MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

Yesterday's real estate transfers amounted to $445,417; the building permits to $1,615.

September just closed was drier than September, 1891, and the average temperature was 4.1 deg lower.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Christ Hitten and Bessie Halverson, H. T. Ham and Lee D. Chapman.

The woman's council will hold an open parliament today at 2:30 p. m. in the Conservatory hall, 608½ Nicollet avenue.

The bank clearings yesterday were $1,061,991.80, and for the week $6,426,889.61, as against $8,758,453.68 the same week last year.

Allie M. Stafford has been selling liquor without a license in a place on Lake street, near Lyndale avenue. Yesterday she was fined $25 in the municipal court.

Up to 3 o'cock yesterday afternoon the record of fire alarms during September was 51, including 32 box and 19 still alarms. The loss on buildings was $1,044.75 and on contents $968.15.

The Christian Endeavor societies of Minneapolis held a joint meeting in Wesley M. E. church yesterday afternoon and evening. Addresses on Christian Endeavor work were made by Capt. Sam G. Neil, J. E. Thwing and O. P. Gifford.

Henry Carter, Oscar Rittenberg and Louis H. Hainlin have formed a company with a capital of $100,000, and will open a wholesale millinery house at 254 and 256 First avenue north, the quarters now occupied by Patterson & Stevenson.

The business of the building inspector's office during the month just closed was over double that of September of last year. The total number of permits issued last month was 246, whose estimated cost was $474,000. Last year in September 236 permits were issued, and the estimated cost was $449,425.

W. A. Lindeke, for the past twenty years actively engaged in the dry goods business in St. Paul, has connected himself with Segelbaum's great dry goods store as manager, commencing today. Mr. Lindeke is a pushing, energetic business man, and will be a valued acquisition to our city from the down river town.

The park board committee on roads has yielded to the south siders and agreed to put two driveways in the south side of the new Powderhorn park. This afternoon the committee will visit Lake Calhoun to see what can be done with the fowering of the water, which is now so high that it is a great annoyance to some of the residents there.

The superintendent of police was "turned down" by the council committee on claims yesterday morning. He presented a bill for $8, the money having been used by two police officers in securing evidence against Lottie Smith, who keeps a suspicious resort on Second street south. The committee decided the superintendent would have to pay it himself if he desired it paid.

This afternoon at 3:45 the Ex-Collegiates will meet the University football team at the Minneapolis ball park. The Ex-Collegiate team contains some of the best players the East can furnish; among them being Stanley Morrison, of Yale; Frank Heffelfinger, Jones and Bigelow. The University team has most of the old men, and plays about the same kind of a game it did last year

The city health authorities have been notified that Chaine Gruenberg, a Russian Jew, who was among the passengers on the Scandia, will arrive in this city this morning. The Jew has passed the eighteen-day quarantine off Fire island and carries the necessary papers, but as a cholera suspect he will be subjected to all the examination used by the health department in such cases.

The Union Elevator company has elected officers as follows: President, H. W. Pratt; vice president, J. S. Pillsbury; treasurer, C. E. Stifle; secretary, George H. Barwise. The board of directors consists of H. W. Pratt, J. S. Pillsbury, C. A. Pillsbury, C. K. Side, George W. Porter, S. D. Cargill and A. F. Gale. The company is about to lay a six-inch water main to connect its plant with the city water works, and to introduce a fire pump.

The Cooper-Hampton Electric company has elected the following officers: President, John Martin; vice president, John S. Pillsbury; secretary, Alfred W. Hastings; treasurer, F. M Wolcott; manager, E. D. McMillan; directors, John Martin, J. S. Pillsbury, C. M. Loring, Loren Fletcher, P. P. Winston, S. C. Gale, E. M. Johnson, C. H. Chadbourn, E. D. McMillan, W. K. Morison, C. H. Wood, J. M. Shaw, F. C. Barrows, C. M. Maxey, J. F. Conklin, C. P. Lovell, William Cooper, A.W. Hastings and F. M. Walcott. The executive committee is made up of John Martin, E. D. McMillan, W. K. Morison, C. H. Maxey and E. M. Johnson. A manufacturing plant will probably be erected on the East side.

PLEADED FOR MERCY.

Mrs. David Cronk Begs for Her Husband—District Court Briefs.

There was another sad scene in the district court yesterday when David Cronk was called up for sentence for shooting A. L. Remmey. As Judge Hooker said two years at Stillwater, Mrs. Cronk let a wail out on the heavy air of the court room that went to many a heart, and as David was being led away she passed within the bar of the court room and sank upon the bench, crying to the judge amid her tears:

"Oh, judge, have mercy on me and let him off!"

The court was at a loss for words, and a deputy sheriff led her away.

