MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

The county offices in the court house will close at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and people are notified that no business, except with the sheriff, will be tranacted after that hour.

Mary Torgeison claims that a bulldog kept by James Cochran bit and mangled Nels Torgelson, and she has brought suit as guardian to recover $2,000 damages for that reason.

Maj. Huddleston received a cable dispatch last evening announcing the death of William Rainforth, Esq., his wife's father, one of the prominent residents and magistrates of Lincoln, Eng.

James Welch stole a d m ay, clothing and all from the Pence Opera block. He took it in the alley in the rear, and while undressing it he was arrested. Judge Mahoney sentenced him to $50 or sixty days.

The employes of the New England Furniture company, to the number of 150, enjoyed a trip to Lake Harriet last evening. Special cars carried the members to and from the lake, and an enjoyable repast was indulged in.

Mathias Hill, who stabbed Conductor Kangley Thursday night in a saloon row, was dismissed by Judge Mahoney yesterday. It was shown that Kangley went out looking for a fight and twice knocked Hill down before the latter defended himself with a knife.

A night blooming cereus opened at the home of Ald. Albert Currier, 3640 Dupont avenue south, at 8:30 o'clock Thursday evening, with two blossoms, the beauty and fragrance of which were admired and enjoyed by a large company of neighbors and friends, who remained to witness the unusual and handsome sight until after midnight.

HONOR TO JOHNSON,

The Breaker of the World's Bicycle Records.

Lumber Exchange building, Minneapolis, looked as though being subjected to a siege last evening as 200 of the Minneapolis Wheelmen's club congregated about it, pursuant to the announcement that a reception would be held there in honor of John Johnson, the world's record breaker. While waiting for the crowd to gather a delegation of St. Paul riders appeared and dismounted amid cheering. The boys then filed into the stock exchange rooms and proceeded to receive. A. B. Choate presented Mr. Johnson with a beautiful badge, to which he replied briefly and modestly. He was loudly cheered. His honor, Mayor Eustis, was then called and responded in a most graceful speech. He admonished the boys to stick to their wheels and to be loyal to Johnson. Charles W. Johnson next took the floor, and said a good word first for Minneapolis and next for Johnson, a product of the rapid living of the Flour City. The boys then mounted their "bikes" and a pleasant ride to Lake Harriet was enjoyed.

RUN DOWN BY A CAR.

Mrs. Dr. Wallin Seriously Injured in a Street Car Collision.

Mrs. Wallin, a midwife, was seriously injured in a collision with an electric car on Central avenue between Sixth and Seventh streets, about 4:30 yesterday afternoon. She was on her way home from a professional visit near the scene of the accident, and was making a turn with the rig she was driving, when an Eighth avenue car hove in sight around a corner. The motoneer, a green one, it is said, lost his presence of mind and simply held up his hands. The car crashed into the buggy at full speed, broke it into kindling wood and struck Mrs. Wallin a terrific blow in the side. The extent of her injuries could not be learned, as she was taken to her home, 2114 Eleventh avenue south, before an examination was made. The poor horse was thrown under the car and dragged a considerable distance, being badly bruised and cut.

To Abate a Nuisance.

The fourth in the series of meetings held by First ward property holders in regard to the nuisance arising from Nelson, Tenny & Co.'s mills was held last evening at the St. Anthony hall. R. C. Hinrichs reported for the committee which had been appointed to confer with Mr. Nelson that the company would probably adopt the plan of cumbustion chambers for the sawmill and the Dutch ovens for the paper mill, the improvements to be made during the time the mills are closed for the winter. M. C. Brady presented a series of resolutions, which were adopted, summing up the demands of the people in the matter.

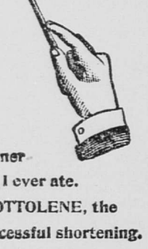
A Receiver Asked.

Eldridge C. Cooke, assignee for Corser & Co., has filed a petition in the district court, asking that a receiver be appointed for Charles P. Lovell's estate. The petition is based on the claim that Corser & Co., secured judgment against Lovell for $1,788.42, and that the sheriff returned it unsatisfied. The petitioner asserts that Lovell was possessed of property worth $30,000, which he has placed out of reach, and the receiver is wanted to look it up and divide it among the creditors.

