BEN BUTTERWORTH TALKS.

COL. BRECKINRIDGE'S BOSWELL EXHAUSTED EARLY.

BRADLEY'S KEEN THRUST.

The Lawyer Failed in Trying to Mislead the Jury—Butterworth Talked to the Galleries for Applause—He Dragged in the Name of Mary Anderson—Made Light of Manly Honor.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The local demand for oratory was largely satisfied today by the finish of Col. Phil Thompson's speech in the Pollard-Breckinridge trial and the beginning of a plea by Maj. Butterworth. The instinct of a virtuous woman would have led her to say "Get out, you leper," Mr. Butterworth shouted, rushing down the aisle towards his client, fiercely. "But no, she had arranged to meet him the next day." He pounded one of the jurors on the knee, as he repudiated with mixed metaphor the still small voice crying loudly in the name of her mother to shrink from this man. The next day the colonel had taken her to an assignation house.

"Think of it," the lawyer shouted.

"I have thought of it," Judge Wilson remarked to him.

Then Mr. Butterworth slapped three jurors on the knee in succession as he rehearsed Miss Pollard's description of the colonel's flattery.

"You leper," he shouted to the colonel. "Why did she not fly away and leave you?"

He told how Miss Pollard, after resisting the colonel in the carriage and the Cincinnati assignation house, had felt ready to tackle him again at Sarah Guess'; to travel seventy miles with him to resist him. She did not want to marry him. She knew of his wife and children. She knew that it would ruin her, and might ruin him and his daughters.

Although Maj. Butterworth talked more than half of the day, he progressed no further than the first relations between his client and Madeline Pollard back in 1884. His whole argument was devoted to the point that the young woman had not been the pure girl of seventeen when the silver-haired colonel met her that she had represented herself to be. It was a strong display of oratory. There was an interesting incident during the morning when Judge Bradley carried into execution the threat he had made several times of clearing the room of spectators. Mr. Butterworth had been painting glowingly the virtues of his client, whose friendship he had enjoyed for many years, and was declaring that no man to whom Ben Butterworth had been a friend in his prosperity would be deserted by him in adversity, when several men broke into applause. The judge immediately ordered all who were not members of the bar to leave the court room.

THOMPSON CONCLUDES.

Col. Phil Thompson resumed his speech against Madeline Pollard when the circuit court met today. He first commented on the improbability of the formal proposal of marriage from Col. Breckinridge to the plaintiff in the fall of 1892, and declared her story was the act of a woman who felt that if she could not marry him she could disgrace him. In his vehement way the colonel pictured what must have been the agony of the congressman with the plaintiff following him around and compelling him to tell Mrs. Blackburn that they were to be married.

"She was a walking arsenal," said the lawyer again. "Talk about Kentucky colonels, and turning up coat tails here in this court house to see if there were pistols! Did you see the look on that woman's face when she came into this court house? Why, I was afraid to sit beside the colonel, for fear a stray bullet might hit me."

Col. Thompson closed with an appeal to the jury to return a verdict according to the law and the testimony.

MAJ. BUTTERWORTH,

whose manner is in great contrast with his colleague, began his remarks by expressing gratification that this pestilence must soon be brought to an end. Upon those who were to blame for bringing it before the public the burden must rest. There was no wrong to be righted by this suit. Even to save the lives of the two nominal principals, the incorruptible judiciary of the country could not afford to deal with such a mass of contagion. Nor should the hearthstones of the country have been invaded by it for any purpose. He would not use harsh language to Miss Pollard, but he would that some one had whispered into her ear the words the Master had said: "Go, and sin no more."

Some people had been solicitous for fear his (Butterworth's) friendship had been misplaced. He had known the defendant as statesman, soldier, father, husband and friend, "and you may speed it on the lightning that to whom Ben Butterworth was a friend in the days of his prosperity, he will not turn his back on in adversity."

This statement was followed by an outbreak of applause from spectators.

CLEARED THE COURT.

Judge Bradley leaned forward and rapped his desk:

"Now you may clear the court room," he said to the bailiffs. "We have enough of outrages in this court room."

No one stirred, and then Judge Bradley said:

"Every one who is not a member of the bar will leave the court room."

Several men got up and started out, when one elderly spectator inquired:

"Does that apply to members of the bar from away? I am a lawyer from New York."

"I take it for granted that no attorney would disgrace a court by such demonstrations. All lawyers from outside the city are welcome here, but there are others sitting here that are not members of the bar to my knowledge."