Mrs. May Hennessey tells the district court that she wedded Joseph H. Hennessey Jan. 1, 1891, at Hudson, Wis., and now wishes she hadn't. She wants a divorce for cruelty and drunkenness.

Charles H. Hart asks a divorce from Jennie A. Hart for desertion, but she answers that he is a liar, as he deserted her, and she asks the court to let the divorce come her way.

John A. Thompson pleaded guilty to an assault, and was given three months in jail.

Thomas J. Canney and S. M. Hewitt tell the district court that D. S. White, of Northfield, agreed to assign two-thirds of a patent hoisting apparatus to them for cash advanced and the three were to build the machines. He didn't do so, and now they sue for $10,000 damages and an injunction to prevent him selling to other parties.

The late Louis Wommer, inventor, left a little money and a large block of stock in the Wommer Scale company. Yesterday his widow, Anna L. E. Wommer, asked the probate court for letters of administration on his estate.

The schedules in the case of William E. Hartshorn, insolvent grocer, showed $1,114.84 in assets to pay $1,656.31 of liabilities.

Mrs. Carrie Delin, of 471 Division street, was sent to the insane asylum yesterday.

F. M. Sanger, who was hit on the head with a sugar bowl by "Cogee John Frichette, has commenced a $10,000 damage suit in the district court.

DREADFULLY SCALDED.

Ida Eklund Seriously Injured by Boiling Water.

A steam pipe burst at midnight in the Criterion restaurant on Nicollet avenue with serious results. The hot water and steam burst out and scalded Ida Eklund, a dishwasher, in a dreadful manner. She was taken to her room in the Domestic block. The night manager, Frank Day, was scalded on the arm, and the cook, George M. Jamison, had his neck and arms scalded badly.

The 4 per cent bonds of the United States are gradually being consolidated in the hands of holders in 1895, there were 57,245 bondholders on the books of the treasury, while now there are but 37,722.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

cured by the use of

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Tones the system, makes the weak strong.

Cures Others will cure you.

P. B. WINSTON'S VETO

It Secures Plenty of Funds for Battling the Dreaded Cholera.

The Council Gives the Committee on Health and Hospitals $15,000.

Harry Hawkins Was Here--Library Board Nominations and Politics.

Deductions on Cholera Report--A Pair of Girl Crooks.

On Sept. 20 the council passed the report of the revisory board and committee on ways and means, fixing the appropriation for the city's expenses for 1893 at $1,261,992. This report accompanied by the necessary resolution was sent to the mayor for his signature. Both were returned at last night's council meeting without the mayor's signature, also a communication in which he explains his reasons for the veto. The communication is given below in full:

"I return your resolution fixing the maximum amounts for maintaing the various departments of the city of Minneapolis on account of the general fund and permanent improvement fund without my signature for the following reasons:

"First—I notice in the item of street lighting an appropriation for 2,500 gasoline lamps at the present contract price of $14 per lamp per year, amounting to $35,000, and your resolution preceding this, which reads as follows: 'Provided, however, that the appropriation of $36,000 for gasoline lamps shall no be deemed an extension nor a renewal of the contract now existing between said city and the Northwestern Globe Light company; and provided further that the balance of said appropriation remaining after the expiration of said contract shall only be used to defray the expense of any kind of light other than gas or electric during the remainder of the fiscal year.

"I am informed that it only requires about $9,000 to carry to completion the present contract existing between the Northwestern Globe Gas Light company and the city. This resolution may appear on the face to discriminate in favor of the Northwestern Globe Gas Light company, or exclude from competition all lights other than gasoline lights. Therefore it is my opinion it would be better for the interests of the city to leave the amount appropriated in excess of a sum sufficient to carry out its contract with the Northwestern Globe Gas Light company open for competition or strike it out entirely.

"My second objection to the resolution is, I find, in the appropriation for the health department an appropriation of $3,300 for an emergency fund. In my opinion this amount is insufficient. I have had a communication from Dr. Hewitt, of the state board of health, which is now in the hands of our health department, calling attention to the danger from cholera next year, and urging the utmost vigilance and extra precautions on the part of our health department, which, if followed out on lines laid down by Dr. Hewitt, would cost more than the amount appropriated and leave the department of health without any funds for the proper and effective work against the spread of cholera in this city. As this money need not be used except in an emergency, I think it would be the part of wisdom and good common sense to make a sufficient appropriation, and not leave the department with its hands tied and dependent wholly upon the public spirit of our citizens."

