

en. New Uim; John C. Wise, Mankato; A. T. Ankeny, Minneapolis; George A. Bier, Minneapolis; E. J. L'Herault, Minneapolis; David B. Johnson, Minneapolis; S. Keran, Minneapolis; F. G. McMillan, Minneapolis; C. L. Linn, Littlefield, Minn.; L. W. Gammans, Minneapolis; B. A. Quist, Minneapolis; F. D. Larabee, Minneapolis; F. G. Holtzworth, Minneapolis; William E. Burton, St. Paul; J. J. Thornton, St. James; John S. Grode, St. Paul; Paul Kemp, Winona; Herbert Conner, St. Paul; Theodore J. Catlin, Delano; Joseph Roneh, Northfield; H. C. Ball, Oakes; W. H. Stakely, Rochester; C. H. Heffron, Rochester; J. C. Cudaly, Thomas; O'Brien, Pierce Butler, St. Paul; Edwin Bjorklund, Minneapolis; Anderson, George E. Lutz, Minneapolis; Daniel Melan, Littlefield; James F. Williamson, George F. Porter, L. R. Larson, Minneapolis; Charles C. Kollars, Le Sueur Center; David B. Parsons, Waterville; J. P. Hammond, St. Cloud; L. A. Ryan, Littlefield; William Campbell, J. C. Haynes, Thomas Wilson, St. Paul; Allen J. Biethen, editor Penny Press; Fred Schmidt, Ed. Econ, Oakes; Minn. W. H. Tripp, Duluth; James S. Field, Willmar; Alexander Adams, St. Paul; John W. Edley, Minneapolis; Morris, Minn.; L. J. Nasett, Robinson; John A. Campbell, W. J. Murphy, St. Paul; David Gorman, Charles H. Darr, J. F. Gahler, Littlefield; W. G. Tupper, F. R. Salisbury, Minneapolis; Paul A. Lavallee, Oxtate Savard, St. Paul; E. L. Steenson, A. T. Williams, Minneapolis; O. N. Lindell, Grove City; George G. Jacoby, Charles A. Corbman, Otto A. Hill, Minneapolis; Benjamin Darity, Owatonna; Charles L. Davis, Red Wing; William Brust, New Uim; C. H. Johns, J. J. Farion, J. L. Sweeney, Austin; A. B. Hanson, Austin Daily Herald; F. H. C. Ueber, Duluth; J. C. Nethaway, Stillwater; George Bunch, A. J. Mullen, Maj. Emmet, Ed. J. Conroy, J. J. Ankeny, Ed. Econ, Minneapolis; T. J. Sharkey, Brainerd; Minn.; J. M. Glunk, Staples, Minn.; W. L. Austin, Joseph Leinhardt, Appleton; C. E. F. Macdonald, St. Cloud; C. J. Jacinovic, Duluth; Hector McLean, Minneapolis; Harry S. John, Fairmont; M. M. Widery, Spring Valley; Minn.; E. G. H. Adams, Spring Valley; J. H. Driscoll, Madison; V. B. Craus, Jackson; C. W. Schaefer, Worthington; Joseph A. Sawyer, Minneapolis; H. J. Halstead, Lakeland; F. F. Merritt, A. B. Dorelius, Minneapolis.

**Personally Conducted.**  
Excursion to Hot Springs, Ark., will be run by the Minneapolis and St. Paul Ry. via St. Louis and the Iron Mountain Route January 23, 1904, on which all expenses of the party will be paid in advance, including tickets, sleeping car and two weeks' sojourn at Hot Springs. This arrangement will afford the most economical and enjoyable tour for those who desire to visit the famous Hot Springs of Arkansas. Inquire for rate of any agent of the M. & St. P. Ry.

C. M. Pratt, G. T. & P. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

**DAYTONS WON.**  
An Exciting Game, Ending With Five Pins Lead.  
The Daytones defeated the Washabas last evening at Foley's bowling alleys by a score of 865 to 863. It was one of the most exciting games yet played in the tournament. The score was as follows:

Robinson	210	190	20	19	18	19	20	21	20	21
McMillan	20	19	20	27	8	18	19	9	10	15
Newson	10	22	19	20	20	19	22	22	22	22
Halsey	10	17	9	20	19	18	9	18	18	18
McMillan	10	19	27	20	19	20	19	17	17	17
Total	106	90	78	95	116	76	86	74	86	74

**Bowling at A. J. Albracht's.**  
The last bowling match at Albracht's bowling alley, corner University avenue and Dale street, between the Merry Monarchs and Eagle club, resulted as follows:

