MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

A. B. Choate has issued a circular to all the county commissioners of the state, asking them to send their best men to the good roads convention in St. Paul, Jan. 25 and 26.

At the First Unitarian church this morning H. M. Simmons will preach on "Causes of Our Increasing Crime, and How the New Minnesota Prison Measure May Help It."

Agent Tatro, of the humane society, left last night to attend a meeting of the National Humane society, which holds a session in Philadelphia from the 26th to the 28th inst.

Tomorrow evening Henry George, the great writer and lecturer, will address an audience at the Lyceum theater, under the auspices of the People's church. His subject will be "Moses."

Miss Susan Ellis, aged eighty-six years, and a resident of Minneapolis for fifteen years, died Friday at Jacob T. Elicks, 308 Fifth street northeast. The funeral occurs today at 2:30 o'clock.

Adolph Reno, the East Side Frenchman charged with robbing John Holly, was discharged yesterday by the municipal court. There was not sufficient evidence to show he was the guilty party.

The wholesale dealers of pine wood have decided to advance the price of all dry pine, twenty-five cents a load, commencing on Monday, thus making the dry pine wood quotations. Gang, $2; mixed, $2.50; dimension and slab, $2.75.

Wednesday evening next the well-known dentist, Dr. C. W. Bachman, will be married to Miss Mina Gertrude Blaisdell. The wedding will occur at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Blaisdell, 2719 Pillsbury avenue.

Julius Wenger, formerly an employe of the street railway company, has been missing for the past six weeks. His infant child is very ill and his relatives are anxious to know his whereabouts. The family reside at 300 Sixth street northeast.

George Norris, arrested by Sergeant Kirkham and Patrolman Morrise, Friday night, was sent to the workhouse yesterday by Judge Elliot, to serve a term of ninety days. Norris when arrested had in his possession $60 in money and three gold watches.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to J. C. Nelson and Annie Rasmussen, John Johnson and Tilda Peterson, P. F. Blonde and Alga Sealolm, Ephram Demars and Lenora Tuscany, Thomas Carlson and Annie Ekeroth, Gust Thelberg and Gerina F. Erickson, C. Leffurtz and Selma Peterson, and Oscar Johnson and Lena Anderson.

The fair of Harmonia society will begin at Harmonia hall tomorrow night. The managers have arranged for a change of programme each night. Danz's full orchestra will play each night and the three choruses of Harmonia society will sing. All the prominent political candidates will speak during the week.

John Hennessey, an all-around tough, was sent to the workhouse. It was on general principles that Judge Elliot gave him thirty days. Hennessey claimed he had never been in the city before, but Sergeant Kirkham swore he had lived here for the past ten years, and four years ago stole his harness. Even Hennessy had to smile at this, and he took his sentence without another word of defense.

The "Presbyterian Alliance" will hold its meeting at the Andrew Presbyterian church, corner of Fourth street and Eighth avenue southeast Tuesday evening, Oct. 25, at 7:30 o'clock. Retiring president, Rev. J. S. Black, and incoming president, Rev. William M. Kincaid, will make addresses. The secretary and treasurer will give reports of their respective departments for the work of last year.

The Minnesota Loan and Trust Co.
Allows 5 per cent interest on six-months deposits.

AT THE THEATERS.

Ullie Akerstrom at the Bijou—"Jane" at the Grand.

Bijou Opera House—Ullie Akerstrom, the Anglo-Swedish star, will be the attraction at the Bijou this week. For the first half of the week she will be seen in her four-act comedy-drama, written by herself, entitled "Miss Roarer," and on Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday matinee she will present the beautiful comedy-drama, "A Little Busybody." Miss Akerstrom is not unknown to local theater goers, having appeared at the Bijou some two years ago, when she played a most successful engagement. "Miss Roarer," her new play, is quick in action, and provides the best opportunities for the display of her peculiar style of acting, which is on the order of that of Maggie Mitchell's or Lotta's. The realistic fox hunt which takes place in the last act, in which Miss Akerstrom is seen in the exciting race mounted on her trained horse "Gyp," is an exciting effect and new to the stage. "A Little Busybody" was presented by Miss Akerstrom when last in this city, and is well known to theatergoers. The character portrayed by her in this piece is "Nan, the good for nothing." She cuts wild capers and performs extravagant antics, and with all this she is as innocent as a baby. Her work in the third act as the boy mute is said to be effective. The company in support of Miss Akerstrom is capable, and includes the Mirror quartette. Friday evening, during Miss Akerstrom's engagement, will be specially for the Scandinavians of this city. Miss Akerstrom claims as her forefathers the fair-haired sons of the North, and enjoys the distinction of being the only Swedish star on the American stage, and has invited the officers of both the Norwegian and Swedish societies to occupy the boxes at the Bijou Friday evening and witness her performance of "A Little Busybody." The theater will be very prettily draped with American and Scandinavian flags.

