

THE DAILY GLOBE

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY AT THE GLOBE BUILDING, CORNER FOURTH AND CEDAR STREETS.

TODAY'S WEATHER. Washington, April 23.—For Wisconsin: Fair; Tuesday showers; easterly winds; warmer in southeast portion.

For Iowa and Minnesota: Increasing cloudiness with light showers; easterly to southerly winds; cooler in northwest portion.

For the Dakotas: Local rains, followed by clearing weather; southerly winds; cooler in north portion; warmer in south and western portion of South Dakota.

For Montana: Local rains, followed by fair weather; westerly winds; warmer in west and cooler in north portion.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, APRIL 23, 6 P. M. LOCAL TIME. S. P. M. 75th Meridian. Time.—Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Table with columns: PLACE, Bar., T., PLACE, Bar., T. Rows include St. Paul, Duluth, Le Centre, Huron, Piera, St. Vincent, Eau Claire, Williston, etc.

P. F. LYONS, Local Forecast Official.

COXEY IS MARCHING ON.

PATTI has not lived in vain. Mello has adopted her farewell system for his surrender schedule.

COXEY, congress and the tariff will have to take a back seat for awhile. The base ball season has opened.

PRESIDENT ELLIOT, of Harvard, has wheels in his head. What do you suppose? He is in a hurry to get to the study ten hours a day. The idea!

WHAT does Breckinridge want of another trial? He has got to live with himself all his days. A dozen trials would afford him no escape from that.

The country is doing as well as can be expected under the Republican objection to tariff reform. The g. o. p. policy operates as the paralysis of trade and industry.

THERE are Smiths and Smiths, but it remained for Senator Smith, of New Jersey, to do himself in getting a seat in the Republican band wagon along with Senator Hill.

GOV. MCKINLEY has to borrow \$500,000 to meet the Ohio state expenses. Here's a splendid job for the Ohio syndicate. But what does anybody want of such a financial imbroglio for president?

IN the legislative nomination in his home county of Lancaster, Don sort of thing is catching as the measles. The surface indications are that Don will not be able to buy his seat in the senate again.

It's too bad that the Aquilon was not sunk after all. Just because it spoiled the learned New York Tribune editorial description of the wonderful feat of the torpedo destroyer that sent the rebel war ship to the bottom. It ought to have happened.

Poor old Annans would feel ashamed of his puny effort at sacrificing the truth if he could see in the Plain in these days and witness the efforts of the Republican politicians in that direction. For downright, systematic and unblinking lying the local politicians of the Republican persuasion need fear no rivalry, even if the grave should be robbed of the typical prevaricator of all time.

MR. MCKINLEY'S CONFESSION. In one of the past striking editorials upon the subject of city finances contained in the Pioneer Press of yesterday morning, our estimable contemporary, apparently suffering acutely under the consciousness of his own inability to read the numbers of the Plain in the Pouthan report contained in the Evening Globe, and with a desperate reliance upon the jugglery ability of Mr. McCarty, gave the following assurance to an amused public:

"When Mr. McCarty shall have opportunity to discuss the current financial statement made up by his gifted predecessor Pouthan, there will be no need of it."

Last evening's Dispatch contained the promised bill of the McCarty, which is, in effect, an attempt to deny the accuracy of the comparison made by Mr. Pouthan between the indebtedness existing June 6, 1892, and the day upon which the last Democratic administration was turned over to the city government to the Republicans, and the indebtedness existing April 19, 1894, the day of the Pouthan report.

Mr. McCarty's explanation, however, not only fails to explain, but is a substantial confession of the essential statement made upon this subject in the report referred to.

Mr. McCarty adds to the indebtedness shown by the report to have existed in June, 1892, an item of \$64,410.60 interest, thus raising the total indebtedness in June to \$1,308,988.22. While no explanation accounts the insertion of this item, it is probable it is meant to refer to the interest past due at the time the Republican assumed control of the city government.

If we correct in this surmise, it is not a little surprising that so astute a financier as Mr. McCarty has failed to take into consideration the fact that there is now a large amount of past due interest, with which, in his published statement of yesterday afternoon, he failed to charge the present administration a debt. Deducting from Mr. McCarty's total of debt existing in June, 1892, this item of interest, Mr. McCarty's statement agrees with the statement of the Pouthan report within \$2,655.00, a discrepancy easily accounted for by the fact that the figures of the Pouthan report were made up to June 1, 1892, while Mr. McCarty's figures are apparently made to June 6, 1892.

