MINNEAPOLIS.

TO GLOBE READERS.

"QUEER PEOPLE" AND "THE WORLD'S SWEETEST SONGS" IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Mill City Residents Can Now Secure These Elegant Works at Home.

The GLOBE'S holiday offer of wit and music, in the form of Palmer Cox's "Queer People" and "The World's Sweetest Songs" has been received with so much favor by the residents of Minneapolis, and the mail orders from there are so heavy, that it has been decided to place them on sale at the Minneapolis GLOBE office, so that all those desiring the work can be accommodated easily and quickly. Ten cents in silver buys any part of either work, and, as the supply of the full sets of each is limited, all should come early. "Queer People" is the funniest and "The Songster" is the sweetest work ever put forth from a printing press. Call at the GLOBE office, in Minneapolis, and get one.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

The laundryman burned out in the fire at Tenth street and Chicago avenue was Ye Sing and not Tee Tee, as originally reported.

"A Trip to China Town" will close its engagement at the Grand tonight. There will be a matinee this afternoon. Monday Stuart Robson begins a week's engagement, representing two new plays in his repertoire.

There will be but two more chances to see "In Old Kentucky," this afternoon and evening performances closing the engagement. The Bijou has accomplished record-breaking this week in the line of houses.

The Lafayette-Papineau club will hold a mass meeting in its headquarters, 1103 Adams street, tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. As there are important matters to discuss the members of the club are urged to attend, as well as all friends of the club.

The South Side and the Consolidated high school football teams will settle the championship question this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the corner of Grant street and Nicollet avenue. There will be no charge to see the game, and it is likely to prove an interesting event. The teams are now tied.

The many friends of Dr. F.O. Holman will be very gratified to learn that he is rapidly improving in health and will before long begin his regular work again. His health for some time has been a matter of much concern to his friends, and the report that he is so improved will occasion great joy.

Special services will be held in Gethsemane church tomorrow morning. The thirty-eighth anniversary of the church organization will be celebrated, an unusually fine musical programme being prepared. The evening service will also be of a special character, commemorating the anniversary of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in Gethsemane church.

Stuart Robson announces an unusual repertoire of comedies for his engagement at the Grand next week. The opening bill will be "The Interloper; or, The Feet of Venus," a comedy by Adrien Barubsse, which was written especially for Mr. Robson, and which is said to give him a far stronger role than any he has essayed since his phenomenal success as Bertie The Lamb. "The Interloper" will be on the boards until Thursday night, when "Leap Year" will be put on for a single performance. Friday night and Saturday matinee "She Stoops to Conquer" will be presented, and Saturday night "The Henrietta."

"The Father of Waters" is not more majestic than the maren of Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

DISTRICT COURTBRIEFS.

Peter Bergstrom was found to be in sane yesterday in the probate court. He was ordered sent to St. Peter, as was Gust Ostrum, who has been in the city hospital.

A petition has been filed in the probate court for letters of administration in the $6,000 estate of Frieda Gazett. A like petition has been filed in the small estate of Emiline Halle.

Harry P. Wallace has filed a deed of voluntary assignment to L. W. Gammons.

Judge Pond has signed an alternative writ of mandamus compelling the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba railway to plank all its tracks at the Sixth street northeast crossing or state the reason why. The writ is made returnable Jan. 5.

B. Gruenberg has been ordered by Judge Elliott to appear at special term and show the court some good reason why a receiver should not be appointed for him.

The examination of Charles A. Nehring, the alleged counterfeiter, who was arraigned before M. F. Bowen, United States commissioner, yesterday, will be heard at 9 o'clock this morning. His bail was fixed at $1,000, which he was unable to furnish.

THREE WERE NEEDED.

District Court Judges Yesterday Signed an Important Decision.

SOME FUN AT EXCELSIOR.

Their Holiday Festivities Are Opened a Trifle Early This Year.

THE MORSES ARE IN JAIL.