Grand Opera House—That bright comedy success, "Jane," will hold the boards of the Grand opera house this week for six nights, and, besides the regular Saturday matinee, a special matinee will be given on Wednesday. The company presenting "Jane" is one of great merit, as the name of Frohman would suggest. Mr. Frohman has an enviable reputation for handling only the most legitimate attractions. "Chums," the New York Herald prize comedietta, will precede "Jane" as a curtain raiser.

Insurance Troubles.

An evening paper has discovered from the files of the GLOBE of two weeks ago that trouble is brewing in Minneapolis insurance circles. It has also discovered that the committee of underwriters appointed by the local union to go to Chicago for a conference with Commission No. 3 is really going there to save Judge Leach's scalp, instead of in the interest of having Minneapolis left on "excepted" city, free to manage its own insurance business untrammeled by the dictation of Commission No. 3, all of which is interesting, if true. As a matter of fact, Judge Leach, manager of the Minneapolis Underwriters union, has already been deposed. He goes out of office Nov. 1. Commission No. 3 has said that it would manage Minneapolis itself. Judge Leach is said to have remarked that about all that remains of the Minneapolis union is his $5,000 bond. What the committee to go to Chicago is going for is to work for a reconsideration of Commission No. 3's determination to run Minneapolis insurance business from headquarters.

MAKING ROADS.

A Good Deal Yet to Be Learned on This Subject.

Engineers learned long ago that the weight and hardness of rock have no bearing on its fitness for roadmaking, and whatever doubt existed that the same is true as to building stone was dissipated at the Chicago fire. Very heavy stone may be brittle. Slate weighing 175 pounds per cubic foot, and pure mica weighing 183 pounds, are of no value whatever for paving; and as to building stone, it is shown that a minute proportion of natural cement, possibly less than 1 per cent and adding nothing to the weight, makes all the difference between the most tenacious stone and that which crumbles like loaf sugar.

At present the tendency is to prefer trap rock, and after that felcite and granite for roadmaking. In the last there is much variety, and the kind containing hornblende is greatly preferred to that containing mica. It is admitted, however, by all engineers that we have yet a great deal to learn about roadmaking.

EUSTIS MEANS LOWRY

Tom Would Be the City's Mayor If William Henry Should Be Elected.

They Are One in Thought, in Sympathy and in Purpose.

Talks With Ex-Gov. Waller, Henry George and W. G. Ewing.

Destruction of Johnson's Planing Mill--News From Court.

In the Democratic parade last night one of the banners bore the inscription, "If you elect Eustis Tom Lowry will be mayor."

That expresses the keynote of this campaign, so far as purely Minneapolis politics is concerned. William Henry Eustis is Tom Lowry's man. He has always been a Lowry man. He is always foremost in the organization of banquets in honor of Lowry, where thousands of dollars' worth of champagne is drunk. Tom owned the last Republican city convention. He has always had a first mortgage on a goodly number of the Republican aldermen, but that was not enough for him. He wanted a mayor to his liking. He had to go into the primaries and into the convention to buy some nominations for some of his aldermanic friends, and he thought he might as well make a clean job of it and buy the mayoralty nomination while he was about it. He did it.

Lowry is a good fellow in this way, but he is all for Lowry. The same may be said of Eustis. He is a good fellow in his way, but he is all for——Lowry. Lowry is not for the people. He has no sympathy with the people. He is one of those men who thinks that a man who works by the day for his bread has no rights. He believes in the consolidation of capital, but not in the consolidation of labor. Not so long ago that newspaper readers cannot remember it, the papers mentioned the organization of a company with $20,000,000 capital to control the Minneapolis street railway system, and to deal in street railway franchises bought from the people by a few dollars judiciously dropped into the pockets of aldermen. That shows that Mr. Lowry believes in organization—of one sort at least. Eustis believes in the same sort of organization. But other kinds of organization. Just read this:

> In consideration of my employment with the Minneapolis Street Railway company, I hereby agree not to belong, while in its employ, to any labor union or organization. A violation of this contract will be sufficient cause for my discharge.
>
> ....., Witness.
>
> (Signed).....
>
> ....., 189

The above contract every employe of the Minneapolis Street Railway company, Tom Lowry, president, must sign. If you are a mason or a carpenter or a painter or a railroad man and lose your employment, you will get no chance to earn your bread by giving the street railway company the most faithful service unless you renounce your union. That's the sort of organization Lowry believes in—organization for the capitalist, disunion for the laborer.

And Eustis believes in the same thing. His voice has never been, will never be, raised in the interest of the people as opposed to Lowry.

