COLLECTING THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

A Political Issue Woman Can Appreciate.—*New York World.*

TO HELP AND TO HEAL

St. Paul Women Performing the Noblest Mission of Women.

Reception by the Ladies at the Hospital of St. Luke's.

The New Hospital for the Nonce a Scene of Bright Life.

A Perfect Success of the Event Made by Those in Charge.

Yesterday was a proud day for the women to whose untiring efforts the building of the new St. Luke's hospital is due.

From 4 o'clock in the afternoon till 9 o'clock the hospital was thrown open to everybody interested in its work, and in the general congratulations of the visitors, the board of managers is scarcely more a sharer than the city. So perfectly equipped a hospital as St. Luke's is not only an inestimable benefit to the city, but an ornament as well.

The hospital will not be ready for patients for about a fortnight, but already a great deal of the furniture is arranged. Most of the rooms are to be furnished by private individuals. There are already two rooms furnished and endowed. A. H. Wilder has endowed a room in memory of Gov. Merriam's son, Amherst Wilder Merriam, and D. C. Shepherd one in memory of his daughter, Mrs. Carrie Shepherd Krech. Both rooms are dainty as dainty can be, and complete, from the pillows of the pretty white and brass beds, to the very cologne bottles on the chiffoniers. Of the rooms to be furnished, but not endowed, St. John's church will take one, Christ church another, and St. Paul's church a third. Among the people who will each furnish a room are Mrs. Averill, Mrs. John L. Merriam, Mrs. James Gilfillan, Mrs. Edwin Mason and Mrs. J. W. Jaggers, Mrs. Gardner Moore, and several others. The wards are so light and airy, the rooms so cheery and bright, and the equipment of the hospital so perfect, that St. Luke's hospital is an institution any city might be proud of.

Luncheon was served yesterday in the large ward on the second floor. The table was lavishly trimmed with roses and maiden hair ferns. The center bouquet was of yellow roses. Mrs. Langford, Mrs. Bunn and Mrs. Brunson had the refreshments in charge. The officers formed the reception committee, Mrs. J. B. Hoxsie and Mrs. Cathcart, together with the visiting committee, to which belong:

Mesdames C. Brown, George Squires, T. L. Schurmeier, P. B. Conradson, H. E. Clapp, J. E. Schadle, Arthur Sweeney, B. J. Stanton, Miss Gardner, Mesdames J. R. Irvine, James Gilfillan, C. J. Thompson, J. L. Forepaugh, E. R. Langford, W. E. Brandhall, C. W. Carpenter, J. L. Averill, R. B. Galusha, Reuben Warner, John L. Merriam, W. H. Vittum, G. H. Browne, John White, Miss Lucy M. Perrin, Mesdames T. B. Campbell, F. B. Clarke, F. B. Bass, J. W. Merriam, C. B. Brunson, Henry Hale, W. E. Hunt, W. P. Westfall, Edmund Rice, H. F. Stevens, O. Dalrymple, F. Bird, J. H. Ames, Miss F. R. Clark, Miss Cook.

Guests came and went in a steady stream, and among them were most of the women who are prominent not only in social but in philanthropic circles. A few of the callers were:

Miss Gordan, Mrs. George B. Young, Mrs. Seymour, Miss Finch, Mrs. T. B. Scott, Mrs. Goodrich, Miss Eastman, Mrs. George Finch, Mrs. Hoag, Mrs. Rich, Mrs. Edgerton, Mrs. M. N. Gilbert, Mrs. Hale, Mrs. Steadman, Miss Sturgis, Miss Lamborn, Miss Taylor, Miss Stevenson, Miss Pope, Miss Bass, Miss Baker, Miss Andrews, Miss Brown, Mrs. Pratt, Mrs. Dunn, Mrs. Frank Bass, Mrs. J. W. Merriam, Mrs. John Irvine, Mrs. Cathcart, Mrs. George Brown, Mrs. Henry Castle, Miss Castle, Rev. N. S. Thomas, Mrs. Paris Fletcher, Mrs. William Winslow, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Hutchinson, Mrs. E. M. Dean, Mrs. Averil, Miss Nelson, Mrs. C. E. Otis, Miss Clark, Mrs. Mahan, Mrs. John Wright, Rev. C. D. Andrews, Mrs. Gardner Moore, Mrs. William Rhodes, Miss Rhodes, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Noyes, Mrs. Bramhall, Mrs. Hersey, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Jaggard.

