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CASEY IS NOMINATED.

At a Republican Caucus Last Night He Was Named to Succeed Himself.

Twelve Men Remain Away, However, With Knives in Their Boots.

The Claim That Benton Received 47 Votes Wednesday Knocked Out.

South Dakota Legislature Willing to Pass a $60,000 World's Fair Bill.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 26.—The first Republican caucus was held tonight, thirty-six signing the call. Thirty-four were present and four more vouched for. After three ballots the nomination of Lyman R. Casey was made unanimous. It is expected that on tomorrow's ballot Casey will have forty-two or three votes. While the caucus which nominated Casey was in session fifteen Republicans were in conference at the Sheridan parlors, including seven of Cass, 3 of Traill, 2 of Grand Forks; Day, of Ramsey; Enger, of Steele, and Fuller, of Stutsman. Day retired, and those remaining voted 9 to 5 not to vote for a Democrat under any circumstances. It will be Casey, Republican, or a Democrat, and the election will probably occur Saturday.

At today's session of the legislature all Republicans were in line and four Populists were absent. Objection was made from the Republican side of the house to the approval of the journal, and a motion to strike out the protest, signed by seven Democrats, against the proceedings of yesterday was, after much debate, carried. The protest set forth that Benton had received forty-seven votes and was elected, notwithstanding the tally of the clerks. It did not state who voted for Benton, but simply made the broad statement that Benton got forty-seven votes. The Republicans challenged and member to get up and declare his vote incorrectly recorded on the ballot wherein Benton was given forty-three votes, and wherein the Democrats claimed forty-seven. None arose, and the protest on which the Democrats expected to base a contest was expunged by a vote of 57 to 32, several Populists and Democrats voting with the Republicans. Only one ballot was taken for senator today, resulting as follows: Anderson, 26; Casey, 13; Smith, 3; Worst, 7; Lounsberry, 2; Walsh, 5; Benton, 1; Muir, 32. Most of the Democrats voted for Muir, Populist.

A $60,000 APPROPRIATION

For the World's Fair Favored in South Dakota.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 26.—Ravendahl, of the house world's fair committee, reported a new world's fair bill appropriating $60,000, $7,500 each to the immigration and woman's board, providing these boards be composed of nine members, three appointed by the governor, three by the senate and three by the house. The bill embodies the sentiment of the house, and will doubtless pass. Donohue's bill making the governor and state officers ex-officio members of the railway commissioners was reported favorably in the house. The senate committee will report favoring a thorough investigtion of the Brookings Agricultural college. Brookings citizens have almost unanimously asked the removal of President McLouth. The governor sent the names of McIntyre, of Coddington; Hale, of Bon Homme; Ward, of Turner; Shannon, of Beadle, and Henninger, of Brown, for regents of education. The senate, in executive session, declined to confirm the pending Brookings investigation. A Republican caucus, held immediately after the session, passed a resolution for a $50,000 appropriation by a vote of 44 to 29, with the understanding that this vote should not be binding.

DID SHE MURDER HIM?

Pretty Wife in Jail Charged With Killing Her Husband.

CRESTON, Io., Jan. 26.—Mrs. Nettie Grace, the handsome wife of a prominent hotel keeper at Elliott, is now the most talked about woman in Southwestern Iowa. Her striking beauty makes the charge of murdering her husband, for which she has been placed in the Red Oak jail, seem almost too horrible to be true. She is a woman about twenty-eight years old, and has been surrounded all her life with those little luxuries which go to make up happiness in this world. She bears her confinement of a few days well, and when arrested by the sheriff of Montgomery country the only words she said were: "I am innocent of this terrible crime."

Jan. 11 Landlord Grace, of the Elliot hotel, the leading hostelry of that enterprising town, met his death in his own chamber. He was lying in bed at the time, and his wife was in the room arranging her toilet. She was standing before a mirror, according to her story, brushing back her hair, when she was startled by the report of her husband's pistol. Turning, she saw that her husband had shot himself, und she rushed from the room, spreading the report of the suicide. No one thought her guilty of murder then, and it is only within the past few days that facts have come to the surface which have in a measure warranted her arrest. She is now behind the bars, charged with the crime, and the network of evidence that is being woven around her every day only adds to the certainty of the opinion many people have that she is guilty.

When the coroner's jury investigated the murder they brought in a verdict that Grace came to his death "by a pistol shot fired feloniously by some person or persons unknown to the jury which caused immediate death." Since that verdict was rendered the officials of Montgomery county have been quietly investigating the murder, and the culmination of this investigation resulted in the arrest of Mrs. Grace. When first seen Grace's eyes were closed, and when the coroner first saw him he had the appearance of being asleep. His body was in such a position that it was impossible for those who saw him to deny that careful hands had made all arrangements for the public to view the remains. Again, the pistol was lying on the left side of the murdered man, while all who were intimately acquainted with him testified that he was right-handed. Then, it has been common talk in the neighborhood, that Mr. and Mrs. Grace were not able to agree on all points, and that their domestic broils were frequent, and often lasted for days at a time. These and a dozen other little facts seem to point toward the guilt of the wife. She was in the room with the murdered man at the time of his death, and no motive for suicide can be found.