Died of Blood Poisoning.

Mrs. Cornelius Capen, the mother of Charles F. Capen, the well-known billiardist, died at the family residence in this city, No. 81 Western avenue, late Thursday evening, of blood poisoning. The deceased was fifty-two years of age.

That Pie



I had for dinner was the best I ever ate. Thanks to COTTOLENE, the new and successful shortening.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

Sold in three and five pound pails.

Send three cents in stamps to N. K. Fairbank & Co., Chicago, for handsome Cottolene Cook Book, containing six hundred recipes, prepared by nine eminent authorities on cooking.

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., CHICAGO.

TORN INTO SHREDS.

FRIGHTFUL EXPLOSION OF DYNAMITE YESTERDAY MORNING.

WAS THE CITY TO BLAME?

It Seems to Have Violated One of Its Own Rules—The Coroner's Jury Finds Carelessness the Cause of the Destructive Explosion.

A frightful explosion of dynamite occurred on the East side yesterday morning, tearing into threds a human being and causing destruction to the value of thousands of dollars. The shocking accident occurred on a vacant lot on Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues north.

The victim was Gus Olso, a blaster in the employ of the city, who was engaged with a large crew in putting in a sewer on Fifth street. His occupation necessarily brought him to work earlier than his fellows, and at the time of the explosion he was alone in the small shed where the explosive was stored. A new stock of the deadly stuff had been received yesterday, in all three boxes, about 150 pounds. How the accident occurred will never be known. The time was 6:09 o'clock, and few people were in the vicinity. Had it been an hour later there is no doubt a fearful loss of life would have resulted.

When the explosion came the body of the unfortunate blaster was hurled high in the air across two streets and over a woodshed, through a picket fence and deposited across the street from the fence fully 500 feet from the dynamite house. Strewn along its course were fragments that indicated a gruesome spectacle. The scalp was picked up in the middle of Adams street, and many bits of flesh were deposited on the tops of the high trees on Fifth street, showing that the body must have been frightfully mangled and torn by the first shock of the explosion. The fence through which the body was hurled was that in front of 426 Adams street. Three pickets were broken out, and the post against which the body struck was besmeared with blood and pieces of flesh. The remains were a ghastly sight. The head had been blown off and the limbs were gone, all that remained being two-thirds of the trunk.

Story of the Explosion.

The cause of the fearful explosion is not known to an absolute certainty, and probably never will be, as the only witness was Olson. He either dropped a dynamite cartridge, which set off boxes of the explosive, or he stepped on a cap, which also started the rest.

The shed in which the dynamite was stored was a small board structure 8x8 feet in area, and stood in a vacant tract of land on Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues northeast, about 100 feet from the sewer which was being laid in Fifth street. It was supposed to be in a safe place, as there were no houses within a considerable distance. As an additional measure of precaution, however, a small hole had been dug in the ground under the shed, and the only means of entrance was a trap door in the floor. The arrangements were thought to be extremely safe. A quantity of dynamite was kept here, however, as many blasts were made daily. Underlying the upper strata of soil, which is only a few feet thick, is a limestone ledge which must be rent by dynamite before it can be excavated. The blasts are made by dynamite cartridges, which are simply sticks of the explosive about seven inches long, an inch in diameter, and wrapped around with paper.

