EMPEROR CHARLES II.

Accompanied by half the nobility of Austria, went to the Carlsbad Springs for the recovery of his health. Six thousand six hundred horses, so the town records say, were necessary to convey the company to the place.

The virtues of the water is as great at the present day as it was in the time of Charles II., and although the expense attached to a journey thither is not as great now as it was then, we are not all wealthy enough to undertake it. For such the virtue of the Carlsbad Spring is extracted. The Carlsbad Sprudel Salt, obtained by evaporation, containing all the solid constituents of the water, can be obtained at every drug store.

It is the very best remedy for catarrh of the stomach, constipation, liver and kidney troubles, gout, rheumatism, etc. Be sure to obtain the genuine imported article, which must have the signature of "EISNER & MENDELSON Co., Sole Agents, New York," on every package.

STILLWATER NEWS.

Farmers Have a Very Interesting Institute.

Supt. Gregg and a corps of assistants began a farmers' institute at the Grand opera house yesterday, which will continue until tonight. The opera house was well filled at each session with farmers from Washington and adjoining counties, who were anxious to learn points about farming, stock raising, dairying, etc. Among the spectators were Hon. George T. Powell, superintendent of the New York state institute; Theodore Louis, of Wisconsin; Dr. Curryer, of Mankato, and Mrs. Ida Tilson, of Wisconsin. It is estimated that fully 500 farmers were present yesterday. Today's sessions will be made especially interesting, and topics of interest will be discussed. Supt. Gregg and his assistants are heart and soul in the work, and feel highly encouraged with the first day of the Stillwater meeting.

Mayor Staples issued an order Thursday for the arrest of parties conducting gambling rooms in this city, and five of them appeared in the police court yesterday and were fined $25 each.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Le Bontillier died early yesterday morning of cerebral meningitis.

F. Wittig was examined in the probate court yesterday as to his sanity by Drs. Pratt and Rhodes, and was sent to the asylum at Rochester. Wittig has been a resident of Stillwater many years, and is a well-known character because of the trouble he has created in what is known as Schulenburg's addition.

The young people of St. Michael's parish are making preparations for a St. Patrick's day entertainment, to be given at the Grand opera house March 18.

Fergus Falls' Fire.

Special to the Globe.

FERGUS FALLS, March 1.—Fire last night was stopped in the brick block owned by C. H. Gould on Bismarck avenue. The Wright estate brick block adjoining was uninjured. The Collier estate property was a loss of $8,000 on planing mill and machinery; insurance, $3,200. S. A. Levorson loses his dwelling and furniture, $2,000; insurance, $500. Judge Williams' brick block was gutted, but the walls left standing. The loss is $5,000; insurance, $4,000. The Wright estate loses a frame building and water wheel tower. The loss is $1,500; insurance, $700.

Cyrus Edson, M.D.,
Chief of Health Department,
New York,
WRITES OF
VIN MARIANI
THE IDEAL TONIC
"The most effectual remedy is the generous diffusible tonic Vin Mariani."
Mailed Free.
Descriptive Book with Testimony and
Portraits
OF NOTED CELEBRITIES.
Beneficial and Agreeable.
Every Test Proves Reputation.
Avoid Substitutions. Ask for 'Vin Mariani.'
At Druggists and Fancy Grocers.
MARIANI & CO.,
PARIS: 41 Bd. Haussmann. 52 W. 15th St., New York.
LONDON: 239 Oxford Street.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.
$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S. EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.
Over One Million People wear the
W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes
All our shoes are equally satisfactory
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,---stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by
M. C. ELMQUIST, 229 E. 7th St.
HIDMAN BROS., 916-20 Rice St.
A. GUNDLACH, 395 Rice St.
JOHN DORNSEIFF, 90 W. 7th St.
J. H. HORNISH, 381 W. 7th St.

NEW FACES ALL ABOUT CHANGING the Features and Removing Blemishes, in 150 p. book for a stamp. John H. Woodbury, 127 W. 42d St., N. Y. Inventor of Woodbury's Facial Soap.

A PLEA FOR SILVER.

Bimetallist Democrats in Congress Make Public That

FREE COINAGE MANIFESTO

It Would Bind the Party to a Sixteen-to-One Policy.

FEW SIGNATURES ON IT.

