MR. CARLISLE CONCLUDES.

THE FINAL PASSAGES DRAMATIC AND IMPRESSIVE.

COL. THOMPSON TO THE JURY.

His Address of the Kentucky Type—Judge Bradley Reproves His Coarseness—Judge Wilson Corrects a Misstatement—The Colonel's Lawyer Appears to Regard the Case as Desperate.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Col. Phil Thompson, formerly a member of congress from Kentucky, and one of the best-known men in Washington, entertained the jury in the Pollard-Breckinridge case today with a pyrotechnic speech such as has rarely been heard in this section. The Blue Grass orator once had a great reputation as a stump speaker, and Washington had a chance to see on what the fame is founded. Col. Thompson is a thick-set, chubby, red-faced man, with scant hair on the top of his head. He talks in a free and easy, but exceedingly vigorous manner. His speech was sprinkled with anecdotes, some of them too broad for reproduction, and his views regarding the stability of the seventh commandment will doubtless provoke responses from the pulpits of New England. Madeline Pollard did not hear the terms in which her fellow Kentuckian referred to her as an adventuress and shameless woman, because she left the court as soon as Mr. Carlisle had finished his plea in her behalf. The speech of Col. Thompson will be concluded tomorrow, and then Maj. Ben Butterworth, another ex-congressman, who is a mild-spoken Quaker, will follow him.

IN DETAIL.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—There was something on foot in the circuit court today of which the spectators did not receive the benefit. Judge Bradley held a letter in his hand when the court met in which he seemed deeply interested. He called up to his desk three of the counsel, Messrs. Carlisle, Wilson and Butterworth, exhibited the letter to them, and the four put their heads together over the document for ten minutes. Then one of the jurors was called up, and the consultation was prolonged for ten minutes before Mr. Carlisle resumed his argument. It is thought that the cause of the conference was one of the anonymous letters which have poured in by the bushel on all the court officers and every person interested in the trial. The judge receives dozens of them every day, making all sorts of suggestions. Dark skies were overhead and a drizzling rain made the day one of the most uncomfortable ones of the trial, so that there were few people in the court room. Among the first was Madeline Pollard, with the most becoming bonnet which she has worn of late, and the Kentucky congressman, her antagonist, somewhat paler than usual, his paleness noticeable because of the usual ruddy flush in his cheeks.

CARLISLE CONCLUDES.

Attorney Calderon Carlisle took up his review of the testimony where he had dropped it last night, and devoted himself for the first half hour particularly to a discussion of Mrs. Gov. Blackburn's testimony. He rehearsed in a manner devoid of rhetorical attitudes, and in a colloquial tone, how Col. Breckinridge had brought to the Kentucky lady the plaintiff in this case, saying that she was much to him now, and would be more in the future, as he intended to make her his wife.

In commenting on the testimony of Claud de la Roche Francis, cousin of Ward McAllister and nephew of Marquis de la Roche, chamberlain to the pope, Mr. Carlisle evoked the smile which for some reason always flits across the court room at the mention of that young person. Mr. Carlisle laid stress upon the fact that, in response to the production of Miss Pollard's letters, only those two which it would be advantageous for the defense to read were brought forward. After recalling how a murderer had once been convicted because in the furnace into which he had thrust his victim he had failed to consume the victim's false teeth, the lawyer brought forward the work basket which had belonged to the late Mrs. Breckinridge which the colonel had denied having given to Miss Pollard, and reminded the jury of the testimony of Mary Yancey, a colored cook, who had seen the pair sitting on the sofa together with the basket between them.

FROM THE DRAMATIC PASSAGE

in which he flashed the basket upon the jury, Mr. Carlisle passed on to the time when Miss Pollard took Col. Breckinridge from the side of his lawful wife, at the house in Jefferson place, with the quotation from Miss Pollard's testimony, "I said, 'Come with me, Willie,' and he came," to the interview in the office of the chief of police, to which the colonel had said he was taking the young woman to place her in the hands of the law, and where he had sworn, clasping her hand, to marry her on the 31st of May. The history of similar cases did not show a more complete chain of evidence, Mr. Carlisle contended. The defendant asked the jury to believe on his single word, unsupported by a shred of corroborating testimony or conduct on his part, that the engagement of marriage had been a concerted subterfuge, to disbelieve the testimony of Mrs. Blackburn, of Maj. Moore, of Francis, of Mary Yancey and many others, and against all these take his own word for a story utterly and altogether improbable, a story which he had every possible inducement to contrive and stick to. "That defense stands wholly and solely upon his unsupported words," continued the speaker. "I ask you to judge of him only by what he has told you here on this stand, a standard by which every witness can be judged without complaint. A father of a family, with eight children, and a devoted wife, he tells you

