MOTHERS! MOTHERS!!

To know that a single application of the Cuticura Remedies will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning and scaly humors, and not to use them without a moment's delay is to fail in your duty. Cures made in childhood are speedy, economical and permanent.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., sole proprietors, Boston. "All about the Blood, Skin, Scalp and Hair," mailed free.

Facial Blemishes, falling hair and simple baby rashes prevented by Cuticura Soap.

If tired, aching, nervous mothers knew the comfort, strength, and vitality in Cuticura Plasters, they would never be without them. In every way the purest, sweetest and best of plasters.

CAPITOL CULLINGS.

N. E. Nelson, register of deeds for Douglas county, called on the governor yesterday.

A meeting of the library committee was held yesterday at the capitol and quite a number of new books ordered.

Six volumes of "Munsell's American Ancestry" were obtained by purchase yesterday by the state historical society.

A certificate of increase of capital stock of the Standard Sash and Door company was filed yesterday with the secretary of state.

The adjutant general yesterday issued commissions to N. C. Darrow, captain; H. E. Minty, first lieutenant; and Eugene Hanscomb, second lieutenant of Company A, First regiment, Minneapolis.

The following books were received yesterday by the state librarian: By purchase from Dufresne, one volume Parsons on Partnership, fourth edition; and from the adjutant general, United States army, Washington, D. C., United States Army Regulations, 1889; General Orders, 1892-93.

Labor Commissioner Powers yesterday received a number of valuable labor publications from Paris. Among them was a report on the operations of the mutual aid societies of France; a report to the president by a commission appointed to investigate the legality of the workings of some of the associations; laws governing employers' liability, accident associations, etc., and four volumes of the census report of 1890.

Gov. Nelson yesterday received a circular letter from the president of the National Prison association, calling attention to the fact that it was desirable for him to name the delegates to the meeting of the association to be held in this city June 16, next. He urges the governor of states, where no provision has been made for paying expenses of delegates, to ask the legislature to make an appropriation for that purpose.

FOR PROTECTION.

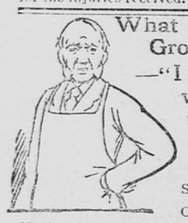
Movement in the Interest of Wage Earners.

The trades and labor assembly held an adjourned meeting last night. The trustees reported the books of A. Gloeser, the deceased treasurer, in first-class condition. The committee appointed to visit the trades council of Minneapolis, recommendad the withdrawal of the resolution passed denouncing the council. The report was adopted. Themas Yould, of the pressmen's union, was elected treasurer: J. H. Crownover, of the switchmen's union, vice president; G. C. Harre, of the executive board, and Matt Kelly, as trusstee, to fill vacancies. There was a committee appointed to formulate a plan to organize a legal bureau, having as its object the protection of all organized wage workers in their legal rights. It is the plan to have each organization contribute a certain amount, to form a fund with which to employ attorneys for this purpose. The committee named comprises James Morrow, Matt Bantz, Thomas Yould, G. H. Handscomb and J. F. Krieger. A committee was also appointed to assist the street railway employes' union in arranging for a ball to be given in the near future for the benefit of those now out of employment. Messrs. Bantz and Handscomb were appointed. Seibert's orchestra, Oscar Llenan and the St. Paul Minstrels volunteered their services.

A resolution was adopted in relation to the death of ex-Treasurer Gloeser, of the assembly. In substance, it acknowledged his devoted and unremitted zeal to the cause of labor.

Will Sue for Damages.

In the probate court yesterday John Y. Zirklebach was appointed guardian for his daughter, Gracie L. Zirklebach. The little girl is the one who fell from a West Seventh street car in July last, and had her left leg crushed so badly by the running over it that it was amputated above the knee. The appointment of her father as guardian is the first step in a suit to be brought against the street railway company for damages for the injuries received.



What one Grocer says: —"I hire clerks who can sell the goods that I tell them to sell—and of course I tell them to sell the goods on which I make the most money. If they can't do it, I won't have them. That's what I hire them for." This is an actual fact related by a grocer to our salesman—and it's a common fact; we have it daily. So, when they tell you that some washing-powder is "the same as" or "as good as" Pearline, it's because it pays a larger profit. Too large, altogether, [illegible] can be hired to make [illegible] take things they [illegible] and know nothing of, instead of a tried and proved article like Pearline. 391

TWO HUNDRED MILLIONS.

