Daily ST. PAUL Globe.

VOL. XV. SAINT PAUL, MINN., WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 12, 1893. NO. 102.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TOWNS IN RUINS.

Southwestern Kansas Swept by a Terrific Cyclone at Dusk.

Death and Destruction Left in the Path of the Storm Demon.

Numerous Small Towns Reported as Wiped Out of Existence.

Several Persons Killed by the Storm and a Number Wounded.

Impossible to Learn the Details, the Wires Being Down.

St. Louis Visited by a Destructive Hail and Rain Storm.

INDEPENDENCE, Kas., April 11.–Southwestern Kansas, and particularly Montgomery county, was visited by a terrific cyclone this evening, which left a path of death and destruction behind it. This city was only on the extreme edge of the storm and suffered little damage, but reports from the surrounding country small towns show great destruction of property and loss of life, full particulars of which it is impossible to get tonight. Wires are all down. The little town of Parks, ten miles south of here, seems to have got the worst of the storm. From the most reliable information obtainable, the people of that town were alarmed by omnious clouds which gathered just at dusk. They hardly had time to realize what was coming before the storm burst upon them. Coming from a westerly direction from Oklahoma, the fierce wind, which was more like a hurricane than

A Genuine Cyclone,

struck the town with irresistible force. The frightened people were given not a moment to flee to places of safety. The work of the wind was awful. Of the business houses situated around the public square two were left standing, the others being completely wrecked. Even brick houses were swept away as well as the light frames. All houses in the storm were damaged more or less, and half of them were completely destroyed. It is known several persons were killed and a large number injured, but it is impossible to learn the details and names of the dead and injured tonight. Leaving Parker a scene of wreck and ruin, the deadly wind swept on to the northeast, leveling farm houses, barns and fences before it. Two farm houses in the eastern portion of this country are known to have been wrecked, and it is certain that this represents only a small portion of the damage done.

Three Towns Destroyed.

HIAWATHA, Kan., April 11.—Meager dispatches received here from the southern part of Kansas state that a cyclone passed over that part of the state, and three towns, Willis, Everest and Powhatan, were laid in ruin. As there is no communication with these points, it is impossible to estimate the loss of life or property. It seems almost certain that some lives were lost, and it is feared that but few in the villages named escaped injury. Hail broke hundreds of windows, and, it is feared, spoiled prospects of a fruit crop this year. Near Robinson the fourteen-year-old son of E. P. Poton, a wealthy merchant, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

The air here is filled with dust almost as dense as a cloud, although Hiawatha was visited by a heavy rain about 3 o'clock this afternoon. It began to fall in torrents and was swept along by a high wind. It was followed by hail, which has done considerable damage to fruit in this vicinity, and trees which were leaved out were almost entirely stripped. The ground was white with the hailstones.

Many Towns Wrecked.

KANSAS CITY, April 11.—Parker, a small station on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad, was struck by a cyclone at 7 o'clock this evening. The business portion of the town is a complete wreck, as well as half the residence portion. Several persons are reported killed, and a large number seriously injured. No estimate can be made of the loss at the present time. Another cyclone struck Walnut, in the northern part of the state at about 8 o'clock, and after causing much damage there, switched off northward into Missouri, and struck successively the towns of May View, Page City and Higginsville. All along the route houses were blown down, outhouses and fences destroyed, and numerous cattle killed. In Higginsville and May View the damage was slight. Telegraph wires all over the state are down, and communication is extremely difficult. It is impossible to get further details of the storm before morning.

One Woman Killed.

STANSBURY, Mo., April 11.—A destructive cyclone passed two miles west of this place at 5 o'clock this afternoon, moving in a northerly direction, destroying the dwellings of T. H. Swearinger, William Ward, William Hornsberger and William Shelton. Mrs. Ward (colored) was killed, and Mr. Ward fatally injured. Much damage was done in the wake of the storm.

ST. LOUIS DRENCHED.

Hail and Rain Flood the Streets and Basements.

ST. LOUIS, April 11.—Thunder and lightning, hail and wind combined this evening to form the severest storm this city has had for years. It began about 8:15 p. m., and lasted nearly half an hour, coming from the southwest. Ominous clouds, constantly illuminated by brilliant flashes of lightning, prevailed some time previous to the outbreak of the storm proper. Many were apprehensive of the cyclone. Rain fell gently for a few minutes, then suddenly a violent downpour of rain and hail began and the electric features of the storm made themselves fearfully evident. The streets at once became flooded at the sewers, they being inadequate to at once carry off the immense volume of water.