HE LIVED FOR NINE YEARS

in calm, deliberate adultery with this woman, not giving way to sudden passion, not led by a misguided love, but that lust and not love was the bond between them. During those years he was posing before the world as a Christian statesman, a man high in the councils of the Presbyterian church, giving counsel to saints and sinners, while his life itself was a lie. He asks you to believe him now on the ground that during those half-dozen interviews with Mrs. Blackburn, a woman high in the standing of her state, who must have won the admiration of every mother's son in this box, he told her, and carried on a complicated lie." The exigency now pressing the colonel was greater, far greater, Mr. Carlisle said, than any which had hung over him before the

INDUCEMENT FOR HIM TO LIE

was greater than ever; yet he asked the jury to believe his uncorroborated word now on the supposition that he had always lied before when he made statements controverting his present position. "This young woman does not come before you stainless," the lawyer began in comparing the character of his client with that of the statesman. 'What is left now of her life? The opportunity is past for him to make that reparation he owed to her and himself. When you compare the character of the witnesses on both sides; when you think of this man with power, socially, politically and otherwise, who acquired domination of this unfortunate girl; who ruined her life, you cannot believe that he promised to make good to her the ruin of her life, you cannot, with the thought of the mothers and daughters in the land, refuse to make the only possible reparation to this unfortunate plaintiff."

Reminding them of the $50,000 which the declaration would allow them to award, Mr. Carlisle closed his plea and Miss Pollard and her companion left the room. Then Col. Phil Thompson faced the jury.

COL. THOMPSON

started off with the proposition that his client was not responsible for dragging this case into court; that it was not the province of the jury to punish his client for immorality; although he asked no leniency at the bar or of public opinion. Who was it, he asked, who had trought into court this mass of filth, spreading it through the newspapers before the daughters of the family?" I want you to try this woman as a bawd and a wanton, as she acknowledged herself," declared Mr. Thompson.

"Do you want to encourage every bawd and wanton in the country to bring their filthy suits into this court and corrupt the community?"

He asserted that the suit had been brought with revenge as its prompting motive, and told the jurymen that if they had lived with the woman, as Col. Breckinridge had, they would not have taken her into their family, among their daughters and placed her at the head of their table. Every decent man would sustain the colonel in his refusal to do that. Beginning with Madeline Pollard's age, since, he said, she had claimed to have been seduced by the colonel at the age of seventeen, he inquired why her mother and the family Bible had not been brought forward as the best proof of her age. Back at that time when she claimed she was seventeen, she had been associated with Mollie Shinglebower, and he could not understand why so much had been said about Mollie Shinglebower, who was as good as the strumpets she had associated with. A good deal had been said about so many witnesses for the defense having been in houses of prostitution, but Col. Thompson had no doubt that many a good fellow had been in such places, and could tell the truth about what happened there as well as if it had happened in a meeting house. If people wanted to find out what happened in these places, they must go after the people who had been there. Turning to the occasion of

THE MOCK MARRIAGE

at Squire Tinsley's, he said that Miss Pollard had been in a state of debauchery and drunkenness, although she claimed that she was sick. People generally said that they were sick under such circumstances. Mr. Thompson had been there himself, he frankly admitted.

Julian was a pretty good sort of a fellow, although he had shot out his eyes in one of his drunken sprees. He had not wanted to tell what he knew about the girl, but it had been dragged out of him, and he had half apologized for her, saying that she was as good as the other girls in the locality. Yet it was a fact that he had taken her up stairs when they were drunk, and laid her down on the bed. As he was proceeding to the discussion of subsequent events, he demanded to know where the plaintiff got so much money to prosecute this case with, all the necessary expenses to hire these eminent counsel, and he promised to show that the woman had been a money seeker and a money getter every step of the way, and was trying to get money now. The counsel-or had some good words for Hiram Kaufmann and John Brandt, whose character he said had not been impeached. When Miss Pollard denied that she wrote that letter to Breckinridge she lied and had lost the case. The letter showed that he had come to the school on her invitation. It had been said that this timid little girl would not approach such a big man as Breckinridge, but she had told how she introduced herself in the same way to Russell, telling him that she had heard of him from Nellie Oliver and asked him to take her to the school. Mrs. Brown had come forward to purify the atmosphere of the school and nobody could blame her, because the plaintiff had left a trail of impurity behind her wherever she went. Speaking of the plaintiff's being under contract to Rhodes—"engaged to one man, and another man's mistress, and filking another out of his money," Col. Thompson exclaimed, "and a school girl at that. My God, it she ever gets out of her short dresses what a robber and a plunderer she will be."

JUDGE BRADLEY INTERRUPTED

the speech with a remonstrance: "Now, Mr. Thompson, please take care not to use such expressions as that," he said.

"What have I used, your honor."

"You said 'my God.'"

"I beg pardon, that was an inadvertence."

