STRANGE COLONY.

AN OHIO SOCIETY WITH PECULIAR CUSTOMS.

They Share Their Property in mon, and Only Want to Be Let Alone.

Canal Dover (O.) Correspondence New York Times.

Five miles west of this little city, in a garden spot of the beautiful Tuscarawas valley, is one of the most remarkable and extraordinary settlements in America. Seventy-seven years ago this month the first log cabin of the Separatist Society of Zoar was begun. The country was in the wilds of the forest, and the poverty-stricken German immigrants who comprised the association and who arrived in the spring of 1818 were in an almost desperate state of destitution. The original intention was not to form a communistic society, but to found a colony where certain peopliar religious ideas might have free course to work themselves out and prove their value or viciousness without being disturbed by close contact with bigoted or inquisitive neighbors.

There were 225 persons in the little company which came out to America from Wurtemburg, and they were so poor that the English Quakers, with their proverbial liberality to all who sought religious liberty, helped them secure their land, for which they paid $3 an acre, purchasing about 5,000 acres.

The more than three-quarters of a century has made a wonderful change in the fertile valley where the Separatists settled. A canal has been built by the state through their lands, and the Tuscarawas valley has come to be one of the most thickly settled and properous agricultural sections of the state. The Separatists have grown wealthy with the development of the country. They now own a large number of mills and other buildings upon it, constituting quite a little village. Here this peculiar people weave their own cloth, dye their wool, tan the leather for their coarse boots and shoes,and make their own flour; in a word, everything is done that can be to make up the sum of the coarse comforts which the members of the society enjoy. It is a little world within itself, where the church settles all disputes and every man has as much as his neighbor and no more.

Until the town began to attract visitors as a summer resort two or three years ago, it had no form of government except that of the society, yet order, sobriety and peace prevailed. But the influx of strangers, who knew not Baumeler, the founder and patron saint of these Separatists, finally compelled these people to organize a village corporation. The experience of this society bears out the theories of the socialists in one respect. It is wealthy. But then the same class of people in the same section of country are, in proportion, almost equally well-to-do.

The striking and remarkable fact is that in all these seventy-seven years this society has not increased in membership. There were 225 in 1818, when they settled here; there are now about the same number. At times the society has been larger, and about as often it has been smaller, so that it is a fair statement to say that, while all the country about has been filling up with people and the general population has greatly increased, these peculiar people have remained stationary in numbers. Indeed, even the present wealth of the society has not proved sufficient inducement to young men and women to join it or bring in as many as are required to do the work of the community, and it is now necessary for them to hire men to assist in the fields and mills.

The little town is laid out in a straggling manner, at haphazard, and the houses seem to have forgotten the meaning of the word "paint." At first sight it appears to be a country hamlet of the simplest character, where general shiftlessness reigns supreme. There is a certain tidiness about the fields, and the work is well done,but there is an absence of that spirit or progress and improvement in the houses which make any town attractive. It is not long till the visitor discovers that he has found the home of the commonplace.

Life runs evenly in the little village. A number of the old buildings are still in use, and the only structure more elaborate than the others is that which was occupied by Josheph Baumeler in his lifetime. It is now, in part, a storehouse. The people are of German extraction, and have but little education. They are completely weaned from the luxuries of life, and wear homespun for the most part and homemade shoes and boots. Each week every member gets an allowance from the general fund of food and drink, and with that must be content. If there is a surplus it is turned into the general treasury.

The three trustees of th society and a standing committee of three are the government of the community. One member of each body is elected each year. The committee is a court of appeal and last resort. In these elections the women vote on an equality with the men. The trustees adjust all disputes, and the aggrieved party can carry his case to the committee if he feels that he has not received justice. This has been the form of government since the death of the founder, in 1853. Prior to that date he was almost an autrocat, both in religious and secular matters.

The society, as has been said, did not start from Germany with the intention of forming a commune,but in the first few years of the colony in the valley there was so much distress that individualism was dropped and everything was held in common. This grew into a custom, and the solidity of the people prevented any return to the old methods of living.It is now extremely doubtful whether they ever will become individualists again. They are content, and nothing is more distasteful to the great majority of the members of the society than something bordering upon an innovation. Besides, many of the members have had so little experience in looking out for themslves that they would probably suffer if thrown on their own resources, although the distribution of the property of the society would give all members a modest competency if they were able to care for it properly.