More men were ushered out by the bailiffs, but more than half of the spectators remained.

BRADLEY CAUTIONS BEN.

Then Mr. Butterworth proceeded to review the childhood of Miss Pollard, as described by himself. Mr. Butterworth said he had himself as much at stake as the honored counsel for the plaintiff. He had a daughter and a wife. He could not afford that justice should not be done. He was not there to extenuate the conduct of Col. Breckinridge; if he did he knew that the colonel would discharge him from the case. The country had been solicitous about a sixteen-year-old school girl, but there was no such person in the case. If she had been but sixteen, why had not her mother been called to prove it? If she had been but sixteen, she was as much skilled in lovemaking as any woman he had ever known. The other side had talked about the fascination of a silver tongue. That was stale, Maj. Butterworth said. He paid a tribute to the bravery of Col. Breckinridge, and declared that the jury knew that such a man was not hard at heart. He was going on to describe how, if Col. Breckinridge smiled, people said he was a monster; if he looked grave they said he was shamed, but if Miss Pollard laughed they said "Behold the smiles even through a veil of tears," when Judge Bradley interposed, saying:

"Mr. Butterworth, don't you think you had better confine yourself to the evidence in the case? This is all what you have heard outside, and has no connection with the case."

NOT AT ALL NONPLUSSED,

the attorney replied: "Of course, as a judicial officer, these things would not affect your honor, but I want to show what things influence men's minds."

He then told the jury that the case was for recovery for a specific act, and a verdict for Col. Breckinridge would not mean that they condoned his conduct. After this he spent an hour reading Miss Pollard's early letters, and discussing the testimony to show that when she met the Kentucky congressman she was not the unsophisticated country girl she had represented herself to be. Incidentally Mr. Butterworth paid a tribute to Mary Anderson, as a Kentucky girl who under the most adverse circumstances had acquired the greatest prominence. Madeline Pollard, he said, had twined her hands about a star and was trying to pull it down, the star being W. C. P. Breckinridge. What had taken place between them had occurred many times before, and would many times again, although it was to be regretted. Either that pivotal letter—the letter Miss Pollard alleges is a forgery—had been written by Madeline Pollard, or William C. P. Breckinridge, the worthy successor of the Clays, the Becks, the Blackburns. Save for one lapse, it was a forgery. The chilling atmosphere which surrounds a pure woman was painted with an apostrophe to mothers, sisters, sweethearts and wives; and then the occurrences in that first carriage ride were rehearsed. Butterworth said that he was willing to give Miss Pollard credit for

BEING A GREAT GENIUS

in certain lines, but the hardest part of her story to believe was that part of it which stated that in that half hour alone in the hovel of Sarah Guess, while the defendant had gone home to his dinner, she had thought over the whole matter, had given up life, honor, friends and future, and had decided to enter into Mr. Breckinridge's life; and Mr. Wilson would tell that to the jury as though he believed it. The speaker told some funny stories about his boyish escapades, and went on to compare the plaintiff to Delilah, who had got her hands in the hair of a Samson, and then had been willing to pull down the temple over herself to accomplish his ruin. Further on, he declared that there was no memento of all

THESE YEARS OF AFFECTION,

save that little willow basket so lately handled by the fingers of his dead wife, brought into the case for no other purpose than to make his fault seem more abhorrent. W. C. P. Breckinridge had never given to his mistress the possessions of his wife before her grave clothes had crumbled. "I can forgive you for anything else," said the lawyer to the jury; "but that he talked to his mistress of his dead wife." Everybody in Washington knew what a happy home he had in spite of those faults, which his family knew. Yet such were the charges (meaning the reference to Col. Breckinridge's dead wife) brought by this woman who had forgotten her own children after they had been laid in her arms. The only way to make a woman forget her children is to take them away from her. After she had once clasped them in her arms she would follow them through the gates of hell.

Mr. Butterworth asked the court for an adjournment shortly before 4, as he was greatly exhausted. Judge Bradley acceded to the request, and, remarking that he had noticed a large crowd outside the door, suggested that Col. Breckinridge might go out before the spectators, which the colonel seemed glad to do.

