

THE DAILY GLOBE

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TODAY'S WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Indications: For Minnesota: Fair, warmer in eastern portion; south gales. For Wisconsin: Fair; warmer; south winds.

For North and South Dakota: Fair and stationary; temperature in eastern portion; showers and cooler in western portion; variable winds, becoming warmer; south gales.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

Table with columns: PLACE, HIGHEST, PLACE, LOWEST. Lists weather data for various locations like St. Paul, Duluth, etc.

RAINIER TEMPERATURES.

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P. F. LYONS, Local Forecast Official.

TRIPLE street's boom seems to be solidifying; street workmen began putting down the asphalt pavement.

SOME substantial Chicagoans has advanced the theory that the Japs are winning battles because they are fed on Chicago beef.

IF WHITNEY should be nominated for governor of New York both parties will discuss the barrel element of the campaign rather gingerly.

SOUTH DAKOTA politicians are in a cave of gloom again. Hugh J. Campbell has turned his coat once more, and now holds up as a Republican.

TOM REED is reported slightly indisposed. However, he has covered the ovation being given Mai McKinley by the misguided Republicans of Indiana.

OUTLAW FRANK JAMES has made St. Louis his permanent home. Those sending letters of commiseration to Kentucky should include St. Louis in their list.

The cruelty of the Chinese emperor to Li Hung Chang is brutal. If the premier is pulled off his pedestal he won't be useful even in a feather factory.

ONE of the shining lights on the Republican state ticket has been snuffed for a board bill of \$111. The Republican state central committee ought to square this and get it hushed up.

GOV. NELSON is telling the farmers of the benefits of his elevator law. Will he kindly supplement his descriptions hereafter with the statement of the barman by which he secured votes for his passage.

The campaign of the grandfather goes merrily on. Senator Allison, Senator Davis and other speakers devote the larger portion of their speeches to the narration of the early history of the Republican party.

SENATOR GORMAN continues to catch it from his constituents. The Democrats of Carroll county, inspired with the spirit of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, denounced him by name and demanded the election of the senators by the people.

LOUIS MENGE has been nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Seventh Illinois district. It's a good thing he isn't running in Minneapolis. The voters up there would be sure to confound his name with that of an unwarlike South American tourist.

The Pioneer Press yesterday stated with all solemnity that the National and Western league baseball seasons ended on Monday, and gave the standing of the various clubs. The season in fact ends on the 26th. You may read the GLOBE to get the news accurately.

The efforts of the New York World, the Pioneer Press and other similarly minded papers to put a brake on the progress of tariff reform do not appear to be very successful. In spite of their

plaintive wailings to have tariff agitation stop, the cause, like the soul of old John Brown, "goes marching on."

REPUBLICAN BOLLERS.

Many of the Republican papers, especially those that failed to give Capt. Reed a fair show in the Third district, are now widely denouncing him for presuming to become a candidate for congress. Their horror at the crime of bolting, which, by the way, he has not committed, would be all right were it not for the fact that many of these same organs have done little else than boom "bollers" for many years. A list of Republicans who have actually bolted their party nominations and themselves become independent candidates would be too long to print in one issue of a newspaper, but it will be interesting to cite a few cases, just to show the St. Paul Dispatch, the Minneapolis Journal, the Pioneer Press and several others that Capt. Reed does not stand alone.

There is that eminent Republican, Senator Cushman K. Davis, now being boomed for a presidential nomination by the Pioneer Press, for example. Only twenty years ago, after being overwhelmingly defeated in the Republican legislative caucus, Mr. Davis bolted and defeated Senator Ramsey, the regular nominee of the party.

Then there is Gen. C. C. Andrews. He bolted and defeated the Sage of Niminger, the late Eugene M. Wilson, the Democratic candidate, being elected. That bolt was the beginning of a diplomatic career for Gen. Andrews. Honors were fairly heaped upon him for years after that.

The late Senator Ward, of Waseca, is another good example. He bolted ex-Congressman Dummell, and was thereafter invited to sit at the head of the Republican table. He bolted and defeated Senator Ramsey, the regular nominee of the party.