He then continued and discussed the improbability of the young woman accompanying Col. Breckinridge to an assignation house in Cincinnati, as she claimed, the day after a drive when he had made improper advances and she had repulsed him. After the noon recess Col. Thompson resumed his speech, calling Miss Pollard "the most skillful adventuress who ever made a track through a court room." He argued from dates that Col. Breckinridge could not have been the father of her first child. To give the plaintiff a verdict would be to convict Mollie Shinglebower, John Brandt, Hiram Kaufmann and the defendant of willful perjury. He referred to Miss Pollard's statement to Claude de la Roche Francis that Col. Breckinridge was a lovable and noble man and said that the defendent had been the soul of generosity throughout his dealings with the woman. Her letters to Rhodes, he said, were blind, wooden letters, to the man who had seduced her, and she was demanding the money of the poor old man. She went at Rhodes booted and spurred, and it was stand and deliver with her, telling him that he could not come and see her unless he put it up. Were those the demands of a school girl to a generous old man, who was furnishing the money for her education?

Col. Thompson, continuing, said that Miss Pollard had deliberately said that she had brought the suit for revenge, whereupon

MR. WILSON CORRECTED HIM.

Judge Bradley said: "There is no evidence to that effect in the case," and Mr. Butterworth said: "I think she did not say that."

Col. Thompson said he hoped the jury would correct him if he made any mistakes, as he had not tried a case for fifteen years and did not pretend to be up in law.

He told how Miss Pollard had gone to the convent last year not knowing that the child born several years ago was dead.

"The first born of a person that pretends to be a human being," he said, "after eight or nine years when she had raised her inhuman voice they tell you she went into hysterics.

"Oh, inhuman woman," he exclaimed. "Inhuman monster. In order to hide her own conduct she lays it on this man. We are appealed to by this woman in stage play by the sacred name of mother, trying to coin crocodile tears over children whose deaths she had forgotten, to coin money out of the pockets of the man with whom she had lived in equal disgrace."

He referred to the life of Miss Pollard at Miss Hoyt's in Lexington when she played the innocent school girl to the landlady. Then he came to

MISS LOWELL,

the typewriter at the capitol, and produced her memorandum book to show that it ran its entries from 1887 to 1888, so that if the transaction had occurred it had not been in 1886. The charges in the book might have been to Clifton Breckinridge. He (Thompson) found his own name in the book, although he did not remember having had any work done by Miss Lowell, to whom he referred as "the old lady." Col. Thompson contended in his picturesque way that it knocked the stuffing out of the case. The plaintiff swore that the name of her last baby was "Dietz Carlisle," when the records of the asylum showed that the only baby brought there at the time was named "Dietz Downing."

She seemed to be always daft about two things. She was always trying to get money and go to school, had been talking about going to school at Berlin clear up to last fall. Then she had always been wanting to get married; would have married old man Woods "if he could have showed up the money to take her to Europe."

Col. Thompson did not believe that her mother had sold her out to Rhodes as a Chinaman sold his girl. He had been intimate with her, and was sending her to school in good faith, intending to marry her.

THE OTHER SIDE

make a great point on the colonel's signing her examination papers for the civil service, certifying that she had a moral character. "There was not any fussing or stewing or kicking up a dust along about that time," he went on, "both of them were pursuing a course of immorality agreeable to both and were telling any little lies that came along to help each other out. Every man in the court has told the case about their little domestic matters. "If there were any who had not they had better go out for a while, because they were too sanctimonious for the place. But the attorneys on the other side seemed to think this case was like that of the old preacher in Kentucky who was tried for adultery with one of the sisters. The jury, all men, returned a verdict finding the minister guilty and acquitted the sister.

Miss Pollard's testimony, from which he read, showed that she admitted they both lied. In one instance she had called him out of Chamberlain's to help her out of a scrape, and "Billy always came," he said. Concerning Mrs. Blackburn, Col. Thompson said that she was a lovely old lady, but she was getting pretty well along in years. She is no longer a maiden gay, he said. She would not tell anything that was not so for the world, but "the old lady thought she had been imposed upon, and wanted to put it to Col. Breckinridge as hard as she could. That's only human nature; I don't blame her; I admire her spirit. Why, I was afraid she would jump down my throat, frizzes and all, when I began to examine her." The jury was not to punish Col. Breckinridge for immorality.