The religious doctrines of these peculiar people, who have thus divorced themselves from the thought and progress of the age, and been content to become a narrowing eddy in the river of time, are not elaborate. They were apparently formulated in Germany, and the most that the present members of the society know of them is that they were defended by Baumeler. and are to be found in his discourses,which, next to the Bible, and in some things above that Book of books, are the foundation and superstructure alike of the religion of these Separatists. Briefly stated, they believe in the Trinity, the fall of Adam and original sin through him, the salvation through Christ, the inspiration of the Scriptures as the rule of life and the measure of truth, the abolition of all ceremony, the abolition of all sectionalism and forms in religion, marriage by consent before witnesses, without the intervention of preacher or priest; complete virginity more commendacomplete virginity more commendable than the marriage state, separate schools than those maintained by the public, the abolition of war and the employment of arbitration. In addition to this, they hold themselves faithful to the state, and thoroughly respectful to acknowledged authority.

Joseph Baumeler, when the society first started here, formulated rules which prohibited marriage,but this view was repudiated about ten years later,or between 1828 and 1830, when Baumeler himself took a wife. Since then marriage has been by contract under the laws of the state. The sexes are separated as much as possible in the life of the society. They sit on separate sides of the church when the trustees hold services, or read from the discourses of Baumeler, who is the prophet of the society. They live, in the main, each sex by itself, and the social relations, as the rest of the world knows them, are terra incognita to these simple-minded folk. This plan of life, for the most part, has resulted well from the physical point of view. Health and strength are evident among all the members of the society. But it has not produced any of the finer feeling which was in the main lacking when the colony of German peasants was founded. In a word, the existence of these people is that of good, healthy animals, with almost a minimum of all that we prize as civilization.

Every child born in the community is under the absolute control of the society until its majority is reached, when it is given the choice of becoming a member of the society or not, as it prefers. The stranger who seeks admission is made to serve a novitiate of a year, and in doubtful cases a longer period, and must then sign the constitution, in which is embodied the religious principle. The convert must also sign a covenant to give to the society all his property and all he may inherit. Very few members join, however, and they for the most part have little or no property.

SUSAN B. PRESIDED.

Women Suffragists in Session at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 31.—The twenty-seventh annual convention of the National American Woman's Suffrage association was called to order in De Give's Opera house today by Miss Susan B. Anthony, its president. The hall was comfortably filled with delegates and visitors, including a liberal local contingent. The stage was decorated with the flags of the national and state suffrage organization, and the members of the convention all wore the yellow badges of the association. Rev. Anna Howard Shaw opened the proceedings with a fervent prayer, invoking the blessings of our Heavenly Father and Mother upon the convention.

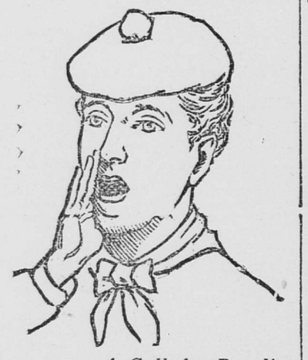
The roll of delegates was called by Miss Alice Stone Blackwell, recording secretary, and a majority of the states were found to be represented. A telegram of congratulation was sent to Hon. Mrs. Hilly, of the Colorado legislature, as the author of the first bill drawn by a woman ever passed by the legislature of any state. Committees were named, and the convention took a recess until afternoon.

The afternoon session began with prayer by Mrs. B. Bennett, of Kentucky. The report of the committee on credentials was read, showing the following representation: Arkansas, 2 delegates; District of Columbia, 1; Florida, 2; Georgia, 5; Illinois, 1; Iowa, 2; Kansas, 3; Kentucky, 7; Pennsylvania, 5; South Carolina, 6; Tennessee, 2; North Carolina, 1; Indiana, 2; Ohio, 9; Louisiana, 4; Maine, 2; Massachusetts, 5; Missouri, 1; Michigan, 6; Nebraska, 1; New Jersey, 1; New York, 13; Maryland, 3; besides officers and six chairmen of committees. The question of taxation without representation was the subject of some lively addresses by Rev. Annn Shaw, Miss Hatch, of Maine; Mrs. Chapman, of Brooklyn, and Miss Southworth, of Ohio.