Thousands of men and women are yearly cured by us who suffered so from back trouble that they could not stoop to even raise a pin off the floor without the most excruciating pain and misery. Again it would "catch" them in lifting or working so as to often lay them up for days and weeks. Excesses and indiscretion are frequent causes of this, though generally it is Lumbago or Rheumatism or the forerunner of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c. Nine out of every ten men and women suffering from this lameness and weakness of the back neglect it, and what is the consequence?—untold misery and with many poverty from paying continuous doctors' bills and medicines. To these sufferers we offer a positive remedy in DR. SANDEN ELECTRIC BELT, which silently but surely furnishes nature's own remedy without drugging, and cures when all other remedies fail.

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WHEAT LIMP AND LOWER.

THE SPECULATORS IN A GRIM AND BEARISH MOOD

ON THE GOVERNMENT REPORT.

The Bull Feeling Wiped Out of the Market—Wheat Closed at a Decline of 2¼c—Corn, Oats and Provisions Went Downward With Wheat—Light Selling of May.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Wheat was very weak, and closed at a decline of 2¼c. The government report, which was considered bearish, induced free selling and realizing, and May closed only ⅛c from the bottom.

Corn, oats and provisions went down with wheat and closed limp and lower. After some conflict of opinion on the curb yesterday afternoon regarding the interpretation of the government report, the weak manner in which the market opened this morning indicated that all but a small remnant of the bull feeling engendered by it had been wiped out. There were sellers of May wheat immediately on the opening at anywhere from 62¼c down to 61⅝c. Not much was parted with at that time at the lower or those figures, but it was not long before 61⅝c was an unobtainable price, and almost 1c lower was accepted before more than an hour of the session had passed, 60⅞c becoming the current price for a moment or two about 10:30 o'clock before enough buying orders came in to arrest a lower range of stop orders from coming on the market. The government report of the average condition being 10 points higher than on April 1 last year, and 5½ points above the April condition of 1892, in which latter year the yield of winter wheat was 350,000,000 bushels, some warrant was found for the bearish interpretation the speculators had determined to put upon the report. The weather was doing its best to repair the injury it did in the latter part of March. Receipts were fairly liberal in the Northwest, heavy, in fact, as compared with those a year ago. It was on the corresponding day of last year that the Cudahys abandoned their May deal, and the price dropped in a few minutes on that occasion from 99c to 84c.

Before the decline quite stopped May sold at 60⅝c, but rallied again to 61⅛c. The bears again jumped on the market, and after another break to 60⅝c, and about a dozen fluctuations between that and 60⅞c, there followed a fresh slump to 60½c, a recovery to 60¾c, and yet another decline to 60⅜c. About half an hour from the close the price had once more recovered to 60⅞c. The most active of the local bear contingent who had been scared into covering on the frost scare were observed to be all back again on the short side. W. R. Linn, Capt. Phillips, Harry Champlin and Ed Cottrill, of New York, had among them millions for sale, and they did not wait for any one to bid for it but pressed it until some less determined shorts took it from them. Some venturesome bulls also bought at under 61c. July was generally 1½c over May. The closing phase of the market was one of renewed weakness. New York reported 25 boat loads taken for export, but that failed to sustain the courage of the bulls or to restrain the aggressive action of the bears, and a drop from 60⅞ to 60½c occurred in the last ten minutes of the session, the closing quotations being 60⅜c sellers. Although Armour was unloading two cargoes of corn which had been loaded to go East, the market here for that article for a long time respected the bearish influence of such a proceeding and likewise the effect of a slumpy wheat market. The combined influences of what is here referred to and of a slack Eastern demand told with more effect after half of the session had gone by. May opened at 38⅜c and sold off to 38⅛c. It recovered a little, and refused to go below 38⅛c until late in the day, when there was a further decline to 38¼c. May closed at 38⅜@38⅛c and July at 39½c, a loss of about ⅜c since yesterday.

Oats were active but weak and decidedly lower, in sympathy with wheat and the free selling by several brokers. Prices receded sharply, the near futures declining ¼@1c, and the more deferred months ⅞@1⅜c. On the break there was good buying by the largest bidders, and prices reacted ⅝@¾c, the market closing at a net loss of ½@1c, September being the weakest.

Provisions weakened by the receipts of hogs proving more liberal than yesterday's estimates. There was a drop on that of from 5c to 10c in pork at the opening. Lard for July opened at a decline of 2½c, and there was a clean slump of 10c in May ribs as soon as trading started. The estimate that tomorrow's receipts of hogs would number 32,000 added to the weakness and the extreme heaviness of the wheat market clinched it. There was a decline in the day of 37½c in pork, from 15c to 17½c in lard and of 20c in ribs.

