ONE CENT BY MAIL. The Daily is \$3 a Year. Daily and Sunday, \$4 a Year.







THE GLOBE

Only Democratic Daily

Best Advertising Medium

United States That He Is

in Paris,

THAT A DUMMY WAS BURIED.

The Story Is a Rank Fake.

Emenating From a Sen-

sation Monger.

by Hundreds Who Knew

Him Well.

There is a weird story going the

rounds of the press of the United States

that Ehle Allen did not suicide, but that the body found in the cottage at

Minnetonka was a dummy, and that

Ehle Allen is luxuriating in Europe.

The story has not the slightest founda-

tion; it is the mere creation of the im-

agination of some sensation monger,

probably of the newspaper field. Likely

as any way the fake was promulgated

by one of two well known fakers of the

Twin Cities.
The fact of the matter is that the re-

mains of Ehle Allen were viewed by

hundreds of St. Paul people who knew

him well in life. There is no possibil-

As a sample of the publications in

leading papers in New York, Boston

lowing is quoted from the Telegram, of

Now the report comes from persons in

the circles of the knowing ones that Ehle Allen is alive, in good health and

residing in Paris. The story has it that

the body found in the cottage at Lake

Minnetonka was that of a dummy, se-

It is said that a few days previous to

the supposed suicide of Allen exchange

on Paris was purchased by friends of

Allen, and that transportation was se-cured for him, by means of which he was enabled to escape while the atten-

Indictments Against Ex-

Officials.

and hundreds of other cities, the fol-

ity of mistake in the case.

Portland, Or.:

cured for the purpose.

VOL. XVII .--- PRICE TWO CENTS .-- { ON TRAINS , FIVE CENTS. }

SAINT PAUL MINN., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21, 1894.

PRICE TWO CENTS--{ ON TRAINS }---NO. 233.

SHOT HIS OWN SON. DEBS ON THE STAND.

A Former Sheriff of Todd President of the A. R. U. County Mistakes His Boy for an Owl.

A BULLET IN HIS HEART.

Inknown Man Found Hanging to a Tree Near Mankato.

POLITICS START TO BOOM.

Results of Several Conventions Throughout the Northwest.

Special to the Globe.

LONG PRAIRIE, Minn., Aug. 20 .-Silas J. Davis, formerly sheriff of Todd county, accidently shot his son George, aged twelve years, last night, mistaking the boy for an owl on the fence. He shot him through the left side just above the heart with a 44-caliber Winchester. The boy still lives, but is in a critical condition

AN UNKNOWN SUICIDE. His Body Found Hanging to a

Tree Near Mankato. MANKATO, Aug. 20 .- The body of an unknown man was found this morning hanging to a tree in the grove near the Milwaukee depot in this city, on the banks of the Minn sota river. Nothing can be learned of his identity. He is dark complexion, rather small, and weighs about 135; has dark hair and "I found," he said, "that the men brownish mustache, and appears to b. from thirty-five to forty years old. He was dressed neatly in working clothes, in which were found wheat kernels and chaff, showing he had been with a threshing crew. He had no money and nothing of importance in his pockets. He called at several places about the city Saturday asking for work, saying he had been told thresher men were wanted in Mankato. He looked sick and despondent, and said he came from Owatonna and St. Peter. He wore blue overalls, blue shirt and a white hat. A coroner's inquest was held this afternoon, but adjourned till tomorrow to ascertain his identity if possible.

LUDWIG IS CHOSEN.

Winona Selects Delegates to State and Congressional Conventions.

Special to the Globe. nona county Democratic convention took place in this city this morning. Delegates to the number of about 150 were present, and delegates were elected to both the state and the congressional conventions. Those to the former were instructed for Hon. John Ludwig; of this city, for the office of lieutenant governor.

The delegates selected for the state convention were: John Ludwig, John Lohse, F. L. Randall, John O'Dea, W. A. Allen, G. F. Crise, H.M. Lamberton, John Rose, William Noonan, M. J. Kowalewski, H.G. C. Schmidt, J. Frisch, . Monohan, P. Fitzpatrick, H. Weibel, E. V. Bogart, E. Kellerman, T. Sikorski. J. Beutner, P. Buo, D. Fakler, J. H. nson, J. Dietze, J. F. Gay, George Fisher and Philip Warren.

Dates for Conventions.