Olson was the "blaster" on this work. As such, it was his duty to charge the cartridges with caps every morning before the laborers arrived. He was generally on hand about 6 o'clock in the morning to complete his hazardous duties. It was just about 6 o'clock when he passed by Watchman John Kelly, who was sitting on a box in the enzine shed, about 150 feet from the dynamite shed. Kelly was taking off his overalls as Olson passed, but looked up and bade him good morning. Olson responded, and, with his dog at his heels, proceeded to his doom. He had only been inside a very few minutes when there was a terrific noise and Kelly saw the shed flying through the air. He was uninjured, and ran out when he had recovered his presence of mind. The police and people in the neighborhood were soon on the ground and a search was made for Olson. There was no use looking at the site of the shed, for here was nothing but a big yawning hole. The brown dog was lying on the ground about fifty feet away, stone dead, but Olson was not seen. People who came running from Adams street reported that a portion of the trunk had been found on the east side of Adams street. A search was made and shreds of flesh and hair were found on the ground, on the roofs of sheds and houses, and sticking to fences and trees. The scalp was found on a neighboring house, and a piece of the cap was as far away as Madison street. The fragments were gathered together in a bushel basket and taken to Giesner & Washburn's morgue.

The men employed on the sewer agree that there could not have been less than 120 pounds of dynamite in the hole. There wete two boxes unopened, and several cartridges had been taken from a third box Thursday evening. Olson, it is thought, was charging a cartridge, when it slipped out of his hand and fell through the trap door on the deadly pile below. The force of the explosion appeared to be upward and eastward, and Olson, who was standing right over the explosion, was torn to pieces in a twinkling.

The deceased was fifty-five years old, and lived with his wife and five children at 2211 Washington street northeast. He had been in the employ of the sewer department for five or six years, and is spoken of as an exceedingly careful man, being considered by his superiors as a model in this respect.

Results of the Explosion.

The damages to surrounding property are of wide extent, though in most cases singularly small in material loss. They consist of broken glass, and in the nearest buildings to the spot, on all sides of the square bounded by Fourth and Fifth streets and the east end of Washington street and Fifth avenue north, broken doors, sash and plaster. Here there is not a window of a house or building intact, and in some of the residences the plastering is torn from the walls, doors were wrenched from their hinges and window sash blown in through the frames. The extent of these damages is the cost of equipping the whole list of the buildings with new glass and new windows, and in some cases to replaster some whole rooms. It is estimated that in this part the losses will aggregate probably $10,000, of which the following are the principal:

Residence of Policeman La Valle, nearest to the explosion, $1,000; Eustis Bros., three houses, $500; the N. H. Bolton block, $500; Addison P. Chesley, residence and other buildings, $500; S. Cook, saloon, $200; J. P. Flanagan, two buildings, $300; branch of Hennepin Steam laundry, $100; Central Machine works, $300; J. W. Day, ice house, $1,000; the Washington street French school building, $500; Hanson double building, $200; Victoria blank house, $100; H. B. Frye, of Nelson, Tenney & Co., $200; Cafarelli block, $500; block of Potter, Thompson & Co., $500; Mrs. Mary Egan, house and out buildings, $100.

City to Repair Damages.

City Attorney Simpson and City Engineer Cappelen went to the scene of the accident early to ascertain what damages had been done. The city was clearly liable for the expense of repairing the damages that had been done by the explosion, and a force of glaziers was ordered to the scene, and every broken window will be put in at once, free of cost to the owners of the buildings.

The amount of damages to the buildings proper will have to be determined by agreement between the property owners and the city. The total loss is estimated by conservative parties to be about $10,000.

It is asserted that Mrs. Olson will have no claim for indemnity from the city, as every measure of precaution had been taken. The smallest possible quantity of dynamite was kept on hand. As high as 100 pounds is often used in one day, and there was only 120 in the hole. Formerly the explosives were stored on the floor of the shed, but this year, to remove all chance of danger, a hole was dug in the earth for the stuff. The blame of the accident can be laid at no one's door except Olson's.

City Violates Its Own Rule.

The city seems to have violated its own ordinance relating to explosives in storing such a quantity of dynamite in one place. The ordinance provides that not more than five pounds of gunpowder or one of dynamite shall be kept in one place. This section refers particularly to retail dealers, no reference being made to sewer work, though quarrymen are allowed to keep only fifty pounds.

The Coroner's Verdict.

