KISSED A BABY BOY.

Eulalie Throws Off Ceremony to Caress a Pretty Child,

Because It Looked Like Her Own Babe in Far-Away Spain.

She Attends Mass and Receives a Committee in the Forenoon.

In the Afternoon She Takes a Short Trip Up the Hudson.

NEW YORK, June 4.—The Infanta Eulalie passed Sunday entirely in accordance with her own desires, independent of any official programme. She went to mass in the forenoon, received a committee from the Circulo Colon Cervantes, and went on a private excursion on the Dolphin. The princess entered the carriage at 11 o'clock, and accompanied by the prince and marchioness, the Duke of Tamames, Commander Davis, and Mr. and Mrs. J. J. O'Donoghue, the party drove to St. Francis Xavier church, in West Sixteenth street, and entered between two lines formed by two companies of the St. Francis Xavier cadets from the preparatory class of the college. A private low mass was said in the chapel of the college. Very Rev. Thomas J. Campbell, S. J., a provincial of the holy order, was celebrant. After returning to the Hotel Savoy, the princess breakfasted, and then, at her request, about twenty children whom she had noticed about the halls of the hotel were presented to her. The princess

Received a Committee

from the Circulo Colon Cervantes, the society which gave the ball in her honor at Madison square garden. Dr. Juan N. Navarro, the president of the society, presented her with a memorial of the ball in the shape of an album bound with white kid and lined with white moire silk. Within were eight pages of vellum, on the first of which was the coat of arms of the infanta, the medallion of the society and the American and Spanish flags. The souvenir is engrossed and artistically embellished with hand painting and burnished gold. The princess received it in person. She expressed her pleasure in accepting such a pretty memento. The delightful air outside tempted the princess out of doors for a last look at New York before her departure for Chicago. She chose an outing on the water, of which she is most fond, and at 2:50 p. m. she started for her carriage on the arm of Commander Davis, who was in full uniform. She was followed by the prince, the duke and the marchioness. At the foot of the staircase, in the Savoy, the princess made one of her delightful breaks in the ceremony of the occasion. She saw a bright-eyed little boy of about four years of age in the lobby of the hotel, and, dropping the arm of Commander Davis, rushed over to the child,

Clasped It in Her Arms,

and kissed it, saying, as she did so: "Oh, my beautiful child. You are just like my own little boy." Then the princess said to the members of the party: "Isn't he a pretty boy?" The father and mother of the child, Mr. and Mrs. Hancock, stepped forward, and Commander Davis presented them. The princess shook hands with each of them and told them that the child reminded her of her own boy at home. Then the princess took the arm of Commander Davis and walked through the line of footmen and policemen, and entered the carriage. Lieut. Commander Buckingham, of the Dolphin, in civilian clothes, rode with the marchioness. The party drove down Fifth avenue to Twenty-sixth street, and to the East river, where the Dolphin was lying at anchor. The princess, at her own request, was traveling incognito, and the usual naval ceremonies were omitted. No salute was fired, and her standard was not raised on the Dolphin as usual. The handsome government yacht got under way at 3:30 and steamed down the river, around New York bay, and up the Hudson to Yonkers and down again, landing the royal party at West Forty-second street at 5 o'clock. The princess remained in the hotel this evening with her party. She will leave by special train over the Pennsylvania at 12:30 p. m. tomorrow and go through to Chicago without stop, except to change engines at necessary points.

Princess Eulalie entertained Mayor Gilroy and Gen. Porter at dinner at the Savoy today. She did not leave her apartments and retired earlier than usual.

P. O. P. C. H.

See our tailor-made, all-ready-to-wear $20 and $25 Business and Traveling Suits. The Boston, on Third street.

Will Keep Its Contract.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Referring to the dispatch from New York relative to the adjustment of the differences of the Pacific Mail and Panama railroad, Traffic Manager Leeds and Frank Johnson, of the North American company, emphatically deny the truth of the statement that the Pacific Mail will lease the vessels of the North American company operating between this city and Panama. They declare that the Panama Railway company will keep its contract with the North American Navigation company in every particular.

Consult Your Own Interest.

In no way can you save twenty dollars easier than by purchasing one of our tailor-made $25 suits. The Boston, on Third street.

Engaged to Be Married.

OMAHA, Neb., June 4.—The dead body of Robert P. Oury, one of the firemen buried underneath falling walls at the Shiverick furniture store last night, was recovered this morning. It bore no serious bruises except on the face, which was badly scalded, and it is thought that Oury died from suffocation. He was engaged to be married next Wednesday to Miss Robinson, of this city. All the injured are out of danger except Ben Morris and James Connley, whose injuries may be fatal.

To Chicago.