Basements in all parts of the city were flooded. At the telegraph office the noise of the wind against the windows and roofs drowned out the noise of the sounders, and business was for a few minutes totally stopped. No serious accidents of any nature are reported. The hailstones were not large enough to break glass to any material extent. Police and fire alarm wires were not affected and telephones only slightly interfered with. Electrical traffic was for the time completely suspended, it being necessary to shut off all power from the trolley wires. Only about half of the usual number of cars are now running. The worst effects of the storm are now apparent in the telegraph service. The Western Union Telegraph company has had no wires to the West and South since 9 p. m., and there is no prospect of securing any at this hour—11 p. m.

The weather is clearing up and is much cooler. Indications are for pleasant weather tomorrow.

Later—About 11 o'clock another storm came up, this time from the northeast. The rain was not as violent as earlier in the evening, and there was no hail, but the electric disturbances and the wind were decidedly lively. The steamer D. H. Pike, lying at its wharf at the foot of Locust street, with no steam and five men on board was blown adrift and, as no trace can be found of it, it is feared it is sunk with all on board. The harbor boat City of St. Louis, with a small crew aboard, was also blown from the same wharf, and has not been heard from at 1:45 a. m. Two wharf boats anchored near by met with a similar fate, but it is believed there were no persons on board. No trace can be found of any of these boats, although searchers are out everywhere. It is feared all have been sunk. The financial loss, should this be the case, will reach $75,000.

The later storm also created great havoc throughout the city, although at no one place was the damage great. Trees, roofs and outbuildings were blown down, and several runaways are reported. Several persons have been slightly injured, but none seriously so far as known. At the mammoth store called the Grand Leader being erected on North Broadway, a portion of the uncompleted structure was blown down, causing $15,000 loss. A small building at 714 Pine street was blown out into the street, smashing it to pieces and breaking the trolley wires of the Union Depot and Mound City electric railways. Electric cars all over the city have stopped. From East St. Louis comes reports of havoc wrought by the storm, but none caused any great financial loss. No serious injuries are reported. The Western Union has abandoned all southwestern lines, and the Associated Press has had but one wire to Kansas City since 11 o'clock.

CLOUDS BURST.

Illinois and Iowa Deluged by Heavy Downpours.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Severe storms swept over the states of Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Illinois and Indiana this evening, doing great damage, the full extent of which cannot be learned, as the telegraph wires have been prostrated in many localities. A cloudburst at Ottumwa, Io., caused great damage to property. At Boston and Columbia floods destroyed much property, many head of cattle were killed, and railroads are badly washed out. A cloudburst flooded the town of Centralia, Ill., and in some parts of the city the water stands nine feet deep. At Springfield, Ill., the rainfall was so heavy that street car traffic was suspended. Passengers on incoming trains report the entire country between Springfield and St. Louis under water.

THREE KILLED.

Man and Two Children Crushed in the Wreck of Their Home.

PAGE CITY, Mo., April 11.—A terrible tornado struck this town this evening, tearing and twisting the houses to pieces and creating widespread ruin. William Koerner and his two children were caught in the wreck of their home and were all instantly killed. Three-fourths of the houses in the town are destroyed, and many are injured. Reports from neighboring towns of Mayview and Higginsville report great damage.

Valuable Stock Cremated.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 11.—Fire this morning destroyed the Bohannan livery barn, with thirty-two horses. High winds carried it to adjoining buildings, and five in all were destroyed. The loss on the buildings is not over $15,000, but the horses were valuable. Wolver Bros., of Peoria, Ill., had shipped in thirty-eight head of blooded Holstein cattle for sale at auction, and they perished.

Woolen Mills in Ashes.

WORCESTER, Mass., April 11.—The Eagle woolen mills in Hubbardstown were totally destroyed by fire early this morning. Cause unknown. Loss, $75,000 to $100,000.

Charged With Immorality.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., April 11.—Rev. Sam B. Mahaney, of Larimore, has withdrawn from the ministry and membership of the Methodist Episcopal church under impending charges of gross immorality. The church conference has demanded the surrender of his parchment as a minister. Mahaney was assistant secretary of the senate during the late session and was a candidate for mayor at the late municipal election. Since quitting the ministry he has opened an office as an attorney. Mahaney came here several years ago from Newfoundland and was considered a brilliant preacher.

Shannon Will Investigate.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 11.—A. Brookings, S. D., dispatch says: J. W. Shannon, president of the state board of regents, arrived this morning. He will hear both sides, and if the evidence warrants a meeting of the board, he will call it at once. One hundred and fifty students are wearing badges, "First Pure, Then Peaceable."