An inquisition taken at Minneapolis, in the county of Hennepin, on the 21st day of July, 1893, before W. P. Spring, M. D., coroner of the said county of Hennepin, upon view of the body of Gust Olson, lying there dead, by the oaths of the jurors whose names are hereunto subscribed, who, having sworn to inquire on behalf of the state of Minnesota when, how and by what means the said Gust Olson came to his death, upon their oaths do say:

His death was caused July 21, 1893, by the explosion of dynamite stored in a small building on a vacant lot situated on Fifth street northeast, Minneapolis, and said explosion was caused by some accident by said Gust Olson in an unknown manner, the testimony being that ordinary care was taken in the use of the dynamite, both in manner of storing and manner of using same.

W. P. WASHBURN, JOSEPH HAWES, P. D. MCMILLAN, WARREN DUNBAR, EDWIN PARKER, A. E. TALCOTT.

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.

The Lane Planing Mill, Valued at $18,000, Totally Destroyed.

The planing mill of J. S. Lane & Co., Fifth avenue and Division street southeast, was completely destroyed by fire last evening. The loss, including lumber, machinery, etc., is about $18,000, and is total, as there was no insurance.

The mill was not in active operation, and had been rented to Nudd & Taylor for the manufacture of gutters and eves, and to Edward Cooley for a feed mill. Their joint loss will probably be about $800. Some of the surrounding property was also scorched, so that the whole loss will be about $20,000.

The fire was first discovered in an empty shed in the rear of the mill a little after 5 o'clock, and the material being dry as tinder, the flames spread with great rapidity. First, second and third alarms were sounded in rapid succession, and nearly all the fire apparatus in the city came clattering upon the scene. There was no saving the mill and contents, however, as the fire had too much of a start and a brisk wind was blowing. The whole plant and a considerable quantity of lumber were in a short time in smoking ruin. It was thought at one time that several of the houses in the immediate neighborhood would also be destroyed, but hard work on the part of the firemen and many streams of water prevented any wide-spread havoc. The dwelling house of C. C. Lyon, 419 Ninth street, was partially burned, and likewise that of G. E. Gribbin, 413 Ninth street. The loss on the former was $500 and on the latter $300. The flames jumped across the tracks of the Minneapolis & Duluth railroad and began to eat into a large pile of edgings owned by the Minneapolis Furniture company. The fire there was finally drowned out after a loss of a few hundred dollars had been sustained.

It is thought the fire was started by two colored boys who were seen entering the shed with lighted cigarettes a few minutes before the outbreak of the flames.

Several accidents occurred in connection with the fire. Engine No. 2, located at Main street and Thirteenth avenue northeast, was tipped over at Second street and Central avenue. It was badly demolished and blockaded the street car track for about an hour. No one was hurt. The driver was ex-Policeman Gonyea.

Engine No 3 met with an accident at Washington avenue and Ninth avenue north. One of the horses slipped and fell, and the engine came upon the prostrate animal and injured it terribly.

Fred Grabow, a substitute with Engine Company No. 4, while stationed in a dangerous position where the smoke rolled in billows, was overcome by the smoke and heat. He was carried to a place of safety in an unconscious condition, but eventually revived.

Twin City Scandinavian Singers' Excursion to the "World's Fair."

On July 25th a special train will leave Minneapolis at 8 p. m., St. Paul at 8:30 p. m., for Chicago, via the Wisconsin Central line. Tickets on this excursion are good to return any time up to Nov. 15th.

The committee in charge of this excursion urge their friends to accompany them on this occasion, as a good time is assured, and the rate will be as low as at any time this year. For further information call on or address E. G. Mellem, corner Sixth and Sibley streets, St. Paul, Minn.

GETTING IN SHAPE.

The Farmers' and Merchants' Bank Being Rapidly Reorganized.

Through the strenuous efforts of the members of the committee of stockholders, the affairs of the Farmers' and Merchants' bank are assuming regular shape once more. The members are making rapid progress in securing the agreements of depositors of the bank to have the affairs taken up by the stockholders, in the nature of a reorganization, and the bank taken out of the hands of the court. The assignee of the bank has recommended such a course, on the ground that in the present condition in which he finds the institution there will be comparatively nothing realized by the forced settlements which he would be compelled to make. In the other plan he holds the view that it might be possible to work out very much more for the bank's creditors, with the result that in some form or other the bank or another in its place would get into shape again, and less loss be suffered.