$8.60 one way, $16.20 round trip, via Chicago Great Western Railway. City ticket office, 364 Robert street, corner Fifth.

DID SCHAFFNER JUMP?

The Hat of the Missing Banker Found in a Boat.

CHICAGO, June 4.—The impression is growing that the man who committed suicide by jumping from a row boat into the lake in Lake View Friday was Herman Schaffner, the missing banker. Developments in the case today lead the police to consider this as the most plausible theory. The principal reason for this belief is that the hat found in the boat has been identified as the one worn by Mr. Schaffner just previous to his sudden disappearance. Two of Mr. Schaffner's sons today identified the hat as having been worn by their father. Some of the depositors are talking vigorously of prosecuting A. G. Becker, Schaffner's partner, and Schaffner too, if he turns up alive.

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

The Dread Scourge Gaining a Foothold Along the French Coast.

The Government Will Ask for 1,000,000 Pesetas to Combat the Disease.

MADRID, June 4.—Despite the denials of the French local authorities, the Spanish consuls in France continue to report the spread of cholera epidemic at several ports. Several fresh cases, they say, developed yesterday in Marseilles, and one case in Toulouse. Between May 22 and June 1 there were fourteen cases and eleven deaths in Marseilles. The Spanish government has ordered that all vessels arriving from Marseilles be detained several days in quarantine, and that vessels from other Mediterranean ports be kept under observation for three days. The government will ask from the cortes a special grant of 1,000,000 pesetas, with which to establish adequate sanitary inspection at all seaports and on the French frontier.

To Chicago.

$8.60 one way, $16.20 round trip, via Chicago Great Western Railway. City ticket office, 364 Robert street, corner Fifth.

DISGRACE AND DEATH.

A Physician Kills a Woman While Performing a Criminal Operation,

And Then Takes His Own Life to Avoid the Crime's Consequences.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 4.—A more extended account of the death of Mrs. Colton and suicide of Dr. Elderkin is given in a special from Chautauqua today, which says:

Mrs. O. C. Colton, a married woman thirty-five years old, went to the office of Dr. W. K. Elderkin, which was in the cottage of Mrs. Harwood. It was about 3:50 o'clock. Mrs. Harwood left the house on an errand. When she returned at about 8 o'clock she heard heavy breathing from the doctor's room. She went to the door and found no light, and could get no reply to her inquiries. On going into the room she found the dead body of the woman on a lounge, and the doctor was unconscious in a chair. A telephone message was immediately sent to Mayville for medical aid, but Elderkin was dead before it arrived. He left a written statement, saying that he had performed a criminal operation upon Mrs. Colton, which resulted in death from shock and heart failure. He felt that he could not endure the consequences, and had administered a hypodermic dose of morphine. The husband of Mrs. Colton was absent in Garland, Pa., where they formerly lived. Elderkin was about forty years of age, and has a wife and child living at Cleveland, O., with whom he has not been living for some time. Coroner Van Dusen was called this evening and had an autopsy performed, which proved the truth of the doctor's statement regarding death.

BOOTH VERY LOW.

The Tragedian Suffers Another Serious Relapse.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Edwin Booth is lying at the Players' club in a very critical condition, and from what can be learned, his death is likely to happen at any moment. Today he took a turn for the worse, and when Dr. St. Clair Smith called on his patient at 5 o'clock this evening, the tragedian had suffered so sharp a relapse that a bulletin was posted as follows:

In regard to Mr. Booth's condition, it may be stated that he has gradually grown weaker during the past twenty-four hours and that there is now very little hope of even a partial recovery.

ST. CLAIR SMITH, M. D.

Dr. Smith left the club at 6 o'clock and returned soon after 11 o'clock. At 11:30 a bulletin was posted to the effect that there was no change. No other information was vouchsafed at the club when inquiries were made late tonight other than that Dr. Smith was still with Mr. Booth and would remain all night.

NEW YORK, June 5.—At 2 o'clock this morning no change was reported in the condition of Edwin Booth.

How's This?

Straw Hats. Low Prices. Hat department, THE BOSTON, on Third street.

Killed Their Child.

LYONS, Io., June 4.—Last night Eva Markley and John Mayhew were arrested, charged with being the parents of a two or three-days-old child found in the river here. The child wrs found in the river dead, and, being called upon to account for it, Mayhew waived examination, and in default of heavy bonds is in jail awaiting trial. The charge will be murder.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

MASSES WITH BRIGGS

The Conviction of the Eminent Divine of Heresy Not Generally Approved.

Dr. Edwin C. Bolles Delivers an Able Sermon on the Subject.

The Defeat Due to Country Bigots Who Have Been Asleep.