Special to the Globe Austin, Minn., Aug. 20. - The Demperatic county committee met here today and decided on Sept. 20 as the date for holding the county convention. The convention for electing delegates to the state and congressional conventions will

For Judicial Nominations. Special to the Globe.

RRAINERD, Minn., Aug .- The Republican judicial convention for the Fifteenth judicial district has been called at Aitkin Sept. 25. The basis of representation will be one at large for each county and one for each fifteen votes cast for Harrison. Leon E. Lum, of this city, and P. V. Coppernolt, of Aitkin, are candidates for the position. In South Dakota.

ial to the Globe. YANKTON, S. D., Aug. 20.—Delegates to Wednesday's state Republican con-vention have arrived on every train today and one-half the accredited representation is probably in town tonight.
The aspirants for office are all here and are attended by numerous friends not delegates. The convention will be held in a tent capable of accommodating a couple of thousand people. The only thing that seems certain tonight is the nomination of R. J. Gamble, of Yank-ton, to congress. The other congres-sional place will be fought out between the two congressional candidates ler and Lucas, with chances in favor of

the former. Worse Than Anticipated.

Special to the Globe. OWATONNA, Aug. 20 .- The schedule of the assets and liabilities in the assignment of G. Landauer, which was reported from this city on last Wednesday, shows matters to be in a worse condition than was at first reported. The inventory of stock amounts to \$5,952.03, which, together with the outstanding accounts, \$1,113.48, makes the total assets \$7,065.51. The liabilities are \$10,091.49, of which about \$2,000 is with Owatonna people. The largest claim is held by Bachiack, Kahn & Co., of Faribault. There is no telling vit what will be does with the telling yet what will be done with the

Married a Printer.

ecial to the Globe. FARIBAULT, Minn., John F. Powers, foreman of the Democrat, and Miss Mary Hallet, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hallett, of this city, were married today at the Church of the Immaculate Conseption. The happy couple have gone for an extended visit with relatives at Beloit, Wis.

Broke Both Arms.

Special to the Globe. MANKATO, Aug. 20 .- Henry Vosbee a blacksmith, while coming home from a picnic last night, was thrown from his buggy and had both arms broken.

Questioned by the Strike Commission.

CAUSES OF THE STRIKE

Succinctly Stated and Action of the Authorities Sharply Criticised.

ALTGELD AT PULLMAN.

The Governor Finds a Horrible Condition of Destitution Existing.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20. -By far the largest audience which has yet been in attendance upon the strike commission's sessions was present today, attracted by the appearance as a witness of President E. V. Debs, of the A. R. U. The court room, where the commissioners sit, was crowded from the bench to the doorways. President Debs took the witness chair.

"Now tell us, in your own way, Mr. Debs," said Commissioner Wright, "what you know of the Pullman strike and its results."

Leaning forward in his seat, the tall leader of the great strike began in a low, clear voice, a recital which gradualy became more earnest and forcible as he proceeded, until it developed into almost an oration. Ho told of having received word that a strike in Pullman was imminent, and of his coming to

were working for the Pullman company at wages upon which they could not live. I found that salaries had been cut time and again until skilled mechanics were working their lives away for wages not sufficient for a day laborer. That the town of Pullman, with its shops, its houses and its stores, was so schemed that every penny the workingman made found its way

Back Into the Company's Coffers. "In fact I found the workingmen of Pullman in a pitiable condition, and determined I would do all in my power as president of the A. R. U. to improve the condition of these men. The strike followed, ordered by the men themselves. Then came the boycott, ordered by duly elected delegates to our conention, and then followed the railroad strikes, ordered by the various local unions, each of which had grievances of

account differing but little from that of the other A. R. U. officials who had preceded him on the witness stand.

curred if there had been no Pullman

trouble?" asked Commissioner Wright. "No; the Pullman strike was the prime cause. We decided to stop Pullman's cars and shut off his income. thus forcing him to arbitrate. But the railroad men had grievances of their own. The general managers' association had been organized with the avowed intention of giving assistance to railroads in labor troubles. The evident aim was to drive organized labor from existence. No soone had this association been formed than a systematic reduction of railroad wages all over the country began. The cuts were made on one road at a time. and in one department at a time, but the systematic regularity with which they appeared was sufficiently significant. The men were ready to strike, and felt they had cause. But the trouble would not have come when it did had it not been for the Pullman matter. The time was unpropitious, business was depressed and money was scarce. I did not order the strike. I had not the power; the men did that themselves.