Row Over a Cadet.

Senator John Day Smith and other prominent people have begun the circulation of a petition to Congressman Fletcher to appoint Alternate Smith to the cadetship at West Point. The claim is made that Munro, the appointee, is a resident of Wabasha county.

Worth a Guinea a Box.

Stubborn tendencies to digestive troubles in *children* will always yield to a *mild* dose of

Beecham's Pills

(Tasteless)

25 cents a box.

SWEDEN'S SECOND DAY.

CONCERTS AT FESTIVAL HALL AND BANQUET AT WINDSOR PARK.

JAPANESE SECTION OPENED.

Russian Exhibition Still Closed on Account of the Action of the Custom House Inspectors—Low Railroad Rates Increase the Attendance.

CHICAGO, July 21.—This was the second day of the Swedish celebration at the fair. No formal programme had been arranged, and the visitors spent a quiet and restful time taking in the fair. At 3 o'clock this afternoon the second of the series of concerts given by the Swedish societies drew a full house at Festival hall, and this evening the Swedish exhibitors were tendered a banquet at Windsor park.

Many of those in attendance at yesterday's celebration came from different cities throughout the country. They will remain in the city but a few days and will lose no opportunity to see as much as possible of the fair.

Tomorrow being a holiday, it will bring a large crowd of local Swedes to the park, and a programme for their entertainment is being arranged. It will be another big day for them. Accordingly, those at the fair today hailed a quiet day with delight as giving them an opportunity to recover from yesterday's pleasure and get their strength for the final celebration.

The Japanese section in the art building, which has been delayed owing to lack of space, was formally opened to the public today without ceremony. The collection excites the admiration of all art connoisseurs who visited the section today. The twelve bronze falcons, exhibited by Tadmassa Hayski, of Tokio, Japan, were the objects of special attention, and excited many expressions of admiration.

The Russian Row.

Assistant Commissioner C. Rougaso-Soustchevsky, of Russia, addressed a polite but firm note today to the collector of the port of Chicago, John M. Clark, reciting the circumstances of the affair in the Russian section of Manufacturers' building and the provocation for the charges for booths and showcases by the exhibitors. The latter did not say in so many words that the imperial commission demanded satisfaction for the act of the custom house inspectors, but it explicitly conveyed the information that representatives from the czar approved the action of exhibitors covering their displays until they were assured that the agents of the United States government would not be allowed to repeat the alleged offence.

A copy of the letter was received by the director general, but he declined to furnish it to the press on the ground that it was not addressed to him. Col. Davis said:

"I have not had time to consider this matter yet, and do not know what steps I should take to restore the friendly feeling which the exposition should bear towards the Russian exhibitors. If the customs inspectors were as impolite, and it is reported they are, I think they should be at once discharged from the service of the government. I have no doubt but this unpleasantness will be straightened out in a day or two."

"Did the letter from the Russian commissioner say that the Russian exhibits were closed by official order?"

"No, it was pacific and mild in tone, and made no particular reference to the conduct of the customs inspectors which led to the covering of the exhibits. The commission, however, did not disapprove of the action of the exhibitors. Some of the exhibits were not closed, I understand."

