LONG LINES AT OUTS.

TRANSCONTINENTAL TRAFFIC IN AN UNSATISFACTORY STATE.

REASON OF UNPLEASANTNESS.

Indications That the Entente Cordiale Cannot Be Easily Restored—Tourist Car Traffic at the Bottom of the Disagreement—General Railroad News.

There is no present evidence that the entente cordiale will be restored between certain great transcontinental lines.

It is announced that the Canadian Pacific tourist car traffic over the Great Northern has been discontinued, and further than this, that the Northern Pacific also declines to haul its cars over the latter's line. In local circles the matter is explained by the statement that the Northern Pacific is not satisfied with the comparatively meager receipts for a short haul from this point to the boundary line, especially since it has a line of its own to the Pacific coast over which travelers can go as readily as via the Canadian Pacific. When the latter can bring about its connection with the Soo it will be in a position to be entirely independent of the two American railroad giants.

Johnson's "Pin Rubber" Gun.

Charlie Johnson, the jolly passenger agent of the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines, is not only a first-class railroad man but a great "josher" and fun-lover. He is a natural joker, but then his constant association with Cal Stone has not in any way dulled his talent in this direction. Now, Charlie is an inventive genius. The other afternoon he discovered that by taking a rubber band and using a pin in lieu of an arrow he could make "snap shots" that would carry a pin in a straight line right from the Northern Pacific ticket office into the ticket office of the Omaha diagonally opposite. Talk about needle guns! They are not "in it," compared to Charlie's pins. Straight and unseen they flew through space, entered the door and disturbed the summer afternoon siesta of Ticket Agent McCarthy, of the Omaha, who became uneasy. Even Officer Carey, of the police force, seemed perturbed, and shifted restlessly from one foot to another as he stood at the corner of Third and Jackson with his immaculate gloves of white.

Wick Asked to Insure.

When the GLOBE yesterday sprung the story of John B. Wickery, the gentlemanly agent of the Wisconsin Central line, and his cow, innocently enough, and inadvertently, for that matter, it referred to the fact of his splendid judgment in the matter of high bred dogs. By the way, he is the owner of no less than thirteen valuable canines, and his kennels are among the best in the Northwest. As stated above, reference was made to Mr. Wickery's dog fanciering abilities. A number of agents of live stock insurance companies read the GLOBE story and concluded that what "Wick" needed most on earth was insurance on each of his thirteen dogs. It is reported that a stream of insurance agents poured in upon him through the day and mildly suggested his taking out policies. All this goes to prove that the GLOBE is a widely read paper.

Scalpers Not Prosecuted.

Careful inquiry by the GLOBE'S railroad man has not yet brought to light any action on the part of the railroads against the St. Paul ticket scalpers for non-compliance with the new law. All, upon the surface at least, is serene. One scalper stated on Monday that it was his belief that the railroads had carefully examined the law, and that certain weak points in it had been discovered, which would afford all scalpers easy loopholes for escape in case of prosecution. Yesterday another scalper expressed a similar opinion, supplementing it with this statement:

"Here it is, the 9th of August and no scalper has been arrested that I have heard of. My impression is that each of the railroad corporations hates to start the ball to rolling; each is waiting for the other to begin prosecutions. There was much noise made about something to drop on or about Aug. 1, but we are still in the field and doing business just the same."

Cheap Tickets for Oarsmen.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The Central Traffic association, at its meeting here today, voted to extend the return privilege of certificate plan rate tickets now held by oarsmen who are participating in the National association regatta at Detroit to thirteen days from the end of the regatta, so as to enable them to attend the international regatta held at Lake Geneva, Wis., under the auspices of the Chicago navy, Aug. 14 to 19 inclusive.

J. J. K. Ooms, the champion Danish sculler, has entered the Lake Geneva regatta in the senior singles scull. He is on his way to Chicago from New York.

Proposed Extension Abandoned.

The Albert Lea Standard is authority for the statement that the contemplated extension of the Duluth, Red Wing & Southern has been temporarily abandoned. Had it not been for the widespread financial stringency the line would undoubtedly have been extended to Albert Lea this year.

Merritts Float Bonds.

From Duluth comes the announcement that the owners of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern have been successful in floating its bonds in an amount sufficient to liquidate its present indebtedness and to continue the improvement of its mining properties. This means the expenditure of $500,000 in and about the Zenith City.

Omaha Extension Hindered.