THE SERVANT PROBLEM.

Hemlock Translates a German Solution for Globe Readers.

Dear reader, are you a disheartened woman, tired of struggling with the question, how to get and keep a good girl, or are you one of these same much-abused servant girls, from whom everything is expected, however unreasonable, and who must bear the blame for all that goes wrong in woman's kingdom? To make you each feel more satisfied with your lot and grateful for the advantages you possess over your sister woman in the old world, I have taken pains to translate "Die Dienstboten," an article that appeared in last month's "Haus-schatz" (a magazine published in Germany) for you. Our German "Hausfrau" says:

The complaint that the servants of today are not what their predecessors were has been made in all ages; it was just as loud and universal in the last century as in the one preceding. One need but to keep this subject in mind when reading the letters, written by noted women in the past, in which noble dames, newly married, raise the cry of "poor help," and beg their mothers to send them a good girl, and we'll realize that ours is not a new difficulty.

Only one actual change has taken place of late years in the relation between masters and servants; that is the duration of service. Now, a home is, in this respect, a dove-cote where one girl succeeds another, one servant makes room for the next, often within six months. Servants who, in consequence of long years of service in one family, have grown to have but one interest with their masters, sharing their joys and woes, feeling themselves to be members of the family, are now so seldom to be found that, where met with, they receive public mention and are rewarded for their wondrous fidelity. This sufficiently characterizes our altered circumstances.

* * *

Is this frequent change of help explained by the charge that master and mistress no longer know how to properly treat their servants, or that servants are not as capable as formerly? One is almost led to believe so after reading and hearing the superficial opinions expressed in the newspapers or over the afternoon cup of coffee. The reason for this changed state of affairs is not to be found in the people, but rather in our modern business and social relations, which are much more favorable to changes of position or location than formerly. The patriarchal relations between land owner and tenants, between the castle owner and villages, also belong irrevocably to the past.

A small household with an annual income of from 1,500 to 1,800 mark will scarcely permit the expense of a servant girl, even in a district where low rents and reasonable prices prevail, if the family numbers more than two. A girl's board costs from 200 to 300 mark yearly, at the least, to which must be added her year's wages of 60 to 90 mark. (!) If the housewife is strong and healthy with no small children to task her patience and strength, it is undoubtedly cheapest to hire daily help for a few hours, thus saving a girl's board. (!) If obliged to keep a girl do not choose one fresh from school. You save a little in wages, nothing in food, besides the trouble of teaching a young girl is great and in the end you have only child labor.

References are little to be regarded in your choice of a girl. It is a universal custom, fostered by good nature and cowardice, to write nothing unfavorable in your references given a departing servant. Make personal inquiries of her former mistress. Above all, see the girl yourself before employing her: personal acquaintance is of the utmost importance.

* * *

A wise plan is to give your new servants written rules outlining the order of your household. These rules may contain first what you expect of your servants' behavior in general, then a complete plan of work for each day of the week. The following may aid you in this:

Programme of work for servant girl: 5:30 O'clock—Get up, bathe, arrange the hair, put on clean gown and shoes (not slippers), make your bed and tidy your room.

6 O'clock—Start kitchen fire, put on water for coffee, grind coffee, clean master's room, open windows (in winter take ashes out of stoves and fire up), brush upholstered furniture, polish tables, dust, set breakfast table; while family eats, clean master's clothes, brush and beat same and clean out spots with damp cloth; blacken his boots. (!!)

7:45 O'clock—Drink coffee, clean parlor and stairs, put sitting, dining and bed rooms in order, wash breakfast dishes, clean lamps, carry in wood, coal and water. Put on a better gown and white apron, fire up and get dinner. Eat dinner clear table, sweep and air dining room; cook after dinner coffee while washing dishes, scour knives and clean up kitchen.