ALL THE GREAT MEN

of the world had had their troubles with women. When Julius Cæsar was not making laws he was making love to Cleopatra. David had put Uriah in the forefront of battles because he had looked on the man's wife and she was lovely. "If there have been great men who were not fond of women they were great hypocrites," the colonel declared. There was Bonaparte, Washington, all of them who had their affairs of love, as well as of war, and he added: "I don't see why this man, who is no worse than the rest of us, only he has been discovered and we have not, should be punished unless we are to be hypocrites." If Col. Breckinridge had been disposed to lie he might have kept many things to his discredit out of the case, only because he would not play the part of a hypocrite and perjurer, he was condemned. "We are looking at this thing as men of the world and men of common sense," the colonel said, going on to tell how the colonel had provided for her. She had said that she preferred being Col. Breckinridge's mistress to Jim Rhodes' wife, and why? Because as his mistress she did not have to work, went into good society and had intellectual companionship. "Why, I had rather be the mistress of a man like Col. Brekinridge, good-looking and intellectual, than to sleep all the days of my life beside an omnibus.' That was her choice, and I think it was a good one,' averred the defendant's attorney. Coming down to the

DEATH OF BRECKINRIDGE'S WIFE,

the attorney said: "Then and there a new ambition sprung up in her. She said, here is the old man I have swung onto so long. He is free and now I'll make him marry me. Col. Breckinridge had never introduced her to Mrs. Blackburn and the other ladies, in whose parlors she had left her slime, and yet it was demanded that he should go there and admit his relations with her. No man would have done it. He would have looked pretty amusing, the role of the seraphim and cherubim, driving her out of the garden of Eden when she had got there."

"This a common going on all the time," and Col. Thompson, taking another tack, "only he is exposed and most of them are not, and it is a good thing. But all of us have these relations with women, that is, all men, just to show that they are men. There may be some good fellows, only I never met them. They start in to have a little fun with a woman, and the first thing they know they have got into eternal hell with her."

Here the court adjourned.

ENDORSED BY ALL.

REMARKABLE SUCCESS OF PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND IN ST. PAUL.

Notable Instance of the Results of Liberal Advertising in the Globe—Spring Medicines—It Makes People Well.

In January when times were the hardest and many advertisers were reducing their expenditures for printer's ink, the GLOBE had an order from the proprietors of Paine's celery compound for the largest amount of advertising ever published by it for any medicine.

The wisdom of this course is shown by the fact that today the druggists of this city report that no other medicine sells as freely as Paine's celery compound. This is a good object lesson for the local advertisers and shows that if they have an article of superior merit, and will advertise it liberally and judiciously in the GLOBE they will find their trade increasing and the hard times will not be noticed by them.

Among newspaper men, Paine's celery compound is especially popular. There is no occupation whose requirements are so wearing upon the nervous system as that of newspaper work. Subject to duty at all times, with a liability to sleepless nights and dinnerless days, there is a peculiar strain upon the system in the reporter's work, which frequently leads to physical exhaustion and mental depression. Many newspaper workers in St. Paul who have suffered severely from nervous troubles, arising from overwork and close confinement, find pleasure in attributing to Paine's celery compound their new strength and vigor. It is an ideal medicine, producing lasting good results, and is pleasant to take. It is a soothing, strengthening, and altogether wholesome remedy that will cure any case of nervous exhaustion or kindred ailment that has not reached a hopeless state, if indeed such a condition is possible since the invaluable properties of celery have been utilized in combination with other herbs to make this preparation.

At this season of the year, when the nerves need strengthening and the blood purifying, there is an enormous demand for the compound, which serves to prove the value of extensive and judicious advertising of a meritorious article.

MODIFICATION.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The senate committee on finance agreed today to report favorably the amendments to the tariff bill introduced on the 3d inst. by Senator Vest, of the Democratic majority, and the amendments were afterwards reported to the senate. Some alterations were made in the amendments, and, as reported, they do not carry the change contemplated in paragraph 268, in which the words "New Zealand" appear before the word "hemp" were to be stricken out, and in which jute was to be included among the articles to be made dutiable at 10 per cent ad valorem.

This amendment was receded from. A new amendment was agreed to in paragraph 399, which has the effect of modifying the terms under which manilla is to be admitted free by providing that it shall be of the class not exceeding 650 feet to the pound.

The amendments were adopted by a strict party vote.

SIZZLING WITH ANGER.

REPUBLICAN STATESMEN ARE BESIDE THEMSELVES WITH ANGER.

THEY WERE OVERLOOKED

By the Astute John Goodnow in the Resolutions at Minneapolis—Minnesota's Delegation in Congress Evidently Feels Very Decidedly Hurt Over Its Treatment—Wail From Washington.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—There is blood on the Republican moon. Members of congress here from Minnesota are just now comparing notes, and asking each other, "What in —— do we get out of that Republican league convention called to glorify McKinley?" John Goodnow's nose will be out of joint unless something is done to placate the whole Minnesota Republican delegation in congress. Just what the Republican league club convention meant by passing a vote cordially indorsing Knute Nelson as governor, and saying nothing about Davis, or Washburn, or Tawney, or McCleary, or Kiefer or Fletcher—that is what our congressional delegation is just now struggling to get through its thick and stubborn protectionist head. One of the Republican members said to the GLOBE correspondent:

"I wonder if those cursed fools who had McKinley in tow up at Minneapolis remembered what Knute Nelson's record was on the Mills bill? Do they really indorse the protectionist views of McKinley, or the free-trade vagaries of the present Republican governor? That man Nelson was born under a lucky star. He can make calves of every brainy Republican in the state, and yet get there by Norwegian strength and Swedish awkwardness every time. He voted for the Mills bill. He has never publicly recanted that vote. The leader of the congressional opposition to that bill, and the mouthpiece of ultra-protectionist principles comes to Minnesota to open his campaign for president on the high-protection basis. With one voice the Republican league shouters howl out acclamations of indorsement for McKinley, and then rend the welkin for free-trader Knute.