Religion Not Necessarily a Fossil From the Prehistoric Ages.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Dr. Edwin C. Bolles preached today on the Briggs trial to a large congregation at the Church of the Eternal Hope. The subject of the pastor's discourse was, "How Heresy Trials Appear to a Liberal." He began by stating that he did not propose to abuse the Presbyterian church, for their action was logical and from their point of view right. "The teeth of persecution have been drawn by time; in olden days Dr. Briggs might have seen the way to the scaffold or the prison. The plain sense of the Westminster confession," he continued, "seems to candid people just as the presbytery has decided it; yet Dr. Briggs was perfectly right. The only trouble is that Dr. Briggs was the right man in the wrong place. He can regard his condemnation as every man who has been ahead of his time could, as a compliment, though perhaps an embarrassing one. In the first place, the whole matter may be regarded as a great waste of time, energy and enthusiasm. There is something better for the church to do than trying to settle points which will not be settled, and entering on a debate which is only wearying and endless. The only reason for the existence of a church, Bible or creed, at all, is to make men better, and a heresy trial makes them forget the spirit of God and neglect the golden rule about their duty to their fellow men.

"It seems to me that such a heresy trial is a manufacturer of infidels. It adds to the scandals which make a great many intelligent men and women despise the church, which has more danger to fear from the conclusions of the world, that she preserves only the letter and not the spirit of her Master's gospel, than from any attacks which can be made upon her from the outside.

"The tone of the great thermometer of public opinion, the press, indicates this feeling, and no one could have read the many sharp and able editorials of the last week without feeling that the Presbyterian church has done much to alienate public sentiment from its respect towards Christianity.

"This heresy trial may be looked upon hopefully as indicating the power of the evolution of the world toward liberal ideas in religion. Dr. Briggs has tried to make the Westminster confession elastic, as if made of rubber; the assembly has decided that it is rigid, of cast iron. But the expansive force of reason and common sense is cracking, since it cannot stretch, its ancient shell. The assembly has drawn the lines, but it has not got the power to put the butterfly back into the chrysalis, or the singing bird into its old shell.

"One thing is certain; it seems that there is more need than ever of a clear, vigorous and devout statement of the principles of the liberal church. It must be made clear, that men may see that religion is not necessarily a fossil from prehistoric ages, nor a dangerous compromise between conservatism and progress. It must be vigorous that the world may know that there are views of good and of religion, and of human duty and destiny, where faith is grounded on reason and where the lesson of God's eternal love is the beginning and end of a church creed."

Dr. Bolles, when seen after the service was enthusiastic on the subject.

"I have been a close student of this struggle," he said, "ever since Elliott F. Shepard wrote that bitter attack calling upon the presbytery to expel Dr. Briggs, and adjuring the people not to send their sons to Union seminary. Dr. Briggs was defeated by a number of country bigots, who have learned nothing of the advance of theology during the last quarter of a century. Why, I assure you, sir, that the leading Presbyterian clergy of this city are anxious to receive Unitarians or Universalists or any other people of respectability into their churches. According to the Presbyterian notion of the infallibility of the entire Bible, they would revere as saints a lot of men who could not be classed even with the men of Tammany Hall and Wall street. Who cares whether when a man dies he is at once made as good as possible in the next world or only attains perfection by degrees, as Dr. Briggs teaches? These questions are only fit for the middle ages. I can tell you, sir, that the great masses of the thoughtful people of this country are with Dr. Briggs. Let those bigots who are so fond of holding out examples of divine judgments ponder a while over what has happened since the first tirade was published against the doctor—not that I believe in such nonsense, but they can profitably take a lesson from their own dogmas."

DR. ECOB WITHDRAWS.

He Gives His Reasons for Leaving the Presbyterians.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 4.—Rev. Dr. James Ecob, of the Second Presbyterian church in this city, in his morning sermon today renounced his allegiance to the Presbyterian denomination because of the decision of the general assembly in the Briggs case. Dr. Ecob's church is one of the most influential in the city, and his congregation is made up of the most intellectual men in the city. After reviewing the action of the general assembly and arraigning it for its bigotry, he said: "I leave the Presbyterian church because it has taken on a garment that has lain buried in the grave for more than two centuries. It smells of the earth and of death." He then, with a dramatic gesture, said: "I brush it off forever."

He gave his reasons for leaving, saying that he considered that a further battling of the question would be a guerrilla warfare with but little hope for a successful minority. He characterized the general assembly as "the most intolerant, bigoted and reactionary body of all religious denominations."

He advised that the liberal element in the Presbyterian church unite with the Congregationalists, the Cumberland Presbyterians, the Free Will Baptists, and under the broad wing of the Episcopal church to form "the free church of America."

At the close of his service Dr. Ecob was surrounded by his congregation, the great majority of whom expressed sympathy with his views. Dr. Ecob is an eloquent divine, and has been pastor of the Second Presbyterian church for over twelve years. It is probable that the church will support his action, and leave the denomination with him.