THIS MODEST TOTAL OF DOLLARS IS INVOLVED

IN CALDWELL'S N. P. DECREE.

Claims of Those Suffering Personal Injuries Made Paramount—The Decree Signed—Judge Kelly Declines to Quash the Hawks and Evans Indictments.

Judge Henry C. Caldwell, as United States circuit judge, signed a decree yesterday in the Northern Pacific railroad case. The decree is ancillary to the one entered by Judge Jenkins, of the Eastern district of Wisconsin, appointing receivers for the road. In the order made yesterday, the same receivers are named, Messrs. Oakes, Payne and Rouse. The decree covers all the property in this state, and the object of the proceeding is to cover property that may possibly have been left out in the proceedings formerly had. The order made yesterday turns over to the receiver the steamship property, docks, coal yards, as well as all the other effects, such as land, roadbed, rolling stock and other effects which were covered in an order made previously. The company has a steamship line on the Columbia river, and also in the Duluth district of Lake Superior, and it is these and their appurtenances especially that were intended to be reached in the order made yesterday. In appointing the same receivers as named before, Judge Caldwell said he would not require additional bond. He imposed, however, restrictions that are not named in the decree entered in Wisconsin, but they are the provisions Judge Caldwell invariably imposes in appointing receivers for railroads. These conditions relate to making operating expenses, labor and material, judgments in personal injury cases and on actions growing out of freight and passenger traffic, paramount liens, which must be satisfied before paying the claims of the mortgagees mentioned in the bill. An effort was made to induce Judge Caldwell to modify his conditions, but he stood by the rule that he has enforced for a score of years in such cases, and explained that it was his purpose to secure the people of this state the right to sue and secure judgments against the company in cases of damage to person or property, and that they shall have primary liens for their judgments, and that they should have the whole property as security for their valid claims. In another connection Judge Caldwell said that he has no purpose of hastening the payment of such claims by the receivers, but he would hold on to the property until all valid claims of citizens of this state are paid before disbursing proceeds to the mortgage holders.

An array of prominent attorneys was in the court room while the matter was considering, among them being James McNaught, of New York; Gen. Winkler, Milwaukee; Senator C. K. Davis, Hon. John C. Spooner, of Wisconsin; James Lawrence, of Minneapolis; H. F. Stevens and James E. Markham, of this city, also John H. Mitchell Jr. and T. R. Selms, of counsel for the Northern Pacific road.

The application for the appointment of a receiver was made on the bill of complaint filed in the Eastern district of Wisconsin, and in which P. B. Winston, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York and others are named as petitioners. The bill recites the mortgage liens on the road and their effect and mentions that among the assets are 46,000,000 acres of land, part of which has been sold. The bill asks for the foreclosure of the second, third and consolidated mortgages placed on the road and property, and alleges default in the payment of interest coupons. The mortgages asked to be foreclosed by the bill are as follows: The second general mortgage made to the Farmers' Loan and Trust company for $20,000,000, the third general mortgage made to the same company for $11,461,000, and the consolidated mortgage made by the Farmers' Loan and Trust company, as trustee, to secure $75,000,000 in bonds, issued to pay off the three prior general mortgages, also to secure bonds for $26,000,000 to be used in acquiring other railroads; $20,000,000 in bonds to be used to secure other roads; $20,000,000 in bonds to provide terminal facilities, etc., and $10,000,000 in bonds to be used in paying premiums on other bonds. The allegation is made that the company is insolvent, and has not enough property to pay its liabilities. There was not much difference of opinion among the several attorneys in the case, and such points of variance were disposed of by Judge Caldwell, who indicated that it would be necessary for the parties to agree on some of the disputed points before the receivers could be named.

A statement of the case embodied in the bill of complaint was made by Mr. Lawrence, of Minneapolis, and he also read a formal order that had been prepared, and which was subsequently signed by Judge Caldwell, after making several alterations. H. F. Stevens and Senator Davis took part in the discussion on points raised as to the provisions of the decree, but the whole matter took but little over an hour of the court's time.

SOUND INDICTMENT.

