MINNEAPOLIS.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

If you have any tears to shed, get them ready for tomorrow. Mr. Pratt and his shadow, Goodnow, will need all the tears left on earth to wash away their disappointment and grief.

A well known Democrat went to Republican headquarters Saturday night and offered to bet $500 to $200 that Mr. Thian would win over Pratt. There were no takers.

J. H. Paris, the Democratic candidate for the senate in the Thirty-first district, will be elected beyond a doubt. He is running against E. G. Potter, whose record as alderman of the city council was not the best. The latter has also been a candidate for office in the neighborhood of half a hozen times, and the people in his district are determined that some other man shall have a chance.

The polls tomorrow will be open from 6 o'clock in the morning to 7 o'clock in the evening. Democrats, cast your votes early! Don't let it go to the last moment. It is important to the ticket that every Democrat in the city gets to the polls at as early an hour as possible.

The Irish-Americans of the First ward met Saturday night and passed resolutions condemning the action of a few disgruntled politicians in creating dissension among the voters of the ward, with a view to injure the chances of Mr. Kiichli, senatorial candidate in the Twenty-ninth district. The Irish-Americans of the ward will stand by him to a man.

Things to be thankful for after election:

The abatement of the candidate's cigars.
That somebody will be elected.
Certain prophets will be silenced.
Knute Nelson will have leisure to square himself with the Great Northern road.
That Goodnow and Pratt can return to their legitimate business of selling meal.
That the fellows who have bet on Thian will have money.
That Mart Whitcomb is alderman from the Fourth ward.
That the chairmen who introduced candidates as "the next" this or that will have passed.
That certain "gemmen of colah" will lose their prestige.
That Judge Willis' majority was something like 30,000.
That the calamity newspapers will begin to think Mr. Owen not such a dangerous fellow, after all.
That the people can always be trusted.

It may as well be stated now that somebody is going to bewoefully disappointed tomorrow evening.

There were some 1,500 American citizens manufactured by naturalization clerks at Democratic and Republican headquarters last week.

It is to be hoped that Robert Pratt will regain his voice Wednesday morning.

It is rumored that tardiness in coming to time with assessments will blight the vote of the Republican judiciary candidates.

There will be a good many hundred people out of a job tomorrow night.

I.

Candidate November 5,
Chipper, very much alive.

II.

Candidate November 6,
Full of guile and measly tricks.

III.

Candidate November 7.
Talks of many things but heaven.

The interest taken in Senator Hill's campaign by both Democrats and Republicans of Minneapolis is only second to that in local issues.

Cures Rising Breast

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

. . . . Is the greatest blessing ever offered child-bearing woman. I have been a midwife for many years, and in each case where "MOTHERS' FRIEND" was used it accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the Breast known, and worth the price for that alone.

MRS. M. M. BREWSTER,
Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by Express or mail, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

DR. NELSON

Cor. Wash. and 3d aves. So., Minneapolis, Minn.

From 27 years' experience in both hospital and private practice, can be safely consulted by all who wish a permanent cure; solicits calls from all who have failed in former attempts to get well. No experiments, no quackery.

LADIES by this treatment, a pure, lovely complexion, free from eruptions, etc., brilliant eyes and perfect health can be had. That "tired feeling" and all female weakness promptly cured. Consult the old doctor.

Expert Treatment of all forms of Chronic Diseases. Those contemplating visiting Hot Springs can be cured at one-third the cost.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Blood Poisoning, a disease most horrible in its results, completely eradicated without the use of mercury; Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Loss of Hair, Blotches, Ulcers, Pains in the Head and Bones, Sores in the Throat, Nose and Mouth, lifetime's misery, Glandular Enlargements of the Neck, Rheumatism, Catarrh, etc., permanently cured where all others have failed.

NERVOUS DEBILITY and Organic Weakness, Premature Decay, Self Distrust, Falling Memory, Aversion to Society, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Pimples on the face, Specks before the Eyes, Ringing in the Ear, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and threatened Consumption surely and speedily cured; Pains in Back, Milky Urine and all exhausting drains stopped and CURED to STAY CURED. Relief at once. Weak parts strengthened and enlarged.

FACTS which will be proved conclusively to any one taking the trouble to call or write.

RUPTURE permanently cured without detention from business.

STRICTURE, Stone in Bladder, Piles and Cancer cured without pain or cutting.

Over 7,000 cases treated yearly. Recently contracted or chronic Urinary Diseases POSITIVELY cured in five days.

All business sacredly confidential.

FREE consultation with Symptom List by mail, in plain envelope, for 4 cents in stamps.

LADIES' PERIODICAL **MALYDOR** INJECTION GENTS' PERIODICAL

THE 1 to 4 DAY CURE. FEMALE.

