MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

JIMMY BURNS AND TOMMY BRADY INDICTED.
CHIEF MASON RESIGNS.
THE GRAND JURY TRIES TO HELP OUT THE REFORM.

Daily St. Paul Globe.

BIG REMOVAL OFFERS TO THE ST. PAUL PLOW WORKS.
PLAN TO ELECT JOSEPH McKIBBEN PRESIDENT OF THE Y. M. C. A.

VOL. XIV. SAINT PAUL, MINN., WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 30, 1892. NO. 335.

DAVIS MUST RETIRE.

Senator Washburn Still in Minneapolis Interviewing Legislators-Elect.

The Boom for Attorney General Clapp Assuming Attractive Proportions.

His Views on the Tariff and Force Bill Those of the People.

Twin Cities Must Be Satisfied With One of the Two Senators.

The movement that has for its object the election of a man from outside St. Paul and Minneapolis to the seat in the United States senate now held by Hon. C. K. Davis is growing in force, and within a few days there will be several full-fledged candidates in the field on the Republican side. The low tariff element in the Republican party, which has been quietly submitting to the decrees of the Eastern bosses and their Western tools for the last six years, seems to be thoroughly aroused at last. The kind of a man they want is thus summarized by a Republican member of the lower house:

"The Republicans of Minnesota are in a very ticklish place at the present time, and I will tell you just why I think so. The late election in this state taught the Democrats and Populists a lesson. The result convinced them that neither can win alone, but by combining the state is theirs beyond a doubt. The result of this has been to bring these two parties together. Take it in my district, for example. The Democrats there, as a rule, are on the side of Boen in the contest talk made by Feig. They say that Boen is

A Low Tariff Man

and, therefore, on the great issue of the day with them. And this I believe to be the case all over the state. Now, I am one of those who believe that when the people decide a question there is no use, nor is there any sense in a party or a man insisting on the people reaffirming their decision time after time. Every sane man knows that the people of Minnesota, Republicans and Democrats alike, are opposed to the McKinley bill style of protection. There is no disputing this. The Republicans of Minnesota were opposed to "protection run mad" years ago, and when four of our five members of congress voted with the Democrats on this issue they were considered as representing their people correctly. The Eastern element gained complete control, and so made our party platform that Republicans were either compelled to get out of the party or else lay aside for the time their views regarding the tariff. Many went over to the Democrats, but more said, 'We will wait and see how the thing comes out.' There are thousands of Republicans in this state who voted for Harrison in 1888 and again in 1892, not because they believed in McKinleyism or the force bill, but because they loved the Republican party. It is time that the existence of this element is taken into consideration, and I favor the selection of a man with liberal ideas on the tariff to succeed Senator Davis."

"Whom have you to suggest?"

"Personally I favor Attorney General M. E. Clapp. He is a man of rare ability, frank, open and honest, and of rare independence. He was the author of the low tariff platform upon which Knute Nelson ran for congress six years ago, and has

Not Recanted His Views

on that subject. He would make an ideal United States senator, and would be able to do a great deal for the state. Senator Davis has so acted during his term that he is in the worst possible position. What will a Democratic senate and a Democratic administration do for a man who voted for the force bill, the McKinley bill and every radical measure, whether for the good of the country or not, that has come up during the past six years. Moses E. Clapp, if elected, would represent the Republican voters of the Northwest, and would stand for a glorious future for the party, while Senator Davis represents the discredited leadership of the Eastern bosses. One represents progress, the other a reactionary crowd who believe in taxing the people of the West for the benefit of favored classes."

Senator W. D. Washburn has taken a hand in the senatorial contest.

Several days ago the papers announced that the Mill City senator had taken his departure for Washington, and the politicians, as a rule, supposed that the statement was correct. But it was not. Senator Washburn is still in Minneapolis, while his colleague, inflated with confidence, has gone on to the Capital city to confer with his patron and backer, Senator Stanford, the Central Pacific magnate. During the past few days Senator Washburn has been quietly looking into the situation and considering it in every possible light. Personally he is friendly to Senator Davis, and were the latter not hampered by his force bill record and

Pronounced Subservience

to Eastern influences there is little doubt that Senator Washburn would continue to support him.

But Senator Washburn is a shrewd politician.

He knows how the people of this state feel and he knows that the selection of Davis would weaken the party, disgust the country districts and send a man from outside the cities to succeed him two years hence.

If Davis is selected Washburn's fate is sealed, and the fact that the Mill city man has tumbled to this is evidenced by the fact that he did not go to Washington at the time he intended and that he is now meeting his friends among the legislators elect and conferring with them over the situation. Several from outside the city of Minneapolis will meet him by appointment today.

FEIG FIGURES ON IT.

Hopes Based on an Omission of Boen's Christian Name.