Items From the Curb--General News of the Day.

Three judges of the district court found themselves called to sign an important decision, which was filed with the clerk late last evening. The suit was brought by J. C. Harper et al. against Walter N. Carroll, assignee of the Citizens' bank, et al., to enforce the double liability of the stockholders of the bank. Demurrers were interposed by some of the defendants on the ground that they had transferred their stock more than a year previous to the bringing of the suit, and consequently, according to the law of the state, were not liable.

Judges Smith, Bond and Elliott signed the order which sustains the demurrers, reinforcing their opinion to the extent of several pages of memoranda. The point to be decided in the case was as to when the "year previous to the bringing of the suit" should commence. The plaintiffs argued that it should commence at the time of the insolvency proceeding, while the defendants, who demurred at that construction of the law, claimed that the commencement of the year of liability, which is provided for under the double liability law of the state, should commence at the time of the transfer, and that a suit brought after a year from that time could not be legally effective.

It was hoped by the plaintiffs in the case that a judgment could be rendered in their favor, since such a decision meant that a large number of stockholders in the different insolvent banks could be held for the indebtedness of the banks. They disposed of their stock more than a year before the present suit was commenced, which was brought about nine months after the insolvency of the bank.

Whenever tried always approved—Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

THERE'S WAR AGAIN.

Excelsior's Pugnacious Festivities Have Opened.

The holiday festivities at Excelsior have opened up earlier than usual this year. They commenced yesterday with a row between the village authorities and William H. Morse, an old-time resident of this peaceful little village, and the last information the GLOBE received was to the effect that Morse and his son were reposing in the village jail, Morse senior being bound hand and foot. There was some fear that he would run off with the jail, hence the tying up.

Mr. Morse is known as one of the eccentric characters of the town. He generally runs for mayor or some such office, and he is always kicking about something. It may be because the street lamps were not lit, or because the overseers of the poor were spending too much money; but whatever it was, it was generally enough to make him "kick." It will be remembered that some time ago he moved an old shack of a house down town on one of the streets near the railroad station, right where every one would see it. It was an awful eyesore, but in vain did the citizens protest. Morse insisted on keeping it there, although he had to leave it on ties to keep it standing, and then it leaned even more than the tower of Pisa. It was his land and his house, and he had a right to do what he pleased.

Lately he has taken a new turn, and yesterday the authorities discovered that he had built a sidewalk half-way into the street where the old ark was. Thomas Ohm, the street commissioner, and assistants immediately started to remove that sidewalk back onto the lot. Morse had built a fence just inside the walk, and he and his son sat down there to prevent the walk being moved. It was necessary to trample on them, but Morse soon found that they were determined to do the work. Therefore he armed himself with a club and hatchet, and it looked like real war for a time. The latest returns, however, do not indicate that the list of dead and wounded will be very large. Elmer Munger and Will Perkins succeeded in landing Morse and his son in the village jail on a charge of interfering with public officers. Morse senior had not been there long, though, before a report was heard that the jail had been moved out of town. It is a small affair, and by making a hole through the flooring a man could probably walk away with it. An investigation showed that Morse was not stealing the jail, but he acted as if he intended to demolish it. It looked as if he would have little trouble, and therefore he was bound hand and foot. The authorities had to do something to protect their jail, for it is the only one they have, and they do not wish to blow themselves on another one, and they fear for the reputation of their village without a jail.

MINNEAPOLIS DIVORCES.

Judge Smith Kept Himself Busy Yesterday.

Yesterday morning Judge Smith officiated in a wholesale severance of Gordian knots, entangling six hearts that no longer beat in unison. The first case was that of Annie E. Martin, who asked for a divorce on the grounds of cruelty and intoxication. The defendant didn't appear and the decree was granted.

