FIGHT WAS A FIASCO.

Three Farcical Rounds Settled the Ryan-Dempsey Mill.

RYAN WON WITH EASE,

And Could Have Knocked His Opponent Out Without an Effort.

ST. PAUL IN IT ON PRIZES.

Jobbers' Trophy Won--Nettelton in on the Final for Pfister Trophy.

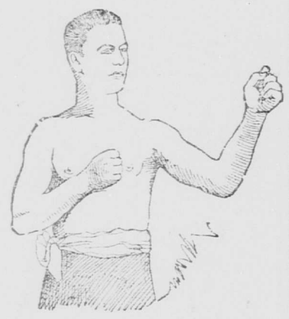
CONEY ISLAND, N. Y., Jan. 18.—The fact that Jack Dempsey, the "Nonpareil," was again to make an effort to demonstrate that he was still in the pugilistic swim by meeting Tommy Ryan, of Chicago, in the roped arena here, attracted fully 4,500 devotees of the manly art to the Seaside arena tonight.

The first bout was between Frank Patterson, of Brooklyn, and Sammy Campbell. "Manly's Coon, Patterson, got the decision.

The next was one of ten rounds at catch weights between Jimmy Dime, of Amsterdam, and "Jerry" Marshall, of Australia. Dime weighed 130 pounds, and Marshall 126. The latter is a colored man. The referee's decision was in favor of Dime.

TOMMY RYAN.

Ryan was the first to enter the ring, and he took the "lucky" corner which had been previously occupied by Patterson and Dime. His seconds were Joe Choynski, of San Francisco; "Harry" Pigeon, of Chicago; Mick Dunn, of Australia, and George Siddons, of New York. Dempsey entered the ring at 10:55. His seconds were "Brooklyn Jimmy" Carroll, Martin Dempsey, his brother, and Frank Patterson.



JACK DEMPSEY.

His weight was 142 pounds and Ryan's 145. The bout was to be fifteen rounds at catch-weights. Dempsey looked a trifle fat, but Ryan was in excellent condition. They simply tapped each other in the first round and a number of people yelled

"Take Him Off."

"Dempsey's drunk." In the second round Ryan kept punching Dempsey in the stomach without a return and then smashed him in the jaw. Ryan played with Dempsey, and then smashed him in the mouth. Ryan landed on the body and the crowd kept shouting, "Take him off." Ryan hit Dempsey on the jaw and floored him. Dempsey got up, staggering. The crowd then yelled louder than before: "Take him off; it's a shame; take him off."

In the third round Jack got mad and went after his man, but Ryan stopped him and forced him to the ropes. Ryan hit Dempsey whenever he wished, in the mouth and in the face, and in response to the frequent yells of the spectators the gong sounded out and the fight was stopped.

The announcer said that Dempsey's friends had requested that the fight should be stopped, and although Dempsey seemed to be anxious to go on, the referee gave the fight to Ryan. Dempsey was in no condition to fight, and his "throw-down" to his friends and admirers may do much towards the downfall of boxing in this vicinity. Ryan could have knocked Dempsey out in the first round, but he let up on the once famous "Nonpariel."

The fight took place within a stone's throw of the spot where "Jack" fought and won his first battle. The McAuliffe "fiasco" in the same ring some time ago did not bring about such a rattling round of curses from the fistic fraternity as did Dempsey's showing tonight. As the spectators filed out past the turnstiles nothing could be heard but explosive adjectives uttered in condemnation of Dempsey and the managers.

JUST ONE MORE SPIEL.

Curling Events Nearly Concluded —St. Paul in for Big Prizes.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 18.—Nearly all of the games played yesterday were in the Walkerville event. Though quite a number of games were decided few were played, many rinks forfeiting in preference to playing on poor ice. The Veterans' match was begun during the morning and one game played, James Bryden's rink defeating W. Stevenson's rink. The Pfister event is down to the final, S. S. Chandler's rink, of Waupaca, meeting Nettleton's rink, of St. Paul, for the final trophy. In the Hall and Johnston events there are still to be played a semi-final and final. In the Jobbers' union event there are two games to be played.

Walkerville Trophy.

Duluth, R. J. McLeod by default; Baraboo, Wis., E. J. Marriotte.

Chicago, E. W. Kibble, skip, 15; Milwaukee, F. B. Jones, skip, 12.

Chicago, T. Pritchard by default; Portage, Wis., J. H. Wells.

Cambria, Wis., D. R. Price, by default; Milwaukee, C. B. Roberts.

Chicago, J. Hutchison, by default; Waupaca, Wis., J. F. Knudson.

Second Round Games.