The Foreign Commissioners

remained longer in session today than when they usually do at their regular weekly meetings. The two important subjects discussed were the sale of exhibits and the grievance of the Russians. A lengthy and excitable discussion was held in regard to the question of sales. The commissioners finally decided to request the council of administration first, to reply to them what the articles which are covered by exclusive concessions; second, as to the percentage which the concessionaires have contracted to pay on such sales in the exposition buildings, and third, to give such information as quickly as possible to the commissioner that action was in the nature of an ultimatum which will be replied to within a week, and the present situation warrants the conclusion that an amicable adjustment of the difficulty would be reached before the next meeting of the commissioners. The only way in which the Russian matter came before the commissioners by a speech of M. Soustchevsky. He dealt with the matter more as question of impoliteness of the custom officers which would be settled in a satisfactory manner. There would be no official order for the covering of exhibits and had no grievances to present to the commissioners and no action was taken in the matter. It is likely that a letter from Collector Clark and Director General Davis will correct the matter. Director General Davis and Chief Allison paid an informal visit to the Russian section during the day but did not induce the exhibitors to remove the coverings. The national commission consumed the afternoon session almost entirely in a tedious debate on the legality of the proposition to reduce the quorum of the meeting from fifty-five to thirty-five. A report of the judiciary committee favoring the measure was on and showed 20 in favor and 25 against. A point of no quorum was raised.

By Unanimous Consent

Commissioner Roche, of South Carolina, was allowed to make a motion that the secretary of the treasury be requested to inform the commission if it could consistently with the act of congress reduce the quorum below a majority of the commission. This motion and the report of the judiciary committee will be taken up Monday at noon, to which time the commission adjourned. It is not likely that Mr. Roche's motion will prevail, as Secretary Carlisle is likely to inform the commission that the best thing for it to do in the case of no quorum is to go home and stay there. As a result of the council of administration's consideration today of the matter of distributing the $150,000, or more, of a relief fund for the families of the fire victims, President Higinbotham will recommend that the mayor's committee, the board of trade committee and the world's fair trustees act conditionally in the work of distribution, putting all the money together and apportioning it to one sum. President Higinbotham said he had not decided when the distribution should be made, as money was still being received, and he would wait until the contributions stopped. The foreign commissioners' contribution to the fund, as announced at the meeting today, amounts to $957.

Maj. Fred Fleming and Capt. Cusil Leechtman, of Kansas City, called upon Director General Davis this afternoon and arranged for the appearance at the exposition of the militia from that city. The companies, which include the famous Hale Zouaves, have been allotted the camping ground on Midway Plaisance from Aug. 1 to 10, and they will arrive on the evening of the 1st.

The Zouaves

will give exhibition drills almost daily, and will appear frequently at the Missouri state building for dress parade and drill.

The delegates from stenographic societies in all parts of the world now holding a congress at the art palace will unite with the stenographers of Chicago in a quiet celebration of stenographers' day at the fair tomorrow. The delegates to the number of 500 will be escorted to the exposition grounds by Chicago stenographers, taking the boat at Van Buren street at 10 a. m. At 2:30 in the afternoon Robert Hitt, of Illinois, and Robert Mitchell, of Oregon, will deliver addresses at Festival hall, and at 4 p. m. Miss May Wright Sewall, of Indianapolis, will speak to the delegates in the woman's building.

The action of some of the railroads in reducing their world's fair rates is beginning to be felt in the increased attendance. The average attendance now is larger than it was a week ago. A good many people who used to put off going to the fair until Sunday, have managed to crowd their visits in among the week days. The attendance for July already nearly equals that of May and June combined.

HOARDING OF MONEY.

Senator Jones Gives It as a Cause for Financial Distress.

Senator James D. Jones, wife and two daughters are at Hotel St. Louis, Minnetonka. In an interview on the Sherman law, the senator said last evening:

"The present situation is a grave one, and one not to be acted upon from prejudice or impulse. It is a time requiring the coolest judgment and greatest conservatism."

"What causes the difficulty cannot be stated, because the causes are unknown. My impression is that the much-discussed Sherman law has nothing to do with it. There is an element among bankers—not all bankers, but an element of them—which has raised the Sherman law as a false issue. These bankers wish the purchase of silver stopped. They have endeavored to create dissatisfaction, saying that gold is driven out of the country as the result of the purchase of silver under the Sherman law. I am not of this opinion. I believe that one of the causes, and by no means an insignificant one, is the hoarding of money on the part of the banks themselves.

"My own impression," continued the senator, "is that the difficulties in South America and Australia have embarrassed Great Britain and other European countries, and European holders of American securities have simply been obliged to realize upon them, not for want of confidence in American securities, but merely because they needed money. This state of affairs has been taken advantage of by certain classes."