But I do not wish to shirk any responsibility, and am willing to say that I Heartily Commended,

taken by the men. As to violence, I always condemned it. I have written and spoken against it, believing and knowing that a strike cannot be won knowing that a strike cannot our office counseling violence, I know of no such epistles."

"What about the 'buy a gun' telegram," asked Commissioner Kernan. "That is easily explained. The telegram was sent by a private secretary to a friend in Butte, and was merely a playful expression. It was sent as

Mr. Debs then said that within five days after the strike was declared the union had the railroads beaten. "They were paralyzed," he said, "but

just at that time injunctions were sown broadcast, and shortly afterwards the officials of the A. R. U. were arrested for contempt of court. That Beat Us.

"It wasn't the railroads or the army, but the power of the United States courts that beat us. About that time a thing occurred which I desire to mention. General Miles came to Chicago, called on the general managers' association, and the next day was quoted in an interview as saying that he had broken the backbone of the strike. Now, I consider that call of Gen. Miles' as vulgarly out of place. He had no more right to consult with the general managers' association than he had to consult with the men of our union. I might say, too, that it seems strange that all of our letters and telegrams were made public property, while not a line of the railroad correspondence was published. If it had been, I think we could prove that the general managers, at one of their secret meetings, declared they would

In reply to a question, Debs said that the union had taken every possible means to prevent rioting and disorder. "We objected to the presence of the federal troops, but not to state troops and police. If I remember rightly, no serious outbreak occurred until the

stamp the A. R. U. out of existence

inflamed the men."

The witness then told of the trouble

with railroad brotherhoods. "The brotherhoods have outlived their usefulness," he said, "and for that reason I left the firemen's association. They were, I fear, jealous of the A. R. U. and helped to defeat us. There is new a movement on foot to form a grand and united railroad organization. With in three days a proposition will be submitted to the other railroad orders whereby all present officers of the A. R

U. and other unions shall rssign, with no possibility of election to office. The principal cause of strife thus being reprincipal cause of strife thus being removed, an organization will be effected, if the brotherhoods will consent, which shall include all railroad employes."

"Do you claim," asked Mr. Wright, "that the railroads were responsible for the strike because they insisted upon hauling Pullman ears?"

"No, sir. The A. R. U. was responsible for it, but under aggravating circumstances. The general managers are united to reduce wages. The employes are united to resist such reduc-

ploves are united to resist such reduc tions. In case of a reduction that leads to a strike we think the company is responsible."
"What is your opinion as to methods

"What is your opinion as to methods of averting strikes?" asked Commis-sioner Worthington. "My own idea, and it is the idea of the American Railway union, is

Unify All the Railroad Men of the country. A power like that pru-dently managed would avert skikes. The railroad managers would recognize the wisdom of treating it fairly and meeting it in a conciliatory spirit. "Do you believe a strike is justifiable that interferes with public conven-

"I believe striking is justifiable no matter what the result, when it is to resist degradation and enslaving conditions." "Do you believe in government ownership of railroads?" asked Mr. Kernan.
"Yes, sir, I believe the government
ownership of railroads is decidedly

better than railroad ownership of the government."
There was the heartiest kind of laughter and applause at the epigram, and it was some time before quiet was In conclusion, the witness said he be-lieved the A. R. U. was stronger numer-

ically and every other way than it ever had been.

Mr. Debs was followed by P. H. Morrisey, first vice grand master of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. The feeling between the two orders, he said, was not friendly. The Railway union had come into existence deriding the older organizations, and it had naturally made them feel bitter. Thes brotherhood believed in the extension of trade union principles, but did not believe in such a unification as the A. R. U. proposed. In the instructions to its men regarding the strike, the brotherhood took that it was not approving the strike at Pullman or the boycott, and therefore expected its men to do
their regular duty, but not to go outside
of that for the purpose of doing strikers' work. It did not believe in sympathetic strikes, but individually the witness believed in government ownership
of railroads and voluntary arbitration.
The brother hood regarded the proposed

government license as an interference with private employment. E. E. Clark, of Cedar Rapids, Io., waf the Order of Railway Conductors. Hu told the same story of hostility betwee-the brotherhood and union. His organization had made an effort in Washingt ton to secure a law for the licensing of railroad men, but the bill never got ou "Would the railroad strike have ocof committee.