St. Paul, J. McCulloch, by default; Arlington, Wis., R. R. Robertson Jr.

Cambria, Wis., R. N. McConnochie, skip, 22; Lodi, Wis., E. E. Seville, skip, 13.

Cambria, Wis., D. R. Price, skip, 17; Chicago, R. Pritchard, skip, 11.

Milwaukee, J. W. P. Lombard, by default; Waupaca, Wis., S. S. Chandler.

Milwaukee, J. Morgan, by default; Waupaca, Wis., J. H. McCullough.

Milwaukee, G. W. Robertson, skip, 17; Chicago, G. Wood, skip, 14.

Johnson Event, Second Semi-Finals.

St. Paul, Minn., G. O. Nettleton, skip, 17; Milwaukee, W. Currie, skip, 10.

Milwaukee, G. W. Robertson, by default; Milwaukee, E. B. Jones.

Lodi, Wis., E. E. Seville, skip, 19; Chicago, J. B. Hill, 16.

Third Round, Hall Trophy.

Cambria, Wis., D. R. Price, skip, 23; St. Paul, G. O. Nettleton, skip, 22.

Veterans.

Milwaukee, J. Bryden, skip, 17; St. Paul, Dr. A. N. Carson, skip, 6.

Pfister.

Milwaukee, W. Currie, skip, 17; Arlington, Wis., W. Stevenson, skip, 11.

Nettleton Defeated.

At 1 o'clock this morning the final game in the Pfister trophy event was decided, S. S. Chandler's Waupaca, Wis., rink defeating G. O. Nettleton's St. Paul rink by a score of 20 to 8.

Aimed at Roby.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 18.—In the house today Representative Dinwiddie, of Lake county, introduced two bills against prize fighting. One amends the McHugh law. The other was written for Gov. Matthews by Judge Gillet of Hammond. A prize fight with or without gloves for any reward or in the presence of those who have placed anything of value to see the contest is prohibited. The principals are to be imprisoned one or two years, seconds and accessories to be punished in proportion. The bill will pass the house in a few days.

Women voters to have the ballot—the ideal woman, the wife and mother, always casts her ballot for Price's Cream Baking Powder.

COMO RACES TODAY.

THE TRACK IN FINE SHAPE AND STANDS ERECTED.

Some Good Horses Will Be Out and Much Interest Manifested —Electric Starting Bells.

Half an hour after the snow ceased to fall yesterday the Capital City Driving club had a team at work clearing its Como track. At 7 o'clock this morning the park board will start two additional teams, and there is no doubt that the course will be in splendid condition by the time the races begin at 2:30 this afternoon. An exact quarter and half mile have been carefully staked off by a surveyor and stands have been erected for the starters, judges and timers at the start, quarter mile and finish. There are to be electric starting bells, and no detail will be neglected.

Unknown and dark horses are numerous, and there has been a deal of quiet betting on the results. Both the free-for-all and the three-minute races will, without doubt, be closely contested and exciting. The great annoyance of laying up heats will be avoided, for there are to be but three heats in each run, and in case no horse wins two heats, all the horses will be credited with their respective positions in each heat. Then the horse with the lowest total numeral against him wins the race.

For instance, if "Billy's Kid" won the first race and was twice second, his score would be 1, 2 and 2, or five in all, and if "Helen Marr" came in second, first and third, respectively, her score would be 2, 1 and 3, or 6 in all. "Billy's Kid" would accordingly be given the race. This plan is an innovation and does away with protracted racing, by which the spectators are tired and the horses worn out. At the present time, especially, owing to the absence of sleighing until very recently, the St. Paul horses are all out of condition and not fitted to take part in a contest requiring numerous heats.

The activity of the driving club, together with the favorable weather, has been of much benefit to all lines of business connected with road horses. The blacksmith and carriage shops are overcrowded with work.

Several sales of well-known local horses have been made lately. "Billy's Kid" has been purchased by Dr. Corcoran, the dentist; J. G. Moulton has sold "Come" to Frank Brady, and George Bonney bought "Helen Marr" the other day from Dr. Dodd, of Faribault.

CANUCKS POOR MARKSMEN.

Americans Win Nearly All the Prizes at Hamilton.

HAMILTON, Ont., Jan. 18.—The international live bird shoot for $700 has been completed and the prizes awarded as follows:

H. Bates, Ridgetown, Ont., and J. A. R. Elliott, Kansas City, twenty birds each, taking $125; John Stroud, Hamilton, Ont., Capt. J. L. Brewer, Rochester, N. Y., and Maj. S. Fairbanks, Minnedosa, nineteen birds each, $50; eleven others killed eighteen birds and took $14.50 each.