Since her confinement in the jail Mrs. Grace has been visited by hundreds of her friends, and the trial which will settle the question of her guilt or innocence promises to be the most sensational which ever occurred in this section of the state.

GROWING SMALLER.

Davis Estate Shrinks From $10,000,000 to $3,000,000.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 26.—J. A. Davis, of Chicago, nephew of the late millionaire, A. J. Davis, of Butte, Mont., has come to Puget Sound to fetch the remains of his father, who accidentally killed himself at Victoria Tuesday night. The claimant of the Davis millions says that the estate, which only a few years ago was estimated to be worth $10,000,000, is not now worth over $3,000,000. In litigation and other ways a large amount of the estate has been lost. The case will come up for settlement next May.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 26.—The principal witnesses at the inquest today on the body of John A. Davis, of Chicago, who was killed here several days ago, were several physicians who attended Davis after he received injuries. Three of them testified that Davis' skull was fractured, and that the immediate cause of death was concussion of the brain. Dr. Jones, who made the post-mortem examination, testified that there was a sclap wound on the back of the head, but that the brain was quite healthy. He said the left forearm was broken in two places, and all the ribs on the left side were broken close to the spine. A lung was bruised and liver lacerated by one of the broken ribs and considerable hemorrhage resulted. Robert Fletcher, chief clerk at the Grand hotel, where the accident occurred, testified that Davis had been stopping at the hotel eight days. At 9 o'clock Tuesday morning Fletcher heard a fall, and, running to the hallway, found Davis lying on the tile pavement, bleeding profusely from a wound in the head. He had no idea as to the cause of Davis' fall. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—It looks now as if the legal fight in the famous Davis will case will be prosecuted with a new bitterness on account of the rumors started to the effect that John A. Davis was murdered at Victoria, B. C. E. H. Davis, a son of the deceased, engaged in the coal trade in this city, said tonight that he would not be at all surprised if it should turn out that his father had been foully dealt with. "In some features, to my mind, the affair bears a resemblance to the Cronin killing," he said. "One thing is certain now, and that is, we are going to fight out the will case to the bitter end. All my brothers thoroughly agree with me on this point. Our first purpose will be to determine as nearly as possible the real nature and circumstances of father's taking off."

THE WINONA NORMAL.

It Is Visited by Members of the Legislature.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Jan. 26.—The senate and house normal school committees visited the state normal school in this city today. At the normal school exercises of welcome were gone through, at which were present the president and members of the city council and prominent local business men, including Hon. Thomas Simpson, who for twenty years has been resident director of the school and who presided over the exercises. President Irvine Shepard, of the Winona school, made a lengthy address reviewing the history of the school and setting forth the needs of the institution. He was followed by Hon. E. S. Youmans, of Winona; Senators Barr, of Mankato; Day, of Martin county; Tawney, of Winona; McIlale, of Shakopee; and Representatives Gorman, of St. Cloud; S. R. Van Sant, of Winona; P. H. Kelly, of Ramsey; and Hon. E. S. Youmans, of Winona. At the end of the speechmaking at the normal the visitors were banqueted at the Winona. They also inspected the public schools during the afternoon. It is believed that the prospects are good for securing the $50,000 appropriation desired for the enlargement of the Winona school, also $2,000 increase in the teachers' fund for the better maintenance of the kindergarten. Today Hon. P. H. Kelly presented Hon. Thomas Simpson with a personal autograph letter of President-elect Cleveland, asking that it be framed and placed in the Winona normal museum after the retirement of Mr. Cleveland from his second presidential term.

STOCK FAMINE.

Hogs and Cattle Scarce in Northwestern Iowa.

FORT DODGE, Io., Jan. 26.—A stock famine is now one of the possibilities, if not one of the probabilities, in Northwestern Iowa. Hogs have been scarce for some time past, and are getting fewer each day. Where they were formerly brought in droves, they are now hauled to town in couples or trios. The price of pork in its various forms has gone up until it is worth as much as beef. Beef, however, will soon be higher also, since there are now very few cattle that are marketable in the country. Buyers and meat market men from all the towns around here are out each day buying up all the cattle they can get. The price has gone up rapidly, and people are beginning to fear that meats of all kinds will soon be beyond their reach. The importation of stock is the only thing that will prevent it, and this has been begun to some extent. A large number of farmers are shipping shoats from Missouri to this county to restock their farms. Even this, however, cannot prevent the steady rise in prices.