Ida E. Hodston was the next abused wife. She related a pitiful tale of cruelty and neglect. Several witnesses testified of her husband's brute instincts. Judge Smith granted the divorce, providing the order was prepared inside of twenty-four hours. He stated that decrees have frequently been granted, and the papers not filed for a year afterward. Mr. Hodston was granted $8 a month for her child's support and $50 attorney's fees.

According to Emma J. Lowry's story, which was corroborated by her thirteen-year-old son, her husband, W. C. Lowry, who is manager for C. A. Heffelfinger, is far from being a model husband. It appears he had on several occasions brutally misused her, and once tried to force her to take some salicylic acid. It was also brought out that he had been representing himself to be an unmarried man, and was paying attentions regularly to a young lady. The divorce was granted.

TODAY'S CONVENTION.

Delegates to Minneapolis League to Arrive This Morning.

The Municipal League convention will begin this morning at the First Unitarian church. Most of the delegates will arrive in the city on the early morning trains. The delegates from New York and Philadelphia will arrive in special trains. They will proceed to the West hotel, where a committee will be in waiting, and after breakfast they will be escorted to the First Unitarian church, where the convention is to be held. The programme for today is as follows:

Saturday, Dec. 8, 10:30 a. m.—Opening session. A. L. Crocker, president of the board of trade and chairman of the local committee, will call the assemblage to order and introduce Mayor Eustis, who will make the address of welcome. Response by Charles J. Bonaparte, Baltimore, Md., chairman executive committee National Municipal league. "The Municipal Condition of Western Cities:" Minneapolis, D. F. Simpson; St. Paul, W. H. Lightner; Cleveland, E. J. Blandin; Milwaukee, Gen. F. C. Winkler; Denver, J. H. Dana; alternate, Chancellor W. F. McDowell. Delegates will be entertained at lunch, served in the parlors of the church where the convention is held.

2:30 p. m.—Afternoon Session—"Proportional Representation and Municipal Reform," Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks, Cornell university. Methods of work and organization: "Results Obtained by Voluntary and Temporary Movements," William G. Low, member of Committee of Seventy, New York; "Municipal Leagues and Good Government Clubs," Herbert Welch, Philadelphia Municipal league; "Societies to Secure the Enforcement of Existing Laws," George Frederick Elliot, president Law Enforcement society, New York, with five-minute addresses outlining the experiences of different associations.

Courtesy goes a long way in our work-a-day world, likewise, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. One teaspoonful equal to three of the cheap kinds.

SONS OF VETERANS

Elect Officers to Serve the Various Lodges.

The Sons of Veterans have elected their officers to serve during the ensuing year. The results are as follows:

Camp 9—Captain, J. P. Moore; first lieutenant, L. L. Foss; second lieutenant, A. J. Messer; camp council, M. H. Elliott (chairman), J. A. Foss and G. H. Kemper. The retiring officers of the camp are: Captain, J. A. Foss; first lieutenant, W. A. Ripley; second lieutenant, A. Nicholson; camp council, E. G. Ripley, M. A. Elliott and A. Nicholson. Camp 9 will be represented in the division encampment by George H. Kemper; alternate, E. G. Ripley.

The following are the officers-elect of James Bryant W. R. C.: President, Nellie Mero; S. V. P., Lizzie Leavitt; J. V. P., Margaret Metzger; treasurer, Mary E. Mathews; chaplain, Emma Timmerman; conductor, Mary E. Sprague; guard, Julie M. Stevens.

The following are the new officers of L. P. Plummer corps: President, Sarah E. Lyons; S. V. P., Lizzie Carr; J. V. P., Mary A. Davis; treasurer, Celia A. Rostron; conductor, Charlotte Metzger; guard, Elmira Clark; delegate to department convention, Belle Guild; alternate, Kittie Weaver.

Methodist City Missionaries.