Henry Feig, the defeated Republican candidate for congress in the Seventh district, is reported to have a deep scheme laid to steal the election from Boen. There are sixteen counties in that district. In fifteen of the counties the Democratic candidate's name appeared on the ticket as "Halvor E. Boen;" in the one county his name was put on the ticket as "H. E. Boen." The plan is to have the votes in the one county counted by the canvassing board as being for another man. This scheme may not be contemplated, and certain it is it will not succeed if it is; but a good many up in that district assert that that is just what Mr. Feig will undertake to do. With the vote of that county lost to Boen, Feig would have a majority.

VILLARD IN THE CITY.

Notables at the Hotels in Great Numbers.

Yesterday was a great day for the politicians at the St. Paul hotels. Three congressmen-elect were at the Merchants' during the day, and one United States senator dropped into the Ryan, where Henry Villard also arrived during the day. Mr. Villard declared he was here on business, and that ended it. He had not heard that he is booked for a seat in President Cleveland's cabinet, or that he is certain to succeed William Walter Phelps and his bang at the court of the kaiser. Having received all this information, together with various reports as to what he proposes to do with the Northern Pacific, the Northwest and Edison General Electric, the great railroad magnate felt repaid for the long and tiresome journey just completed, and frankly said so.

Senator Lyman R. Casey, of North Dakota, only spent a few moments in the Ryan lobby. He was on his way to Washington, and knew less about North Dakota politics than Senator W. H. Robinson, his Traill county admirer, down at the Merchants'. Senator Robinson, however, was unwilling to hazard a guess on the probable successor of Mr. Casey, but felt quite sure that it will not be Gov. Burke.

"Gov. Burke," he said, "is one of the squarest and best men in the world, and, while he has hosts of friends, and warm ones, too, he has made some powerful enemies, who will be strong enough, I think, to defeat him."

The congressmen-elect at the Merchants' were Maj. M. R. Baldwin, of Duluth; Senator James A. Tawney, of Winona, and Congressman Nils P. Haugan, of Black River Falls, Wis. The latter went to Washington last evening, while the others remained over in the Saintly city.

Of state senators there were a great many in the city in addition to Senator Tawney. Senator McMillan, of Hennepin, and Senator Keller, of Stearns, were here, on their way to Des Moines as members of the capitol commission. Senator Dean, of this city, went along. This trio will be joined at the Hawkeye capital by Senator Ayers, of Austin, and Senator Ladue, of Luverne.

Ex-Senator C. F. MacDonald, of Stearns, was another prominent guest at the Merchants' during the day.

PORTER'S PLAN.

He Wants the Census Office Made a Permanent Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Census Superintendent Porter, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior, strongly urges that the census office be made a permanent bureau of the interior department. He says he has consulted statisticians and experts, and has obtained by correspondence an expression of views from commercial organizations, officers of state boards of health, agricultural organizations, state superintendents of education, bishops and prominent churchmen, officers of institutions for the deaf, dumb, blind, etc., all of whom are necessarily interested in any movement looking to the improvement of the present system of collecting and compiling census statistics. Encouraged by the many expressions of favor with which the proposition has been received, some of them from the most eminent statisticians in this country and abroad, he renews his appeal for a permanent census. Mr. Porter refers to the complaints that have been made against the accuracy of the eleventh census, especially by the authorities of certain cities, and says that the work of the enumerators has been vindicated by time.

In regard to the cost of the work of taking the eleventh census, Mr. Porter says that the total disbursements from the commencement of operations up to June 30, 1892, amounted to $8,203,693. Of this amount $2,485,458 was paid to enumerators. The population and social statistics cost $1,267,868; the statistics of farms, homes and mortgages, $41,005,771; printing and stationery, $631,686. It is further stated that in July, 1891, there were 2,330 clerks on the pay rolls, and in June 1892, the number had been reduced to 1,214. There is money available to defray the necessary expenses of the office up to March 1, 1893. From that time until the close of the fiscal year Mr. Porter estimates that the sum of $240,000 will be required to continue the office. Of the thirteen volumes in which the results of the eleventh census will be embodied, there are now in the hands of the printers eight quarto volumes, and it is stated that the indefinite detail of the office makes it impossible to foretell the date of the actual completion of the work.

GROWING MORE ALARMING.

Death Rate From Typhoid Increasing in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 29.—The typhoid fever epidemic grows more alarming at each successive day. Though there was a falling off in the number of new cases today the death rate has increased. The latest theory advanced is that the scourge is the result of the late overflow, a great deal of stagnant water being left in cellars along the river front. The number of new cases today was 118 up to 5 o'clock, against 220 yesterday, 115 Sunday and 200 Saturday. This evening Chief Sanitary Officer Frencis reports that there were from Sunday night up to noon yesterday twenty deaths from typhoid.