4 to 6 O'clock—Any extra work, as roasting coffee, scouring tinware, cleaning silver, washing windows, running errands, preparations for next day's work.

6 O'clock—Prepare supper, get bed rooms in order for the night.

7:30 O'clock—Eat supper, wash dishes.

8:30 to 10 O'clock—At your own disposal.

10 O'clock—Go to bed.

* * *

Now as to treatment of your servants! See to it that you have such as serve you gladly, taking an interest in your welfare. In the "Journal Fuer's Haus," of 1886, page 59, you find golden words written by "Pauline in Hannover" under the heading, "Wie Ich Meine Dienstboten Erziehe" ("How I Train My Servants.") She says: I was so fortunate, as a young woman, to keep my girl (cook) twenty-two years and mourned the loss of the faithful soul deeply when I found her one morning dead in her bed, cause—heart disease. I felt forsaken and my children wept with me over her dead body. Then we buried our dear servant with honor and lovingly decorated her resting-place.

As her successor, I obtained the services of a young, inexperienced, but well recommended girl. She was discharged by her former mistress on account of stubborness. She has now been with me for seven years and looks after my little household to my entire satisfaction.

When at coffee or tea parties I hear so much of poor help and dreadful girls. I always am up in arms to defend the poor, much-abused servants.

* * *

When a new girl enters my service, I meet her with confidence and motherly care. From the moment she enters my house, I hold myself responsible for the soul that is to give me its entire time. On the first day I give her my rules, which she must strictly obey, show her about the work expected of her, and tell her she must follow all my directions. Then I observe her closely for the first eight days, without constantly ordering or criticising; during this time I study her ways and character, make note of her little peculiarities and habits, so that I may know how to manage her. In little things, I let her have her own way and let her plan her work as far as possible herself.

If I find during this time that she will answer my purpose, I take pains to train the girl to suit me, never losing sight of her individuality.

If the housewife occasionally permits the girl to do a thing her own way it will help much towards winning her good will. Often, especially where the mistress is young, the girl's experience in housework is worth more than the madam's.

I never allow the girl to forget the respect due me. I meet her pleasantly, prefix every request with the little word "please" and acknowledge her obedience with a "thank you," thus making both of us happier and better pleased with each other than we possibly could be if I ordered and scolded her, as so often is done.

I place particular stress on any girl's tidy appearance. From early morning I demand that she be neat and clean. She is not allowed to enter my room till her hair is smoothly arranged, her feet incased in boots and her person clean. In a short time she accustoms herself to these rules, feeling the better for it. Wages must be paid promptly. Never, under any consideration, make a girl wait for her so hardly earned pay. Urge her to save. If she asks my advice, I gladly give it, but never force it upon her.

I value the services she renders highly and cheerfully pay her for them, without subtracting therefrom for broken dishes, for I know full well that a daily handling of such breakable articles would cause me the same accidents. I respect the work of the serving classes and never speak of my servants' faults to others. We all are faulty, and how often a listening servant hears such criticism made in company and repeats it to the criticised. Can you blame your dependents for discussing your faults and shortcomings with others when you give them such an example?

* * *

Therefore, my dear sister women, a little more patience with the faults of our servants. Take the pains to study their character. You will then judge them more leniently and will simplify for yourself the training of new help, which will result in blessings to yourself and family.

Every one of the above words are to be emphasized, and not only lightly read, but studied and taken to heart. Of course a mistress like this anonymous Pauline need never complain of poor help.