CURES UNHEALTHY DISCHARGES. PREVENTS PRIVATE DISEASES. IS SURE, CLEAN AND WITHOUT BAD EFFECTS. At Druggists or sent with Syringe for $1.00.

"Injection Malydor is THE BEST of all similar remedies." Dr. HENRY RENY, Biddeford, Me.

MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U.S.A.

WILCOX COMPOUND TANSY PILLS

SAFE AND SURE.

Unscrupulous persons are counterfeiting Wilcox Compound Tansy Pills, the genuine are put up in metal boxes with registered trade mark of Shield, accept no worthless nostrum. Insist on the genuine, at all Druggists. Send 4 cents for Woman's Safe Guard and receive them by mail. Wilcox Specific Co. Phila. Pa.

BLOOD POISON

SYPHILIS MAGIC CURE **FOR LIFE**

In 20 to 60 days, under a legal guarantee, backed by a capital of half a million dollars. Cases not cured by Hot Springs, mercury or other treatments especially solicited. No failures. No cure, no pay. Absolute proofs at office, or mailed free on request. BEWARE OF IMITATORS.

THE ORIGINAL DR. COOK GUARANTEE CURE CO. No. 80 East Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

MAGIC A CURE

ED'S "OPEN LETTER."

Red-Hot Reading for the Voters of the Flour City.

TRUSSELL ISN'T IN IT.

Mr. Pratt and the Long-Haired Gentleman Are Shown Up.

A "SPLENDID" RECORD TRULY

Stevens, of the Democratic Committee, Shows He Can Sling a Pen.

The following open letter was issued yesterday by the Democratic city committee. It will prove interesting reading:

Open Letter to Secretary Trussell, Republican City Committee. Quite Personal. The "Official Record" of Ed A. Stevens, as Revised by Himself.

To S. L. Trussell, Secretary Republican City Committee—Sir: In the document prepared by myself, and purporting to be "The Aldermanic Record of Robert Pratt, the Republican Candidate for Mayor," and issued by the Democratic city committee, you will find no vilification of character, and no slur or innuendo. Every statement there in made is borne out by the official proceedings of the city council, and the date, volume and page is cited.

In your response you do not and dare not question the accuracy of the statements made by myself, but, following the lead of your candidate—or, more properly, of those who are coaching him—you dodge the matter and pass it by as "unfair and misleading."

If you will point out in what respect the proceedings have been misquoted I will publicly retract. You have not and dare not even pretend to do so, and cannot do so. But instead of attempting so to do, you virtually admit the truth, by claiming that certain Democratic aldermen were in the same boat. Suppose they were—does that change the facts? They are not now candidates for office—Robert Pratt is.

This is a personal note, and not an official one, and is not designed as a response to your "Dying Appeal," but simply in reply to so much thereof as is personal to myself. You have seen fit to throw mud. I will confine myself to the strict letter of the truth, and endeavor, once for all, to nail a campaign lie, often repeated, but not heretofore fathered by anybody. I have long waited for this chance, and thank you for it.

You seek to throw discredit upon my statement by saying that it is signed by "the well known Ed A. Stevens," which is true; but, thank God, I have not been publicly accused during this campaign of falsifying returns to the city council, or proving a traitor to my party or committee. You have been, and "mud-slinging" comes with a good grace from you. In your statement you prove yourself to be a deliberate assassin of character—the meanest work a human being can engage in. No wonder your chairman did not sign your production; possibly your city committee will again publicly repudiate your work and enter another disclaimer of responsibility.

In order that no question shall be raised, I quote from your circular the portion personally excepted to—word for word and letter for letter. Here it is:

"Of course, Ed Stevens now opposes Pratt. In 1885, Pratt was a member of the committee which investigated the charges brought against the police force in general and against the police clerk in particular. As a result of that investigation, Mr. Pratt urged the summary discharge of the police clerk, and the committee finally requested Mayor Pillsbury to ask the resignation of Ed A. Stevens as police clerk, and thus the city lost the service of that eminent statesman. [See Joseph Lee's sworn testimony on 'How I paid $50 for a tenant.']"

First, let me ask why you did not quote the volume and page? You know—so do I! The whole record was suppressed by Robert Pratt. The council proceedings do not show that any investigation was ever had, and you know and I will prove it later on in this circular) that the committee dared not make a report to the council. You also know that when Robert Pratt stated at the People's theater that I had suppressed this portion of his record he either lied deliberately, or, parrot like, repeated the statement prepared by another, without looking it up himself. There is no official record—Pratt took care that there should be none. But, luckily, a record was made elsewhere, as you will discover; and possibly you may conclude that you have been "monkeying with a buzz saw."