Many New Senators Being Too Busy to Consider the Subject.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Democratic silver manifesto, which has been the chief topic of talk on that side of the house for a few days, was made public today. While it has been generally circulated for the consideration of members, there was no attempt to secure signatures until a late hour because the prime movers in the matter were undecided whether to call a caucus for discussion of the matter or to secure signatures or issue directly to the public. In consideration of the short time left and the pressure of business, it was determined not to have a conference. Representative members from fifteen states signed the declaration today at the instance of Mr. Bryan, but the canvass is so far very incomplete, and the list of signers will not be made public until it is complete. The paper follows:

To the Democrats of the United States—We, the undersigned Democrats, present for your consideration the following statement:

We believe that the establishment of gold as the only monetary standard and the elimination of silver as a full legal tender money will increase the purchasing power of each dollar, add to the burden of all debts, decrease the market value of all other forms of property, continue and intensify business depression, and finally reduce the majority of the people to financial bondage.

We believe that no party can hope for enduring success in the United States so long as it advocates a single gold standard, and that the advocacy of such a financial policy would be, especially to a party, which, like the Democratic party, derives its voting strength from those who may without reproach be called the common people; and we point to the overwhelming defeat of the party in 1894, to the opposition aroused by the veto of the seigniorage bill, and to the still more unanimous protest against the issue of gold bonds as proof that the Democratic party cannot be brought to the support of the gold standard policy.

We believe that the money question will be the paramount issue in 1896, and will so remain until it is settled by the intelligence and patriotism of the American voters.

We believe a large majority of the Democrats of the United States favor bimetallism and realize that it can only be secured by the restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present ratio, and we assert that the majority should exert the right to control the policy of the party and retain the party name.

We believe that it is the duty of the majority and within their power to take charge of the party organization and make the Democratic party an effective instrument in the accomplishment of needed reforms.

It is not necessary that the Democrats should surrender their convictions on other questions in order to take an active part in the settlement of the question which at this time surpasses all others in importance.

We believe that the rank and file of the party should at once assert themselves in the Democratic party and place it on record in favor of the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, as such coinage existed prior to 1873, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation, such gold and silver coin to be a full legal tender for all debts public and private.

We urge all Democrats who favor the financial policy above set forth to associate themselves together and impress their views upon the party organization; we urge all newspapers in harmony with the above financial policy to place it at the head of the editorial column and assist in the immediate restoration of bimetallism.

To let a cold have its own way is to assist in laying the foundation of Consumption. To cure the most stubborn Cough or Cold you have only to use judiciously Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant.

OUT OF A MADHOUSE.

Actress Grace Vaughn Escapes—Her Insanity Questioned.

CLEVELAND, O., March 1.—Actress Grace Vaughn, known in private life as Mrs. Andrew Jennings, who was for some time connected with the Seabrooke company, and who later went insane, yesterday escaped from the Northern Ohio insane asylum, in which institution she had been confined since August last. B. Hollingsworth, of Chicago, a brother of Miss Vaughn, came here to begin habeas corpus proceedings in order to secure the release of his sister, claiming that she was in her right mind and was detained against her will. The fact was then developed that Miss Vaughn had escaped from the asylum. It was thought she had gone to Chicago. Later a telegram was received at that city saying she had arrived there safely.

Dr. Eyman, of the asylum, says that she is quite insane and has for some time been confined in the suicidal ward, as she had on several occasions attempted to take her own life. Dr. Eyman further stated that young Hollingsworth had called several times to see his sister, and as his visits had invariably resulted in leaving Miss Vaughn in a highly excited condition he had refused to permit him to see the girl on his last call. Grace Vaughn is the daughter-in-law of Dr. Jennings, of this city. To a reporter who saw him today young Hollingsworth said: "I did not know that my sister was confined in the insane asylum until last October, when I read it in a Chicago paper. Up to that time I had been writing regularly to her, and the letters were answered by Mrs. or Dr. Jennings. I was led to believe that she was sick all the time. I have been to Cleveland four times since then, and I have talked with my sister at the asylum. I am convinced that she is no more insane than you or I."

SCOTT'S DOUBLE-HEADER.

Chicago Times-Herald Makes Its Appearance Monday.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The Times-Herald will be published Monday morning, the 4th inst., with James W. Scott as editor-in-chief and publisher, and Henry W. Hawley, as managing editor. This is the result of the consolidation of the two papers.