Small-Pox in Antwerp.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Assistant Surgeon Rosenauer, on inspection duty at Antwerp, has cabled Surgeon General Wyman that small-pox is epidemic at Antwerp, and that there are eighty cases in the hospitals at present. This information has been sent to all the quarantine stations on the coast.

WRECKED BY WINDS.

A Cyclone Does a Good Deal of Damage in Iowa and Nebraska.

The Town of Akron, Io., Seems to Have Been the Worst Sufferer.

The Red River of the North Doing Considerable Damage.

A Minnesota Editor in Trouble Over His South Dakota Divorce.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX CITY, Io., April 11.—A fearful cyclone passed over this section this afternoon, between 3 and 5 o'clock. It struck Akron and Westfield, in Plymouth county, Iowa, at 3 o'clock. At 4:40 it struck at Page, Neb., 100 miles west of the other two places. At Akron the sky became dark about 2 o'clock so that lamps had to be lighted. The storm came down very suddenly from the northeast, and in a few minutes Akron was almost in ruins. The storm covered a wide path. The iron wagon bridge across the Sioux river was torn to pieces, the great iron trusses being twisted and broken. Houses were unroofed or carried from their foundations and destroyed. The grain elevator was torn to piece and the whirlwind carried its debris across the street, depositing it where a lumber yard had been. A good part of the lumber yard was left where the elevator had been. Several cars loaded with stone, standing on a side track, were picked up and carried several rods. Several store buildings were partially wrecked and unroofed. Akron has about 800 people. The damage cannot be learned accurately, nor details of the storm, as wires are all down. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road sent up a special train here from Akron. The storm followed the Sioux Valley south to Westfield. Its path was marked by demolished houses and barns. Two people, a man and his wife, were killed at one farm house. Names are not yet known. Several others were badly injured and many horses and cattle were killed. No reports are received of any devastation between these places. At Page, Neb., the storm demolished the Pacific Shortline depot and several houses blew ears off the track, and injured a woman and boy, names unknown. The woman's condition is serious. The only reports received are from the railroads.

The estimated property loss in Akron is $50,000. The storm swept through the country to Westfield, S. D., and leveled many farm houses and buildings. Near Westfield a man and his wife, names unknown, were killed. The storm crossed the Missouri river near that place, and swept across Nebraska to Page, 150 miles west of here, destroying much property in its path. At Page much damage was done, and Clara Magers was killed, and her two children dangerously injured. The storm progressed a distance of two hundred miles in an hour and forty minutes. Particulars from the intervening country are meager.

THE RAGING RED.

A North-Flowing River Doing Considerable Damage.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., April 11.—From early this morning rain has poured down steadily, and the outlook is that it will continue for the next twenty-four hours. The Red river, already swollen out of its banks, rose steadily all day at the rate of three inches an hour, and a good portion of Island park is flooded. The river is the highest it has been for several years, and the worst is yet to come. The ice has not yet begun to move, but will probably break up tonight, and disastrous gorges are feared. Several barnes and outbuildings near the river are under water, and the Island park wagon bridge has been carried away. If the water rises another foot the city water works will be inundated. A dispatch from Wahpeton states that the river has reached its highest point there and begun to subside. According to reports from up-river points it is predicted that the river at this point will still rise several feet. People of the low lands are ready for any emergency. Grand Forks has been wired to prepare for trouble.

NOW IS THIS SPRING?

Weather That Is Not Calculated to Please.

Specials to the Globe.

ADA, Minn., April 11.—A heavy rain, mixed with snow and sleet, has been falling all day, and tonight a heavy wind has sprung up, accompanied by thunder and lightning. The thermometer is 20 degrees above.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., April 11.—The prairie fires which still lighted up the sky west of here last night have been quenched by spring rains, which started early this morning. The fact that no further damage will be done is a great relief to every one in this section.

HURON, S. D., April 11.—Rain has been falling here and over this portion of the state since early this morning. Hail fell this evening, but did no damage. The air was so charged with electricity it was almost impossible to open the telegraph wires, something quite unusual in this locality so early in the season. The rain interfered greatly with the meeting of the South Dakota Coursing club, which opened this morning. Most of the prizes will be competed for tomorrow. Sportsmen with dogs are here from all parts of the state.

LAKE CITY, Minn., April 11.—The ice in Lake Pepin is very rotten, and a heavy wind would soon break it up. Navigation in the lake will no doubt be open in about two days. A heavy, cold rain set in here this morning and continued nearly all day, making the roads exceedingly muddy.