Another Illustration

of how Eustis stands by Lowry. Last Sunday the GLOBE called attention to Eustis' defeat of the bill to prevent pollution of the Minneapolis water supply. In defeating that bill Eustis was working for Lowry as well as for himself, for Lowry is one of the heads of the stock yards, whence comes tons of animal refuse to mingle with Minneapolis drinking water. Here is a letter from State Chemist Drew which tells what sort of a bill that was:

"I desire to emphatically indorse the bill introduced by Mr. Penney to prevent the pollution of the waters of the Mississippi river by the introduction of slaughter house refuse, filth, dead animals, etc., above the pumping station. Such pollution will render the water unfit for drinking purposes, and should be effectually prevented. Many analyses of the water made by myself and others show that it is none too pure at its best, and so long as it is to be used as the supply of the city, every avenue which will allow of its being rendered more impure should be carefully guarded, and, if possible, such a condition of affairs prevented."

James A. Doyle, professor of chemistry in the state university, wrote to the Hennepin delegation as follows: "During the past ten years, since I have been connected with the university, I have frequently taken occasion to express the opinion that this city or this state should do something to prevent the pollution of the waters of the river above the pumping station of this city, and I think a bill of this kind, which has been introduced by Mr. Penney, ought to be passed. I only wish that its provisions might be extended to the whol stretch of the river and its tributaries above this city. While I do not consider the water extremely impure, I never drink it myself without first filtering it. But there are many persons who cannot have filters or who cannot use them properly. Hence the necessity of having a water as pure as posible supplied through the pipe."

William Henry Eustis, at Tom Lowry's behest, worked days and weeks to defeat that bill. He did defeat it. That action should defeat him.

A ROSEATE OUTLOOK.

Politics As Viewed by Gen. Ewing, of Chicago.

Gen. W. G. Ewing, of Chicago, who so ably filled the position of United States district attorney of Illinois under the regime of Cleveland, arrived in the city yesterday. Gen. Ewing in conversation with a reporter expressed the belief that New York would surely go Democratic this fall. He based his opinion upon the absolutely united condition of the party there. The Democrats were never so harmonious as now, and he was positive there would be no disaffection on account of the differences between Cleveland and Hill. The general was likewise sure that Indiana would cast an electoral vote for Cleveland, and that the position of Judge Gresham would tend to strengthen the Democratic party in the state. The judge, he said, was an ardent admirer of Cleveland.

"I believe," said Gen. Ewing, "that the fusion of the People's party and the Democrats in Minnesota is good politics, and if the object of the two is to throw strength to Weaver and weaken the Republican vote it is perfectly legitimate."

Gen. Ewing stated he was of the belief that the Democratic ticket of Illinois would be elected, and that Cleveland's chances there were of the very best.

A SINGLE TAX FUTURE.

Henry George Sees Nothing but Glorious Victory Ahead.

The San Francisco prophet and single tax and tariff reformer, Henry George, is a guest in the city. He was kept busy yesterday receiving friends and admirers. In speaking of the single-tax movement he was enthusiastic of its ultimate success, and said the idea had never had a set-back since its inception. With protection and free trade as an issue between the two great political parties, he foresaw victory for the single tax. The theory has already been put to test, and is at present in operation in a suburb of Washington known as Hyattsville. Already it was bearing fruit and gave promise of a rich harvest.

The great movement was marching on in America, and in Australia it would be fought out next year, so far, at least, as New South Wales was concerned. The progress of the movement was already noticeable in England, where it was espoused by the Radical wing of the Liberal yarty. Herr Miquel, minister of finance of Germany, had recommended the adoption of what is really the single tax, for the purpose of raising the revenue of the communes. In Manitoba a large city was already showing signs of adopting it in municipal affairs. Taking it altogether, Mr. George sees nothing ahead but success and a roseate future.

EX-GOV. WALLER.

He Says Connecticut, New York and New Jersey Will Be Democratic.

Ex-Gov. Thomas S. Waller, of Connecticut, and minister to the court of St. James during President Cleveland's administration, arrived in Minneapolis from Chicago yesterday morning. With the exception of a slight cold, the distinguished statesman told a GLOBE reporter that he was feeling remarkably well.

"You have a wonderful country up here," said he, "and I already feel the invigorating influences of the climate."

When interrogated as to the political outlook the governor said:

"Never was the outlook brighter for the Democrats than at present. There is no question in my mind but that Grover Cleveland will be triumphantly elected next month. Connecticut will most certainly go Democratic, as will New York state and New Jersey. I feel reasonably sure that Indiana will join the Democratic ranks also. I was somewhat surprised to find that this idea is prevalent in Chicago. In fact, it's Cleveland all along the line. While I have not been here long enough to judge for myself, I am told on all sides that Minnesota is going to show herself a staunch Democratic state this fall.