Ald. Bradish offered an amendment to the appropriation resolution, which complied with the mayor's request on the lighting proposition. It was passed unanimously. Ald. Schwartz offered an amendment increasing the health department's emergency fund from $3,300 to $15,000. This amendment was also adopted, though not until Ald. Lovell had made a number of objections, which brought upon his head a hot roast from Ald. Gray. The main resolution was then passed unanimously. One of the "important" pieces of business to come before the council was a petition from the city newspapers, handed in by Ald. Lackey. The petition requested the council to set apart and equip a room for the comfort of the city hall and police newspaper reporters. The petition, after being read, was referred to the committee on public grounds and buildings, with power to act. The sentiment of the meeting was that the room should be granted the reporters, as the petition asked.

J. C. Oswald offered $18,000 for the fire engine house on Third street, between Nicollet and First avenue south. The bid was referred to committee on fire department. It will be remembered that a certain poundmaster captured thirty cows belonging to the government troops at Ft. Snelling and incarcerated them in the "bull pen." He declined to release them to the officers of the fort until the necessary fines had been paid, amounting in all to $15. The council last night, evidently fearing that the city would be declared under siege and bombarded, decided to repay the fines collected by the poundmaster and ordered the city treasurer to pay the $15 to Lieut. Arthur Williams of the Third infantry. A motion was introduced by Ald. Lovell which stirred the dust of musty ages. It was to turn $2,000 over to John S. Pillsbury as representative of the business men's union, for the payment of outstanding debts incurred during the famous census count of 1890. The motion was lost.

HARRY HAWKINS CAME,

And He Let People Know He Was Here—Library Board Nominations.

Harry H. Hawkins, Democratic candidate for lieutenant governor, was advertised to speak at Camden place. He did not appear. Ever since that the Republican papers have been frantically asking why Harry Hawkins did not come to Minneapolis. Mr. Hawkins was advertised for Tuesday night through an error. A letter stating that he could not come came to Minneapolis last week, but as it was addressed to C. M. Foote privately it was not opened, Mr. Foote being out of town.

But Harry Hawkins came last night. He came and he spoke at Thirteenth avenue and Main street northeast. And he made a rattling good speech. While here he answered the inquiry of another frantic Republican sheet. The Pioneer Press has been anxiously asking, "Who is Harry Hawkins?" The Pioneer Press heard last night who Harry Hawkins is. He is an old resident of Minnesota, and one who has done hard work and earned an honorable position in the state. He has been here long enough to become acquainted with the Pioneer Press. He gave that paper a larruping last night that would have made Donnelly turn green with envy could he have heard it. Mr. Hawkins also made a strong plea for the state and national tickets. Other speakers were Frank C. Brooks, in an able exposition of the protective tariff fallacy, and A. D. Smith.

J. Adam Bede, the brainy Duluth newspaper man; James W. Lawrence, J. C. Haynes and D. B. Johnson stirred up the voters at 2406 Bloomington avenue.

Two candidates for municipal offices have a "cinch" on the election. They are the gentlemen nominated yesterday for the library board.

The Democratic and Republican committees delegated to nominate for the library board both met in the New York life building yesterday. Frank Brooks, A. S. Keyes and S. A. Thomas, by the Democrats, and G. G. Boshart, A. M. Harrison and R. D. Russell, by the Republicans, were appointed as subcommittees to confer with a view to making non-partisan nominations. It was agreed that each party would nominate the candidate of the other. The committee reported to the full committee. The Democrats immediately nominated C. R. Cameron, and the Republicans E. M. Johnson. The subcommittee met again and traded candidates, the Democrats nominating Johnson and the Republicans Cameron. It was all done in a few minutes, as noiselessly as the working of a well-oiled bicycle. It is safe to predict the election of Cameron and Johnson.

The Republican executive committee is now considering the report of its Grimes smelling committee. As the GLOBE announced yesterday there is no doubt that the smelling committee has whitewashed Grimes. But one member of the committee does not agree with the majority of the smelling committee. It is doubtful, however, if his opinion will be any weight with the executive committee. The Street Railway company has ordered that Grimes be whitewashed and Grimes will be whitewashed.

In connection with this Grimes case, one little point has never been brought out. Early in the history of the smelling committee, E. A. Allen, a resident of the Eighth ward and a member of the smelling committee, was dropped, and John Goodnow put on in his place. It was said at the time that Allen had withdrawn. The truth of it is, he was forced off the committee. He never resigned. When the committee was first appointed for the primary purpose of whitewashing Grimes, Allen incautiously remarked that he purposed getting at the truth of the charges against Grimes. Truth was not wanted. So one fine morning, when Allen was a few minutes late in getting to the meeting of the committee, he found that he had been dropped and John Goodnow substituted for him. As a dealer in coal, John better appreciates the efficacy of whitewash in hiding blackness.

The Democratic committee in the Eighth ward will have something to report within a week. The sentiment for a straight Democratic nomination in the Eighth is strong. They will probably make one. H. S. Smith, the commission man, is a likely candidate. Mr. Smith is a good man, and a popular man. It is an undeniable fact that all the Republicans are not satisfied with either Grimes or Miner. Smith would stand a good show for an election.

