A CYCLONE CARRIES DEATH TO SCORES IN THE VILLAGE OF WELLINGTON, KAN.

Daily ST. PAUL Globe.

ADLETS COST BUT LITTLE, AND DON'T TAKE VERY LONG TO GET YOU WHAT YOU'RE AFTER, THEY NEVER STRIKE IT WRONG.

VOL. XIV. SAINT PAUL MINN., SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1892. NO. 149.

CYCLONIC SWEEP OF DEATH.

A Savage, Resistless Besom of Annihilation Dragged Through a Kansas Town by Cruel-Hearted Storm Fiends.

FIFTY PEOPLE ARE REPORTED KILLED.

A Large Section of the City of Wellington, Sumner County, Razed and Many of the Ruins Burning.

OVER A HUNDRED MAIMED AND INJURED.

Guests of Two Large Hotels Crushed and Cremated or Fatally Burned in the Awful Wrecks.

RESCUING PARTIES FIND DEAD ON ALL SIDES.

Stunned by Their Misfortunes, Citizens Are Incapable of a Coherent Account of the Great Calamity.

CHAOS, GRIEF AND DISTRACTION REIGN.

WELLINGTON, Kan., May 27.—Wellington was struck by a terrible cyclone this evening and the entire northern portion of the city was destroyed. About 50 people are supposed to be killed and 125 injured, but the confusion is so great that the exact loss of life cannot be stated definitely tonight. Among the dead are

MRS. WILLIAM STRAHN,
KITTIE STRAHN,
SILVA AND WALTER FORSYTHE.
IDA JONES.

The Wellington hotel and the Phillips house, the two largest hotels in the city, were completely wrecked, and the ruins of the Phillips house took fire. Many of the guests were doubtless burned to death.

A heavy storm of wind and rain preceded the cyclone about half an hour. A few minutes after 9 o'clock the cyclone struck the city, coming from the southwest. There were no premonitory signs. Everybody was indoors, and the cloud passed with its destructive rush and awful roar unseen.

At 11:15 o'clock fifteen dead bodies had been recovered and the investigation of the wrecked buildings was only barely made.

Whole Blocks Laid in Ruins.

Washington avenue, the principal business street, is lined on both sides for blocks with ruins. To add to the horror, fire broke out among the debris of Col. Robinson's block, and a woman, Mrs. Susan Ash. , is supposed to have perished in the flames. A solid block of brick buildings, containing half a dozen stores and the Monitor, Press and Voice printing offices, lies a tumbled heap of bricks and mortar. Just across the street a man named Fanning was taken out of the ruins dead, and there are supposed to be other bodies in the ruins. Hundreds of dwellings are totally destroyed or more or less damaged. The city is in darkness, as broken mains made it necessary to shut down the gas works and save destruction from fire.

Hon. James Lawrence, candidate for attorney general, had an arm broken. Walter Forsyth was taken from the ruins badly wounded, and his brother Ed was talking for an hour before his release. Seven bodies have been taken out of the Phillips house ruins, and a large force of men are hard at work removing the debris. Two members of the Salvation Army are expected to die from injuries received. At Squire Smith's residence seven persons are more or less injured.

Indescribable Destruction.

The streets are littered with tin roofing, cloth awnings, broken glass and timbers. Everybody is on the streets carrying lanterns, and it is utterly impossible to get at the exact facts. The destruction is simply awful, and every minute adds to the horror of the situation. The Standard and Mail offices are wrecked. The opera house and dozens of the best business buildings are useless. Fine school buildings and churches are ruined. No reports have been received from other points.

The cyclone did not do much damage until it reached the center of the town. On Jefferson avenue it destroyed the Presbyterian church, but only unroofed the residences. Its most disastrous work was done in the compass of four squares bounded by Jefferson avenue, Avenue C and Seventh and Ninth streets. Every building in those two squares was demolished and wrecked. Fortunately, the residences in that locality are not numerous, otherwise the loss of life might have been much greater than it now appears to be.

Work of Rescue Only Begun.

The Phillips hotel was demolished, and seven dead bodies have been taken from the ruins. The work of rescue there has only just begun. The house was well filled with guests, and the loss of life in that one house has doubtless been great. Mrs. Sashen and Miss Strahn were sisters. They were killed by the collapse of the Sashen & Kirk carriage factory, and their bodies are in the burning ruins of that structure. Silva and Walter Forsythe received fatal injuries in a restaurant. Ida Jones was a dining-room girl in the Phillips house, and was instantly killed. Her body was the first to be taken from the ruins of that building. Grand Army hall has been converted into a hospital, and hundreds are now employed in the work of carrying the dead and injured to places of safety.

The destruction south of Harvey avenue was comparatively insignificant and no lives have been lost in that section so far as is known. The destruction in the northeast part of the city has also been great, but definite details cannot now be had. Great confusion prevails everywhere and the whole facts cannot now be learned.