"This talk of Democratic ruptures within the ranks in New York state is all idle talk, and the Empire state will roll up a glorious majority for Cleveland and Stevenson."

Gov. Waller leaves for the East tonight, where he will go on the stump for the Democratic ticket.

"PROTECTED INDUSTRIES."

How Coal Buyers Pay Tribute to High Priests of Protection.

Policies are known by the men who advance them.

In this year of tariff talk and protection platitudes, the mind of the voter is often led astray by lines of finely spun words wrapped around pearl buttons, tin-plate and dragon's blood. More thoughtworthy subjects are sometimes overlooked. If the man who believes in a protective tariff because his father voted for Abraham Lincoln, will but open his eyes, he will see every day of his life an argument against the tariff.

Every householder knows to his sorrow what a heavy drain it is on his finances to heat his house during the long months of a Northwestern winter. He knows that somehow coal is higher than it should be. He rarely stops to consider that, in cutting down his bills for food to be able to heat his house, he is paying tribute to the head centers of protectionism.

The coal that is burned in Minneapolis comes, nearly all of it, from Pennsylvania. For years the Republican leaders, the advocates of the protection policy, have proudly pointed to Pennsylvania as the banner state on the side of the protective tariff.

Longer than most men can remember a pool of some sort has existed among the coal producers of Pennsylvania. Now the pool, under the name of the Reading Combine, stands for practically all the enthusiastic coal producers of Pennsylvania, a trust so boldly organized and so manifestly nefarious in its operations that it is compelled to go into the courts and fight for its life. This coal trust has always managed to keep the price of coal above the point where it should be; latterly it has been able, through improvement of its extortion system, to push the price of coal still higher. Here in Minneapolis the consumer pays almost $10 a ton for his coal, when he should get it fully $3 less. He pays that $3 as tribute to the coal trust, a trust that is composed of some of the heaviest contributors to the Republican campaign fund, and that has its existence in the fountain head of protection sentiment. This trust, which annually robs the very smallest householder of $50, is, on its face, the legitimate fruit of the protective system.

Minneapolitans have an illustration right at home of the relations of the coal trust and the Republican party. Up here a pool controls the retail coal business. The Republican party is well represented in that pool. John Goodnow, one of the leading spirits of the coal combine, is also a Republican manager. Jim Nash is another. And so one might go on to almost any length. In this case, as in every other, "protected industry" and "trust" are synonymous terms.

"You Will Never Succeed
Unlss you try. Try for the Gold Prize offered by the Minneapolis Improvement Company Northeast. See their advertisement in the GLOBE Sunday, Oct. 30."

BURNED A PLANER.

Fire Consumes H. S. Johnson's Big Planing Mill.

At 5:30 yesterday morning the fire department was called to the corner of Nineteenth avenue north and First street, in the West Side lumber district. H. S. Johnson's planing mill was a-fire, and by the time the first engine arrived on the scene the big building was a mass of flames. The inflammable nature of the building rendered it impossible to save it, and the fire department had all it could do to prevent the flames from spreading. Fortunately the wind was from the direction of the river. Sparks set fire to a pile of shavings near the Chatterton cedar post mill, half a mile away, on Eighth avenue northeast, but was soon extinguished. Several piles of lumber near the Johnson mill were consumed, and altogether the loss on building and lumber will be in the neighborhood of $6,000. Mr. Johnson is out of the city, so that the insurance and exact loss could not be ascertained. It is supposed the fire originated from sparks from a passing locomotive.

While the fire was in progress an alarm was turned in from the corner of Ninth avenue south and Eighteenth street. Two barns belonging to E. W. Roberts were on fire, and before the blaze could be extinguished a horse had been burned to death.

'TONKA DAM SUITS.

They Have Been Commenced—Gillam Will Case Unsettled.

Herbert M. Carpenter has begun suit in the district court against the board of county commissioners of Hennepin county to recover $2,000 damages for the loss of a large quantity of hay at Lake Minnetonka. The county commissioners built a dam in Minnehaha creek and kept the water, which would have, otherwise, flowed down the creek, in the lake. It flooded his meadow lands and spoiled his hay. It is stated on good authority that other suits against the commissioners will follow as soon as the papers can be made out.

The jury in the famous Gillam will case after being out since 11 o'clock Friday morning, reported to Judge Hooker yesterday morning that they were unable to reach an agreement, and were discharged. They stood nine for the validity of the will and three against it.

Judge Pond has dissolved the temporary restraining order obtained by F. M. Lytzen against C. L. True, to prevent True from collecting accounts for cigars sold which both parties claim.