What Are the Facts?

In April, 1884, George A. Pillsbury was elected mayor. I had just recovered from typhoid-pneumonia, and my physicians (Drs. Kimball and Ames) advised against hard work or anything likely to involve much mental strain. I was practically penniless (my normal condition), and Charles A. Pillsbury came to my rescue. I was nominally appointed police clerk, in reality as the mayor's private secretary (after consultation with Dr. Ames and others), and have reason to believe that those most interested never regretted it, or ever suggested that (as a Democrat) I ever took any partisan advantage of any of the transactions of the office. About eighteen months later I incurred the displeasure of one of the city council committee on police, and he informed the committee as to certain idle gossip relative to sundry members of the department, myself among the number. The committee, which consisted of George W. Cooley, David M. Clough, Robert Pratt, Albert Lawrence and W. W. Sly—all Republicans—concluded to have a secret investigation, and proceeded without asking permission of the council. I knew nothing of what was going on until suddenly summoned to appear before the committee. I then objected to any star-chamber proceedings, but insisted that the doors be unlocked, and that everybody who cared to should be allowed to be present, including the newspaper reporters. It was so ordered by a majority of the committee—Pratt and Sly objecting—and I was put upon the witness stand. No charges were then (or at any other time) preferred, the statement being made that the committee were simply "investigation," but later nearly all the investigting was confined to myself, the then chief of police (a Republican) having "received a tip" to take a leave of absence. I had nothing to conceal and concealed nothing—no adverse testimony was offered which commanded the respect even of my enemies. Keepers of brothels and their patrons were sworn—their testimony taken down in shorthand and copied at length—and yet you barely refer to one item, the statement of Joseph Lee, who made his living out of the rental of bawdy houses. Why do you not mention the testimony shown to have been purchased? Pratt knew of it!

The investigation lasted for a week, during which garbled reports were published in the papers and statements deliberately distorted in the effort to make out a case. No report was ever made to the city council. Ald. Clough, Cooley and Lawrence washed their hands of the whole business, while Sly and Pratt suggested to the mayor the advisability of calling for my resignation, because of the scandal which they had caused, whereupon I notified him that he could dismiss me, but that I would not resign under charges. Mayor Pillsbury was too honorable to place me in a false position and, weeks afterward, when it was evident that the committee would do nothing further in the matter, I relieved the mayor from further trouble by tendering my resignation, to take effect one month later, provided it was admitted that no case had been made out against me, and the resignation was so accepted. Meanwhile, disgusted with the one-sided reports published in the papers, Charles A. Pillsbury again proved himself a friend in need by having the true story published at advertising rates in the Journal.

The foregoing is either true or false. If true, you are an assassin of character. If false, you can easily prove its falsity through the gentlemen I have named, as well as by others to be cited later. After the publication by Charles A. Pillsbury the editorial page of the Journal (Nov. 28, 1885) contained an article from which I quote:

"When Ed A. Stevens entered the office the so-called records of his predecessors were in wretched shape. Now, after two years, it may be said to Stevens' credit that no better or clearer set of records of a police department exist in the country today. His knowledge of law and long experience with city ordinances as clerk of the municipal court made him a sort of legal adviser to the city officials on many questions involving law points for which he has shown his adaptability in the recent investigation."

And the newspapers vied with each other in getting expressions of opinion from prominent citizens on the merits of the investigation. Of the many printed the following are fair samples:

Frederick Hooker, district judge, deceased, said: "The evidence fails in any degree to show wherein Stevens is in any way implicated. He is greatly misunderstood and a far better man than many suppose."

John P. Rea, district judge, said: "Stevens ought not to have been called upon for a defense, but he made one that is complete beyond all question. As to the bribery talk I personally know that much of it comes from parties who tried to bribe him and failed—and no small amounts were mentioned either."

John G. Woolley (ex-county attorney) said: "No man ever more thoroughly exonerated himself. Stevens' vindication was complete. He crushed his enemies without compromising any one outside of the case."

Frank F. Davis (county attorney) said: "The so-called evidence against Stevens was a mass of rot; his defense complete and overwhelming."

William P. Roberts (attorney) said: "Few men can handle pitch with safety, but Stevens cleared himself before commencing his side of the case."

William E. Hale, ex-county attorney, said: "Nothing in the evidence to implicate Stevens, at all."

L. A. Dunn, now assistant city attorney, said: "Nothing very damaging so far, and I guess they have got to the end of their rope."

J. H. Giddings, attorney, said: "Stevens knocked them out, except in the Lee matter, and that was first brought to the attention of the committee by himself, and was satisfactorily explained."