Miss Anthony addressed the convention briefly in favor of the establishment of women suffrage papers.

Receivers Give Bonds.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 31.—Neither President Greenhut, of the Whisky trust, his son, nor his attorney, John S. Stevens, have returned to the city. At the trust headquarters the officials have nothing to say. Two bonds, each for $300,000, one given by J. B. Greenhut and the other by Mr. Lawrence as receiver, were received this morning by Clerk Sloan, of the United States court.



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DUE TO UNCERTAINTY

Situation Regarding a Bond Issue Had Bearish Effect on Wheat.

MORE SELLERS THAN BUYERS

Other Grains Also Show Fractional Declines--Provisions Weak.

GOOD FOREIGN BUYING

Made Stocks Strong and Business in Wall Street Active.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Uncertainty regarding the expected bond issue prevented marked changes in prices on the board of trade today. In wheat there were more sellers than buyers, and May closed ⅜c lower, May corn ⅝c lower, May oats ½c lower and provisions at declines.

The wheat speculators at the market appeared to consider yesterday's closing price for May ⅜c too high and knocked off the obnoxious fraction. Liverpool ½d higher for futures, and Berlin 1 mark better this morning than it closed yesterday, with Paris a little lower for spot wheat and a shade higher for next month's delivery. Minneapolis and Duuth together received only 153 cars compared with 167 on Thursday last week and 223 cars on a similar day last year. The selling in the first half hour was by the local crowd, while New York and St. Louis at the same time sent liberal orders to buy. The expectation of an early issue of bonds was regarded as in favor of the bulls, but the conflicting news from Washington prevented radical changes either way.

The opening price of May wheat was from 53⅛ to 53¼c, as compared with 53⅜c sellers at the close yesterday. The general tendeucy was downward for about an hour and a half, or until the returns of the day's receipts and shipments at the primary markets had all come to hand. The total primary market receipts were only 133,500 bu. Some buying by previous sellers was the result of a short contemplation of the figures referred to, and the price, which had been hugging 53c for May for about an hour, let go, and it rose temporarily for the second time to 53⅜c. There was renewed selling at the advance heavier and May finished at 53c.

Corn was weak and lower. The principal feature was the fact that many of the buyers of yesterday were sellers today while the demand was light. Bartlett & Frazier and Baldwin & Farnum led the selling among the big operators, and the small fry soon tailed on. While some of the transactions were at yesterday's close, there was a gradual drop. May sold early at 44c, fell steadily to 43⅜@43½c. There was a quiet business during the closing hour, May closing at 43⅜c.

Oats were also slow and inclined to be easy, following the corn market. May sold early at 29c, fell to 28⅜c, and at noon was 28⅜c. The market was quiet and featureless during the last hour, May declining with corn and closing at 28½c.

Provisions started with a show of strength, helped by hog receipts under the estimates and better prices at the yards. Armour and other packers having sold liberally, a break in prices resulted. There was some recovery, but at the close May pork was 12½c and May ribs 7½c lower, and May lard unchanged.

Estimated cars for Friday: Wheat, 25 cars; corn, 175; oats, 150; hogs, 23,000.

The leading futures ranged as follows

ARTICLES.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat No 2—				
January	55¼	53⅜	49¾@⅞	49⅞-50
May	53⅛-⅜	53⅛-⅜	52⅞	52⅞-53
July	54¼	54¼	53¾@⅞	53⅞
Corn No. 2—				
January	41¼	41¼	40⅜	40⅜
May	43⅞-44	44	43⅜	43⅜
July	43¾-⅞	43⅞	43¼-⅜	43¼-⅜
Oats No. 2—				
January	28	28	27½	27½
May	28⅞	29	28½	28½
Mess Pork—				
January	.....	.....	.....	9 65
May	10 10	10 10	9 85	9 90
Lard—				
January	.....	.....	.....	6 35
May	6 60	6 60	6 50	6 52½
Short Ribs—				
January	.....	.....	.....	5 00
May	5 27½	5 27½	5 15	5 17½