Merry Monarchs—M. Heidenreich, 192; W. Swanson, 207; H. Loeffelholz, 147; G. Bohlig, 156; M. Lex, 147; H. Gehrke, 190; F. Gehrke, 195; T. Guertel, 187; W. Boudier, 177; L. Juchieschek, 157; C. Butler, 148; F. Keppler, 165.  
The Eagle Club—W. Foremier, 204; G. Bohlig, 174; M. Lex, 170; Moshinsky, 198; P. Diehlhofer, 154; H. Meyer, 133; J. Rieter, 164; M. McCarthy, 147; F. Moshinsky, 181; A. J. Albracht, 198; F. Lauer, 146; C. Braun, 137; C. Haupt, 175; C. Gerber, 154. The Eagle club is a new one, and has not so far played any challenge games, but next Friday night it will meet the Summits in a social game, and it is being looked forward to with great interest, as the Summits are one of the crack teams of the city. The Eagles also number some fine bowlers among their team, and an exciting contest may be looked for. The game will be played at A. J. Albracht's bowling alley, corner University and Dale.

**Canavan Goes to Cincinnati.**  
CINCINNATI, Jan. 16.—James Canavan writes from Worcester, Mass., that he has received the contract to play with the Cincinnati base ball club the coming season, and has signed it.

**Sporting Note.**  
The Clow-Wilcox billiard game will be played at Foley's Thursday evening.



**Ashamed To Be Seen**  
Because of disfiguring facial blemishes is the condition of thousands upon thousands who live in ignorance of the fact that in Cuticura Soap is to be found the purest, sweetest and most effective skin purifier and beautifier in the world. It is so because it strikes at the root of all complexional disfigurements, viz: THE CLOGGED, IRRITATED, INFLAMED OR SLUGGISH PORE.

For pimples, blackheads, red and oily skin, red, rough, lumpy, itching, and itchy skin, itching hair, and simple baby blemishes it is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world, Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

**WARNED BY THE GOVERNOR.**

**FLORIDA'S EXECUTIVE WILL POSITIVELY STOP THE FIGHT.**  
**GOV. MITCHELL INTERVIEWED.**  
**The Adjutant General Has Planned to Cover Every Point Which Might Be Available, and His Men Can Be Dependably Upon The Public Are Notified to Stay Away.**

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Jan. 16.—If Gov. Mitchell has any intention of abandoning his fight against the Duval Athletic club, he should show signs of it. On the contrary, he is more determined than ever, and what is more, he has laid plans which he says cannot fail. When approached today he said: "You can announce that I'm going to prevent this prize fight, that's what it is, or matter how many other terms are applied to it."  
"But it is hinted that the Jacksonville militia has declined to aid you," was suggested.  
"That is not true," said the governor sharply. "But if it did happen to so decline it would not affect my plans in the slightest degree. I'm going to proceed that night, and that's all there is about it. Corbett and Mitchell cannot fight in this state."  
"Have you read that the club has several other plans in view if Jacksonville is abandoned?" was asked.  
"I have," said Gov. Mitchell, "and I repeat most emphatically that the fight shall be prevented in the state of Florida. I grant you that they may sneak off the woods somewhere and have it out, but I don't see how even this can be done. I shall not call upon the Jacksonville militia. Some of them are in favor of the fight, and have friends who are interested."  
"Then you will employ the militia of some other point of the state?"  
"You may draw your own conclusion. The adjutant general has planned to cover every point which might be available, and his men will be dependably upon me. I am prepared in any event."  
"Now, then, said the governor in conclusion, "I think I have made myself plain. If anybody comes to Florida to stage a fight and doesn't see one, after spending time and money, he can only blame himself. There will, I repeat once more, be no prize fight here."  
"The adjutant general would say nothing of his plans further than that the fight would surely be prevented."

**IT WILL AND IT WON'T.**  
**Two Different Opinions as to the Proposed Fight.**

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 16.—The following telegram was received this afternoon by the Duval Athletic club from Manager Bowden, regarding his interview with Gov. Mitchell:  
"Tallahassee, Fla., Jan. 16.—My conference with the governor is of a private nature, and I do not wish to give to the public. Will say that the situation is unchanged. Will reiterate that the contest will take place on the date advertised. An assertion from some twenty citizens of this place will attend the contest. J. F. BOWDEN."  
"The paper will say tomorrow editorially:  
"There will be no fight. The governor is implacable in opposition to the fight. He has ordered the second battalion to be in Jacksonville on the night of Tuesday, the 23d inst., two days before the date set for the fight."  
In a long special to the paper from Tallahassee tonight the governor in an interview says:  
"I have ordered out the troops to prevent the Corbett-Mitchell fight in Jacksonville. The so-called Duval Athletic club will provoke a contest with the state for which it alone will be responsible."

