

6 MIGHT AS A RIGHT.

Warrants the Senate in Requiring Insurance Companies to Pay in Full.

BEGGING PARTISAN AID.

Mr. Chamberlain Expects His Term to Be Extended Two Years More.

BIG MONEY FOR JUNKETS.

The Judiciary Committee Discusses the Effect of Taxing Railroad Lands.

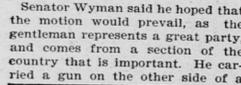
The senate put in a day of hard work yesterday, and passed a dozen bills. For the first time since the early days of the session every senator was in his seat, and voted upon the bill, which was passed, and provides that insurance companies shall pay the face of a policy where property is entirely destroyed by fire, and shall pay the total loss where there is but a partial destruction, provided the amount shall not exceed the face of the policy. The passage of the bill was contested very vigorously. This was a bill introduced by Senator Spencer, and Senator Wyman led the fight against it, moving that it be referred back to the committee on insurance for a day to allow a further hearing of persons who might want to appear before the committee. This motion was opposed strenuously, and the merits of the bill were discussed for a couple of hours. Those favoring its passage in speeches were Senators Spencer, Day, Schaller, Pottgiesser, McHale and Keller. The latter made a very entertaining as well as a strong speech in favor of the bill, and at its conclusion was congratulated by several senators. Speeches in favor of referring to the committee were made by Senators Wyman, Greer, Ozmun, Heneman and Young.

The motion to refer back to the committee was defeated by a vote of 22 to 29. A call of the senate was ordered before the vote upon the final passage was taken, showing every senator in his seat. The bill was then passed by a vote of 32 to 22. Senator McHale then clinched the matter, as far as the senate is concerned, by moving a reconsideration, which, he said, he hoped would not prevail. The senate refused to reconsider, and the bill will go to the house to be fought over. The following bills upon the calendar were also passed:

- S. F. 18, introduced by Senator Wing, providing for regulating county commissioners of traction engines in villages and cities.
S. F. 18, introduced by Senator McHale, to amend section 14, chapter 12, of the General Statutes of 1873, relating to public highways.
S. F. 20, introduced by Senator Dunham, authorizing the state auditor to issue bonds for the construction of roads and bridges.
S. F. 27, being Senator Stevens' bill to allow secret societies doing business under a co-operative assessment, life endowment and casualty insurance plan to amend their articles of association.
S. F. 29, introduced by Senator Stevens, to amend the law so as to require employment bureaus to furnish copies of agreements to persons employed or furnished employment.
H. F. 36, was substituted for S. F. 26, and was passed, it being a bill to protect the owners of bottles, etc., in the use of trade marks.
S. F. 42, being a substitute for Senator Severson's bill to confer additional power upon villages with respect to water works.
S. F. 43, introduced as a substitute for Senator Severson's bill to legalize ordinances of villages in certain cases.
S. F. 37, being Senator Masterman's bill to appropriate \$5,000 for the relief of Lieut. W. H. Caine, surgeon of the First battalion of artillery.
H. F. No. 5, introduced by Mr. Ferris, to regulate the use of pound nets in international waters.

HONOR TO WATTERSON.

When the chief clerk of the house gave notice that the senate was invited to join with it in a reception to Col. Henry Watterson, Senator Stevens moved to accept the invitation. Senator Yale suggested the frequency of such receptions. He thought it might be well to give a week to receiving visitors. He was opposed to receptions to every man who is invited as a public speaker, and thought it was becoming a too common thing. Senator Wyman said he hoped that the motion would prevail, as the gentleman represents a great party, and comes from a section of the country that is important. He carried a gun on the other side of a



Behind the times - the woman who doesn't use Pearline; behind in her work, too, both in quantity and quality. With Pearline, work is easier and better. Clothes can be washed without being worn out; cleaning can be done without scouring and scrubbing. All that it does is done without danger; the only danger is in getting something else.

Beware

of imitations which are being peddled from door to door. First quality goods do not require such desperate methods to sell them. PEARLINE is made and manufactured only by JAMES PYLE, New York.

NEW FACES

ALL ABOUT CHANGING THE Features and Remov. John E. Woodbury, 425 N. Y. Ave. Inventor of Woodbury's Facial Soap.

great controversy different from some of us. He is a distinguished gentleman, and it would be profitable to hear him.

Senator McHale said that he felt that it would be profitable to hear the man. He proposed to hear him if the senate would permit him to do so.