Gov. Knute Nelson is another gentleman of this stripe. He traded off McGill in 1886, and virtually bolted Gov. Merriam in 1888, and in 1890 gave the Republicans mighty little support, and yet he is now the "monarch of all he surveys" in Minnesota Republicanism, and is able to make the race for governor and United States senator at the same time.

Hon. Halvor Steenerson bolted the Republican ticket in 1891, and in 1893 he was backed by the Republican governor of the state for the congressional nomination in his district.

Ex-Lieut. Gov. A. E. Rice bolted the nomination of the late Maj. Strait in 1878 and sent Hon. Henry Poehler, a Democrat, to congress from the present Third district, and ever after that exhibition of strength Mr. Rice was favored by his party. The Republicans were glad to pay for peace, and he made them do it.

The list might be prolonged indefinitely, but enough has been said to show that Capt. Reed is on the right track.

The only way to get fair treatment out of the Republican bosses of Minnesota is with a club. If they fear a man he will get something, and in a great many cases that is the only way to get a fair deal.

HENNEPIN COUNTY ASSESSMENT.

The GLOBE publishes in another column a communication from our esteemed and honored friend, Chairman Seabury, in which he takes exception to an article in Tuesday's issue of the GLOBE, relating to the action of the state board of equalization in reducing the assessment of city lots in Minneapolis nearly three and a quarter millions of dollars and increasing the valuation of acre property in the same county \$3,437,551.

In this communication it will be seen that Mr. Seabury admits the facts regarding the official action of the board to be as stated in the article to which he takes exception. The assessment of city lots was reduced over \$3,000,000, and the valuation of acre property outside the city of Minneapolis was increased by about the same amount.

The GLOBE insists that this action is unjust, unfair, and that it will not meet with the approval of the people of Hennepin county, or of the state at large. The GLOBE also insists that an average valuation of \$27.50 per acre is too great for the acre property outside Minneapolis to stand. This increase of the assessment on acre property amounts to about 20 per cent, which even Mr. Seabury will admit is a very long distance to measure in one leap.

Simmered down, then, the only point not admitted by Mr. Seabury in his communication is the cause or causes which led to the action of the board. He operated to bring about this shifting of the burdens of taxation. Mr. Seabury states that the member of the board from Hennepin county is principally responsible, while the GLOBE suggested that Gov. Nelson might have had a hand in the matter. This is a matter about which there seems to be a difference of opinion, and, while the GLOBE freely confesses that it does not believe that Mr. Seabury would take orders from the governor in this or any other matter, it is a notorious fact that the present governor of Minnesota has interfered with similar state boards, the members of which were his appointments to him, and there is no reason for the opinion that he has made a sudden reformation.

THE FIGHT ON BIERMANN.

It has now become apparent to the most casual observer that the contest for state auditor has very largely ceased to be a political one and has resolved itself into a struggle in which certain corporate interests, intent on gobbling up a large and valuable slice of the public domain, are arrayed on one side, and the present state auditor, who has defeated the designs of the corporation, on the other.

Where will the people stand in a controversy of this kind? Mr. Biermann's business embarrassments being known, it was sought to place him under financial obligations to interests which would subsequently embarrass him in the administration of the land department. With the caution of a successful business man and in the rugged honesty

of his nature Mr. Biermann analyzed the proposition, and declined it.

The repeated. There is no politics in the opposition to Biermann. It is that of a greedy and remorseless corporation seeking to destroy the faithful watchdog who stands between it and the coveted prize. For the people to desert Biermann at this time would be like an army showing down its own sentinels in a hostile country.

TOWNE'S OLD MAN OF THESEA.

Candidate Towne is finding the A. P. A. a veritable Old Man of the Sea. When Mr. Towne began to lay his pipes for the congressional nomination, he found an opponent in old Mr. O. D. Kinney, who aspired to the same honor.

The A. P. A. had demonstrated its power in the election of the spring election. It had elected the entire city ticket. It was generally conceded that the candidate for congress of the Republicans this year should come from Duluth. The key of the situation this year was the capture of the Duluth delegation to the congressional caucus. The A. P. A. held the key. Mr. Kinney was advised by his friends to solicit their support. He did not hesitate to say that he had no sympathy with Apism, and if its support was necessary for the nomination, he did not want it.