FIGHTING FOR A LAKE.

First Step Taken in a Famous Law Suit.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 29.—The first step in what promises to be a long and famous legal fight has just been taken in the commencement of the action brought by Hon. Fred Cook, ex-secretary of state, against the Silver Lake Ice company, to establish the ownership of the lake. The lake in question is situated in Wyoming county and is eight miles long. It has a water surface of 835 acres and is the principal source of supply of the ice company, of which Arthur G. Yates is president. The plant is worth more than $1,000,000.

HELD HER HUSBAND

While Another Woman Horsewhipped Him.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Nov. 29.—Prof. T. A. Volraith, a musician of this city, was horsewhipped on the street today by Mrs. Mary Wasson, the wife of an optician, whom he is alleged to have slandered. Volraith's wife assisted his assailant by throwing her husband to the pavement and holding him there while Mrs. Wasson vigorously applied the lash. Warrants are issued for the woman's arrest.

DIED FULL OF YEARS.

President Harrison's Venerable Father-in-Law Follows His Daughter.

Calmly and Peacefully as the Day Is Closing His Spirit Departs.

He Will Be Buried Beside His Wife in Washington, Pa.

Born With the Century, Death Is Due to Old Age.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Rev. Dr. John Witherspoon Scott, the venerable father-in-law of President Harrison, died this afternoon at 4:01 o'clock, at the age of ninety-three years. He died in the executive mansion, where he went with his daughter and son-in-law when they made it their home. Dr. Scott's illness was of short duration. He went to Indianapolis with the party that accompanied Mrs. Harrison's remains. He bore the fatigue of the trip very well, and returned to Washington in his usual health. Saturday, Nov. 18, he caught cold, and was compelled to go to bed and place himself under a doctor's care.

At 6 o'clock this morning he was perfectly rational, and held a short conversation with Lieut. Parker, who had been sitting up with him. At 6:30 the family were called to the bedside, as the nurse thought he was then passing away. They remained in the room until 7 o'clock and then left the patient, who made another rally. Throughout the day until 2 o'clock the family thought there was a chance of recovery, based upon the great vitality shown by him. At 2 o'clock Dr. Scott again

Began to Decline

and died at one minute past 4 o'clock. There were present at the bedside the president, Mrs. McKee, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Harrison, Lieut. Parker and wife, Russell Scott, his grandson, and Dr. Tennis Hamlin, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, of which Dr. Scott was a member. John W. Scott, the only surviving son, and Mr. McKee were the only members of the family absent. Before leaving the house Dr. Hamlin offered prayer in the library with the family.

Funeral services will be held in the east room of the White house Thursday afternoon at 6 o'clock. Dr. Hamlin will officiate. The funeral party will leave this city Thursday evening for Washington, Pa., where the body will be interred Friday morning, as requested by Dr. Scott, beside his wife, who was buried there in 1876, and his son, Capt. Horace Scott, who died of consumption. Capt. Scott served under Gen. Harrison during the war. The funeral party will return immediately to Washington. Judge Scott will not be able to attend the funeral, as he has just reached his home, Seattle, Wash., after having attended the funeral of Mrs. Harrison.

The death of Dr. Scott makes the ninth that has occurred within the family and the attendants of the executive mansion since the commencement of President Harrison's administration, being Mrs. Pruden, wife of the executive clerk, Maj. Pruden; Mrs. Scott Lord, sister of Mrs. Harrison; Mrs. Halford, wife of Private Secretary Halford; the coachman, the lamplighter, who has been employed in the White house for a quarter of a century; Frank A. Cox, the telegraph operator; Mrs. Harrison, Capt. Dinsmore, chief usher, and Dr. Scott.

Simply Worn Out.

Dr. Gardiner, the attending physician, says the immediate cause of death was exhaustion due to old age. He retired a week ago last night with a cold, and Thursday was unable to get up. The cold was followed by a low fever, which greatly prostrated him. When this had run its course a slight reaction and rally ensued Thursday, lasting forty-eight hours. Saturday night there was a turn for the worse, and he rapidly sank into a lethargic state, with fitful periods of consciousness. Notwithstanding his advanced age, Dr. Scott had never been the victim of any organic disease, and seldom required the services of a physician, and then only for a passing ailment. He died because the machinery of his body was worn out.

Rev. John W. Scott was born with the century, the date of his birth being Jan. 22, 1800, a little more than a month after the death of George Washington. His boyhood was spent in the vicinity of Hookstown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, where he was born. His father was a well-to-do-tresident of that place and gave to his son a good education which he turned to advantage in his future life. He became a minister of the Presbyterian church and filled several pulpits acceptably, but in a few years his voice failed and he was forced to give up his vocation. After

Teaching in Several Schools.

among them the Hanover university, in Hanover county, Indiana,; he established the Western Female seminary at Oxford, O. Here was situated Miami university, where Benjamin Harrison received the finishing touches to his education.