In the stake match, fifteen birds, thirty men entered, highest scores were: R. O. Hicks, Chicago, and John Stroud, Hamilton, fifteen; E. J. Fulford, Utica, J. A. R. Elliott, Kansas City, Dr. Blackhall, Clifton, Ont., H. Bates, Ridgetown, Ont., Capt., Money, New York, fourteen.

The $450 stake was divided as follows: R. O. Hicks, Chicago, and John Stroud, Hamilton, with fifteen birds, $123.75 each; Ed Fulford, J. A. R. Elliott, Dr. Blackwell, H. Bates, Capt. Money and F. D. Kelsey, fourteen birds, $83.75 each.

New Orleans Winners.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 18.—First race, six furlongs—B F Fly Jr won, Ixion second, Jim Henry third. Time, 1:23¾.

Second race, seven furlongs—Lester won, Brakeman second, Francis Pope third. Time, 1:40¼.

Third race, five furlongs—Fabia won, Midget second, Luke Parks third. Time, 1:09.

Fourth race, six furlongs—Hodson won, Kindora second, Gleesome third. Time, 1:25¾.

Fifth race, six furlodgs—Norman won, Insomnia second, Dr. Reed third. Time, 1:23½.

Dark for the Three-Eyed League.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 18.—The meeting of the Interstate Base Ball league, called for Sunday, Jan. 20, at Peoria, has been declared off by President H. F. Schmit. The meeting will not be called until applications for admission are received by the president.

Belmont as President.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The stewards of the National Steeplechase association held a meeting at the rooms of the jockey club last night. August Belmont was elected president and J. A. Folanstee steward. The dates set for the meeting at Morris Park are May 4, 8 and 11.

Johnson in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Tom Eck arrived at Newburg last night with Johnson, the all distances champion skater, and Rudd, the champion mile skater. They came from Minneapolis to compete in the national races on Saturday. The ice at Orange lake promises to be in good condition on Saturday.

DUPED AND BULLDOZED.

How Ex-Treasurer Taylor Acted With His Friends.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 18. — Ex-Gov. Mellette returned this morning from a hasty trip to Chicago, whither he went to look after his interests in connection with Taylor's defalcation. It will be recalled that the trust deeds that Taylor held of all Mellette's property were recorded and mortgaged to C. H. Wells, Chicago. Mellette is satisfied that Taylor has been running behind for three years. He thinks Taylor has duped and bulldozed his friends and bondsmen all along. He says also that Taylor probably took very little money with him. At the last moment Taylor paid three notes of $10,000 each on which his father was indorser. Two of these notes were given to the Lafayette bank and one to the Chase National, of New York. It is not known what Taylor could have done with the balance of the $160,000 which he drew from the treasury during December. Mellette had several conferences with J. T. McChesney, who says Taylor made a different statement as to his liabilities every time he talked with him.

"What I have been in Chicago for," continued the ex-governor, "was to try to get property in such shape that we bondsmen can raise more money on for the state than the state can for itself. The financial depression in South Dakota is so great that property can only be sold at a sacrifice. If the state could hold our property until something nearer its real value could be realized on it we would be satisfied. But it is in absolute need of ready money. We don't like to have our property simply credited on the bond for the amount which it would bring at forced sales. So we are trying to see if we cannot secure more money on it than that, both for the benefit of the state and of ourselves. It cannot be done through regular channels. Money is not now seeking investment in South Dakota. If we succeed it will only be through the aid of friends."

State Auditor Hipple makes the following statement: The statement that Col. Thomas H. Ruth, the commissioner of school and public lands, had aided or abetted W. W. Taylor to defraud the state through violating the statute in regard to sending out vouchers too late for the second apportionment of 1894 of the permanent school fund is absolutely untrue. The statute provides that on or before the 10th day of May and November of each year the commissioner of school and public lands shall cause to be made an estimate of the amount of funds which shall be in the treasury on July and Jan. 1, and shall notify the counties of their apportionment so made. The statements of the clerk, supported by the statements of the officials, was that on the 10th of November Col. Ruth should have sent out the money so apportioned. It now appears that he could not do so under the law until the 1st of January.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FULLER'S MANY TROUBLES.