Stix Krouse & Co. have begun an action against F. A. McClelland to recover $1,156 alleged to be due on some merchandise.

R. N. Woolet, the trunk manufacturer, has made a voluntary assignment to George R. Mason. Assets about $11,000.

C. S. Taylor, of Medford, Mass., has petitioned the probate court for letters of administration upon the $4,000 estate of Martha A. Kempton.

Marie S. Tupper has petitioned the probate court for letters of administration upon the $8,000 estate of Sarah E. Spaulding.

Judge Hooker yesterday gave John King a divorce from Julia E. King, and Amelia McIntyre from Fred J. McIntyre.

Judge Lochren has ordered judgment for the plaintiff in the suit of Katherine Bernstein against Horace Cass et al., brought to set aside a deed of conveyance of two lots worth $600 on the grounds of fraud in the deal. The lots were in the nature of a commission on a $21,000 deal, and are located at Nicollet avenue and Forty-third street.

A. C. Egelston, attorney for George E. White, assignee of the Scandinavian Elevator company, has begun suit in the district court against some 200 farmers to compel them to pay, as stockholders of the company, about $12,000 in liabilities under the law of the double liability of stockholders. A demurrer has been interposed against the assignee instituting the suit instead of the creditor, but has been set aside.

A REPUBLICAN POLITICIAN.

He Is Charged With Forgery and Church Robbery.

W. H. Watzka, alias P. V. Gutches, who was arrested by Patrolmen Morrissey and Goff, on the charge of forgery and robbing the altar of the Notre Dame church, was in court again yesterday. He was bound over to the grand jury on his first trial on the charge of forgery, and yesterday he was arraigned charged with the robbery of the church. His partner, J. Toll, was also landed yesterday by Patrolman Morrisey and arraigned together with Watzka. Their cases were set for Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Each man accuses the other of the robbery of the church, and when the trial occurs there will, no doubt, be some tall swearing. Toll, according to the officers, is an old jail bird. He was sent to Stillwater from St. Paul to serve eight years for forgery. He was pardoned out after serving four years. Watzka has had the honor of serving eighteen months in the state prison. He has been in the employ of the Republican party of late, and according to his own story has stumped the state among his Polish brethren in the interest of Knute Nelson.

Why Our Students Are So Promptly Employed.

Business men are constantly calling at the Bower Shorthand School for stenographers, because they know that the advanced students of the institution have received such a thorough and practical drill in all that pertains to commercial affairs that they are able to render efficient and intelligent service.

GRINNELL WALLOPED.

University of Minnesota Boys Prove Great Kickers.

The University of Minnesota football eleven is feeling better this morning. Yesterday, in the Minneapolis baseball park, they met the men from Grinnell college, Ia., and wiped up the earth with them. Last year the Minnesota boys met the Grinnell team twice, once in a draw game and again in a hard-fought tussle which ended in favor of Minnesota by a small margin. The Grinnell men swore a big swear that they would make the Minnesotans regret it this year. They came up to Minneapolis yesterday to make good their oath, and will go home tomorrow sadder but lamer. The game was fast all the time, but was not so good a game as that between Minnesota and Ann Arbor. The teams lined up as follows:

Minnesota.		Grinnell.
Madigan	Center	Jacobs
Harding	Right Guard	Bickley
	Left Guard	Savage
Sikes	Right Tackle	Grinnell
White	Left Tackle	Darby
Dalrymple	Right End	Atherton
Bisbee	Left End	Sommers
Burbank, Patterson,	Half Backs	James, King
Fotwell	Full Back	Mille
Pillsbury	Quarter Back	Lyon

The Minnesota boys won the toss for the ball. Right from the start they pushed it toward the Grinnell goal, sent it over the ten-yard line on the first play, and in ten minutes had a touch down. Then they failed to kick the goal. Then Grinnell began with a V rush and advanced the ball well toward the Minnesota goal, but could not hold it there. Back it went again, and Minnesota scored another touch down. Five times did the Minnesota men do that same thing in the first half. Once Grinnell was given 12½ yards on a foul tackle, but when the play began Dalrymple, by some good tackling, assisted Minnesota to send the ball back for another touch down. The last time Pillsbury, for Minneapolis, kicked the goal. The first half ended with the score 22 to 0 in favor of Minnesota.

The second half was but a repetition of the first, except that the Minnesota men had grown a little careless. The playing was fast all the time, but not particularly brilliant, although the Minnesota half backs did some great sprinting, and the tackles performed what they had before them. The game closed in darkness, with the score standing 40 to 18 in favor of Minnesota.