"Not a word in praise of eloquent C. K. Davis; not a whisper about the splendid courage of Washburn; no thanks to Tawney: no indorsement of McCleary: no kind word for Kiefer; nothing smooth even for that excellent old warhorse and all-round statesman, your much respected Uncle Loren—no, sir; these infernal fools have been consistent Republicans and staunch protectionists from several centuries before the birth of our Savior. I tell you, my friend, it was better to have been born in Norway than to possess large wealth great beauty, wide knowledge, ponderous mentality and any quantity of consistency! That man John Goodnow doesn't seem to know hardly anything! Why, he gets up a show of breed horses and awards the first prize to a gelding!

"Happy! well I should say I was not happy—not by a large majority! The next thing we know that man Nelson will be in the senate. Then how will he vote when it comes to repealing these Democratic measures? Nobody knows. He voted with Mills in the house—may be the Texas civicist, statesman and political economist still holds a full title deed to the vote of the little Norwegian."

The speaker's eyes glistened with a strange, vindictiveness and revengeful light as he hissed out the words:

"I shall write to Mr. Goodnow! He is ambitious for a seat in congress! I will learn why he ignores statesmen and honest men. I will ascertain if he dispenses Republican indorsements on the same principle that the Almighty gives out his plan of salvation—concealing it from the wise and faithful and revealing it unto babes and fools!"

The speaker was vexed. Therefore your correspondent would not care to tell who he was. His criticism of Republican inconsistency seems to be well founded. The writer sympathized with him. Evidently the gentleman is a friend of Senator Washburn, and sincerely desires to have the Minneapolis man retain his seat in the senate.

REVISED SCHEDULE.

Bowling Games That Will Be Played at Foley's.

Owing to the fact that many of the Foley bowlers could not meet their engagements under the schedule of games recently promulgated, it became necessary to revise the same. The corrected schedule shows the following:

Thursday, April 12, Broadways and Henriettas; Monday, April 16, St. Pauls vs. Gophers and Summits vs. Wabashas; Tuesday, April 17, Franklins vs. Gophers No. 2; Thursday, April 19, Lafayettes vs. Gophers No. 2; Monday, April 23, Summits No. 2 vs. Broadways and Wabashas vs. Gophers No. 2; Wednesday, April 25, St. Pauls vs. Daytons; Thursday, April 26, Summits vs. Lafayettes.

CLARK AND CLOW WIN

From Monroe and Baron Billiard Games at Mayer's.

The regulation number of games—two—were played off in Julie Mayer's Hotel Metropolitan billiard tournament last night. Clark (200) and Monroe (180) were scheduled as the stars in the opening attraction. There were eighty-seven innings played, and this game resulted in a victory for Clark, he making his full 200 to the 175 scored by Monroe. The fact that the latter came within five points of making his required 180 points shows how close the game was. Though Clark was the winner he doubled but twice—11 and 10—in the forty-seventh and forty-eighth innings, with an average of 2 26-87. Monroe made double figures once—11—in the fifty-fifth inning. His average was 2 3-86.

Clow (300) against Baron (200) were the contestants in the second contest. This was a much shorter game than the first, as this required but fifty-two innings to reach a finish, resulting in the defeat of Baron, who fell short 110 points of the required 200. As was to be expected, Clow came out winner as he is a more experienced player. His high runs were 28, 29, 18, 10, 13, 24, 11, 22, 15, 11—thus doubling ten times, with an average of 5 10-13. Baron made one double—14—in his forty-fourth inning. His average was 1 4-5. The score card showed at the finish: Clow, 300; Baron, 90.

Tonight two games will be played—Babcock (200) vs. Baron (200), and Clow (300) vs. Clark (200).

Maber in Training.

Shadow Maber will finish his training at Fort Snelling for his contest with Bobby Dobbs. He is in good shape now, and says by next Monday night, when he enters the ring, he will be fit to fight for his life, and, if successful in defeating Dobbs, will challenge the winner of the Creedon and Moore match.

CORBETT'S ULTIMATUM.

Gives the Conditions Under Which He Will Fight.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Peter Jackson today sent a letter to James J. Corbett, pugilist, asking him to make definite arrangements before sailing for England to fight in June or July or August this year, for $10,000 a side. There are to be present only twenty persons. This evening Corbett said he was willing to fight Jackson in private and at short notice at a month's notice, but he ought not to be expected to engage in a public contest for a less sum than that hung up for his contest with Mitchell. He would bet $35,000 against $30,000 for a fight in private, but it must be to a finish. If there are to be new articles they must leave the whole world open, and no "north of Mason and Dixon's line" in them.