Somebody Trying to Kill the Judge or Burn His Property.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 18. — Justice Fuller, of the state supreme court, appears to have a Nemesis. A week ago a man from Faulk county who had been beaten in a lawsuit in which Judge Fuller presided came down here with the avowed intention of killing the judge and himself, but was captured and is now on his way to the Yankton insane asylum. Last Monday night two attempts were made to burn the judge's house. His barn stands about thirty feet from the house, and there was a stack of hay close to the barn. The hay was fired early in the evening, but the blaze was discovered and extinguished before great damage was done. Later in the night it was again set on fire, and the following night again, but each time, though the damage was considerable, the buildings were saved. This afternoon a man called at the house and inquired if the judge was home. When answered in the negative, he asked for the boys. Being told that they were absent also, he left, and within five minutes the whole rear of the house was ablaze. Some one, presumably the stranger, had thrown a can of kerosene against the side and touched a match to it. It was discovered immediately and put out, but not before considerable damage was done. The stranger has not been found.

She Deserted Him.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Jan. 18.—A decree of divorce was filed today in the case of Christopher Hurd against his wife, Johanna Hurd. They were married in Minneapolis Feb. 28, 1881, and lived there for eight years, when, it was claimed by Mr. Hurd, his wife deserted him and he has since been unable to find her.

Wed a Boston Man.

ALPENA, S. D., Jan. 18.—The marriage of James F. Tripp, of Boston, Mass., and Mrs. S. M. Woodruff, widow of the late Judge O. G. Woodruff, is announced.

I find the ROYAL BAKING POWDER superior to all the others in every respect. It is purest and strongest.

WALTER S. HAINES, M. D.
Consulting Chemist, Chicago Board of Health.

SOLONS GOT EXCITED.

Second Encounter Between North and South Over Pensions.

TWO UNREGENERATE REBELS

In the Role of Objectors--Hoosier Democrat Gives Them a Roast.

REVENUES ARE INCREASING.

Officials Hopeful That Another Bond Issue Can Be Averted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—There was another big row at the night session of the house tonight, which grew out of the events which transpired last week. Feeling ran high and bitter words were spoken. It started after the failure of an effort to increase the pension of the widow of Gen. Abner Doubleday and to pension another widow who performed services as a voluntary nurse during the Rebellion. Both bills were blocked by the obstruction of Jones (Dem., Va.). Cooper (Dem., Ind.) resented this and turned on Jones savagely and with much temper charged him with lack of chivalry in assaulting the fair sex.

r. Jones absolutely denied that there was any foundation for the statement that he was fighting women. "All I am fighting for," said he, "is against the granting of large pensions to the rich, powerful and influential."

"I question the motive of the gentleman from Virginia," retorted Mr. Cooper, hotly. "I believe he is actuated by the sentiment expressed by him last Friday night when he said he was proud of the cause he had fought for in the trenches. Although he has taken an oath now to support the flag that floats above us, Mr. Speaker (pointing to the American flag above the speaker's desk), he now displays toward it the same spirit of opposition he did when he struck at that flag thirty years ago. I have a right to say it, because he himself has said it."

Mr. Simpson (Pop., Kan.), Mr. Cox (Dem., Tenn.) and Mr. Moses (Dem., Ga.) were drawn into the controversy. Feeling ran high and it looked for several minutes as if a personal encounter might occur. Mr. Simpson continued to taunt Mr. Jones, declaring that he was not only surprised but ashamed that a man should come from the South and say that he still believed in the lost cause.

Mr. Albert, of South Carolina, at last came to Mr. Jones' rescue. He was white with rage, and while deprecating the continual appeal to sectional passions, asserted that such appeals usually come from men who were invisible in time of war and invincible in time of peace. "As to the lost cause," he shouted, "it is the everlasting cause, and can never be lost because it is the cause of liberty."

Mr. Jones got the floor just before the time for adjournment was reached. He branded Mr. Cooper's language toward him as language unworthy of a gentleman. "I want to say," he said, "that when the question was asked me last week, I answered that I was proud of the lost cause. To say I believed my cause was not right was a slander. I always said and maintained everything as I do now, that I know that cause was right."

At this point the hour of 10:30 p. m. arrived, and the house stood adjourned under the rule. Had the debate been prolonged, amid the excitement and feeling that had been engendered, it might have degenerated into a personal combat.

REVENUES INCREASE.

Officials Hope to Avert a Bond Issue.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The heavy withdrawal of gold for export from the sub-treasury at New York was not wholly unexpected by treasury officials as the indications since the first of the week have made it probable that the withdrawals for shipment tomorrow would be exceptionally large. Nevertheless today's transactions have intensified the fear of another bond issue, and in a measure dampened the spirit of hopefulness that has pervaded the treasury department for some days past. It is, however, stoutly maintained that the record for the present fiscal year will show a decided improvement in the financial condition of the treasury over that of last year, and the steady increase in the receipts from customs and internal revenue sources, it is pointed out, gives promise of a speedy return to a period when the receipts will more than equal the expenditures. It is argued that the customs receipts are sure to make a decided advance after February first, when the spring importations begin, and that the revenues from whisky withdrawals for the remainder of the year are almost certain to reach a point even above the normal. With the sugar bounty burden of $12,500,000 a year removed and the prospects of receipts from the income tax amounting to $20,000,000 or more before July, a more hopeful condition of affairs, it is said, may confidently be looked forward to. The interest payments on the public debt between now and the first of the coming fiscal year will aggregate about $14,000,000, and yet only about $2,500,000 of this amount (interest on the last $100,000,000 bond issue) is in excess of the interest payments of last year.