Held So by Kelly—Hawks and Evans Must Stand Trial.

Judge William Louis Kelly has denied the motion to quash the indictment against Charles A. Hawks and William B. Evans, who are accused of embezzling $60,000 of the funds of the Seven Corners bank.

The decision of Judge Kelly is lengthy, and reviews the points raised on the motion to quash the indictment. The decision is clear and precise. It is held that the selection of the grand jurors was done according to law, and no objection was taken to the panel or any of the statutory grounds laid down. It is also held that Evans was not required to give evidence against himself before the grand jury, as the minutes of the grand jury show that when he testified against Hawks on a charge of the larceny of $3,000 he did not testify against himself. If he was then asked questions the answers of which tended to criminate himself, he should have refused to answer. If he so testified voluntarily, he cannot now urge the setting aside of the indictment found on the testimony of other witnesses.

On the point that other witnesses than those indorsed on the back of the indictment were before the grand jury, it is stated that the record of the grand jury made by its clerk, Frank Schlick Jr., has not been impeached. The record is well kept, and shows the matters considered. The minutes show that on Oct. 12 the grand jury was considering a charge of grand larceny in the first degree against Hawks; and on that day and the 16th and 17th of the same month a number of witnesses were examined. On Oct. 13 the grand jury was considering a charge of larceny in the second degree against Hawks. On this charge and the preceding one mentioned the grand jury voted "No bill." On Oct. 19 the grand jury took up an accusation against Hawks and Evans, and, after examining the witnesses named on the back of the indictment, found the indictment returned into court. On Oct. 20 a charge of forgery against Hawks was considered, but was reported as "No bill." Judge Kelly says to hold otherwise would put the court in the position of weighing the testimony before the grand jury and require the court to inquire into the proceedings and consciences of the grand jurors to ascertain what influenced their votes and how each juror voted.

The decision was made yesterday. It is probable that the defense will carry the matter to the supreme court for adjudication.

THE IRON COMPANY WINS.

Title to 160 Acres at Tower Settled.

Judge Nelson, of the United States circuit court, filed a decree yesterday in the cause of Winthrop Pond against The Minnesota Iron Company, in which he orders judgment in favor of the defendant. The controversy was over 160 acres of land on Vermillion lake, in St. Louis county, and which was occupied as a trading post years ago. The land was patented to a half-breed named Francis Roussian, and who sold it to Peck, Miles and Ware, of New York. In one of two deeds the land was not properly described, and these men claimed the deed ought to be reformed to cover the land. The property passed into the hands of the Minnesota Iron company, and the court holds that the title of the company thereto is good.

Both the plaintiff and the defendant claimed the land under different deeds of the half-breed Roussian, who located the land under a treaty. There were two selections made by Roussian, one of which he conveyed to Peck, Miles and Ware and the other to Tower and Munson. The latter is the selection conveyed to the Minnesota Iron company, and the court holds that this is the only valid selection that Roussian made.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Another Big Grist of Decisions Handed Down.

Judge Gilfillan yesterday handed down decisions in the following cases:

F. R. Trautwein, appellant, vs. Twin City Iron Works (a corporation), respondent. Judgment affirmed. GILFILLAN, C. J.

Where a note is given for the price of a chattel sold with warranty, a recovery for a breach of the warranty does not affect the right to recover on the note.

Kate Scott, appellant, vs. Helen H. Wells, respondent. Order affirmed. GILFILLAN, C. J.

The one-third of the real estate which goes to the widow on the death of her husband is for the purpose of paying his debts, a part of his estate to be administered, so that a license to sell for that purpose "the interest of said estate" in described land will cover the widow's third. It is not necessary to go against the widow's one-third separately in proceedings to sell for payment of debts.

Henry M. Little, appellant, vs. S. George Cook et al., co-partners as Cook & Maxey, respondents. Order reversed. GILFILLAN, C. J.

Certain evidence held to be hearsay, and therefore inadmissible.

Elizabeth Jarmy, respondent, vs. Duluth Street Railway Company, appellant. Order reversed. GILFILLAN, C. J.