The trade was extremely bearish in expression, and a heavier run of hogs in the near future was confidently predicted among them.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 55 cars; corn, 120 cars; oats, 80 cars; hogs, 33,000.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

ARTICLES.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat, No. 2—				
April	61	61¼	59¼	59⅜
May	62¼	62¼	60¼	60⅜
July	63–63½	63½	62	62
Corn, No. 2—				
April	38⅛	38⅛	37⅜	37¾–⅞
May	38¾	38¾	38⅛	38⅜–½
July	39⅜	39⅜	38⅜	39½
Oats, No. 2—				
May	32⅝	32⅝	31¾	32–⅛
June	31⅞	31⅞	31½	31½
July	29¾	29¾	28¾	28⅞
Sept	26½	26½	25⅛	25⅜
Mess Pork—				
May	12 52½	12 52½	12 20	12 20
July	12 50	12 50	12 25	12 25
Lard—				
April	.....	.....	.....	7 32½
May	7 30	7 32½	7 27½	7 27½
July	7 10	7 10	6 97½	6 97½
September	7 05	7 05	6 91½	6 97½
Short Ribs—				
May	6 32½	6 32½	6 22½	6 22½
July	6 27½	6 27½	6 15	6 15

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour easier. Wheat—No. 2 spring, 59⅜c; No. 3 spring, 58c; 2 red, 59⅜c. Corn—No. 2, 37⅞c. Oats—No. 2, 31½c; No. 2 white, 34@35c; No. 3 white, 33@34c. Rye—No. 2, 49c. Barley—No. 2, nominal; No. 3, 48@58c; No. 4, 48@51c. Flaxseed—No. 1, $1.31@1.31½. Timothy Seed—Prime, $4.25. Mess Pork—Per bbl, $12.20@12.22½. Lard—Per 100 lbs, $7.37½@7.40. Short Ribs—Sides (loose), $6.27½@6.50. Shoulders—Dry salted (boxed), $5.87½@6.12½. Sides—Short clear (boxed), $6.62½@6.75. Whisky—Distillers' finished goods, per gal, $1.15. Sugars unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 29,000 bbls; wheat, 46,000 bu; corn, 179,000 bu; oats, 155,000 bu; rye, 6,000 bu; barley, 29,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 13,000 bbls; wheat, 116,000 bu; corn, 219,000 bu; oats, 254,000 bu; rye, 4,000 bu; barley, 9,000 bu. On the produce exchange today the butter market was firm; creamery, 17@23c; dairy, 12@19c. Eggs firm, unchanged; strictly fresh, 9½@10c.

Duluth Wheat.

DULUTH, Minn., April 11.—Wheat ruled weak. It opened 1⅛c off and lost about ½c more during the day, closing 1½@1¾c below yesterday. Business was quite active in May and July, and very good for cash wheat to arrive at a premium of ¾c over May. The close was weak at the lowest point of the day. Close: No. 1 northern, cash, 61¼c; to arrive, 62¼c; April, 58½c; May, 61½c bid; July, 63c bid; September, 63¼c. Receipts—Wheat, 53,357 bu.

Milwaukee Grain.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 11.—Flour dull and drooping. Wheat weak and lower; No. 2 spring, 59c; No. 1 northern, 65½c; May, 58½c. Corn firm and scarce; No. 3, 33½c. Oats higher; No. 2 white, 33¾@35½c. Barley steady; No. 2, 57c; sample, 57½@66c. Rye steady; No. 1, 49c. Provisions lower; pork, $12.35; lard, $7.40. Receipts—Flour, 19,200 bbls; wheat, 27,300 bu; barley, 9,600 bu. Shipments—Flour, 2,100 bbls; wheat, 1,300 bu; barley, 4,800 bu.