The Times was started in 1854 by Isaac Cook, James W. Sheahan and Daniel Cameron, Democrats. In 1860 it absorbed the original Chicago Herald and the late Cyrus H. McCormick obtained control. Wilbur F. Stowery secured it in June 1861, and during the war the paper had an eventful history, being suppressed once by Gen. Burnside for treasonable utterances. Like all the other Chicago papers, the Times was burned out in 1871, but within a week made its appearance again. After Mr. Storey's death the Times was the subject of much litigation and when various suits were settled the late Carter H. Harrison bought it. His two sons conducted it for a time, but lost control through the sale by the other heirs of their stock to Adolph Kraus. A short time afterward Henry W. Hawley acquired the interest of the Harrison brothers. Mr. Hawley was a successful newspaper proprietor, having been at one time on the Minneapolis Journal, and part owner of the Denver Times. The Herald was organized in May, 1881. The owners were James W. Scott, Frank W. Palmer, A. M. Jones and Daniel Shepard. It was "stalwart Republican," and Mr. Palmer, editor in-chief. There was a reorganization in 1883, all except Mr. Scott selling their stock to John R. Walsh, the banker. The paper became Democratic. Recently Mr. Scott acquired the interest of Mr. Walsh and brought about the consolidation with the Times. The Times-Herald will be the only Democratic morning paper in Chicago. The exact mount of money involved is not known (the Evening Post being included in the sale to Mr. Scott), but it is said to be about $2,000,000, which would make the deal the largest relating to newspaper property in the history of the country.

JORDAN'S STATEMENT.

It Shows Increase of Thirteen Millions in the Subtreasury.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The New York sub-treasury's daily exports for the past week indicate results of operations as follows:

Total receipts, $25,590,000; total payments, $13,530,000, including $2,000,000 currency sent to other offices of the treasury department. This indicates a loss of $13,000,000 by the banks to the sub-treasury but from that sum should be deducted $4,250,000 foreign gold which does not affect the banks at all. Bankers estimate that the banks have gained about $2,000,000 by the currency movement during the week.

The out-of town demand for the new bonds shows a temporary falling off and transactions in these bonds have been made at 119, holders, however, as a rule, showing no disposition to make any concession, in view of the expectation that coincident with the March disbursements for interest and dividends, the bonds will be sought as investments for surplus funds. One house sold today $2,000,000 old bonds. The steamship Etruria will take out tomorrow 375,000 ounces of silver.

TO WARN MARINES.

Search Light as an Adjunct of the Weather Bureau.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The searchlight as an adjunct of the weather bureau has come to stay. The initial attempt to announce by search-light the approach of a gale and a cold wave was made last night from the top of the auditorium tower. It was a vindication of Secretary Morton's policy in ordering the light placed in position, and of Prof. Moore's assertion that it would fulfill the expectations formed. A white flash was used succeeded by a green light which in a single revolution illuminated a circuit of forty miles in a diameter over lake and land alike. Today the weather bureau was overwhelmed with messages of congratulation. A sample illustration of utility of the light was the fact that Frank Smith, of the Itasca farm, twenty-two miles distant from the auditorium, profited by the warning to house his blooded stock against the coming storm.

MURDERERS SWUNG OFF.

Bungling Work Made of an Execution at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 1.—Joe Dean, a negro, who murdered A. B. Leigh, a prominent farmer of Campbell, for his money, and afterwards confessed, was hanged in Fairburn today. By order of the court, the execution was to be private, but the crowd of 5,000 excited people who had assembled tore down the high fence erected around the gallows and made it public. The wretched man had to be hanged twice, the rope breaking the first time.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 1.—The trap which hanged George Magee was sprung exactly at 6:30. He came to the scaffold perfectly composed and met death bravely. He was accompanied on the scaffold by Father O'Neal and Assistant Cobber. The body showed convulsions and twitching. He was pronounced dead in thirteen minutes. His neck was not broken by the fall.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., March 1.—Harry Hill, the murderer of Matthew Akeson, a Cass county farmer, was hanged at 9 a. m. today. His neck was broken by the fall.

One French Duel Fatal.