BISMARCK, N. D., April 11.—A rain and sleet storm set in this evening, and seeding operations, general all over this section of the state, are checked. The navigation season on the Missouri has opened, and the first boats for up and down river leave tomorrow.

MILLER, S. D., April 11.—The prairie fire which did considerable damage south and northwest of here last night were drowned out by a heavy rainfall today.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., April 11.—The Red river is rising rapidly, and, as all its small tributaries are overflowing its banks, the outlook is that the water will go higher than before for years. Rain has been falling steadily here for the past twelve hours.

SECURED IT ON THE QUIET.

St. Paul Contributes to the South Dakota Divorce Colony.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 11.—St. Paul has contributed to the South Dakota divorce colony a sensation which is likely to become more interesting as the time passes. William R. Todd, formerly editor of the Hastings Democrat, and later proprietor of the Stockyard Journal, of South St. Paul, of which place he was for some years comptroller, came to South Dakota in June. He spent much time in Sioux Falls and figured on the purchase of the Press of this city. He secured a divorce at Elk Point Jan. 22, and since then has resided at Canton. With him is Mrs. Margaret Eva Kennison, who was divorced from her husband at Jamestown, N. D., and who came to South St. Paul three years ago as a teacher in the public schools. The two occupy adjoining rooms at the Harlan house. In Canton Mrs. Kennison is known as Miss Bird Mullarker, her maiden name. In answer to all questions she said she was being supported by a rich uncle. Saturday night Mrs. Todd, who now lives at 198 East Tenth street, St. Paul, arrived here, and Sunday afternoon went to Canton. She was shown to her husband's rooms, and in a very elaborate way told her husband and Mrs. Kennison what she thought of them. She took away her little boy Willie, eight years old, and came to Sioux Falls Monday. This evening she received a telegram from Elk Point saying that Todd secured a divorce from her there Jan. 22 or thereabouts. She told a GLOBE reporter that she had received no notice whatever that a divorce action had been commenced, though her husband well knew all the time where she was. She will at once begin an action to void the decree on the ground of fraud and her attorney here has no doubt but Judge Smith, who signed the decree, will vacate it. She further declares that if Todd swore that he did not know of her whereabouts she will have him prosecuted for perjury. While in Canton she took steps to have Todd arrested for adultery, but the state's attorney here declined to take any action until he had more facts in his possession. Mrs. Todd says that for twenty-four years she lived happily with her husband until he became acquainted with the Kennison woman. She says:

"My husband began to spend much time with this woman and people began to talk. I spoke to him about it. He said she was a book agent and he was trying to get rid of her. He told others that he was a warm friend of Mrs. Kennison's husband, and that he was looking after her for Kennison. Last June he left to attend the Democratic national convention in Chicago. Instead of that he came to South Dakota. I knew Mrs. Kennison was at Mitchell in October and that Todd paid her bills there. She was sick at Mitchell, and later was critically ill at Rock Valley, Io. While in the latter place her father came and threatened to shoot Todd if he did not marry the girl. She has been sick for the last two months at Canton. Willie tells me that my husband spent much of his time in the woman's room. My boy says that Tood had a revolver to protect himself against me, and that the woman was also alarmed. Such actions on the part of Mr. Todd, who is a grandfather, are more than incomprehensible to me."

Mrs. Tood will remain here until she can get her action for vacating the decree under way. She says she has but one purpose, and that is to protect the interests of her children and to right the wrongs done her.

THE BRIDE IS NINETEEN,

And the Groom Old Enough to Be Her Papa.

FORT DODGE, Io., April 11.—One of the most sensational weddings that ever occurred in this city took place last night, when John Clark and Mamie Bowen were united in marriage. Mr. Clarke is forty-two years of age and an engineer on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railway. Miss Bowen is a pretty dry goods clerk in A. J. Arthur & Co.'s store, and is just nineteen years old. The attachment between the two is of four years' standing, and has grown with years, so they say. When Mamie was a miss of fifteen she became infatuated with Clarke, and although punished and threatened in many ways and many times during the past year, has remained true to her lover. Her parents undertook to stop the issuing of a marriage license, but as the girl was nineteen the clerk was compelled to issue it. The wedding took place at the residence of G. R. Pearsons, an uncle of Mr. Clarke. There is a great deal of hard feeling, and the girl has been refused entrance to the parental home.

ROPE ABOUT HIS NECK.

Narrow Escape of a Rather Rash Love Maker.

Special to the Globe.