Although the laying of the track on the extension of the Omaha in Nebraska, between Newcastle and Panca, is practically finished, trains will not probably be run before Sept. 1, as considerable surfacing still remains to be done. The hostility evinced by the Nebraska legislature toward the road, it is reported, has shortened the extension somewhat, as it was the company's intention to have added twenty miles more this season.

LOCOMOTIVE SPARKS.

Yesterday the Omaha discontinued its Lake Crystal train on the Western division.

First Assistant General Freight Agent Pearce, of the Omaha, went to Chicago last night.

L. C. Claflin, secretary to general manager of the Wisconsin Central line, was in the city yesterday.

The rumor that a petition for the discharge of the Minneapolis & St. Louis receiver is to be presented to the court, is denied.

The St. Paul & Minneapolis Rate Sheet association will hold its regular quarterly meeting at the union depot at 10 a. m. today.

Laborers on the Soo extension have given the job "French leave," and have sought more lucrative employment in the harvest fields.

Announcement is made that the grading of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern spur as far as the east forty acres of the Cincinnati and Biwabik mines has been completed.

Capt. Troup, general manager of the Columbia & Kootenai Navigation company, was in the city yesterday, en route for his home at Kootenai lake, via Bonner's Ferry.

It is reported that the Great Northern has ordered a survey of all its lands at lake Minnetonka, near Spring Park, to be made. This will be platted for residence lots and sold.

Traveling Freight Agent Walker, of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, was in the city yesterday, leaving for Marquette, Mich., in the afternoon. "W. W. W." has been in Montana since May.

Surveys in prospect by the Great Northern give color to the rumor that it contemplates connecting its north and south terminals at Lake Minnetonka, thus encircling that body of water. The rumor is neither affirmed nor denied.

Eliza Ruhamah Seidmore, an authoress and newspaper woman, who has written much on Alaska, China, Japan and Corea, called at the Great Northern general office yesterday. She is enthusiastic on the point of making a national park of Mount Rainier on the Pacific coast.

Charles E. Dixon, agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway company, was notified yesterday by wire from Montreal that the steamship Empress of China, of the Canadian Pacific steamship line, had arrived safely on Aug. 8 at Hong Kong, and that the Warrimoo, of Canadian Pacific's Australian steamship line, had reached Sydney Aug. 6.

The following people went to Chicago over the Milwaukee last night: C. W. Boyer, Mrs. A. Canner, Mrs. Erwing, Mrs. D. Baldwin, Mr. O'Neill, Mr. McElory, Mr. Foot, Mr. Collom, Mr. L. A. Pease, Mr. Beyerstedt and party, Mr. Moess, P. Allen, C. M. Griggs, Mr. Cokendahl and party, J. Carr and wife, C. Holland.

A Tannery Burned.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 8.—The Fort Pitt tannery and the warehouse of the Consolidated Wire company, at Rankin station, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, were destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning, entailing a loss of $75,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

Worth a Guinea a Box.

A trifling dose from a 25-cent box of

Beecham's Pills

(Tasteless)

will frequently prove as effective as a doctor's prescription. 10

Going to Buy a Watch?

If so, buy one that cannot be stolen. The only thief-proof Watches are those with

Non-pull-out BOWS.

Here's the Idea: The bow has a groove on each end. A collar runs down inside the pendent (stem) and fits into the groove, firmly locking the bow to the pendent so that it cannot be pulled or twisted off.

To be sure of getting a Non-pull-out, see that the case is stamped with this trade mark. It cannot be had with any other kind.

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet, or send for one to the famous Boss Filled Case makers

Keystone Watch Case Co. PHILADELPHIA.

"It will all come out in the wash," if you use Pearline.

Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Kidney Complaints, Lame Back, &c.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT

With Electro-Magnetic SUSPENSORY. Latest Patents! Best Improvements!

Will cure without medicine all Weakness resulting from over-taxation of brain nerve forces; excesses or indiscretion, as nervous debility, sleeplessness, languor, rheumatism, kidney, liver and bladder complaints, lame back, lumbago, sciatica, all female complaints, general ill health, etc. This electric Belt contains Wonderful Improvements over all others. Current is instantly felt by wearer or we forfeit $5,000.00, and will cure all of the above diseases or no pay. Thousands have been cured by this marvelous invention after all other remedies failed, and we give hundreds of testimonials in this and every other state.