PARIS, March 1.—M. Percher, one of the editors of the Journal des Debats, was killed in a duel fought with swords this morning by M. Le Cheatelier, an officer of marines. The duel was the result of a personal difficulty between the two gentlemen. It occurrd on the island of Grand Jatte, in the river Seine. At the first encounter, M. Le Cheatelier's sword passed through M. Percher's guard, penetrated his body below the right arm pit and pierced his right lung. The wounded man died in a few minutes.

Ex-Mayor Smith Dead.

Special to the Globe.

REDWOOD FALLS, Minn., March 1.—Ex-Mayor Peter Smith died yesterday at Redlands, Cal., of consumpton. Mr. Smith was fifty-three years old. He leaves a family in good circumstances.

NO GOLD GOES OUT

Though Withdrawals From the Treasury Have Not Entirely Ceased.

DUN'S FINANCIAL REVIEW

Shows That Industries Make Slow Gains--Fair Activity.

SIGNS OF IMPROVEMENT

For the March Trade, Says Bradstreet's--February Disappointing.

NEW YORK, March 1.—R. G. Dun & Co's weekly review of trade which issues tomorrow will say: No gold goes out, though sterling exchange has risen close to the exporting point and it does not yet appear that the syndicate has made any effort to control the exchange market. London has sold about 40,000 shares of stock during the week and the market is distinctly lower for railroad shares, though a grade stronger for trusts. The stock market waits abjectly for London, and foreigners show thus far more disposition to sell than to buy.

Withdrawals of gold by redemption of legal tenders has not yet ceased, but since the closing of the syndicate contract have averaged about $120,000 per day.

Wheat is 1½c higher, but clearly not because Western receipts are a trifle less than a year ago, nor because exports from the Atlantic coast are small. Spasms of speculative activity must be expected during every season, and when prices are at the bottom such spasms can only mean an advance. Nothing is seen to justify any material rise, as supplies in sight do not decrease more than they would naturally on account of bad weather. Corn is only a shade higher, with Western receipts much smaller than last year. Cotton dropped a week ago to 3.56 cents, the lowest point ever known since modern classifications were adopted, and has not yet risen, though the talk of a great reduction in acreage this year is as vigorous as ever. The whole market turns on the fact that stocks of American cotton here and abroad are considerably larger than ever.

The industries make very slow gains where they make any. Little is said of the stoppage of the Edgar Thompson Steel works, though many thousand hands depend on its operation, because the Carnegie company has purchased 50,000 tons bessemer pig at $9.95 to $10 at Pittsburg, a price indicating that the biggest concern in Western Pennsylvania does not want to make iron for less. At other markets pig iron has been quiet, and elsewhere, as at Pittsburg, structural orders account for a large share of the new business reported, though activity in wire, wire rods and barbed wire still continues. Bar iron and steel are firmer at Pittsburg, but without change in quotations, and on the whole the reduced consumption in January does not seem to have more than matched the reduced production. In the minor materials there is more business in lake copper at 9.65 cents with some offerings at 9.5 cents, and forced sales have depressed lead to 3.1 cents. Tin is also weaker at 13.1 cents with heavy importations.

The market for cotton goods is fairly active and the demand improves in some grades, but is on the whole decidedly disappointing, though this week there has been no sensational reduction in prices. Undoubtedly the accumulation of goods continues, and is most dangerous for the trade. The sales of wool at the three chief markets during the past month have been 20,303,550 pounds, against 18,444,131 last year and 23,189,000 for the same weeks two years ago, and, while the mills making low-grade goods are fairly supplied with orders, it is a most unwholesome feature that numerous cancellations are reported, indicating that the goods supplied at exceptionally low prices do not meet the expectation of buyers. On the other hand the demand for the goods of a better grade seems a little better than expected.

Failures for the past week have been 250 in the United States, against 261 last year, and in Canada 38, against 42 last year.

SIGNS OF IMPROVEMENT,

Says Bradstreet's—The February Trade Disappointing.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Bradstreet'a tomorrow will say: While the general course of trade during the first two months of the current year has been disappointing, February ends and March begins with tangible, though not as yet satisfactory, signs of improvement. Larger Eastern jobbers of dry goods report the trade meeting present wants only, that foreign dress goods are active, and competitive domestic fabrics correspondingly slow. Heavy arrivals of foreign wool depressed the market. Domestic mills are gradually finishing spring orders.

Exports of wheat (including flour as wheat), both coasts of the United States, this week amount to 2,689,000 bu, against 1,108,000 bu last week, 2,972,000 bu in the week a year ago, 3,251,030 bu in the last week of February, 1893, and 2,968,000 bu in the corresponding week of 1892.