New York Produce.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Flour—Receipts, 19,000 bbls; exports, 22,000 bbls; sales, 4,000 pkgs; market has lost all the recent advance, and to sell only old asking prices can be obtained; export demand, none; Southern flour quiet; rye flour quiet; buckwheat flour nominal. Buckwheat dull. Cornmeal quiet. Rye dull. Barley firm. Barley malt quiet. Wheat—Receipts, 12,00 bu; exports, 33,000 bu; sales, 3,795,000 bu futures, 197,000 bu spot; spot market more active and lower; No. 2 red, store and elevator, 66⅛@66⅜c; f. o. b., 66⅜c; No. 1 northern, 67⅞c in store; options opened weaker on the government crop report, and soon became demoralized by offerings of long wheat, which became more liberal in the afternoon, and the market closed heavy at ⅛@⅜c net decline; No. 2 red, April, closed at 62⅜c; May, 63⅞@64⅛c, closed at 63⅞c; July, 65½@66¼c, closed at 65½c; August closed at 66⅛c; September, 67⅛@67½c, closed at 67⅛c; December, 70⅞@71⅜c, closed at 70⅞c. Corn—Receipts, 102,000 bu; exports, 117,000 bu; sales, 515,000 bu futures, 110,000 bu spot; spot market moderately active; No. 2, 43¾@44⅛c elevator; 44⅜@45⅛c afloat; options opened easier, advanced at midday on good local buying, owing to smaller receipts, but sold off later with wheat, and closed easy at ¼c net decline; April closed 43¾c; May, 43⅞@44c, closed at 43⅞c; July, 44⅝@45c, closed at 44⅞c. Oats—Receipts, 137,600 bu; exports, none; sales, 115,000 bu futures, 43,000 bu spot; spot market quiet and about steady; No. 2, 37½c; No. 2 delivered, 38½c; No. 3, 36½c; No. 2 white, 41c; No. 3 white, 40c; track mixed, 37½@39c; track white, 40c; track mixed Western, 37½@39c; track white Western, 39@44c; track white state, 39@44c; options opened steady, but weakened later with wheat, and closed weak at ¼@⅜c decline; April closed at 37c; May, 36⅞@36⅞c, closed at 36⅞c; July, 35¾@36⅛c, closed at 35¾c. Hay firm; good to choice, 28@30c. Pig iron dull; $11@14 for American. Copper quiet. Lead firm. Tin steady; plates steady. Spelter easy; sales on change, 5 tons spot tin, $19.50. Coffee—Options opened irregular, some months higher, others lower; ruled generally dull and weak; European buying caused some advance early, but local pressure caused weakness later; closed steady, generally unchanged to 15 points net decline; sales, 8,000 bags, including: April, 15.90c; May, 15.85@15.90c; July, 15.40c; September, 14.75@14.85c; October, 14.40c; December, 14.10@14.15c; spot coffee—Rio dull; mild quiet; sales, 300 bags Costa Rica on p. t.; warehouse deliveries yesterday, 4,118 bags; stock at New York today, 139,000 bags; stock in the United States, 196,903 bags; afloat for the United States, 305,000 bags; total visible for the United States, 501,903 bags, against last year 550,502 bags; Rio market strong; No. 7, 16,700 reis; exchange, 9 3-16d; receipts, 12,000 bags; stock, 125,000 bags; cleared from Rio, 40,000 bags; Santos, no returns; Hamburg market steady; sales, 5,000 bags; prices ¼@¾ pfg lower; London market irregular; prices 3d higher to 3d lower; Havre market quiet; sales, 6,000 bags; prices ⅛@¾f lower. Sugar—Raw quiet; sales, none today; late yesterday, 2,500 bags centrifugals, 96-test at 2⅞c, cost and freight, ex-ship; refined quiet. Rosin, 3s 9d, common. Peas, Canadian, 4s 11¾d. Petroleum 4⅛c.

Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, April 11.—Wheat quiet; demand poor; holders offer moderately; No. 1 California, 5s 1d@5s 2d; red Western winter, 4s 10d@5s 1½d. Corn dull; demand poor; new mixed, 3s 11½d. Flour—Spring patents, 6s 9d. Beef—Extra India mess, 80s. Pork—Prime mess, 67s 6d. Butter—Finest, 86s; good, 60s. Bacon—Long and short clear, 55 lbs, 32s 6d; long clear, 45 lbs, 34s. Lard—Prime Western, 39s. Cheese—American fine, 57s 6d. Tallow, 25s 6d. Turpentine, 22s 3d. Linseed oil, 21s 3d.

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FINANCIAL.