**THE PEOPLE'S PROTEST**

**At a Mass Meeting in Jacksonville—The Governor Denounced.**  
JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 16.—Manager Bowen's errand in Tallahassee was the principal subject of conversation among the followers of the Corbett-Mitchell contest today. Although disapproves this afternoon announced that his interview with Gov. Mitchell was of a private nature, still his statement that the situation was unchanged gives friends of the Duval Athletic club hope that nothing was developed adverse to the interests of the club.  
Sheriff Broward is reported as having said that if the governor ordered out the militia he would consider it a personal insult and refuse to aid him. It was impossible to locate the sheriff, however, and the truth of the story cannot be confirmed at this writing.  
Tonight a great crowd of citizens thronged Metropolitan hall, called there to protest against the intended actions of Gov. Mitchell in calling out the militia to prevent the Corbett-Mitchell contest. Speeches were made of a fiery nature, some of the most prominent men in the city responding to calls from the audience.  
After a session of the city councilmen had spoken, saying that they protested more against the insult offered the city as a law-abiding citizen against the announced stopping of the contest, the following resolutions were introduced and adopted amid the greatest applause and excitement:  
"Whereas, It is currently reported on the streets of the city of Jacksonville that Hon. H. L. Mitchell, governor, has instructed a number of military companies throughout the state to report in the city of Jacksonville on the 23d inst. for the purpose of maintaining and preserving the peace; and  
"Whereas, There are no indications of any breach of the peace with which the civil authorities of the city and county are not fully able to deal; and  
"Whereas, We deem the massing of troops in this city unwarranted by law and a serious reflection upon the character of our citizens, and a serious detriment to the business interests of the city; therefore the city of Jacksonville and Duval county, in mass meeting assembled, pursuant to a call by a large number of our eminent business men, do resolve as follows:  
"First.—That we earnestly protest against the threatened massing of troops in our city, we having ample confidence in the civil local authorities and their ability fully to preserve the peace and maintain the dignity of this city and county.  
"Second.—That we, individually and collectively, pledge ourselves to aid the sheriff in all lawful efforts to discharge his duties and to maintain and preserve the peace and to enforce the law.  
"Third.—That we earnestly protest against such rumored action on the part of the governor and most respectfully request that he desist therefrom, and leave the conduct and guidance thereof to the civil local authorities.  
"Fourth.—That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the governor."  
After more speeches the meeting adjourned.  
From sentiments expressed by the prominent citizens after the meeting, it seems that should the militia be ordered out, serious trouble will certainly follow. One man, who is well known at the Florida bar, expressed himself as follows: "If Gov. Mitchell orders out the militia to suppress an anticipated riot, he will, instead, precipitate a riot as sure as I stand on my feet this moment. If the troops come to Jacksonville on Jan. 23, murder will be done, and Gov. Mitchell will be responsible for it."  
The crowd was worked up to a high