Wellington is the county seat of Sumner county, and has a population of over 10,000 inhabitants. It is in the center of a thickly settled district. It is the most prominent town in Southern Kansas.

A NEW CHANNEL.

Memphis People Alarmed by the Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 27.—The Mississippi river now, from its steady force and powerful current, is evidently seeking to take a short cut from below Old River, about one mile above the city, to a point below West Memphis and every rise in the river makes this danger more threatening. Two or three years ago, the government commenced mattressing the Arkansas bank, from below Hopefield to where a coal fleet is anchored nearly a mile above. In the spring rise of last year about 250 feet of this work was carried away, and in this present rise about 150 feet more have gone and the water is pouring over into the woods at that point. This overflow finds passage back into the river by the way of Four-Mile bayou, which, heading in Marion lake, above Mound City, runs west of West Memphis and empties into the Mississippi some two or three miles below this city. The channel made by the overflow in its course from the river to the bayou is becoming more and more defined daily.

THOUSANDS IMPOVERISHED.

General Overflow Threatened by Broken Levees.

SHREVEPORT, La., May 27.—The situation in this section is growing hourly more serious on account of the steady rising of the river. It now seems that a general overflow of the Red River valley is inevitable. Thousands of people have been impoverished. The steamers Wagner and Howell are doing great work in saving life and property in the overflowed section. The Howell brought from the lower river, 117 men, women and children rescued from levees and high houses. The water is the highest since 1849. Two breaks occurred in the levee today on the left bank of the river, one below Shreveport on the Bleacher place, and the other at Cold Point, fourteen miles above. The water rushes through these breaks like mill races, and will spread over three-fourths of the land of Bosse parish. The water from the Cold Point crevasse will interrupt traffic on the Shreveport & Arkansas railroad.

RUIN AND STARVATION.

Arkansas' Destitute People Out of Reach.

ARKANSAS CITY, Ark., May 27.—The story of the flooded districts has not been half told. There are not 1,000 acres of dry soil in Deshota county. All the people have been rescued and are now on high ground, but actually starving, so difficult of access are they to the relief steamers. All the big plantations for forty miles in the Arkansas valley are utterly ruined.

Fatal Mill Explosion.

DAYTON, O., May 27.—An explosion in the wood pulp mill at the Friend Paper company's mill at West Carrollton, six miles south of here, today demolished the building and killed Emery Blood, the assistant superintendent. Henry Stebbins, the superintendent, was slightly injured, and two other employes were hurt.

Disastrous Railroad Wreck.

NILES, O., May 27.—Negligence and an open switch and siding caused a big railway accident here at midday on the Pittsburg & Western railroad, by which twenty-four freight cars loaded with merchandise were thrown off and smashed and the engine wrecked. James McFarland, of Girad, was killed, and John Jones, also of Girard, was fatally injured.

HEROES PASSING AWAY.

Gen. Streight Dead and Gen. Gresham Dying.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 27.—Gen. Abdel D. Streight died at his country home, two miles east of this city, this morning. He was born in Wheeler, N. Y., June 17, 1829. For many years he worked at the carpenter's bench, and later engaged in the book-publishing business. He recruited in the Fifty-first regiment of Indiana volunteers, and was commissioned colonel in 1861. Col. Streight's command became prisoners of war, and the officers were sent to Richmond, Va., and committed to Libbey prison. By reason of his having led the raid into the enemy's country, Col. Streight was ironed, confined in a dungeon and forced to subsist on corn bread and water for thirty days for attempting to escape. Soon after his release from the dungeon, he planned the memorable and historic tunnel scheme for escape, by which 108 officers secured their freedom. After the battle of Nashville, he was made brigadier general by President Lincoln.

CHICAGO, May 27.—Col. Benjamin Gresham, an elder brother of Judge Walter Q. Gresham, and a hero of the wars with Mexico and the Confederacy, is dying at his home on his farm near Lanesville, Harrison county, Ind. Judge Gresham returned from his brother's bedside today, and is hourly expecting a dispatch announcing Col. Gresham's death. The dying soldier is sixty-five years of age. At the battle of Chancellorsville, a Confederate bullet struck him in the right hip, passed clear through his abdomen, piercing the bladder and lodging in the left hip. He recovered, however, and was promoted for gallantry colonel of the Tenth Indiana cavalry. Later, at the battle of Nashville, Col. Gresham was dealt a terrible blow with a musket over the heart. This wound has affected him ever since, and of late years he has been paralyzed physically, and recently his mind failed. The old hero has a wife and five children.

FREMONT, O., May 27.—Gen. Ralph H. Buckland, of this place, died today from a stroke of apoplexy at the age of eighty years. He was in command of the Fourth brigade of the army of the Tennessee at Shiloh and a member of the Thirty-ninth congress.