Gas Stoves Burned.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 26.—The shop of the Milwaukee Gas Stove company, 15 and 17 Erie street, was completely destroyed by fire last night. The loss is estimated at $50,000; insurance, $35,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

McCulloch a Fast Skater.

Special to the Globe.

WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 26.—J. K. McCulloch won the five-mile provincial skating championship tonight. The course was seventeen laps to the mile, and the time was 17:45.

MITCHELL GETS IT.

Badger Democrats Nominate the Milwaukee Man for Senator.

Knight Releases His Men From Their Pledges to Him.

Enough Go to the Congressman to Give Him the Plum.

The Choice of the Caucus Will Be Ratified Today.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 26.—Gen. Edward S. Bragg, who "loved Cleveland for the enemies he made," was this afternoon defeated in his fight for a seat in the senate of the United States by Col. John L. Mitchell. The explanation of Mitchell's success is simple. Col. John H. Knight, who from the beginning of the struggle has had from eighteen to twenty followers, this morning released his little band from obligation to him, having evidently decided that his own cause was hopeless; and enough of them went to Mitchell to give him the victory. The first ballot in the caucus today settled the matter.

At 2:45 the gavel was dropped. The roll call showed Mahoney absent. Senator Kruszka moved to proceed to the thirty-first ballot. The motion carried, and the call was begun amid breathless silence. It had been talked around that Knight's forces had been released from their pledge, and it was said that the majority of them

Favored Mitchell

over Bragg. Therefore it was understood that a crisis was at hand, and, while no one was actually positive, both sides had hope and the Mitchell men were rather jubilant. The first to go to Mitchell was Senator Bashford, who was followed by Assemblymen Brader and Brill. Senator Brown went to Bragg, and explained his reasons therefor in a brief speech. He said he had been released by Knight, and voted for Bragg because nine-tenths of the people wanted Bragg nominated. The call then proceeded, and the next to go to Mitchell was Senator O'Connor, who was followed by Conway from Bragg. Daly left Knight for Mitchell, and so did Fetzer. Harmon was the next to leave Knight for Mitchell. Jamison left Knight for Bragg. When Senator Kennedy's name was called he arose and said he had been released by Col. Knight. He had also always been a Democrat and never bolted a convention. Senator Brown, he said, was inconsistent. If he believed as he said he did, he should have voted for Bragg first. As for himself (Kennedy), he voted for Mitchell. Senator Kingston voted for Mitchell. M. G. McGeehan announced that he had been

Released From Knight

and voted for Mitchell. Martin changed from Knight to Mitchell. Nash went from Knight to Bragg. Quigg went from Bragg to Mitchell. Ringle to Bragg. Schmidt from Knight to Mitchell. Schwefeld to Bragg from Knight. Tracy's vote made forty-one, and there was wild applause. Senator Voss spoke a few words in prefacing his vote from Knight to Bragg. Woodworth spoke a few moments in prefacing his vote for Col. Mitchell. Senator Wescott refused to abandon Knight and cast the only vote given for that gentleman. The result as finally announced was Mitchell 46, Bragg 32, Knight 1; total, 79. Sampson, one of the Bragg men, moved to make the nomination unanimous and, there being no opposing voice, the motion was carried amid tremendous cheering.

The formal election will occur at noon tomorrow. The city is wild with excitement tonight. The new senator is a son of the late Alexander Mitchell, the father of the great Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, is fifty years old, fond of agricultural pursuits, a lover of horses and a patron of agricultural education. He was born in Milwaukee, where he is a banker and capitalist. He is at present serving his second term as a member of congress.

VOTED FOR A WOMAN.

Mrs. Bartlett Appears as a Senatorial Candidate in Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 26.—Today's ballot for United States senator was as follows: John R. McCormick (Rep.), 1; S. T. Corn (Dem.), 2; W. L. Kuykendall (Dem.), 1; L. Kabis (Dem.), 1; J. C. Tidball (Pop.), 1; Mrs. Mary Bartlett (Pop.), 5; J. D. Place (Rep.), 1; W. H. Holliday (Dem.), 4; George T. Beck (Dem.), 2; J. M. Wilson (Dem.), 10; A. New (Dem.), 11; C. D. Clark (Rep.), 6; F. F. Warren (Rep.), 13; necessary to a choice, 25.

Every effort was made today by the new faction to secure a caucus, but they have thus far failed. The Baxter influence opposes it. De Forest Richards is fighting Warren and trying to push himself to the front. The Republicans are talking of a caucus tonight.