**TINKERING THE TARIFF.**

**REPUBLICANS MAKE AN EFFORT TO OFFER AMENDMENTS.**  
**BUT ARE QUIETLY SAT UPON**  
**General Discussion on the Wool Schedule—Duty on Condensed Milk and Cigarettes Raised—Senators Hoar, Gray and Daniel Talked About Hawaii in the Senate.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Very little progress was made with the amendments to the tariff bill today. The Republicans under the leadership of Mr. Burrows made an effort to secure the right to offer amendments alternately with Mr. Wilson, but, as on yesterday, the chairman held, in view of the precedent of procedure when the McKinley bill was under consideration, that Mr. Wilson, on behalf of the majority of the committee, was entitled to perfect the bill before it was thrown open to miscellaneous amendment.  
Several minor amendments were agreed to, the most important being to increase the duty on condensed milk to two cents a pound. Almost the entire afternoon was spent in discussing the date upon which free wool and the corresponding reduction on manufactures of wool should go into effect. No conclusion was reached. At the opening of the session of the house this morning Mr. Springer (Dem., Ill.) asked unanimous consent to correct an Illinois newspaper report attributing some remarks made by Mr. Dilliver (Rep., Ill.) to him. Mr. Dilliver remarked sarcastically that this was very painful, but he would make no objection, on Mr. Dilliver's account. [Laughter.]  
Mr. Springer explained that he had commended the tariff bill highly, in order of denouncing it, as had been reported. The house resumed the consideration of THE TARIFF BILL.  
Mr. Wilson immediately began offering committee amendments. The first was to reduce the duty on furs for hats from 30 to 10 per cent. The next amendment was one to place on the free list, in addition to the books, etc., printed over twenty years, hydrographic charts. This also was agreed to.  
This was followed by an amendment changing the ratio on condensed milk from 20 per cent ad valorem to two cents per pound, which occasioned considerable debate.  
Mr. Northway (Rep., O.) and Mr. Curtis (Rep., N. J.) argued that there was no sugar of milk industry before 1893, and that the proposed reduction would ruin and result in an increase from 10 to 15 per cent. Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) protested against bringing up our children on foreign sugar of milk. Mr. Breckinridge defended the committee's amendment. Mr. Bowers (Rep., Cal.) got recognized, and argued for the present duty on raisins. He created much amusement by throwing an armful of California raisins towards the Democratic assistant secretary, Mr. Scrambling among the members, and soon half the house was complacently munching the fruit.  
The amendment to the tobacco tax restricting the amount of tax on cigarettes from 50 cents a thousand to \$1.50, to those wrapped in paper, was agreed to.  
Amendments of Mr. Wilson to take hairs, cane or reed, wrought or manufactured, from the free list, and restore to the dutiable list at 7 per cent, and make the dutiable schedule on the free list effective only with such countries as admit the same articles from their country free were adopted.  
Mr. Wilson then offered an amendment to put the free wool schedule into effect Aug. 1, 1894. This was vigorously opposed by Mr. Johnson (Dem., O.) and Mr. Warner (Dem., N. Y.), but on different grounds.  
The former claimed the amendment delayed the benefit to come from free wool too long, and the latter contended that if the wool manufacturers were not to have free wool in time to give the people cheaper woollen goods, the next winter he was in favor of allowing the present duty to stand, in order to give the farmers a market for their wool during the coming summer.  
Mr. Bowers (Rep., Cal.) asked if he had it right that free wool would not decrease the price of wool, but Mr. Warner replied emphatically that he had it right that free wool would not decrease the price of wool, but it would effect the market should be retained this year.  
This precipitated a general discussion on the subject, in which Messrs. Payne, Springer (Dem., Ill.), Pickler (Rep., N. D.), Simpson (Pop., Kan.), Johnson (Dem., O.) and Cannon (Rep., Ill.) took part. Mr. Wilson then explained his amendment at length. The debate on the date on which THE WOOL SCHEDULE would go into effect was taken up by Messrs. Marsh (Rep., Va.), Moses (Dem., Mo.), Bryan (Dem., Neb.), Gray (Dem., Mo.), Breckinridge (Dem., Ark.), Johnson of Ohio; Herrmann, of Oregon; Enloe, of Tennessee; Henderson of Illinois; Montgomery, of Kentucky; Weadock, of Michigan; Blair, of New Hampshire; Marsh (Rep., Ill.), Lord (Rep., Cal.) and Hartman, of Iowa. The latter in denouncing the whole bill and the predictions of its author called attention to his prophecy of a general revival of business when the Sherman law was repealed.  
"Consider the result of that prophecy," said he, "and you will see Republican applause and laughter, 'I don't know whether he is a prophet, or a prophet of a prophet, or a prophet of a piece of the stuffed prophet of Buzard's bay.'"  
Mr. Wilson then tried to obtain a vote on the question, but without success. At 5:30, without action on the pending amendment, the committee rose, and the house took a recess until tonight at 8 o'clock.  
At the night session Messrs. Arnold (Dem., Mo.), McDermond (Dem., Tenn.) and Gray (Rep., O.) addressed the house, and at 10 o'clock the house adjourned.