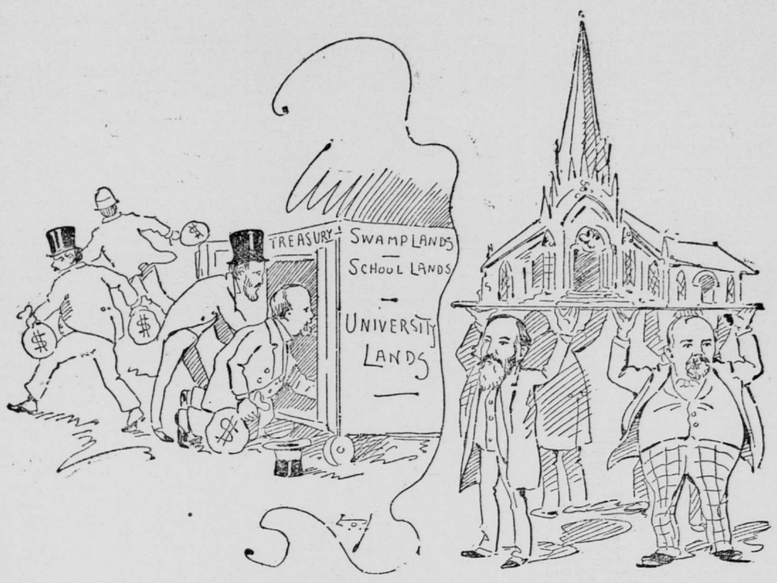
MORTON, Minn., April 11.—Last night about 12 o'clock masked men entered the Commercial hotel and dragged from his bed William McCourt and, it is reported, ran him, with a rope around his neck, over into the quarries, about three-quarters of a mile distant, and threatened to string him up, but on his promise to leave the town, never again to return, he was released, after having his jacket tanned, and allowed to return to the hotel. It seems that the victim had become enamored of one of the dining room girls after a very short acquaintance, and on her refusal to marry him pulled out a revolver and threatened to shoot her, a week ago Monday night. As the young lady in question is well thought of in Morton, no doubt this furnishes the cause for his rough treatment. It is said that he was not seriously hurt, but was badly scared.

They Go to Fargo Now.

FARGO, N. D., April 11.—Fargo now seems to be the divorce Mecca for the unhappily married couple. Eighteen aspirants for the dissolution of their marriage vows have recently arrived here, five of the number coming from Sioux Falls, S. D. The South Dakota legislature changed the divorce law, doubling the length of residence necessary before action may be commenced for divorce. In North Dakota an effort was made to increase the length of residence required before a suit could be commenced, but it failed, and the law remains as of old.

Put Out the Lights.

BURLINGTON, Io., April 11.—A terrific rain, wind and hail storm struck this city tonight at 10:30. Electric lights went out and Egyptian darkness reigned. Torrents of rain fell. The storm is still unchecked at midnight.



THE PINE STEALING.

"They Defraud the State of Millions and at the Same Time Pose as Pillars of the Church."

HOAR STRIKES A SNAG

Roach's Persecutors Treated to a Surprise in the Senate.

The Massachusetts Man Roasted to a Turn by Senator Gorman.

Many of the Republicans Rather Lukewarm in the Matter.

Some Indications That the Whole Matter Will Be Dropped.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Republicans in the senate who look up to Senators Hoar and Chandler, and blindly worship them, were treated to a genuine surprise today. Yesterday, taking advantage of the absence of many senators of both sides, this precious pair prevented an executive session by raising the point of no quorum. A roll call developed the fact that there was not the number required present, and this so overjoyed the Maesachusetts man that he at once announced that nothing more would be done, not even the confirmation of the president's nominations, until the Democrats agreed to allow him to continue his persecution of Senator Roach, of North Dakota. But Senator Gorman was ready for the Bay State man, and the latter was greatly surprised to find nearly every Democrat on hand this morning when the senate was rapped to order. Senator Gorman moved an executive session, and Chandler demanded the yeas and nays in order to raise the point that a quorum was not present, but the point was not raised. There were 39 votes, 38 Democrats and Senator Peffer, of Kansas, in the affirmative, and 16 Republicans in the negative

Ten Votes More Than a Quorum

of the full senate. Of the forty-four Democrats all but eight voted, and several of these were present, but were paired with absent Republicans. No less than twenty-two Republican senators were absent. The result was due largely to the magnificent leadership of Senator Gorman, of Maryland, and was a stinging rebuke to the leadership of the opposition. In the executive session the Roach case was brought up by the Democrats, and a number of red-hot speeches were made. Senator Hoar was roasted to a turn by Senator Gorman, who called the attention of the senators to the motives that are actuating the Massachusetts man. In alluding to the case of Senator Power, the Maryland man warmed up and said:

"And in order to push this persecution of the senator from North Dakota, whose fault is that he, like the senator from Kansas, is a Democratic senator from a Republican state, the senator from Massachusetts has forced a brother Republican to sacrifice himself. For nearly three years the senator from Montana has occupied a seat in this chamber with these charges facing him in the record, and he only demanded an investigation a few days ago. Why is it that the senator from Massachusetts did not bring up this case long ago?"