MONTE CARLO TRAGEDY.

An American the Latest Victim of Gaming.

NICE, May 27.—Another tragedy has come to light at Monte Carlo, notwithstanding the efforts of M. Blanc and his agents to bury out of sight the victim of the gambling casino. James Welbregg, said to be an American from New York, arrived in the early part of this month. He had over $20,000 with him. The games seemed to have for him an irresistible attraction, and he was continually talking about the great winnings of the reputed successful gamblers. Welbregg played heavy stakes, but luck was steadily against him, and when he withdrew from the tables his whole capital had disappeared.

Tuesday Welbregg entered the casino and approached the tables as if about to play. He did not play, however, but stood and watched others, as if the spectacle fascinated him. Then he turned away and walked into the reading room of the casino. Suddenly the report of a revolver was heard, and there was a rush to the reading room, but before the visitors had an opportunity to see who the victim was the employes of the casino swarmed about the suicide and the body was borne away. In the dead of Tuesday night the body of Mr. Welbregg was borne to the cemetery in which repose other victims of the gambling table at Monte Carlo.

Mr. Welbregg had some acquaintances who were not to be put off in their resolution to know what became of him, and they succeeded in finding out all the facts regarding his fate and ascertaining that the new grave in the cemetery covered his remains. The affair has caused great excitement among the foreigners, and especially the Americans and English at Monte Carlo, following as it does upon the recent suicide of Count de Blocciszewski, an esteemed member of the Polish colony in Paris, who is said to have lost 800,000 francs in the casino.

Milwaukee Bill Postponed.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The consideration of the bill for extending for four years the time of building the Milwaukee railroad through the Sioux reservation, from Chamberlain, S. D., to the Cheyenne river, has been postponed till June 6 on the request of Congressman Jolley, of South Dakota, who went before the house committee on Indian affairs today and asked a postponement till advices should come from Chamberlain as to the temper of the people on the subject.

Bonanza Town in Danger.

CREEDE, Col., May 27.—Creede is in danger of being swept away. The melting of the snow on the ranges has caused Willow creek to rise rapidly, and for the past week it has been running bank-full. It is now almost out of its banks, and the dikes are apt to give way at any moment. Residences along the valley road are in a perilous position, for, once the dike gives way, there is no hope for the town, which is mostly bottom land. Many people have left the city, owing to the danger of a flood.

A Confessed Dynamiter.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—Albert Hoffman was arraigned today for manufacturing dynamite bombs for the purpose of destroying the Lippincott manufactory, of which he was formerly an employe. When asked what he was going to do with the bombs he said they were to be used in blowing up his boss and foreman. He was held in $1,000 bail for further hearing.

Dallas in Luck.

DALLAS, Tex., May 27.—The convention of the Butchers' Protective association has decided to locate and erect its packing house and stock pens, to cost half a million dollars, in Dallas. Austin, Tex., and Kansas City were competitors with Dallas, but only received one vote each. Dallas contributes $50,000 to the enterprise.

Chicago Alley "L" Road.

CHICAGO, May 27.—A successful trial trip was made on the Alley elevated railroad today, with a train bearing 340 passengers. It was the first "L" train ever run in Chicago.

HILL IN FOR A FINISH.

Congressman Cockran Says That Tammany Will Be True to the End.

New York's Seventy-Two Will Stand by the Senator Faithfully.

Vague Rumors of a Possible Truce Between Cleveland and Hill.

Indications All Continue to Point to Blaine, but Ben Is Stubborn.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The congressional friends of Senator Hill express great annoyance at the repeated statements that the New York delegation to the Democratic national convention contemplate abandoning Senator Hill after a ballot or two and casting their votes for some other candidate.

Hon. W. Bourke Cockran strongly resents the insinuation that the Tammany delegates are not loyal to Senator Hill, and he, as well as Gen. Slocum, asserts that Hill is in the fight to the finish; that not one of the seventy-two delegates will abandon him, and that if the New York candidate is to be defeated he will go down with the seventy-two votes of the Empire state loyal to him to the last.

DAVID B. AND STEPHEN G.

Vague Rumors Concerning a Possible Truce.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The Herald says: The air was full of rumors yesterday of a conference of the utmost importance regarding the candidacy of Grover Cleveland and Senator Hill. A number of prominent Democrats from other states came to this city quietly, and went away as quietly as they came. Don M. Dickinson, of Michigan, ex-postmaster general under Cleveland was here yesterday. William M. Singerly, of Philadelphia, was here Wednesday night. Attorney General Henzel and Secretary of State William F. Harrity, of Pennsylvania, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon, and ex-District Attorney John R. Reed, of Philadelphia, joined them last night. It is said that many other conspicuous Democrats are in the city, but have kept out of sight.