**THE GOVERNOR IS FIRM.**

**He Says the State of Florida is Opposed to the Fight.**  
NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A special to the Press from Tallahassee says that when Mr. Bowden visited the governor the latter showed no evidence of ill-temper, but told Mr. Bowden that the people of the state of Florida did not want the fight. Duval county might desire it, but Duval county was only a portion of the state. He was governor of Florida, and needed no board of arbitration to instruct him as to his duties. The governor, Attorney General Lamar and Mr. Bowden dined tonight. Mr. Lamar and the governor bantered Bowden about the fight.  
"I am sorry you are so interested in this," said Mr. Lamar. "I hate to see an old friend like you lose money."  
"Yes, Bowden," said the governor, "you are too nice a fellow to be mixed up in this."  
"Come to Jacksonville, governor, on the 23d inst.," said Mr. Bowden, "and I will show you the quietest fight ever witnessed. You come, too, Mr. Lamar," he added.  
"Oh, Bowden," said the governor, "how foolish."  
"Well, you will see," Bowden rejoined.  
"Yes," said the governor, sentimentally, and started for the capitol.  
When asked later whether he intended to proclaim martial law in Duval and St. Johns county, the governor said there was no necessity for it.  
"I have never seen a man stand in readiness and troops to be sent to Jacksonville to prevent the contest. The militia in Jacksonville will not be called out. I wish to be distinctly understood in saying that I shall prevent this contest from being held in Jacksonville if in my power."  
**Corbett Was Ill.**  
NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A special to the World from Jacksonville says that Jim Corbett was very sick for an hour today, and had a lot of vomiting and several minutes, and left him very limp and ragged, although he recovered by the time he had had a good dinner. It appears that Corbett has been having daily arguments with Trainer Delaney about his work. The latter has been doing his best to get Corbett into his time to heroic exercises, but he has not been able up to this time to convince the champion on that point.

**RATES TO THE FIGHT.**

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16.—News was received here today that General Passenger Agent Beckwood, of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Gulf railroad, had announced a round-trip rate of \$30 from Kansas City to Jacksonville for the Corbett-Mitchell fight. General Passenger Agent Beckwood, of the Missouri Pacific, promptly met this rate. The Queen & Crescent is the principal Southern line that has not reduced its rate. The Southern Passenger association has cast iron rules against rate cutting. Railroad men here believe the Queen & Crescent will not cut its rate, and will enforce the penalty against cutters.

**No Arrests Made.**

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 16.—No arrests have yet been made by the Duval Athletic club to arrest the principals in the boxing match held here last night. It was expected that a test case might be made of the contest, but the Duval people say that no such will be taken.  
H. M. Fieger, who owns nearly all of St. Augustine, says that the Corbett-Mitchell fight will not be held in St. Johns county if he can prevent it.

**A Bid for the Fight.**

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 16.—Leading Montana sporting men believe that the Corbett-Mitchell fight cannot be pulled off in Florida, and are out with a bid to have the fight held in Montana. A meeting of several wealthy stock growers it was decided to offer a herd of 3,000 range cattle, worth \$30 a head, to the winner of the fight. No danger of interference from officers, for three years the herd of cattle would be worth a quarter of a million.

**Jimmy Ryan Whipped.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Jack McAuliffe, champion lightweight of the world, tonight bested Jimmy Ryan, who claims to be champion middleweight of Australia, in six rounds at the Grand Olympic hotel. McAuliffe was in excellent condition, being very fat, but nevertheless he was able to hit Ryan at several points. Ryan did little leading. The general impression was that McAuliffe was able to make a better showing if he had tried.

**Dutch Neal Won.**

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—In the six-round contest tonight between "Shadow" and "Dutch" Neal the decision was in favor of Neal.

**Big Billiards.**

Henry Sampson did a piece of work in billiards Monday afternoon at Minneapolis in Peterson's billiard hall, while playing with Frank Thayer, that is the most remarkable achievement ever accomplished by any amateur. Thayer informed a (Cleveland) reporter yesterday of the fact. He said: "Sam and I were playing together at Peterson's Monday afternoon. Sampson made so many billiard shots that I got fairly disgusted. All at once Sampson got the anchor nurse, and began making a great run. We kept the record at first, but finally we agreed that he must have at least made 10. From then on we kept an accurate account. To our amazement Sampson kept right along until he rolled up, including the estimated 10, the phenomenal run of 202, or exceeding that, of 223 points. This seems pretty big, I admit, but Sampson and myself will willingly give an affidavit if there is any one who doubts the truth. He never moved the red ball a hair."

**The Ice Too Soft.**

It was decided last evening to postpone until next week the attempt to lower the long distance skating records by A. D. Smith. As there seemed to be no prospect of immediate change in the weather, and as Smith has been unable to secure any practice on the ice for several days, on account of the duration of this it was decided to postpone it until all conditions are favorable. He will make the attempt some evening next week.