It is conceded here that the leading Democratic candidate has not entered actively and will not be till next week, probably. His name is George W. Baxter, and his friends are being restrained for the grand final onslaught, when they will make a spurt and carry off the plum. While there are candidates innumerable, it is pretty certain that the fight will narrow down to the two old war horses, Baxter and Warren, and the one who gets the Populist vote will be the next United States senator.

STUBBORN IN WASHINGTON.

Each Candidate's Supporters Swear to Stick to Him.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 26.—On the thirty-first ballot taken for United States senator today Allen lost one vote, which went to Dunbar, a new nominee. Otherwise there was no change from the ballots taken yesterday and on previous days. The thirty-second ballot resulted the same as the first. If pledges of members of the legislature are to be relied upon, there will be no election of a United States senator. Late last night in caucus forty-one members pledged themselves to support Allen to the end of the session. This leaves ten who are still voting for him unpledged. The twenty-seven Democrats have by unanimous vote decided to keep their hands off. Turner's twenty-five supporters have declared in caucus that they will stand by him until the end, and the nine Populists have expressed their intention to vote solidly for their candidate, and Allen lacks only six votes of a majority.

DICKINSON AT LAKEWOOD.

The Michigan Man Surprises the Politicians.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Jan. 26.—President-elect Cleveland returned from New York at 6 o'clock this evening, accompanied by Don M. Dickinson, Mr. Cleveland's former postmaster general. Mr. Dickinson's appearance here caused no little surprise to the politicians, as he was quoted in an interview Wednesday as saying that he could not go to Lakewood to see Mr. Cleveland, as he had an important lawsuit on at Boston. Mr. Dickinson went direct to Cleveland cottage and was closeted in the private study for several hours. It is now said that Mr. Cleveland is again insisting upon Mr. Dickinson's accepting the state portfolio, which was offered him after Mr. Whitney had refused. Mr. Cleveland has sent for several Democratic leaders, and an important conference will take place Monday or Tuesday, at which Mr. Bayard, Mr. Carlisle, Mr. Whitney and Mr. Harrity will be present.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—President-Elect Cleveland came to town from Lakewood today in his capacity as attorney at law, and spent the day at his office in the Mills building, gathering together the stray strands of his legal business. On being questioned on the subject of his cabinet, Mr. Cleveland said:

"I have nothing to tell you; it is too early; you will know all in due time."

"Will Mr. Bayard be one of the chosen?" was asked.

"I can't tell you?" was the answer.

"And how about Mr. Lamont?"

"As I said before, the time has not yet come for me to speak of these things. You will have to wait."

LINCOLN'S CIRCUS.

Nebraska Lawmakers Having Fun With Themselves.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 26.—Joint ballot of the legislature today did not result much differently from previous ones. Paddock received 32 votes, Powers 54, Majors 10; the rest scattering. The situation is rapidly developing into a circus. Today numerous petitions were read in joint session asking that votes be given to this or that man. One of these men is a country postmaster in Pawnee county, and another a pettifogging lawyer in Omaha, who is the butt of ridicule for the whole city. The Republicans are playing for position, and Gov. Crounse is looming up in the background as a possible choice. The Populists refuse to consider a joint candidate of Populists and Democrats, and the Democrats will not vote for Powers. It appears likely that there will be no election, and that Paddock's successor will be appointed by the governor.

Read Out of the Party.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 26.—At a meeting of Populists held last night resolutions were adopted denouncing Congressman-elect Cannon and Assemblyman T. J. Kerns, of Los Angeles, as traitors, and formally reading them out of the party. This action was taken because Kerns voted for White (Dem.) for United States senator, when, as the Populists claim, he was pledged to vote for their candidate.

Tennessee Officials Elected.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 26.—The legislature today in joint convention elected W. S. Morgan secretary of state, James A. Harris comptroller and E. B. Craig treasurer. Gov. Turney's first message was read in both houses. It is a brief document.

Lindsay's Friends Confident.

FRANKFORT, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Friends of Judge Lindsay claim they will nominate him to succeed Senator Carlisle on the first ballot. The Republican caucus tonight nominated Hon. A. E. Willson, of Louisville, for senator.

STATE ROADS.

A Badger Senator Wants to Gridiron the Commonwealth.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 26.—Senator Apple, of Racine, this morning introduced in the upper house of the legislature a bill to provide for the establishment and maintenance of state roads. The act provides that the governor shall before June 1, 1893, appoint three persons under the name of state board of highway commissioners. The board shall lay out a system of state roads connecting the several portions of the state with each other, which roads, in counties having an average population of more than twenty per square mile, shall not be more than ten miles apart, and for such purpose may adopt any highway now existing or may proceed to lay out new highways, and for that purpose to purchase the right of way therefor from the private owners of any land, or to condemn the same. The bill authorizes the board to employ upon such work the convicts in the state prison at Waupun.