STILL A PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. Dr. Millard Discusses the Status of Dr. Briggs.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Rev. Dr. Millard preached tonight at the Washington Square M. E. church on the recent suspension of Dr. Briggs. He said: "Thursday, June 1, 1893, will long remain a marked day in the annals of American Presbyterianism. On that day Charles A. Briggs was suspended from the office of minister in the Presbyterian church. It is not contended that he was surpassed by any of the court that tried him in scholarship, love of the Holy Savior, or Christian character. He simply taught some opinions which were not in harmony with those held and urged by the majority of those who composed the court. For this he is under censure until he repents. Meanwhile he has lost nothing in Christian standing. He is still a member of the Presbyterian church, and should he desire to change his church relations he would probably be welcomed cordially in either one of two or three churches."

Referring to the trial of Dr. Briggs, the Rev. Dr. Davies, of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian church, said this morning that in times not very remote, armies would have been needed to settle that which the general assembly had done peaceably and decorously. He considered it a sign of progress.

Why Pay More?

Why pay forty or fifty dollars for your summer suit when we can sell you one as good for twenty dollars? The Boston, on Third street.

SOUTHERN SENSATION.

Bishop Joyce Spends a Night in the Home of Elder Brooks, Colored.

White Men of the Vicinity Swear Never to Touch His Hand Again.

CLEVELAND, Tenn., June 4.—The action of Bishop I. W. Joyce, of the M. E. Church North, presiding over the Holston Methodist conference of East Tennessee, in accepting the hospitality of and permitting himself to be entertained by Elder Brooks, colored, of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion church, of Cleveland, last week, has brought about the biggest church sensation this church or East Tennessee ever knew. Bishop Joyce is well known all over the South as a remarkable man in point of intelligence, and as a man of great personal magnetism. Recently upon his return to Chattanooga from a short trip into the provincial towns, several young girls and young men, members of the Chattanooga Epworth League of the Stone church, the leading Northern Methodist church of that city, met him at the train in carriages that were profusely decorated for his reception with bright-colored ribbons, and, as he advanced from the train to his equipage, the maidens scattered roses and other fragrant flowers before his feet.

Not more than a fortnight afterward the bishop was entertained in this town by a brother of the colored Northern Methodist church. It would be impossible for a person who has always lived in the North, and who does not understand the sentiments of the Southerners in such matters, to comprehend what a sensation this action on the part of the bishop has caused.

The action was premediated. The bishop wrote to the pastor of the church, Rev. Mr. Anderson, that he was coming, and that he would stay over night with him. He was according met at the train by a delegation of colored citizens and escorted to the home of Elder Brooks, who lives in a pretty little cottage situated in the heart of the negro settlement on the outskirts of the village. There the bishop found the house as clean and white as soap and water and hard work could make it. The good brother in black had killed the fattest chicken. But, if the negroes are delighted, the white people are anything but that. Several members of his own denomination here swear never to touch his hand again.

The Columbus Caravels.

NEW YORK, June 4.—The Columbus caravels will start tomorrow on their long journey up the coast to the St. Lawrence river, thence through the lakes to Chicago. The Santa Maria will be towed by the navy tug Iwana, and the Nina and Pinta will be towed by two chartered tugs. They will start about 10 o'clock tomorrow. The cruiser New York will go and accompany them as far as the St. Lawrence river.

Twenty Dollars.

Perfect-fitting tailor-made Business Suits, made from Imported Suitings, only $20 and $25, at The Boston, on Third street.

Suicide From Despondency.

Chicago, June 4.—Despondency, produced by a protracted illness and apprehensions about the outcome of a contemplated surgical operation, caused Augustus Victorson, a board of trade man, to commit suicide by hanging himself in his room at the Hotel Metropole last night between 8 and 9 o'clock. Mr. Victorson was of Russian birth, it is said, and had not lived many years abroad. His connection with the board of trade dates back but a short time.

Death of Horatio Peters.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 4.—Horatio Peters, one of the principal stockholders in the New York Clipper, died at his home in this city this evening.

A New Health Food

has made its appearance. It is not only a health food, but a healthy food—a health food that makes other food healthy. Its name is

COTTOLENE

It takes the place of hog's Lard, which is a notoriously unhealthy food. A vegetable oil product—delicate, digestible, and economical—one trial gives COTTOLENE a permanent home in every kitchen, whence it increases the health and enjoyment of every member of the family. Try it for yourself. At all grocers.

Sold in three and five pound pails.

Manufactured only by

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

THE FUENTE HORROR.

Twenty-Six Men Lose Their Lives in a Mine in Mexico.