CHAMBERLAIN'S LOBBY.

Senator Stevens was granted unanimous consent yesterday afternoon to introduce two bills. One of them was prepared by the zealous corporationist, L. F. Chamberlain, to keep himself in office and to take the place of the one that had that object in view and was killed in committee. The new bill provides that the present corporation attorney shall hold his office for two years longer, when his successor may be elected by a direct vote of the people. The old bill was killed in the committee on municipal corporations. This bill was referred to the committee on elections, and Chamberlain, with a large lobby of his friends, is daily besieging the senate and house to beg the passage of some measure to keep him in office. A number of other Republicans of the city are opposed to legislating Chamberlain in office, and do not hesitate to denounce his lobby schemes.

Another bill, introduced by Senator Stevens, amends the election law so as to provide for larger ballot boxes of the revolving kind, with a view of making it possible to mix the ballots more, and thus insure more secrecy.

A NEW MONUMENT.

Senator Peterson offered a bill to appropriate \$10,000 to erect a bronze monument at Fort Ridgely, and to authorize the governor to name a commission to consist of two from St. Paul and one each from Nicollet, Hennepin and Redwood counties to purchase a site and erect the monument. The bill was read a second time under a suspension of rules and ordered printed.

Senator Cronkrite introduced a bill to authorize the expenditure of \$10,000 for the purchase of long-fiber machinery for use in the manufacture of twine at the Stillwater penitentiary.

TAX EVERYTHING.

Senator Morgan proposed an amendment to section 3 of article 9 of the constitution, so as to provide that laws shall be passed to tax all securities, personal property and real estate according to true value in money. The being proposed to exempt, however, public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities, seminaries, churches, church property used for religious purposes, institutions for public charity, property used exclusively for public purposes, and personal property to an amount not exceeding \$20 for each individual, and improvements amounting to \$50 upon each separate piece or parcel of real estate.

MONEY FOR A JUNKET.

Senator Howard offered a bill appropriating \$100,000 to defray the expenses of sending surviving members of the First regiment, Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, from St. Paul to Gettysburg, Pa., to participate in the battle monuments erected at Gettysburg and Chickamauga.

Senator Schaller offered a bill to appropriate \$10,000 for the purpose of providing elementary instruction in state high schools of the state.

Senator Burr introduced a bill to authorize the analysis of specimens of clay and minerals at the state university.

Senator Fuller introduced a bill providing for the appointment by boards of county commissioners of a supervisor of assessments, whose duty shall be to examine all tracts of land assessed for the purpose of giving accurate certificates thereon.

Senator Pottgiesser introduced a bill which provides that juries shall be judges of fact where the evidence is conflicting, and a verdict shall be disturbed on the ground that it may not be justified by the evidence unless there is an entire absence of evidence to support the verdict.

Senator Ringdal offered a bill to fix the times for holding terms of the district court in Norman, Polk, Marshall, Kittson and Roseau counties.

Senator Greer presented a bill to allow teachers to appeal to the state superintendent of public instruction in cases where the county superintendent may refuse to grant a license to teach school.

Senator Ozmun introduced a bill to authorize the mayor to issue permits to newshy and bootblacks in cities of 10,000 or over.

Senator Ringdal sent up a petition asking the repeal of the county poor law. Petitions to pass the age of consent were presented. Senator Cronkrite offered a resolution to employ Miss Dora Fisher as stenographer of the committee on municipal corporations.

S. F. 37, to amend the law relative to refunding town bonds, was reported from the judiciary committee, and upon motion of Senator Smith was passed.

A communication from Gov. Clough announced the approval by him of S. F. No. 1, being the provision to establish a military corps in the state guards.

FOUR RETREATS.

Senator Thorpe presided in the senate committee of the whole to consider general orders.

Senator Pottgiesser moved that his bill, to amend the law relative to the time for imposing penalties upon delinquent taxes, be taken from its place as a special order and that it take a general place. This was agreed to and progress was reported.

The bill of Dr. Robillard to organize a medical corps in the national guard was evidently destined to be killed, and so Senator Stevens asked that it be referred once more to a special committee for amendment, and he made a special order for Tuesday of next week at 2:30 p. m.

Senator Wyman's bill, S. F. 38, being a revision of the banking laws, was amended in several particulars and recommended to pass, as were also several other bills.

TALK ON RAILROAD TAX.