James A. Worrall (deceased) said: "Stevens was a sure winner from the start. Look at the class of witnesses brought against him. He literally crushed them to atoms."

Charles B. Leonard (attorney) said: "When the prosecution closed some one said 'there is not evidence enough to hang a cat,' and he hit the nail on the head; and that was before Stevens opened his batteries."

Sampson A. Reed (attorney) said, "The case would have been dismissed in any court of justice on the defendant's motion without hearing his witnesses, after the prosecution rested. It is evident that some people are afraid of Stevens and undertook to down him, but it was too big a contract."

Remember that each and every one of the foregoing were then and nearly all now living still are Republicans. Democratic testimony was not anxiously sought, but among others were the following:

Eugene M. Wilson (deceased) said: "The prosecution has not made out a case in any respect whatever."

William H. Donahue (attorney) said: "I have watched the case closely. Stevens' argument was a masterpiece and his defense complete. He fought against terrible odds and defeated his enemies at every point."

Look over the papers of that date, and see if these quotations are "unfair and misleading." And if you want to hear from a real live witness, listen to Loren Fletcher, your candidate for congress, who years afterward made the following statement under oath, in response to a question as to how the citizens' committee happened to employ Ed A. Stephens, to watch Minneapolis' interests during the census:

"We wanted a man on whom we could implicitly rely—a man who was thoroughly posted on the city and whose statements would not be questioned. We remembered that Ed was the city government during the Pillsbury administration and came out on top, and we employed him."

The foregoing is absolutely true, and Robert Pratt, as a member of the committee, knows it. His insinuation to the contrary is simply another evidence of the "loose and unbusiness-like ways" for which he was unanimously censured by the city council in connection with the "city hall repairs" steal (see vol. 12, page 51), and the fact that other members of the committee were also censured doesn't relieve him—it simply indicates that there were more than one of a kind.

I hope hereafter to hear no more as to "Ed Stevens' record as police clerk." Possibly you would be equally pleased.

Municipal Court—Lest you attempt to spring other cowardly statements, I will add that during the years 1881 and 1882 I was clerk of the municipal court and handled over $60,000 of the city's funds—largely made up of entries of 5, 10 and 15 cents, and that (see council proceedings of May 2, 1883) the council committee on accounts of city officers reported finding my accounts in all respects correct, and that in addition the city comptroller reported that they "bore evidence of straightforwardness and correct accounting," which report was approved by an unanimous vote.

Park Commissioners—Until recently the proceedings of the board of park commissioners were not officially published. The books and records in the possession of the board show that, as secretary, in 1886 and 1887 I handled over one hundred thousand dollars, and paid off all employes. They further show that at the expiration of my term an expert accountant devoted several days to going over my work, and that he found every cent accounted for.

You have held public office! Do you desire comparisons? Or is this a case wherein "comparisons are odious?"

In conclusion, sir, let me advise you hereafter to "look before you leap"—remembering that it is not always wise for one to climb a tree to show his agility.

And if you ever need a witness (who stands better than yourself in your own party) to give you a certificate, and one that you can bet on as strictly true, call on ED A. STEVENS.

Residence 2814 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., Elector Eighth Ward, Fifth Election District.

Addenda.

Since the foregoing was in type the writer finds that he has a column of space left, and (on his own responsibility) devotes it to a review of the circular issued by Mr. Trussell relative to the alleged records of Robert Pratt and Louis R. Thian.

Mr. Trussell will please notice that nothing is dodged—the truth being admitted or the misstatements corrected or qualified, the "headings" being those of Mr. Trussell.

Robert Pratt.

Education—Admitted that he was a good soldier. Denied that he or any other volunteer or regular "served four years without missing a roll call," or that he was in "all the great battles of the Army of the Potomac from Yorktown to Appomattox." Nor was any other regiment, company or man.

Politics—Admitted that he now is a Republican, and has been when not affiliating with Prohibitionists and Crusaders.

Vote-Getter—Admitted that in the Third ward during the Pillsbury wave he received a large vote, and that he was buried in the same ward when (after the term) he was a candidate for re-election.

Gas Committee—Denied that Pratt "forced down the price of gas." Admitted that the gas company claims to have lost money—it always has. Not known that the company votes at all.

North Minneapolis Tunnel—Denied that Pratt is entitled to any credit whatever save in presenting a formal resolution prepared by City Engineer Rinker and handed to Pratt because part of the tunnel was in his ward.

Bridging Railroad Tracks—Every one knows that City Attorney (now judge) Seagrave Smith and his predecessor (J. H. Cross) are the ones entitled to credit. It was "a proud day" for both.

Eight Hour Day—Admitted that one Democrat and all the Republicans voted as Pratt did, which fact fails to change Pratt's record on the subject.