Mr. McCarty's statement of the city indebtedness existing April 19, 1894, corresponds substantially with the statement contained in the Pouthan report. The total city indebtedness April 19, 1894, as shown by that report, was \$1,048,201.23. The total indebtedness to that day, as shown by Mr. McCarty, was \$1,030,000. It will be noticed, however, that in the Pouthan report an item of \$25,101.23, live judgments against the city, appears, while in Mr. McCarty's statement judgments against the city are not included. Adding this item to the total indebtedness shown by Mr. McCarty, we get an aggregate of \$1,055,101.23, just \$7,900 less than the indebtedness shown by the Pouthan report. This discrepancy is made up of \$500 difference in the amounts of bonded indebtedness shown and \$1,000 difference in the amounts of certificates of indebtedness outstanding.

It is possible that Mr. McCarty's

books, when examined by Mr. Pouthan and Mr. Franzen, at noon upon the 19th of April, were incorrect; or it may be that the explanation lies in the fact that between noon and the close of business upon the day \$1,500 had been paid from the city treasury. In any event, the discrepancies to which we have called attention are ridiculously immaterial.

Mr. McCarty's statement is, in all respects, a substantial admission of the correctness of the figures contained in the Pouthan report. Why Mr. McCarty should have charged the Democratic administration with past due interest and declined to make a corresponding charge against his own administration, and why he has overlooked with such cool indifference the existing records in the office of the clerk of the district court, and chosen to omit the substantial item of \$25,101.23 of judgments, are things which no one but Mr. McCarty is, by his own responsibility to the public for the statements which he makes, not as an individual, but as a city official—can satisfactorily explain.

The "Sinbad" which was produced here two seasons ago by the American Extravaganza company is not by any means the same "Sinbad" which the same company is now presenting for the last time in this city at the Metropolitan opera house. There is the same framework, and the most popular features of the old production have been retained. But there is so much that is new and beautiful in scenery and costumes, and in the acting, and the comedy, and the attractive specialties that it is entitled to be called a new production, and as a scenic spectacle it is entitled to rank with the most noteworthy of its kind. The company includes many favorites, and the comedy, the singing and the dancing are thoroughly well interpreted; the stage pictures are beautiful, and many of them are entirely new in their arrangement and effect. The fantastic ballet in the third act, which takes place in the shape of attractive specialties that it is entitled to be called a new production, and as a scenic spectacle it is entitled to rank with the most noteworthy of its kind. The company includes many favorites, and the comedy, the singing and the dancing are thoroughly well interpreted; the stage pictures are beautiful, and many of them are entirely new in their arrangement and effect. The fantastic ballet in the third act, which takes place in the shape of attractive specialties that it is entitled to be called a new production, and as a scenic spectacle it is entitled to rank with the most noteworthy of its kind.

The house bill for the protection of birds and animals in the Yellowstone National park, which was introduced by Senator Washburn, was again called up by Senator Carey, and after some amendments had been made the bill was passed. The morning hour having expired, the tariff bill was laid before the senate, and Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, addressed the senate, devoting his time almost entirely to the proposition in the tariff bill to repeal the reciprocity clause of the McKinley law. In his opening remarks he discussed briefly the various tariff acts since 1800.

Rehearsals of the music of "Aladdin Jr." David Henderson's new extravaganza, are going on daily at the Metropolitan opera house. The first production of the piece will be given at the Chicago opera house about the end of May.

"A Night at the Circus," with Nellie McHenry and her merry company this week at the Grand, is one romping romp, and a most enjoyable one. It is a snap, and the changes from one laugh to another are so rapid that there is no time to stop to consider why or wherefore thereof. Miss McHenry refuses her chic and action into the entire act, and her performance is only done for fun, but it goes with vim and vigor. The second act is full of specialties, and they are clever ones, and the play itself is brimming over with happy good nature and fun.

Next Sunday the Grand will present the best melodramatic success, "The White Squadron," which is one of the best of its particular kind of plays, and will be staged with the same care and detail that has characterized its former presentations in this city.

A Notable Birthday. George Benz celebrated his fifty-sixth birthday yesterday. He was born on St. George's day, April 23, and married April 23, 1861, when he was twenty-three years old, making a combination of dates which is quite remarkable. Mr. Benz was receiving hosts of congratulations from friends yesterday.