The statement has already been made that the frequent change of servants in many cases is the fault of master and mistress; partly because their treatment of servants is such as to drive them away, and often because they discharge them for the most trifling reasons. Families going away for their summer's outing of a month or two, thinking to economize, send the girl home. Often on account of some slight mistake or disagreeable habit the present help is paid off in the hope of a possible improvement in the next applicant. Possible—yes! but "a bird in hand is worth two in the bush." A servant is only then capable of greatest help to the household when she has lived herself into your way of doing things. Therefore better endure little faults patiently than subject yourself to the much more serious annoyance of continual change. You need never expect to find a combination of all wished for traits in any one human being. Angels are not procurable for kitchen service, and we ourselves are far from being angels. Know thyself and judge others more mildly. Don't ask too much; neither hesitate to discharge a really incompetent person.

Eatables, storeroom, beer and wine cellars should be kept under lock and key. Delicacies, sweets, wines, etc., left over from the meal, should immediately be locked up.

* * *

Where there are two or more servants employed in the same household, they should understand exactly what is expected of each, so that you may know whom to hold responsible for the neglect of any particular duty.

Of equal, if not greater importance, is the question of food. You may err much in your treatment of help, if only the food is good, healthy and plentiful. In small households servants usually eat of the same food prepared for the family, excepting, of course, delicacies and sweets. Bread, as a rule, is given in plenty but butter and coffee should be weighed. (!) Each servant should be allowed one pound of sugar, the same amount of coffee and four pieces, each weighing one half pound, of butter. To give a girl the money instead of butter shows a poor knowledge of human nature. The money is pocketed and when chance offers your eatables are made to suffer.

On Sunday have peace in your home and rest for your servants.

Think not only of yourself but also of your dependents. Nature demands an occasional interruption of labor, a time of rest, in which to gather new strength and courage for work. HEMLOCK.

The Steamer Pittsburg,

Leaving St. Louis Saturday, Oct. 8, will be the last boat through to St. Paul. She will be due to arrive at St. Paul about Oct. 14.

C. R. BROCKWAY, Agent.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. P. Allen, druggist, corner Seventh and Jackson.

Made Possible

One of the largest successes in the way of Flavoring Extracts in the world is the Price Flavoring Extract Company. Their success is attributed to the perfection of Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring Extracts. This perfection was made possible through the new processes discovered by Dr. Price for extracting from the true fruits their natural flavoring properties. Any housekeeper that will use Dr. Price's Orange, Lemon, Vanilla, or any other flavor, will pronounce them faultless.

The purity of Dr. Price's Flavors offers the best security against the dangers which are common in the use of the ordinary flavoring extracts in the market.

ONE IS STILL ALIVE.

Emmet Dalton, One of the Gang, Lingering on the Grave's Verge.

He Tells the Story of the Inception of the Raid.

It Was Planned for Revenge and to Beat Jessie James' Record.

Burial of the Bandits and of the Murdered Citizens.

COFFEEVILLE, Kas., Oct. 6.—The streets were packed today with crowds of excited people from all parts of this section, attracted by the terrible Dalton tragedy of yesterday. On every street corner, in every alley stood groups of citizens eagerly discussing the attempted bank robberies of yesterday, with its attendant tragical results.

At the city jail an awning was improvised, under which laid the four dead bandits in the coffins provided by the county, with a guard to see that they were not disturbed. A procession of sightseers, which seemed to be never-ending, viewed the dead outlaws. The desperadoes, cold in death, their faces uncovered, seemed to possess an attraction for the curious which is almost without parallel.

Among the thousands which viewed the bodies are many who have known the Daltons for years, and while their crimes deserve to place them beyond the pale of sympathy, here and there were to be found people that could scarce repress a sigh of regret for the fate of

The Dead Men.

The stairway leading to the room where Emmet Dalton lies was at all times surrounded by a dense crowd of people who did their utmost to pursuade the guards to let them pass up the stairway to the presence of the wounded man. All sorts of reasons were advanced for their requests, but with few exceptions they were not complied with. Through the courtesy of Sheriff Callahan the reporter was allowed to enter the room where young Emmet was sleeping. He had just gone through the ordeal of having his wounds dressed and was weak from loss of blood. He, however, talked a little, and from what he said then and also to other parties his story of the affair is as follows:

I met the boys," said he, "last Saturday near Tulsa, and in the course of their talk they asked me how much money I had. I replied $20. They said they had $900. Then they told me of their plan to rob both banks of Coffeyville in one day. Bob said he wanted to lower Jesse James' record. I tried to persuade him not to try it, but did not succeed, as he had a grudge against the town and

Wanted Revenge

for what he had heard the people were saying and trying to do about us. I had no money to leave the country on, and, although I did not think we could get away if we came, I finally consented. We knew the lay of the land thoroughly, and it was agreed that Bob and I would take the First National and the other three boys the Condon bank. Bob thought that he and I were better than any six of the others, and, knowing the First National to be the hardest to rob, we selected that and assigned Condon's to the others."

He stated that he was an own cousin of the Younger boys, and until he knew that the other boys were dead he refused to say anything, but when their dead bodies were carried up to him for inspection, he identified them as Bob and Gratton Dalton, Tom Evans and Jack Moore. He shed tears as he gazed on his dead brothers. The names he gave to the two latter men are the names they were known by in this section, but they are not their real names. They are withheld from the public today for good reasons, but their names are known.

The dead bandits were buried this afternoon in the city cemetery, in a lot owned by the Dalton family. The bodies were carried to the grave in transfer wagons, without a single mourner or sympathizing friend to assist in the last rites.

The Mother of the Daltons

was telegraphed yesterday, and this morning a message was received from Ben, the oldest boy of the family, that he would come on here at once. Ben has never been with tee boys in their raids, and is a farmer, living with his mother at present near Kingfisher, Oklahoma.

Emmett is wounded in the right hip and right arm by Winchester bullets, and in his back are twelve buckshots, the latter being the shot which knocked him off his horse. He had reached his horse and mounted, with the bag of money from the First National bank on his arm, when, seeing Bob fall, he turned back to assist him, and it was then that he received the fire which brought him down.

The money secured from the First National amounted to $20,240 and from Condon's, $3,000. The amount turned over to the bank exceeds this amount, and serves to verify the statement of Emmet that they had $900 when they came to town. It is now thought that only five men took part in the robbery, and that if this be true the entire gang is exterminrted. Sheriff Callahan wants to take Emmet to Independence, but there is a vigorous protest, and it will hardly be allowed, as the people are determined that he shall not be taken away from this town.

One South Dakota Man.

The body of Lucius Baldwin was taken to Burlington, Kan., this morning by his mother, and that of Charles Brown will be sent to Harley, S. D., where his wife is. The funeral services over Marshal Connelly and George Cubine were held this afternoon, and the remains of Cubine will be buried at Independence, Kas.

Cashier Ayers' wound is not so serious as at first thought, and, unless blood poisoning sets in, he will soon recover. Charles Gump was another citizen who was wounded by the gang, receiving a shot in his left wrist, which also drove his gun against his left breast, hurting him badly. All the wounded men are getting on nicely. Although there is quiet talk of finishing Emmett Dalton, it has taken no decided form, and the result cannot be foretold.

Petitions to the Pacific Express company, and Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad company are being circulated, asking that they pay the large reward for the death of the Daltons to the families of the murdered citizens. Emmett Dalton made a sworn statement that Bob and Grattan were concerned in the California robbery, and also executed the Adair robbery several weeks since.

The One Who Escaped.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 6.—Allie Ogee, the only member of the Dalton gang who escaped at Coffeyville yesterday, was a native of this (Shawnee) county, and well known here. He was a son of John L. Ogee, a citizen of Pottowattamie county, by his second wife, and consequently a half-brother of the large and wealthy Ogee family now living near Silver Lake. He is one-fourth Indian. Considerable inharmony characterized the life of his parents, and his other left Ogee a short time before the boy was born.

One of the Brothers.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Oct. 6.—William Dalton, a brother of the noted outlaws passed through this city today on his way to Coffeyville, Kan., to take charge of the dead bodies of brothers and see Emmet, the wounded brother, who telegraphed he desired to see him before he died. William Dalton formerly lived in California, and is rather a fine, prosperous looking man. He is the third of a family of ten. He refused to talk much, and seemed heart-broken at the violent deaths his brothers had met.