One report is that Mr. Cleveland's attitude toward the May anti-snap convention is about to be made known in an authoritative way. Another is that efforts are being made to patch up a truce between Cleveland and Hill. All the men mentioned above are ardent supporters of Mr. Cleveland. They are also known to be fearful that the action of the convention to be held at Syracuse may be such as to put Mr Cleveland in a false attitude before the convention—that of being backed by bolters. The Pennsylvania men are doing their best to get the sixty-four votes of that state solid for Cleveland, and Mr. Dickinson has Michigan's delegation of twenty-eight votes for the ex-president.

WILL NOT BOLT, BUT—

If Hill Should Be the Man Bolt They Will.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The World prints some interesting interviews from leaders of the anti-Hill movement. Among them is one with Christopher C. Baldwin, the Wall street banker, who is said to have spent $25,000 in the Hancock campaign. He is one of the provisional committee of fifty and a delegate to the Syracuse convention. Asked about the report that the delegation to Chicago would be simply a protesting one, he replied: "No, sir; we are going to stand by our colors. We will send a contesting delegation to Chicago. What effect would a protesting delegation have? The people are overwhelmingly for Mr. Cleveland, and we are voicing their desire for his nomination."

Recurring to the argument that a contesting delegation from Syracuse would look in other states as though the party were seriously split in New York, Mr. Baldwin said: "We are all good Democrats. We will vote for any good man the convention chooses. If it does not choose to give us Mr. Cleveland, well and good. We will not bolt."

"Unless Mr. Hill is nominated?" suggested the reporter.

"Of course," assented the banker. "But he will have no voice in the convention. New Jersey settled all yesterday. I believe the matter is practically settled, and that nothing stands in the way of Mr. Cleveland's nomination."

BLAINIACS TURN BULLS.

Trimmers Setting Sail to Catch the Breeze.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The Blaine feeling which has been expressed with a mixture and fear for the past week by his many supporters who have been congregating in this city took a decided bull movement tonight. Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, a delegate to Minneapolis, was cautious and guarded in his statements when he arrived here the other day, but he has not evidently got his bearings and is prepared to speak by the card. Said he tonight:

"I confidently believe that Blaine will be nominated on the first ballot. I see nothing to prevent it. In the section from which I come, there are only four state delegations instructed for Harrison. My own state delegation will cast its full vote for Blaine. He will get eighteen votes of the forty-eight delegates in Illinois, all but two of the six votes in North Dakota and half the Minnesota delegation; Montana will give him her six votes, California her eighteen votes, and other states will follow suit."

J. M. Aspley, president of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & Northern, who has announced his intention to do his utmost for Blaine, said tonight that the Pacific slope should have a place on the ticket. He thought that Blaine and Este would sweep the country.

J. Sloat Fasset was asked tonight what he thought of the ticket as given above. He replied: "Mr. Este is a good man, and it would seem to me that the Pacific coast ought to get what it wants if its demands are reasonable, but I understand that Mr. Este was not a soldier, and the candidate for vice president must be a veteran."

Considerable interest in the arrival of Gen. J. S. Clarkson, who was expected to reach this city on the "congressional limited," with news of importance from Washington. Senator Platt left the hotel tonight for the purpose of meeting Mr. Clarkson.

Secretary Blaine remained in his rooms at the hotel this evening, not leaving for Washington as expected. Senator Platt called at the hotel and afterwards said: "I understand Mr. Blaine will leave for Washington tomorrow. There is no significance in his going. All reports about abandoning his intention of going to Bar Harbor is all rot, as he never had an idea of going there in the first place.

BELIEVES BLAINE OUT.

Dr. Depew Sees No Reason to Desert Harrison.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The Times prints the following: Chuncey M. Depew's attention was called yesterday afternoon to a published statement that Mr. Blaine had reconsidered his "I-will-not-be-a-candidate" letter to Mr. Clarkson, and was now willing to accept the nomination for the presidency.

"Well, I spent about an hour and a quarter with Mr. Blaine yesterday," said Mr. Depew, "and he did not talk that way to me. I do not think that there will be any such message sent from Blaine to the convention."

Do you still adhere to your opinion that Mr. Harrison will be nominated?"

"Yes, I am still of that opinion," said Mr. Depew, and after a slight pause he continued, "I would be a Blaine man if he were a candidate, but he has not placed himself in a position where he can be so considered. If the convention nominates him it will have to take the risk of his declining. I do not believe that Mr. Blaine will be a candidate at the convention."

In reply to a question as to whether Mr. Blaine's physical condition would permit him to enter upon the strain of a presidential campaign, Mr. Depew said: "He certainly looked well enough yesterday."

JIM EATS TOO MUCH.

So Says Matt Quay Concerning Blaine's Health.