The City Missionary and Church Extension society met yesterday afternoon at Hennepin Avenue M. E. church. The society, which was originated in Cincinnati, has for its purpose the clearing of church debts and creating a feeling of unanimity among the congregation. The society also looks after the poor people of the cities in which it exists. Rev. Hingely read a paper during the session yesterday afternoon under the title of "Flashlights from Buffalo," and in the evening Rev. Quigley read a paper on "Down-Town Churches." Bishop Fowler in the afternoon delivered an address, in which he referred to the convention recently held at Buffalo.

GRAND JURY ADJOURNS.

But on Monday the Ging Murder Will Be Discussed.

The grand jury adjourned yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock without making a report, and will resume their session at 2 p. m. on Monday. At that time the Ging murder will be taken up and investigated, with the possible bringing of an indictment against the Hayward boys, who are now in jail on an order continuing their cases in the municipal court until Thursday. It is thought that in the meantime the witnesses in the case, so far as known, can all appear before the grand jury, and that sufficient material will have been secured by that time to warrant the bringing of an indictment.

Among the other indictments brought in is one against William Gillen on a charge of arson. Gillen is the same man against whom there is now a charge of forgery pending. He was also tried on a charge of perjury in the district court some four years ago. Gillen is charged with having placed a small stock of merchandise, valued at a small amount, in a storeroom and then to have seen to it that the building was burned down. The reason for the burning is found in the fact that the stock had been insured for $1,000 but a short time previously to the fire in the Manchester Fire Assurance Company of Manchester, Eng.

Settled Amicably.

The rather novel case against R. G. Ingersoll for obeying the instructions of his employers in Chicago—the Edward Thompson company—in taking a set of English and American Encyclopedia of Law from the office of C. R. Cameron seems to have been amicably settled, the books having been returned to Mr. Cameron by the publishing company named. Mr. Cameron is well satisfied that Mr. Ingersoll was an innocent agent in the matter, as the letter of instruction to him from the Chicago firm plainly shows; and such instructions were given under a misapprehension of the facts. As the firm is of very high standing with the legal profession, and both Mr. Cameron and Mr. Ingersoll are intelligent gentlemen, nothing more than mutual explanations were necessary to satisfy all of the good faith of each and the entire innocence of Mr. Ingersoll, who had unwittingly taken what he supposed was his employers' property.

The Claim of Lund.

Erick Lund's claim for extras on the Douglas school building was the sole topic of discussion for the building committee of the board of education yesterday afternoon. The matter will probably stir up considerable discussion at the next meeting of the board. The claim originally called for $2,106.17, but the committee cut it down to a trifle over $1,900, and this is thought rather too liberal by some members of the board. The claim is itemized and covers nearly every specification in the contract.

Will Be Investigated.

Commissioner of Insurance C. H. Smith is investigating the affairs of the Continental Insurance Company of America, recently established in this city by L. R. Mueller and others. It is claimed that the Continental, while different in corporate name, was preying upon the good name of another old and well-established insurance corporation of New York, and that the persons composing the company had but little property.

Commissioner Smith yesterday stated that he would probably stop the company from doing business.

There's only one baking powder to ask for when you want the best—Dr. Price's.

Kicks on the Grub.

A man who said his name was Ole Olson, and who admitted that he was a steady visitor at the workhouse, called at the GLOBE office last evening to register a complaint. Although he had never been in Siberia, he knew that prisoners there were not treated any worse than they were at the Minneapolis workhouse. In the first place, he says, the steam is turned off all night, and they freeze until 5 o'clock in the morning. Then they are starved. Olson is an old timer, and he says that Whelan always used to give them two potatoes at a meal, but now they don't get potatoes. They get some water with a few slices of turnips in it, which the waiters call soup.

A Tragedy Sure Enough.

Last September John Williams, his wife and family left Minneapolis for Wales, where it was their intention to locate. They had relatives there. Mrs. Williams became melancholy and ill after her arrival in Wales, and all she could think of was her home in Minneapolis. Williams thereupon moved to Liverpool but his wife became no better, so he determined to return to America. The family accordingly shipped, but on the second day out Mrs. Williams, in a fit of temporary insanity, jumped overboard. Mr. Williams and son have returned to Minneapolis and are living at 2430 Seventeenth avenue south.