The senate judiciary committee yesterday afternoon took up, in executive session, the Anderson bill to tax railroad lands. Senator McHale argued that the bill is defective in its title in that it embraced no provision to prescribe the gross earnings tax. He also claimed the body of the bill is defective, besides being unwise and inexpedient, as it would endanger the gross earnings tax, a large annual revenue to the state, which is yearly growing and will eventually amount to enough to carry on the expenses of the state. He claimed that the state cannot afford to endanger or throw away this revenue which has been built up in the past thirty-seven years.

He argued that the contracts made

at the time land grants were made to railroads could not be abrogated by an act of the legislature unless accepted and agreed to by the railroads themselves.

The courts have held that later acts of the legislature affecting old contracts by the state with railroads are void under the state constitution. Provisions to change the contracts or amend the laws affecting railroads. Then, if the railroads should consent to accept the tax on lands law, and the gross earnings tax should be held to be repealed by implication, the state may never be in a position to re-establish the gross earnings tax. The position was taken that the state could not tax gross earnings as an abstract proposition except that it had become a contract made with railroads which was agreed to in a deed by the railroads, with the understanding that this form of tax was to take the place of other forms of taxation. If the state should violate this contract, the railroads would not be bound any longer to stand by those contracts to tax gross earnings, and the state, as a consequence, would sustain a loss of taxes.

WATTERSON'S VISIT.

House and senate convened in joint session after the noon recess to honor Hon. Henry Watterson. The bill was escorted by a committee consisting of Messrs. P. H. Kelly, Scofield and Ahlstrom, and was accompanied by Gov. Clough.

On being introduced, Col. Watterson, thanking the speaker and the members for the honor conferred, said Minnesota and Kentucky are not only legal sisters, but old-time friends. Referring to the fact that Louisville is to entertain the old veterans on September, he made a happy reference to the fact that they will be turned over to St. Paul next, after being allowed a year to recuperate. His seeming antagonism to St. Paul at Pittsburg did not proceed from recency, nor heedlessness of friendship, he bears Minnesota, but from a deep interest in some hundreds of thousands of old gentlemen who were introduced to one another out the mouths of hostile cannon some thirty years ago.

Speaking of the friends of the bill, he said: "I have always fought for honest politics—therefore you will not be surprised if at this moment I want to retire. I am tired—very tired." He spoke caustically of the "know nothings" and "stodginess" of the "old parties" and said he checked the cynical hope that all capacity for foolishness was not exhausted by the Democratic congress. The time is near at hand, he said, to have party balances leveled up, to wipe out the record of the past, to bring order and national integrity.

He expressed the hope that all Minnesotans will flock to Louisville in September, and Speaker Van Sant bade him carry greetings to the people of Louisville, and say many thanks from Minnesota will enter into to attend the national encampment.

Col. Watterson's little talk was excellently received, and its witty points keenly relished. At its conclusion many pressed around to shake his hand.

ACTION ON THREE BILLS.

Three bills were passed yesterday, and seventeen amendments introduced. The bills passed were:

H. F. 128, Cant, to legalize certain conveyances heretofore executed by married women by their attorneys.

H. F. 227, Schroeder, is important, and involves more than \$100,000,000. It reads: "Section 1 of chapter 113 of the General Laws of 1885 be, and the same is hereby, amended by inserting in the space therein the word 'farm.' Mr. Johns gave notice that he would move for a reconsideration of the vote by which the bill was passed. He claims it involves the expenditure of \$1,000,000 a year.

H. F. 381, to amend the law extending the term of corporate existence in certain cases. A curative act.

ZIER BILL KILLED.

The public health committee, through its chairman, Mr. Mathieson, reported the Zier patent medicine bill for indefinite postponement, and the report was adopted. Zier tried in vain to get it placed on general orders. The house would not grant the request, and the doctor did not regain his usual good humor until evening.

HILLS INTRODUCED.

H. F. 550, Van Sant, to appropriate \$200 to reimburse Thomas Hays for work on Rochester insane asylum. Special orders.

H. F. 560, Robillard, to repeal special laws of 1889 relating to appointment of judges of the county attorney, established by the state government of the United States government.