This closed the hearing of witnesses This closed the hearing of witnesses for the day.

The commissioners have notified George M. Pullman to appear and testify, and will also call for several members of the General Managers' association. The data for Mr. Pullman's tion. The date for Mr. Pullman's testimony has not been set, but it is expected that he will appear Tuesday or Wednesday.

ALTGELD AT PULLMAN.

He Finds a Horrible State of Des titution Among Strikers. CHICAGO, Aug. 20. - Gov. Altgeld went to Pullman today to investigate the condition of the Pullman strikers. His visit was the result of a communication sent to him from the strikers stating that sixteen hundred families are near to starvation. The governor previous to his visit refused to say what action he should take, but it was generally believed by the strikes that they would

receive immediate assistance. Vice-President Wickes, of the Pullman company, called upon Gov. Altgeld at the latter's office and offered to accompany the executive on his trip to Pullman. The governor received Mr. Wickes very coldly, and in a manner which was construed as a direct snul

proceedings.

It Was Too Much Like Uncle

Sam's, Hence It Was Seized.

received by Chief Hazen, of the secret

Operative Murphy at Kansas City, as

service, states the due bills seized by

stated in the Associated Press dis-

patches, were issued by T. J. Podgett

Coupon company, of Topeka., Opera-

tive Murphy seized \$27,300 of the due

bills and the lithograph stones from

which they were printed. Chief Hazen

said today that so far as was known no

plated. It was in some of its features a

Another Parkhurst Victim.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20 .- Supt. Byrnes

today preferred charges against Police

Captain John T. Stephenson, of the

Mulberry street station. Capt. Steph

Sanchez Goes Hence.

DENVER, Aug. 20. - News reached Gen.

McCook's headquarters that Chief San-

chez, of the White Mountain tribe of

ndlass, in Arizona, was killed by two

Indians in a fight at Cedar creek, near Fort Apache, Ariz. Sanchez led the attack on the troops commanded by Gen. (then colonel) Carr, Aug. 30, 1881, in which Capt. Hentiz and a number of soldiers were killed.

Fewer Cholera Cases.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 20 .- One new cas

of cholera and one death from that disease are reported here. At Maestricht

the cemmissioners next Tuesday.

fraud had been attempted or contem-

any prosecutions.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20 .- A telegram

of destitution, and found that the st of practical starvation had not been greatly overdrawn. After the investigation the governor asked Manager Middleton, of the Pullman company, if he could suggest any solution to the condition of destitution and starvation. the existence of which all of the resi-

dent officials had admitted.
"The only thing we can do," was the answer, "is to put the old men back as fast as there are vacancies in the "But that process is slow and uncertain," replied Gov. Altgeld, "and the question is one of immediate starvation. Cau't you put on a few hundred of the

men and let them alternate until this condition of misery is relieved?" Mr. Middleton said he did not see how he company could change its present plans. The governor said it was the first time he had ever been asked for aid to help starving people and he wanted to think it over. He will see the relief committee of the Pullman strikers tomorrow, and ways and means of assisting suffer-

proclamation calling upon the people of the state for help. Precautions Against Cholera. BERLIN, Aug. 20 .- The cholera com mission of Germany has decided that it is necessary to take additional precautionary measures along the Russian frontier to prevent the entry of persons from the cholera districts of Russia. It is reported from Scutari, Turkey that a number of persons are down with a "disease which is suspected to be cholera.

ing will be discussed. In all proba-

bility the meeting will bear truits in

Sports Held for Manslaughter. OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 20.-Sandy Grisvold and others on preliminary trial at Plattsmouth for causing the death of Pugilist Robbins. in a recent prize fight, were today bound over today on the charge of manslaughter. Griswold was released on \$7,500 bail. The others

WHO GOT THE TIN? QUORUM IS MISSING.

The Court Infers "Sharp Prac- Little Chance of Further Legtice" in the Harney Peak Company.

SYNDICATE WAS DUPED

Out of \$2,000,000 and Valuable Bonds, if Appearances Are Correct. .