"There is no place like home" when the food is prepared with Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

DENVER FINANCIER'S IDEA.

Issue $500,000,000 in Bonds and Loan Them to Banks.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 7.—David H. Moffatt, president of the First National bank, proposes the following financial plan to stop the withdrawal of gold from the treasury:

"Let the government issue $500,000,000 in bonds, bearing 2½ per cent interest, and sell them to national banks at par; amend the national bank law so that these bonds may be used as the basis of circulation, and let the banks be allowed to issue against them at par their own circulating notes, which shall be made legal tender, in no denomination less than $10. Also repeal the tax on national bank circulation, which would, in effect, raise the interest on the government bonds to about 3 per cent. In taking up all the bills of smaller denomination than $10, silver will be put in circulation as change."

Seattle Dailies Consolidate.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 7.—A bill of sale of the Seattle Telegraph to the Post-Intelligencer was filed with the auditor today. The consideration is specified as "One dollar and other valuable consideration." The Post-Intelligencer will issue bonds for $100,000. The publication of the Telegraph will cease.

Awarded $5,000.

Special to the Globe.

CROOKSTON, Minn., Dec. 7.—L. N. Judson was awarded judgment in $5,000 against the Great Northern railroad, in district court, for the accidental killing of his son a year ago.

Two Killed, Another Will Die.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 7.—Mr. and Mrs. Sherman and their little daughter, of Lakewood, while driving across the Erie tracks near that place at 4 o'clock this afternoon, were struck by a train running at a high rate of speed. Mr. Sherman and daughter were killed, and Mrs. Sherman will die.

IS BLIXT THE MAN?

Continued From First Page.

Paul, which he did with success. He further states that she often entrusted large sums with him to be staked on faro and poker, and when the field of operation was limited at home, sent him to Chicago. He even went so far as to say that the infatuated woman telegraphed him money to Chicago for gambling purposes.

Hayward, it is understood, spoke of criminal relations with Miss Ging, which began about six months ago. He had the effrontery to remark that he became alarmed at her propensity for gambling, and tried to cure her of the habit.

Catherine Ging is dead, and these brutal insinuations will be weighed for what they are worth by hundreds of reputable men and women in the city who knew her intimately.

The boy who carried the fatal message to Catherine Ging's apartments that lured her to her death has not yet been found. It seems remarkable that a boy fifteen years old was induced to carry the note for any large sum of hush money. If he was a boy picked up and tipped a quarter for simply carrying a note he could have no motive for concealing the fact, unless it is silly fear of imaginary consequences that keeps him silent. It is possible that the boy was brought over from St. Paul on some flimsy pretext, and subsequently sent to a neighboring town for a few days.

As it looks now, the boy who delivered the note and the murderer himself are the only two human beings who know the features of the cowardly assassin, except perhaps the men under arrest.

True in its results as the needle to the pole is Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

TWO SCHEMES CRITICISED.

Workings of Carlisle's and Eckels' Plans Illustrated.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Mr. Carlisle's plan of currency reform is naturally attracting great attention, in and out of congress. Mr. Carlisle, it is expected, will next Monday appear before the house committee on banking and currency to answer any questions that he may be asked in further explanation of his proposition. While Mr. Carlisle's plan is favorably commented on by many prominent members of both houses, there are others whose opinions are of value who argue that the plan proposed by Comptroller Eckels in his annual report has superior merit, and, when thoroughly understood, will meet with general approval. A prominent senator, who is a recognized authority on the financial question, said to a representative of the Associated Press: "Mr. Carlisle's plan for currency reform, when applied to practice, will produce the following results: Taking, for the purpose of illustration, the example of a bank having $100,000 capital; such a bank would be entitled to issue notes up to the limit of $75,000 (75 per cent of capital), but before doing so must deposit 'legal tender' notes to the amount of $22,500 (30 per cent of circulation). This would be equivalent to a net issue of $52,500 in circulation by the bank, or $75,000 in notes received from the government, less $22,500 retained by the government. On this $52,500 the bank would make its profit, if it could keep it in circulation, after deducting tax for safety fund, and tax for administration of comptroller's bureau. The plan for relieving the government from the burden and charge of redeeming United States notes would, according to the secretary's estimate, result in securing the temporary deposit of $225,000,000 of these notes with the government 'if all the national banks now in existence should take out circulation to the full amount proposed.'