New York.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The speculation today was entirely dull and absolutely devoid of interest. Chicago Gas was the only stock in which the transactions exceeded 10,000 shares, and in only four others, St. Paul, Sugar, Missouri Pacific and American Tobacco, did the sales exceed 5,000 shares. The fluctuations were extremely narrow, and in but few instances did the changes on the day range above fractions. London was in the market for a small buyer of St. Paul and some of the low-priced arbitrage specialties, and helped sustain prices early in the day, when a slight bear raid threatened values. But considering the dullness and the lack of buyers the market was very firmly held. A raid was made on Chicago Gas in the opening dealings based on fresh rumors of the announcement of an unfavorable decision in the quo warranto case, and after an advance of ¼ the shares were sold off ⅞. The stock offered being readily absorbed checked the downward movement and brought about an advance of 1⅛, of which ¼ was lost at the close. Sugar declined ½ and then began to move upward, making a gain of 1¾, but reacting ¼ in the final dealings. The purchasing movement in American Tobacco continued, and resulted in an appreciation in value of 3¼ per cent. Delaware & Hudson advanced 1¼ per cent on the day, the moving influence being a belief that the attempt of the minority of the board of managers to secure sufficient proxies to change the control of the company is a failure. It is expected that a small shipment of gold will be made to France on Saturday, but the talk of gold exports does not affect the stock speculation, inasmuch as the foreign exchange market is not favorable to any large transactions of this nature. The bond market was firm in tone all day, the principal changes in prices being: Advances—Cedar Falls & Minnesota firsts, each 3; Richmond Terminal trust receipts 6s, 2¼. Declines—Cleveland & Canton firsts, 2.

The Evening Post's London cablegram: The markets today were irregular, with signs of renewed activity and improvement at the close. Americans were easier on quotations from your side, but there was no serious relapse, and Denvers were strong on the better outlook for silver. The settlement discloses a much larger amount in Americans than was expected. More favorable news to tariff prospects would produce a quick rise here. Silver was 28¾ on Chinese and Indian buying; the Indian council sold 60 lakhs of rupees at rates ranging up to 13 11-16. Money was scarce, partly because the Indian council was too poor to make the usual advance to the market, and also because of the large amount due to the Bank of England tomorrow for the Uruguayan securities recently purchased by the syndicate. Sixty-three thousand pounds in gold came in, chiefly from Egypt.

The Total Sales of Stocks

today were 100,991 shares, including: American Tobacco, 6,400; Sugar, 8,700; Burlington, 2,600; Chicago Gas, 12,400; St. Paul, 10,000.

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Stocks—Closing.

Atchison	14⅝	Northern Pacific	5⅞
Adams Express	150	do pfd	21½
Alton & Terre H	24	U. P., D. & Gulf	6½
do pfd	150	Northwestern	109⅝
Am'can Express	112	do pfd	143
B. & O	30½	N. Y. Central	100¾
Canadian Pacific	69¼	N. Y. & N. Eng	12
Canada Southern	51½	Ontario & West	17
Central Pacific	16	Oregon Imp	15½
Ches. & Ohio	19⅝	Oregon Nav	25
Chicago & Alton	140	Or. S. L. & U. N.	9⅞
C., B. & Q	82⅝	Pacific Mail	17
Chicago Gas	65⅝	P., D. & E	4¾
Consolidated G	135½	Pittsburg	152
C., C., C. & St. L.	40	Pullman P. Car	171½
Colorado C. & I.	12¼	Reading	13¾
Cotton Oil Certs	31¾	Richmond Ter	9½
Del. & Hudson	140¾	do pfd	18⅜
Del., Lack. & W	163½	Rio G. Western	14½
D. & R. G. pfd	34⅛	do pfd	42
Dis. & C. F. Co	25⅞	Rock Island	71⅜
East Tennessee	4¼	St. Paul	64⅝
Erie	17	do pfd	129
do pfd	38	P. & Omaha	49⅝
Fort Wayne	153	do pfd	115
Gt. North. pfd	105	Southern Pacific	23¼
C. & E. I. pfd	95	Sugar Refinery	93¼
Hocking Valley	19¼	Tenn. Coal & Iron	19
Illinois Central	91	Texas Pacific	9½
St. Paul & Duluth	25	Tol. & O. C. pfd	70
Kan. & Tex. pfd	20⅝	Union Pacific	20⅞
Lake Erie & West	16¾	U. S. Express	63
do pfd	69	Wabash, St. L. & P.	8⅜
Lake Shore	129½	do pfd	18½
Lead Trust	40½	Wells-Fargo Ex	122
Louis. & Nash	51⅝	Western Union	87⅞
Louisville & N. A.	9	Wheeling & L. E.	13⅜
Manhattan Con.	125	do pfd	59¾
Mem. & Charlst'n	5½	M. & St. L	13
Michigan Cent.	98¼	D. & R. G	11⅝
Missouri Pacific	31⅛	General Electric	40⅞
Mobile & Ohio	18	National Linseed	20½
Nashville Chatt.	74	Col. F. & Iron	20¾
Nat. Cordage	22¼	do pfd	68⅝
do pfd	44	H. & T. C	38¾
N. J. Central	114	Tol., A. A. & N. M.	8¾
N. & W. pfd	25⅛	T., St. L. & K. C.	1
North Am. Co	5⅛	do pfd	7½