RECEIVER IS CONTINUED,

Are to Be Thoroughly Looked Into.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.-In the United States circuit court today Judge Laombe made an order continuing Albert R. Ledoux as the receiver of the Harney Peak Tin and Mining company until a final hearing of the case. Mr. Ledoux was recently appointed receiver by Judge Lacombe on the application of Charles Fietcher and a number of other Englishmen, who charged that the officers of the company, chief among whom was Samuel Untermeyer, hed been guilty of sharp practices. The Englishmen averred they had been cheated out of £3,000,600 and upwards. The receiver was appointed secretly, so that he could get hold of the books of the country before its officers knew of the proceeding. An application was then made for the removal of the receiver. Judge Lacombe denied this ap-

plication. In making the order for the continuance of the receiver, Judge Lacombe says: "From such facts as are admitted by the defeudants or are averred in the bill for affidavits and not denied, and from documents put in evidence, the genuiness of which is not disputed, it is reasonable to infer that complainants will be abie to prove at final hearing that the second mortgage of \$4,850,-000, issued ostensibly for the acquisition of further properties and a cash advance to the company, was really put upon the property of the corporation in order to effect the sale of so much of the stock as was held by a syndicate comprising a majority of the board of trustees. That by such sale, which, but for the creating of this new mortgage, apparently could not be carried out, they obtained in exchange for their stock not only nine-tenths of the new bonds, but also a large sum, £400,000 in securities, of another corporation."

NOT BYERS' KEEPER.

GROVER SICK AT BUZZARD'S BAY. Dr. Tallman Answers in Court on the Famous Case. intents and purposes, and they include | ential. It is the Jones amendment, in this the making of speeches as well as passing of bills. Today from the CHICAGO, Aug. 20. - Dr. W. Lewis Taliman made a return on the writ of as passing of bills. Today from the as passing of bills. Today from the time the senate met until it went into executive session, Senator Lindsay, of the committee is that this rate would turnish sufficient revenue withoug give habeas corpus commanding him to deliver Millionaire E. M. Byers, of Pittsburg, before Judge Sears today. The hypysician denied that Byers was in his The Kentucky senator desires to defend coal bill was so amended as to provide The Kentucky senator desires to defend custody, or ever had been, except as a the action of the senate finance compatient, receiving medical treatment at | mittee and the Democratic senators who his own request. Dr. Tallman's desupported them. It is also understood fense, as read in court by his counsel, that Senator Allison, of Iowa, was Judge Thomas, was that on May 15, ready to make a speech of some length 1893, E. M, Byers came to his office in on the present status of tariff legislation. the Great Northern and put himself It is possible that both of these speeches under treatment for dipsomania. In will be made by the courtesy of the August, 1893, the doctor said, Byers senate, although the Republicans said started to inspect an iron mine in the today that no speeches would be made Mesaba range. Shortly afterwards the and that the interdict against any more business included also speeches. Some respondent found Byers with his wife in St. Paul, and elaims that Mr. Byers of the Democrats assert, however, that if any attempt is made to prevent the was under the influence of drugs or liquor. Byers was highly, excited and was brought back to Chicago. His paspeeches on the Democratic side a quorum of the senate will be recalled tient is not now, Dr. Tallman declared, under duress by the sergeant-at-arms. in his custody.

After the hearing of Dr. Tallman's answer Judge Sears continued the case until tomorrow, when a date will be set On the Republican side it is claimed

that the tariff debate as well as the tariff legislation is closed for the hearing of final testimony in the kidnaping case. Dr. Tallman was re-This may lead to some ugly feeting if nsisted upon. If Senator Lindsay leased from custody, despite the opposi-tion of Mrs. Byers' attorney. Mrs. Byers, her mother, Mrs. Hayes, and several friends were present during the should get the floor he could not be in terrupted by points of no quorum, as he could not be taken off the floor without his consent: but whenever the attempt is made to call up the resolution upon KANSAS CURRENCY. which he is to speak the point can be made, and the present, indications are

> ber of senators intend leaving before Wednesday. Senator Harris has given notice that immediately after the reading of the journal on Wednesday he will move an executive session. This is in the interest of Judge Porter, of Tennessee, whom he desires to have confirmed. It there is objection in executive session sufficient to cause the point of no quorum to be made, it will result in carrying over the nomination till after adjournment.