"Let us see how this result would be arrived at. The present capital of all national banks in existence is about $668,000,000. If to this is added $332,000,000 as the capital of state banks availing themselves of the privilege, a

Total Capital of $1,000,000,000

would be had as the basis upon which to issue currency. Assuming that all the banks possessing this capital issued currency up to the full limit of 75 per cent, we will have an issue of bank currency of $750,000,000; against this legal tender to the amount of 30 per cent of circulation must be deposited, or $225,000,000.

"What will be the effect of this upon the volume of money in circulation?"

"Add bond notes issued, $750,000,000; less national bank currency retired, $137,000,000; legal tenders deposited and withdrawn from circulation, $225,000,000; total, $397,000,000; net increase in circulation, $253,000,000. Assuming that this increase could be kept in circulation, a withdrawal of $225,000,000 of United States notes is effected temporarily, but as there are $468,000,000 of these altogether outstanding, there would still remain outstanding the major portion of the mass, or about $242,000,000, to harass the treasury by presentation for redemption in gold. If $750,000,000 is not kept in circulation the amount of legal tenders returned by redemption of circulation would be added to the large sum not funded. Again, if the legal tenders deposited by the banks are to be used for redemption of these notes on presentation, there would be no difficulty in procuring any amount of them by presenting bank notes.

Eckels' Plan.

"So much for the practical working of the secretary's plan, and we now take a look at the plan proposed by Comptroller Eckels. As he gives but few figures on which to base a computation, but simply outlines the principles of his plan, only a hypothetical illustration of its practical workings can be attempted.

"Taking a bank with $100,000 capital, as in the other case, the comptroller's plan appears to require that the bank deposit with the treasury $50,000 in United States notes or legal tenders (for cancellation) in exchange for which it will immediately receive $5,000 in bank notes, for the current redemption of which only it shall be liable during its lifetime, the government reassuming responsibility for ultimate redemption of the notes of banks at this place only upon the failure or liquidation of the bank.

"In this feature, therefore, there is neither expansion nor contraction of the currency, simply the exchange of one kind of currency for another just as good, but for the purpose, and with the effect of entirely relieving the government of the burden and cost of current redemption during the existence of the bank receiving and issuing the same.

"Under this branch of the comptroller's plan, with the present capital of national banks, viz., $668,000,000, $324,000,000 of legal tenders would immediately be retired and withdrawn from the possibility of being redeemed in gold by the general government, while a banking capital of $1,000,000,000 would serve as the basis for the retiring of the entire issue, both of United States notes and Sherman-act notes, amounting together to about $468,000,000; while under the secretary's plan a capital of $1,000,000,000 would effect a withdrawal, according to his own estimate, of only $225,000,000. Should the bank notes issued against legal tenders be made available for lawful money reserve against deposits, as are now the legal tenders, this would operate to withold them from redemption by the banks.

"Passing to the other feature of Mr. Eckels recommendation, it is found that a bank with $100,000 capital could also issue as much as $50,000 of safety fund notes, constituting a first lien upon its assets and upon the liability of its shareholders, redeemable upon the failure of the bank promptly out of a 'safety fund' created by a light tax upon all the banks issuing this kind of circulation. It is upon this class of notes that the bank should make a profit, which would be a clear one over and above the light expenses for cost of redemption and taxation for the safety fund and for cost of operating the comptroller's bureau.