ALL HOPE ABANDONED.

The Steamspip Bonata and Crew Surely Lost.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—All hope for the safety of the steamship Bonata, which left this port on Dec. 10 for Lisbon, has been abandoned. The insurance companies in London are today charging 80 guineas premium. The Bonata received a full cargo of 60,000 bushels of wheat, only a small portion of which was in sacks. E. J. Williams was the master of the vessel, and she carried a crew of thirty-three men.

One More Victim.

ALTON, Ill., Jan. 26.—The death list of the Alton Junction wreck and explosion was increased by one today. George Roloff died at Upper Alton of his injuries. The injured continue to cling to life, but death to many of them is but a short distance away. A large number of Big Four railway officials visited the junction today and conducted a searching examination of the employes, but with what result is only known to themselves.

Struck by a Train.

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 26.—While a party of workmen were crossing the Philadelphia, Washington & Baltimore tracks to board a work train at Landlith, this city, this morning, a freight train struck three of them, killing John W. Batson and S. Vicinsgi, and fatally injuring John Johnson.

All Business Houses Burned.

GREENWOOD, Miss., Jan. 26.—The business portion of Pchula City, Miss., was destroyed by fire last night. The hotel, railroad depot and every business house in the town was consumed. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $37,000.

COME HOME, ORRIN,

And Come to Stay, Say the Constituents of Senator Mott.

Strong Arraignment of His Deal With the Republican Senators.

Whole Townships Sign Petitions That Would Wither Any Other Man.

Spicy Comments Concerning Senator Wood's Experience With Railway Passes.

"Come home, Orrin, and come to stay."

This is the demand of more than one thousand Alliance or Populist voters in the senatorial district now so misrepresented in the upper house of the legislature by Hon. Orrin Mott, of Verdi. Mr. Mott was elected two years ago in a straight party contest as a protest against the policy of the Republican party. His speeches in the campaign were all directed against that party, and pledged him to relentless hostility to it. Under these circumstances it is not at all surprising that a wave of indignation should sweep over the district when the people learned of his deal with the Republicans. As soon as the men who elected Mr. Mott realized how basely he had betrayed them, they began to consider the best way in which to express their disapprobation of his acts, and thus remove the stain placed upon the district by Senator Mott.

The divine right of petition was finally settled upon, and straightway the Alliance voters of the three counties began to sign petitions. Several hundred of these were yesterday received by the GLOBE, signed in the aggregate by over 1,000 men. And the signers are the prominent and well-to-do farmers of the district, whose words and demands are entitled to consideration. The degree of confidence they now repose in Senator Orrin Mott may be estimated properly after a careful reading of the form of petition they have signed. It follows:

Come Home, Orrin.

To Orrin Mott, Member of Minnesota State Legislature, Sixteenth Senstorial District — Sir: We, the undersigned Populists and Alliance members of your representative district, do imperatively demand that you immediately discontinue your senatorial work and come home to stay.

Cause.

With a commingling of wrath, humility and shame we have witnessed your betrayal of the most sacred trust imposed in you by us.

First—Your abandonment of your coworkers, the Alliance and Populist senators, and forming a compact with the Republicans to organize the senate, for the paltry consideration of $264 in the shape of an office (which is unnecessary at present) for pour "little boy."

Second—Your going into caucus with the Republicans to nominate a Republican for United States senator, right in the face of the fact that if your election of two years ago meant anything, it meant an effort on our part to rid ourselves of that most damnable influence, a high protective tariff and a contracted currency, twin evils which the Republican party are wholly responsible for.

Third—We quote from your speech of two years ago, while bidding for the nomination: "If you want a man that will stand by you always, then vote for me; but if you want a man that will put his hands behind him, then don't vote for me." What are the facts? Not only have you placed your hands behind you, but, like the tentacles of the devil fish, they seem to reach in every direction, in an effort to fill your avaricious maw. In view of the above, we repeat, "Come home and stay home."

D. T. Jones,	A. C. Derby,
G. Widmark,	Charles Curtis,
C. S. Pedersen,	G. H. Hoyt,
Nicholas Curtis,	Wm. H. Curtis,
Wm. R. Jackling,	B. Edward Berg,
J. K. Miller,	Ben Jones,
J. N. Curtis,	J. R. Jones,
David Jones,	A. B. Hatchard,
David Searles,	
William Parriott,	A. W. Little,
David M. Betts,	R. S. Carlisle,
George P. Mennie,	John Johnson,
C. C. Hatchard,	E. S. Metcalf,
C. V. Metcalf,	Jens Nelson,
John Kelley,	Charles Soderlind,
H. R. Keeler,	C. L. Marcellis,
Morton Anderson,	B. McLaughlin,
Albert Warren,	Pat Cronin,
Thomas Lemon,	Peter Jacobs.