> that when the senate meets again there

will not be a quorum present as a num-

FREE BILLS REPORTED. The Bounty Amendment Ignored in Committee.

plated. It was in some of its features a co-operative scheme, but the fact that the due bills were of denominations less than \$1, and were made in the similitude of United States money, made their issue a violation of section 3583 of the Revised Statutes, and also of the act of Feb. 10, 1891. The bills were surrendered without protest, and it is thought the seizure will not result in any prosecutions. WASHINGTON, Aug. 20 .- For fifteen or twenty minutes today the business of the senate was suspended, while the sergeant-at-arms was sent in search of an actual quorum. The senate was eighteen short of a voting quorum, only twenty-five senators having voted on a uon-political motion, thus showing that congress is slowly disintegrating. The enson is charged with having received bribes while in command of the Leonard street station. He will be tried before four supplemental tariff bills were all reported from the finance committee and sent to the calendar. Inquiries were made as to what had

become of amendments offered to the sugar bill, but Mr. Harris said it was not usual to report back amendments rejected in committee.

Mr. Allison (Rep., Io.) said the action of the senate last Saturday on Mr. Man derson's amendment, when the vote was 21 to 20 and only failed for lack of a quorum, should be regarded as an in struction to the committee to report the amendment favorably. Mr. Chaudler wanted to know what

became of his amendment repealing and canceling the late tariff act. Mr. Harris gave as his reply that he had een instructed to report the bill back with an amendmet providing for a duty

there has been one death from cholera and one fresh case of that disease, and at Haarlem one new case of cholera reof 40 per cent. Mr. Mitchell (Rep. Or.,) gave notice that if the sugar bill was called up at

1 this session, he would offer an amend-

islation at This Session of Congress.

And Sent to the Calendar-Senate Adjourns Until Wednesday.

PORTER'S CASE DESPERATE.

And Affairs of the Company His Nomination as Judge in Danger of Remaining Unacted Upon.

> WASHINGTON, Aug. 20 .- The Repubalcohol schedule. The Republican paying a bounty; in other words, is the leaders say this session, is over to all new tariff bill rate, minus the differ-

ment re-enacting the wool schedule of 1890. The two bills placing coal and iron ore on the free list were ordered placed on the calandar. The senate went into executive session, but owing to the absence of a quorum, adjourned until Wednesday.

Mr. Allison stated that the free

barbed wire bill does not provide for free barbed wire at all, as it places a THE FREE BILLS REPORTED duty upon the manufactured article, while admitting the material free. He reminded the senate that the Wilson bill provided for a 25 per cent ad valorem duty on barbed wire, but the senate had reduced it.

Mr. Aldrich and other Republican members of the finance committee denied that the substitute bill just reported was by the unanimous vote of the com mittee, as it had been opposed by all the Republican members. The house had desired to put barbed wire on the free list to benefit the farmers, but in its haste it had done just the opposite.

The house bill to provide a national home for aged and infirm colored people went over till the next session The senate bill to push the claim of the United States against the estate of Leland Stanford was passed.

The Sugar Bill, WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The Republicans say there will be no more business of importance transacted in the senate this session except, perhaps, the passing of the bill correcting the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the passing of the bill correcting the larger of the larger of the bill correcting the larger of the bill correcting the larger of t

coal bill was so amended as to provide for reciprocity on this article by the admission free of duty coal imported

from countries which admit coal from

this country free. Coal imported from countries imposing a duty on our coal is to be made dutiable at the rate

existing when this bill shall go into

The amendment to the barbed wire

barbed wire and all other fencing wire

and the rods from which they are made. The free iron bill was not amended. The Republican members of the com-

mittee offered amendments of their own to the bill. One of the amendments

offered was that presented in the senate

by Senator Hill for the repeal of the income tax. They also sought to have the revenue duty supplanted by a provision for free sugar with a bounty. They voted solidly against the bills, but

lid not seek to delay the report upon

Senator White attended the commit-

ee meeting for the first time and acted

in perfect harmony with the older Democratic members thereof.

The senate adjourned until Wednes-

day after an executive session lasting

HOUSE IS DESERTED.

Only Fifty Members Were Present

Today.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20 .- Less than

fifty members were present when the house met at 12 o'clock today. There

were the usual indications that congress

was on the eve of adjournment. Mem-

bers were crowding in the area in front

of the speaker's desk, with requests for

unanimous consent for the passage of

Mr. Sayres, chairman of the appropri-

ations committee, secured unanimous

appropriating \$9,000 for an additional

force for the collection of internal reve

nue, and \$7,000 for the carrying into

effect of the arbitration convention

between the United States and Vene-

zuela, signed at conferences in January last. It was passed without objection.