LOCAL PICKINGS. President Van Horne, of the Canadian Pacific, is in the city.

The St. Paul Cullinary club will give its first annual social hop tonight at Turner hall.

Arrested Saturday night on suspicion, were discharged in the police court yesterday morning.

The young ladies and gentlemen of the Assumption parish will give a progressive euchre party at the school hall on Tuesday evening.

A building permit was issued yesterday to Harriet E. Belote for the erection of a three-story apartment building on Arundel street, near Dayton avenue. The building will be 48 by 92 feet, and will cost \$25,000.

The board of public works yesterday confirmed the reassessment for the grading of Third street between Maple and Grand streets. The clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for paving the paved streets on St. Anthony hill.

The ninety men who worked on the streets last week were paid \$147,250 to day.

CHILDREN OF SIX AND EIGHT YEARS TOY WITH A RIFLE—The Little Girl Is Dead.

MAYSVILLE, Ky., April 23.—Amos Boer, a farmer of this county, has a boy eight years of age and a girl about six. Last Saturday the two children were playing with a rifle, when the gun was discharged, sending a bullet through the forehead of the girl, killing her instantly.

Chairman Wilson Better. WASHINGTON, April 23.—William H. Wilson, son and Secretary of Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee is back after a month with his father in Mexico and Texas. He says his father, Mr. Wilson Sr., will start back for the North in about two weeks, stopping at Asheville, N. C., for a time and then coming to Washington. There is little prospect, however, of his taking up congressional work for some time.

Instantly Killed. HAYWARD, Wis., April 23.—Oscar Thompson, a Scandinavian, was instantly killed by a shot from a Remington-Union gun company's mill this afternoon while fixing machinery. He was about thirty years old and leaves a family. He was also a member of the Scandinavian Anti-Foreigners.

Steele County Democrats. Special to the Globe. OWATONNA, Minn., April 23.—An enthusiastic meeting of Steele County Democratic club was held tonight. There was a good attendance. Regular meetings will be held once a month hereafter. Mayor Twyford was elected president.

Pathetic Suicide. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 23.—M. A. Hunt, treasurer of the National Association of Florists, committed suicide today by shooting. His wife was adjudged insane last week, and the suicide was due to despondency.

WASHBURN'S TARIFF WALL.

HE OPPOSES THE REPEAL OF THE RECIPROCITY CLAUSE OF THE MCKINLEY LAW.

The Northwest, He Thinks, Has Been Benefited by the Blaine Reciprocity Treaties, and the People Will Resist This Unpopular Plan of Legislation—Trade With South America.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, consumed almost the entire afternoon in a speech against the tariff bill which is mainly directed against the abrogation of the reciprocity clause of the McKinley law. He expressed the belief that the Wilson bill, in some form, would be enacted into law.

In the few moments that remained before the time Senator Washburn concluded his speech and the hour of 5 o'clock Senator Dolph gave an installment of his speech. During the morning session a bill was introduced by Senator Peffer "To dispose of idle labor and discourage idleness in the District of Columbia," which was referred to the committee on the District of Columbia. He also sought to take up from the calendar his resolution for the appointment of a committee on communication with the "Coxey committee"—but the motion was lost 17 to 25.

The house bill for the protection of birds and animals in the Yellowstone National park, which was introduced by Senator Washburn, was again called up by Senator Carey, and after some amendments had been made the bill was passed. The morning hour having expired, the tariff bill was laid before the senate, and Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, addressed the senate, devoting his time almost entirely to the proposition in the tariff bill to repeal the reciprocity clause of the McKinley law. In his opening remarks he discussed briefly the various tariff acts since 1800.

Rehearsals of the music of "Aladdin Jr." David Henderson's new extravaganza, are going on daily at the Metropolitan opera house. The first production of the piece will be given at the Chicago opera house about the end of May.

"A Night at the Circus," with Nellie McHenry and her merry company this week at the Grand, is one romping romp, and a most enjoyable one. It is a snap, and the changes from one laugh to another are so rapid that there is no time to stop to consider why or wherefore thereof. Miss McHenry refuses her chic and action into the entire act, and her performance is only done for fun, but it goes with vim and vigor. The second act is full of specialties, and they are clever ones, and the play itself is brimming over with happy good nature and fun.