As to Elasticity.

"It is in this class of currency also that the element of 'elasticity' would be found, for each bank could issue either none at all or as much as 50 per cent of its capital.

"Of the whole national bank capital, 50 per cent would be $336,000,000, or a sum of $174,000,000 greater than the present national bank circulation, viz., $172,000,000, while a capital of $1,000,000,000 would provide for $500,000,000 of this safety fund circulation, a sum $382,000,000 greater than the present bank circulation. So, within a limit of $50,000,000 would be the elasticity of this circulation, and the elasticity could be still further extended by reducing the legal tenders, and extending the limit for safety fund currency between the 50 per cent of capital stock.

"The legal currency out of the way by Mr. Eckels' plan of substitution of bank notes, the practical result would be that all the paper currency would be redeemable only in gold or silver coin, for there would exist only bank notes, gold certificates and silver certificates."

DE LESSEPS DEAD.

THE WORLD LOSES ITS MOST BRILLIANT ENGINEER.

He Who Made the Suez Canal a Possibility but Failed on the Panama.

PARIS, Dec. 7.—Count Ferdinand de Lesseps died today at Lachenaie, near Vatane, in the department of L'Indre. During the night he received the last sacrament.

Ferdinand de Lesseps was born Nov. 19, 1805, at Versailles. His success in the Suez was due to his indefatigable zeal in interesting Said Pasha, while on a visit to Egypt in 1854. The enter-

DE LESSEPS.

prise was sanctioned by the pasha, and in 1856 a letter of concession was granted De Lesseps. Ten years from that date the canal passage was so far advanced as to allow the passage of steam vessels. In 1869 the finishing touches had been made, and a series of jubilations entered into on the day of the formal opening of the canal at Port Said. A book, entitled "Lettres, Journal et Documents pour Savoir a l'Histoire du Canal du Suez," was published by him in 1875, which secured him a prize of 5,000 francs.

The failure of the attempt to connect the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, by means of a canal across the Isthmus of Panama, is so well known as to need only a passing reference.

ENGINES TELESCOPE.

Two Fatalities Caused by a Collision on a Southern Road.

ROCKINGHAM, N. C., Dec. 7.—Last night about 8 o'clock a terrible collision occurred between a special and an extra freight at Ledbetter Mills, near here. The trains were running about forty miles an hour down grade both ways. One was a small engine, the other a large one. The small one split the larger wide open. Engineer Wells was scalded to death. Engineer Watson had his skull fractured and one leg broken, and he is not expected to live. Both firemen jumped and escaped injury. Three tramps got on at Wadesboro and are thought to be under the wreck. There was a misunderstanding about the meeting of the trains.

MADE IT HOT FOR TOUGHS

Pitched Battle in Oklahoma Results in Two Deaths.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Dec. 7.—Two killed, one maimed for life and two badly wounded is the result of a pitched battle fought between Alva and Eagle and started by a number of drunken rowdies. James Brown, Frank Brown, J. B. Knight, Charles Kitchen, Sam Wescott and a man called One-eyed Taylor, while coming home drunk, met Sam Crocker, a deputy marshal, and three rangers, en route to Alva. Without provocation or a moment's warning the drunken men opened a fire on the other party. A general fusilade followed. Kitchen and James Brown were killed outright, Wescott had his legs shattered, and Taylor, the deputy marshal and one of the rangers were seriously wounded.

TO THE YOUNG FACE
Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives fresher charms, to the old renewed youth. Try it.