H. F. 562, Street, to amend laws relating to street commissioners in towns and villages.

H. F. 563, Sivright, to amend laws relating to incorporation of villages. Judiciary.

H. F. 564, Dingman, to regulate the sale and storage of explosives. Judiciary.

H. F. 565, Dingman, to create the office of county assessor. Towns and counties.

H. F. 566, Van Sant, to amend laws relating to duties of adjutant general of state. Military affairs.

H. F. 567, to provide for the inspection and weighing of hay, and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to inspect hay and money. Treasurer, Grain and warehouse.

H. F. 568, Gibbs, to provide for the transportation of members of the First Minnesota between St. Paul and Gettysburg, and of members of the Second Minnesota between St. Paul and Gettysburg, for the purpose of participating in the dedication of monuments on those battlefields, and to appropriate \$10,000 therefor. Appropriations.

H. F. 569, Moore, to provide for the sale of the Washburn street site for the new capitol and to appropriate money for the reorganization of the Minnesota position of the capitol. Judiciary.

H. F. 570, Gutterston, relating to the duties of town supervisors. Towns and counties.

H. F. 571, Christenson (by request), to amend laws relating to garnishment. Judiciary.

H. F. 572, Staples, to provide elementary normal instruction in the state high schools, and to appropriate \$100,000 therefor. Education.

H. F. 573, Cant, to amend laws relating to loss and seizure of property (theft of logs and timber a larceny) and punishment.

H. F. 574, to appropriate \$50,000 to defray part of the expenses of the state board of health. G. A. R. St. Paul in 1894. Appropriations.

H. F. 575, Vigen, to appropriate \$800 for a bridge over Taylor county. Roads and bridges.

LEGISLATIVE DRIFT.

It was determined at yesterday's meeting of the house judiciary committee that nothing would be done in the impeachment proceedings against Judge Frank Ives, of Crookston, before March 13. At that time witnesses will be heard on the matter by the committee. It was also decided that no attorneys would be allowed to take part in the proceedings by examining witnesses. The committee will ask all questions and take entire charge of the matter.

WON'T GIVE FUNDS.

Continued From First Page. Messrs. Warner and Staples punctured it by a point of order that it would take a two-thirds vote to postpone the bill. Mr. Van Sant explained the point, and then Henry withdrew his motion, because the thing was lifeless. To assuage his tired feeling Mr. Feig called his own report up, and had it received with the Anderson curiosity.

That ended a tempest stirred up to create a favoring wind by which the enemies of the business bill of the capitol commissioners might drift into harbor with the wreck of the bill dragging alongside. "It is altogether unlikely that we shall ever come of the Anderson report judging by the expressed sentiments of the most influential Hennepin men."

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THANK THE DOCTOR

Before You Put Something Into Your Stomach You Know Nothing About.

THOUSANDS DO SO EVERY DAY

Without a Thought of Consequences.

The stomach is the most important and the most abused organ in the body. If a person catches a little cold in the lungs he immediately seeks treatment for it. If his kidneys show symptoms of weakness he becomes alarmed once. But if his overworked stomach rebels he pays no attention to it until sleepless nights, distress after eating, nervousness, and general weakness and lack of energy, show plainly that something is wrong. He loses in weight and has pains in the chest and limbs.

Dr. Asnden says that thousands of people in this condition never think of ascribing the trouble to the stomach, but they dose themselves with costly advertised "nervine tonics," "spring medicines," "pre-digested food," etc., and then wonder why they don't get well.

All of these things are so-called secret remedies, patented medicines, which are advertised to produce wonderful results, but they all vary so much that it is not possible to tell you exactly what the wonderful preparation really contains. As a matter of fact "nervine tonics" are simply stimulants which make you feel good for a day and the next day you must repeat the dose.

The doctor says further, the only way to cure dyspepsia and stomach weakness is to get to the fountain head, treat the stomach itself and put nothing into it unless you know what that something is.

He further states that he has had the greatest success in curing all forms of indigestion by the use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which is not a secret

with a view of determining as to whether or not formal impeachment proceedings shall be instituted or recommended to the house.

The joint committee on hospitals for insane went to Fergus Falls last night. They will return Thursday. Representative Shell's insurance bill, which practically reorganizes the insurance code of the state, is to be given a public discussion to-night at the capitol.

BREVIG'S FAILURE.

The Revolve Member Proves Weak at a Pinch.

The folly of sending to the legislature men who are in no way fitted for the position is a position well emphasized by an incident in the house yesterday morning. All up and have had the resolution to impeach Brevig. Examiner Ferguson and Gov. Clough. The clerk presided to read the resolution, but the reading was stopped by an objection from the same. This motion was adopted before Brevig realized what was happening.