What quality do you seek? Dr. Price's is a pure Cream Tartar Baking Powder. Chemical tests show that all others, without exception, contain injurious alum or ammonia.

BRITISH CATTLE SHUT OUT.

Hamburg Authorities Make a Left-Handed Slap at America.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The state department has been informed that the Hamburg authorities have forbidden the importation of cattle and swine from England and Ireland. Inasmuch as a large proportion of the American cattle entering Germany go through England, this will be another severe blow at our cattle interests and our trade with continental Europe.

The official notice of this last action of Germany came to the state department in the following report from W. Henry Robertson, our consul at Hamburg, dated Dec. 22 last:

"I have the honor to inform you that by a decree of the Hamburg senate, passed on yesterday and published today, the entry into this port of all ruminating animals and swine from Great Britain and Ireland has been for the present prohibited. The ground given in the decree is the outbreak of the mouth and foot disease in different places in England.

"Those animals will still be admitted here which shall be proven to have left Great Britain or Ireland up to and including the 24th inst., but such animals are to be slaughtered immediately after their arrival here.

"The regular legal penalties of fine and confiscation will follow any violation of the prohibition.

"It will be noted that the action in this case was that of the Hamburg senate and not that of the imperial government of Germany, but the same course, has been adopted at each of the other great German seaports, so that practically it amounts to national action. It is not possible at present to calculate the exact effect upon our own trade of the last decree. A considerable proportion of the cattle and hogs shipped from the United States to Liverpool after passing into the possession of English buyers is detained for a time in the stock yards and finally sold and shipped to Germany. The German government has been aware of this and recently sent a commission to England. It is alleged that this action was taken on the pretense of examining the English cattle, but really to lay the foundation of the present decree, which, it is asserted, really strikes at the United States over the shoulder of England, for it is believed here that no English-grown cattle are shipped to Germany."

U. P. WANTS AN EXTENSION.

Their Latest Offer for Securing the Government's Debt.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—A petition from the stockholders of the Union Pacific Railway company was presented to congress today, offering to assess its stockholders a sum sufficient to pay all bonds which have priority over the lien of the United States, in consideration of an extension of the debt of the United States for fifty years at 2 per cent. The petition sets forth that a part of the debt for which the government is responsible, amounting to $33,539,512, will mature before the meeting of the Fifty-fourth congress. They represent that in consequence of the business depression there has been a marked falling off in business, amounting to 48 per cent of the gross earnings for the first ten months in 1894 as compared with the first ten months of 1893, and that this has resulted in a failure to meet the interest of the bonds on various divisions of the road.

The propositions for changes in the Reilly bill, which were submitted to the house committee on Pacific railroads by representatives of the Union Pacific, have been rejected. The vote taken in committee today was unanimously against adding any material amendments to the measure which is now on the calendar of the house. That proposal upon which the Union Pacific laid most stress, a reduction of the rate of interest on the government debt from 3 to 2 per cent, met with general favor.

Amendments to meet the views of railroad receivers and shareholders may be made when the bill is before the house, but today's meeting was probably the last important session of the committee before the house takes up its measure.

ARMY BILL PASSED.

Incidentally It Advances Schofield to a Lieutenant Generalship.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The senate today passed the army appropriation bill, carrying $23,000,000, and the bill which in effect advances Gen. Schofield in command of the army to the rank of lieutenant general, held by Generals Sherman and Sheridan. Aside from this the day was given to the debate on the Nicaraguan canal bill.

Mr. Morgan, in charge of the measure, sought to fix a time for bringing the question to a vote, but without success, and the tedious discussion goes on with little prospect of a speedy vote. Mr. Caffery, of Louisiana, presented a new phase of the subject by offering a resolution urging a new treaty with Nicaragua and Costa Rica for the cession of a canal route entirely under the jurisdiction of the United States. At 5 o'clock the senate adjourned.

The House.

In the house consideration of the Indian appropriation bill was resumed in committee of the whole. Without action the committee rose, and at 4:20 the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session being devoted under the rules to the consideration of private pension bills.