Pratt's Workmen—No knowledge as to what they think of him. Are dealing with his public record only.

City Hall Repairs—We fail to see how the fact that other committees did wrong changes the fact that Pratt was officially censured for "loose and unbusinesslike ways."

City Work by the Day—The fact that Mills may have voted wrong is no excuse for Pratt not voting right.

Snelling Avenue—The facts are not denied. Why plead the baby act?

Ed Stevens Opposes Pratt—You know more about that now than you did.

Five Cents a Ride—Admitted that after voting both ways Pratt accidentally got on the safe side.

Illuminating Nicollet Avenue—Admitted that it was "a big advertisement." "Who paid the freight?"

Franchises—The main facts are too well known. Pratt voted to create a monopoly in natural gas.

Patrol Limits—Admitted that Pratt favored them—outside of his own ward.

Nomination for Mayor — Admitted that he said that he "stands on his public record." We propose to keep him there.

Louis R. Thian.

Education—Admitted that he has a good one.

Politics—Admitted, save the allegation of riding two horses.

Vote Getter—He won when his party won and lost when his party lost. "Received less votes than Buxton," and proposes to make up the difference at Pratt's expense.

As an Attorney—Admitted that he has sometimes been employed in defending disreputable parties, as has an occasional Republican lawyer. Even Russell and Jamison (now candidates for re-election) have done likewise. He would probably defend Trussell if called upon.

As County Attorney—Admitted that he received more pay for more work than did his predecessor for less. It is understood that County Attorney Nye has not refused the increase.

Nomination for Mayor — Admitted that several well-known Democrats declined the honor and alleged that Thian didn't steal it. Ask Boardman how it was in the Republican convention. Is it not cheeky for Trussell to question the moral status of Thian's supporters?

Consistency — Admitted that Thian has lots of it. Why was this heading overlooked by Trussell in making up Pratt's record?

The questions asked by Trussell of the voters will be answered by them on Tuesday. By Wednesday morning he will know "which is the man they want for mayor." Serenely,

ED. A. STEVENS.

ELECTION DAY.

Great Preparations in the City Clerk's Office.

City Clerk Haney and his assistant, Mr. Sturtzel, have had their hands full the past few days in completing arrangements for handling the local election returns Tuesday night. For two days some twenty-five men and almost as many teams have been hard at work delivering the booths to the 126 polling places throughout the city.

The long hall leading from the city clerk's office in the city hall has been boarded up and temporary racks built on each side to receive the red, white and blue ballot boxes. The local newspapers have made arrangements with the city clerk to have the returns brought direct to his office by special messengers. For this purpose 100 of the crack bicyclists of Minneopolis, some of whom can tread a mile in Class B time, have been engaged. They will all be provided with a badge. Chief of Police Smith has given them special permission to ride on the sidewalks in case the streets are too muddy.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

L. R. Thian, Democratic candidate for mayor, was kept on the hustle yesterday. He spoke at meetings in the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh wards. In each of these localities he was enthusiastically greeted and made an excellent impression.

At 7:15 tonight the Sixth ward Democratic club will meet at their headquarters, corner of Cedar and Washington avenues, and march in a body to Normanna hall and then to Dania hall, where meetings will be held. The Sixth ward Democrats have been particularly active this campaign and tonight will indulge in music and fireworks all along the line of the precession. The Orpheus Singing society will render selections at both halls. The speakers will be L. R. Thian, O. T. Erickson, P. B. Winston, J. H. Nickell, D. B. Johnson, Thomas P. Dwyer, Ald. Rand and P. P. Swenson.

The Afro-American Democratic club will hold a meeting tonight at 306 First avenue south. Fred McGhee, of St. Paul, is billed to speak.

The Democrats of the Fourth ward held an enthusiastic rally at 1701 Sixth avenue north last evening. The speakers were C. A. Quist, D. B. Johnson, George F. Porter, Prof. A. M. Hool, Dr. W. J. Byrnes and Henry S. Mead.

There will be a big Democratic meeting at Germania hall in Northeast Minneapolis tonight under the auspices of the Thian Franco-American Citizens' club. The speakers will be L. R. Thian, A. Phillips, O. Tessler, A. Christello, J. L. Kiichli, Ed Peltier, D. B. Johnson, Dr. Laliberte and others.

Will Stand by Smith.

The friends of N. I. Colburn, the Republican candidate for aldermau in the Seventh ward, have not been dismayed by the efforts that are being put forth to elect W. F. A. Smith, the Democratic nominee. At first there were many Democrats who proposed voting for Woodward, but they have discovered that by so doing they are liable to decrease the Democratic vote enough to allow another Republican than Woodward to slip in, and they have returned to Smith, in order to keep the ward from going to Colburn. This, of course, injures Woodward's chances more than Colburn's, and the Seventh ward people say that the race is between Colburn and Smith.