When a street car stops for passengers to alight, if there is a rush of passengers to get off, crowding and jostling each other, it may be the duty of the conductor to use reasonable efforts to check it, to the end that passengers may not be injured or unnecessarily interfered with in their getting off, but it is not his duty to assist specially any one of the well, able-bodied passengers unless he sees that one to be in special danger, or in some measure unable to take care of himself.

Theodore H. Johnson, respondent, vs. Henry H. Fuller, appellant. Order affirmed. GILFILLAN, C. J.

Syllabus—In a contract to convey real estate, on which $30 had been paid, the remainder of the price to be paid on delivery of a warranty deed, was this clause, "in case the title shall be ascertained to be unmarketable to such an extent as to warrant the purchaser in refusing the same, and he shall so refuse the same on that ground, the vendor shall not be liable to any damage, and the said sum of $30 paid by the purchaser shall be returned to him." Held, that on the title proving unmarketable the vendee might either fulfill the contract on his part, take a conveyance and rely on the covenants in it to protect him against defects in the title, or refuse to fulfill, and receive back the $30, in effect to rescind the contract.

State of Minnesota ex rel. Mayor of the City of Duluth, relator, vs. J. D. Ensign, one of the judges of the Eleventh judicial district, et al., respondents. Order affirmed. GILFILLAN, C. J.

Under S. L. 1891, ch. 54, providing for a system of public grounds for the city of Duluth and the charter of that city, S. L. 1887, ch. 2, sub. ch. 5, sec. 10, as amended by S. L. 1889, ch. 19, sec. 8, regulating assessments for legal improvements, the court is not limited to considering whether the board of public works exercised their judgment and whether there was fraud or demonstrable mistake of fact in the assessment, but it reviews, corrects and revises the assessment. State vs. Dist. Court, 33 Minn., 235, followed to the effect that the provisions in the acts for confirmation by the district court are valid. When in such case the court orders a reassessment, the order ought to specify the defects in the assessment, so as to be a guide to the board of public works.

Robert L. Scovell, respondent, vs. N. J. Upham and T. Frank Upham, co-partners as N. J. Upham & Co., appellants. Order affirmed. GILFILLAN, C. J.

Evidence held to sustain the findings of fact.

Plaintiff having an applicant for a loan of $16,000 at 6 per cent to be secured on certain real estate, applied to defendants, who agreed that if he would bring the applicant to them and they should procure and make the loan to him they would pay plaintiff a commission of 1 per cent on the amount of the loan. He sent the applicant to them, and through their efforts a corporation of which they were stockholders and officers made the loan at $15,000 at 7 per cent. Held, plaintiff is entitled to the commission, and that it does not affect his right that defendants receive no commission for procuring or making the loan.

Supreme Court Routine.

The supreme court yesterday considered the following cases:

In re lost will of Julia C. Holt, Georgiana Needham et al., proponents, respondents, vs. Lizzie Borden et al., contestants, appellants. Argued and submitted.

A. D. Aldrich, respondent, vs. Theodore Wetmore, appellant. Appellant ordered to amend paper book, and order to show cause as to other matters discharged.

FEDERAL COURT.

One Case Argued—Others Were Continued.

Judges Henry C. Caldwell and Walter H. Sanborn sat on the bench of the United States circuit court of appeals yesterday and heard causes as follows:

R. L. Walker et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. E. Collins et al., error to United States circuit court, district of Kansas; argued by W. E. Brown for plaintiffs in error and submitted on briefs for defendant in error.

The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. James McClure, error to United States circuit court for Indian Territory; continued to December term.

C. H. Payson et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. W. C. Robinson et al., error to United States circuit court, district of Kansas; continued to December term.

The City of Lincoln, plaintiff in error, vs. The Sun Vapor Street Light Company, error to United States circuit court, district of Nebraska; continued to December term.

Lewis C. Thatcher, plaintiff in error, vs. Joseph Gotlieb, error to United States circuit court, district of Colorado; continued to December term.

DISTRICT COURT ITEMS.

Judge Brill has denied the motion for a new trial of the action brought by Paul Sharvey against The Central Vermillion Iron Company, Emil Hartmann and Richmond D. Mallett. A verdict was rendered for sheriff's fees.

Judge Brill's court is still engaged in hearing the case of The Great Northern and The "Omaha" Railroad Companies against The City of St. Paul, which involves land in the vicinity of Broadway street, near the river.