The Prohibitionists broke loose last night. They held a meeting in Century hall. They had a pretty good one, too, for Prohibitionists. The Dry believe in the efficacy of singing. A feature of their meeting last night was the singing of the Metonga Lake sextette.

Chairman C. M. Foote, of the county committee, returned yesterday from a business trip to Milwaukee. He reports that the political outlook in Wisconsin is all right—more than encouraging. Mr. Foote will be on the spot from now on to help win Hennepin county for Democracy forever.

FEMALE ROBBERS.

The Flour City Seems to Have a Lot of Them.

Minneapolis is becoming noted for female robbers. Last Wednesday Stella Sterling and Mamie Arnold induced Joe Mackey, an employe of the "bottling house" on Hennepin avenue, to accompany them to a room at the corner of Fifth avenue south and Fourth street. They made things so pleasant for him that he concluded to remain all night, and during his sojourn the girls robbed him of a watch valued at $35, and $55 in money. The money was in bills and sewed up in the hem of his shirt, and the watch was in his pocket. Mike Malone and Jack Kinney, bad characters, are implicated in the robbery, the two taking the money and giving the girls the watch. The girls went to St. Paul to wait until the matter had blown over. Yesterday they came back, and last night Officers Morrisey and Conway arrested them. They were locked up at the central station.

Stella Sterling is twenty years of age, and has a history. She comes of a good family, who reside in Emmetsburg, Io. She fell in love with a young scapegrace, who induced her to come to Minneapolis, and then deserted her. She now has a child six months old, but no wedding ring. She has received several loving letters from her father during the past month begging her to return, but she has turned a deaf ear to all appeals. Ever since her desertion by her false lover Stella has been the companion of thieves, who have forced her to lure men to her rooms and rob them.

THE "TIGER" GOT IT,

But Mrs. Wood Complained and Recovered Her Money.

A Mrs. Wood, whose home is somewhere in the East, came to this city a short time ago and became the guest of C. T. Roll, at 2123 Minnehaha avenue. Mrs. Wood's husband died previous to her coming to this city. He was insured in some life insurance company, and Tuesday she had received $80 as part payment. Being afraid she would lose it, Mrs. Wood gave the money to Mr. Roll to keep for her. Roll took the money with him to the gambling house over Lally's saloon on Washington avenue south. He "bucked the tiger" with it and lost. He lost also $70 of his own money. Yesterday Mrs. Wood placed herself in communication with the office of the city attorney. She stated she was very poor, and the $80 was all she had in the world. Roll was sent for, and acknowledged that he had lost the money at the abovementioned gambling house. An officer was sent over to the place, and in a short time returned with the $80. It was given to Mrs. Wood, and as she did not care to prosecute the case any further it was dropped. The $70 belonging to Roll was not recovered, and it is not likely that it ever will be.

A VERMONTER'S EXPERIENCE.

He Kicks Because a Barber Charged Him "Only $6."

F. C. Wilson is a Vermonter. He arrived in the city a few days ago fresh from Montpelier, and, desiring to appear au fait in everything, decided yesterday to have his hair and mustache dyed. He dropped into Hamilton's barber shop on Hennepin avenue and then dropped into a chair with instructions to the tonsorial artist to "give him all there was in it." The artist did so. He shaved the Vermonter, put bay rum and "balm of life" on his face, dusted magnesia in his eyes, rubbed a solution of nitrate of silver over his head and mustache, changing their color from a grizzled gray to a glossy Mexican black. When this was finished the ends of the mustache were treated to a waxing process and perfume was sprinkled over Wilson's shirt front. In fact the Vermonter was coddled and perfumed until the very air was impregnated with delightful odors. He felt as chipper as a chipmunk until he came to settle his bill. He was told he had been dallied with to the extent of $6.

"Gee whiz!" said Wilson, "I ain't got but two. I don't want to buy the shop, only want to pay for one man."

The proprietor of the shop, however, informed him he had had $6 worth of work done and must settle. Wilson roared and raved, but the barber was inexorable. He stuck to his price and refused to allow Wilson to leave the shop until he had deposited the $2 and a bundle of clothing he carried with him. Wilson was mad; he was so mad he felt a little faint, and in this deplorable condition he presented himself at the office of the police clerk. He wanted Hamilton arrested for swindling. He wanted him strung up and his toes tickled with straws. When he was told he must go to the clerk of the municipal court and secure a writ of replevin before he could recover his bundle of clothing Wilson got madder than ever. He was sure he had fallen into a robber's roost, and that Hamilton was the prize rooster.

