury that in considering a verdict they must dismiss from their minds all reports and rumors which they might have heard. The jury returned the following verdict: "We find from the evidence laid before us that George Gower Robinson, broker, of Yokohama, died Feb. 14 from a bullet wound inflicted by J. H. Hetherington, lieutenant of the United States navy, Feb. 13, and we find said J. H. Hetherington guilty of willful murder."

Robinson's funeral took place Feb. 23, and was attended by a majority of the leading residents.

Lieut. Reamy, of the Marion, was the first of Hetherington's friends at his side, and his wife arrived at the consulate shortly after. Owing to the fact that Robinson had been involved in various other scandals, it is contended that the feeling was so strong against him that a number of British war vessels in port refused to receive him on board. Despite the fact that he was a rich and prosperous merchant, surrounded by friends, none of the latter came forward to swear to a complaint against his slayer.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—Rear Admiral Belknap was interviewed today concerning the Hetherington tragedy at Yokohama. While refusing to express an opinion as to the justness of Hetherington's act, the admiral intimated that public opinion in Yokohama was not all against Hetherington, although the occurrence is deeply deplored by everybody.

LOAFING THOUSANDS.

The Miners Strike Forcing Others Out of Work.

LONDON, March 14.—Flintshire, in Wales, appears to be the only place where the order of the Miners' Federation to quit work has not been obeyed by the members of the association. The latest estimates of the number of miners who are now idle place the figure at 350,000. Owing to the closing down of other industries because of the strike, fully 300,000 men in other employments have been thrown out of work. In many cases manufacturers who have have large coal stocks will endeavor to tide over a week's stoppage, but if the strike exceeds a week in duration, their supply will soon be exhausted and they will be compelled to shut down. If they they are forced to close their works, the number of idle operatives will be doubled.

The members of the South Wales Miners' Federation will limit the output of the mines in which they labor and will not work overtime during the strike of their fellow miners elsewhere. The iron works at Bolton are idle. The Furness Railway company has given notice of dismissal to the bulk of its employes engaged in goods traffic. In the Leeds district the strike is severely felt. Nearly all the large mills and the iron and steel works are reducing the number of their employes, or suspending work altogether. The coal market in London today shows no effect from the strike. The tone is flat and there has been no advance in prices. There is but little demand.

Russian Grain Depots.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 14. — The council of the empire has ordered that in the future one grain depot shall be established to every 300 peasants' huts, and that from these depots seed corn shall be distributed in the spring to the peasants, who must return it in the autumn. Special bureaus will be established to report annually as to the condition of the grain harvest of the empire, so as to enable the government to adopt measures to avert a famine in the future.

BRITISH COMMONS.

Canada and Esquimalt Defenses Up Again.

LONDON, March 14.—In the house of commons today Sir John Broderick, financial secretary of the war office, stated that he had reason to believe that the Canadian minister of militia was interesting himself in the question of the defenses of Esquimault, and that the government was confident that the work would now be carried out. James C. Flynn (McCarthyite), member for the northern division of Cork county, asked the government what portion of the £25,000 voted for British representation at the Chicago Columbian exposition would be allowed for Irish exhibits.

Sir John Gorst, financial secretary, replied that the grant was given to the United Kingdom, and that Irish exhibitors would have the same facilities as those in other parts of the kingdom.

The subject of the arrest of two Englishmen at Auteil, France, Sunday, the 3d inst., they not being allowed to communicate with the British embassy, was brought up. James William Lowther, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, stated that the grave matter had been the subject of a communication to M. Ribot, French minister of foreign affairs. Mr. Lowther said he trusted the French government would be willing to redress the injury and prevent the recurrence of a similar incident.

REAL HOT ELECTIONS.

The Japanese Campaign Full of Excitement.

YOKOHAMA, Feb. 25.—The elections for members of the Japanese diet are practically finished, but the exact result is unknown. The government newspapers claim a majority of about twenty, but this figure is reached by counting all the independents as government supporters. The elections have been distinguished by riots and assaults, there having been twenty persons killed and 140 wounded at various times during the campaign. Intelligence received from the polling places show that a very small proportion of those entitled to the elective franchise exercised the privilege of voting. General charges of intimidation and bribery have been made in sections, and in one precinct a ballot box was surreptitiously made away with.

Plot to Kill the Sultan.

LONDON, March 14.—A dispatch from Constantinople to the Exchange Telegraph company states that great excitement has been caused there by what the police claim is the discovery of a plot to assassinate the Sultan Abdul Hamid III.

Russian Activity.