Next Sunday the Grand will present the best melodramatic success, "The White Squadron," which is one of the best of its particular kind of plays, and will be staged with the same care and detail that has characterized its former presentations in this city.

A Notable Birthday. George Benz celebrated his fifty-sixth birthday yesterday. He was born on St. George's day, April 23, and married April 23, 1861, when he was twenty-three years old, making a combination of dates which is quite remarkable. Mr. Benz was receiving hosts of congratulations from friends yesterday.

LOCAL PICKINGS. President Van Horne, of the Canadian Pacific, is in the city.

The St. Paul Cullinary club will give its first annual social hop tonight at Turner hall.

Arrested Saturday night on suspicion, were discharged in the police court yesterday morning.

The young ladies and gentlemen of the Assumption parish will give a progressive euchre party at the school hall on Tuesday evening.

A building permit was issued yesterday to Harriet E. Belote for the erection of a three-story apartment building on Arundel street, near Dayton avenue. The building will be 48 by 92 feet, and will cost \$25,000.

The board of public works yesterday confirmed the reassessment for the grading of Third street between Maple and Grand streets. The clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for paving the paved streets on St. Anthony hill.

The ninety men who worked on the streets last week were paid \$147,250 to day.

CHILDREN OF SIX AND EIGHT YEARS TOY WITH A RIFLE—The Little Girl Is Dead.

MAYSVILLE, Ky., April 23.—Amos Boer, a farmer of this county, has a boy eight years of age and a girl about six. Last Saturday the two children were playing with a rifle, when the gun was discharged, sending a bullet through the forehead of the girl, killing her instantly.

Chairman Wilson Better. WASHINGTON, April 23.—William H. Wilson, son and Secretary of Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee is back after a month with his father in Mexico and Texas. He says his father, Mr. Wilson Sr., will start back for the North in about two weeks, stopping at Asheville, N. C., for a time and then coming to Washington. There is little prospect, however, of his taking up congressional work for some time.

Instantly Killed. HAYWARD, Wis., April 23.—Oscar Thompson, a Scandinavian, was instantly killed by a shot from a Remington-Union gun company's mill this afternoon while fixing machinery. He was about thirty years old and leaves a family. He was also a member of the Scandinavian Anti-Foreigners.

Steele County Democrats. Special to the Globe. OWATONNA, Minn., April 23.—An enthusiastic meeting of Steele County Democratic club was held tonight. There was a good attendance. Regular meetings will be held once a month hereafter. Mayor Twyford was elected president.

Pathetic Suicide. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 23.—M. A. Hunt, treasurer of the National Association of Florists, committed suicide today by shooting. His wife was adjudged insane last week, and the suicide was due to despondency.

HURRAHS FROM HAWKEYES

KELLY RECEIVED BY GAILY DECKED MAIDENS IN IOWA.

NEW CLOTHING FOR THE ARMY

The General Outlines His Plan of Attack Upon the National Capital—Petitions That Cannot Be "Pigeonholed"—Col. Baker, Who Was Deposed, Makes Serious Charges Against Kelly.

AVOCA, Ia., April 23.—Kelly's reception here tonight was fully as flattering as that which was accorded him at Neola. The 2,500 inhabitants were apparently all on the streets, and many citizens and gaily decked maidens vied with one another in showering attentions upon the brigade. Many of the men had received new clothing along the route, and the army as it went into camp tonight presented a much better appearance than at any time previous since it started from the west. West. Company C, which had been disbanded at Neola, rejoined the army during the afternoon, and after an abject personal apology from each member, Kelly mustered them back "into the ranks." By this successful joining of the little mutiny, the determined young commander has secured an even more firm hold on his men, and with them now is a court of last resort.

Tonight Kelly consented to outline to an Associated Press representative his plans for the end of the journey. Should his army be refused approach to the capital, he will upon his arrival in Washington, he said, take four of his men and make a personal appeal to Congressmen Pence, of Colorado, McGuire, of California, and Senator Allen, of Nevada. Through their efforts he hopes to be allowed to draw up his men where the lawmakers of the nation must see them.

Petitions from laboring people have been numerous and ineffective in the past," said Kelly, "but this petition will be hard to pigeonhole. That is the reason I am leading these men to the capital. Once there, our plans will be successfully carried out, two congressmen are already pledged to support them."