"What will congress do?"

"No man can answer that question. This difficulty may be straightened out easily, or it may require the financial genius of a Hamilton. I have no doubt but numerous propositions will be made, varying all the way from absolute free coinage to the opposite extreme."

"How do you think congress is divided upon the Sherman bill?"

"I have no idea. At the time congress adjourned, it is safe to say that a majority of both houses would have voted against any repeal of the Sherman bill. But what changes may have come over the spirit of their dreams I have no means of knowing. Undoubtedly a faction will demand the unconditional repeal of the bill. I myself am a bimetallist, and opposed to any action adverse to silver."

"Do you think that the special session will be a long one?"

"Yes, it will probably outline into the regular session. Congress will probably be in session a whole year."

THE TRADE ASSEMBLY.

An Amendment to the Constitution Is Voted Down.

The Trade and Labor assembly had a very light attendance last evening. The usual list of K. of L. assemblies was offered and new delegates seated. No trade union except the carpenters sent delegates. The committee on Saturday half-holiday made a report substantially the same as that reported in last Sunday's GLOBE. The report was received and filed for use.

Most of the time was occupied by the discussion of the Labor day celebration. A formal invitation is issued to every labor organization in the city to participate in the Labor day parade. The Labor day committee will meet every Friday evening at 7:30 at Labor Temple. The committee will at that time be ready to give any information to unions interested, or to transact any business in regard to Labor day. The place of the picnic has not been decided upon.

The retail clerks made an extended report of their early closing work. It was decided not to join with St. Paul in the Labor day celebration.

Delegate Erickson offered an amendment to the constitution which provided for a special order of business entitled "Welfare of Organized Labor." He defended it in an able speech and said he thought the trades assembly ought to devote some time to the consideration of general industrial matters and give less time to routine business. The amendment was voted down, however. Routine business occupied the rest of the evening.

BOLD THUGS.

They Sandbag and Rob a County Treasury Clerk.

The police are on a still hunt for the perpetrators of an assault upon C. Ruyter, one of the chief clerks in the office of County Treasurer Buxton. Last Monday evening, as he was on his way home, while passing the corner of Hennepin avenue and Seventh street, he was suddenly set upon by two men, who demanded his valuables. He was not willing to give them up without question, and as the thugs were desperate, one of them felled the gentleman with a blow from a sandbag. The victim fell to the ground unconscious, and when he came to his senses he discovered that the thieves had relieved him of a watch and some small change, all he happened to have on his person. Mr. Ruyter managed to reach his home, where he has been confined to the house until this morning as a result of the attack. The blow, which was struck him over the right eye, badly disfigured his face, but will not leave a scar.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Spare Pearline Spoil the Wash

PENSION CUT OFF.

H. C. Wicks, a Disabled Soldier, Loses His $12 a Month.

H. C. Wicks, a disabled soldier residing at 117 Central avenue, has been cut off the pension lists. Mr. Wicks was a member of the First Michigan infantry during the war, and lost one of his big toes in the service. Gangrene set in, and it was only through a fear that an operation would prove fatal that his leg was saved. He has been an invalid for years, and has not left his bed for many months, except to be wheeled to the window on Decoration day to witness the parade of his comrades. He was drawing a pension of $12 a month, and this has now been cut off because there was some slight discrepancy in proving up his claim. He is a member of George N. Morgan post, and his comrades are very much incensed at the treatment accorded him.

FOR THIRTY YEARS

Has the Fire Department Been Taking Beer.

The council took another whirl on the Range impeachment case last night, and in an hour from the time of opening had to take a recess for lack of witnesses. Many of the firemen who were to have been present were detained on duty. When the session did adjourn it was to meet again Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

There were no startling disclosures during the evening, the testimony being largely upon matters heretofore given the public. The defense greatly lessened the future length of the trial by admitting that beer drinking had been practiced by the fire department for thirty years.

A NEW YORK MIRACLE

A REMARKABLE AFFIDAVIT MADE BY A WELL-KNOWN BUSINESS MAN.