**TINKERING THE TARIFF.**

**REPUBLICANS MAKE AN EFFORT TO OFFER AMENDMENTS.**  
**BUT ARE QUIETLY SAT UPON**  
**General Discussion on the Wool Schedule—Duty on Condensed Milk and Cigarettes Raised—Senators Hoar, Gray and Daniel Talked About Hawaii in the Senate.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Very little progress was made with the amendments to the tariff bill today. The Republicans under the leadership of Mr. Burrows made an effort to secure the right to offer amendments alternately with Mr. Wilson, but, as on yesterday, the chairman held, in view of the precedent of procedure when the McKinley bill was under consideration, that Mr. Wilson, on behalf of the majority of the committee, was entitled to perfect the bill before it was thrown open to miscellaneous amendment.  
Several minor amendments were agreed to, the most important being to increase the duty on condensed milk to two cents a pound. Almost the entire afternoon was spent in discussing the date upon which free wool and the corresponding reduction on manufactures of wool should go into effect. No conclusion was reached. At the opening of the session of the house this morning Mr. Springer (Dem., Ill.) asked unanimous consent to correct an Illinois newspaper report attributing some remarks made by Mr. Dilliver (Rep., Ill.) to him. Mr. Dilliver remarked sarcastically that this was very painful, but he would make no objection, on Mr. Dilliver's account. [Laughter.]  
Mr. Springer explained that he had commended the tariff bill highly, in order of denouncing it, as had been reported. The house resumed the consideration of THE TARIFF BILL.  
Mr. Wilson immediately began offering committee amendments. The first was to reduce the duty on furs for hats from 30 to 10 per cent. The next amendment was one to place on the free list, in addition to the books, etc., printed over twenty years, hydrographic charts. This also was agreed to.  
This was followed by an amendment changing the ratio on condensed milk from 20 per cent ad valorem to two cents per pound, which occasioned considerable debate.  
Mr. Northway (Rep., O.) and Mr. Curtis (Rep., N. J.) argued that there was no sugar of milk industry before 1893, and that the proposed reduction would ruin and result in an increase from 10 to 15 per cent. Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) protested against bringing up our children on foreign sugar of milk. Mr. Breckinridge defended the committee's amendment. Mr. Bowers (Rep., Cal.) got recognized, and argued for the present duty on raisins. He created much amusement by throwing an armful of California raisins towards the Democratic assistant secretary, Mr. Scrambling among the members, and soon half the house was complacently munching the fruit.  
The amendment to the tobacco tax restricting the amount of tax on cigarettes from 50 cents a thousand to \$1.50, to those wrapped in paper, was agreed to.  
Amendments of Mr. Wilson to take hairs, cane or reed, wrought or manufactured, from the free list, and restore to the dutiable list at 7 per cent, and make the dutiable schedule on the free list effective only with such countries as admit the same articles from their country free were adopted.  
Mr. Wilson then offered an amendment to put the free wool schedule into effect Aug. 1, 1894. This was vigorously opposed by Mr. Johnson (Dem., O.) and Mr. Warner (Dem., N. Y.), but on different grounds.  
The former claimed the amendment delayed the benefit to come from free wool too long, and the latter contended that if the wool manufacturers were not to have free wool in time to give the people cheaper woollen goods, the next winter he was in favor of allowing the present duty to stand, in order to give the farmers a market for their wool during the coming summer.  
Mr. Bowers (Rep., Cal.) asked if he had it right that free wool would not decrease the price of wool, but Mr. Warner replied emphatically that he had it right that free wool would not decrease the price of wool, but it would effect the market should be retained this year.  
This precipitated a general discussion on the subject, in which Messrs. Payne, Springer (Dem., Ill.), Pickler (Rep., N. D.), Simpson (Pop., Kan.), Johnson (Dem., O.) and Cannon (Rep., Ill.) took part. Mr. Wilson then explained his amendment at length. The debate on the date on which THE WOOL SCHEDULE would go into effect was taken up by Messrs. Marsh (Rep., Va.), Moses (Dem., Mo.), Bryan (Dem., Neb.), Gray (Dem., Mo.), Breckinridge (Dem., Ark.), Johnson of Ohio; Herrmann, of Oregon; Enloe, of Tennessee; Henderson of Illinois; Montgomery, of Kentucky; Weadock, of Michigan; Blair, of New Hampshire; Marsh (Rep., Ill.), Lord (Rep., Cal.) and Hartman, of Iowa. The latter in denouncing the whole bill and the predictions of its author called attention to his prophecy of a general revival of business when the Sherman law was repealed.  
"Consider the result of that prophecy," said he, "and you will see Republican applause and laughter, 'I don't know whether he is a prophet, or a prophet of a prophet, or a prophet of a piece of the stuffed prophet of Buzard's bay.'"  
Mr. Wilson then tried to obtain a vote on the question, but without success. At 5:30, without action on the pending amendment, the committee rose, and the house took a recess until tonight at 8 o'clock.  
At the night session Messrs. Arnold (Dem., Mo.), McDermond (Dem., Tenn.) and Gray (Rep., O.) addressed the house, and at 10 o'clock the house adjourned.