PRESENT A MEMORIAL. In our behalf. That memorial is now being drawn up by a well-known Washington firm of constitutional lawyers, and will be ready for us when we reach the journey's end. Our demands as set forth in the memorial will be about as follows: We will ask that the commission already in existence to look after the re-deeming of arid lands in the West be instructed to proceed with the same vigor and energy as the commission set up by the late administration, and that the men in our army and the great army of the unemployed which we represent be put to work on this irrigation. My idea is that by the time these arid wastes have been wrested from the sage brush and junk rabbit and have begun to bloom the men who have worked there will have saved enough money to carry them through their first year of farming. They can settle on the lands they have reclaimed, and within a short period will have developed from homeless wanderers into sturdy farmers and property owners. That in substance is our demand. We will not attempt to dictate what wages will be paid. What we want is work. We can only get to Washington, if we can let the lawmakers see that we are bread winners, honest and sincere, and for our demands are not unreasonable. I have no connection with Coxy. We will COMBINE WITH HIS ARMY. If we can reach Washington in time, but if not we will go alone."

TOMORROW they will go by wagons to Atlanta, where they will remain a day for rest and then move on towards Des Moines.

Col. Baker, who was deposed by Kelly today, announced tonight that he would not return to the army, but will follow in its wake and give the people an exposure of Kelly's financial mismanagement and his irregularities in regard to the Avoca place little confidence in Baker's statements. Many express the belief that Baker's resignation is the result of a railroad scheme to prejudice the public against the commonwealth, and this intention is so far toward discrediting Baker's stories.

Warrants were received here tonight for the arrest of Kelly, and also for John Harper and Annie Hooten, who have accompanied the army since it left Council Bluffs, and who were with the crowd which captured the train and ran it to Kelly Friday evening. The warrants were sworn out by the Union Pacific company and were for the arrest of Kelly, Harper and Hooten. Little effort was made to serve them tonight, the reason being given an opportunity to return to Council Bluffs where they can secure bonds. It is thought by Kelly's sympathizers here that serious trouble is likely to follow if the army arrests the women in Council Bluffs.

Warrants have been secured for all the people who were connected with the seizing of the train.

COXEY AT NEW YORK. Applies for Cheap Transportation—Lionized at a Horse Sale.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Gen. J. S. Coxe, commander-in-chief of the Army of the Commonweal, arrived in New York today, and was lionized by the Commissioner Farmer, of the Associated Trunk lines, on the subject of cheap transportation to Washington over the railroads to all who desire to go in sympathy with his movement.

"I desire," he said, "to see excursion rates as cheap as possible from every point in the country to the capital. I think we will want them good for a regular trip after about a year or so. I cannot say just how many people want them—thousands, no doubt, will join the call if we get cheap rates." Mr. Farmer told Gen. Coxe that his plan would have to be laid before the executive committee. Coxe then left the Madison Square garage works where he was the drawing feature of the horse sale.

SHEPHERD'S ARMY. The Seattle Contingent Nine Hundred and Forty Strong.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 23.—The industrial army now has 940 recruits enrolled in 10 companies, and expects to make a start for Washington Wednesday. Several citizens are agitating the question of raising money enough to charter a through train for the army and to send them on without a single stop. In consequence of a report that the members of the army have been asked to go to work on the Great Northern road resolutions were adopted by the army today that in case of a strike any railway that the army will uphold the American Railway union, and that any one who reports for work on such road will be dishonorably discharged. Gen. Shepherd will divulge his plans for marching to Washington at a public meeting soon. A ball will be given tonight for the benefit of the army method \$240.

Jones' Coxeyites. BALTIMORE, April 23.—Jones' Philadelphia wing of the Coxy army is still camped at Orangeville, a suburban

REPUBLICAN LEADERS

Discuss the Coming League Convention in Denver.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The executive committee of the National League of Republican Clubs met here today at the Arlington hotel. One of the principal objects of the meeting is to discuss the coming league convention, which will be held in Denver June 26 next. William K. Burchinal, the Colorado member of the committee, stated what had been decided by the Denver and Colorado for the entertainment of the delegates. Among other attractive features of the meeting will be a three days' excursion through the mountains, with stops at Cripple Creek, Manitou Springs and Leadville. President Tracy predicts that the Denver meeting will be the largest in the history of the league. The question of organizing the Southern league will be discussed, and a report on this subject probably will be made. Another important item on the agenda is the informal is that of making a change in the basis of representation at national conventions. It has been contended that the present method of electing representatives for each congressional district, the Southern states have an unfair advantage, and this method of the national conventions. The proposed change allows one delegate for a certain number of Republican votes cast at the national election.