Republicans Lukewarm.

To this c[illegible]sm only Senators Hoar and Chandl[illegible]de reply, the majority of the Repu[illegible]ns present apparently not conside[illegible] it their fight. The Roach matter [illegible]ay be brought up in open session tomorrow, but if it is there will be no resolution adopted that will limit the work of the investigation committee. If Senator Roach is to be persecuted the Democrats propose to show up several members of the opposition. There are indications tonight, however, that the whole matter will be dropped and that Senators Hoar and Chandler will be left alone when the thing comes to a vote. Today Senator Jud La Moure went to Senator Davis, of Minnesota, and talked to him about the case in a very plain and emphatic manner.

"Senator Roach," he said, "was elected fairly, honestly and squarely, and the people of North Dakota are entitled to his services in the senate. It is the duty of every North Dakotan to stand by him in this matter, and they are going to do it. This thing has gone too far. A reaction has already set in, and if the Republicans have any idea of ever regaining North Dakota they want to change front in this Roach matter at once. The people out there know Roach, and this blackmailing persecution is solidifying men of all parties in his behalf."

This plain talk had great effect on the Republicans who heard it, and it is safe to say that there will be but little more monkeying with this particular buzzsaw.

NEBEKER'S SUCCESSOR.

Daniel N. Morgan Nominated to Be Treasurer.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Edward H. Strobel, of New York, to be third assistant secretary of state, vice William M. Grinnell, resigned; Daniel N. Morgan, of Connecticut, to be treasurer of the United States, vice Enos H. Nebeker, resigned; Conrad L. Jordan, of New York, to be assistant treasurer of the United States at New York, vice Ellis H. Roberts, resigned; Henry V. Johnson, of Colorado, to be attorney of the United States for the district of Colorado; Charles B. Bellinger, of Oregon, to be United States district judge for the district of Oregon; Daniel M. Browning, of Illinois, to be commissioner of Indian affairs; Frank C. Armstrong, of Washington, to be assistant commissioner of Indian affairs.

Daniel N. Morgan, of Bridgeport, Conn., today nominated for treasurer of the United States, is one of the leading citizens of his native state, socially, politically and financially. He is a man about fifty years of age, has been mayor of Bridgeport three terms, served in the legislature and has been a president of a national bank for ten years.

Conrad N. Jordan, nominated today for assistant treasurer at New York, is well known to the country as United States treasurer in Mr. Cleveland's first administration. He is about sixty-five years of age.

Edward H. Strobel, of New York, nominated to be third assistant secretary of state, served through Mr. Cleveland's first term, and a part of the succeeding Republican administration, as secretary of the legation at Madrid. He is a graduate of Harvard college and Harvard law school. At present he is practicing law.

Daniel M. Browning, of Illinois, who is nominated to be commissioner of Indian affairs, lives at Benton, and is about fifty years of age. He is a lawyer, and in 1882 was judge of the circuit court of Illinois in his district.

Frank C. Armstrong, who is named as assistant commissioner, and is set down as a resident of the District of Columbia, was originally appointed an inspector in the Indian bureau from Louisiana in President Cleveland's first administration. He remained in his place for nearly a year under President Harrison. He was an officer in the old army, and left it to join his fortunes with the Confederacy.

C. B. Bellinger, nominated to be district judge for the state of Oregon, was the fortunate one of a quartette of personal friends who were striving for the place. He is a man of about fifty-five years, and enjoys one of the largest practices of any lawyer in the state. He is now a resident of the city of Portland, and a member of the law firm started by Senator Dolph.

New Minnesota Postmasters.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Three Minnesota postoffices were filled with Democrats today. All three were removals, but of men who had served more than four years. Representative Frank Monahan is the new postmaster at Witoka, Winona county, but he will have to do something in addition to reading postal cards, for the fees of the office last year were only $155. He succeeds F. B. Martin. M. N. Zeches gets the office at Claremont, Dodge county, N. B. Bigelow going out, while P. McKeon gets the Rush City office, while S. C. Johnson's head drops off. The fees of the Claremont office amounted to $388 last year, while $896 was the pay of the Rush City postmaster.