SLEEPLESSNESS.

There is nothing like the RESTORATIVE NERVINE discovered by the great specialist, DR. MILES, to cure all nervous diseases, as Headache, the Blues, Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness, Neuralgia, St. Vitus Dance, Fits and Hysteria. Many physicians use it in their practice, and say the results are wonderful. We have hundreds of testimonials like these from druggists: "We have never known anything like it."—Snow & Co., Syracuse, N. Y. "Every bottle sold brings words of praise."—J. G. Wolf, Hillsdale, Mich. "The best seller we ever had."—Woodworth & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind. "Nervine sells better than anything we ever had."—H. F. Wyatt & Co., Concord, N. H. It contains no opiates or dangerous drugs.

Sold on a Positive Gurrantee.

Fine book of testimonials Free at druggists.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

ONE PARTING SHOT.

Constitutional Government Has Nothing to Fear From Catholics.

SO SAYS FATHER CLEARY.

The Enthusiastic Democrats Rally in All Parts of the City.

RUSSIAN MEMORIAL SERVICE

Prayers for the Repose of the Soul of the Czar.

"Church and Country" was the subject of Father Cleary's discourse at St. Charles' church last evening. As an introduction to his sermon of the evening, he gave a parting shot at Mr. Morigan and his apologists. He said in this connection:

"Mr. Morgan and his courteous Christian champions of this city, standing on a lofty pedestal of self-righteousness, like their patron saint, the Pharisee of the temple, who had no sins to bemoan, affect to be greatly shocked at my rudeness and audacity, because I have presumed to hurl back at them some of the missiles they have been discharging at my church and my co-religionists for years. Baptist ministers of this city have been vilifying the Catholic church and our Catholic people in the most outrageous manner, almost since the city's foundation. They have called us traitors to our country, have branded us as slaves to a vile and debasing superstition, have taken prominent part in political meetings, like the venerable pastor of the First Baptist church last Saturday evening, have filled the public press with their vile vomitings against a religion which they are unable to appreciate, and when people have become weary of their ignorant and stale repetitions of oft-refuted calumnies against Catholics, they invite a notorious and disgruntled political bankrupt, more unscrupulous than themselves, to occupy their disgraced pulpits, for the purpose of calumniating heroic and self-sacrificing women, and of dishonoring the names and the memories of the most noble and saintly heroes who have sanctified the wildernesses of this Western world. Then their tender, pharisaical sensibilities are shocked when the vileness of their methods and the baseness of their conduct are laid bare. Do these men imagine that they can continue with impunity to charge us with treachery to our native land, with hostility to the institutions that we love, with deceitful cunning and base efforts to keep the people in the bondage of ignorance, and that we shall never resent their gross and insulting impertinence? We have kept silent too long under their base insinuations. I, for one, have in me sufficient American independence and manly courage to hurl in the faces of the hypocritical foes of my creed and the base libelers of my devotion to the land of my birth, their dastardly insinuations and unmanly misrepresentations. They have so long enjoyed a monopoly of abuse and "vituperation" against us Catholics that they seem to expect us to kiss the hand that smites us, and praise the tongue that reviles all that we hold most dear. Turn the light of honest and intelligent American inquiry on their dishonorable warfare against the church of all ages, of all nations and of all races of men, and the fair-minded people of this free and glorious republic will come to realize the dastardly insults these men have been offering to American intelligence.

I have no apology to make for my severe arraignment of Mr. Morgan and his clerical triangle. The professional prevaricator has no rights that honest men are bound to respect. His affected assumption of superior intelligence and sanctity will not shield him from the scorn and contempt of sincere and candid men.

"Church and Country" is my topic for this evening's discourse. The one cares for my spiritual welfare and guides me to my eternal home. The other guards my temporal interests, and protects me in the exercise and enjoyment of the sacred rights conferred on me by my Creator. Each is supreme in its own sphere; each has certain limits within which it is restricted. In well organized society, each must be protected in its independence, so that each can labor for its own respective end, according to its own intrinsic nature. Listen to the teachings of Pope Leo XIII. in his encyclical on the Christain state:

"God has divided the charge of the human race between the two powers, the ecclesiastical and the civil; one set over divine things and the other over human things. Each is supreme in its own kind; each has certain limits within which it is restricted. Whatsoever in human affairs is in any manner sacred, pertaining to the salvation of souls or to the worship of God and the like, belongs to the church. But all other things which are embraced in the civil or political order are rightly subject to the state.