Our Powerful Improved ELECTRIC SUSPENSORY, the greatest boon ever offered weak men, FREE with all Belts. Health and Vigorous Strength GUARANTEED in 60 to 90 days. Send for Illus'd Pamphlet, mailed, sealed, free

SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., 2d Av. & 3d St. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

AUGUSTA FEMALE SEMINARY STAUNTON, VIRGINIA. Opens Sept. 7, 1893. Closes last of May, 1894. Unsurpassed location, building and grounds. Full corps of teachers. Board, etc., with full English course. $250 for entire session of 9 months. Music, Languages, Elocution, Art, Bookkeeping, and Physical Culture, extra. For Catalogue, apply to Miss MARY J. BALDWIN, Prin.

POPULAR WANTS.

TRYING TO EVEN UP.

OFFICIAL EQUALIZERS OF TAXES STOP NOT FOR HEAT.

LEASES BY THE RAILROADS

Will Be Investigated by a Committee—The Trust Company Pleads for the Same Kind of a Deal as Similar Institutions—County and City Attorneys Called In.

The board of equalization was in session yesterday with Ald. Van Slyke in the chair. Gen. Bishop, in behalf of the St. Paul Trust company, stated that for several years that company had been assessed the same as banks, at 70 per cent on the capital stock. This year a raise had been made. He desired that an equalization be made so that it should not be taxed heavier than similar companies. He had no complaint to make at the rate, provided other companies be raised. A return had been made showing the capital stock and other personal property to be worth $227,000. On this statement the board fixed the assessment at $158,491 in place of at the face value of the stock and other personal property.

The cases of the G. F. Swift company, and Nelson, Morris & Co., meat houses of Chicago, were considered, and all the packing companies were laid over for consideration on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

The sworn statement of C. V. Sloggy, showing $200 worth of property, was accepted. After hearing a statement relative to the Standard Oil company the sworn statement of $8,500 gave place to an assessment of $30,000.

A hearing was had relating to the assessment of the Northwestern Fuel company, which made a return of $12,300. Several members of the board favored a large increase over that figure. T. D. O'Brien appeared for the company, and, while admitting that the capital stock is $400,000, said that it is chiefly used in the purchase of mines out of the state and in establishing docks, etc., at other places. The matter was referred to the city and county attorneys for opinions as to whether the capital stock should be assessed, and the matter will be taken up at the meeting Saturday morning.

Yesterday's meeting developed the fact that additional firms are leasing property from railroad companies for warehouse purposes. Messrs. Lavallee, Warren and Franklin were named as a committee to investigate the leasing of property by railroads, with a view of placing it on the tax books.

The Dickinson company asked that the valuation of its store be placed at $2,500 instead of $20,000, and the change was made.

STEWART'S VIEW.

He Compares Cleveland's Message to Mr. Gladstone's Utterances.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—When asked for an expression of opinion concerning the president's message, Senator Stewart, of Nevada, compared Mr. Cleveland's utterances with those of Mr. Gladstone in the English house of commons a few months ago when speaking of Sir William Thompson's motion to reconvene the Brussels conference, and said: "The United States is indebted to Europe nearly $3,000,000,000, fully $2,000,000,000 of which is held in London. The indebtedness is contracted payable in gold or silver coin. Great Britain demands one-half of the world's money shall be retired, and payment be made in gold alone, which has already appreciated more than 50 per cent. Great Britain demands that this indebtedness shall be paid in gold, because it is for the interest of the British creditors. Mr. Cleveland concurs with Mr. Gladstone, and demands such action as shall satisfy the greed of British bondholders at the expense of the people of the United States. He further demands that the United States shall abandon the right to mine and coin money and that it is not the duty of the United States to provide a suitable and sufficient circulating medium for the country but that we shall have such money and such money only as foreign nations prescribe. Mr. Cleveland does not suggest that the United States has any voice in determining the kind of money that should be used by foreign nations, and he demands that we shall not, but that so far as the circulating medium is concerned the United States shall be a dependent attachment of England and other European countries. He attributes the export of gold to the Sherman act, and omits to quote that provision of the act which requires the secretary of the treasury to coin a sufficient amount of the bullion purchased to provide for the redemption of the treasury notes issued under the act. The laws of France and Germany makes it discretionary to redeem their paper money in gold or silver coin. They protect their gold by refusing to pay it out for export, but answer all who demand gold for export by offering them silver, and thus maintaining the parity of the two metals. France has more than twice as much silver as the United States per capita and maintains the parity of gold and silver at the rate of $1.33 an ounce for silver by using silver as money and refusing to pay out gold for export. The United States alone of all the nations of the earth accommodates exporters of gold to the injury of her own people. Mr. Cleveland cannot attribute this to the Sherman act, and he was careful to admit the mandatory provision requiring the secretary of the treasury to coin silver to provide for the redemption of the notes.