Two independent calculations as to the wheat remaining in the United States March 1, 1895, indicate the total quantity in the country back of available supply points to be somewhat in excess of 100,000,000 bu, as compared with perhaps 140,000,000 bu a year ago. The approximate total quantity of wheat at available points throughout the United States and back of the same at the present time is about 204,000,000 bu, whereas one year ago the corresponding total was 246,000,000 bu.

Stock speculation in New York has been irregular. Bearish influences were aroused by the advance of exchange rates and the accompanying advance of revived foreign or public interest in the market. The selling, however, seems to have been mainly short stock, and at the end of the week there is a rally on the short interests, due to the absence of gold shipments.

ABSOLUTELY PURE
THE OLD RELIABLE
SWEET CAPORAL
CIGARETTE
Has stood the Test of Time
MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

Toronto advices are that spring openings in dry goods and millinery result in increased activity, aided in part by milder weather.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Finances Strengthening as the Result of Bond Sales.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Bradstreet's financial report of tomorrow will say: In a speculative sense, the week has been a disappointment. The success of the bond issue did not arouse any outside interest in the markets either here or in London, and the rapid rise of exchange rates created fear of gold exports, which, though unfounded, tended to create a bearish feeling. The passing of the dividend on Canadian Pacific had its influence, and activity during the early part of the week was almost entirely at the expense of values. It was not until Friday that the increase of the short interest brought about a rally and strengthened the market, which was also somewhat affected by the absence of the expected gold shipment and by the approaching adjournment of congress.

The closing of the subscription for the new 4 per cent government loan with applications on this side of the ocean for about $200,000,000, and the fact that bidders received only a small proportion of the amounts asked for, has of course been one of the chief matters of interest. Its effect on the market has, however, been neutralized by the unexpected strength of exchange and probability that gold might be taken from the treasury and shipped abroad even before the syndicate had carried out its bargains. The exchange was certainly nervous and strong, with rates at a level which would allow of gold exports. At the same time it is evident that the syndicate controls the situation, and that, while it cannot prevent rates from rising, it is able for some time to come to check shipments of specie.

London was not only disturbed by the action of exchange here, but took the passing of the Canadian Pacific dividend as another reflection on American railway securities. This, of course, was unjust, as the stock has never been a favorite here. London, however, was a seller of its specialties, and of Louisville & Nashville in particular.

Bearish pressure was again shown in Northwest, while New York Central was affected by rumors that treasury stock had been marketed. A drive at Missouri Pacific was accompanied by rumors of receivership, but the fact developed that Messrs Gould and Sage, who hold all the company's floating debt obligations, are ready to fund them in the shape of $13,000,000 5-percent collateral trust bonds. New Jersey Central was a near bear specialty, and the whole anthracite group was more or less influenced by reports of the bad conditions existing in the coal trade, and the impossibility of forming a compact between the producers. Interest in the industrials centered in Distillers and Chicago Gas. The reorganization plan for the former company is to come out next week, the assessment, it is said, being $4 a share. The stock rose to 11⅝. Chicago Gas was affected but little by the granting of a new franchise by the Chicago council.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CASH FOR YOUNG FAIR.

One of His Will Fights Amicably Settled.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—Charles L. Fair has received $500,000 bequeathed by his mother to the eldest son, James G. Fair Jr., when the latter should attain the age of thirty-five. After considerable litigation, the supreme court decided that the legacy which reverted by Mrs. Fair's will should not be paid to him until James would have been thirty-five had he lived. During the litigation, Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, the eldest daughter, attained the years for the payment to her of $1,500,000, according to the will of her mother. The contest of Charles stopped the payment to her, and, incidentally, even the payment to Charles of the income of $500,000 from the estate. The matter has been arranged by Mrs. Oelrich advancing to her brother the $500,000. Several efforts have been lately made to compromise on the will of Senator Fair. The conclusion is, however, that Senator Fair's daughters will not place themselves in any attitude that might bring upon them the application of the dreaded forfeiture clause in their father's will, which Charles Fair braved by his formal contest.

STATE SUGAR BOUNTY.

Nebraska Encouraging Beet Sugar Producers.