Judge Willis has filed an order in the cause of Charles Steele and others against The Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, denying the application to amend findings and the motion for a new trial.

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company has begun an action against Henry T. Vayhinger and others to foreclose a mortgage for $2,000 on a lot in Lyman Dayton's addition to St. Paul.

Jingle A. James has begun an action against the City of St. Paul to recover $2,484.16, as a balance due on property condemned for a highway known as Linwood place.

Judge Egan is still engaged with the case of Edward B. Smith against Rebecca Miller, being a dispute over the deal made for the Albion apartment house.

The personal injury case of Frank S. Nicholas, by his guardian ad litem, against The St. Paul City Railway Company is still on trial in Judge Otis' court.

Edwin W. Rice has begun an action against Edward Lofstat and others to foreclose a mortgage for $3,000 on lot 7, in block 8 of Nininger's addition to St. Paul.

The action of J. S. Keller against J. M. Smith et al is on trial before Judge Kerr and a jury. The object of the suit is to recover $555 as the value of furniture.

The Commonwealth Guaranty Trust and Safe Deposit company has recovered a judgment against Christopher W. Youngman et al. for $16,588.39.

The Elgin City Banking company was awarded a verdict of $565 against John Zelch.

NEW PANEL ORDERED.

Nine Jurors Secured in the Robbery Cases.

In the case of The State vs. Fleury, the alleged bank robber on trial before Judge Kelly, four more jurors were accepted and sworn yesterday, Anton Madson, Bernard Banning, James McGraw and Charles H. Neely. At this point the regular panel was exhausted, and only nine jurors secured. Judge Kelly then ordered the sheriff to summon seventy-five qualified jurors, and make return thereof by 10 o'clock this morning, to which hour he adjourned court.

Of the jurors sworn in yesterday, Madson is a carpenter, McGraw a painter, and Neely general agent of an insurance company. Banning's occupation was not brought out on examination.

Have You Got the Key?

If you have it, then you get $25 in gold today at the "Plymouth." See advertisement on Page 2.

Arraigned.

John McDermott was arraigned in the police court yesterday on a charge of burglary. McDermott, the police assert, is the fellow who in April last was caught by Patrolman Parado burglarizing the store of Hassett & Damcke, 286 East Sixth street. He was the only one of the alleged gang captured, and on the way to the patrol box he also escaped from the officer. The case was continued to this morning. William Hoban, Frank Smith and Edward Nary, arrested with McDermott on Monday, were arraigned on a charge of disorderly conduct. Hoban was discharged and the other two had their case continued to this morning.

MAKING OVER OLD DRESSES

PRACTICAL INFORMATION THAT IS HELPFUL TO WOMEN.

A Fashion Paper's Talk About Household Economies—Seasonable Hints on Gowns and Cloaks—Dowdy Garments Transformed to Pretty Stylishness.

One result of the hard times is the extra space the ladies' and fashion papers are giving to articles devoted to household economies.

Columns upon columns have been written showing how with little money a woman can be well dressed. The secret of this is to allow nothing to go into the rag bag until entirely worn out. Shabby and faded gowns should be taken apart, washed, and dyed some fashionable color with diamond dyes, and then they can be made up to look like new.

The ease with which diamond dyes are used is actually wonderful, many of the colors requiring no more work than it would be to rinse a piece of cloth. There are nearly fifty colors, capable of making any shade, and every one especially prepared for home use.

"The only caution needed to users of diamond dyes," says the Ladies' Journal, "is this: Be sure to get a cotton dye for cotton goods, and a wool dye for woolen goods. On every package is plainly printed what kind of goods it is for, and full directions for use are also given, so that even a child can use diamond dyes successfully."

Dresses, cloaks, ribbons, scarfs, stockings, feathers, in fact, almost anything can be colored with diamond dyes to look like new. One who has never tried them will be surprised to find how many dollars they will save during the year.

It is well to remember that diamond dyes are never sold by agents or peddlers. Only inferior dyes, that allow the agent a large profit, are sold in that way; but the unfortunate user never tries them a second time, for their colors crock and fade or are not true to name.

Those who are obliged to be economical will find many ways of saving money in these suggestions.