"Did you ever see any punkins?" he asked of Clerk George, all the while dancing around the office and swinging his arms. "Did you, I say? Well, there's two kind of punkins; hard ones and soft ones. The soft ones ain't got nothin' into 'em. Well, this barber's head is just like a soft punkin; it ain't got any brains into it."

From the police clerk's office the Vermonter went to the municipal court. He grabbed Clerk Smith by the arm, and, in a tragic whisper, told him the story. He must have a warrant for Hamilton's arrest, and he must have revenge, or he would split. Smith was forced to tell the Vermonter that the law would have nothing to do with the case, whereupon Wilson drew up to his full height and said:

"Can't get no satisfaction from the law? Well, see here, mister, I wan't you to kill me. I'll give you $5 to do it."

But Smith proved himself the most unaccommodating of men, and declined to kill him. The last seen of Wilson he was going up Hennepin avenue in company with Patrolman Little. The officer expected to convince the barber he was doing the Vermonter an injustice by keeping his bundle of clothes. Whether he did or not does not appear.

A HEAVYWEIGHT SCRAP.

The Central Market Matter Is Creating Some Trouble.

The central market is still bothering the aldermanic heavyweights. It is claimed, and the claim is substantiated, that the central market managers have not complied with the ordinance granting them the privilege of building and conducting the concern. Instead of fixing the market to accommodate 300 wagons, as the ordinance requires, there is space but for 160. A member of the council committee on public markets stated yesterday that if the ordinance were not complied with the city would no doubt enforce the ordinance relating to the payment of taxes by private corporations, from with the market is at present exempt. This would mean a declination of the market by the council and would cause the market people to have something of a white elephant on their hands. The committeeman referred to stated that it was undoubtedly the scheme of Messrs. Walker, Gale and others to hang on as long as possible without complying with the ordinance in the hope that the committee would soon go out of power and they would be allowed to use the street instead of arranging space for the 140 more wagons. It is the intention of the market people to build another wing to the market building, but if that is done there will be no possible show for the ordinance being complied with, for the space required for the wagon sheds will be occupied by the addition. The council committee is prepared to make a fight on the matter and force the market people to come to time. The following extracts from the ordinance passed July 10 granting the market people the privilege are significant, and show exactly what is necessary in regard to space and the usage of the streets:

* * * That the streets adjoing the block of land purchased and occupied, as herein provided for market purposes, shall not be used by said Walker, Gale and Maxwell, their associates, heirs or assigns for market purposes until the space for 300 wagons, as herein provided, shall be entirely taken, at which time application may be made to the city council for permission to occupy said streets for market purposes, and the same shall not be occupied until such permission shall have been obtained. * * *

* * * And shall provide room on said block of land as herein designated, neatly and suitably paved, for 300 gardeners' wagons, and suitable sheds for same. * * *

CHILDREN ON A LARK.

Thousands of Little Ones Let Loose in the Park.

You were all boys and girls once, you staid, bewhiskered papas, and you gentle, dignified, "settled" mammas. And maybe you used to romp and roll on the grass, and climb trees and play base ball, and tag and prisoner's base and drop-the-handkerchief, and a score of other games now shrouded in the clouds of departed years. And maybe you lived in the city, between long rows of closely-set brick houses, and can remember how you used to enjoy a trip into the country—how you used to look forward to it with anxiety that kept you awake nights, how you enjoyed it when it became a reality, how you lingered over it in memory and talked about it for months afterward.

If you remember any or all of these experiences you may be able to form a slight idea of how the 20,000 school children of Minneapolis enjoyed Park day yesterday. But you can't imagine it all. You don't understand to the full what Park day meant to those 20,000 young people unless you went out to Harriet's shores or down to Minnehaha and actually saw those 20,000 youngsters at play.

All the arrangements for Park day were perfect. The park board and the school board had charge of the arrangements jointly, and not a member of either board shirked the work. They called in as assistants Superintendent of Schools Jordan and every teacher of the public schools. The employes of the street railway company also lent their aid in the good work. The first consignment of small humanity was scheduled to start from the school houses at 8:30 in the morning. It started on time. The pupils from the schools along the Hennepin and Harriet line took the cars at the point nearest the school buildings. The children from the buildings more remote were transferred to that line at Hennepin and Washington. The first carloads began to arrive at the starting point a little after 8:30 in the morning. The corner of Hennepin and Washington presented a picture from that hour until long after 10 o'clock. The street was thronged with people to watch the little ones. Every car was crowded. And a happier lot of people than those boys and girls seemed could not be imagined. One who is familiar with Palmer Cox's pictures of the Brownies can picture for himself how they looked, swarming all over the cars. It is not at all certain that some of the boys did not find roosts on the trolley poles. But they were all over platforms and steps and interior of every car, hanging on to the windows, and chattering, laughing and singing. Luckless was the man who tried to joke those little people. They were out for a holiday. The entire city was at their disposal and they knew it.