When you make doughnuts make them crisply enticing or don't make any. They are always delicious when Dr. Price's Baking Powder is used.

OPPOSED TO SECTARIANISM.

Representative Linton Proposes a Sixteenth Amendment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Representative Linton has been prominently connected with the contest against sectarian Indian schools. Today he presented a joint resolution for a sixteenth amendment to the constitution in the following terms:

"Neither congress nor any state shall pass any law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or use the property or credit of the United States or any money raised by taxation or authorize either to be used, for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding by appropriation, payment for services, expenses or otherwise any church, religious denomination or religious society, or any institution, society or undertaking which is wholly or in part under sectarian or ecclesiastical control."

The proposed amendment is accompanied by a memorial from the National League for the Protection of American Institutions, urging action on the amendment. Among those identified with the league are ex-Justice Strong, ex-Indian Commissioner Morgan, Dorman B. Eaton, Wheeler H. Peckham and a number of bishops and college presidents.

THEORETICALLY IN JAIL.

Broker Chapman, of Sugar Trust Fame, Seeks Habeas Corpus.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Broker Elverton R. Chapman, of New York city, who, with two other brokers and two newspaper men, was indicted for refusal to answer inquiries of the senate sugar investigating committee, today was placed nominally in the custody of the United States marshal. His surety, Lewis J. Davis, of this city, accompanied him to the criminal court late in the afternoon and surrendered him in order to petition the United States supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus. Judge Cole immediately ordered that the bondsman be relieved of further responsibility and the defendant admitted to the custody of Marshal Wilson. District Attorney Birney urged that the defendant be committed to the custody of the warden of the jail, but the suggestion was overruled by the court, so Chapman is not actually in jail. A test case has made out in the United States supreme court and application will be made next week to hear the case on petition for habeas corpus proceedings. The case of the others will be governed largely by this case.

HIS MISSION OF PEACE.

Cremer Has An Interview With Cleveland on Arbitration.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—By appointment, William Randall Cremer, a member of the British house of commons, called upon President Cleveland today, in company with Secretary Gresham, and presented to him a memorial signed by 354 members of the house of commons, looking to the negotiation of a treaty providing for the submission to arbitration of any differences that may arise between the United States and Great Britain. Among the signatures are the names of many distinguished men known to the American public. There are 232 Liberals, 71 Nationalists, 50 Unionists and 21 Conservatives on the list. It is said that this is the first time such a document has received the signatures of any Nationalist.

HILL'S D. & D. AIR LINE

Great Northern Magnate's Cherished Scheme Takes Form.

GOVERNMENT AID ASKED

By the Incorporators of the Interstate Transportation Company.

BUT ONE LINK IN A CHAIN

Which Will Give St. Paul Another Road to the Coast.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18. — The first move toward the consummation of President James J. Hill's cherished scheme of an air-line railroad between Duluth and Denver was made in the United States senate today, when Senator Davis introduced a bill incorporating the Interstate Transportation company. The bill authorizes the investment of the sinking fund of the Union Pacific railroad in the bonds of a railroad to be built between Sioux City, Io., and Julesburg, Neb. Sixteen thousand dollars per mile is to be invested, of which $60,000 is to be paid on the completion of each five miles, the balance upon the completion of the entire line. One of the incorporators of this road is ex-Speaker W. R. Kinyon, of Owatonna, Minn., and among the others are men who are connected with the old Midland Pacific, which has a bridge partially completed across the Missouri at Sioux City. Senator Pettigrew is in the scheme, and there is every occasion to believe that Sam Hill, who has been in conference with Senator Davis nearly every day and had a meeting with him today, is directing the operations. At Julesburg the proposed road will connect with the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf, which runs straight to Denver. As in the case of several other railroad schemes of the Pickerel statesman, the road will pass into the hands of the Great Northern when completed. The Denver & Gulf, while in the past controlled by the Union Pacific, is a separate road, and is one of that corporations parallel-line schemes.

WILL THE U. P. COME IN?

Formation of the Transcontinental Rests With That Road.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—The formation of a passenger agreement by the Western and Transcontinental lines now rests entirely with the Union Pacific. Nobody knows what that line will do, and it is doubtful if it knows itself. The line of action it will pursue is dependent upon the fight in progress for separate receiverships for the Oregon Short line and Utah Northern. If this is won by the latter lines the Rock Island and the Burlington will make a deal with the Oregon Short Line for the handling of their business beyond Oregon, and if that is carried out the Union Pacific will cut a small figure in the calculations of the other lines regarding the formation of the association. All efforts looking to the adoption of an agreement have practically ceased, and there is small chance of their being resumed until it is known what the Union Pacific can and will do.