Have You Got the Key?

If you have it, then you get $25 in gold today at the "Plymouth." See advertisement on Page 2.

Fred Foster Ruled Off.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 14.—In view of the in and out running of the horse Eloray, the judges today decided to accept no more entries from his owner, Fred Foster, and also not to allow C. Hueston, the rider of the horse, to accept any more mounts at this track.

BALL MAGNATES TO MEET.

CONVENTION OF THE NATIONAL LEAGUE IN NEW YORK.

THE CHANGE OF PLAYERS

Will Be Under Consideration and the Double Umpire System Will Be Discontinued—Drunkenness Among Players to Be Regulated—Sale of the Washington Team.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The base ball magnates are arriving, and tomorrow the convention of the National league will open at the Fifth Avenue hotel. Just what questions will be discussed outside the routine work that is regularly done at the annual league meetings the base ball managers are loth to say. They are observing silence until after the preparatory meeting of the board of governors at noon tomorrow. "Nick" Young, of Washington, the president of the league, arrived today, and was closeted with A. H. Soden and W. H. Conant, of the Boston club. Frank De Hass Robinson, president of the Clevelands, and John T. Brush, president of the Indianapolis, are all here. Tomorrow the corridors of Fifth Avenue hotel will be alive with enthusiastic base ball cranks. It is thought by the men who know most about base ball that the five-league organization will continue on practically the same lines as it has followed during the past year. The change of players will come in for some consideration at the meeting, though the present changes are not considered important. The double umpire system will be discontinued, and a regulation will be drawn up with a view to prevent drunkenness among the players. Speaking of the coming meeting President Young said:

This is, of course, not the important meeting of the year. That comes off in March. The board of governors meet tomorrow at 9 o'clock at the Fifth Avenue hotel. The convention should be over before night. President Young declared that the report in regard to the selling of the Washington team was unfounded, so far as he knew. Two representatives of each club, twenty-four in all, are expected to be at the opening of tomorrow's meeting.

DIRECTUM'S DAY.

The King of the Turf Will Likely Beat Alix.

MYSTIC PARK, Mass., Nov. 14.—Today the final preparations were made for the contest between Directum and Alex tomorrow. Both are in the best of condition, and the track is as fine as possible, as it has been this season, in fact. The trotters were taken out for a shaking up this afternoon, and both made fast time. The sports are favoring the king in the betting, and today a number of bets are reported at odds of $100 to $50. One individual announces that he will put up $3,000 tomorrow on the queen even money, but this is looked upon as a pool room move. The best opinions are to the effect that Directum will win. The track management has made preparations for an enormous crowd, and all indications are that it will witness the greatest exhibition of speed ever seen in the East.

ON THE RACE TRACKS.

Results of the Events at the Various Courses.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., Nov. 14.—First race, six and a half furlongs—Lyceum won, Rustic second, Gonzales third. Time, 1:13½. Second race, six and a quarter furlongs—Dillon J won, Vocalize second, Orphan third. Time, 1:26. Third race, five furlongs—Jersey won, Con Lucy second, Piquante third. Time, 1:05¼. Fourth race, four and a half furlongs—Artillery won, Silence second, Sonora third. Time, :58¾. Fifth race, four and a half furlongs—Varuna won, J H Mac second, Doc Birch third. Time, :59¼. Sixth race, six and a quarter furlongs—Mutiny won, Darius second, Shy Ellen third. Time, 1:28¼.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 14.—First race, five-eighths of a mile, selling—Eunice won, Marmaduke second, Saxopia third; time, 1:09. Second race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile, selling—Tommie B won, John Francis second, Hiram Argo third; time, 1:17. Third race, three-quarters of a mile, selling—Belle M won, Youlinen second, Granny White third; time, 1:24¾. Fourth race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile, selling—Sam Sayres won, Envy second, Ethel Fortune third; time, 1:16¼. Fifth race, nine-sixteenths of a mile—April Fool won, Harry Warren second, Paddy Flynn third; time, 1:00½.