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New Pioneer Press Bldg., ST. PAUL. Reeve Building, MINNEAPOLI

Bonds

NEW YORK, April 11.—Government bonds firm; state bonds dull.

U. S. 4s reg	115½	N. W. con	139
do do coup	115½	do deb. 5s	111
do 4s reg	114	St. L. & I. M. G. 5s	79
do 4s coup	114¼	St. L. & S. F. Gen. M. 6	116
*do 2s reg	96	St Paul consols	140
*Pacific 6s of 95	102½	St. P., C. & P. 1sts	110½
La. stamped 4s	95	T. P. L. G. T. R.	84½
Missouri 6s	100	T. P. R. G. T. R	26
Tenn. new set 6s 1-3	101	Union Pac. 1sts	105½
do do 5s	101	West Shore	104½
do do 3s	77½	R. G. W. 1sts	70½
Canada So 2ds	104	Atchison 4s	76⅜
Cen. Pacific 1sts	104	†do 2½s	38
D. & R. G. 1s	115	G. H. & S. A. 6s	101
do 4s	79	‡do do 7s	104
Erie 2ds	81	H. & Tex. C. 5s	105½
M., K. & T. Gen 6s	47⅞	do 6s	102
do do 5s	83	‡N. C. 6s	120
Mutual Union 6s	111	do 4s	98⅛
N. J. C. Int. Cert.	115	Tenn. old 6s	60
N. P. 1sts	115¼	Va. Centuries	59¾
do 2ds	86¾	do dfd	68

* Bid. † Asked. ‡ Offered.

L. I. CASSERLY,
INVESTMENT BANKER.
Deals in all kinds of bonds and bank stocks and good first-class commercial paper in large amounts.
Money to loan at 5, 5½, 6 and 7 per cent, on or before privilege. Large and small building loans on good inside property a specialty. Office Germania Bank Building Room 30.

New York Money.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Money on call easy at 1 per cent; last loan, 1; closed at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88½@4.88¾ for demand, and at $4.87¼@4.87½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.88@4.89½; commercial bills, $4.86¼@4.86⅞. Silver certificates, 61¾c.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Bank clearings, $82,365,855; balances, 4,578,973.

Chicago Stocks and Money.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Stocks easy; closing prices: City Railway, 325; Alley L, 24¾; Lake Street L, 22¾; Diamond Match, 116¼; North Chicago Street Railway, 155; Gas 58, 83. Clearings, $13,563,000; New York exchange, 65 cents premium; sterling exchange steady; actual, $4.87¾@4.89. Money rates, 4@6 per cent.

London Money.

LONDON, April 11.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance today is £63,000.

These Quotations Furnished by
Jameson, Hevener & CO.,
—WHOLESALE—
Hay, Feed, Flour and Seeds!
ST. PAUL.

St. Paul Grain Market.

Wheat—No. 1 hard	63½@64½c
Wheat—No. 1 northern	62½@62½c
Wheat—No. 2 northern	62@62½c
Corn—No. 3	33½@34c
Corn—No. 3 yellow	35@35½c
Oats—No. 2 white	31@32½c
Oats—No. 3 white	31@31½c
Oats—No. 3	30@31c
Barley	36@45c
Rye—No. 2	45@46c
Timothy seed	$1.60@2
Clover seed	$5.40@6.20
Flour—Patent	$3.40@3.80
Flour—Straight	$3.10@3.40
Flour—Bakers'	$2@2.10
Flour—Rye	$2.40@2.80
Cornmeal—Bolted	$18@19
Cornmeal—Coarse	$13
Ground Feed—No. 1	$14@14.50
Ground Feed—No. 2	$15
Ground Feed—No. 3	$15@15.50
Bran—Bulk	$10@10.50
Shorts—Bulk	$11.50
Hay—No. 1 upland prairie	$6.50@7
Hay—No. 2 upland prairie	$5.50@6
Hay—No. 1 wild	$5@5.50
Hay—No. 1 timothy	$8@8.50
Straw	$5@5.50

St. Paul Produce.