"I have but one desire," he said, "and that is to bring off the match. I shall keep my engagement as I always have." Corbett sails for England on Thursday. He has just bought for $25,000 a brown stone residence in West Forty-eighth street in this city, and will probably make this his home on his return from England.

Willing to Pack Maber.

A telegram was received at the Twin City Athletic club, Minneapolis, yesterday, from a well-known sporting man of Chicago, stating that he was willing to wager $1,000 that Shadow Maber would defeat Bobby Dobbs next Monday night.

Memphis Races.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 10. — The weather today was fair. The results:

First race, six furlongs—Lucasta won, Meddler second, Jennie S third. Time, 1:19¼.

Second race, four furlongs—Leona's last won, Volandar second, Rouble third. Time, :52.

Third race, mile and a sixteenth—Strathmeath won, Maid Marian second, Linda third. Time, 1:50½.

Fourth race, four furlongs—Handspun won, Sallie Woodford second, Lady McCann third. Time, :51¾.

Fifth race, mile—Simrock won, Wightman second, Bijur third. Time, 1:45.

Satinwood Dead.

SANTA ANA, Cal., April 10.—Satinwood, the valuable trotting stallion, died last night at the stables of his owner, J. Willets. Satinwood has been used mostly for breeding, but was to have been put in training this year, and had been showing great speed. He was five years old.

Base Ball.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 10.—St. Louis 4, Kansas City 0.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 10.—Brooklyn, 11; Wilkesbarre, 2.

BOSTON, April 10.—Boston, 13; Acme, 0.

PRENDERGAST SAW STARS.

Harrison's Murderer Again Goes to the Dungeon.

CHICAGO, April 10.—Patrick Eugene Prendergast is in the dungeon again. He entered with blood flowing from his nose and struggling like a mad man. Prendergast, in charge of Guard Ray Smith, was taking his exercise in the corridor, when the prisoner sat down in a chair belonging to the guard. Smith told him that this was against the rules and that he must go to his cell if he wanted to sit down. After some words Prendergast struck the guard a vicious blow on the neck, and in return received a crack on the nose that made him see stars and started the blood in a stream. He was then placed in a dungeon, where he will be kept until he agrees to behave himself.

Jochim Trial at Lansing.

LANSING, Mich., April 10.—Today's proceedings in the trial of ex-Secretary of State Jochim for falsifying the returns on the state officer's salary amendments develops the line of prosecution. It is, in brief, that the defendant could not have been innocent of the manipulation of returns by his subordinates, the work having been done in his private office. Also that in view of his personal interest in having his own salary raised from $800 to $2,000, and the fact that the vote was questioned and discussed in various aspects, it would have been impossible for him to have been ignorant of the falsification. Several county clerks have been subpoenaed to assist towards impeaching the canvass.

Evaiste Franchere Dead.

CRYSTAL LAKE, Minn., April 10.—Evaiste Franchere, a well-known druggist at this place, died at his residence at 2 o'clock Monday morning, aged seventy-four years. He came to Lake Crystal in November, 1869, after a twenty years' residence in California, and has been closely identified in the progressive movements and business interests of the town ever since. No history of Lake Crystal can ever be complete complete with his name left out. Mr. Franchere was a man of more than ordinary education, ability and integrity.

An Old Feud Murder.

OWINGSVILLE, Ky., April 10.—William Dealy stabbed Martin Cline to death yesterday in this city. The men were in a livery stable and renewed an old quarrel of long standing. Dealy drew a large pocket knife and began stabbing Cline and before the bystanders realized what he was doing had delivered a fatal thrust. He was stabbed three times. Cline ran to the door and fell dead without uttering a word. Dealy was arrested and jailed.

Gen. Slocum May Recover.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Dr. Charles M. Bellows, who is attending Gen. Henry Slocum at his residence in Brooklyn, where the latter is lying ill of pneumonia, reports that his patient is very much improved today, and that he has a fair chance of recovery.

Fatal Lamp.

EASTON, Pa., April 10.—John Snyder, aged seventy years, of Clearfield, was burned to death by a lamp falling upon him as he lay asleep on a lounge. His wife was so badly burned in trying to put out the fire that she will die.

Clothing Dealers Assign.

DULUTH, Minn., April 10.—Erickson & Marquis, clothing dealers at West Duluth, assigned today to Samuel Loeb The liabilities are about $5,000 and the assets are about the same.

Philadelphia Pastor Called.

DULUTH, Minn., April 10.—The Glen Avenue Presbyterian church, of Duluth has decided to extend a call to Rev Samuel Semple of Philadelphia. Formal action will be taken at a meeting tomorrow.