DIED.

MORRISON.—In St. Paul, at his late residence, 496 Jackson street, Wilson C. Morrison, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral services at St. Mary's church on Saturday at 10 o'clock, a. m. Erie, Pa., and Huntsville, Ala., papers please copy.

MUSSETTER—In St. Paul, at her late residence, corner Fifth and St. Peter, at 11 p. m., Thursday, Oct. 6, Mrs. M. J. Musseitter, aged sixty-two years. Remains will be taken to Harrisville, W. Va., for burial.

SMITH.—In St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 5, 1892, Carrie M. Smith, aged 23 years. Funeral from Grace M. E. church, Burr street, Friday, Oct. 7, at 1:30 p. m.

ROSE—In St. Paul, Oct. 6, 1892, at 8 a. m., Gideon Rose, aged fifty-eight years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Great Northern Railway Company, for the election of three directors to serve for the term of three years, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company in St. Paul, Minnesota, on Thursday, Oct. 13th, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon. Edward T. Nichols, Secretary. St. Paul, Oct. 1, 1892.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company, for the election of a board of directors and transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company, in St. Paul, Minn., on Thursday, Oct. 13th, 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. Edward Sawyer, Secretary. St. Paul, Oct. 1st, 1892.

SPECIAL MEETING OF BETHESDA lodge at 6:30 this evening to act on applications for membership.

SEALSKINS

after being dyed have a certain length of life—usually life in the sense of service.

A Sealskin Sacque that has lived in the hands of a storekeeper three or four years has just that number of years subtracted from its time of service.

All the Sealskins we offer for sale are of last year's catch and this year's London dye. This is an important point to consider in buying.

The McKIBBIN FUR CO.

Sixth and Wabasha Streets.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder High est of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N.Y

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

L. N. SCOTT, MANAGER.

Last three performances.

Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1

ROLAND REED

Tonight and tomorrow matinee, IN HIS GREAT COMEDY SUCCESS.

LEND ME YOUR WIFE.

Saturday night, first time here, in his new farcical comedy,

INNOCENT AS A LAMB.

Seats and Boxes now on sale for

JULIA MARLOWE

Monday Evening and Saturday Matinee, "ROMEO AND JULIET."

Tuesday, "CYMBELINE."

Wednesday, "INGOMAR."

Thursday, "TWELFTH NIGHT."

Friday, Double Bill, "ROGUES AND VAGABONDS." "PYGMALION AND GALATEA."

Saturday Night, "AS YOU LIKE IT."

GRAND

People are laughing this week who were never known to even smile before.

NELLIE McHENRY IN A NIGHT AT THE CIRCUS.

Next Sunday Night, "The Operator."

DE GARMO'S

CLASSES IN DANCING.

Westmoreland Hall,

Tenth and St. Peter Sts. Now Open.

Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Young Ladies, Misses and Masters, 4 p. m. Ladies' and Gentlemen, 8 p. m. Private Lessons at other times.

CENTRAL HALL!

—FOR—

CLUB DANCES,

Kitchen, Dining-Room, Elevator. Apply 34 East Seventh street, Room 501.

MALCOLM'S DANCING ACADEMY,

LOWRY ARCADE,

Now open. Office Hours: Tuesdays and Saturdays, 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

GLOBE, Oct. 7.

OUR SPECIAL TODAY IS

STOVES

HEATERS, STEEL RANGES

And Everything in Our Hardware Department at

20% OR 1/5 Off

FROM REGULAR PRICES.

THIS MEANS

A $50.00 Heater for		$40.00
A 25.00 Heater for		20.00
A 15.00 Heater for		12.00
A 50.00 Steel Range for		40.00
A 25.00 Cast Iron Range for		20.00
A 15.00 Cast Iron Range for		12.00

$1.00 Worth of Goods for 80c.

It does not mean that we have advanced our prices 25 per cent for this occasion, as perhaps has been the experience of many who have visited so-called discount sales.