Dr. Scott had five children—three daughters, Mary, who died young; Elizabeth, who married Russell Lord; Caroline, who married Benjamin Harrison, and two sons, Henry M. and John N. Mrs. Lord died in Washington two years ago; the son, Henry, is also dead, leaving John N. Scott as the sole survivor of Dr. Scott's children. During the time when Mr. Harrison was a United States senator Dr. Scott was appointed to a clerkship in the pension office, and he held this position until his son-in-law became president. He resigned then and moved to the White house, where he has since resided. About a year ago he paid a visit of several months to his son, John N. Scott, at Port Townsend, and stood the fatiguing journey across the continent without ill effect. Dr. Scott was a man of wonderful physical vigor, tall, broad-chested and well-preserved mentally. He used to say that he believed he was in his prime at sixty. He was seldom ill, but had no regular rule of diet or exercise to keep him in good physical condition.

WORK OF THE LIFE SAVERS

Supt. Kimball Submits His Annual Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The annual report of Supt. Kimball, of the life-saving service, makes the following showing: The establishment embraced at the close of the last fiscal year 242 stations, 181 being on the Atlantic, 48 on the lakes, 12 on the Pacific and 1 at the Falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky. The number of disasters to documented vessels within the field of the operations during the year was 337. There were on board these vessels 2,570 persons, of whom 2,550 were saved and 29 lost. The number of shipwrecked persons who received succor at the stations was 747, to whom 1,847 days' relief in the aggregate was afforded.

The estimated value of the vessels involved in the disasters was $5,584,160 and that of their cargo $7,200,365, making a total value of property imperiled $8,284,525. Of this amount $7,111,005 was saved and $1,173,520 lost. The number of vessels totally lost was sixty. In addition to the foregoing, there were during the year 170 casualties to small crafts, such as sailboats, rowboats, etc., on which there were 353 persons, 346 of whom were saved and seven lost. The property involved in these advances is estimated at $67,810, of which $63,470 was saved and $4,340 lost.

ARMY VACANCIES.

Three Officers of High Rank Soon to Retire.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Three army officers of high rank will retire in the next two weeks, and three vacancies and promotions in all the corps affected will accordingly result. The first of these to be placed on the retired list on account of the age limit will be Brig. Gen. Bekman Du Barry, commissary general of subsistence, who relinquishes further active service on Dec. 4. On the same date Col. Anthony Heger, surgeon, will retire, and on Dec. 11 Col. Alexander J. Perry, assistant quartermaster general, will cease active duty in the army. All of these officers will be placed on the retired list on account of age. There will be two vacancies in the commissary department when Gen. Du Barry retires, and one each in the medical corps and the quartermaster's department, all of which are presidential appointments. A vacancy also exists in the adjutant general's department, caused by Gen. Kelton's retirement last June.

MAY DELAY THE MESSAGE.

Work of Preparing It Interrupted by Dr. Scott's Death.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—There is a possibility that on account of the death of Dr. Scott the annual message to congress may be delayed in its presentation to congress, but the delay will not be for more than a few days. The president is a hard worker, and he has already completed most of his task. To finish the message it will not require a great deal of time, and after the funeral of Dr. Scott he will be able to devote the following days exclusively to its completion. In the event that the message is not sent to congress Monday, the president will transmit a brief statement promising "a message at an early day."

Private Secretary Halford said tonight there would be no delay in the transmission of the president's message to congress. He expects that it will be read to congress on the first day.

QUARANTINE CHANGES.

Regulations Modified During the Winter Months.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Acting Secretary Spaulding today made a further modification of the regulations governing the admission of immigrants. It is based on a report by Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine hospital service, that it is safe to relax somewhat during the winter months the existing stringent precautions against the introduction of cholera. Under the new arrangement all vessels from foreign ports, regardless of whether they carry immigrants, will be allowed to proceed as far as the local quarantine stations at Philadelphia and Baltimore without examination at the national quarantine at the Delaware breakwater and Cape Charles. This privilege has heretofore been confined to ships having no immigrants on board.

ACCEPTED BY FIVE.

Nations Who Will Participate in the Naval Parade.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Acceptances to the invitations sent out by the state department to foreign countries to take part in the naval review are coming in very slowly. Only two first-class naval powers—Great Britain and France—and three of the smaller ones—Portugal, the Netherlands and Hayti—have signified their intention of sending vessels. Mexico, China, Denmark and some of the South American republics have declined the invitation on the ground that they could not make a good showing with their small ships and obsolete armament and equipment.

NO LEGAL DEMAND.