Patterson and Burbank, the Minnesota half backs, did the brilliant work of the game in running. Folwell made some good punts. The Minnesota men failed almost every time in an attempt to punt for the goal. The Grinnell kickers could do that, but little else. Their one play was the V rush. They had heavy men, and gave the Minnesota line a stiff game at rushing, but the Iowans were not in it in other branches of play. Minnesota won the game by running, blocking and punting. Stiles P. Jones was umpire and Frank Heffelfinger was referee. Both gave satisfaction. The attendance was about 1,000.

Minnesota Patents.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—The lowing Minnesota inventors received patents this week, as reported by James F. Williamson, patent attorney, 929-933 Guaranty Loan building, Minneapolis; 412 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, and 931 F street, Washington: John Clayton, Minneapolis, wheel plow; G. B. Smith, St. Cloud, fusible fire alarm; George E. Wilson, Stillwater, rotating grain meter.

FOOTBALL.

Results of Various Contests of This Popular Game.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 22.—The football eleven of the Chicago Athletic association defeated the eleven of the Cleveland Athletic club today by a score of 28 to 0.

At Brooklyn—Princeton 24, Crescent 0.

At New York—Rutgers college 12, New York Athletic club 0.

At Cambridge—Harvard 40, Boston Athletic association 0.

At South Bethlehem—Cornell 76, Lehigh 0.

At Orange—Princeton Freshmen 18, Orange Field club, 0.

At Carlisle—Chambersburg academy 12, Dickinson freshmen 6, Swarthmore 18, Dickinson college 0.

At Philadelphia—U. of P. 34, Franklin and Marshall college 0.

At Andover—Bowdoin 46, Andover 0.

At Amherst—Quivers college 18, Amherst 15.

At Newburg, N. Y.—West Point 40, Stevens College 0.

At New Haven—Yale 96, Siglar Institute 0.

At Middleton, Conn.—Dartmouth 20, Wesleyan 8.

At Indianapolis—Butler University 14, Wabash College 12.

At Milwaukee—Wisconsin University 10, Lake Forest 6.

Fractured a Running Record.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Sid Thomas, the English amateur runner, today ran at the Hernehill grounds twelve miles in sixty-two minutes and forty-three seconds, thus beating the record for that distance.

STILLWATER NEWS.

Death of Oren Mower—Other Events of Saturday.

Oren Mower, a prominent resident of this city, died yesterday at 10 o'clock a. m., of heart disease. Deceased was born in Glenburne, Me., March 22, 1843, and has been a resident of Washington county for many years. The funeral occurs at 4 o'clock p. m. today from the family residence, 724 Oak street, under the auspices of the local lodge of Odd Fellows, of which he was a respected member.

The Gardie Eastman left yesterday with a raft of logs for Gardiner, Batchelder & Wells, Lyons, Io.; the Clyde cleared with a raft of logs for the Standard Lumber company, Dubuque, and the Luella left with a raft of lumber consigned to E. D. Rand, Burlington, and Stearns & Mohlman, St. Louis.

The Knights of Honor have completed arrangements for a grand ball to be given at Music hall next Thursday evening.

Mrs. C. W. Jellison, the wife of an estimable resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon of consumption. Deceased was forty-four years of age, and had been ill for more than a year. The funeral occurs at 2 p. m. tomorrow from her late home, 411 North Third street.

H. A. Connors has been received at the prison from Le Sueur county on a one year's sentence for obtaining money by a fraudulent draft. John Nels was also received from Carlton county, and will serve eighteen months for grand larceny in the second degree.

Mrs. Benjamin McKusick, residing near Houlton, Wis., on the opposite side of the St. Croix, died Friday evening. Deceased was eighteen years of age, and was a daughter of Mrs. Kenneman.

The reserved seat sale for "The Charity Ball," which will be given at the opera house in this city tomorrow evening, is large, and a like attendance is assured.

James Petcher was examined in the probate court yesterday as to his sanity, and was sent to the asylum at Rochester. Petcher is a tramp and was arrested in St. Paul Park a day or two ago.

Herbert C. Whittlesey is an independent candidate for register of deeds. Mr. Whittlesey has been deputy register of deeds for several years.

Joseph C. Yorks, a former resident of this city, died a few days ago at Thompson Falls, Mont. Deceased was sixty-six years of age, and was one of the early residents of Washington county. The remains will be brought to this city for interment.

Hon. J. B. Taft and wife and Mrs. H. C. Farmer have returned from a visit in Franklin county, Maine.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Brown, of Little Falls, Minn., are spending Sunday with Mrs. Elizabeth Rice, of South Fifth avenue.

Mrs. Austin Jenks spent a part of the week in St. Paul, with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Buck.

Mr. and Mrs. John O'Brien are in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Jenks, residing on the corner of Fifth and Maple streets, were surprised Tuesday evening by a number of relatives, the occasion being the thirty-fifth anniversary of their marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Lanphear celebrated their golden wedding Thursday evening at their home on South First street.