Janssen's Body Found.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 10.—The body of Assistant Chief Janssen, who lost his life with eight of his companions in the Davidson theater fire yesterday, was found in the ruins this morning.

Washington Wirings.

The elections committee of the house has decided to take a vote on the contested cases of Meyers-Funston, from Kansas, and the Asher-Enloe, Tennessee, on the 17th inst.

The president has nominated John Passage as postmaster at Delavan, Wis., and George Welhausen as postmaster at Two Rivers, Wis.

GOLD SWEATERS.

Accomplished Male and Female Criminals Captured at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, April 10.—Joseph Foster, alias James L. Wilcox, and Etta B. Foster, who claims to be his wife, had a hearing here today before United States Commissioner Rogers on the charge of sweating gold coin, and in default of $2,500 bail were committed to jail for a further hearing Thursday. Baltimore detectives who arrested them found on Wilcox's person $40 in gold dust and twenty-one gold pieces of light weight. A number of similar light-weight coins were obtained from merchants which had been given them by Wilcox in exchange for notes. Wilcox had also exchanged $850 in notes for gold coin at one of the banks, and in his room where the couple boarded the detectives captured a complete sweating outfit. The Chicago police department has telegraphed the authorities that officers will be sent to identify the accused, who are thought to be connected with a gang which has been arrested in that city.

COXEY'S "UNKNOWN."

He Is Identified as a Pinkerton Man.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 10.—The Dispatch of this city will tomorrow publish a circumstantial expose of the Coxey "unknown's" identity. It has the story from one Shannon, a resident of Allegheny City, who recently sold a tent to Coxey, which was later on said by the general not to be up to the requirements, and Shannon sued for breach of contract. Shannon claims that this suit was instituted by the "unknown," hence the story. Smith is said by the informed to be a Swede by the name of Jenson, a resident of Chicago, and an employe of the Pinkertons, in whose service he has been for several years. Shannon claims to have known Jenson a long time, and was a canvas man under him through several circus seasons.

STOCK GROWERS.

Dates for the Round-Ups Fixed—Storm Losses Small.

RAPID CITY, S. D., April 10.—Some seventy-five members of the Western South Dakota Stock Growers' association met here today to discuss annual round-ups. The dates for the round-ups to begin were fixed as follows: Lower Belle Fourche, May 17; Southside, May 10; Upper Belle Fourche, May 25; Upper Moreaux, June 10; Lower Moreaux, May 5; Grand River, May 31; Box Elder, May 15; Elk creek, May 10; Middle Cheyenne, July 1; Upper Bad river, May 17.

Inquiries among stockmen from all sections develop the fact that the losses from storms this winter have been greatly exaggerated. In the region east of the Black Hills the losses have been very light, while those in Wyoming were much heavier.

MGR. SATOLLI

Takes Sides Against Father Phelan in the Kain Controversy.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 10.—Father Phelan received today a letter from Mgr. Satolli in which the latter supports Archbishop Kain in his controversy with Father Phelan in regard to the publication in the Western Watchman and the circular issued condemning the paper. The letter states that he, Satolli, had instructed Archbishop Kain to intimate to Father Phelan that the course of his paper was not what it ought to be and that should be altered. It is also reminded the editor that of clesiastics were amenable by processe civil law for their acts. Father Phelan has replied to the delegate's letter, and will probably go to Washington next week.

DWELLING COLLAPSE.

Killed and Injured Number Ten—Building Contractor Arrested.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 10.—Two persons were killed and a number seriously injured tonight by the collapse of a three-story frame dwelling on McKibben street that had been raised for the purpose of alteration. Mrs. Catherine Clinton and Patrick Kelly were taken from the ruins dead. Michael Winmann and wife were badly injured; Charles, their son, will probably die, and five others were more or less injured. Albert Wood, the contractor who undertook the job, was arrested this evening.

BROKEN RAIL.

Brakeman Killed—Two Passengers Fatally Hurt.

BOURBON, Ind., April 10.—A frightful wreck occurred on the Lake Erie & Western railroad last night near Tyne City. As passenger train No. 20 was pulling out of the station it struck a broken rail, derailing the mail, baggage and smoking cars, rolling them down a ten-foot embankment. John Shaw, brakeman, was instantly killed. Two passengers, whose names could not be learned and who could not speak, were fatally injured. John Baldwin, of Tyne county, was thrown against a barb wire fence, and may die.

Leprosy at Dallas.

DALLAS, Tex., April 10.—A genuine case of leprosy was developed here today in its most loathesome form. A black native of the West Indies who claims to have escaped from the country two years ago was taken charge of and isolated by the police and health department. He is said by those who have seen him to be suffering from the disease in its most aggravated form. He has been isolated and while the matter has created intense anxiety official circles claim the people are in no danger of him.

New York Blaze.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Three alarms for a fire were sounded at 2:15 a. m. It broke out on the fourth floor of the brown stone building 102 to 106 Worcester street. The fire is now under control. The loss will probably not exceed $150,000.