A bill was passed on motion of Mr. Foreman (Dem., Ill.) to incorporate the Association of American Florists.

Mr. McCreary (Dem., Ky.) chairman

Mr. McCreary (Dem., Ky.) chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a joint resolution congratulating the Hawaiian republic on the perfect resumption of the powers and abilities of self-government. The resolution was offered in lieu of the Routelle resolution. Owing to the characteristics of the congrate of the c

Boutelle resolution. Owing to the absence of Mr. Boutelle, Mr. Bayne (Rep.,

Nr. Bland (Dem., Mo.) then demanded

the regular order. Then, at 12:45, the

Poor Navigation for Gunboats.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20 .- It is not

probable that the navy department will

risk any naval vessels in the Missis-

sippi river after its experience with the

Ericssen, now on the way to New York.

When the little craft was docked at

New Orleans it was found that not only

was one of the propeller struts broken.

but that the propellers themselves had been knocked and chipped away from striking unseen snags till hardly a blade remained. It was fortunate that the contractors had taken the precaution to

fit the boat with cast-iron screws a foot

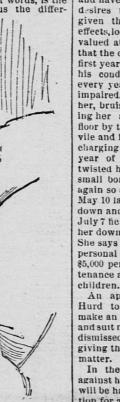
smaller than the bronze screws that will be used at sea, or the damage would

have been severe.

consent for the consideration of a bill

the bills of local interest to them.

Il provides for the free admission of



associating with lewd persons, and with dren. The wife has filed an answer in DIVES RAN UNTAXED. this action denying charges of a specific character, and seeking to explain her conduct on the night that she was in a carriage with three others, and the time the doctor shot at her.

FLIM-FLAMMED THE GROCER Two Crooks Grab the Change

Also the \$20 Bill.

George Wilson, alias Frank West, is locked up at the central police station in company with one T. Putnam, charged with larceny. Wilson worked a flimflam game at Bergeman's grocery store on St. Peter street, between Seventh and Ninth. Last Saturday evening he entered the store and called for two boxes of sardines. He handed the clerk a \$20 bill, and was given a quantity of silver in change. To this Wilson made some objections, saying that he did not care to carry that much silver. He took out a \$1 bill, and said he guessed he would rather keep the large bill. At that moment another man entered the place, supposed to be Putnam, and called for some trifle, saying that he was in a great hurry and desired to be waited on at once. This the unwary grocer did, and in the meantime Wilson grabbed the change from the counter and his \$20 bill as well, and made a bolt for the door. Complaint was made to the police, and a description of the man furnished, as a result of which De-tectives Horan and Daly arrested Wilson yesterday morning. Later in the day Putnam was run in under suspicion of ng a confederate, and he will be held for further investigation.

WILLIE IS PENITENT.

THE COLONEL ASKS FOR MERCY AND VOTES.

A Cold Reception at Owen's Home for the Congressman-Big Owens Barbecue,

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 20.-Col. W C. P. Breckinridge spoke this afternoon at Georgetown, the county seat of Scott county, and the home of Hon. W. C. Owens, who is his most powerful opponent in his terrible struggle for reelection. Special trains were run from all parts of the district, the Lexington special from Breckinridge's home taking the majority of the crowd. The speaking took place in the court room, which held about 600 people. Col. Breckinridge was introduced by John H. Lewis, of Georgetown. His address was an appeal for mercy, inasmuch as he had confessed his sins and laid himself at the feet of his people. He told how he loved the people of Scott, but his reference to the late Vice President Richard M. Johnson was so fresh in the minds of the people that his reception was rather cold.

Prof. J. P. Nelson, a teacher in the

Kentucky state college at Lexington, was shot in the leg while trying to prevent a difficulty between a negro and a white man named Glass. Both Nelson and Glass are strong Breckinridge men, and Glass, in attempting to shoot the negro, in some way hit Nelson.

The big Owens barbeoue will be held here at Breckinridge's home Wednes-day. One hundred muttons, ten beeves, 1,000 gallons of burgo and 500 loaves of bread have been prepared to feed the crowd. The women of the district in-terested in the defeat of Breckinridge will furnish a basket dinner for 2,500 persons. The speakers will be W. G. Owens; David Thornton, of Versailles: George B. Kinkead, of this city, and George C. Eckhart, of Paris.