"A free church in a free state," the happy relation that exists in our country, is the ideal condition longed for by the Church of Jesus Christ. Where a union of church and state exists there is the ever present danger that the church will become the creature of the state, and depend too much on the complacent good will of the government. The church has invariably suffered from a coalition with the state. When the head of the church is at the same time the chief ruler of the realm, as in England, the people lose respect for both church and civil power, on account of the strange and often perplexing commingling of secular and ecclesiastical authority. All the church asks for and all that it has a right to claim, is perfect freedom to carry on the divine work which Christ confided to its care. The state has never received from God or the people the right or authority to define for men their religious creed. To the church has not been entrusted the people's political welfare. Catholics have not sought nor hoped for political supremacy for their church in this free land. They are just as jealous of the rights of the state, of their own political rights, as any class of American citizens can be. They would have nothing to gain by ecclesiastical supremacy, and do not desire that the church should dictate the politics of the people. Here is the language of Cardinal Gibbons, spoken in Rome, the center of Catholic faith, on the occasion of being made a cardinal of the Church of Rome:

"The Catholic church in the United States owes its great progress to the civil liberty we enjoy in our enlightened republic. The church has been often hampered in her divine mission. She has been forced to struggle for existence wherever despotism has cast its dark shadow, like a plant shut out from the blessed sunlight of heaven. But in the genial atmosphere of liberty she blossoms like the rose."

Constitutional government has nothing to fear from the influence of the church, or from the spiritual power which it exercises, by virtue of the commission confided to it by the Savior of mankind. Lawful civil authority will find its best and most reliable support in the church, that teaches its members the Christian duty of loyalty and submission to established authority. Religion is the great conservative force in human society, sustaining the rights of just government and restraining the waywardness of discontented and restless individuals.

Anarchy is the unworthy child of irreligion and agnosticism. From irreligion, therefore, the state has much to fear, for it is the insidious poison that imperceptibly, it may be, destroys the very life of a nation.

Americans who honestly love their country and its free institutions, will always foster most friendly relations towards the church of Christ, and will be mindful of Washington's warning, that a free people will in vain hope to establish morality, without the powerful aid of religion.

No church could destroy or undermine this government if it desired to do so, and no church will have any such desire, for this free land is the fairest field in which it has been the fortune of the church of God to harvest souls for the kingdom of heaven, since Christ conquered death and sin.

SENSATIONAL BURGLARS.

They Chloroform Mrs. Aich and Rob the House.

A daring and, in its way, sensational burglary occurred shortly after 12:15 yesterday morning at the home of Edwid Aich, head bookkeeper for J. C. Oswald & Co., who resides at 502 East Twenty-sixth street, Mrs. Aich being chloroformed and the entire house ransacked. Happily, however, the burglars got away with only $175 in cash and a gold watch, they being frightened away by the arrival home of Mr. Aich at 12:30.

Entrance to the house was effected by means of the rear door, a pair of nippers being used to turn the key in the lock. The thieves in the house at once proceeded to the dining room, where the first helped themselves to wine on the sideboard and a few dozen cigars, and then they proceeded to gather up all the silverware to be found and placed it on the dining room table ready to be moved. Before this, however, one of the pair went up stairs to the front bed room, where Mrs. Aich was sleeping. A big piece of cotton saturated with chloroform was placed over her nose and mouth.

Misery After Meals.

The oppressive embargoes levied upon the inner man by his inveterate enemy, dyspepsia, after meals, are lifted and the yoke cast off by that sovereign medicinal liberator from bodily ailments, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Heartburn, flatulence, oppression at the pit of the stomach, the presence of bile where it does not belong, are alike remedied by this potent reformer of a disordered condition of the gastric organ and the liver. It is the prince of tonics and stomachics, invigorating at the same time that it remedies. Both appetite and sleep are improved by it. A wineglass before or after meals, and before retiring, will be found an efficient restorative of the ability to digest and assimilate and to rest tranquilly. Use it for malarial, kidney and rheumatic trouble and for constipation. For the aged and infirm it is highly beneficial.

SIXTH WARD HEBREWS.

They Were Pleasantly Entertained by Good Speakers.

A largely attended meeting was held at the Sixth ward Democratic headquarters yesterday afternoon. The audience was mainly composed of Hebrews. The principal speakers were P. B. Winston, D. B. Johnson, M. W. Meagher and Ald. Lackey. Mr. Winston urged all present to support the entire Democratic ticket. Mr. Johnson confined himself to the legislative, mayoralty and aldermanic contests. He pointed out the necessity of electing a Democratic legislature. He also said that, while L. R. Thian was certain of election, his hands would be tied if he was not supported by a Democratic city council. It was as important to elect the Democratic aldermen as it was a mayor.