Speaker Van Sant then gave the member from Hennepin a chance to make a motion that the resolution be adopted, and he tried to make the house understand that he was not the speaker and was clearly incompetent to handle it or make good use of his position.

Two Bad Failures. SIOUX CITY, March 5.—An application is to be made for a receiver for the Ballou Banking company. By agreement between the representatives of the company and the creditors, there will be no opposition to the appointment of George H. Wentz, secretary-treasurer and manager, will be named as receiver. The company has \$150,000 capital, but the other side pay all liabilities, but that the capital will be lost. The total liabilities are nearly \$1,000,000, mostly on good farm mortgages. Notices of suit have been filed by Receiver Tompkins, of the defunct Union Stock Yards bank, against the stockholders for 75 per cent of the amount of the stock, which is needed to pay claims against the institution. The bank's capital was \$300,000.

Same Delaware Deadlock.

DOVER, Del., March 5.—One ballot was taken by the Delaware senate today. It resulted as follows: Higgins, 9; Addicks, 6; Mazy, 4; Wolcott, 2; Martin, 3; Bayard, 1.

Coup's Remains Go North.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 5.—The body of W. C. Coup, the veteran showman, who died in this city Monday, was embalmed and sent to Chicago for interment. It was accompanied by his son, who came here to attend Mr. Coup and arrived just before his death.

Tar-Heels Given a Scare.

WINSTON, N. C., March 5.—A distinct earthquake shock, lasting several seconds, was felt here at 10 o'clock last night. Buildings were shaken, but no damage was done.

Kingston's Second Roasting.

NEWBURNE, N. C., March 5.—At midnight a incendiary fire at Kingston destroyed twenty-five buildings, twelve of which were insured for \$100,000. Last Thursday Kingston had a \$200,000 fire, with insurance of \$200,000.

TO CALIFORNIA WITHOUT CHANGE

Via "The Milwaukee." On every Saturday morning an elegant Pullman sleeping car leaves Minneapolis and St. Paul, and runs through to Los Angeles, California, without change. Arrives Los Angeles 6:30 p. m. following Wednesday. (Arrive San Francisco Thursday, 10:45 a. m.)

"The Milwaukee's" famous "Bedrick Route" to Kansas City, thence via the A. T. & S. F. Railway through Southern California.

The most delightful winter route to the coast. This car is "personally conducted" in the immediate charge of an official and an attendant through to destination. Rate per berth, \$6 through from St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Connections at San Francisco with steamers for Hawaii, "Land of Eternal Spring."

For further complete information and lowest rates, apply to "The Milwaukee" agents, St. Paul or Minneapolis, or address J. T. CONLEY, Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

STILLWATER NEWS.

Visit From Prison Officials of Wisconsin.

The Minnesota prison has attained its reputation during the past few years of being one of the best prisons in the United States, and it is not infrequently that prison officials and members of prison boards in other states contemplating improvements, come here to look over the institution. Yesterday Warden P. B. Lamoreux, of the Wisconsin prison at Waupun, and Messrs. J. E. Jones, of the Wisconsin prison at Waupun, and Hans B. Warrick, of Ellsworth, and members of the Wisconsin state board of control, visited the prison, and made a thorough tour of each department.

The board of county commissioners met at the court house yesterday, and for the first time in several years the board decided to abide by the resolution adopted by the city council recently, asking the commissioners not to interfere with the tax valuation in the city.

Simon Westway, who served five years at the prison for burglary in the second degree, and was released last Saturday, was fined \$15 for being drunk in the police court yesterday for drunkenness. Westway drew a pension while in prison, and upon his release he received \$500. As soon as he reached the outside he began to spend his money freely, and is now almost broke.

The board of prison managers will meet today.

The contract for fixing up the new Masonic hall in Staples block has been placed to Alfred Johnson. The hall will be a handsome one when completed.

Robert Downing will appear at the Grand opera house this evening in "Ingomar."

Low Rates South.

March 5, April 2 and April 30, tickets will be sold via Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad to various points in Alabama, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, and points in Florida west of River Junction, at one fare for the round trip. For tickets and information apply to your nearest agent, and C. W. Humphrey, Northern Passenger Agent, C. & E. I. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

TEN THOUSAND OUT.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 5.—Ten thousand railroad miners in the Pittsburgh district struck today for an advance of 14 cents per ton