Mr. Towne, however, was less scrupulous, and courted the Apists assiduously. The result was the convention was controlled entirely by the Apists, and Mr. Towne was given their hearty and unanimous support, gaining for him the delegation from that county, and thereby securing for him the Republican nomination. Mr. Towne soon began to find that there were two sides to that question, and that there was a large number of his constituents in the district who were bitterly opposed to the Apists and their policy, and that what he had gained in one direction he would probably lose in another.

He therefore proposed to use water and deny that he had any sympathy for or affiliation with the Apists. This naturally offended the latter body, and their organ, "Liberty," has been pouring hot shot into Mr. Towne ever since his card of denial was published. We do not see how Mr. Towne is going to shake the Old Man of the Sea of his shoulders, but we suggest to him that Sinbad at last found it necessary to get the monster drunk to get rid of him. We do not see how Mr. Towne is going to get rid of the monster, but we suggest to him that he should be driven to the adoption of Sinbad's method.

VERIFIED PREDICTIONS.

Frank Hurd said in his speech in the Ohio state convention that the single item of free wool in the tariff bill was worth all the rest of it. It is not alone in its money value to the woolen users and to the wool-growers of the country that its value is to be found, but in the object lesson which it gives to the country of the benefit of free raw material, and in the complete overthrow of the predictions of the protectionists that it would effect. It is, in its stage, verifies in a remarkable degree the predictions of the free traders of the effect of free wool and the assertion of the effect of protected wool which has been made by free traders in all of their arguments since the tariff agitation began.

We have not only not been contented with pointing to the steady reduction in the price of wool since it received its first dose of protection in 1867, as showing that protection is an injury, but we have insisted that this depression was due entirely to the attempted protection. Free traders have pointed to the established fact that no one country produces all of the qualities of wool needed in the manufacture of all kinds of clothing. For the production of the finer grades of clothing wools, a grade of wool was needed which the sheep of this country, owing to climatic reasons, could not produce. This has caused the importation of foreign wool to mix with our own wool in the product of a certain grade of goods. At the same time the increased cost to the manufacturer of his raw material, prevented him from sending his goods out to the markets of the world for sale, and this produced a glut in our wool markets, which, with the constantly increasing supply of domestic wool, inevitably depressed prices.

The free trader's argument was that when our manufacturers had free wool they would use our wools more freely in the mixture with foreign wools, and that, with the reduced cost of the foreign material, woolen goods would send their goods abroad for sale, thus resulting in a larger use of our native wools, and an increased price for them.

This argument of the free traders finds verification in the prices of our domestic wools since the tariff act went into effect. It is not to be expected that the full benefit of the tariff would be felt in the first months of its operation, as it will take time to get our woolen goods on the foreign market, and in advance of from 3 to 5 cents a pound in the price of wool since Aug. 30 is a gain which will not be lost, but will be increased slowly but steadily as the adjustment of woolen manufacturers to the new condition progresses.

We do not suppose that Gov. Nelson will accept the suggestion of the GLOBE of matters that he might refer to in his addresses to the farmers of the state. While he is up in the wheat-raising sections of the state, however, he might stop to explain to them why the Republican can't sell their sugar and give a bounty to the farmers on their wheat. He might at the same time animadvert on the ingratitude of the Democratic congress in taking away this bounty from the Louisiana planters.

BILLY MASON, who imagines he is a candidate for United States senator in Illinois, and who is a sort of an understudy for Senator Callom, loudly demands that Mr. MacVeagh explain his connection with the sugar trust and the clear trust. Mr. MacVeagh is a wholesale grocer, and we trust that in some of his speeches he will enter into explanations of the manner in which the sugar trust controls the wholesale dealers of the country, and also the operations of the tobacco trust. It will be a very pretty illustration of how Republican legislation has permitted these trusts to grow up and throttle the trade that deals in their products.

ON SUNDAY the editor of the Chicago Tribune can say that "it is borne in upon one afresh how great is the responsibility resting upon every one living in this momentous epoch; how imperative on each is the endeavor to adjust our differences like social beings and not to act like beasts of prey; how incumbent is this task, not merely on one class, but on all classes," and on Monday morning he can take up lightly his work of stimulating and magnifying our differences, and sacrificing truth and fact, and mercilessly rending the character of political opponents with the ferocity of a beast of prey.