THE HURD SENSATION IS EHLE ALLEN ALIVE?

Stirred Up Again by Mrs. Story Published Over the Hurd Suing the Doctor for a Divorce.

ALLEGES GRAVE CRUELTY.

Says She Has Been Kicked, Beaten, Dragged by the Hair and Shot At.

HE SAYS SHE IS UNCHASTE. NOT A FOUNDATION FOR IT.

The Flim-Flam Game Played | Ehle Allen's Body Was Viewed on a St. Paul Grocer by Two Crooks.

Anna A. Hurd, the wife of William J. Hurd, the dentist, has renewed her action for divorce. She is twenty-five, and he thirty-five years old. They were married in Minneapolis July 30, 1886, and have three children, of whom she desires the custody. She asks to be given the homestead and household effects, located at 73 West George street, valued at \$10,000. Mrs. Hurd alleges that the doctor began to abuse her the first year of their ra ried life, and that his conduct has become intensified every year, so that her health has been impaired. She accuses him of striking her, bruising her face and body, twisting her arms, dragging her over the floor by the hair, kicking her, applying vile and indecent epithets to her and charging want of chastity. In the first year of their marriage she says he twisted her wrist so as to fracture a small bone, and afterwards twisted it again so as to cause a deformity. On May 10 last, she says, he knocked her down and kicked her tace and body. On July 7 he fired a revolver at her, knocked her down and kicked her face and body. She says that he has \$20,000 worth of personal property and an income of \$5,000 per annum. She asks for maintenance and for means to educate the

An application was made by Mrs. Hurd to Judge Willis yesterday to make an order for temporary alimony and suit money, but the proceeding was tion of the public and officers was turned to the report of his suicide. The matter dismissed for want of sufficient notice

dismissed for want of sufficient notice giving the court jurisdiction to hear the matter.

In the action begun by Dr. Hurd against his wife for a divorce, a hearing will be had today on a similar application for alimony made by Mrs. Hurd. In his suit for divorce the husband charges his wife with neglecting home duties, with unchaste demeanor and associating with lewid persons, and with

MEMPHIS DEFRAUDED OUT OF MILLIONS The Discovery Leads to Wholesale

> MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 20.-The Memphis grand jury has unearthed frauds of gigantic proportions. Through the criminal carelessness and neglect of the county officials the state and county have been defrauded out of nearly two million dollars in revenue during the past eight years. The grand jury began an investigation a few days ago, and discovered that nearly six hundred saloons and several other firms, embracing almost every branch of business, had not paid a cent in taxes and privileges or licenses in eight years. The jury made a partial report of its work to the criminal court today, and as a result 578 indictments have been returned against the delinquents. The investigation will be continued, and it is said the jury will next turn its attention to the derelict officials. Under the statute they can be indicted for every case where they failed to collect taxes and licenses. The investigation is the result of a change in the office of criminal judge, Judge L. P. Cooper has announced that he intends to enforce the law to the letter, and every person convicted will be punished. The disclosures have created a sensation. The citizens are organiz-ing to aid the criminal court in bringing in the delinquents to justice. The county has been hard pressed for money for several years to meet necessary ex-penses, and it was only a short time ago hat bonds were issued to raise money to repair the court house. Had the officials done their duty the county would have had a large surplus instead

CLEVELAND IS BETTER.

of being a borrower.

He Will Probably Return to Washington Today. Buzzard's Bay, Aug. 20 .- President Cleveland's health continues to imis more serious than malarial fever are scouted by Dr. O'Reilly. The president declines to say anything about administration matters. He will probably leave for Washington tomorrow.

Sidetracking Opponents. ST. Johns, N. F., Aug. 20.-The Goodridge government accomplished a

stroke of political strategy today. The position of inspector of customs being vacant, the government tendered it to James Watson, a Whitewayite and member of Trinity, who was recently unseated. Watson had not been disqualified, and consequently was eligible to contest the seat again in November. He previously had a majority of several hundred, and so he would probably be re-elected. The government's move will take him out of the way and give them every prospect of winning the seat.

Stacks of Grain Barned.

Special to the Globe. ROYALTON, Minn., Aug. 20 .- Sparks set fire to grain stacks on the farm of Matt Klein, Saturday, while the Zulager brothers were threshing, burning the separator and four stacks. Loss, \$1,000; no insufance.