PITTSBURG, May 27.—Senator Quay came to the city today and has been besieged with callers. When asked if Mr. Blaine's name would be presented to the Republican convention, Senator Quay replied: "I think 700 delegates will present the name of James G. Blaine to the Republican national convention at Minneapolis on June 7."

"But hasn't Mr. Blaine refused to be a candidate?" was asked.

"Yes, he says he is not a candidate, but that would not stop the delegates from nominating him."

"He also said in his letter that his name could not be presented to the convention."

"Well, he may say that, but if some delegate would present his name, neither he nor no one else could stop that."

"Is it true, as published, that you stated that Blaine would be nominated?"

"No. I never made such a remark, although I think nine-tenths of the delegates are for Mr. Blaine."

"Have you any assurance that he would accept the nomination if tendered?"

"I know nothing about that. I suppose, however, that if he is nominated unanimously he can hardly refuse. I never heard of any man refusing the nomination for the presidency of the dominant party after it had been made."

Speaking of Mr. Blaine's health Senator Quay said: "Mr. Blaine eats too much, then he has an attack of indigestion and thinks he is going to die, but he is not. He is good for many years yet, and if nominated for president would sweep the country."

SOUND AS A DOLLAR.

Secretary Blaine Stands a Physical Examination.

NEW YORK, May 27.—A special to the Press from Washington says Dr. Pepper, of Philadelphia, provost of the University of Pennsylvania, one day last week made a thorough physical examination of Secretary Blaine, at the latter's request. The doctor sounded Mr. Blaine's lungs, tested his heart, examined his muscles and tested all his other vital organs. After the examination was finished Dr. Pepper said to Secretary Blaine: "Mr Secretary, you are a perfectly sound man. There is not a symptom of organic disease about you. The only possible defect that I can discover lies not in either your vascular or your muscular system. Your nervous system is a little strained, but that can be speedily remedied. You want to look after your eyes and take plenty of exercise. With these precautions you are fit for anything."

The Press says this was one, and perhaps the most striking, of many stories narrated Wednesday night at the dinner given by Senator Allison to the following gentlemen: Chairman Clarkson, Vice President Morton, Senators Hale, Aldrich, Hawley, Davis, McMillan and Jones, of Nebraska, and Representatives Burrows and Henderson, of Iowa. The story about Mr. Blaine's physical condition was supplemented by the statement, made upon the authority of one socially intimate with Mrs. Blaine, that the lady was greatly pleased with the results of Dr. Pepper's tests, and that she is more than ever willing that the secretary of state should accept the nomination, provided it comes as a voluntary gift from the Republican party.

CARTER FOR HARRISON.

A Federal Official Talks for the President.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—General Land Commissioner Carter, who is credited as speaking by proxy for Harrison, said today:

"I have no knowledge of Mr. Blaine's purposes with reference to the presidential nomination, excepting through his own letter to Gen. Clarkson, in which he announced that his name would not go before the convention. It seems to be offensive and improper to quest on Mr. Blaine's veracity or sincerity. The people who instructed the delegates to Minneapolis in favor of the president may have done so because of the belief that Mr. Blaine would not be a candidate. I assume that action favorable to the president was in many cases taken with the further understanding that, in the face of Mr. Blaine's letter, he (Blaine) could not be a candidate before the convention. With the friends of the president it is wholly immaterial who the candidates presented to the Minneapolis convention may be. The president's name will be presented, and he will be nominated by that convention. With the record made by Harrison during the campaign of 1888, the Republican party will not stultify itself by repudiating the blameless and successful candidate and president."

AN ALLEGED FORGERY.

History of the Printing of the Grant Letter.

NEW YORK, May 27.—W. D. Brickell, proprietor of the Columbus Evening Dispatch, was seen at the Fifth Avenue hotel today, and, in regard to the letter recently published purporting to be from Gen. Grant to Roscoe Conkling, relating to the latter's effort of make Gen. Grant a candidate for the presidency a third time, said:

"Last May George Shepard Page, of 60 Wall street, New York, visited Columbus as a guest of Ernest MacMillan, president of the Columbus & St. Louis Gas company. During his stay in Columbus he was a frequent visitor at the Dispatch office, and during one of his calls showed in the office a letter which he claimed was an original and genuine letter from Gen. Grant to Roscoe Conkling. Those who were in the office at the time recall having seen the letter, and, as near as all could judge from the signatures of Grant under his picture, concluded that the letter was genuine. Mr. Page allowed a copy of the letter to be made, but insisted that it should not be published at that time. When asked how he came by the letter, Mr. Page replied: 'By a combination of luck, strategy and questionable methods,' and that was one reason why he did not want it made public at the time. He added that if the letter were ever published—and he supposed it would be—the public would excuse the questionable methods employed which preserved so important a bit of history.