M. W. Meagher spoke of the nominees of the supreme bench. He called attention to the power wielded by the court of last resort, and said that no matter what legislation might be, if that court were hostile to the interests of the people, it would be nullified. He paid a glowing tribute to the legal learning and upright character of Judge John W. Willis, and said that the only opposition to him was from those whose interests are opposed to the interests of the people. He urged the election of Judge Seagrave Smith, observing that no words of praise at his hands were necessary in addressing a Minneapolis audience. Judge Meagher was loudly applauded.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known, and every family should have a bottle on hand.

It is said a number of the Finlanders have escaped from Chris Norbeck.

COMPLEXION POWDER

Is an absolute necessity of refined toilet in this climate. Pozzoni's combines every element of beauty and purity.

DOCTOR **BRINLEY**

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA.

The oldest and Only reliable medical office of its kind in the city, as will be proved by consulting old files of the daily press. Regularly graduated and legally qualified; long engaged in Chronic, Nervous and Skin Diseases. A friendly talk costs nothing. If inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine sent by mail or express, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed. If doubt exists we say so. Hours—10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 a. m. If you cannot come, state case by mail. Special Parlor for Ladies.

Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness, Falling Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, arising from indiscretions, Excess, Indulgence or Exposure, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self-Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the back, etc., are treated with success, Safely, Privately, Speedily. Unnatural discharges cured Permanently.

Blood, Skin and Venereal Diseases, All forms affecting Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Ulcers, Painful Swellings, from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system by means of Safe, Time-tested Remedies. Stiff and Swollen Joints and Rheumatism, the result of Blood Poison, surely Cured. KIDNEY AND URINARY Complaints, Painful, Difficult, too Frequent or Bloody Urine, Gonorrhoea and Stricture promptly cured.

CATARRH, Asthma, Bronchitis and Epilepsy: Constitutional and acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully by entirely New and Rapid Methods. It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. Every known application is resorted to and the proved good remedies of all ages and countries are used. No Experiments are Made. On account of the great number of cases applying the charges are kept low; often lower than others. Skill and perfect cures are important. Call or write. Symptom list and pamphlet free by mail. The Doctor has successfully treated and cured thousands of cases in this city and the Northwest. All consultations, either by mail or verbal, are regarded as strictly confidential and are given perfect privacy.

DR. BRINLEY, Minneapolis, Minn.

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I. X. L. Pocket Knives, English Carvers Razors, Shears and a full line of Toilet Articles.

Razors Hollow-Ground. Shears and Clippers Ground.

JAUNT OF THE JAPS.

Their March Through China a Succession of Delightful Picnics.

EASILY CAPTURE KIN-CHOW.

Aided by Ships a Land Force Takes Talienwan in Brilliant Fashion.

OTHER GREAT VICTORIES.

Principal Portion of the Chinese Army Flees Toward Moukden.

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 4.—Advices received here from the front show that there has been heavy fighting in the country just north of Port Arthur. The dispatches received here are brief and are silent on some important points. It appears that Field Marshal Oyama divided his forces. While one division landed on the east coast of the peninsula north of Talienwan, another division was detached with orders to effect a landing near Kin-Chow and to proceed thence and join the main body of the army. This operation was a complete success. The Japanese encountered no Chinese warships and the transports reached Kayenko and disembarked troops, guns, horses and munitions in safety. Kin-Chow, which is a walled town, and which was believed to be held by a large garrison, was immediately attacked. The outer defenses were carried by the Japanese after a few hours' fighting. The Chinese made little further resistance and the Japanese were soon

Masters of the Place.

In the meantime, the Japanese fleet, which had conveyed the transports, opened a heavy fire on Talienwan and Kayenko. The firing scarcely ceased for many hours. Covered by the fire from the ships the land force attacked and captured Talienwan in a brilliant fashion. The dispatch states that the losses were heavy. They also mention that an important naval engagement occurred Saturday, but give no details. Yesterday was the forty-second anniversary of the birth of the mikado. There will be great public rejoicing tomorrow over the victories thus far won by the Japanese armies. Up to the time of sending this dispatch there has been no confirmation of the report of the capture of Port Arthur. Field Marshal Yamagata's army continues its victorious march. The division under Gen. Tatsumi pushed forward and

Captured Fung-Wang-Ching,

as already cabled to the Associated Press. The enemy was scattered, and fled in the direction of Takusan, Kaijoa and Ho-Tenfu. No fighting is mentioned as having occurred at Fung-Wang-Ching, but it is alleged that 300 Chinese were killed at Taikai. Field Marshal Yamagata's official d