In one case a petition is returned with a letter explaining that every voter in a certain township had signed, and that there was but one opinion regarding Senator Mott's deal. And an interesting point in all this is that in Lincoln county, the home of Mott, the feeling is most intense. The reason for this is not hard to find, however. Two years ago, and again last fall, Senator Mott went through his county inveighing against the Republican party, being hardly able to find words severe enough to express his sentiments concerning it. Naturally enough, the voters who heard him in those campaigns are indignant to find that it only took a cheap job for young Mott to get this great reformer over into the Republican fold.

Cheap, indeed, is reform of the Mott variety!

STILL AFTER WOOD.

The Marshall County Alliance Backslider Wanted on All Sides.

Senator Wood's experience with one of his railroad passes has provoked no small amount of amusement in his district. The day after the exposure of the fact that one of his passes had been taken up by a conductor he proved to his brother senators that it was all a mistake because he still had his Northern Pacific "Annual." Editor Packard, of the Marshall County Leader, in commenting on this, states that he thought there must be some mistake, because Senator Wood in his campaign was strongly opposed to the issuance of railroad passes to members of the legislature. The Leader's comments follow:

Senator Wood says, in a communication to the Banner, that his pass has not been taken up in the hands of another party, and, furthermore, that Thomas Topper went to St. Paul by the way of the Great Northern. We thought it could not be the truth, as when Mr. Wood was running for office he put himself on record as opposing the issuing of passes to members of the legislature.

But the Kittson County Enterprise gives a new feature of Senator Wood's experience with railroad passes. It follows:

Senator Wood is in a peck of trouble since he sold out. He now writes to the Argyle Banner that he thought he could do more by selling out to the Republican bosses than to stand up true to the principles which he had advocated. The press of the state are onto him, and he can in no way eradicate the falsity of his conduct. He says there was a mistake about Topper; that he did not go down over the Northern Pacific road, and in that we stand corrected, for a gentleman who went down on the same train with them says we were misinformed, and that it was on the Great Northern that Topper went down on and used Wood's pass, and Wood dare not deny it. Now, Mr. Wood, if you want to deny this charge publicly that Mr. Topper did not use your pass over the Great Northern we defy you, and will state that we are ready to prove our statement at any time. Wood not only stole from the railway company, but sold his birthright to get Topper his appointment, since which time he has trotted with the Republican side of the gang.

FIREMEN FROZEN.

Forty Degrees Below Zero During a Winnipeg Fire.

Special to the Globe.

WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 26.—The Montgomery hotel was destroyed by fire tonight. The loss is $15,000. Some of the firemen were frozen, the temperature being 40 deg below zero. Several firemen got their clothes soaked with water and became solid masses of ice and had to be carried away, being unable to move their limbs.

W. S. Scougal Arrested.

Special to the Globe.

YANKTON, S. D., Jan. 26.—W. S. Scougal, partner in the suspended bank of George R. Scougal & Co., was arrested today for receiving deposits knowing the bank to be insolvent. He was liberated on $3,000 bail. Suit has been commenced against C. E. McKinney, a Sioux Falls banker, by the depositors to recover their losses. McKinney was Scougal's partner several years ago, but allowed Scougal's business to run under the name of McKinney & Scougal, all certificates of deposit being thus signed.

It was discovered today that about $50,000 more has disappeared in some mysterious manner; where no one has the least idea. Examination of the books has as yet failed to give any clew as to the nature of the drain on the finances of the institution.

Pillsbury at Washington.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—C. A. Pillsbury arrived today and registered at the Arlington hotel. To the GLOBE correspondent he said: "I am here to appear before the senate committee on commerce in relation to the Harter lading bill. My present visit has no connection whatever with anti-option. That measure is coming along smoothly, and needs no further championcy. My visit will terminate with the conclusion of the hearing of this Harter bill." Mr. Pillsbury expressed himself as being much gratified at the Minneapolis decision recently delivered by the interstate commerce commission.

Hall Will Not Refuse.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The Minnesota Scandinavians, without regard to party, are urging the appointment of Congressman Hall as minister to Sweden and Norway. Mr. Hall says: "It is very gratifying to me that so many Scandinavians of Minnesota should favor my appointment as minister to Sweden and Norway. People of that state are closely interested in that appointment, and their preferences will have weight with Mr. Cleveland. I appreciate the favor that they have shown me just as much as I will the appointment if it comes to me. I will not seek the place, but will not refuse it if it is offered to me."

Death of a Badger Financier.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 26.—T. L. Baker, cashier of the Milwaukee National bank, manager of the Clearing House association, and one of the pioneers of Milwaukee, died at his residence, 602 Waverly place, this afternoon. He had been ill for several months. He was a few months over seventy years of age. He has always been a hale and hearty man up to the time of his last illness.