H. P. Barclay is in Duluth.

Mrs. Smith left Friday on a visit to relatives and friends in Illinois.

R. A. Gray, of Alexandria, S. D., and Miss Iva Smith, of this city, were married Tuesday afternoon.

Rev. L. H. Morey and family left Monday morning for their future home in San Antonio, Tex.

E. L. Hospes, resident, manager of the Schulenburg-Boecheler Lumber company, was in St. Louis during the week.

Charles Reed, of Peoria, Ill., visited relatives in this city the first part of the week.

H. C. Fogle, manager of the Minnesota Thresher company, is in St. Louis.

NEW RUSSIAN BLOUSE.

The Old One Is Still Worn, but This Is an Addition.

A combination of the prettiest features of the Russian blouse and the Watteau back coat is shown in a number of heavy wool goods; those with a magnified chevron effect are most popular. The front is that of a Russian blouse, closing diagonally on the left, confined at the waist with a leather belt and falling loose from there. A narrow trim-

ming of fur goes around the collar and down the front, and the full double sleeves are edged with a wider band of the same. The Watteau back is fitted, a seeming paradox, but a very pretty one. It is an unusually graceful garment, and can be effectively made of the same material as the dress, but is considered more stylish in a contrasting color.

GOOD ROADS.

The Improvement Association to Open an Office in New York.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—The executive committee of the Roads Improvement association concluded the work of preliminary organization today, and Gen. Roy Stone, one of the leading spirits in the movement, leaves for New York tomorrow, accompanied by some others of the members. The temporary headquarters will be at 408 Broadway, New York, where a further meeting will be held in ten days. It is likely that a building for the use of the members will be erected at the world's fair grounds.

REMODELED BY CAPRIVI.

Germany's Premier Changes the Proposed Military Bill.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—Public interest in the military bill does not show the least sign of abatement; on the contrary, it has been increased by the secrecy maintained in regard to the provisions of the measure, though a few details have been allowed to leak out in order to satisfy the growing public demand for information on the subject. The government's decision not to publish the full text of the bill until it had been discussed by the bundesrath meets with general condemnation from the press, which is unanimously of the opinion that this policy of silence will not have the result of weakening the opposition, a result the government appears to reckon on.

An article in the Berliner Politischen Nachrichten, which is accepted as inspired, contains the fullest information as to the history and nature of the bill that has yet appeared. The paper declares that Chancellor von Caprivi up to the day the measure received the imperial signature was hard at work daily scrutinizing every item. Everything not considered absolutely indispensable was eliminated in order to effect the greatest reduction in expenses, but no changes in the principles on which the military reforms are based were made. The result of the chancellor's labors is a bill of which no part can be removed without injuring the whole. The chancellor thoroughly remodeled the proposals made some time ago by Gen. Verdi Du Vernois, which were impracticable owing to their exorbitant financial demands. The cost of Gen. Verdi Du Vernois' plans is estimated at over 110,000,000 marks annually, which is twice the amount involved by the present bill.

The article concludes by dilating upon the necessity of providing a counterpoise to the armed forces of France and Russia. It exhorts the political parties and the military authorities who were disposed to haggle over the proposals not to exhibit to foreigners such an evident sign of political and military weakness. The discussion of the measure by the bundesrath is expected to last about three weeks. According to a good authority, the number of recruits to be raised annually will be increased by 60,000, making the total number 230,000.

There is little doubt that the discussion of the bill in the reichstag will be stormy and eventful. The opposition to the proposed taxes to offset the increased expenditure that will be incurred through the bill is gaining in strength. This opposition is especially directed against the proposed duty on tobacco. A mass meeting has been called to meet at Erstein next week to consider the subject. It will be attended by tobacco planters from Alsace, Baden and the Palatinate. Preparations for a similar meeting are being made at Appeln, where a new burden in the shape of taxes placed on tobacco will render idle thousands of workmen. The Munichen Nachrichten asserts that 14,000 men will be made idle in Bavaria alone, while the poorer classes throughout the country will suffer, as a cheap foreign cigar will be an impossibility and the price of cigars made of home-grown tobacco is certain to be raised to a price at which the poor will not be able to purchase them.

Several papers assert that Prince Bismarck will appear in the reichstag to lead the opposition against the bill. Prince Bismarck is at present suffering from acute neuralgia. He was deeply affected by the death of his great friend, Lothair Eucher.

SURPRISED THE COLONISTS.