Out at the terminals was where the scene was the liveliest though. At Harriet something over 12,000 children were turned loose. Some of them were large children, but so few of them could be found that it is not worth while commenting upon them. The little fellows of both sexes were the ones who were there en masse, and who made their presence known. For once the "keep off the grass" signs and the grim admonitions, "Read the ordinance," were not heeded. What was the grass for if not to roll about on? So they rolled and they tumbled. They did everything that any boy or girl ever did before and they did all industriously. That was what they were there for. They had a whole brass band all to themselves, too. The band played and they yelled and hooted and danced. They threw stones into the lake, watched the fishes, waded in the water, and many of the boys indulged that one characteristic mark of the true boy—the irresistable desire to climb a tree.

Down at Minnehaha about 8,000 children disported themselves. They followed the same plans as the children at Harriet—the true boy and girl planned to get all there was in the day while they were about it. They made so much noise that the trees quaked. While the fun was at its height a shadowy figure with its arm around another shadowy figure was seen to steal away from the vicinity and make for the Milwaukee shops. It was the ghost of Hiawatha and his spirit wife looking for a quiet spot.

Too much cannot be said about the way the children were managed. President A. A. Boardman, of the park board, who conceived the idea, was the head and front of everything. He was even caught assisting in some of the games of the boys, although he climbed no trees for obvious reasons. He was ably assisted by his coadjutors on the park board and by the members of the school board. Too much cannot be said for the faithful school teachers who assisted in carrying out the arrangements. Each teacher took charge of her room as she would on a regular school day, although her work in managing a brood of those young colts was manifestly harder work than looking after them in school. But they did their work faithfully, and seemed to feel that they were rewarded by the pleasure of the youngsters. So far as known, no accidents occurred beyond a scraped shin or a bruised finger.

Park day was a success. It will live long in the memories of the participants in its joys. It will probably become a regular annual feature.

CHOLERA DEDUCTIONS.

The Committee on Health and Hospitals Mean Business.

The most interesting portion of the report of the committee on health and hospitals on the cholera quarantine systems of the East is that which contains the deductions and suggestions offered by the committee to the city council. This portion was eliminated from the report as published in yesterday morning's GLOBE and is herewith printed below:

First, none of the quarantine stations are thoroughly equipped with apparatus for disinfecting ships and baggage; second, none is sufficiently supplied with buildings for the detention of suspected immigrants where they can be cared for in a manner at all creditable to civilized nations; third, medical science has made no progress in the direction of a cure for Asiatic cholera; fourth, our efforts, with the aid of scientific sanitation, must be to keep out the scourge and to isolate every case that may appear, and for that purpose we offer the following suggestions:

First, the building of a side track at the quarantine hospital station and the immediate removal thereto of any cars containing cholera cases or suspects; second, the building of two buildings for cholera cases and the other for detention; third, the establishing of an ambulance station in the city; fourth, steam boiler at quarantine with air pump and disinfectory cylinder for disinfecting clothing of suspects. Fifth—Baths and water closets with valve on outlet for disinfection before being discharged. Sixth—The alteration of one street sprinkler for use in sprinkling streets in infected districts, and the use of mercuric chloride sprinkling cans in depots, yards or alleys; also the use of syringes for cars.

A Little Girl's Mishap.

An accident occurred yesterday afternoon which, in a measure, marred the pleasure of "Park day" at that point. Clara Mayhew, twelve years of age, was riding on one of the Shetland ponies, when she lost her balance and fell from the saddle. Her foot became entangled in the stirrup and the pony became frightened, running around the pony ring at a terrible speed. The little girl was dragged around the ring several times, and when rescued was unconscious. She was taken to her home at 2726 Blaisdell avenue. It is feared her injuries may prove fatal.

Another Excursion to Taylor's Falls.

The St. Paul & Duluth will on Sunday, Oct. 2, run a special train to Taylor's Falls, making intermediate stops. This train will leave the Union depot, St. Paul, at 8:30 a. m., and arrive, returning, at 9:05 p. m.

This will probably be the last chance this season to spend Sunday at Forest Lake, Chisago City, Lindstrom, Centre City or Taylor's Falls, returning home the same evening.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

The president has appointed M. J. Good, of New York, to be assistant appraiser of merchandise for the district of New York.

Forty carloads of merchandise in the Nickel Plate freight yards, Chicago, were destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The loss will exceed $100,000.

Gen. Carl Muller, the last surviving German officer who took part in the battle of Waterloo, died yesterday in Hanover. He was nine-nine years old.

A pusher engine on the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg railroad was blown to fragments at Dubois, Pa., by the explosion of the boiler. Engineer Wise and Fireman Flynn were literally blown to pieces.