"After Mr. Gladstone has suspended silver coinage in India to depress the market and stampede congress, silver fell below the cost of production, and the administration failed to buy the 4,500,000 ounces in the month of July, required by law, and bought less than half that amount. Mr. Cleveland does not explain this failure, but those who have investigated the question understand very well that there was not silver bullion enough in the whole world to furnish four and a half million ounces in the month of July. Any attempt to purchase that amount would have advanced silver to par and thwarted the purpose of Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Cleveland in depressing the price of silver to degrade and destroy it, and thereby coerce congress.

Mr. Cleveland does not explain how $148,000,000 of legal tender treasury notes issued under the act have caused this panic, nor how the country would be relieved by withdrawing that amount from the circulation. The only relief proposed by him is to make less money by stopping the issuance of treasury notes and adopting the gold standard in the hope that foreigners might lend us money for the present on the certainty of taking all our property in the fulure. My remedy for the panic is more legal tender money and I have introduced a bill today for its immediate issue."

The Walker Fallure.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Two New York creditors charge fraud in the assignment of the James H. Walker company. This afternoon before Judge McConnell, Charles Shielmann & Co., who are creditors to the extent of $13,000, through Moran, Kraus & Mayer, filed a petition asking that they be allowed to replevin certain goods sold the James H. Walker company on July 12 last, alleged that they were induced to sell the goods and extend credit to the company by reason of certain fraudulent statements as to resources made by W. A. Mason, treasurer, and by James H. Walker, president of the James H. Walker company.

GRAVES' CASE.

Important Testimony Against the Alleged Poisoner.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 8.—Commissioner John Twombly and Hon. Isaac N. Stevens, of Denver, who arrived here yesterday morning to consult with Providence witnesses in the trial of T. Thatcher Graves for the murder of Mrs. Josephine A. Barnaby, have called upon nearly all of them and will complete their work here by tonight. In each instance the witnesses have agreed to attend the second trial, which will be held about the middle of October. The Denverites, it is said, have unexpectedly discovered some extremely important testimony, and they were assured that the people who can give it will go to Denver. Mr. Stevens will arrange to have them attend the the trial, which is to be much shorter than the first one, as considerable of the original evidence will not be needed, being merely corroborative. Stevens says that the prosecution is in possession of some very important testimony obtained elsewhere. He and Mr. Twombley have been to Chester, Pa., and from here will go to Boston, and thence to Blue Lake to see the Bennets.

GETS $75,000.

An Adopted Daughter Sues for Her Share and Gets It.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Under highly romantic circumstances, Mrs. Eva Lewis, of Chicago, was today awarded $76,162 by Judge Lansing in the county court at Lincoln, Neb. Mrs. Lewis started in life as a Chicago waif. When three years old she was adopted from the Chicago Foundlings' home by wealthy Jason G. Miller, of Plattsmouth, Neb., who was childless. He agreed to make her his heiress, but when she reached womanhood she married against his will, and in Miller's will no mention was made of her. She promptly sued for a share in the quarter-million estate, and after a bitter legal fight has won her point.

A Very Bad Man.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Aug. 8.—John Nelson drove his aged parents from the tent in which he and his family live, near Salt River. The old people were given shelter by John Stahl, a farmer. This enraged Nelson, who went to the house of Stahl and shot Stahl's mother, killing her instantly. He then shot Stahl in the abdomen, inflicting a mortal wound. Nelson is in jail.

Cherokee Strip.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Gen. Miles, acting under instructions from Washington, has ordered all the troops in Indian territory to be in readiness for an invasion of the Cherokee strip on instant notice. In view of this command it is believed in army circles here that the strip will soon be thrown open to settlers. Before this is done the troops will patrol the country and drive out all "sooners."

The Acme of Physical Comfort.

The very acme of physical comfort is reached when traveling upon the New York Central Roads, and nowhere upon the face of the globe can more beautiful scenery be found than that disclosed by these varied routes. One never tires of the Hudson river, and the Mohawk region, so loved by poets, is always a feast to the eye and a delight to the soul. Then, as we go on and keep our eyes open, we come upon some of the loveliest sheets of water on top of the earth—Cayuga lake for one, and further on, Canandaigua lake, uniquely and blissfully situated.—Eleanor Kirk.

A Murderer Arrested.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 8.—It has developed that the name of the detective murdered in Craighead county a few days ago is Joseph Smith and that he was a resident of Illinois. Westly Denby, his companion, who is also from Illinois, has been arrested charged with committing the murder.

NOTICE.