"The letter was copied and handed back to Mr. Page, and the copy put away and almost forgotten until my return from New York, when, in looking for some other papers, I came across it. As Mr. Page was now dead, I thought there could be no objection to the letter being made public, and, without a thought as to its political bearing, I concluded that it should be published to round out the life of Gen. Grant. No politicians were consulted in regard to its publication; and as for Mr. Foraker, he knew nothing about it. Mrs. Page, now living at Summit, N. J., distinctly remembers her husband showing the letter. She is now searching among his papers to find it. If there was a forgery we did not know it. We took the letter for what it was worth, believing it to be genuine."

INDIANA PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Radical Temperance Men Sat on —Financial Plank.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 27.—The state convention of the People's party attracted more attention from the old parties today than did the Prohibition convention yesterday. This was largely due to the fact that most of the delegates are recent deserters of the old parties. The convention numbered about 800. It was stated about the lobby that the committee had a pretty hard time in getting a platform together, for the reason that the Prohibitionists had largely infringed on their ideas.

Several prominent Democratic politicians were mingling with the reformers when they were called to order at 10:30. The proceedings were opened with prayer. Samuel W. Williams, of Knoxville, was elected permanent chairman, and in his speech said the People's party was born of the hour, and predicted long life and usefulness. The People's party agreed with the Democratic party that the tariff is a tax, but there were three questions on which the People's party did not agree with either of the old parties. These were: Finance, without regard to the tariff, transportation and land. The party, he said, wanted the per capita circulation increased to $50, and wanted the free and unlimited coinage of silver; the party was opposed to banks of issue. He opposed the national banks, and declared that if Andrew Jackson were alive he would be a delegate to this convention.

When the report of the committee on resolutions was read a Randolph county delegate read a minority report on the temperance question, which threw the convention into an uproar. The chairman of the committee on resolutions stated that nine members of the committee had opposed the prohibition plank and four had favored it. He urged the People's party to be leaders and not followers. By an immense majority the temperance plank was excluded from the platform. Following is the financial plank:

We demand a national currency safe, sound and reliable, issued by the general government only, a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and that without the use of banking corporations; a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people, as a tax not to exceed 2 per cent, to be provided as set forth in the sub-treasury plan of the Farmers' Alliance, or some other system; also by payments in discharge of its obligations for public improvements.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and condemn President Harrison for calling the international monetary conference and inviting other nations to assist us in fixing a value of our silver. We regard it as an effort to demonetize the silver dollar by a national agreement.

We demand that the amount of the circulating medium be speedily increased to not less than $50 per capita. We demand a graduated income tax. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all national and state revenues shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

Lery Templeton, of Benton county, was nominated for governor; J. A. Houser, of Indianapolis, for lieutenant governor; J. L. Hobson, Wabash county, secretary of state; Townsend Cope, Genning county, treasurer of state; D. A. Fernandez, Madison, attorney general; J. H. Allen, Vigo county, superintendent of public instruction; C. H. Bliss, Howard, state statistician.

LINCOLN OUT OF IT.

Harrison's Mr. New Authorized to Say So.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 27.—John C. New arrived here today. He denies the published statement that he has a letter in his possession from Minister Lincoln refusing to allow his name to be used as a presidential candidate, but says that he is authorized by Mr. Lincoln to say that he is not and will not be a candidate. Mr. New says that he knows nothing further about Blaine's alleged candidacy than he has seen in the papers. He still believes that Harrison will be renominated on the first ballot, and will leave for Minneapolis next Monday to accomplish this. He pronounces the alleged Grant letter to Conkling a rank forgery.

A Meager Satisfaction.

CHICAGO, May 27.—The Republicans of the Fourth Illinois congressional district adopted strong Blaine resolutions today, but did not instruct. Henry Wulff and A. W. Pulver were selected as delegates to Minneapolis. John M. Roach and John Worthy are the alternates. Postmaster Sexton declares the Harrisonites are satisfied, "having secured one delegate and one alternate who are not pronounced Blaine men."

Clarkson Beards Ben.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Chairman Clarkson, of the Republican national committee, called at the White house this morning and had a long interview with the president.

Harries Favors Veterans.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Congressman Harries, from the committee on invalid pensions, today reported adversely Senator Newberry's bill to strike from the pension roll all persons residing in foreign countries. Capt. Harries says: "We do not consider that the place of residence cuts any figure. There are numbers of old soldiers who are compelled to live outside the United States because of the high prices of the necessaries of life, caused by rigid protection measures."

DEATH IN MORPHINE.

A Wealthy Vermont Man Takes His Own Life in Montana.

He Was Despondent Over a Sister Who Had Become Insane.

Classes Graduate From Normal Schools at St. Cloud and Moorhead.

Two Persons Killed on the Omaha Line at Eau Claire, Wis.