Yesterday morning two large boilers exploded in the Carbon Iron works, Pittsburg, doing much damage. The night turn had just left the mill, or the loss of life would have been great.

Acting Secretary Spaulding has declined to permit 200 Chinese actors to enter this country for the purpose of presenting Chinese plays in a theater to be erected near the entrance of the world's fair in Chicago.

For the second time the ten-year-old daughter of Mrs. Frank Wallace, of Indianapolis, has been abducted, presumably by the child's father.

At Philadelphia the Order of Fraternal Guardians has made an assignment. It is stated that the order expected to pay its creditors dollar for dollar, and that it has about $800,000 in a number of banking institutions in this city.

The national council of the United American Mechanics will meet in Des Moines in 1893.

In New York Frank Paulsen, an old veteran, was found murdered in his room. Frank W. Rohl has been arrested charged with the crime. Robbery was the object.

At Paris, yesterday, Hector Jonathan Cremieux, the noted dramatic author, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. He was born in Paris on Nov. 10, 1828.

The new Spanish minister to the United States, Senor Enrieue Dupuy de Lome, was formally presented to the president yesterday.

The whole corning and press mills of the powder company at Schaghticoke, N. Y., were destroyed last evening by an explosion which originated in the wheel mills from some unknown cause. The men had just left the works, and no lives were lost. Loss, $80,000.

Greeted by Empty Benches.

Special to the Globe.

DEVIL'S LAKE, N. D., Sept. 30.—The Republican state central committee engaged Attorney General Spencer to speak here last night, but upon arrival in the city discovered his intended visit had not been made known. He was greeted by empty benches. This shows lack of interest in the campaign.

A HARD VOYAGE.

Rough Experience of a Whaler During a Long Cruise in the Arctic Ocean.

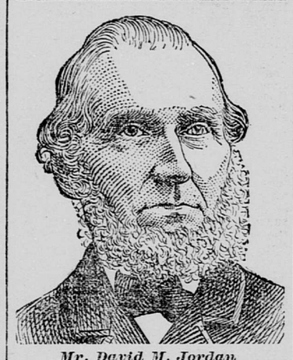
Numerous Deaths on Board, and Great Suffering From the Scurvy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 30.—The whaling steamer Mary G. Hume, Capt. Tilton, arrived in port today. The steamer has been gone over two years and a half, and for two winters was housed in the ice. She came back with only six men forward. Two of her crew were drowned at Ounalaska, one died in the far North, and a number died before the Arctic ocean was reached. Her catch for the cruise has been thirty-eight whales, whose bone and oil represent a value of $400,000.

The Hume was out about 100 days when the first accident occurred, resulting in the loss of two of the crew. A small boat in command of Third Mate Mogg, of Ounalaska, was capsized, and a sailor named Briscoll and a German named Paul were drowned. Stewart Myers died from inflammatory rheumatism the first winter spent in the ice. Both winters the steamer was quartered at Hireschel Island, and in the spring went to Cape Bathurst and McKenzie river.

The health of those on board was good during the first year, but the second winter proved less fortunate. Scurvy broke out on board, and there were seven men down in the forecastle at one time. A lad, named Raymond La Pierre, was taken to the marine hospital in this city almost a wreck, his legs and arms being destroyed and full of sores from the effects of scurvy. Boat Steerer Ned Halstrom had his left foot frozen, and it became necessary to amputate the member.

The Hume left here April 18, 1890, and from July of that year until August, 1892, those on board did not receive a word of news from home. Once Mate Mogg went 300 miles to the southward in the direction of Porcupine river in British America. The people there told him Queen Victoria was still alive, and that was the latest they had heard.



Mr. David M. Jordan

Of Edmeston, N. Y.

Colorless, Emaciated, Helpless

A Complete Cure by HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is from Mr. D. M. Jordan, a retired farmer, and one of the most respected citizens of Otsego Co., N. Y.

"Fourteen years ago I had an attack of the gravel, and have since been troubled with my

Liver and Kidneys

gradually growing worse. Three years ago I got down so low that **I could scarcely walk**. I looked more like a corpse than a living being. I had no appetite and for five weeks **I ate nothing but gruel.** I was badly emaciated and had no more color than **a marble statue.** Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended and I thought I would try it. Before I had finished the first bottle I noticed that I felt better, suffered less, the **inflammation of the bladder** had subsided, the color began to return to my face, and **I began to feel hungry.** After I had taken three bottles I could eat anything without hurting me. Why, I got so hungry that I had to eat 5 times a day. I have now fully recovered, thanks to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I feel well and am well. All who know me marvel to see me so well." D. M. JORDAN.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

SEPT. 30, 1892—DISSOLUTION OF Partnership—By mutual consent the firm of Merrill & Drebert, doing a brokerage business in paper, etc., at 19 North Fourth st., Minneapolis, and 306 Chamber of Commerce, St. Paul, is this day dissolved. Signed, E. L. Merrill, Alex F. Drebert.