$7.00—$7.00—$7.00,

St. Paul to Chicago via the Wisconsin Central line, and $13.50 St. Paul to Chicago and return. Good for thirty days. In effect on and after Aug. 1. For Pullman berths and detailed information call on or address C. E. Stone, Passenger and Ticket Agent, 162 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

Madison Square Bank Closed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The Madison Square bank, at 200 Fifth avenue, will not open its doors tomorrow. Its capital is impaired to about $80,000. The refusal of the St. Nicholas bank to continue to act as clearing agent precipitated the trouble. It is said the deficiency will be made up by the directors, and the bank will resume business.

Popular Rates to the World's Fair

To meet the popular demand for low excursion rates to the world's fair, "The Burlington" will put on sale, commencing Aug. 1, tickets at the following rates: Minneapolis or St. Paul to Chicago, $7; to Chicago and return, $13.50. These tickets will be good on all trains and in all classes of cars. The round trip tickets will be good for return at any time within thirty days. Now is your chance to visit the fair cheaply. For further information and tickets apply at ticket offices, 400 Robert street, Hotel Ryan, and union depot.

Suffrage Congress.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Today's programme of the congress of suffrage at the Art institute provided for two gatherings, one managed by men, the other by the National Woman Suffrage association. The women crowded into the big hall of Columbus and filled it, while the men were lonesome in one of the little halls. Susan B. Anthony opened the larger meeting in a stirring address. Mrs. Charles Henrotin, of Chicago; Mrs. Strong, of California; Mrs. Leonara Barry-Lake, of St. Louis, and others also spoke.

$7.00 and $13.50.

Commencing Aug. 1, the Chicago Great Western railway will sell single-trip tickets to Chicago for $7; round trip tickets, good thirty days, for $13.50. Tickets good in any car of train. For further information inquire City Ticket Office, 364 Robert street, corner Fifth.

Killed by an Explosion.

FOSTORIA, O., Aug. 8.—The Cadwallader Mining company's boiler exploded at 3:10 this evening, instantly killing G. C. Davis, secretary of the company, and fatally injuring Fred C. Myers, bookkeeper. Calvin Rohinette, James Long and James A. Minneck, the engineer, were slightly hurt. Loss $20,000.

Unequal Angles.

Puck.

Ballyer—That was a rough history Tattler told about his grandfather. Ritewate—It was told without thought, no doubt. His angles of reflection were not equal to his angles of incidence.

Scraps of Sport.

The Young Alvords challenge any club in the city, under sixteen years of age, to play a game of base ball on Aug. 13, Dayton Bluff Browns preferred. Address Eddie Tosey, 250 Fairfield avenue, West St. Paul.

THE VERY BEST TIME to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is *now*, if you feel that your blood is out of order. Don't wait until you have to *cure* disease; it's easier and better to *prevent* it.

With the first blotches or eruption, or the dullness, weariness, and depression that are some of the symptoms, you need this medicine. It will rouse every organ into healthy action, thoroughly cleanse and repair your system, and build up needed flesh, health, and strength. It's the only *guaranteed* blood remedy. In the most stubborn Skin or Scalp affections; in the worst forms of Scrofula; in *every* disease caused by a torpid liver or impure blood—if it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

A certain and lasting cure, for the worst Catarrh in the Head, is guaranteed by the makers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

STILLWATER NEWS.

The Sale of Twine Hasn't Equaled Expectations.

A small fire caught in the roof of the foundry at the prison last evening, but it was extinguished with small damage.

Judgment by default was entered yesterday in the district court in the case of The Twohy Mercantile Company vs. Patrick Sullivan for $185.87.

August Hoehne has been chosen a delegate to attend the convention of the National Letter Carriers' association to be held in Kansas City beginning Sept. 25.

Warden Wolfer announces that the manufacture of binding twine at the prison will be continued despite the fact that there will be quite a large stock on hand at the close of the season. The demand has not equaled expectations, and the sale will probably not exceed 1,000,000 pounds.

Judge J. C. Nethaway will argue a motion for a writ of habeas corpus in the district court this week for the release of James O'Neil, a Pine county prisoner, who has been imprisoned here several months awaiting the action of the grand jury. O'Neil is charged with stealing chickens and breaking into a cook shanty, where he cooked them.

The Glenmont left yesterday with a raft of logs for the Empire Lumber company, Winona. The R. J. Wheeler took out three brails of logs for the Burlington Lumber company, and three strings of lumber for Carson & Rand, Keokuk. The Robert Dodds took out a full raft of lumber for the Schulenburg-Boeckeler Lumber company, Winona.