Special to the Globe.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., May 27.—Bert C. Hunter, a mining man of Neihart camp, sixty miles distant, was found in a clump of willows by the river here yesterday forenoon, black in the face and apparently dead, except for a slight gurgling sound in the throat. A bottle capable of holding sixty grains of morphine near by told the story. Three physicians at once began work on him with an electric battery and other appliances. For seventeen hours they kept him moving and bouncing on a board to keep off the fatal sleep, but he died at 2:45 this morning. He was single and his age twenty-five. He had acquired valuable property. His home was Poultney, Vt. He came here a few weeks ago and had been leading a fast life. He has been despondent over a sister who went insane.

ST. CLOUD GRADUATES.

Large Number Turned Out by the Normal School.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, May 27.—The largest class in the history of the St. Cloud state normal school was graduated today, when thirty-three ladies and six gentlemen received their diplomas at the hands of State Superintendent D. L. Kiehle, which entitle them to teach in the public schools of Minnesota. The annual lecture to the school was delivered last night at normal hall by Rev. S. G. Smith, Ph. D., D. D., pastor of the People's church, St. Paul. He spoke upon the theme: "Some Educational Problems." His remarks were brilliant, forcible and somewhat radical. This morning at 9:30 o'clock the twenty-third annual commencement of the school took place. The graduates are:

Minnie Aiton, St. Peter; Minnie E. Andrew, Marshall; Kittie Bennett, Clear Lake; Sarah W. Boulter, Minneapolis; Elsie Campion, Angus; Helen Dillin, Minneapolis; Margaret M. Fehr, St. Cloud; S. Emily Fisk, Clearwater; Mary Fitzgerald, Litchfield; Lucile E. Gilman, St. Cloud; Frank E. Harmon, Grove Lake; Serena Haugen, Aitkin; Lizzie Hitchcock, Redwood Falls; Margaret M. Jerrard, St. Cloud; Ives T. Johnstad, Sacred Heart; Jessie L. Kenyon, McGregor; Nellie F. Lauer, Clearwater; Minnie Lange, St. Peter, Amanda S. Larson, Alexandria; Matilda J. Luthey, Becker; Cora D. Le Roy, Alexandria; Clara Manuel, Ralph W. Manuel, Bellingham; Carrie G. Mason, Alexandria; Helen G. Maywew, Sauk Rapids; Carrie T. Mitchell, St. Cloud; Mathias E. Moen, Starbuck; Emilie Nessel, Rush City; Jennie B. Oas, Rush City; George H. Otterness, Willmar; Sadie Patterson, Clear Lake; Ada A. Ridge, Anoka; Carrie C. Smith, Clearwater; Syver Vinje, St. Olaf; Emma A. Walker, Alexandria; Margaret S. Walker, Alexandria; Mary L. Wedgewood, Monticello; May L. Williams, St. Cloud; Bertha B. Willson, Buffalo.

DISHONORED JURYMEN.

An Angry Judge Lectures a Thoughtless Crowd.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 27.—A sensational scene occurred in the federal court this morning. Last night the jury acquitted John C. Newton, president of the Des Moines & Kansas City railroad, of conspiracy to defraud the government. Newton immediately banqueted the jury at the Saverie hotel. This morning Judge Coolson reprimanded Newton, broadly intimating that if he had power he would again put him on trial, and that if he had anticipated such conduct he would have set the verdict aside. He then dishonorably discharged the twelve jurymen from any further connection with the federal courts.

Two Men Killed.

Special to the Globe.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., May 27.—Two horrible accidents occured on the Omaha here today and two men met their death. One was Frank Krauser, a brakeman, who, at an early hour this morning, by the giving away of a brake wheel, was thrown between the cars and so injured that he died in a few hours.

At 7 o'clock tonight, an old man was struck by the express near the city limits and cut into a thousand pieces.

From the Moorhead Normal.

MOORHEAD, May 27.—Commencement at the State Normal school is finished. It has lasted nearly a week, commencing last Friday evening with the senior rhetoricals, which were concluded on Monday evening. The graduating class is composed of twenty-one young gentlemen and ladies, as follows:

Advanced course, Corene J. Bissonette, Alma R. Bittner, Garda M. Larson, Andrew A. Lommen, Nellie C. Loomis, Ethelwyn G. Lord, Catherine Magner, Annie R. Peterson, Luella S. Peterson; elementary course, Nannita M. V. Bagley, Augusta H. Bittner, Stella L. Demars, Lillian R. Dodge, Ida K. Hancock, Marian A. Hanson, Susie A. Kitteridge, Anna C. Olsen, William Park, Annie S. Sand, Clara M. Vivian and James Witherom.

Probably Murdered.

OSHKOSH, Wis., May 27.—Dr. D. W. Rowland, of this city, brother of the man who was recently found dead in his room at Clintonville, made the sensational statement yesterday that he was convinced that his brother's death was not caused by an accident, but that he was foully murdered. He says that strenuous efforts are already being made to detect the guilty person and that a good clue to work on has been discovered.