DOCTOR
BRINLEY
251, 253 and 255 Nicollet Ave.,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA.
The oldest and Only reliable medical office of its kind in the city, as will be proven by consulting old files of the daily press. Regularly graduated and legally qualified; long engaged in Chronic, Nervous and Skin Diseases. A friendly talk costs nothing. If inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine sent by mail or express, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed. If doubt exists we say so. Hours—10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 a. m. If you cannot come, state case by mail. Special Parlor for Ladies.
Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness, Failing Mem ory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, arising from indiscretions, Excess, Indulgence or Exposure, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self-Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the back, etc., are treated with success, Safely, Privately, Speedily. Unnatural Discharges cured Permanently.
Blood, Skin and Venereal Diseases, All forms affecting Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Ulcers, Painful Swellings, from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system by means of Safe, Time-tested Remedies. Stiff and Swollen Joints and Rheumatism, the result of Blood Poison, surely Cured. KIDNEY AND URINARY Complaints, Painful, Difficult, too Frequent or Bloody Urine, Gonorrhœa and Stricture promptly cured. CATARRH Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Epilepsy: Constitutional and acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully by entirely New and Rapid Methods. It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. Every known application is resorted to and the proved good remedies of all ages and countries are used. No Experiments are Made. On account of the great number of cases applying the charges are kept low; often lower than others. Skill and perfect cures are important. Call or write. Symptom list and pamphlet free by mail. The Doctor has successfully treated and cured thousands of cases in this city and the Northwest. All consultations, either by mail or verbal, are regarded as strictly confidential and are given perfect privacy.
DR. BRINLEY, Minneapolis, Minn.

MILLINERY BARGAINS
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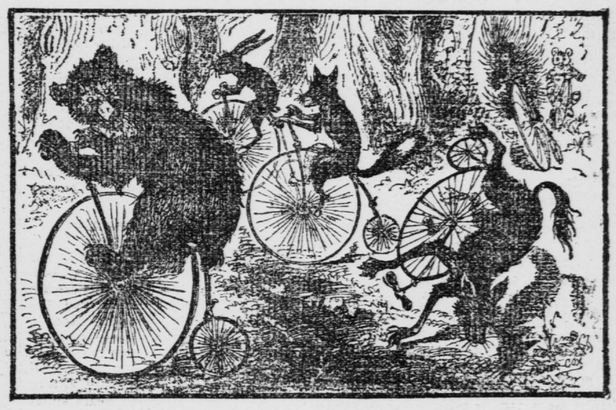

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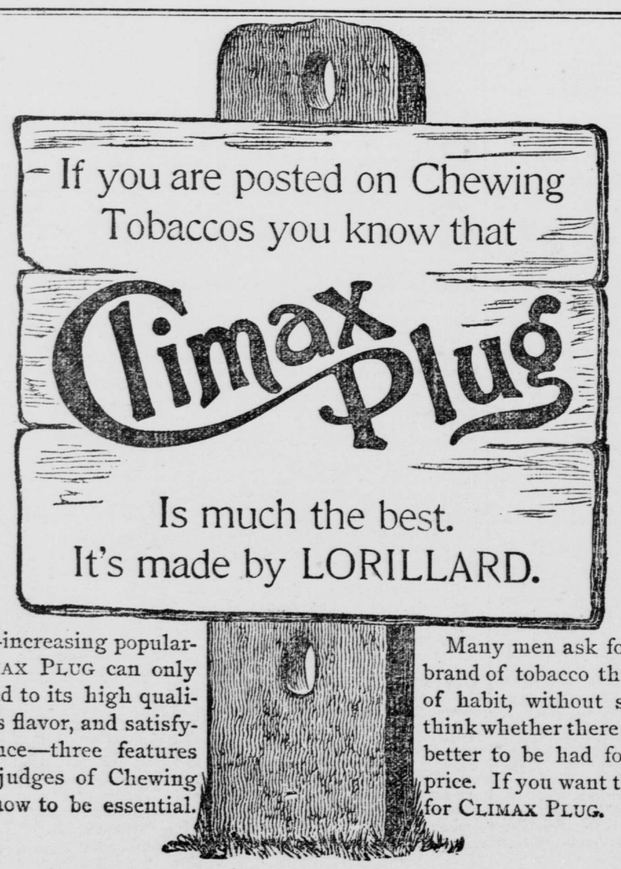

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