A transfer of convicts from the reformatory at St. Cloud to the prison in this city was made Tuesday evening, seven convicts being sent here because of their refusal to obey the rules of the reformatory. Among the arrivals were George Gates and Michael Hanley, of Ramsey county, and John Scheeler and Frank Miller, of Hennepin county.

AN OLD-TIME IDIOM.

"Had Rather" Finds a Doughty Champion of Its Correctness.

Hartford Courant.

A teacher in one of our Eastern schools has prepared a list of words and phrases to be shunned by the youth of the land who wish to grow up in the fear of the laws of language. He has got together a lot of popular vulgar errors and slovenlinesses and done good service in printing them, but one of the idioms he slips up on, as better men have done before him, namely, the student is cautioned against using "had rather" for "would rather," and "had better" for "would better."

This is all wrong. The idiom I had liefer is as old as Chaucer, and in the sixteenth century or thereabouts I had rather was formed by analogy and has held its place in the best usage, written or spoken, ever since. It is a piece of silly modern pedantry and purism to object to it. Of course, the argument used against it is that in the sentence I had rather go, you are really saying I had rather go than do something else, and this is nonsense.

It is true that it seems to lack analytic meaning to the modern language-user or hearer; but the answer is, that in older days the meaning was there, because the verb have, which is now used mostly as a pale auxiliary with no more of independent life than the verb be, had then a strong independent life and a far more vigorous signification. Hence the odium, once obviously right, has become securely lodged among the unconscious speech processes of wielders of English and is still right, though harder to prove analytically. We are glad to see, on turning to the Century dictionary, that the correct view of the case is set forth and would rather is not countenanced at all.

AN OLD BREECH-LOADER.

It Was Captured From the Johnny Rebs at Harper's Ferry.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

One of the oldest breech-loading rifles in existence is now in possession of Clement Palmer, 314 Allen street. It was presented to him by the late George Elliot, who while member of the Fourth Delaware regiment captured it from the "rebs" at Harper's Ferry when Gen. Miles surrendered to Gen. Jackson.

The old rifle is well preserved and bears evidence of having been manufactured with great skill. It much resembles the old-fashioned musket, being 52¼ inches in length and is very heavy. The breech is made of a fine grained species of black walnut, and the barrel is encased on the under side with the same material to within five inches of the muzzle. The maker's name is clearly stamped on the barrel and shows that the old rifle was made by Lieut. J. H. Hall, at Harper's Ferry, in 1826.

The barrel, which is 32⅝ inches long, has a rifled bore of about 44 caliber and will receive a ball one-half inch in diameter.

The lock is of the old-time flint and powder-pan pattern, and so massive that the sights had to be placed on the left side of the barrel instead of the center. There is an arrangement inside of the lock which can be inspected by removing a single screw, by which a hair-spring adjustment can be placed on the trigger. The cartridges in use at that time were the old-fashioned paper shells. The breech-loading arrangement is both simple, strong, quick of action, very effective and scarcely inferior to the best rifles of the present day.

Life.

Mrs. Unsopist—They must fit those men's clubs up very gorgeously inside.

Mrs. Worlhly—Why?

Mrs. Unsophist—I heard your husband tell mine that he was playing the whole evening on velvet.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispel ing colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

DAMAGE TO CORN CROP.

GOVERNMENT REPORT INDICATES INJURY FROM DROUTH.

BUYING ORDERS NUMEROUS.

Wheat Crop in Minnesota Affected by Drouth—A Light Yield in Wisconsin and North Dakota—Bears Unusually Aggressive Lowered the Price of Many Stocks.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The corn pit was the center of interest most of the time today. Wheat was largely a side issue. The government weekly weather bulletin showed a serious damage to corn in many states by drouth, and reports from the country were more emphatic than before regarding the imminence of a great disaster to the crop. There was some weakness near the close on a report that rain was falling in Nebraska. Compared with last night, May corn left off 1c higher. Wheat is ⅛@¼c down. Pork and ribs are each up 20c, and lard 40c.

Transactions in corn were not confined so much as of late to the local trade, the outside interest increasing and buying orders being numerous. The government weekly weather crop bulletin demonstrated that the past week was a hard one, inflicting more damage than any previous. Today there were scattering showers through Colorado and the extreme Southwest, it being dry and hot elsewhere, and private advices reported considerable injury in Nebraska and other leading corn-raising states, which a short time back promised an immense yield. The money situation is in such shape that the cash trade is greatly curtailed, and has a dampening effect on the near futures, exchange cutting considerable of a figure.