Boycott on the Hutchinson.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—Notice was given by the lines of the Central Traffic association today that they would refuse to accept any tickets over their roads issued by the Hutchinson & Southern. They will also refuse to exchange business with it. The reason for the boycott is that the Hutchinson & Southern is accused of having dealings with brokers and is moreover said to be behind in its payment of balances due to other roads. The Western lines have also declared a similar boycott against the Hutchinson & Southern.

W. W. Astor's daily income is $23,277. W. K. Vanderbilt's is $10,397. They cannot secure any daintier delicacies than the rest of us who use Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

No Break in Grain Rates.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—No action has as yet been taken by the Chicago freight committee looking toward a reduction of the grain rates from Chicago to New York. A meeting will doubtless be called early next week. Meanwhile grain is being shipped every day at 5 cents below the authorized tariff.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Attorney T. H. Gill, of the Wisconsin Central, came up from Milwaukee yesterday on business connected with the various litigations now on between the Wisconsin Central and Northern Pacific over back rentals and other matters pertaining to the Chicago & Northern Pacific.

The Soo line has restored the old minimum charge of 15 cents on excess baggage, abrogating the 25-cent minimum that has been in effect the past two months.

The Chicago North-Western line has issued a circular making a one-fare excursion rate to Southern points, good on March 5, April 2 and 30.

Superintendent of Telegraph Stone, of the Omaha, returned this morning from a tour of inspection along the line as far as Duluth.

Malcolm Nichols, advertising agent of the Great Northern, returned last night from a week's sojourn in Iowa.

George B. North, Northwestern agent for the Travelers' Dispatch, was in the city yesterday.

General Manager Winter, of the Omaha, returned from Chicago yesterday morning.

Fred Foster, of Dr. Rice fame, left last evening for St. Louis over the M. & St. L.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

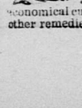
Cash in Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18. — The cash balance in the treasury today was $151,619,961; gold reserve, $75,712,126; less engagements yesterday and today for export, amounting to $4,400,000, which makes the true amount of the gold reserve $71,312,126.

Ended Life With a Spree.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 18.—Gen. James S. Hackney, formerly adjutant general of the state, was found dead this morning, hanging over a picket fence in an alley near the Pacific depot. Of late he has been drinking heavily and to this cause is ascribed his death.

HOW BABIES SUFFER



When their tender skins are literally on fire, with itching, burning, scaly, and blotchy skin and scalp diseases, with loss of hair, none but mothers realize. CUTICURA REMEDIES afford immediate relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy and economical cure when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Sold everywhere.

FAIR FLOWER CUT DOWN.

Miss Mary Stevenson, Daughter of the Vice President, Is Dead.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 18. — Miss Stevenson, daughter of Vice President Stevenson, died at 1:15 p. m. today.

Miss Mary Stevenson was the eldest daughter of the vice president. She was taken ill last summer, and was removed to Bar Harbor for her health. An attack of pneumonia had prostrated

MISS MARY STEVENSON.

her. She improved a little at Bar Harbor, but had a relapse, and consumption developing it was decided to remove her to Asheville.

Her father, mother and two sisters surrounded her bedside when the end came, the only absent member being her brother, Louis Stevenson, who is at the bedside of his sick wife, in Bloomington, Ill. Miss Stevenson, who was in her twenty-second year, was taken ill with a severe cold while at Bar Harbor, Me., with her mother and sisters last summer. The attack developed into pneumonia of a severe type, which seriously affected her lungs, but she finally rallied sufficiently to be taken South, but she never fully rallied. About the middle of October she was brought to Asheville in the mountains of Western North Carolina, where the air is usually dry and balmy. The change at first appeared to improve her health, but it did not last owing to the fact that a complication of diseases had set in, and had already told severely on her system, the most serious of these being uremia poisoning. Dr. S. M. Battle, one of the most eminent physicians in the South, formerly a naval surgeon, but now a resident of this place, was summoned to attend her, but she was then seemingly too far gone to permit of recovery under any treatment. After reaching here she never left her bed, and for nearly three months she struggled heroically against the disease, but in vain, although the distressed family still cherished hope that a change for the better might eventually come. For the past ten days she has been slowly sinking, and it was when the decline became most marked that Vice President Stevenson, who had previously paid weekly visits to his daughter's bedside, left the senate chamber and came to Asheville to remain to the last. He and his family have been patient and devoted watchers, but their ministering was useless, and this afternoon the fair young sufferer passed away. Only the members of the bereaved family were present at the deathbed scene. The end was seemingly painless, the dying young woman having relapsed into unconsciousness a few hours before. The remains will be taken to Bloomington, Ill., the home of the family, for interment.