Our Drapery and Carpet Sale will be continued for the balance of the week at prices as advertised. All-Wool Ingrains at 52½c and 57½c a yard. Draperies, 20 per cent off regular prices.

Geo. H. Lains

Furnishing Co., 434-436 WABASHA STREET.

Look for Our Announcements Every Day.

Mail Orders get quick attention. Send for large Illustrated Catalogue. Mail Orders received within 3 days after date of advertising bargains will be entitled to Bargain Prices.

TRADE MARK.

YOU are cordially invited to be present at the opening of our store, Saturday, Oct. 8th, 1892. Music, flowers and souvenirs for one and all. Very respectfully,

HANAN SHOE CO.,

92-94-96 E. SEVENTH ST.

SOUVENIR Birthday SPOON!

STERLING SILVER.

Each and every Spoon set with a stone corresponding to the emblem, with card hung with Silk Cord and Tassel..... PRICE, $2.50 EACH.

JANUARY	By those who in this month are born, No gems save Garnets should be worn; They will insure you constancy, True friendship and fidelity.
FEBRUARY	The February born will find Sincerity and peace of mind— Freedom from passion and care, If they the Amethyst will wear.
MARCH	Who on this world of ours their eyes In March first open shall be wise— In days of peril firm and brave— And wear a Bloodstone to their grave.
APRIL	Those who in April date their years, Diamonds should wear, lest bitter tears For vain repentance flow. This stone, Emblem of innocence, is known.
MAY	Who first beholds the light of day In Spring's sweet flowery month of May, And wears an Emerald all her life, Shall be a loved and happy wife.
JUNE	Who comes with Summer to this earth, And owes to June her day of birth, With ring of Agate upon her hand, Can health, wealth and peace command.
JULY	The glowing Ruby should adorn Those who in warm July are born; Thus will she be exempt and free From love's doubts and anxiety.
AUGUST	Wear a Moonstone, or for thee No conjugal felicity. The August born, without this stone 'Tis said, must live, unloved, alone.
SEPTEMBER	A maiden born when Autumn's leaves Are rustling in September's breeze, A Sapphire on her brow should bind; 'Twill cure disease of the mind.
OCTOBER	October's child is born for Woe, And life's vicissitudes must know; But lay an Opal on her breast And Hope will lull those woes to rest.
NOVEMBER	Who first comes to the world below With drear November's fog and snow Should prize the Topaz's amber hue, Emblem of friends and lovers true.
DECEMBER	If cold December gave you birth, The month of snow and ice and mirth, Place on your hand a Torquoise blue, Success will bless you if you do.

A. H. SIMON,

THE LEADING JEWELER,

OPEN EVENINGS. COR. SEVENTH AND JACKSON, ST. PAUL.

"WELL BRED, SOON WED". GIRLS WHO USE

SAPOLIO

ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.

Weak Men (sealed) INSTANT RELIEF. Cure in 15 days; never returns. I will send FREE to my fellow sufferers a prescription to enlarge small, weak organs. A sure cure for Emissions, Lost Manhood, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc. Address, with stamp, L. S. Franklin, Music Dealer, Marshall, Mich.

WRITE TO HER!

"I was not able to do my housework for 15 years, says Mrs. Nicholas Wilson, 262 S. Division St., Buffalo, N. Y. "Doctored with many physicians for female weakness, and used many remedies without benefit. 3 boxes NERVE BEANS cured me; I am strong as ever; do all my own work." $1 per box. Six boxes for $5. Address NERVE BEAN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Sold by L. Musetter, Fourth and Wabsha

DR. HURD,

24 E. THIRD STREET.

EXTRACTS TEETH POSITIVELY WITHOUT PAIN WITH HIS PATENT PROCESS.

TRADE MARK.

Sinene COLLARS AND CUFFS.

REVERSIBLE COLLARS & CUFFS.

Rubens. Angelo, Raphael, Murillo.

10 Collars or 5 Pairs Cuffs, 25c., or Sample Collar and Pair Cuffs by mail, 6c.

Reversible Collar Co., 27 Kilby St., Boston.

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