OMAHA, March 1.—The Nebraska legislature has decided to revive the beet sugar bounty by paying the producers $5 per ton for all beets produced. The last legislature suspended the law. The house had a great fight over the affair. The bill was opposed by the solid Democratic and independent vote. This antagonism was merely accelerated and increased by the speech of Munger, who declared that it was a Republican measure, pure and simple; that it was opposed on the grounds of its protection principles, and should be put through as a partisan measure and supported by all good Republicans, and it was done.

I have found the ROYAL BAKING POWDER to be an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum and ammonia, and of the very highest leavening power.
CHARLES W. DREW, Ph. B., M. D.
Late Chemist to the Minn. State Dairy and Food Dep't.

TO CALIFORNIA WITHOUT CHANGE
Via "The Milwaukee."
On every Saturday morning an elegant Pullman Tourist Sleeping Car leaves Minneapolis and St. Paul, and runs through to Los Angeles, California without change. Arrives Los Angeles 6:30 p. m. following Wednesday. (Arrive San Francisco Thursday, 10:45 a. m.)
Via "The Milwaukee's" famous "Hedrick Route" to Kansas City, thence via the A., T. & S. F. Railway through Southern California.
The most delightful winter route to the coast.
This car is "personally conducted"—in immediate charge of an official and an attendant through to destination.
Rate per berth, $6 through from St. Paul and Minneapolis.
Connections at San Francisco with steamers for Hawaii, "Land of Eternal Spring."
For berths, complete information and lowest rates, apply to "The Milwaukee" agents, St. Paul or Minneapolis, or address J. T. CONLEY, Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

VITALIS

PHOTOGRAPHED FROM LIFE.
Made a Well Man of Me.
1st Day. VITALIS 10th Day. 20th Day. 30th Day.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
Produces the Above Results in 30 Days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost strength and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using VITALIS. It quickly and surely restores Lost Vitality, Lost Power, Failing Memory, etc., and is a positive cure for Nervousness, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of indiscretion. Wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having VITALIS, no other. Can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund the Money in every box. Circular free. Address CALUMET REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.
For Sale by Lathrop Mussetter, Fourth and Wabasha.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

The Dining Car Line to Fargo, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte and the Pacific Northwest.

Dining Cars on Winnipeg and Pacific Coast Trains.	St. Paul Lve	St. Paul Arr.
Pacific Mail (Daily) for Fargo, Jamestown, Livingston, Helena, Butte, Missoula, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland	4:15 p.m.	5:55 p. m.
Dakota and Manitoba Express (Daily) for Fergus Falls, Wahpeton, Crookston, Grand Forks, Grafton, Winnipeg, Moorhead and Fargo	8:00 p.m.	7:10 a. m.
Fargo Local (Daily except Sunday) for St. Cloud, Brainerd and Fargo	9:00 a.m.	5:30 p. m.

Pullman Sleepers Daily between St. Paul and Grand Forks, Grafton, Winnipeg, Fergus Falls, Wahpeton and Fargo.
Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleepers, also Free Colonist Sleepers are run daily on through Pacific Coast Trains.
C. E. STONE, City Ticket Agent, 162 East Third Street, St. Paul.

GREAT NORTHERN RY

Tickets: 193 E. Third St. and Union Depot.

LEAVE.	St. Paul Union Depot.	ARRIVE
b8:05 am	Willmar, Morris, Browns Val. and Breckinridge.	b 7:00 pm
b8:30 am	Fergus Falls, Fargo, G'd Forks	b 6:05 pm
b3:30 pm	Osseo, Clearwater and St. Cloud	b11:55 am
b3:30 pm	Anoka, St. Cloud, Willmar	b10:55 am
b4:30 pm	Excelsior & Hutchinson.	b11:55 am
6:30 pm	‡Breckinridge, Fargo, Grafton, Winnipeg	a 7:30 am
	‡Anoka, St. Cloud, Fergus Falls, Crookston, Grand Forks, Great Falls, Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Spokane, Seattle, Pacific Coast	a 7:15 am
a7:45 pm		a 7:15 am
b8:00 am	Sioux Falls, Yankton, S. City	b 7:00 pm

a. Daily; b, Except Sunday; ‡Dining and Buffet Cars, Palace Sleepers, Tourist Cars.

Eastern Minnesota Railway
Runs the only fast train from St. Paul through Union Depots Minneapolis and West Superior to Duluth without change of cars. Finest Buffet Parlor Cars in the West.