Pertaining to Minnesota.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Thomas J. Monahan, of Duluth, has made application for the office of collector of customs, that port.

Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, is at the Ebbitt, having come to Washington to attend a meeting of the board of trustees of the Catholic university.

Henry Nicolin, of Jordan, who would like to be collector of the port of St. Paul, arrived this afternoon, and will make an effort to get his case before the president tomorrow, but the chances are that the winning man hails from Dakota, and not from Scott county.

McKinley Calls on Grover.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The cabinet meeting curtailed the time for calling at the White house today. Very few persons saw the president. Among them was Gov. William McKinley, of Ohio, who called to pay his respects.

Must Take His Turn.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—President Cleveland, in dealing with army appointments, will apparently have in mind the greatest good for the greatest number. An illustration of his policy has been brought to light in the refusal of the request of a young lieutenant who applied to have his commission antedated so that he might be placed on the same footing with the members of his class, who ranked him many numbers on the lineal list by reason of the young officer having failed to graduate until two months after his classmates were appointed second lieutenants.

SURE OF THEIR JOBS.

List of Nominations Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The senate has confirmed the following nominations: Eben Alexander, of North Carolina, minister to Greece, Roumania and Servia; James C. Broadhead, of Missouri, minister to Switzerland; William L. Townes, of Virginia, consul general at Rio de Janeiro; James E. Neal, of Ohio, consul at Liverpool; Q. O. Eckford, of Missouri, consul at Kingston, Jamaica; James M. Dobbs, of Georgia, consul at Valparaiso; William T. Thornton, of Santa Fe, N. M., governor of New Mexico; Charles E. Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, appraiser of merchandise, district of Philadelphia; William M. Maise, of Ohio, surveyor of customs for the port of Columbus.

Canada Will Co-operate.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Canadian officials will co-operate with those of the United States in their efforts to keep the scourge of contagious diseases from getting a foothold in the country by importation. The deputy secretary of agriculture of Canada has extended an invitation to Surgeon General Wyman to station a sanitary officer on Grosse Isle, in the St. Lawrence river, where every facility will be given him to give proper certificates to immigrants destined for the United States.

Few Nominations to Make.

WASHINGTON, April 11. — Senator Gorman called upon the president today to discuss with him the question of the adjournment of the present extraordinary session of the senate and to ascertain what the president's views in the matter were. He had ten to fifteen minutes' conversation with Mr. Cleveland, who told him that he had several nominations which he desired to have considered by the senate, and that he hoped to be able to get them all in by the end of this or early in next week.

Now Dean Pauncefote.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Sir Julian Pauncefote became dean of the diplomatic corps in Washington this afternoon by virtue of his reception by the president as ambassador from Great Britain. As Sir Julian is the first ambassador from any country to the United States, the presentation of his papers to President Cleveland was made a function of more than usual ceremony.

New Stamp Spoilers.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The total number of fourth-class postmasters appointed today was 177. Of this number 114 were to fill vacancies caused by resignations and deaths, and 63 by removals. Of the postmasters removed, fifty-four served four years and over.

A Presidential Joke.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—"Good morning, Mr. President," remarked one of the officeseekers who were among the crowd of callers at the White house this morning. "I suppose you recognize me?"

"Yes, I recognize you," replied Mr. Cleveland, "but I cannot place you."

THE GLOBE BULLETIN.

Weather--Rain; cold wave.
Wild work of wind in Kansas.
Cyclone does damage in Iowa.
Red river on the rampage.
Minnesota editor in trouble.
Rain and sleet in the Northwest.
Roach case considered in secret.
Ed Pardridge in trouble in Chicago
Several pine land bills passed.
Stepniak's appeal for Russia.
Over fifty miners killed in Wales.
Morgan named for national treasurer.
Narrow escape of a rash lover.
Mayor Wright roasted by Republicans.
Big row over sprinkling contract.
Western passenger officials agree.
Annual legislative sessions knocked out.
The will of Elliott F. Shepard.
The Jacobson grain bill killed.
Stillwater wife attempts suicide.
The capitol bill is amended.
A sensational Iowa wedding.

Movements of Steamships.

MOVILLE—Arrived: Furnessia, New York.
PHILADELPHIA—Arrived: Ohio, Liverpool.
NEW YORK—Arrived: Anchoria, Glasgow; Friesland, Antwerp; Pennland, Antwerp; Werkendam, Rotterdam; Havel, Southampton.
LIZARD—Passed: Dania, New York; Chester, from New York.