Cash quotations were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 spring, 52⅝@55c; No. 3 spring, nominal; No. 2 red, 49⅝@50⅜c. Corn—No. 2, 40⅝c; No. 3 yellow, 39½ 39¾c. Oats—No. 2, 28c; No. 2 white, 31½@31¾c; No. 3 white, 31@31½c. Rye—No. 2, 50c. Barley—No. 2, 55½c; No. 3, 54@55½c; No. 4, 50c. Flaxseed—No. 1, $1.43. Timothy Seed—Prime, $5.80. Mess Pork—Per bbl, $9.70@9.80. Lard—Per 100 lbs, $6.40. Short Ribs—Sides (loose), $5@5.10. Shoulders—Dry salted (boxed), $4.62½@4.75. Sides—Short clear (boxed), $5.25@5.30. Whisky—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1.22. Sugars—Cut loaf, 4.69c; granulated, 3.94c; standard A, 3.82c. Receipts—Flour, 11,000 bbls; wheat, 16,000 bu; corn, 113,000 bu; oats, 98,000 bu; rye, 8,000 bu; barley, 26,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 1,000 bbls; wheat, 5,000 bu; corn, 73,000 bu; oats, 121,000 bu; rye, 6,000 bu; barley, 2,000 bu. On the produce exchange today the butter market was steady; creameries, 12@23c; dairies, 10@20c. Eggs steady 15@24c.

Duluth and Superior Grain.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 31.—Wheat was fairly active today and quite steady at a shade under yesterday's prices. Eight cars of cash No. 1 hard was sold at ¼@½c over May, and 20,000 bu to arrive changed hands at 57⅝c. Two cars of No. 1 northern on track sold at 56c. There was fair trading in May, which opened at 57¼c, sold down to 57c and recovered to the opening figures.

The close was ⅛c below yesterday, as follows: No. 1 hard, cash, 57¼c; January, 57¼c; May, 58¼c; July, 59⅜c; No. 1 northern, cash, 55¾c; January, 55¾c; May, 57¼c; July, 58½c; No. 2 northern, cash, 52¾c; No. 3, 49¾c; rejected, 46¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 57¾c; No. 1 northern, 56¼c; rye, 46c; No. 2 oats, 30c; No. 3 oats, 29½c; barley, 45@47c.

Receipts Here and at Superior—Wheat, 30,804 bu; oats, 948 bu; barley, 550 bu. Car Inspection Today—Wheat, 59; oats, 1.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 31.—Flour quiet. Wheat steady; No. 2 spring, 50¾c; No. 1 northern, 62¼c; May, 53¼c. Corn steady; No. 3, 44c. Oats higher; No. 2 white, 31½c; No. 3, 31¼@32½c. Barley quiet; sample, 53½@55c. Rye scarce and firm; No. 1, 52c. Provisions higher; pork, $9.65; lard, $6.35.

New York Produce.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Flour—Receipts, 17,000 bbls; exports, 12,200 bbls; sales, 16,400 pkgs; market easier with a light demand, except for spring patents. Southern flour inactive; rye flour quiet; sales, 150 bbls; fancy, $2.75@3; buckwheat weak. Cornmeal quiet; sales, 200 bbls. 21,000 sacks; yellow Western, $1.08@2.10. Rye dull and weak; car lots, 53@54c; boat loads, 55@56c. Barley irregular. Barley malt nominal. Wheat—Receipts, 700 bu; exports, 41,000 bu; sales, 3,450,000 bu utures, 60,000 bu spot; spot market dull; No. 2 red, store and elevator, 56⅝c; afloat, 58¼c; f. o. b., 58⅜c; No. 1 northern, 66⅞c; No. 1 hard, 60⅞c, delivered; options were higher early on steadier cables, and continued so on account of better financial feeling, foreign buying, large purchases for New York and St Louis account in Chicago and a good milling demand for cash wheat at the West; cash ruled quiet at midday, and finally sold off sharply under local realizing, closing at ¼c net decline; No. 2 red February, 56¾@57⅞c, closed at 56¾c; March, 57½@57⅞c, closed at 57½c; May, 58@58½c, closed at 58⅜c; June, 58⅜@58½c, closed at 58⅜c; July, 58⅝@59c, closed at 58⅝c; August, 57⅞@59⅛c, closed at 58⅞c. Corn—Receipts, 12,400 bu; exports, 800 bu; sales, 510,000 bu futures, 81,000 bu spot; spot easy; No. 2, 47⅛c, elevator; steamer mixed, 46¾c; options opened steady, eased off under local offerings, and,after a midday rally, sold off sharply with wheat,closing at ⅛@¾c decline; February closed 47⅛c; May, 47¼@48c, closed at 47⅛c; July 47¾@48¼c,closed at 48¾c. Oats — Receipts, 14,700 bu; exports, 3,100 bu; sales, 70,000 bu futures, 23,000 bu spot; spot quiet; No. 2, 33¾c delivered; No. 3 33½c; No. 3 white, 36½c; track white, 37@41c;options dull and steady at first, but finally eased off, closing ⅛c lower; February, 33¼@33⅝c; closed at 33¼c; March closed at 33¼c; May, 32⅞@33⅛c, closed at 32⅞c. Hay steady. Hops steady. Hides firm. Leather steady. Wool firm. Beef quiet. Cut meats steady; pickled bellies, 5½@6⅞c; pickled shoulders, 4½@4½c; hams, 7¾@8¼c. Lard dull, weak; closed at $6.45, nominal; city, $6.50@6.75; May closed at $6.85, nominal; refined dull; compound, $5 25. Pork quiet. Butter dull; Western dairy, 10@15c; do creamery, 12@24c; do factory, 8@14c; Elgins, 24c; imitation creamery, 10@18c; state dairy, 10@18c; do creamery, 14@21c. Cheese dull; state large, 9@11¼c; small, 9½@11¾c; part skims, 3@9c; full skims, 2@2½c. Eggs firmer; state and Pennsylvania, 27@28c; ice house, 19@22c; Western fresh, 26½@27c; Southern, 25@26c; receipts, 11,939 pkgs. Tallow quiet, but firm.

Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 31.—Wheat—Spot steady, demand moderate; No. 2 red winter, 4s 2d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 2d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 1½d; No. 1 California, 5s; futures opened steady, and closed quiet but steady; business was heaviest on latest positions; February, 4s 4d; March, 4s 5d; April, 4s 6d; May, 4s 6½d; June, 4s 7d; July, 4s 7½. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed news, 4s ¼d; futures opened steady but quiet; business firm on near positions; February, 3s 11½d; March, 3s 11¾d; May, 4s; June, 4s. Flour—Dull, demand poor; St. Louis fancy, 5s 6d.

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FINANCIAL.

New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Speculation on the stock exchange was in good tone during the greater part of the day owing to the strength of American securities on the London stock exchange, the good foreign buying in this market and the very general feeling that the financial system would be soon relieved by means of an issue of government bonds. The arrival of Assistant Secretary Curtis, and his conference with foreign bankers as to the placing of the bonds, added buoyancy to the already healthy tone of speculation. Prices advanced sharply from the opening, reaching the highest point about 1 o'clock, at which time gains had been made in Manhattan 2¾ per cent; Pullman, 1¾; Lead and Louisville & Nashville, 1⅜; Missouri Pacific, Cotton Oil preferred and Denver & Rio Grande preferred, 1½; Chicago Gas, 1¾; St. Paul, Southern preferred, Lake Shore and New Jersey Central and Union Pacific, 1¼; Norfolk & Western preferred, Iowa Central preferred, Delaware & Hudson, Hocking Valley and Tobacco (which in the opening dealings had lost 1 per cent), 1; Burlington, Canadian Pacific, Northwest, Rock Island and Distilling, ⅞; C., C., C. & St. L., Kansas & Texas, Susquehanna & Western preferred and Pittsburg, C., C. & St. Louis, ¾, and a smaller fraction in the rest of the list. The high figures induced selling to realize profits, which resulted in a reaction in Manhattan, Missouri Pacific, Lackawanna and New Jersey Central, 1; Louisville & Nashville, ¾; Chicago Gas ⅝, and the general list ⅛@½ outside of General Electric, which broke 2¼ to 29, on rumors of a change of management of the company. The reactionary tendency was checked at 2:30 and a general improvement followed, led by New Jersey Central and Hocking Valley, which rose 1 per cent, making the net gain on the latter 2 per cent. The improvement in the other shares was confined to fractional limits, but the closing was not strong.