THE DEMAND OF THE VERMONT MAPLE

sugar producers, backed by ex-Senator St. Paul, Sept. 25, 1894.

Edmunds, and of the Louisiana sugar planters, that the bounty of two cents a pound be paid on this year's crop, is speedy, to say the least.

The benefits of lake navigation in competition with railway rates are shown in the announcement that after Oct. 6 the west-bound rates on freight will be doubled. They are now 30 cents, and after that date will be 60 cents. And the cost of freighting is, of course, increased during the winter months, but not at all proportionate to this increase in rates. It is simply the opportunity offered them by the closing of the lake navigation. They are getting their goods cannot strike or boycott. They must grin and bear it.

By THE time news items reach this country from Australia they get badly tangled in the getting from the transmitters the many hands that manipulate the keys. Prime Minister Patterson is said to have resigned because the result of the election was the annihilation of the free trade party. The opposite of this is the case. Mr. Patterson is the premier of the protectionist party, and resigned because the election showed that his party is out of control in the parliament.

IT is a singular comment upon the plain benefits of protection to the laborer and the stories we have heard of their prosperity, their happy homes, the comforts with which they surround themselves, and the deposits they have laid in the savings banks, that the weavers' union of New Bedford has already had to aid 700 families, and that there are numerous applications for help. The margin between income and outgo must be very meager.

The fact that the London board of trade has tendered Mr. Wilson a banquet there pertains the gentle bosom of our Republican contemporaries. In his remarks, he says that to truly say, "We do not see how Mr. Towne is going to get rid of the monster," is an expression of Mr. Carnegie at a former English banquet, "that the reason there are so many tariff millionaires in America is due to the fact that the majority of Americans are economic fools."

INSTEAD of going into the doleful dumps over the withdrawal of the bounty of two cents a pound on sugar, Mr. Oxnard, of Nebraska, should be thankful to congress for saving him further losses. He claims that his sugar cost him \$16 per ton, and he received 4 1/2 cents in the market. The significant statement, however, is added that Mr. Oxnard refused to produce his books.

SENATOR ALLISON replanted his quadrennial presidential boom in October, and, as a result, he is now gathering of Republicans sprinkled in with their enthusiasm. It will run its usual course. It will be carefully tended, carried to the next national convention and put upon the platform, where it will be clipped by the big saw of Mr. McKinley.

THE New York Sun is surprised by the New York Press in the discovery of the fact that the New York Press now discovers that he has an antipathy against beardless men. This may be taken as indicating that the New York Press prefers Benjamin as its candidate in 1896 to beardless Tom or Bill.

MR. SEABURY EXPLAINS

Action of the State Board of Equalization on the Hennepin County Assessment.

To the Editor of the Globe. I do not suppose anybody believes anything that they read in a political paper published on the eve of an election, but the insulting "cross" which appears in your issue of this morning, proposes a word of reply from me on my own behalf, and for my fellow members on the state board of equalization.

I have been a member of the board for the past three years, and am no man's "yes" man. I am a member in an honorary position of trust which I may occupy so far as I have the requisite ability and information to act upon, and, as your article is grossly unfair and insulting to our board, I ask you to publish the following statement.

The assessed valuation of the real property in Hennepin county, as submitted to our board, was as follows:

Table with columns: Year, Valuation. Shows values for 1892 and 1894.

Our board reduced the assessment of city lots in Minneapolis from \$3,000,000 to \$2,650,000, and raised the assessment of acre property in Hennepin county, outside the city of Minneapolis, from \$3,437,551, thus increasing the total assessed valuation of real property in the county to \$6,087,551.

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ODD FELLOWS' EVENT.

FOURTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF LODGE NO. 3 Celebrated Last Night, Some of the Charter Members Being Present.

St. Paul Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., celebrated last night the forty-fifth anniversary of the granting of its charter. There was a full attendance of the members, all of whom will long remember the occasion as an extremely pleasant and enjoyable one.