Minister Scruggs' Report on the Mijares Incident.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The report of Minister Scruggs relative to the Mijores case has been received at the department of state, and it appears from the minister's report that no legal demand was made upon the captain of the Philadelphia for the surrender of Mijares by the Venezuelan government. The only demand was of a verbal character—on the allegation that he was "an enemy of the government." No specific charges was made of violation by him of the ordinary laws of Venezuela. No representation has been made to the legation which would lead to the conclusion that the government of Venezuela felt aggrieved at the action of the consul at La Guayra or of the captain of the Philadelphia.

PENSION DEFICIENCY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28. — Commissioner Raum's estimate of $10,500,000 as the pension deficiency for the current fiscal year is about $5,000,000 less than had been estimated by certain officers of the treasury department. The latter admit that Gen. Raum's sources of information on the subject are naturally more accurate and reliable than theirs, and that the secretary of the treasury in submitting the pension estimates to congress will adopt Gen. Raum's figures.

Money for Sioux.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29. — Secretary Noble has approved the roll of the Cheyenne river and the Standing Rock bands of Indians in the Dakotas, to whom the $200,000 appropriated by the act of Jan. 19, 1891, is to be paid. It is expected that the money will be in the hands of the agents for payment within the next two weeks.

Blaine and Kenna Improving.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Information from Secretary Blaine's house tonight was that Mr. Blaine had passed a comfortable day and was doing very nicely. He hopes to be able soon to go out for a drive. The improvement in Senator Kenna's condition continues. He is bright and cheerful, and is said by his physician to be doing very well.

HELD UP FOR $25.

A Trio of Brigands Stop a Great Northern Train Near Malta, Mont.

They Strike a Messenger Who Doesn't Know the Big Safe's Combination.

A Great Show of Guns--Their Boodle Foots Up Only $25.

The Minnesota Militia Company May Soon Be Equipped With Bicycles.

Special to the Globe.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Nov. 29.—The Great Northern west-bound through passenger was held up by three robbers near Malta, a small station east of here, this morning between 3 and 4 o'clock. A few minutes after leaving Malta two men climbed over the tender from the front platform of the express car, covered the engineer and fireman, made them stop and ask the messenger to open his car, while the third man held the conductor and brakeman in the snow at the end of a gun when they jumped off to see what was the matter. The messenger was forced to open the local safe, from which it is claimed only $25 was secured. He did not know the combination of the big through safe. The robbers evidently did not have proper tools to break it and decamped without molesting the passengers. The train officials refused to talk on arrival.

BICYCLES FOR TROOPS.

A Minnesota Company May Be Equipped With Wheels.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Nov. 29.—It is probable from present indications that Company C, M. N. G., will some time in the near future be fully equipped with bicycles. Capt. L. D. Frost and Lieut. George Brink are now consulting with an Eastern firm who makes a specialty of these wheels, with especially devised gun rests, and are in favor of equipping Company C therewith.

FAVOR RESUBMISSION.

South Dakota Legislators Polled by the Democrats.

YANKTON, S. D., Nov. 29.—The poll of the next legislature now being made by the South Dakota Democratic central committee on the question of a resubmission of the prohibitory question to a vote of the people has been completed so far as thirty-one counties are concerned. The vote on resubmission will probably stand on first ballot in these counties 21 in the senate for resubmission and 10 against; in the house 32 for, 21 against. The central committee now regards resubmission as almost assured.

MAYHOR IN JAIL.

An Alleged Wife Poisoner Waives Examination.

SIDNEY, Io., Nov. 29.—William Mayhor, the alleged wife poisoner, was brought into court this afternoon and waived objection to the grand jury's panel. He was remanded to await trial, which will be as soon as the court disposes of some score of minor criminal cases. Sheriff Tate has been notified that a mob has been organized near Thurman, with the intention of lynching Mayhor. The jail will be amply guarded. When Mayhor was searched the day he was arrested a bottle of strychnine was found concealed in the lining of his coat. When asked what he intended to do with it he replied: "Poison myself." Thurman, where the mob is said to have been organized, was the former home of Mrs. Mayhor.

Death of P. J. Kranz.

Special to the Globe.

HASTINGS, Minn., Nov. 29.—P. F. Kranz died at his residence on Sibley street this morning of pneumonia, aged fifty-eight years, leaving a wife, six daughters and one son. Deceased was one of Hastings' most respected and honored citizens, and had been actively engaged in the insurance business for many years.

Lots of Ice Boating.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, Nov. 29.—The ice boating season on Lake Pepin has opened. The ice is in first-class condition, and more crafts will be entered in the sport this year than ever before.

Senator Abbott Renominated.

Special to the Globe.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Nov. 29.—The Independents held a county convention today and renominated Senator Byron Abbott. The Republicans hold their convention Thursday. The Democrats will likely present the name of John Boller, of Groton, by petition.