CLIFTON, N. J., Nov. 14.—First race, mile—Lucky Clover won, Bess McDuff second, Persistence third; time 1:43. Second race, five furlongs—Chance won, Johnny second, Blossom third; time, 1:02¼. Third race, six furlongs—This resulted in a dead heat between Tommy Dixon and Carmelite. On the run-off Tommy Dixon won, Carmelite second, Ingot third; time of heat, 1:17⅞; time of run-off, 1:18½. Fourth race, five furlongs—Wah Jim won, Terrifier second, Lord Harry third; time, 1:02½. Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile—Madstone won, Minnie J second, Factotum third.

HAWTHORN, Nov. 14.—First race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile—Ellen won, Miss Clark second, Encoria third; time, ——. Second race, mile—Estell won, James V. Carter second, Ondawa third; time, 1:45¼. Third race, six furlongs—Barnard won, Tippecanoe second, Bolster third; time, 1:18¾. Fourth race, short course, steeplechase—Flip Flap won, Dom Pedro second, Gen. Miles third; time, 3:36. Fifth race, six furlongs—Bijur won, Baron second, Lord Dalmeny third; time, 1:17¼.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 14.—First race, seven furlongs—Queen Bird won, Alibi second, Lady Rose third. Second race, six furlongs—Minnie Cee won, Red Cap and Miss Knott dead heat for place; time, 1:16½. Third race, five furlongs—Mary B M won, Bob Negly second, Editha third; time, 1:03¼. Fourth race, mile—Londa won, Peabody second, Col. S third. Fifth race, six and a half furlongs—Roquefort won, Diamond Dick second, Sly Lisbon third; time, 1:23. Sixth race, five and a half furlongs—Josie D won, Borealis second, Eyelet third; time, 1:22.

UNDER THE ROPES.

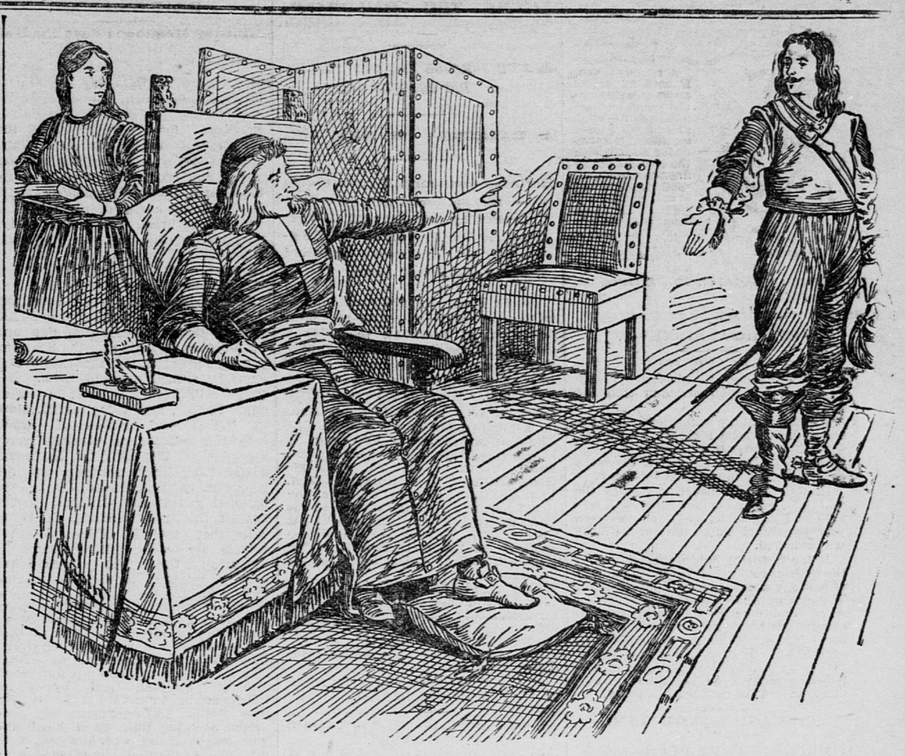
Solly Smith Sends Jim Murphy Out of the Ring.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—Solly Smith, featherweight champion of the Pacific coast, recently defeated by George Dixon, sent Jim Murphy, of Los Angeles, under the ropes and out with a right hand swing on the jaw, in the second round, at the athletic tournament given at Tattersall's hall last night. About 4,000 sports saw the bouts. Shadow Maber, the Australian, made a fine showing against Needham in eight sounds, and easily had the best of it. Tommy Ryan expressed his willingness to meet Danny Needham, of whom he was reputed to be afraid, in a twelve round go in the middle of December. Needham was in the ring when the announcement was made, and promptly accepted the challenge.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.