Leave.	St Paul Union Depot.	Arrive.
1:05 p m	West Superior and Duluth. ...Daily Except Sunday...	6:55 pm

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE
C. ST. P. M. & O. RY.
Thro' Trains Lv Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sun
Chicago, Milwaukee—*8:00 am †6:25 pm *8:10 pm
Sioux City, Omaha, Kan. City—†8:40 am *8:15 pm
Duluth, The Superiors—†10:55 am *11:00 pm
Ashland—†10:55 am Mankato Local—*5:05 pm
New Ticket Office—Robert & 6th Sts. 'Phone 460

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY—Trains leave Union Depot. City Office, 364 Robert street, corner Fifth. Telephone, 150.

*Daily. †Daily Ex. Sun.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago, Dubuque Night Ex.	*7:30 pm	*5:30 pm
Chicago, Dubuque, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Des Moines, Marshalltown, Dodge Center Local	†8:00 am	†10:50 pm
	*7:30 pm	*7:35 am
	*3:35 pm	*10:10 am

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES
Trains leave St. Paul 12:35 p. m. and 6:35 p. m. daily for Milwaukee, Chicago and intermediate points. Arrive from Chicago 8:25 a. m. and 3:45 p. m. daily. Dining car service "a la carte" on all trains. City ticket office, 164 East Third Street.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul RR

Le.—ST. PAUL—Ar		
Chicago "Day" Express	†8:05 am	*10:45 pm
Chicago "Atlantic" Ex	*2:55 pm	*11:55 am
Chicago "Fast Mail"	*6:55 pm	*4:50 pm
Chicago "Vestibule" Lim	*3:10 pm	*7:50 am
Chicago via Dubuque	†4:10 pm	†11:00 am
Dubuque via La Crosse	†8:05 am	†10:45 pm
St. Louis & Kansas City	*8:35 am	*6:25 pm
Milbank and Way	†8:20 am	†6:00 pm
Milbank and Aberdeen	*3:15 pm	*8:10 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. ¶Ex. Mon.
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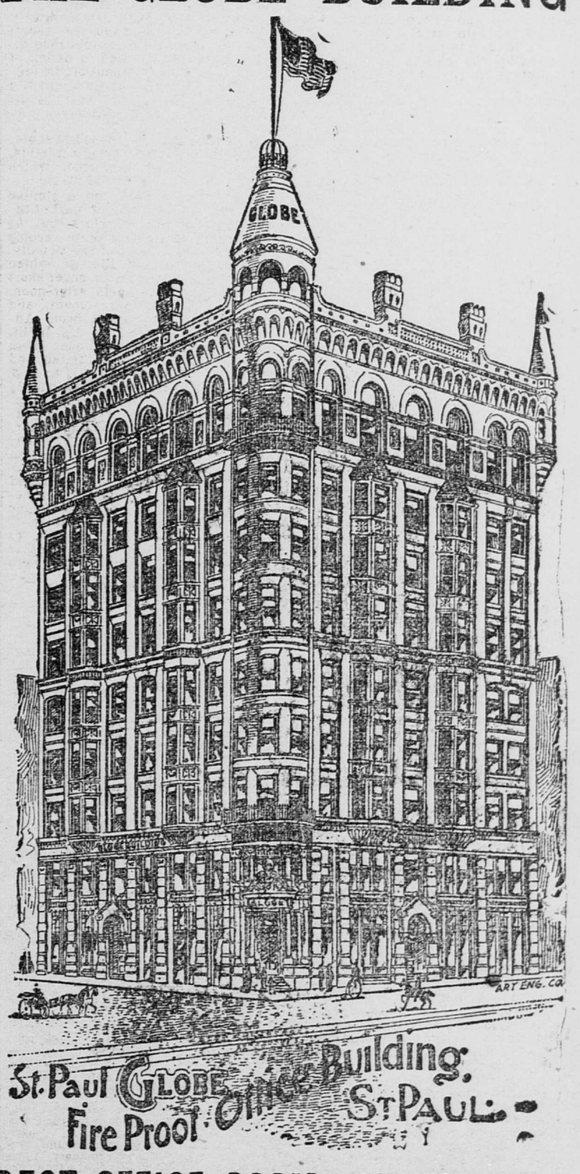

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