Braley Hates to Give Up.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Nov. 29.—John Gay, lately elected sheriff on the Democratic ticket, and whose right to the position is being contested by Silas Braley, the present Republican incumbent, has employed the best legal talent obtainable, and says he will fight to the bitter end.

Wed a Duluthian.

Special to the Globe

WINONA, Minn., Nov. 29.—Last evening Miss Jane Adams was united in marriage by Rev. Dr. Avery so Dr. M. B. Cullum, of Duluth. The latter city will be their future home.

Died Suddenly.

Special to the Globe.

ELK RIVER, Nov. 29.—Mrs. John Jameson died very suddenly at her home yesterday morning. Mr. Jameson does business in Minneapolis, but happened to be home on his Thanksgiving vacation.

Wants His Pay.

DUBUQUE, Io., Nov. 29.—Gen George W. Jones, Iowa's first United States senator, now in his eighty-ninth year, departed for Washington this evening to present to congress claims against the government accruing from his services in the Black Hawk war and minister to Bogota, under President Buchanan. Congress last winter pensioned him for services as drummer boy in the war of 1812.

QUEER HIDING PLACES

Selected by a Wisconsin Woman for Her Money.

RACINE, Wis., Nov. 29.—Mrs. Anthony Gregg, of Dover, recently left her home for a trip overland to Milwaukee. On the way she was taken sick and carried into a farm house and died. After her death it was discovered that she was rich and had secreted large sums of money about her home. Fifteen hundred dollars was found in the bottom of a crock filled with lard; in an old rag bag in the corner of her house was found the sum of $1,000; in a small box on a pantry shelf was found another thousand, in the woodshed and other outbuildings were discovered sums ranging from $500 upwards. In a Milwaukee bank she had deposited $8,000 and besides owned a couple of farms. Her fortune is estimated at $20,000.

Gen. Weaver's Daughter Weds.

DES MOINES, Io., Nov. 29. — Ruth Weaver, daughter of Gen. Weaver, late People's candidate for president, was married here tonight to Harvey Denny, of this city. The wedding was witnessed only by friends of the family.

KANSAS COMPLICATIONS.

Two Peculiar Legislative Contests by Populists.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 29.—Injunction proceedings were instituted before Judge Guthrie this morning to stop the official count in Jackson county and the Thirty-eighth legislative district. The suit was brought at the instance of Ed Shellabarger, the People's candidate for the legislature, who claims that in the apportionment of the last legislature the town of Holton was not given to any legislative district and should not be counted. He wants the contest thrown into the house. A similar condition of affairs exists in Reno county, the town of Nickerson having been left out in the apportionment. In each of these districts a Republican was elected, and if the injunction proceedings hold good it will take two Republican seats and all of the Populists to organize the lower house.

It was claimed here today that the official board of canvassers will refuse to decide the county tie and will throw the case into the house for final settlement. The board is Republican and believes that the Republicans will organize the house. The official count is proceeding slowly; it will not be completed before Thursday.

MORTON FOR SENATOR.

Nebraska Democrats Called to Meet in Caucus.

OMAHA, Nov. 29.—A Democratic caucus has been called to meet in Lincoln, Thursday evening. The invited guests are J. Sterling Morton, late candidate for governor; Euclid Martin, chairman of the state committee; John H. Ames, N. C. Harwood, Dr. Alexander Bear and the Democratic members-elect of the legislature. The conference will discuss J. Sterling Morton as a senatorial possibility. It is alleged that if the Republicans find they cannot elect their senator they will support Morton as a slap at the Populists. The meeting is looked upon by the politicians as being a significant one.

WISCONSIN'S VOTE.

Cleveland's Plurality Over Harrison Is 6,431.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 29.—The vote of Wisconsin has not yet been canvassed and the returns from Milwaukee are not in the hands of the secretary of state, but the result in the city is known nevertheless. The vote is as follows: Cleveland, 177,312; Harrison, 170,881; Peck, 178,112; Spooner, 170,445. Cleveland's plurality is 6,431 and Peck's 7,658. The other Democratic candidates will probably have somewhat larger pluralities than Peck. The labor vote this year was 9,870 votes, against 8,552 four years ago. The total vote of the state is 371,341, an increase of 16,727 over the vote of 1888, while the increase from 1880 to 1884 was 52,648, and from 1884 to 1888, 34,779.

To Prevent Discord.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 29.—The Democratic state committee from the Fifth district held a meeting here this morning and requested a meeting of the entire Democratic committee. These gentlemen desire to know who will distribute the patronage for the Fifth district. They believe that the state central committee should take the matter up and make some equitable division of the spoils so that discord and contention may be prevented.

PRESIDENTS EXAMINED.