Final figures show a general appreciation in values, including gains in Manhattan and Pullman of 1¾ per cent, Lead, 1⅜; Denver & Rio Grande preferred, Lake Shore and Union Pacific, 1¼; St. Paul, 1⅛; Delaware & Hudson New Jersey Central and Norfolk & Western preferred, 1; Canadian Pacific and Distilling, ⅞; Kansas & Texas, Pittsburg, C., C. & St. Louis, C., C., C. & St. Louis, Chicago Gas, Rock Island & Southern preferred, ¾, and Wabash preferred, Canada Southern, Burlington & Northwest, ⅝.

Declines were made in Baltimore & Ohio, Southwestern preferred,of 5⅝ per cent; General Electric, 2⅛; American Cable, 1½; Cordage gtd, 1; Bay State Gas and Louisville, New Albany preferred, ⅝, and Lackawanna, ½.

There was no settled tone to the transactions in the railroad and miscellaneous bond market today, but a majority of the issues dealt in show a decline on the day. The aggregate sales were $816,000. The more noteworthy declines are: Savannah & Western firsts, 4 per cent; St. Paul & Omaha consols 6s and East Tennessee reorganization lein 4s and 5s, 2½; Brooklyn City firsts, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis & Chicago 4s, Kings County Elevated firsts, Milwaukee & Northern firsts consols, Reading 4s and Iron Mountain seconds, 2.

Advances—General Electric debenture 5s and New York Central firsts, 2 per cent.

The Total Sales of Stocks

today were 158,010 shares, including: American Sugar, 38,400; Burlington, 5,200; Chicago Gas, 23,000; Distilling and Cattle Feed,7,900; General Electric, 14,600; Louisville & Nashville, 8,300; Manhattan, 5,900; Missouri Pacific, 4,300; Rock Island, 6,000; St. Paul, 23,600; Southern Railroad, 3,700; Southern preferred, 3,100; Western Union, 5,700.

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Bankers and Brokers,

311 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.

Closing Stocks—West.

Atchison	4⅛	U.P., Denver & G.	3
Adams Express	40	Northwestern	96
Alton & Terre H.	35½	do pfd	143½
do pfd	108	N. Y. Central	99½
Am'can Express	110	N. Y. & N. E.	30¼
Baltimore & Ohio	21½	Ontario & West	16
Canadian Pacific	52¾	Oregon Imp.	10½
Canada Southern	48¾	Oregon Nav.	18
Central Pacific	13	O. S. L. & U. N.	4
Ches. & Ohio	16	Pacific Mail	20
Chicago & Alton	147	P., D. & E.	3
C., B. & Q.	74½	Pittsburg	156
Chicago Gas	74	Pullman Palace	155
Consolidated Gas	129	Reading	8⅞
C., C., C. & St. L.	88⅛	Rio G. Western	16⅜
Col. Coal & Iron	5	do pfd	43
Cotton Oil Certs.	19¾	Rock Island	62½
Del. & Hudson	129	St. Paul	65¾
Del., Lack. & W.	150¼	do pfd	117
D. & R. G. pfd	34¼	St. P. & Omaha	32¼
Dis. & C. F. Co.	8⅞	do pfd	108
Erie	19	Southern Pacific	17½
do pfd	21	Sugar Refinery	90¼

Fort Wayne	157	Tenn. Coal & Iron	14½
Gt. North. pfd	100	Texas Pacific	8¾
C. & E. I. pfd	90	Tol. & O. C. pfd	70½
Hocking Valley	17¾	Union Pacific	9¾
Illinois Central	87	U. S. Express	42
St. Paul & Duluth	20	Wabash, St. L. & P.	5¾
Kan. & Tex. pfd	22	do pfd	13¼
Lake Erie & West.	15½	Wells-Fargo Ex	15
do pfd	69¼	Western Union	87⅛
Lake Shore	135½	Wheeling & L. E.	9⅜
Lead Trust	31¾	do pfd	37⅛
Louis. & Nash	51¼	M. & St. L.	2½
Louisville & N.A.	7	D. & R. G.	10¼
Manhattan Con.	108	General Electric	29
Mem. & Charls'n.	10	National Linseed	17½
Michigan Cent.	93¾	Col. Fuel & Iron	23½
Missouri Pacific	22	do pfd	75
Mobile & Ohio	15½	H. & T. Central	2½
Nash. & Chatt.	64	Tol., A.A. & N.M.	1½
Nat. Cordage	5	P., St. L. & K. C.	1
do pfd	18⅜	do pfd	6
N. J. Central	87¾	Southern R. R.	9¼
N. & W. pfd	14¾	do pfd	31¼
North Am. Co.	2⅞	Tobacco	93
Northern Pacific	2⅞	do pfd	106
do pfd	16		

Bonds.