The family will leave here with the body tomorrow afternoon over the Southern railway, by way of Knoxville, for Cincinnati. They will then take the "Big Four" direct for Bloomington, reaching there Sunday evening. The funeral will take place on Monday.

C. A. Swineford Dead.

BARABOO, Wis., Jan. 18.—C. A. Swineford, a well known railroad man and a brother of ex-Gov. J. P. Swineford, of Alaska, died suddenly in this city at 11 o'clock this forenoon of apoplexy. Mr. Swineford was well known all over the Northwest, and for twelve years held the position of superintendent of the Madison division of the Chicago & Northwestern road, with headquarters in this city. He was also interested in the Alaska gold mines. The deceased leaves a wife and one child.

DIDN'T SPLIT WOOD.

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the adjournment was carried by a vote of 71 to 45.

NOT SAYING MUCH.

Washburn Men Not Talking, but They're Thinking.

Immediately after the adjournment, which was taken at 12:20 a. m., the greater part of the Washburn contingent boarded an interurban car for Minneapolis, and it was difficult to get any frank expression from them. One of Mr. Washburn's closest friends admitted to the GLOBE before going into caucus that they had not votes enough to nominate, and virtually conceded the defeat of Washburn in the election next Tuesday. When the Washburn men received their backset in the caucus they professed to be greatly surprised, and probably were—surprised that it was no worse. Had they not changed their plans at the last moment and adopted the open ballot they would have lost more from the Hennepin delegation than they did, with no corresponding gain in other directions.

Immediately after the caucus had adjourned they proceeded to their headquarters and held a consultation with a view to springing a new man who could check the gain Nelson was making at the time of the adjournment. The actual friends of Washburn will never support Nelson, and there is now no doubt that they will join any movement which gives promise of defeating the little Norwegian. Had they adopted this course four days ago they might have succeeded, but the indications at 2 o'clock this morning point unanimously to Knute Nelson's election next Tuesday. It is not unlikely that the deadlock can be continued in the open legislature, but the scattering votes can not hold out long with only the present candidates in the field, and there is a marked tendency of both Second and Sixth district men towards Nelson.

The Comstock men professed to be elated at the result, but just why no one seemed to know. They declared that neither Nelson nor Washburn could win, and that Comstock would gain from now on, but the mountain has not moved to Mahomet for some time, and will not for some time to come.

It was demonstrated last night that the McCleary men are not for Washburn. Whenever one of them quit voting for the congressman he began voting for Nelson. There were several others who will follow suit in the election. At least two of them are in St. Paul.

The Nelson men but illy concealed their elation at the result of the caucus. They were perfectly at ease during the whole contest, which the Washburn men were not. There was no time at which they could not have five more votes than they polled, but they did not need them. Their plan evidently was to tire the Washburn men out and gradually develop a vote that would be accounted for on various grounds. They have an organization which is a credit even to Tams Bixby, which is as much as to say it is perfect in every detail.

The theory that a dark horse not yet mentioned will come in is not seriously entertained by any one now. The Washburn men may unite on Pillsbury, but the time has passed when they can do so with anything like a certainty of success, and unless some new and unexpected development comes to the surface the indications, from a purely nonpartisan and disinterested point of view, are that Nelson will ultimately be chosen.

Sheriff Without Nerve.

SPRAGUE, Wash., Jan. 18. — Populist Sheriff Williams was inaugurated Monday, but was so besieged by applicants for deputy positions that he entered into an agreement with J. E. Gray, the out-going county clerk, whereby Gray should take the office, run it, and keep $110 of the monthly salary, the remaining $40 to be turned over to Williams. The Populists held an indignation meeting, sent for Williams, and prevailed upon him to resign. Gray, who had entered on the discharge of his duties, vacated the office. The county commissioners then appointed Samuel Dorack to fill the place.

Minnesota Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Postmasters were appointed today as follows: Minnesota—St. Leo, Yellow Medicine county, Franz Antony, vice V. Lenz, resigned; Wig, Polk county, K. T. Anstad, vice A. S. Thompson, resigned.

Swallow It.

That is the best way to take a Ripans Tabule, best because the most pleasant. For liver and stomach disorders Ripans Tabules are the most effective remedy, in fact, the standard.

LOOK AT THIS LIST OF PIANOS.

Briggs, Decker & Son, Decker Bros., Blosius, Lester and Wegman, 25 per cent less than any other house. Also, full stock of Guitars, Mandolins and Banjos.

R. C. MUNGER, 107 EAST THIRD ST