The Coal Trust Committee Meets in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—The congressional committee to investigate the Reading combine met here this morning. With the exception of Mr. Lind, all the members of the committee were present. President McLeod, of the Reading company, was the first witness. After recess President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania road, was examined, but as he was not conversant with the details of the freight business, he was allowed to leave the stand. President Harris, of the Lehigh, was examined and said no attempt was made at meeting coal sales agents to regulate the output of the different companies. In regard to the price asked by the companies, little more influence is exercised by the meetings. Adjourned.

SLEW FIVE MEN.

Death of a Missouri Man With a Record.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 29. — Zacariah Henry, the slayer of five men, died at his home here Saturday. Henry was a bosom friend of Quantrell, the guerilla. Just after the war he had a fight in Kentucky with a father and four sons. They shot him so badly that he was crippled for life. Later he met the father and his sons in a street in Harrisburg, and in the fight that followed Henry sent six times, killing every one of them. Henry was acquitted next day. Henry was well known all over the West.

Sustained the Third Charge.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 29.—The entire forenoon session of the Cincinnati presbytery was spent in a discussion of a sufficiency of form and legal effect of the third charge and specifications against Prof. Henry P. Smith. A vote was finally reached resulting in charge third being sustained by 40 yeas to 22 nays. Tomorrow Prof. Smith will enter a plea to the charges preferred against him.

THEIR SILLY SCHEME

To Have the Grand Jury Bolster the Police Administration.

The Jury Praises the Force, Then to Show Its Efficiency

Brings in Forty Indictments, Showing the State of Crime.

A Police Boomerang Without Garvin's Little Record.

Some days ago a prominent official connected with the police administration, thoroughly aroused and sore at the repeated exposes by the GLOBE of the incompetency of the police department, made this remark:

"We've got the grand jury, and it will get back at the GLOBE in fine shape."

The inference was quite plain; but if anything were lacking it was supplied by a Republican paper in the statement that members of the GLOBE force were to be called before the jury to tell what they knew of the lawlessness rampant through the city. The remark meant that the grand jury was to be used to smooth matters over for the police and rebuke the GLOBE. The only outcome was the mild statement given below.

No member of the GLOBE staff was asked to enlighten the jury as to the number and correctness of the robberies, burglaries and garrotings that have been committed within the past few months. Doubtless the friend of the police administration on the jury shrank back when it came to a practical test of the question.

It is also reported that the jury failed to call for the police record of crimes to see if the number reported to the police was not far in excess of the number the GLOBE was enabled to ferret out on its own responsibility. Coming down to plain facts, it seems that the jury did not care to go to the bottom of the affair and get at the truth, but contented itself with learning nothing and satisfying the incompetent police administration with a thin veneer of diaphanous whitewash.

Bring out Garvin's record book and see if it does not contain far more accounts of burglaries than were ever published in the GLOBE.

FOUND FORTY GUILTY.

Applauded the Police and Touched Up the Globe.

The grand jury reported forty indictments yesterday afternoon and were discharged after being in session more than a week. This is a big grist of indictments, following so closely after the former meeting of the grand jury in September, when over fifty indictments were returned. The record is without a parallel in the history of the city. There are eleven indictments not made public, for the reason that the persons named therein as violating the law were not in custody. Bench warrants for these were issued and placed in the hands of the sheriff for service. It is expected that arrests will follow today. Among those indicted and the offenses charged are the following:

James Cullen, Barney Murphy and William Davitt—one indictment for burglary in the first degree, one for larceny in the first degree and one for assault in the second degree. They are charged with breaking into the house of Frank Moran in the eastern part of the city, knocking him down and robbing him. Cullen fled to Sioux City, but was extradited, and is now in jail with the other two.

William McDonough and William Butterfield are twice indicted for grand larceny in the first degree. It is alleged that they held up Knut Hanson, near Bradley street, and after choking and kicking him, rifled his pockets of $27.

Christopher Hendrickson is indicted for shooting James Paulson in P. Filgren's saloon on Minnesota street, Oct. 31.

Robert Jackson, a negro, is charged with robbery in the first degree, in that he went into the store of Joel Zohns Nov. 9, and terrorized a clerk into delivering $25 to him, this being all the money in the cash drawer.

Thomas Hick is charged with entering the store of Henry Weber in company with another on Thanksgiving night and stealing an overcoat belonging to a man named Mathias. The confederate escaped.

William Howard, a colored man, is indicted for burglarizing the store of William Coobin at the corner of Wabasha and St. Peter street. He was detected with some small articles on his person, when he is supposed to have been after bigger booty.

Robert Durgin is charged with rape. It is claimed that while working for R. A. Durkee and living in the house he went to the room of a domestic named Bertha Holaj and criminally assaulted her. This is the girl who fled from the court room when her suit for damages against Durgin was called for trial.