FELT A LITTLE FLATTERED!

It is said that everybody is susceptible to a little flattery. Once a gentleman went to Milton, the author of "Paradise Lost," a man said to be unsusceptible to flattery, and said:

"Mr. Milton, they say you are the only man in England who cannot be flattered."

"Do they say that?" asked Milton, his face beaming with smiles.

Even Milton, it appears, was not proof against this little human weakness, and we confess that we have been a little flattered ourselves by the many kindly expressions of approval and commendation that we have received bearing on the series of magnificent photographic views comprising SIGHTS AND SCENES OF THE WORLD, which so many of our readers are obtaining right along by cutting coupons of different dates from this paper, and sending to us each time they accumulate three.

WE RETURN THE COMPLIMENT

To our readers by stating that their good judgment is evidenced by the fact that they have not been slow to avail themselves of an opportunity which affords at once pleasure and profit. Pleasure in the perusal of a splendid series of views so true and so natural as to be almost the counterpart of nature itself, and profitable through the fund of historical and other data accompanying each view, and which is a liberal education alone.

By way of helping to a proper realization of the interest which attaches to these views, we will take the sixteen constituting part TWO and reproduce just a SHORT SYNOPSIS of the descriptions accompanying them. Do not lose sight of the fact that the descriptions following each picture are full and complete, and abound with historical and other interesting data.

1. HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT, LONDON.
   Erected 1840. Covers eight acres. Cost $15,000,000. Has bell in tower weighing thirteen tons.
2. THE CHOIR IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY.
   Striking for the pomp of architecture and elaborate beauty of sculptured detail.
3. OXFORD UNIVERSITY.
   One of the most celebrated universities of Europe. Founded in 972. Minimum cost of living for undergraduates in attendance, $1,000 per annum.
4. HAWARDEN CASTLE, ENGLAND.
   The beautiful home of Sir Wm. E. Gladstone, England's "Grand Old Man."
5. ROOM IN WHICH SHAKESPEARE WAS BORN.
   Remaining today the same as it appeared in Shakespeare's boyhood days.
6. DRYBURGH ABBEY, SCOTLAND.
   Founded 1150. Burned by Edward II. in 1322. Sir Walter Scott interred here, 1832.
7. CROFTERS' HOMES IN THE SHETLAND ISLANDS.
   The Crofters of Scotland and Shetland number about 200,000. They live without security of tenure, and are subject to arbitrary ejection.
8. DONEGAL CASTLE, IRELAND.
   Once the seat of the O'Donnell chiefs of Tyeconnell.
9. THE BOURSE OR EXCHANGE, BERLIN.
   Erected 1860. Has interior hall 330x88 feet. More than 4,000 brokers congregate here daily.
10. THE FAMOUS WINDMILL AT POTSDAM.
    Famous as a monument to the fact that the king respected the rights of his poorer subjects, though they might be at variance with his expressed desire.
11. AUGUSTUS PLACE, LEIPSIC.
    A spacious open space in Leipsic, surrounded by the magnificent new theater, museum, postoffice, fine residences, etc.
12. CARLSBAD.
    Famous as a watering place. Springs discovered in 1347 by Emperor Charles IV. Visited annually by 25,000 people.
13. BRUHL TERRACE, DRESDEN.
    Originally laid out as a garden in 1738, by Count Bruhl, the minister of Augustine III.
14. PALACES OF THE CÆSARS.
    The original Rome is now covered with the remains of what at one time were the palaces erected by the various Roman emperors, or Cæsars.
15. TOMB OF JULIET, VERONA, ITALY.
    Romeo and Juliet are not the creations of Shakespeare's brain. They lived, loved and died in Verona.
16. THE CATHEDRAL AT MILAN.
    Third largest church in Europe. Covers 14,000 square yards. Capacity, 40,000 people. The exterior has upwards of 2,000 statues in marble.

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See coupons on first page, and be sure to cut them out and send with the ten cents in money or one or two-cent stamps.