**THE GOVERNOR IS FIRM.**

**He Says the State of Florida is Opposed to the Fight.**  
NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A special to the Press from Tallahassee says that when Mr. Bowden visited the governor the latter showed no evidence of ill-temper, but told Mr. Bowden that the people of the state of Florida did not want the fight. Duval county might desire it, but Duval county was only a portion of the state. He was governor of Florida, and needed no board of arbitration to instruct him as to his duties. The governor, Attorney General Lamar and Mr. Bowden dined tonight. Mr. Lamar and the governor bantered Bowden about the fight.  
"I am sorry you are so interested in this," said Mr. Lamar. "I hate to see an old friend like you lose money."  
"Yes, Bowden," said the governor, "you are too nice a fellow to be mixed up in this."  
"Come to Jacksonville, governor, on the 23d inst.," said Mr. Bowden, "and I will show you the quietest fight ever witnessed. You come, too, Mr. Lamar," he added.  
"Oh, Bowden," said the governor, "how foolish."  
"Well, you will see," Bowden rejoined.  
"Yes," said the governor, sentimentally, and started for the capitol.  
When asked later whether he intended to proclaim martial law in Duval and St. Johns county, the governor said there was no necessity for it.  
"I have never seen a man stand in readiness and troops to be sent to Jacksonville to prevent the contest. The militia in Jacksonville will not be called out. I wish to be distinctly understood in saying that I shall prevent this contest from being held in Jacksonville if in my power."  
**Corbett Was Ill.**  
NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A special to the World from Jacksonville says that Jim Corbett was very sick for an hour today, and had a lot of vomiting and several minutes, and left him very limp and ragged, although he recovered by the time he had had a good dinner. It appears that Corbett has been having daily arguments with Trainer Delaney about his work. The latter has been doing his best to get Corbett into his time to heroic exercises, but he has not been able up to this time to convince the champion on that point.

**RATES TO THE FIGHT.**

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16.—News was received here today that General Passenger Agent Beckwood, of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Gulf railroad, had announced a round-trip rate of \$30 from Kansas City to Jacksonville for the Corbett-Mitchell fight. General Passenger Agent Beckwood, of the Missouri Pacific, promptly met this rate. The Queen & Crescent is the principal Southern line that has not reduced its rate. The Southern Passenger association has cast iron rules against rate cutting. Railroad men here believe the Queen & Crescent will not cut its rate, and will enforce the penalty against cutters.

**No Arrests Made.**

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 16.—No arrests have yet been made by the Duval Athletic club to arrest the principals in the boxing match held here last night. It was expected that a test case might be made of the contest, but the Duval people say that no such will be taken.  
H. M. Fieger, who owns nearly all of St. Augustine, says that the Corbett-Mitchell fight will not be held in St. Johns county if he can prevent it.

**A Bid for the Fight.**

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 16.—Leading Montana sporting men believe that the Corbett-Mitchell fight cannot be pulled off in Florida, and are out with a bid to have the fight held in Montana. A meeting of several wealthy stock growers it was decided to offer a herd of 3,000 range cattle, worth \$30 a head, to the winner of the fight. No danger of interference from officers, for three years the herd of cattle would be worth a quarter of a million.

**Jimmy Ryan Whipped.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Jack McAuliffe, champion lightweight of the world, tonight bested Jimmy Ryan, who claims to be champion middleweight of Australia, in six rounds at the Grand Olympic hotel. McAuliffe was in excellent condition, being very fat, but nevertheless he was able to hit Ryan at several points. Ryan did little leading. The general impression was that McAuliffe was able to make a better showing if he had tried.

**Dutch Neal Won.**

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—In the six-round contest tonight between "Shadow" and "Dutch" Neal the decision was in favor of Neal.

**Big Billiards.**

Henry Sampson did a piece of work in billiards Monday afternoon at Minneapolis in Peterson's billiard hall, while playing with Frank Thayer, that is the most remarkable achievement ever accomplished by any amateur. Thayer informed a (Cleveland) reporter yesterday of the fact. He said: "Sam and I were playing together at Peterson's Monday afternoon. Sampson made so many billiard shots that I got fairly disgusted. All at once Sampson got the anchor nurse, and began making a great run. We kept the record at first, but finally we agreed that he must have at least made 10. From then on we kept an accurate account. To our amazement Sampson kept right along until he rolled up, including the estimated 10, the phenomenal run of 202, or exceeding that, of 223 points. This seems pretty big, I admit, but Sampson and myself will willingly give an affidavit if there is any one who doubts the truth. He never moved the red ball a hair."