They Perish From Heat and Smoke and Poisonous Gases.

Minister Runyon Is Presented to the Emperor of Germany.

Programme of the Bismarckians Set Forth by a Candidate.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., June 4.—Full particulars of the Fuente coal mine disaster, as nearly as can be learned, are as follows: The Mexican International railway, which recently came into the possession of the mines, is operating a narrow-guage road with a small engine, which penetrates the main entry, hauling in empty and bringing out loaded cars. This main entry is lined on the sides and at the top with creosoted lumber, and three air shafts from it supply the mines with ventilation. The entrance of the track is on the north side of a range of hills, through which it passes down an incline to the mouth of the tunnel on the banks of the Rio Escondido river. The workings are all to the east of the main entry, and some fifty men were

Employed Taking Out Coal.

At 4 o'clock yesterday evening, shortly after the locomotive left, the mine was discovered to be on fire, and smoke and flames were seen issuing out of the air shafts. About half of the miners were working near the main tunnel, and these made their escape, leaving twenty-six of their number to perish from the heat and smoke and from the poisonous gases, which spread like lightning to every portion of the mines. When it was seen that all efforts were useless to rescue the imprisoned miners, every energy was directed to saving the property from destruction. A hand-pump was placed in position on the Escondido river, pipes were laid into the mine as far as any work could be done and hose attached, and water poured on to the burning timbers. A portable engine was speedily obtained from Piedras Negras, and in three hours the fire was under control. There are twenty-six chambers in the mine, and the dead miners are supposed to be well to the front of the mine. At 12 o'clock today, when your correspondent reached the scene, one body had been recovered from the seventh chamber, and shortly afterwards another, fearfully

Scorched And Blackened

was brought to the surface. The tenth chamber has been reached, and men with ropes tied to their bodies, to effect their rescue if overcome by heat and smoke, are fighting their way to where the bodies of their dead comrades are lying. Supt. George Swence ventured in too far and was overcome by heat and smoke. He was prostrated, but was rescued. It is believed that by tomorrow the mine will be cleared of heat and smoke, which at present is impossible to cope with. It is reported that all parties responsible for the management of the mines have been placed under arrest pending an investigation of the causes of the disaster. But for the prompt action of the officials of the Mexican International and their heroic efforts, the mine would have been destroyed, and none of the bodies would have been recovered. This is the first great disaster in the history of coal mining in Mexico. Large numbers of the friends and relatives of the unfortunate miners are gathered at the mouth of the mine mutely awaiting the recovery of the bodies of their sons and husbands. When a body is taken out there is no outburst of grief, but a look of quiet resignation and deep grief appears upon every countenance. Hundreds of people from Eagle Pass and Piedras Negras have visited the scene today, and the smoke still issuing from the air shafts impresses on all the folly of hoping any of the imprisoned miners are yet alive.

RUNYON PRESENTED.

America's New Minister Meets Emperor William.

BERLIN, June 4.—William Walter Phelps, the retiring United States minister, presented at the castle this noon his letter of recall. Immediately afterwards Freiherr Marschall von Bieberstein, minister of foreign affairs, introduced to the emperor Theodore Runyon, the new minister. Mr. Runyon wore the uniform of a general. He said:

"I have the honor to hand your majesty President Cleveland's letter announcing my appointment. In presenting my credentials, it gives me great pleasure to refer to the amity and excellent understanding which now happily so long existed between the United States and Germany. I hope to be instrumental in strengthening and making permanent these friendly relations and to extend the commercial intercourse between the two countries. My earnest wish is for your majesty's welfare, and for the continued prosperity of the great German nation."

In reply the emperor said that he recognized with pleasure the friendliness of the relations between Germany and the United States, and was pleased to receive such a conspicuous American citizen as Mr. Runyon. He had always felt gratified to know that Germans who emigrated to America made good and loyal citizens. He wished that Mr. Runyon's sojourn in Berlin might be pleasant in every respect. Afterwards the emperor and Mr. Runyon conversed privately on American topics for fifteen minutes.

PLUNDERED OF PLATE.

Immense Robbery in a Church in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 4.—It transpired yesterday that while the czar was in Moscow recently the church of the Chudov monastery, within the Kremlin, was plundered of a vast amount of plate and money. The plate had just been used in the ceremonies attendant upon the reception of the czar, and had not yet been returned to the vaults where it was usually kept. The total loss is estimated at between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000 roubles. The burglars are supposed to have entered the monastery through the roof. They selected with such care only the most valuable of the church vessels that they are believed to have been coached previously by some of the priests. No arrests have been made.

RANG THE BELLS

To Show Their Pleasure at His Departure.