Market opened at yesterday's final figures, and under an urgent demand from shorts, advanced 1@1⅛c for September and 1¾c for May, working back respectively ⅝@¾c and 1¼c, and at the close the former was up ⅜@½c and the latter 1@1⅛c. Receipts were light, and estimates for tomorrow also very moderate.

Wheat at the opening was easy and from ⅜@⅝c lower, then improved, prices for September advancing 1c and December 1@1⅛c, eased off again, and the closing was about ⅛c lower for September and ¼c lower for December than the closing figure of yesterday. The lower opening was a continuation of yesterday's weakness and the uncertainty in regard to financial situation. The reported suspension of a New York bank may also have had some effect, but there was a fair demand at the decline. Shorts bought some, and there was buying from other sources on a moderate scale, influenced by good clearances from the seaboard and rather unfavorable crop news. Operators also expect that the government monthly report will be "bullish." The weekly report said that the drought was affecting the crop in Minnesota, that the spring wheat crop in Wisconsin was light and North Dakota suffering for rain. There was $2,300,000 more gold taken in Europe for America. Cable advices were of an unfavorable tenor, but presumably a reflection of the American markets.

Oats showed a better trade and stronger feeling, due to sympathy with corn, also to crop reports being rather unfavorable. The feature was the strength and advance of ¼c in May, while September advanced ⅜c. The bulge brought out liberal selling, and prices reacted ¼@⅜c and the market closed steady.

The provision market was very firm on a very moderate amount of business. The firmness was more the result of the small offerings than of the extent of the buying orders. The hog receipts, as reported from the yards, were only 9,000 head, instead of the 18,000 which had been expected. Some buying, led by Armour & Co., caused some shorts to cover. Lard was the most active article on the list. On the advance there was some long pork sold out, which was said to be the cleaning up of a line which was only partially liquidated on the slump a week ago.

Freights—There was no improvement in the demand for vessel room, and rates remained easy at 1½c asked for wheat and 1c for corn to Buffalo.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 115 cars; corn, 270 cars; oats, 210 cars; hogs, 15,000.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

ARTICLES.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat, No. 2—				
August	58	59	57⅞	58⅛–¼
September	59⅛–½	60¼	59⅛	59⅝–¾
December	67–67⅛	68⅛	67–67⅛	67½
Corn, No. 2—				
August	38	38¾	38	38⅛
September	39¼	39¼–⅜	39⅛	39⅜
October	40½	41½–⅝	40⅜	41
May	41¾	43½	41¾	42⅝
Oats, No. 2—				
August	24	24	23⅞	24
September	24	24⅞	24	24⅜
May	29¼	30½–⅝	29¼	30⅜
Mess Pork—				
August	11 95	12 15	11 95	12 15
September	12 30	12 50	12 25	12 45
October	12 50	12 50	12 45	12 45
Lard—				
August	.....	.....	.....	8 07½
September	7 87½	8 15½	7 87½	8 12½
October	7 70	8 00	7 70	8 00
Short Ribs—				
August	.....	.....	.....	7 30
September	7 25	7 42½	7 25	7 35
October	7 30	7 40	7 30	7 35

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull; no signs of improvement. Wheat—No. 2 spring, 58⅛c; No. 3 spring, f. o. b., 55@55½c; No. 2 red, 58⅛c. Corn—No. 2, 38¼c. Oats—No. 2, 24c; No. 2 white, f. o. b., 26¾@27½c; No. 3 white, f. o. b., 26@30c. Rye—No. 2, 45½c. Barley—No. 2, nominal; No. 3, no sales; No. 4, no sales. Flaxseed—No. 1, 88c. Timothy Seed—Prime, $3.50. Mess Pork—Per bbl, $12.45@12.70. Lard—Per 100 lbs, $8.10@8.15. Short Ribs—Sides (loose), $7.35@7.40; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $7@7.25; short clear sides (boxed), $7.62½@7.87½. Whisky—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1.12. Sugars—Cut loaf, 6¼c; unchanged; granulated, 5.82c; standard A, 5.70c. No. 3 corn, 37½c. Receipts—Flour, 14,910 bbls; wheat, 137,817 bu; corn, 407,975 bu; oats, 382,511 bu; rye, 10,540 bu; barley, 750 bu. Shipments—Flour, 6,693 bbls; wheat, 137,817 bu; corn, 14,850 bu; oats, 174,280 bu; rye, 2,019 bu; barley, 3,570 bu. On the produce exchange today the butter market was firmer; creamery, 16@22c; dairy, 15@19c. Eggs weak; strictly fresh, 14c.

Duluth Wheat.