AMUSEMENTS.

BIJOU

Tonight. Tomorrow Matinee and Night, John C. Rice —IN— A KNOTTY AFFAIR.

Next Sunday Matinee, The Still Alarm —AND— Little Tuesday.

DETERSON'S

73 & 75-6TH ST. SO.

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves.

Cash or install ments. Minneapolis.

Globe, Oct. 1.

A DRAPE

From Our Drapery Department.

We call your particular attention to a special lot of about 300 Pairs of REALLY GOOD, HEAVY CHENILLE PORTIERES, 36 inches in width, 3 yards long, with quite Heavy Fringe at top and bottom: Colors: Cherry, Terra Cotta, Rose, Gold, Olive, Gobelin Blue, Nile Green, ordinarily sold at $4.50 to $5 per pair.

We shall be delighted to sell them to you while they last for

$2.98 PER PAIR.

Or can furnish the same with a Fancy Frieze and Dado, for 50 cents per pair more, or $3.48 same assortment of colors.

Those who saw our Drapings in our Model Modern House at the Exposition, had palpable proof of our ability to do Artistic Drapery Work.

The object of this ad. is to evidence to you the fact that Artistic Skill and Low Prices can be combined in the same department.

More anon.

THE "New England" never advertises an article for a day. The price holds while the goods last, and, moreover, we never advertise a special price unless we have a reasonable amount of the goods.

CATALOGUE COUPON.

Send for our Mammoth Portfolio, 100 sheets 12x18 in., showing best things in each Department.

TWO CONDITIONS:

1st, Name some one who is building, has built or will build; 2nd, Cut out and send us this Coupon. Goods on our Partial Payment Plan anywhere this side the Pacific. Samples Carpets sent; state kind and price. We pay 100 miles Freight, except on goods advertised at Special Prices. One price to all. 231

NEW ENGLAND

FURNITURE & CARPET CO.,

SIXTH ST. AND FIRST AV S.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE LIBERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS.

THE

Bower Shorthand School

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GOOD POSITIONS

FOR ALL PUPILS WHEN COMPETENT.

NO FAILURES HERE---CANNOT AFFORD IT.

Greater demand from railroad corporations, banks, mercantile houses for young men than we can supply.

SUCCESS POSITIVELY GUARANTEED.

No Students Admitted but Those Possessing Qualities.

Full particulars sent to any address on application.

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AT FACTORY PRICES.

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GUN REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

SPALDING'S ATHLETIC AND SPORTING GOODS.

Northwestern Agents for Dupont's Celebrated Gunpowder. Hercules Dynamite.

KENNEDY BROS., - Minneapolis, Minn.

FLOWERS AND PLANTS. The finest Cut Flowers and designs for weddings, funerals, parties, etc. Beautiful, strong, healthy bedding and house plants, and everything for the garden, greenhouse or lawn. Telegraph orders filled. Choice Flower Seeds. MENDENHALL'S. Send for Catalogue. 15 Fourth Street South, Minneapolis, Minn.

DOCTOR BRINLEY

Hennepin Avenue, Corner Fourth Street,

MINNEAPOLIS, - MINNESOTA.

The oldest and Only reliable medical office of its kind in the city as will be seen by consulting old files of the daily press. Regularly graduated and legally qualified long engaged in Chronic, Nervous and Skin Diseases. A friendly talk costs nothing. If inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine sent by mail or express, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed. If doubt exists we say so. Hours—10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 2 to 3 p. m. If you cannot come state case by mail

Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, arising from Indiscretions, Excess, Indulgence or Exposure, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self-Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the back, etc., are treated with success. Safely, Privately, Speedily. Unnatural Discharges Cured Permanently.

Blood, Skin and Venereal Diseases, All forms, affecting Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Ulcers, Painful Swellings, from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system by means of Safe, Time-tested Remedies. Stiff and Swollen Joints and Rheumatism, the result of Blood Poison, Positively Cured. KIDNEY AND URINARY Complaints, Painful, Difficult, too Frequent or Bloody Urine, Gonorrhœa and Stricture promptly cured.

CATARRH, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases; Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully. It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. Every known application is resorted to and the proved good remedies of all ages and countries are used. No Experiments are Made. On account of the great number of cases applying the charges are kept low; often lower than others. Skill and perfect cures are important. Call or write. Symptom list and pamphlet free by mail. The Doctor has successfully treated and cured thousands of cases in this city and the Northwest. All consultations, either by mail or verbal, are regarded as strictly confidential, and are given perfect privacy.

DR. BRINLEY, Minneapolis, Minn.

DR. NELSON

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