Some Iowans for Ben.

DES MOINES, Io., May 27.—Chairman Mack, of the Republican state central committee, himself a delegate at large to Minneapolis, said this morning that he believed that with the possible exception of Clarkson, the Iowa delegation was solid for Harrison. He doubted the authenticity of the recent Clarkson interview, but admitted that certain expressions in them sounded like Clarkson.

Winona Normal Reception.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, May 27.—The reception tendered to the class of 1892 of the Normal school by President Shepard and the state board this evening at Normal hall was a very pretty affair, and was attended by over 200 people.

Raining in North Dakota.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., May 27.—It seems as though rain would never cease falling. As fast as the ground gets in shape for farmers to proceed with seeding another downpour knocks them out. It commenced raining at noon today, and prospects are that it will continue all night.

SANBORN, N. D., May 27.—There was a light rain today. Seeding is about finished, and nearly half the grain is sown. Prospects were never better.

Bribed to Confess.

ALBERT LEA, May 27.—The jury in the case of the State vs. Charles Brown, after having been out a night, came in this morning and could not agree, and were discharged. This is the second defendant in the Tanner trial. Thompson, who was yesterday convicted on his own confession, went upon the stand and swore that the confession was gotten out of him by bribery, and that neither had anything to do with the robbery. The case will be tried again next week.

Money for the Sufferers.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX CITY, Io., May 27.—The ninth body of the flood victims was taken from the debris today, that of C. M. Vaux, a laborer who recently came from Lemars, where his wife was on the point of securing a divorce. He had tried to wade out from the flood and was carried away. About $25,000 has been received on the flood sufferers' fund and as much more is needed to care for the people. Subscriptions are being received from all parts of the state.

Killed by the Cars.

Special to the Globe.

LAKE BENTON, Minn., May 27.—An eight-year-old boy named Hans Gilbertson was killed by the cars near his home three miles east of Tyler this afternoon. He stood on the end of the ties apparently looking at the approaching train. The engineer thinking the boy would get off, blew the whistle, but did not stop.

Was it Bichloride?

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., May 27.—Last night H. McKenzie was found dead in his bed at the Fargo house. He is an old settler here and is sixty-four years old. It is said that he had been taking the bichloride cure for the liquor habit, and this caused his death.

A Notable Wedding.

Special to the Globe.

LAKE CITY, Minn., May 27.—The most elaborate event of the season took place this evening, the occasion being the marriage of Miss Ruby Dwelle, daughter of Henry Dwelle, one of our most prominent citizens, to Ervin Wallace.

Knight Not Guilty.

Special to the Globe.

WEBSTER, S. D., May 27.—The jury in the circuit court of Day county found A. M. Knight not guilty of the blackmail indictment obtained against him in that county, and completely vindicated him.

MUST STOP FIGHTING.

Warning to Irish Factions From America.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The Irish Nationalists appointed by last November's conference to issue an address, met yesterday and approved a strong manifesto, demanding that the factional strife in Ireland shall cease or American and Australia will not furnish "sinews of war." They call the conflict going on most scurrilous and declare that it has well nigh forfeited the confidence of Irishmen abroad, by twelve years of dignified effort for home rule under Parnell's leadership. The manifesto is signed by J. P. Farrell, New Haven; Thomas F. Keenan, Boston; Dr. William Carroll, Philadelphia; John Devoy, Chicago; James Gibson, Paterson, N. J.; J. P. Howard, Charles O'Donnell, Des Moines; John M. Dingay, White Plains; James R. Obierne, Michael Breslin, New York; Dr. J. W. Casey, Rochester; John King, Passaic, N. J.

Gebhard's Latest Fad.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Fred Gebhard has become such an enthusiast on the subject of the gold cure for dipsomania that he has established a Keeley institute of his own. The institute, which was opened for the reception of inebriates a week ago, is at Babylon, L. I. A physician from the head center of the Keeley system at Dwight, Ill., has arrived in Babylon to give gold jabs to such patients as may desire them.

THE GLOBE BULLETIN

Weather—Light showers; cooler.
Tammany will stick to Hill.
Blaine rumors still very thick.
Appalling loss of life in Kansas.
Talk of Cleveland-Hill truce.
Vermont man suicides in Montana.
Discrimination cases on, Minneapolis.
Blaine's man Curtis in St. Paul.
Bob Lincoln not a candidate.
The silver bill is delayed.
The anti-options bill is balked.
Two men killed at Eau Claire.
Pardridge is reported short.
A Des Moines jury gets fired.
Two lumber associations fighting.
Lawyer Gribble sues Judge Hooker.
Judge Wood becomes justice of peace.
Salisbury offered a dukedom.

RUN OF THE MARKETS.

May corn advanced 7c on Chicago 'change yes