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Aug. 9.—Wheat ruled extremely dull and inactive today. The opening was weak, ¼c lower than the close of yesterday. It ruled weak during the first hour, declining ¼c further, and then firmed up ⅜c. It soon lost ¼c, and was then held at about opening figures. Trading was restricted almost entirely to No. 1 northern for September delivery. The market closed practically at yesterday's figures. Close: No. 1 hard, cash, 58¼c; August, 58½c; September, 60½c; No. 1 northern, cash, August, 55½c; September, 57½c; December, 64¾c; to arrive, 57c; No. 2, 52c; No. 3, 46¾c; rejected, 38c.

Wheat—Receipts, 100,432 bu; shipments, 135,790 bu.

New York Produce.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—Flour—Receipts, 31,000 pkgs; exports, 2,000 bbls, 46,000 sacks; sales, 7,000 pkgs; market dull, weak. Cornmeal quiet, steady. Barley malt quiet. Wheat—Receipts, 289,000 bu; exports, 211,000 bu; sales, 2,630,000 bu futures, 144,000 bu spot; spot market dull, steady; No. 2 red, store and elevator, 66⅝@67¼c; afloat, 68¼c; f. o. b., 67⅝@69¼c; ungraded red, 65@69c; No. 1 northern, 67½c; options opened weak and declined ¼@½c on easier cables, local realizing, weakness in stocks and reports of financial trouble here and at the West, rallied ½@¾c on better Western markets, but fell ½c on local realizing, and closed steady at yesterday's prices with a dull trade; No. 2 red, August, 66½@67c, closing at 66¾c; September, 68@68¾c, closing at 68¼c; October, 70½@71⅛c, closing at 71c; December, 75⅛@75⅜c, closing at 75⅛c. Corn—Receipts, 58,000 bu; exports, 179,000 bu; sales, 426,000 bu futures, no spot; spots dull; nominal; No. 2, 47⅛@47¾c elevator, 48⅛@48¾c afloat; options opened firm and advanced ⅜@1c with the West, fell ⅜@⅝c, closed steady at ¼@⅜c up with a moderate trade; August, 47¼@48c, closing at 47⅝c; September, 47⅞@48¾c, closing at 48⅜c; October, 48⅜@49c, closing at 48¾c; December, 47⅝@48½c, closing at 47⅞c. Oats—Receipts, 53,000 bu; exports, 50 bu; sales, 95,000 bu futures, 188,000 bu spot; spots fairly active, irregular; options dull, firmer; August, 31¼@31⅞c, closing at 31¼c; September, 30⅜@30⅞c, closing at 30¾c; October, 31⅛@31¼c, closing at 31⅜c; No. 2 white, 38½@39½c; No. 2 Chicago, 32½c; No. 3, 32@33c; No. 3 white, 38c; mixed Western, 34@35c; white Western, 39@45c. Hay firm, quiet. Hops firm, quiet. Hides nominal. Cut meats dull, steady; middles nominal. Lard quiet, firmer; Western steam closed at $8.60 bid; sales, 460 tcs at $8.50@8.75; option sales, 250 tcs; September at $8.60, closing at $8.60; August closed at $8.60. Pork firm, quiet; mess, $14.50@15. Butter fairly active, firmer, Elgins, 21½c. Cheese quiet, easy. Eggs quiet, less firm; receipts, 5,000 pkgs; Western fresh, 15@16c. Tallow steady, quiet. Cottonseed oil quiet, steady. Petroleum steady quiet; united, no sales. Rosin dull, steady. Turpentine steady, quiet at 25½@26c. Rice firm, fair demand. Molasses—New Orleans open kettle, good to choice, steady, dull. Coffee—Options opened dull, unchanged to 10 points down; closed steady, 20@45 points down: sales, 17,000 bags, including August, 14.90@15c; September, 15c; October, 14.95@15c; December, 14.75@14.95c; March, 14.25@14.60c; May, 14c; spot Rio dull, nominal; No. 7, 16c. Sugar—Raw easier, more active; fair refining, 3½c; centrifugals 96-test, 3⅝c; sales, 600 tons Muscovado 89-test at 3¼c; 2,000 bags centrifugals 96-test at 3¾c, and 3,000 bags molasses 89-test at 3c; refined, moderately active, steady. Pig iron steady, dull; American, $12.75@15.50. Copper quiet; lake, $9.65. Lead steady; domestic, $3.25. Tin quiet; straits, $18.45; plates steady, dull; spelter, flat; domestic, $3.90.

FINANCIAL.

New York.

WALL