May Be Fatal.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 26.—Assemblyman Mahoney, of Kenosha, who has been ill at his boarding house all the week, may not live through the night. Mr. Mahoney was first taken sick with stomach trouble. Pneumonia has now set in and fatal results are feared. Tonight his condition was such as to require watchers at his bedside.

Will Be a Total Loss.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Jan. 26.—The steamer Michigan, which went ashore on Vancouver island, will prove a total loss. The crew were all saved. She was valued at $10,000; insurance, $30,000.

No Change at Helena.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 26.—Sixty-eight votes were cast for senator today, as follows: Sanders, 32; Clark, 23; Dixon, 11; Collins, 2; no choice.

THE GLOBE BULLETIN.

Weather---Fair and warmer.
Mitchell senatorial nominee, Wisconsin.
The good roads convention adjourns.
Republicans nominate Casey, Bismarck.
No change in Montana balloting.
Banquet of the Epiphany club.
Mesaba & Northern suit postponed.
Many grain bills in the senate.
Senator Peterson scores several points.
Woman accused of killing her husband.
Warm meeting of the assembly.
The funeral of Bishop Brooks.
Pork still going up at Chicago.
A stranger dies at the union depot.
Donoghue breaks the skating record.
John A. Davis' death accidental.
Mr. Blaine is somewhat worse.
Several Winnipeg firemen frozen.

Movements of Steamships.

HAMBURG—Arrived: Moravia, New York.
SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived: Elbe, New York.
PHILADELPHIA—Arrived: Maine, London.
BOSTON—Arrived: Sarmatian, Glasgow.
LEWES, DEL.—Passed in: Manitoban, Glasgow.

THEIR WORK IS DONE.

Delegates to the Good Roads Convention Close Its Sessions Successfully.

The Work Done Will Bear Good Fruit in Future Days.

A Constitution and a Code of By-Laws Adopted for Permanent Work.

List of Officers and Vice Presidents for Every County in the State.

The final day in the good roads convention was profitable of results. Mr. Iltis, of Carver county, contributed his usual modium of amusement by attempting to roast the reporter who had the temerity to report his characteristic speech at the chamebr of commerce.

Mr. Snider, of Ramsey county, opened the discussion. "I think that roads should be improved under contract," said he. "The county surveyor should advise with surpervisers and county boards. He should make a correct map of all roads, bridges, nature of soil, showing low spots, hills, etc. A grade line should also be made on the map. In case of vacancy, the county board should have power to appoint a competent man to fill out the unexpired term."

Mr. Smith, of South St. Paul, gave a graphic description of the manner in which roads are graded in Dakota county. He considered one of the greatest essentials good crews and efficient tools.

Mr. Dickey, of Hennepin, came to the aid of the proposed contract system of building roads, and Mr. Farnham advocated better drainage. Three years ago, he related, the roads in Wright county were nearly impassable during certain seasons, but they are now perennially in fine repair because of the drainage. The cost had been only about $300 a mile, he explained. From this phase he passed to the poll tax system and argued in forcible language for its abolition during the present session of the legislature. He urged that the great reason for the poor roads in this state at present is owing to the inadequacy of the law and the incapability or indifference of the road overseers.

Gen. Andrews is an enthusiastic advocate of macadam, and he insisted that there is no reason why the United States cannot build macadamized roads if the provinces of Canada can do so. He pointed to the fact that in Granite Falls rock can be obtained sufficient to macadamize half the roads in the state.

GEN. C. C. ANDREWS.

He then read the cost of making macadamized roads at Victoria, showing the process, which he said could be built there from $3,000 to $5,000 per mile. Minnesota had, he said, a permanent school fund of $10,000,000, and would soon have one of $20,000,000. "We have borrowed nearly all we have of laws and nearly everything else," he exclaimed. "We have been to Australia, originally a penal colony, for our election law. It is high time we originated something for other states to copy."

This brought out H. S. Fairchild in a spirited speech in opposition. He insisted that in New Jersey it costs $10,000 a mill for macadam, and argued that this being true, it would cost $20,000 here.

Mr. Hagen, of McLeod, suggested that convict labor be employed in repairing highways, as in other states. This, he felt sure, would materially lessen the expense. Thus the discussion was continued at great length.

Dr. Jackson, of Rice county; Mr. Iltis, of Carver; Mr. Tallman, of Chisago, and others participated.

This was followed by E. J. Hodgson, of St. Paul, in a paper upon "The Importance of Wagon Roads and a Statd Association," in which he compares the relative importance of wagon road and railroads, there being 100,000 miles of the former in the state and only 6,000 miles of the latter.