U. S. 4s reg	114½	D. & R. G. 4s	79
do do coup	115½	Erie seconds	60
do 4 reg	111½	G. H. & S. A. 6s	97
do do coup	111½	do do 7s	101
do 2s reg	96	H. & Tex. C. 5s	104
Pacific 6s of '95	100	do do 6s	100
Ala., Class A	104	M., K. & T. first 4s	80
do do B	104	do second 4s	46½
do do C	94	Mutual Union 6s	111
do Currency	94	N. J. C. Gen. 5s	111½
La. N. Consols, 4s	92½	N. P. 1sts	113¾
Missouri 6s	100	do 2ds	86½
N. C. 6s	125	N. W. con	141½
do 4s	98	do S. F. deb. 5s	106½
S. Car. Non-Fund	1½	R. G. W. 1sts	64½
Tenn. new set. 6s	84	St. P. consols	126
do do 5s	100	do C. & P. W. 5s	111
do old 6s	60	St. L. & I. M. Gen. 5s	77
Va. Centuries	59¼	St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s	122
do def	4½	T. P. firsts	84
Atchison 4s	64	do 2ds	22½
do second "A"	17½	U. P. 1sts of '96	103
Canada So. 2ds	106	West Shore 4s	104½
C. P. 1sts of '95	100	Southern 5s	86
D. & R. G. 7s	114		

$100,000

To Loan on St. Paul Real Estate.

St. Paul Title Insurance & Trust Co

New York Money.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Money on call, 1½@2 per cent; last loan, 2; closed, 2. Prime mercantile paper, 3@6 per cent. Sterling exchange dull and easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.89@4.89¼ for demand, and at 4.88@4.88¼ for sixty-day bills. Posted rates, $4.89@4.89½. Commercial bills, $4.87¼. Silver certificates, 60⅛c bid.

Exchange.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31. -- Clearings, $12,717,000. Money, 4@4½ per cent on call; 5@6 on time. New York exchange, 50c premium. Sterling commercial, $4.87¾@4.88¾.

London Financial.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The Evening Post's London cablegram says: The very highest financial houses here are ready to take up an American loan, which would likely be well received here. But there is one proviso—it must be gold. That is the point yet to be arranged. In certain quarters of the United States it is contended that the act of 1870 and 1871 is sufficient to insure repayment of the loan in gold. Opinion here differs, believing a special act to be necessary. There is a better feeling generally about the situation. It is rumored that certain banks in America are drawing bills on large financial houses here for half a million sterling, redeemable in six months, the idea apparently being that with the possibility of a fall of exchange before the date of redemption a profit can be made.

These Quotations Furnished by

Jameson, Hevener & CO.,

WHOLESALE

Hay, Feed, Flour and Seeds

ST. PAUL

St. Paul Grain Market.

Wheat—No. 1 hard	57@58c
Wheat—No. 1 northern	56@57c
Wheat—No. 2 northern	54@55c
Corn—No. 3	46@46½c
Corn—No. 3 yellow	46½@47c
Oats—No. 3 white	30@30½c
Oats—No. 3	29½@30c
Barley	44@46c
Rye—No. 2	46@46½c
Flour—Patent	$3.20@3.50
Flour—Straight	$2.90@3.10
Flour—Bakers'	$2@2.10
Flour—Rye	$2.30@2.60
Buckwheat flour	$4.50@5.50
Cornmeal—Bolted	$22@26
Cornmeal—Coarse	$18@18.50
Ground Feed—No. 1	$17.50@18
Ground Feed—No. 2	$18@18.50
Ground Feed—No. 3	$18@18.50
Bran—Bulk	$12@12.50
Shorts—Bulk	$14@14.50
Hay—No. 1 upland prairie	$8@8.50
Hay—No. 2 upland prairie	$7.50@8
Hay—No. 1 wild	$7@7.50
Hay—No. 1 timothy	$10.50@11
Timothy seed, per bu	$2.40@2.60
Clover	$5.60@5.80
Straw	$4@4.50

Minneapolis Markets.