Afflicted With Locomotor Ataxia for Fifteen Years—Did Not Walk a Step for Five Years—Was Given Up by the Leading Physicians of New York City and Discharged From the Manattan Hospital as Incurable.

(From the New York Tribune.)

For some time there has been an increasing number of stories published in the newspapers of New York City telling of marvelous cures of various diseases that have been made by different medicines and treatments. It has long been the intention of the Tribune to investigate one of the most interesting cases that could be found and give the truth to the world as a matter of news. Happening on the case of Geo. L'Hommedieu, the other day, an investigation was made, with the following very happy result.

When the reporter called upon Mr. L'Hommedieu at the residence of his cousin, Mr. Edward Houghtaling, 271 W. 134th St., he said: "I am 51 years of age, and was born in Hudson, N. Y. I served my time in the army, being corporal of Company A, 21st N. J. Volunteers. It has been about fifteen years since I noticed the first symptoms of my disease. I consulted Dr. Allen, of Yorkville, and also Dr. Pratt, since deceased. Dr. Pratt exhausted his powers in my behalf, and finally told me he could do nothing more for me.

"Finally I was advised by Dr. Gill to go to the well-known scientist, Dr. Hamilton. He gave me a most thorough examination and did me no good. I felt I was growing weaker every day, and went to the Mannattan Hospital, at 41st St. and Park Ave., and was under treatment by Dr. Seguin. He treated me for about three months, and then told me that I had locomotor ataxia, and was beyond the aid of medical science. I was now a complete physical wreck; all power, feeling and color had left my legs, and it was impossible for me to feel the most severe pinch or even the thrust of a needle.

"If the skin was scratched there would be no flow of blood whatever, and it would take it fully six weeks to heal up. In the night I would have to feel around to find my legs. My pains were excruciating and at times almost unbearable. I would take large doses of morphine to deaden the pains. About five years ago Dr. Lewis A. Sayre, of 285 Fifth avenue, made a trial of the French method of stretching the spine. Although I received no benefit from his treatment, I shall always be grateful to Dr. Sayre for his great interest and kindness.

"So severe had my case become by this time that I could not walk without assistance, and was almost ready to give up life.

"I began the use of Pink Pills for Pale People in September last. I took them rather irregularly at first, with the cold water treatment. In a very short time I was convinced that I was getting better and I began the use of the pills in earnest, taking about one box every five days.

"The first sign of improvement was in November, 1892, when I had a rush of blood to the head and feet, causing a stinging and prickling sensation. Feb. 22, 1893, was the first time in five years I had ever seen any sign of blood in my feet. From this time on I began to improve. My strength and appetite have gradually returned; I now have perfect control of my bowels, and the pains have gradually left me. I can sit and write by the hour and walk up stairs by balancing myself with my hands. Without doubt I am a new man from the ground up, and I have every reason to believe that I will be hale and hearty in less than six months. I have taken about twelve boxes of the pills."

Sworn to before me this 11th day of March, 1893. H. E. MELVILLE, Commissioner of Deeds, [SEAL.] New York City.

The reporter next called on Mr. Robert W. Smith, a member of the firm of Marchal & Smith, who said:

"I have known Mr. George L'Hommedieu for twenty years. He became connected with our firm as secretary in 1879, and attended strictly to his office duties until 1881, when he was stricken down with his trouble. As the disease advanced he was obliged to succumb, and reluctantly gave up his office work. I know that he tried various physicians and their treatments without the least success, and, as he states, he was finally discharged from the Manhattan hospital and told that he was in the last stages of locomotor ataxia and was beyond the hope of human aid. About six months ago, or so, he was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, with the cold water treatment. The last time I saw Mr. L'Hommedieu he had gained the use of his limbs to such an extent that he could walk up stairs with the help of his wife, and is now doing much important work for us at his home. ROBERT W. SMITH."

Sworn to and subscribed before me this eleventh day of March, 1893. [SEAL.] W. H. WOODHULL, Notary Public, New York County.

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills shows that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., or Brockville, Ontario.

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