The regular lodge meeting a recess was taken, and the members adjourned to another room where a banquet was spread, and under its cheering influence the local committee appointed by the citizens of Hinckley, but now matters are progressing with the best feeling and harmony. When the proper time arrives the people of Hinckley intend to recognize in some fitting manner the heroism of Engineers Best and Berry and the conductors of the Eastern Minnesota railroad, who carried 480 souls through to Duluth. Dr. Stephan was on this train, and says he regards Engineer Ed Berry as the hero of the whole disaster.

The towns of Mission Creek, Sandstone and Pokegama are also showing great enterprise in pushing the work of rebuilding. There has been some delay occasioned, however, by the inability to get at once enough lumber. It is expected that the homeless will be amply provided for before cold weather sets in, and provisions to last two or three months are now being furnished to the homeless, by the industry of the lumbermen, who are on recovery. The first dress since the fire occurred Sunday, that of the child of Joseph Tew, chairman of the local town board.

Mr. Hay says some idea of the intense heat that reigned when the fire is told that the wheels of cars standing on the transfer track melted down like wax. Poles being incombustible, the Democratic county convention will be held at Hinckley about Oct. 8, and the Republican convention on the 13th.

The excursion that went up Sunday to the burnt district brought back as relics everything from a knothole to a bass burger.

Receipts and Shipments. The St. Paul fair relief supply depot took in and shipped quite a number of goods yesterday. The receipts consisted of a lot of furniture, being mattresses from the Ballard Express company; tables and a lot of clothing from Emerson Hadley; several boxes of general supplies from Springfield. The supply committee shipped to Pine City forty-eight pairs of shoes and thirty-six suits of men's clothing.

Received by Kenneth Clark, treasurer Minnesota State Relief commission: Received up to 24th Sept. \$5,912 17 00 Mrs. W. S. Parslow, Harrison, Minn. 100 00 Ladies of Liberal League, Plainview, Minn. 33 71 Citizens of Belle Plaine, Minn. 17 00 William Best and George Ford, money raised by Evening Foot Pub, New York, for the above Best and Ford, nearer and fireman of Eastern Railroad of Minnesota train. Money was turned over for relief of sufferers. 16 00 Amount turned over by St. Paul Relief commission. 5,000 00 Mrs. W. S. Parslow, Harrison, Minn. 5 00 Cash, Mount Tabor, Or. 5 00 Mrs. W. S. Parslow, Harrison, Minn. 5 00 Citizens of Harmony, Minn. 183 36 Citizens of St. Henry, Minn. 14 10 Citizens of St. Louis, Minn. 3 50 Richmond, Minn. 3 50 Baptist Choral association, Clinton Falls. 12 45 Total. \$46,357 20

AT THE THEATERS.

Miss Coghlan's engagement at the Metropolitan is for one week, beginning next Monday, when she will present the following list of operas: Monday, Tuesday and Saturday nights and Wednesday matinee, "Diplomacy;" Wednesday and Thursday nights and Saturday matinee, "A Woman of No Importance;" by Oscar Wilde, and "A Night in Venice;" "Forget Me Not."

Hon. S. C. Johnson, mayor of Rush City, was one of the large audience at the Grand last night, and laughed as heartily as any one else in the theater. Monday and Tuesday nights and Wednesday matinee, "Diplomacy;" Wednesday and Thursday nights and Saturday matinee, "A Woman of No Importance;" by Oscar Wilde, and "A Night in Venice;" "Forget Me Not."

HEROES CONTRIBUTE TO RELIEF. On Sept. 22 Kenneth Clark, Treasurer of the Minnesota Relief commission, received a contribution of \$11 for Engineer W. B. Best and \$5 for his fireman George Ford from the Evening Post Publishing company, New York city, which was promptly returned by them with the request that the money be put into the general fund for the benefit of the sufferers of the late fire.

NO POLITICS IN THIS.

ANOTHER BIG CONVENTION IN SARATOGA. Great Gathering of Unitarians Presided over by Rev. Edward Everett Hale.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 25.—National conference, Unitarian and other Christian churches held a convention here this morning, presided over by Rev. Edward Everett Hale, of Boston. The new president, Senator George F. Hoar, of Concord, Mass., addressed the conference at length, reviewing the work of the Unitarian churches in the past, and presenting the report of the council, in which the conference in Chicago was referred to and the parliament of religions spoken of as a triumph of Christianity based upon Unitarian principles. The council reported forty-four clergymen having been received into fellowship.