THE TIMBER STEAL.

Prompt Measures by the Senate to Investigate and Prosecute.

Story of a Lumberman's Big Offer to Suppress His Name.

Minneapolis Lumber Kings Say They Are Not the Fellows,

But They Unite in Roasting the Report to a Rich Brown.

Since the famous exposition of the state wheat ring, no greater sensation has been sprung than that contained in the revelations of the wholesale theft of state pine timber made by the Keller investigating committee. It was the talk of the state yesterday, particularly in political circles, and it is drawing it mildly to say it fell with peculiar force upon the Republican camp. A prominent politician of that complexion characterized it as "a body blow from which the party can never recover." The sensation in Minneapolis was marked, for it is well enough known that in the lumber ring of that city are most of the thieving lumber men and "pillars of the church" referred to in the report. Some little disappointment was expressed that no names were mentioned, but a member of the committee is authority for the statement that before long the public will be treated to a second edition of the report which will give all details, including the names of the men who have made millions by stealing pine timber and of the officials whose connivance and collusion made the systematic theft possible. It was reported yesterday that a prominent lumberman had offered $10,000 to have his name kept out of the affair. A story was also pretty well authenticated to the effect that a Republican senator was summoned, yesterday afternoon, to a certain office in the federal building and there soundly rated for "not having given some turn to the report in the senate so as to ward off the political effect."

"Why didn't you demand to know if this report was intended to shield Biermann at the expense of Braden?" was demanded of him.

The end is not yet. The senate has taken hold of the matter in earnest and will push the investigation, and then the prosecution. There will be no serious opposition. Susoicion will at once attach to any member who attempts to throw obstructions in the way of a thorough investigation.

The Senate Acts.

The matter came up in the senate yesterday, and, after a little interesting sparring, Senator Leavitt succeeded in getting Senate File 563 before the senate for final passage, despite the special order to consider the hospital bills. It is the bill that was introduced on the preceding day, and provides for a reassessment of property that shall have been omitted from the tax roll, or that shall have been under-estimated in point of value. It was one of the bills that emenates from the Keller pine land investigation committee, and is calculated to put a peremptory period to the wholesale system of cheating the state out of its natural revenues. There was no opposition, and it passed unanimously.

The Commission.

This was followed sequentially by the joint resolution creating a commission to continue the investigation, and also to prosecute all who, it may develop, have been guilty of robbing state lands of timber, or who have refused to have property listed for taxation. Senator McHale moved to insert the names of Senators Keller, Donnelly, Leavitt and Dedon as such commission. The bill provides for a $10,000 appropriation, that shall be in charge of the governor, to meet the expenses of the work.

Senator O'Brien contended that if lumber had been illegally taken, there is no remedy at this time. It will do no good, he asserted, to put the matter in the governor's hands. He charged that the information received by the committee came from an unreliable source. There was a hot tilt between Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Keller, while Mr. Leavitt shot a few pointed javelins at the senator from Washington. The $10,000 appropriation was adopted, and then Senator McHale urged his amendment to insert the names of the committee as the commission to prosecute the work. Senator Morse raised the point of order to the effect that it is not within the province of the senate to create an office and to appoint its own members to the position. Senator Donnelly recalled the fact that two years ago members were appointed to inquire into the wheat ring frauds, and thereupon Senator Tawney reminded the Sage that that was merely a committee, and Senator McHale thought there was no pertinency in the point of order. It does not create an office and does not provide a salary. He amended to change the word commission to committee, and then Senator Stevens added to report during their term of office as members of the legislature.

Senator Crandall Grew Ironical,

and urged that the committee shall visit every rod of state lands and make inspections. Mr. Donnelly retorted that that method of procedure would accomplish nothing. He was not anxious to continue beyond the session in the work, and if he is expected to wade through the swamps of the state he should repectfully decline. He pointed to the extended labors of Mr. Keller and Mr. Leavitt in eliciting the valuable information of such gigantic frauds, through which the state has been plundered of millions of dollars, and then Mr. Donnelly emphatically declared that the affairs of the state have been shockingly mismanaged.

Senator Keller in caustic style arraigned Senator Crandall for opposing the appropriation. He argued that $10,000 will be well expended, and he argued that stringent steps should be taken to put an immediate stop to the system that is in vogue of robbing state lands of oak timber. He declared that never has a man been punished in Minnesota for stealing pine timber.

Senator Sanborn said that if the state has been robbed of its timber, it has not fared worse than individual owners of timber lands. He had left the state the owner of a fine eighty-acre tract of tim-

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