The following members of the committee were present at today's meeting: W. K. Burchinal, Denver; Dr. George W. Marshall, Milford, Del.; Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama; Prof. N. B. Gowenlock, of Des Moines, Iowa; proxy for C. C. Dowe; George K. Gaither, Jr., Baltimore; Representative John C. Hays, of Kansas; James A. Blanchard, New York city; Henry W. Gardner, Cincinnati; Representative John B. Johnson, of Pennsylvania; George W. McCauley, Henry Tiepke, Rhode Island; E. S. Ashcroft, Nashville; Col. John T. Wilson, Spokane, Wash.; Senator Carey, of Wyoming; and D. A. Day of Washington. Joseph W. Manly, of Chicago; J. J. Des Moines, Ia.; Des Moines, Ia.; Maj. Negley, of Alabama; C. H. Rosenkrantz, of Milwaukee; and others were also present.

THEY ARE FREE LIST. By the present method of making anything in return or giving an opportunity by diplomatic negotiation to secure valuable concessions for the benefit of our farmers and mechanics.

"Not only does this bill repudiate and reject the tariff without asking anything in return or giving an opportunity by diplomatic negotiation to secure valuable concessions for the benefit of our farmers and mechanics.

"This demonstrates that the advantages of reciprocity arrangements have been recognized and appreciated by those for whose benefit they were intended, but just now, as they are beginning to see the results of their efforts, they are endeavoring to deprive them of the advantages they enjoy."

Senator Washburn declared that the only increase in our trade during the past year of hard times was with the reciprocity countries, while there had been a decline in our trade with all other countries. He said that the reciprocity treaty with Brazil, he said that trade relations had been disturbed by several other countries, and this was not a fair trade.

Senator Washburn gave a great deal of attention to the results of the THEATRE AT CUBA. In the course of which, speaking of his personal observations in Cuba, he said: "I have been in Cuba for some time, and I have seen the results of the reciprocity treaty with Cuba. I learned that the effects of the commercial relations created by this arrangement had been really remarkable and increasing in importance and magnitude day by day. The Americans doing business there are more than satisfied with the results. The Cubans are satisfied, and every one is satisfied excepting Spain itself and the representatives of other countries."

Mr. Washburn sketched with some detail the results of the reciprocity treaty with South America, and said:

PARADES HIMSELF IN ALL HIS GLORY

AT COXEY'S WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—"Unknown" Smith, the late redoubtable lieutenant of Gen. Coxy, strikingly arrayed in a military velvet coat, a pair of riding trousers and black leggings, and bedecked with jewelry, reached Washington today, and appeared at the local Coxeys headquarters. With him was "Cheeky" Childs, erstwhile of the Coxeys' army, and between times an unassuming and that even in the past. The "Unknown" says he came in from Frederick, Md., where about 600 of his comrades, he asserts, are in waiting in living in the vicinity of the city. He spoke in the most glowing terms of the Coxeys' movement. He declared that he had seen many of the men who had been with him in the past, and that they were all well. He looked to Redstone to settle the slight misunderstanding that had arisen between himself and Gen. Coxy, and that even if that failed, he would fall in behind when the army comes along, and do all he can to further its objects.

CHICAGO COMMONWEALERS Will March Independent of Kelly—1,000 Strong—sovereign Enthusiastic.

CHICAGO, April 23.—J. H. Randall has been chosen general of the Chicago division of the commonwealth army. Kelly has been abandoned and the Chicago army will lead its own march today this week. Gen. Randall stated that there were 700 recruits enlisted already, and that the number would be raised to 1,000 before Thursday, the day Master Workman J. K. Sovereign, of the K. of L., reached Chicago today. Kelly's army will be met and instructed by the commonwealth army, and he has entered heart and soul in the movement but has yet shown no inclination to participating in the march personally.

Acting Superintendent of Police Kelly said today concerning Kelly's army: "If the men are orderly and commit no breach of the peace in the march, I will let them do as they please, but they should not be permitted to enter Chicago. Mayor Hopkins has given me orders to give them a few days to expect he will issue instructions in regard to the arrival of the army. The police force is able to cope with the army, and if it becomes unruly or turbulent the lawbreakers will be treated as they deserve."