Zardetti Is Out.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., April 10.—This morning, at 9 o'clock, Rt. Rev. Zardetti ceased to be bishop of the diocese of St. Cloud, and he is now the officially recognized archbishop of Bucharest, Roumania.

Deserves a Reward.

ANTONIO, Col., April 10.—Engineer Young's cool head saved Durango's passenger train last night from going over a 1,000-foot embankment. Young saw a rock on the track, and instead of jumping remained to manage his engine and held his own, though the engine turned over on the track.

Movements of Steamships.

NEW YORK—Arrived: Berlin, from Southampton; Columbia, from Genoa.

GIBRALTAR — Passed (9th): Kaiser Wilhelm I., from New York.

SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived: Havel, from New York.

QUEENSTOWN — Arrived: Teutonic, from New York.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad has purchased the remaining world's fair buildings, and will use the iron and steel in the construction of depot sheds, etc.

JERSEY ELECTIONS.

Republicans Took About Everything in Sight.

TRENTON, N. J., April 10.—In today's charter election the Democrats succeeded in electing but one councilman. Their candidate for councilman-at-large was beaten by over 2,000 votes. The next council will stand Republicans 15, Democrats 8.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., April 10.—This city went Republican by 3,592. The new council will stand: Republicans, 9; Democrats, 4.

PATERSON, N. J., April 10.—The Republicans elect three aldermen and Democrats two. An independent Republican and an independent Democrat are also chosen. The Socialist-Labor party elected one alderman.

PASSAIC, N. J., April 10.—The Republicans elected their tickets in three of the four wards of this city today. The city is usually Republican. The Democrats did not make much of a fight.

ORANGE, N. J., April 10.—The Republicans swept this city today and elected every man on their tickets. The Republicans elected all of the five alder. men. The normal Democratic majority in the city is 600. This is the first time in twenty years the Republicans have controlled all the branches of the city government at one time.

ELIZABETH, N. J.—April 10.—The Republicans elect mayor by 1,200 majority. On the aldermanic ticket the Democrats carry two wards and the Republicans four. The new council wil stand: Republicans, 7; Democrats, 6

NEWARK, N. J., April 10.—From the returns received at 1 o'clock Lebkucher, the Republican candidate for mayor, has carried the city by 3,000 majority.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., April 10.—In the election in the city today the Republicans gained one alderman.

CAMDEN, N. J., April 10.—The Republicans elected everything. Not a man who appeared on the Democratic ticket appears in the list of those elected. The Republicans increased their majority in the city by 1,800.

MONTCLAIRE, N. J., April 10.—Lewis V. Broanem, Democrat, was elected councilman at large over John H. Wilson, the Republican. The Democrats secured a majority of one in the council.

VERONA, N. J., April 10.—The Democrats elected their entire ticket in this town today. The ticket obtained the usual majority.

ALBANY LANDSLIDE.

Republicans and Hill Democrats Win the Victory.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 10.—One of the quietest municipal elections ever held in this city was followed tonight by almost pandemonium on the principal streets when the returns showed that the Democratic ticket had been defeated by a tremendous majority in favor of the pure election party, composed of Republicans and Independent Democrats. The battle of the day was between the Democratic organization here, led by D. Cady Herrick, a supporter of Mr. Cleveland, on the side of James W. Rooney, its candidate for mayor, and the honest elections party, composed of Republicans and Hill Democrats, supporting a combination ticket composed of both parties. The result is that the party that has controlled the city for fifteen years must leave the offices. The United Democratic party last fall gave a majority for the Democratic nominee for secretary of state of 3,369, while tonight it gave more than that majority on the other side. Orin E. Wilson, Republican, is elected mayor by 3,424 majority; the two aldermen at large are Republican and honest election party respectively. In the common council there will be seven Republicans, five honest election men and five organization Democrats.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., April 10.—The Republicans elected their mayor and five out of six aldermen. This is the first time in twenty-eight years the town has gone so strongly Republican.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

D. W. B. Brown has been convicted of an attempt to assassinate W. A. Mackey at Wooster, O.

The Aspen, Col., National bank has gone into liquidation, and the First National acts as its agent.

In California elections for local officers the Republicans were generally successful where party lines were drawn.

Extensive preparations are being made in the rural districts of Utah for a large immigration to Mexico this fall.

The "industrial army" is still in camp at San Bernardino, Cal., with no prospect of getting transportation and no disposition to tramp.

At San Francisco, Cairo street dancers, arrested by the Society for the Suppression of Vice, rendered the dance before the court and were acquitted.

At Scranton, Pa., by incendiary fire, the Frothingham Arcade, one of the finest four-story business blocks in the city, was completely destroyed. Loss, $400,000.

The records at the Orleans county N. Y., clerk's office show more farm mortgages satisfied thismonth than for any one month in fifteen years, and few new mortgages are