SAN LUIS POTOSI, Mex., June 4.—Vicente Palacios, first political auxiliary in Silao during the late Gen. Manuel Gonzeales' governorship of the state of Guanajato, has been discharged by the new governor, and while he was in the act of leaving Silao for the City of Mexica a mob of citizens made an assault upon him, and he only escaped serious injury by the train pulling out. The mob then proceeded to the elegant residence of the late Gen. Gonzeales, which they stoned as they marched through the city, ringing the bells of all the churches, signifying their satisfaction for the change in governor of the state.

THE BISMARCKIANS.

Herr Lauman, of the New Party, Issues a Manifesto.

BERLIN, June 4.—Herr Lauman, one of the projectors of the National Bismarckian party, has published a pamphlet which he calls an election manifesto. He appeals for the support of "everybody imbued with the national German feeling." The German voters, he says, must indorse at the polls the principles represented in the iron character and policy of Prince Bismarck and must combat the deplorable tendencies of the present regime, notably as they are revealed in the army bill and the commercial treaties.

Valuable Jewels Stolen.

VIENNA, June 4.—A Belgian named Ruller, who was arrested in Olmuetz last night, has confessed that he helped steal the jewels of the Countess of Flanders on last Feb. 1. His confession implicates in the crime a London aristocrat and several of the countess' servants. Ruller also told where the treasure was hidden. The stolen jewels are valued at 400,000 francs. They were stolen from the palace while the Count and countess of Flanders were attending a court ball.

Crespo in the Saddle.

NEW YORK, June 4.—A correspondent at Caracas cables as follows: "The constituent assembly has completed the draft of a new constitution for Venezuela. It authorizes Gen. Crespo to continue at the head of the provisional government until the presidential election is held in the coming autumn to fill the unexpired term, and also declares him eligible, if elected then, to serve the succeeding constitutional term of four years.

From Berlin to Vienna.

VIENNA, June 4.—The foot race from Berlin to this city ended today, when Peitz and Elsasser, the most conspicuous vegetarian competitors, passed the finish post. Peitz, who came in first, is completely exhausted. Elsasser is in good condition. The rest of the walkers gave out on the way and retired from the race.

Pietz's time for Berlin to this city was 154 h 45 m; Elsasser's, 156 h.

Liberty of Conscience.

PARIS, June 4.—M. Constans, ex-minister of the interior, made in Toulouse, this evening, his long-expected speech concerning his political programme. The key-note of his policy, as he defined it, is absolute liberty of conscience. He said that the Catholics, in obeying the pope, were strengthening the republic.

George Potter Dead.

LONDON, July 4.—George Potter died today. In all notable movements of organized labor in England during the last thirty years he has been more or less conspicuous for his sympathy or cooperation with the working people. He wrote much for current periodicals on subjects related to social reform.

Dynamite Cartridge Exploded.

PARIS, June 4.—A dynamite cartridge was exploded today in a cafe in Alais, department of Gard. Two persons were severely injured. The contents of the cafe were shattered. The man who placed the cartridge has been arrested.

Thirty Houses Damaged.

BERLIN, June 4.—A cartload of gunpowder was exploded this afternoon on a street of Kirkn, Rhenish Prussia, by a spark from a pipe. The two men on the cart were killed and thirteen other persons were injured, several so seriously that they will not recover. Thirty houses were damaged by the explosion.

Two Revolutionists Killed.

MADRID, June 4.—The company of revolutionists who made a demonstration near Puente La Reina, Navarre, on Friday, have been dispersed by the military. Two revolutionists were killed and two others wounded severely.

Movements of Steamships.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Arrived: Bohemia, Stettin; La Bourgogne, Havre, having on board Jefferson Coolidge, ex-minister to Paris, and family; Furnessia, Glasgow; Fulda, Genoa; Umbria, Liverpool.

Late, but Good.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 4.—British residents of the capital celebrated Queen Victoria's birthday with a public dinner last evening. One hundred covers were laid. Sir Spencer St. John, British minister, presided.

Siamese Withdraw.

PARIS, June 4.—In obedience to the orders of the French resident, the Siamese have withdrawn from Cammon, the principal military post of Northern Anam.

Going to London.

PARIS, June 4.—The Evenement of yesterday announced that the offices of the Suez canal directory will be transferred from Paris to London in 1894.

Edinburgh Promoted.

LONDON, June 5.—The Duke of Edinburgh has been promoted to the rank of admiral of the fleet.

Newspaper Burned Out.

LONDON, June 4.—The office of the Western Mail newspaper, in Cardiff, burned today. Loss $300,000.

Paul Schiff Dead.

VIENNA, June 4.—Paul Schiff, one of the heaviest speculators on the Vienna bourse, died today.

PROBABLY THE CORSICAN.

The Vessel Which Was Sunk on Friday Morning.