Reports and recommendations were read by Rev. Dr. Grinnell Reynolds, secretary of the American Unitarian association; Mrs. Emily A. Finkel, secretary of the Unitarian conference; Rev. D. M. Wilson, superintendent of New England; Rev. D. W. Morehouse, superintendent of the Middle states; Rev. G. L. Chany, superintendent for the Southern states; Rev. W. Wendell, superintendent for the Western states; Rev. A. W. Gould, secretary of the Western Unitarian conference; and Rev. Howard N. Brown presented the report of the committee on "The New World."

Following the report of the business committee and the reception of foreign delegates, the conference took a recess until afternoon.

At the Merchants—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Sander, Winnipeg, Man.; J. H. Cahill, Milwaukee; J. C. McAdams, Fargo; C. E. White, Fairbault; H. C. Rogers, M. W. McDonnell, Winona; Webster Eaton, Lincoln; B. Backus, Seattle, Wash.; John E. Meachin, Mankato; W. T. Kuehn, Helena, Mont.

International Hotel: E. Z. Fletcher, David Ede, Sioux City; H. C. Lane, St. Francisco; J. W. Hallow, St. Croix Falls; C. Kohler, Mankato; J. D. McKay, Appleton; E. W. Pratt, Auguste; C. Wilson, A. Levine, Hastings; J. A. Kaufman, Spooner; J. E. Kinnes, West Superior; Thomas Rice, Pine City.

At the Windsor—J. H. Davis and wife, Sioux City; Kirby Thomas, West Superior; C. D. Olson, Chicago; W. C. Dodge, Le Sueur; A. Langenbach, Milwaukee; Jacob Peterson, Shafer, Minn.; A. G. Case, Aberdeen, S. D.; J. B. Thayer, Superior.

At Hotel Sherman—A. W. Lyon, A. D. Reed, St. James, Minn.; G. P. Moorhead, Duluth; H. O. Hildner, Stillwater, Minn.; C. O'Brien, Brainerd, Minn.; W. A. Law, Fairbault, Minn.; David Day and wife, Caledonia, Minn.; J. F. McLaughlin, Greenville, Minn.; At the Metropolitan—Mrs. Fred Wood, Mrs. E. M. Scaries, Assiniboia, Minn.; Mrs. F. C. Beaver Dam, Wis.; G. L. Keho and wife, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Jackson, New York; Charles J. Campbell and son, Chicago; F. J. Holt, Detroit, Mich.; H. J. Rappe, Fargo, Ark.; A. R. Jones, Chicago.

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At the Windsor—J. H. Davis and wife, Sioux City; Kirby Thomas, West Superior; C. D. Olson, Chicago; W. C. Dodge, Le Sueur; A. Langenbach, Milwaukee; Jacob Peterson, Shafer, Minn.; A. G. Case, Aberdeen, S. D.; J. B. Thayer, Superior.

At Hotel Sherman—A. W. Lyon, A. D. Reed, St. James, Minn.; G. P. Moorhead, Duluth; H. O. Hildner, Stillwater, Minn.; C. O'Brien, Brainerd, Minn.; W. A. Law, Fairbault, Minn.; David Day and wife, Caledonia, Minn.; J. F. McLaughlin, Greenville, Minn.; At the Metropolitan—Mrs. Fred Wood, Mrs. E. M. Scaries, Assiniboia, Minn.; Mrs. F. C. Beaver Dam, Wis.; G. L. Keho and wife, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Jackson, New York; Charles J. Campbell and son, Chicago; F. J. Holt, Detroit, Mich.; H. J. Rappe, Fargo, Ark.; A. R. Jones, Chicago.

At the Merchants—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Sander, Winnipeg, Man.; J. H. Cahill, Milwaukee; J. C. McAdams, Fargo; C. E. White, Fairbault; H. C. Rogers, M. W. McDonnell, Winona; Webster Eaton, Lincoln; B. Backus, Seattle, Wash.; John E. Meachin, Mankato; W. T. Kuehn, Helena, Mont.