Charles Johns, a farm hand near Hudson, is charged with an indecent assault on Mary Kastner, who lives on the Mendota road. It is particularized that he went to the house of Mrs. Kastner and pretended to be selling some article, and then assaulted the woman.

John Cooley is alleged to have picked the pocket of Michael Magee, who was under the influence of liquor. This is said to have occurred at the Union hotel Nov. 14.

Frances Moore is charged with stealing $90 from John Birdkiller in the saloon of Charles Schmidt on the night of Nov. 17.

Richard Moore is accused of grand larceny in the first degree, in that he picked the pocket of Charles McMahon in the saloon of Charles Bogg. He secured $25. This was on the night of Nov. 23.

Henry Bolonga is charged with stealing a bicycle worth $135 from the porch of the residence of William R. Bramblett. It is said he tried to sell the bike in Minneapolis.

Capitola Shepard and Minnie Charleston are two colored women of considerable note who are indicted for larceny. It is said that Charles Bell was enticed into the den of the women. Minnie sat on his lap and extracted $60 from one side of his pocketbook without taking the book from his pocket. She then went to the door and gave this money to a confederate. Then it is further related that the dusky Capitola took a turn at Bell, and extracted a $10 bill from the other side of the pocketbook without even removing the book from the pocket.

Michael Michlitsch has three indictments for forgery in the second degree to answer for. It is asserted that he had a disposition to forge checks.

Bernard Kelly is accused of assault in the second degree. He is the man who is accused of nearly ending the life of Officer McBride by a kick in the pit of the stomach, when he was under arrest, at the hands of the policeman.

Harry Smith, a brother of Cornelia Alone, of the $1,000-bill dream case fame, is charged with stealing $30 from Charles Gordon.

J. L. Kain is indicted for larceny. It is said that he came to the city from his home in North Dakota, and, going to the store of Lanpher, Finch & Skinner, represented that he was an agent of J. J. Geary, of Minnawaka, N. D., secured $200 worth of goods, which he subsequently offered for sale.

Patrick Hill is accused of grand larceny in the second degree, in that he held up Jacob Koch on the night of Nov. 20.

Joseph Murphy and Thomas Wison haae two indictments for grand larceny in the second degree against them. It is asserted that they held Robert Miller up on the night of Nov. 9, near the Wisconsin Central freight office, and, after nearly killing him, rifled his pockets.

The grand jury paid a high compliment to the ability of Assistant County Attorney Butler. After stating in writing a high appreciation of his services before the body during this session, the report goes on to say that the grand jurors wish for him when he shall assume his new duties as county attorney the success which he so deservedly merits.

The report states that the grand jury reaffirms its praise for the police force. When its size is considered, as well as the territory attempted to be covered is considered, it is believed the force is efficient.

The report also states that it is believed that certain publications have been exaggerated for the most part, when not wholly untrue, and it is feared it has been injurious to the best interests of the city.

It was reported that no indictments were found in the following cases that were considered: Charles Bazille, who was charged with responsibility for the accidental death of William J. Dunneback.

William Defrenchy, who was accused of selling liquor without a license; James McCarthy, who was accused of taking a diamond from his friend, Lillie Demon; Alice Ballard and Charles Gallagher—all of these who were in custody were ordered discharged.

TROUBLE EXPECTED.

Operators on the Georgia Central Have a Grievance.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 29.—Committees representing the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the Order of Railway Conductors and the Order of Railway Telegraphers are in this city for the purpose of consulting with Supt. Wadley, of the Central Railroad of Georgia. Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is expected tomorrow. Each year the superintendent of the Central railroad meets committees from various organizations employed on the road to make out new contracts for the ensuing year.

Trouble is expected this year with representatives of the telegraphers, who have been unable heretofore to secure a contract. An effort will be made to get the superintendent to sign an agreement relating to the wages and hours of employment. It is claimed that under the new management the road has so reduced its force of telegraphers that one man is now compelled to do the work of two, and at reduced pay.

ROCK ISLAND OPERATORS.

They Will Submit a New Schedule to the Company.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 29.—The executive board of the Order of Railway Telegraph Operators, of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific system, concluded a two weeks' session here and left this morning for Chicago with a new schedule, which the railroad company will be asked to accept. If they refuse, a general strike of the Order of Railway Telegraphers on the system will undoubtedly follow. Ninety-five per cent of the operators on the system belong to the order. The new schedule fixes the minimum salary at $45 a month and provides for pay for overtime.

CONTRACT LABOR.

Memphis Cases Under Investigation by the Grand Jury.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 29.—The grand jury of the federal court, in session here, is investigating the alleged violations of the act prohibiting the importation of alien contract labor. Members of half a dozen large cotton firms, representing Liverpool hou