Butter—Fancy separator, 20@22c; extra creamery, 18@19c; first creamery, 17@18c; second creamery, 15@16c; fancy dairy, 18@20c; first dairy, 16@17c; second dairy, 12@13c; fancy roll and print, 12@14c; common roll and print, 10@10½c; packing stock, 7½@8c; grease, 5c.

Cheese—Full cream, 12@13c; primost, 6@6½c; brick cheese, 12½@13½c; Limburger cheese, 11½@12½c; Young America, 12½@13c; Swiss, 13½@14c; skims, 6@7c.

Eggs—Fresh, cases included, 9@9½c; fresh, cases returned, 8½@9c.

Poultry—Turkeys, hens, 9@9½c; young toms, 7@8c; chickens, select spring, 9@10c; cox, 6c; turkeys, toms, live, 6@6½c; hens, live 8@8½c; live chickens, 9@9½c; live hens, 8@8½c; live mixed, 7@7½c; live cox, 6@8c; live ducks, 8c; live geese, 7c.

Vegetables—Onions, per bu, 60@65c; onions, green, per doz, 20c; radishes, per doz, 25@30c; cabbage, California, lb, 2c; cauliflower, per doz, $1.50@1.75; cabbage, crate, $1.50@1.75; beets, per bu, 60c; parsnips, per bu, 60c; lettuce, per doz, 25@30c; rutabagas, per bu, 50c; carrots, per bu, 50c; cucumbers, doz, $2.50@2.75; spinach, 85@90c; pie plant, per lb, 7@8c; asparagus, per doz, $1.25; tomatoes, crate, $3.50; tomatoes, home-grown, per lb, 25c.

Veal—Fancy, 6@6½c; medium, 5½@6c; thin, 4½@5c; mutton, 5@6c; lambs, pelts on, 14@15c.

Pork, Beef, Hams, Hides, Etc.—Hides, steer, green, per lb, 3c; hides, cow, green, per lb, 2½c; hides, calf, green, per lb, 7c; hides, steer, salt, 4½c; hides, cow, salt, per lb, 3½c; pelts, 15@75c; wool, washed, 14@15c; wool, unwashed, 8½@10c; tallow, 4@4½c; pork, mess, $11@11.50; beef, mess, $8@8.50; bacon, $11@11.50; hams, 9½@10c; hams, picnic, 7½@8c; dried beef, 9½@11c; lard, $8@8.50; hops, 24@25c.

Oranges—California navels, $2.75@3.25; seedlings, mountain, $2@2.35; seedlings, River Side, $2@2.50; seedlings, Red Sand, $2@2.50; Florida brights, $3.50@3.75; Florida russets, $3.25@3.50.

Lemons—Extra fancy, new, $3.50@3.75; fancy, $3@3.25; choice extra, $2.50@2.75; Californias, $2.25@2.50.

Bananas—Port Limons, $2@2.50; Bluefield, $1.70@2; Honduras No. 1, $1.75@2; Honduras No. 2, $1.25@1.50; cocoanuts, per 100, $4@4.50; pineapples, per doz, $3@3.50.

California Fruits—Apples, Bellflower, bu box, $2.25@2.50.

Grapes—Malaga, bbl, $4.50@5.

Apples—Fancy stand, $7.50@8; fancy, bbl, $6.50@7; standard, $5.50@6; fair, $3.25@4; common, $3@3.50; California, box, $2.25@2.50; Oregon, bu box, $2@2.25.

Potatoes—Mixed, per bu, 45@50c; assorted, 50@55c; sweet Jerseys, per bbl, $4@4.25; sweet Illinois, per bbl, $3.50@3.75; Bermudas, per bu, $3.50@4.

Dried Fruit—Apples, per lb, 10½@11c; peaches, peeled, 15@18c; peaches, unpeeled, 9@10c; pears, 8@10c; apricots, 13@13½c, raspberries, 20½@21½c; blackberries, 7@7½c; prunes, 5@8c.

Berries—Cranberries, bu, $2.25@2.50; cranberries, B. and C., bbl, $6@6.50; cranberries, Cape Cod, $7@7.50; cranberries, B. and B., $7@7.50; cranberries, Jersey, $6.50@7; strawberries, qu