BERLIN, March 14.—The building of temporary barracks continues along the Russian frontier. It is reported that the officers of the Russian reserve have received sealed orders. Gen. Gourko holds daily conferences with his generals of division.

A Paris Sensation.

PARIS, March 14.—A great sensation has been caused by an article in the Petit Parisienne stating that two officers of high rank in the accountant general's department have been arrested on the suspicion of serious frauds. The robberies are said to be very extensive, and an official investigation is progressing.

Hot Springs, Ark.

Excursion tickets are now on sale at "The Burlington" Ticket Offices to Hot Springs, Ark., and return at low rates. Only one change of cars. Close connections in Union Depot, St. Louis. Sleeping car accommodations secured through.

CHAS. THOMPSON, C. T. A.,
164 East Third Street, St. Paul.

The World "Do" Move.

LONDON, March 14.—The senate of the university of St. Andrews, the oldest in Scotland, has decided to open to women the university's departments of theology, arts and sciences.

The Sisseton Indian Reservation.

The secretary of the interior officially advises the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway that this reservation will be opened for settlement on or about April 15, 1892. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway is the direct route to this reservation, and intending settlers should bear this fact in mind. For further particulars apply to the company's agents.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers, and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects; prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
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AWARDED GOLD MEDAL PARIS EXPOSITION 1889.
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Our Dress Goods Department recently? Have you seen our line of High-Class Paris Novelty Pattern Dresses? And did the salesman show you those beautiful new Bordered Crepons, the Brocaded Crepons, the Corded Crepes, Plain Crepes (in all shades), the Silk-Striped French Challies, the French Printed Cashmeres, the Marbleized Camel's Hair Suitings (in all shades), the handsome Bayadere Striped Suitings in changeable effects, the new Scotch Bordered Suitings, those majestic Wide Wale Diagonals and Chevrons, new French Broadcloths in all the delicate tints, those 40 different shades of Lansdowne and the many other beautiful DRESS FABRICS to be found at no other St. Paul store? And the PRICES; did you note them? Then, did he call your attention to PRIESTLEY'S FINE BLACK DRESS GOODS, THE BEST MADE, of which we have the following line:

PRIESTLEY'S

Stamped Nun's Grenadine,
Stamped Nun's Veiling,
Venetian Crepe,
Wool Crepe,
Wool Striped Crepe,
Silk Warp Crepe,
Crepon in various weaves,
Silk Warp Henriettas,
Silk Warp Sideband Henriettas,
Wool Grenadine,
Wool Figures and Fancies,
Wool Diagonals,
Wool Nun's Veilings,
Wool Tamise,
Wool Corkscrews,
Nun's Serges,
Polka Dot Serges, etc., etc., etc.
(First Floor.)

All at Lowest Prices.

Drapery Silks.

New ones, full 32 inches wide, printed or plain, very handsome. Special price only

59c Yard.

"Saratoga Shades,"

Take the place of two shades at the same window, a dark, rich color to the street and a soft, mellow shade in the room. You save the expense and annoyance of two shades. This is the reason why every every good housekeeper buys the Saratoga Shades. If you haven't seen them, take elevator to Upholstery Department, third floor.

While you are there examine the quality of our new 32-inch plain and figured Drapery Silk at 59c, better than ever sold before at 75c.

(Third Floor.)

Schuneman & Evans,

Sixth and Wabasha Sts., St. Paul.

Globe, March 15.

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We show the largest and most complete line of Chamber Suits in St. Paul, at prices from $11.50 on up.

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We also have now on show all the newest and latest Styles, Patterns and Colorings in

Carpets, Wall Papers, Draperies and All Kinds of Parlor Furniture!

In fact, everything pertaining to Furnishing Your Houses Complete. All Goods Sold on Our Improved Credit Plan, which means you can buy:

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You can pay $10 down and $6 per month.
$40.00 worth of goods—
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EPPS'S COCOA,
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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labeled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

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DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa, caused by overexertion of the brain, self-abuse or overindulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1 a box, or six boxes for $5, sent by mail prepaid. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order for six boxes, accompanied with $5, we send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if it does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by W. K. Collier, successor to Hippler & Collier, druggists, Seventh and Sibley sts., St. Paul, Minn.

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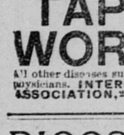

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Weakness, Nervousness, Dizziness, Lack of Confidence, Losses, Evil Dreams, Quickness, and all Wasting Diseases caused by over-exertion of the Brain, Self-abuse or Excesses Cured by Dr. Avery's Specific. Having been used for many years in private practice with great success, we have now put up in $1.00 boxes and sell it with a Written Guarantee that five dollars worth will cure the worst case.
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