**The Ice Too Soft.**

It was decided last evening to postpone until next week the attempt to lower the long distance skating records by A. D. Smith. As there seemed to be no prospect of immediate change in the weather, and as Smith has been unable to secure any practice on the ice for several days, on account of the duration of this it was decided to postpone it until all conditions are favorable. He will make the attempt some evening next week.

**TINKERING THE TARIFF.**

**REPUBLICANS MAKE AN EFFORT TO OFFER AMENDMENTS.**  
**BUT ARE QUIETLY SAT UPON**  
**General Discussion on the Wool Schedule—Duty on Condensed Milk and Cigarettes Raised—Senators Hoar, Gray and Daniel Talked About Hawaii in the Senate.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Very little progress was made with the amendments to the tariff bill today. The Republicans under the leadership of Mr. Burrows made an effort to secure the right to offer amendments alternately with Mr. Wilson, but, as on yesterday, the chairman held, in view of the precedent of procedure when the McKinley bill was under consideration, that Mr. Wilson, on behalf of the majority of the committee, was entitled to perfect the bill before it was thrown open to miscellaneous amendment.  
Several minor amendments were agreed to, the most important being to increase the duty on condensed milk to two cents a pound. Almost the entire afternoon was spent in discussing the date upon which free wool and the corresponding reduction on manufactures of wool should go into effect. No conclusion was reached. At the opening of the session of the house this morning Mr. Springer (Dem., Ill.) asked unanimous consent to correct an Illinois newspaper report attributing some remarks made by Mr. Dilliver (Rep., Ill.) to him. Mr. Dilliver remarked sarcastically that this was very painful, but he would make no objection, on Mr. Dilliver's account. [Laughter.]  
Mr. Springer explained that he had commended the tariff bill highly, in order of denouncing it, as had been reported. The house resumed the consideration of THE TARIFF BILL.  
Mr. Wilson immediately began offering committee amendments. The first was to reduce the duty on furs for hats from 30 to 10 per cent. The next amendment was one to place on the free list, in addition to the books, etc., printed over twenty years, hydrographic charts. This also was agreed to.  
This was followed by an amendment changing the ratio on condensed milk from 20 per cent ad valorem to two cents per pound, which occasioned considerable debate.  
Mr. Northway (Rep., O.) and Mr. Curtis (Rep., N. J.) argued that there was no sugar of milk industry before 1893, and that the proposed reduction would ruin and result in an increase from 10 to 15 per cent. Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) protested against bringing up our children on foreign sugar of milk. Mr. Breckinridge defended the committee's amendment. Mr. Bowers (Rep., Cal.) got recognized, and argued for the present duty on raisins. He created much amusement by throwing an armful of California raisins towards the Democratic assistant secretary, Mr. Scrambling among the members, and soon half the house was complacently munching the fruit.  
The amendment to the tobacco tax restricting the amount of tax on cigarettes from 50 cents a thousand to \$1.50, to those wrapped in paper, was agreed to.  
Amendments of Mr. Wilson to take hairs, cane or reed, wrought or manufactured, from the free list, and restore to the dutiable list at 7 per cent, and make the dutiable schedule on the free list effective only with such countries as admit the same articles from their country free were adopted.  
Mr. Wilson then offered an amendment to put the free wool schedule into effect Aug. 1, 1894. This was vigorously opposed by Mr. Johnson (Dem., O.) and Mr. Warner (Dem., N. Y.), but on different grounds.  
The former claimed the amendment delayed the benefit to come from free wool too long, and the latter contended that if the wool manufacturers were not to have free wool in time to give the people cheaper woollen goods, the next winter he was in favor of allowing the present duty to stand, in order to give the farmers a market for their wool during the coming summer.  
Mr. Bowers (Rep., Cal.) asked if he had it right that free wool would not decrease the price of wool, but Mr. Warner replied emphatically that he had it right that free wool would not decrease the price of wool, but it would effect the market should be retained this year.  
This precipitated a general discussion on the subject, in which Messrs. Payne, Springer (Dem., Ill.), Pickler (Rep., N. D.), Simpson (Pop., Kan.), Johnson (Dem., O.) and Cannon (Rep., Ill.) took part. Mr. Wilson then explained his amendment at length. The debate on the date on which THE WOOL SCHEDULE would go into effect was taken up