Gladstone Proposes to Withdraw the Imperial Troops.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Considerable surprise was caused in political circles, and especially in colonial circles, yesterday, by a report that Mr. Gladstone proposes to withdraw British troops entirely from the North American colonies and require that Canadians and Newfoundlanders maintain their own means of defence. It is known that the question has been seriously discussed among members of the cabinet, and that Mr. Gladstone is decidedly favorable to throwing the colonists, in all parts of the world, as much as possible on their own resources.

He has no idea of abandoning territories that are directly under imperial jurisdiction, but believes in training self-governing colonies to be able to rely upon their own resources, both military and naval. It is not improbable that before another twelve months have elapse the Canadians will be called upon to occupy the forts now garrisoned by imperial troops and that the Cape government will also be required to undertake a similar responsibility. It is said that Mr. Gladstone has expressed the opinion that if the colonists should learn something by experience as to the cost of military strength and display they would be less inclined to involve themselves and the empire in costly and unprofitable wars.

CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.

Germany in Increased Danger of a New Invasion.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—Official information show that, while cholera in Hamburg is decreasing, Germany is in increased danger of an invasion from Russia. Numerous cases of the disease and five deaths have occurred at Mlawa. There have been cases at Bobereck, Nivka and other frontier towns. Communication with the district has been suspended. The authorities at Konigsburg have issued an order forbidding Russian travelers to cross the frontier, except at Illowo and Eaulencia, where they will be subjected to medical inspection. The frontier police have been largely reinforced.

ONE OF WHITTIER'S POEMS.

I would not if I could repeat
A life which still is good and sweet;
I kept in age, as in my prime,
A not uncheerful step with time,
And, grateful for all blessings sent,
I go the common way, content
To make no new experiment.
On easy terms with law and fate,
For what must be I calmly wait.
And trust the path I cannot see—
That God is good sufficeth me.
And when at last upon life's play
The curtain falls, I only pray
That hope may lose itself in truth,
And age in heaven's immortal youth,
And all our loves and longing prove
The foretaste of diviner love!
—John G. Whittier in St. Nicholas.

Indian Summer.

Golden garments on the hills, dreamin' far away;
Soothin' singin' o' the rills—meadows sweet with hay;
Reapers shoutin' in the fields, harvestin' the crops;
Rifle ringin' in the woods, an'—down a squirrel drops!
—Atlanta Constitution.

FACTS AND FANCIES.

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In profusion at Mme. Coe's, 524 Nicollet.

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Winter Bonnets and Hats for the opera.

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Of all the latest designs of the season at Mme. Coe's, 524 Nicollet avenue.

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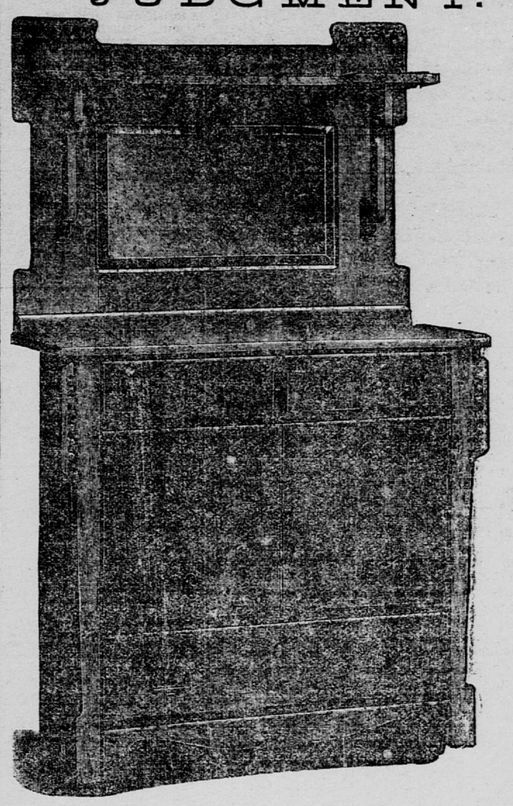

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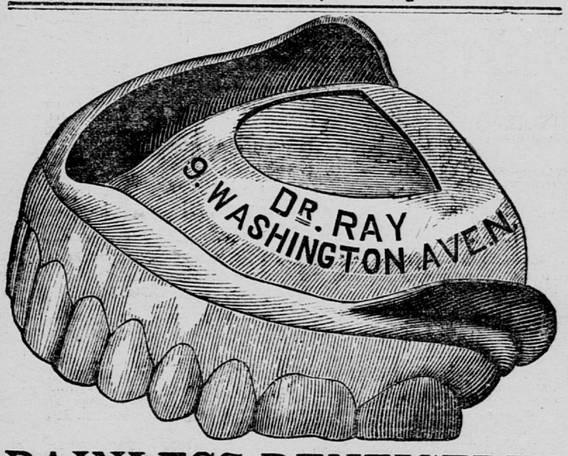

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—DR. RAY—
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