DETROIT, June 4.—There now remains but little doubt that the schooner sunk by the steamer Corsica early Friday morning was the Corsican, of this city. The Selkirk, which towed up to Port Huron with the Corsican Thursday, passed the Straits of Mackinac at 5:30 p. m. Saturday. The Selkirk is a much slower boat than the Corsican, and the fact of her reaching the straits ahead of the latter would indicate that the Corsican was probably the ill-fated boat, as no other schooner is now missing. The Corsican carried a crew of five men, but their names are not known here.

Killed by Kicks.

Special to the Globe.

WINNIPEG, Man., June 4.—H. Kornelson, a farmer, and the five-year-old daughter of C. Frieser, all of Niverville, were instantly killed by kicks from vicious horses.

WHAT CAN CUTICURA DO

Everything that is cleansing, purifying, and beautifying for the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children the CUTICURA REMEDIES will do. They speedily cure itching and burning eczemas, cleanse the scalp of scaly humors, purify the blood, and restore the hair. They are absolutely pure, agreeable, and unfailing. Sold everywhere.

QUAKER CITY SUICIDES.

Ten Deaths in a Week Result From Men's Assaults Upon Themselves.

A Convict Deliberately Allows His Head to Be Crushed by a Cart.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—This city seems to be having an epidemic of suicides. Three successful and one unsuccessful attempts were reported to the coroner today. One of the former, that of Adam Comfort, was of the sensational order. Comfort, who was an inmate of the state penitentiary, was only nineteen years old. He came from Myersville, Snider county, Pennsylvania, and was serving a three years' sentence for attempt to kill. Yesterday he deliberately laid his head on the ground in front of a loaded coal cart which was passing through the prison yard, and the wheel, passing over his neck, fractured the vertebræ. He lived a few hours only. Cause, despondency.

John McQuaid, aged fifty-two, who came here from San Francisco in December last, blew out his brains at the home of his sister today. He had been brooding over the death of his wife and the disappearance of a son. In his trunk was found $5,000 in cash.

Jane Mooney, aged thirty-four, ended her life with a dose of laudanum today. Cause, rum and poverty.

John O'Connor, a farmer aged fifty-seven, who came to town from Overbrook, Pa., yesterday, was found lying covered with blood in the street this morning. He had cut his throat because he had been unjustly accused of stealing. His chances of recovery are fair.

During the past week there have been ten deaths from suicide in this city.

CHILDREN DROWNED.

Sad Drowning Accident at Dearborn, Mich.

DETROIT, Mich., June 4.—The saddest drowning accident that has been recorded in some time occurred about 1 o'clock this afternoon in the River Rouge, at Dearborn, a few miles south of Detroit. The victims are Lottie Dingemans, the thirteen-year-old daughter of Peter Dingemans, the well known sash and blind manufacturer, and Clara Wagner, his five-year-old granddaughter, whose father, Charles Wagner, is a prominent brickmaker at Dearborn. The latter tried to save both the girls after they were in the water, but the current prevented him, although he made a desperate effort and nearly lost his own life doing so. Mr. Wagner's residence is situated on the Old Arsenal grounds and the river bank is about 100 feet in the rear of it. Just how the children managed to get into the water is not known, but it is thought that Clara fell in accidentally, and Lottie, while trying to rescue her, was also carried away by the swift current, and both drowned.

DIDN'T SAVE HUBBY.

Mr. and Mrs. Sinn Both Sent to Prison.

FORT DODGE, Io., June 4.—Mr. and Mrs. John Sinn, who were arrested for the burglary of the Northwestern depot at Luverne, were both found guilty of the crime charged. In the trial both Sinn and his wife swore that the woman committed the crime unaided, and that her husband knew nothing of it. The prosecution succeeded in proving by circumstantial evidence that the woman was perjuring herself in the hope of saving her husband from punishment, and the jury found them both guilty. Sinn was sentenced to eighteen months and his wife to six months in the penitentiary.

Died of Starvation.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 4.—Gen. Warren T. Sutton, consul general of the United States for Northern Mexico, has just completed his report, showing that the importations of corn into Mexico during the fourteen months ending Feb. 28, 1893, was 363,800,000 pounds, valued at $6,000,000. Gen. Sutton states that but for the nearness of the United States, and unlimited supply, thousands of the very poor of Mexico must have died for lack of food. As it was, there was much severe suffering and the effect will be felt for years.

Both Were Drowned.

NEWARK, N. J., June 4.—Peter McGovern, a young gas fitter, and an unknown girl were drowned in the Passaic river tonight. They were out rowing, and shortly after 7 o'clock people on the river bank heard them screaming. Several men rowed out to where the two were struggling in the water, but did not reach them in time to save their lives. The bodies have been recovered.