GALVIN'S REGIMENT. Another Ohio Troop of Coxeyites Marching on to Washington.

WILMINGTON, O., April 23.—Regiment No. 2 of the United States Industrial army, under command of Col. Galvin, passed a comfortable night in the horse sheds at the fair grounds. They have been well furnished in regard to the arrival of the army. The railroad companies still refusing to carry them, they were taken to the fair grounds, where they were packed up, broke camp and started on the march for Sabina, ten miles east of here, where they camped tonight. The state 1,000 recruits who arrived at Sabina at 5:30 this afternoon, and went into camp at the fair grounds. The citizens furnished them with supper.

NATIONAL CONSCIENCE. PAIRS, April 23.—The Temps today compares the march of the Coxy bands in the United States to the uprising of the populace in the middle ages, adding: "At the same time it would be wrong

NEBRASKA PEOPLE INDORSE HIS COXEY SPEECH.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Senator Allen said today that as the Peffer resolution upon which were based his remarks and those of Senator Hawley attacking him had been disposed of, and as he had not been able to get in his speech in reply to the Connecticut senator last week, he probably would not reply at all. "The more I think over the matter," said the senator, "the more convinced I am that I can afford to ignore such resolutions. I am sure that I am satisfied that his people in Nebraska approved his course, and as proof of this I displayed the following telegram: Foundation and April 23.—To Senator W. V. Allen: Two thousand citizens of Lincoln in mass meeting Saturday night, and April 23.—To Senator W. V. Allen: Two thousand citizens of Lincoln in mass meeting Saturday night for your stand for freedom of American citizens in Coxy matter."

EITHER FAIL OR FIGHT.

Attack of the Industrial Armies on Washington.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Master Workman James K. Sovereign, of the K. of L., arriving in Chicago today to attend the monthly meeting of the executive board of the order, which convenes Wednesday for a three days' session. In speaking of the industrial armies, he said: "I have no objection to their coming—either fail or fight. If the first time in the history of the country that the working people have sent a petition to Congress, and that even if that petition has always been given a good reception when he goes to Washington."

DON'T WANT KELLY.

Chicago Officials May Refuse to Meet with His Army.

CHICAGO, April 23.—During the meeting of the city council tonight, Ald. Marden introduced a resolution directing the chief of police to oppose the entry of Kelly's army into Chicago. The resolution set forth that Chicago had so many unemployed already that it was difficult to care for them, and the arrival of Kelly's men would only aggravate conditions already bad. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 10 to 4, with his petition, but I do not know about the reception of the men who are being tramped from the prairies of the West. I am quite sure that the people of this country will not tolerate any overt action on the part of the officials of the city which would persecute these men. Such acts will arouse the public indignation as it has never been aroused since the rebellion."

Gen. Aubrey's Army.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 23.—Col. Aubrey has promoted himself to general and has taken the train for Salisbury, where he has secured new quarters at a house on Blake street, in the western portion of the city, and now they have 150 recruits for the commonwealth army. A telegram was sent to President M. E. Ingalls, of the Big Four road, asking him for a rate on twenty box cars in which the army could be transported to Washington. The matter was referred to the local officials of the road.

Warning to Coxeyites.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The commissioners of the District of Columbia took action today on the impending 'Coxey' invasion. After a long session and consultation with the attorney for the district a manifesto was prepared and given out, which calls attention to the fact that the right of petition is not a license to march. The Coxeyites appear to imagine. Those who contemplate coming to the capital are warned that only hard work and devotion await them here, and informs them that no good can come of their proposed pilgrimage.

Chicago Contingent.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Everything is in readiness for the final organization of the Chicago contingent of the commonwealth army. J. H. Randall has been chosen commander-in-chief of the iron moulders. The iron moulders will form their own regiments and march to Washington under their own ranks, they claim that they will form an army several thousand strong. Elections of commanders will be held tomorrow, and it is expected that a start will be made tomorrow this week. The number of men is estimated at anywhere between 1,000 and 5,000.

Not an Extravaganza, but an Economical Ripe.

Globe, 4-24-94.

MELLOW-DRAMA IN ONE ACT, ENTITLED

"SAVED!"

TIME: The Present. SCENE: Home.

MUSIC: By "those who pay too much for their whistle."