The market during the noon hour was weak, notwithstanding better closing cables. Washington has taken the place of Liverpool for a day or two. May wheat closed at 54⅝@54¾c; July wheat closed at 55½c.

Wheat yesterday ranged as follows: January—Closing, 54¾c.

May—Opening, 54⅞c; highest, 54⅞@55c; lowest, 54¼@54⅝c; closing, 54⅝@54¾c.

July—Opening, 55⅝c; highest, 55¾@55⅞c; lowest, 55⅝c; closing, 55½c.

On Track — No. 1 hard, 56½c; No. 1 northern, 55½c; No. 2 northern, 54c.

Some Sample Sales—No. 1 northern, 31 cars, 55¾c; No. 1 northern, o. w. b., 3 cars, 55c; No. 1 northern, to arrive, 1 car,55¾c; No. 2 Northern, 2 cars,54¾c; rejected wheat, 2 lbs off, 1 car, 53c; No. 3 corn, o. t., 1 car, 46¼c; No. 3 white oats, 3 cars, 29¼c; No. 3 oats,2 cars, 29c; No. 3 oats, 1 car,29½c; No. 3 barley, 5 lbs off, 1 car, 48c; No. 2 rye, 1 car, 46½c.

Flour — The market is depressed. First patents in wood are quoted at $3.10@3.35; second patents, $2.80@3.10; fancy export bakers', $2@2.10; red dog, $1.50@1.55; patents, 208 9d; export bakers', 16s.

Bran and Shorts—Carload quotations: Bran, bulk, $11.25@11.75; sacks, 200 lbs., $12 50@13; sacks. 100 lbs, $12 75@13.25; shorts, common, bulk, $13; fancy, bulk, $13.50.

Hay—The market is steady. Quotations are as follows: Choice Iowa upland, $8.50; choice Minnesota upland, $8@8.25; medium, $6@6.50; coarse, $5@5.50; rye straw, $4.50; oat straw, $4.

Oats—The market is easier; No. 3, 29c; No. 3 white, 29½c.

Corn—The market is steady: No. 3 yellow is quoted at 46c; No. 3, 45½c.

Barley—Market is firm; fancy No. 3 is selling at 49c.

Rye—The market is firm; No. 2 is quoted at 46½c.

Feed and Meal—In car lot quotations: Feed, $17@17.50; corn meal, $17@17.50; granulated meal, $23.50@24.

ROGERS & ROGERS,

Live Stock Commission.

Union Stock Yards, South St. Paul, Minn

LIVE STOCK.

Union Stockyards.

Receipts—120 hogs, 75 cattle, 5 calves, 300 sheep.

Hogs—Steady and active. Quality averaged fair; yards closed early to packers.

Representative sales—

No.	Wt.	Dkg.	Price	No.	Wt.	Dkg.	Price
24 stag	570	..	$2 00	53	254	80	$3 85
17	136	..	3 25	76	212	..	3 85
45	161	..	3 50	80	207	40	3 85
19	215	..	3 70	80	205	80	3 85
24	176	..	3 75	59	265	120	3 85
75	215	..	3 75	21	256	40	3 85
41	189	..	3 80	38	148	40	3 90
66	227	..	3 80	59	216	..	3 90
21	243	80	3 80	38	256	40	3 90
57	209	..	3 80				

Cattle—Steady. Not much offered, and market quiet on common stuff. Good butcher cows in the best demand. Stockers and feeders slow and weak. Fair demand for butcher stuff, and yards well cleared.

Representative sales—

No.	Wt.	Price	No.	Wt.	Price
2 canners	815	$1 25	1 ox	1,451	$1 75
1 bull	1,140	2 10	3 oxen	1,656	2 00
3 bulls	1,056	1 80	1 heifer	660	2 00
4 bulls	1,017	1 75	9 cows	1,008	1 80
2 bulls	725	1 75	1 cow	910	1 25
3 bulls	1,240	2 00	1 cow	890	2 00
1 bull	1,010	1 75	4 cows	1,1[illegible]	2 50
2 oxen	1,925	2 50	1 cow	for	25 00
25 oxen	1,608	2 40			

Sheep—Good lambs steady and active, others slow and weak.

Representative sales—

No.	Wt.	Price	No.	Wt.	Price