Husband and Wife Drowned.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., June 4.—James M. Reed, forty-three years of age, and his wife Mary, aged thirty-nine years, were drowned this afternoon in Alrighton canal. She went in the canal to bathe, got into a deep place and disappeared. Her children noticed her actions and ran to their father, who was in a tent close by. He jumped in to save her, but both were drowned.

Cannon Ball Train Wrecked.

ST. LOUIS, June 4.—Meager advices from Poplar Bluff, Mo., state that the south-bound Cannon Ball train on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern railway, which left this city last night for Texas, was wrecked at an early hour this morning. Several persons are reported slightly, but none seriously injured. All wires to Poplar Bluff are down, and further details are as yet unobtainable.

Arrested for Disrespect.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 4.—Nava Cadet John T. Tompkins, of Louisiana, first class, for disrespect of Supt. Stephen, of the naval academy, has been sent on board the Constellation under arrest. Cadet Tompkins was chairman of the committee on the June ball, and refused to follow the custom of inviting the wife of the superintendent to receive on the night of the annual June ball.

Death of an Iowan.

CHICAGO, June 4.—W. H. Livingston, one of the best known merchants of Iowa, died at the emergency hospital in this city last night, as a result of a surgical operation made to relieve an abscess in the jaw. He was a resident of Sioux City, and a large dealer in dry goods. His body was taken to Sioux City.

His Skull Fractured.

Special to the Globe.

STEELE, N. D., June 4.—Abraham Bowland, a Northern Pacific brakeman, had his skull fractured in three places this afternoon by falling from a moving freight train. He was taken to Brainerd on this evening's passenger train.

Schooner Ashore.

CHEBOYGAN, Mich., June 4.—The schooner Mosher, cedar laden, went ashore four miles below here yesterday afternoon in a fog. The tug Strohn, with lighters, has gone to her assistance. The Mosher is owned by Capt. J. S. Dunham, of Chicago.

Like Water off a Duck's Back

—so dirt leaves, when Pearline gets after it. No matter where it is, the easiest, safest, quickest, cheapest way to get rid of it is with Pearline. Washing clothes is Pearline's most important work. That's because it saves so much wear and tear, as well as labor, by doing away with the rub, rub, rub. But don't lose sight of the fact that Pearline washes everything. Dishes, paint, marble, glass, tin-ware, silver, jewelry, carpets, hangings—there's work to be saved with all of these by using Pearline.

Beware of imitations. 322 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

VICIOUS FALLACIES.

Secretary Morton Excoriates the Populists Without Fear or Favor.

Their Views on Silver Coinage Would Destroy the Nation's Finance.

TOPEKA, June 4.—The publication today of a letter from J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, to J. F. Lee, a prominent Kansas Democrat, who was loud in his denunciation of the Populist party last fall, created a sensation among politicians in the People's party. Regarding coalition with the Populists and the money question, Secretary Morton says:

"I am opposed to all coalitions which require a surrender of any principle, economic or political. I am against the Sherman act, which compels the purchase of silver to the amount of 4,500000 ounces per month, and also opposed to the coinage of the same silver at the rate of $1.20 per ounce when it sells on the world's markets at 84 cents an ounce. The money fallacies preached by the Populists from the Ocala platform would, if embodied in legislation, destroy our common country. Therefore, as a patriot, one who loves his home and family, I am opposed to all their vicious fallacies."

THE OLD WAR SPIRIT.

Peru Said to Be Ripe for a Revolution.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Semi-official reports still continue to reach Washington from Peru indicating a threatening revolution in that country. A private letter received from Lima today represents an extremely critical political situation, and grave danger is apprehended of a revolution before the day of the presidential election. The unpopularity of the candidate for the presidency and the old controversy about the nitrate beds which Chili assumed control of at the close of the war with Peru are given as the cause of the unrest. At the coming election it is to be decided by ballot whether Chili is to be paid a certain portion of the revenues obtained from these beds. The agitation of the question, it is said, has aroused much of the old war spirit, and further complications between the two countries are feared. Nothing can be learned at the state department on the subject, but both the state and navy departments are manifesting intense interest in the departure for the Pacific coast of the United States war ships Charleston and Philadelphia. It is probable that the Philadelphia will sail from New York on the 15th inst. for Callao.

OIL MEN TO STRIKE.

They Want Ten Hours' Pay for Nine Hours' Work.

CHICAGO, June 4.—There is every probability that by tomorrow morning the Standard Oil company will have a big strike on its hands. Twenty-five hundred of its men, who constitute the entire working force of the company's plant at Whiting, Ind., have decided to strike unless the company accede to their demand for a nine-hour working day and ten hours' pay. About two weeks ago the men in all departments of the branch at Wh