Mr. Hodgson referred to the wonderful progress that has been made in latter years in transportation, etc. "In our day," he said, "it has become a nececessity to use the very best tools and instruments for the accomplishment of human purposes that can be obtained. The farmer who would use the old McCormick or Manny reaper, built thirty years ago, simply because he could get it for one-half or one-quarter the price of the elegant and almost perfect self-binder that is built today, would be utterly unable to compete with the men who use the beet machinery. There is not a solitary tool used on the farm, from a pitchfork to a threshing machine, but what has been wonderfully improved by the present generation, and farmers seem to be alive to the advantages thus offered them, and they look for the best. But the wagon roads, which he uses probably more than any other piece of machinery in his business, and which are really more essential to his comfort and convenience and facility for prosecuting his business than anything else, have been left wholly to his care, control and management. Mr. Hodgson proceeded to show how the present system has proven wasteful and inefficient in utilizing labor and money provided, and advocated a more competent and energetic supervision.

He approved of adopting a cash basis and doing away with "this miserable pretense of working out the road tax."

In referring to the utility of good roads from a financial standpoint, he said: "Nothing will tend more strongly to enhance the value of all kinds of properties in the state than good roads. Every man's farm will be worth far more to him when he has a fine, hard, even highway to his market town over which he can haul a full load in wet weather as well as dry, in the spring as well as the fall. And life under these circumstances will be worth far more to himself and family than where he is cut off from the rest of the world by bog-holes, sloughs and impassable stretches of road. Nothing speaks more loudly as to the thrift, intelligence and progressiveness of a community than the kind of roads they have."

In conclusion the speaker urged prudence and deliberation in attempting to prosecute this work. He said that climatic conditions, density of population, etc., must be taken into consideration, and that a state organization is required to forward this movement and do the preparatory work.

The election of officers of the permanent Good Roads association resulted as follows:

President—A. B. Choate, Minneapolis.
Treasurer—E. J. Hodgson, St. Paul.
Secretary—F. L. Hoxie, St. Paul.
Directors—First district, Anson A. Pierce, Wabasha; Second district, W. W. Gorman, Montevideo; Third district, V. H. Harris,

CHAIRMAN WELLES.

Meeker; Fourth district, Otis Staples, Still water; Fifth district, William Donaldson, Minneapolis; Sixth district, Fred O. Hodge; Seventh district, Henry Feig, Kandiyohi.

One vice president was elected from each county. To effect this the roll of counties was called. The result was:

Clay County—Andrew, Crogness, Moorhead.
Carlton County—W. R. Mayer, Carlton.
Chippewa County—C. E. Barbour, Montevideo.
Dakota County—T. T. Smith, South St. Paul.
Dodge County—John T. Lettle, Kasson.
Fillmore County—H. R. Welles, Preston.
Freeborn County—Loren Blackmer.
Houston County—R. G. Briggs, Houston.
Hennepin County—W. L. Chowen.
Kandiyohi County—Olaf Olson, Willmar.
Meeker County—James Madigan, Mannannah.
Mower County—C. S. Hoppe, Dexter.
Norman County—Wesley Jenkins, Ada.
Pine County—Dan McSoren, Hinckley.
Pipestone County—C. C. Goodnow, Pipestone.
Ramsey County—C. C. Andrews, St. Paul.
Douglas County—John Nelson, Brandon.
Lincoln County—Charles Metcalf.
Olmsted County—E. L. Mout, Beaver Creek.
Rock County—O. T. Peterson, Hester.
Rice County—R. M. Jackson, Faribault.
Redwood County—James Arnold, Vista.
Scott County—Casper Roderig, Jordan.
Waseca County—Dr. D. S. Cummings, Waseca.
Wadena County—J. J. Wilson, Winona.
Washington County—William Armstrong, Oakdale.

IN THE AFTERNOON.

Report Submitted From the Committee on Permanent Organization.

In the afternoon the proceedings were begun by the report of the committee on permanent organization of the state Good Roads association, submitted by A. B. Choate, the chairman. The report embodied a constitution and a code of by-laws, and the provoked a running fire of suggestions, but usually of little relevancy, however. The association is to be composed of the president, secretary and treasurer, and one vice president from each county in the state, and in meetings of these officials a quorum shall be twenty-five members. The report was finally adopted, despite the spirited opposition of Mr. Iltis, of Carver county. He argued that no real good can come from a Good Roads association.

"There is no reason why this organization should exist. I know what it

ENGINEER SUBLETTE READS.

will drift into," he urged. "It will sooner or later become a political affair, and we don't want it. What is the use of the officers coming here with their heads under a blanket. If the time comes when we want to meet we can meet just as we are meeting today."

Mr. Iltis was informed in a sarcastic