ST. PAUL, MINN.: THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1895.

PRICE TWO CENTS-{ ON TRAINS }-NO. 78.

LAND TAX PREVAILS

Anderson's Bill to Reach Railroad Lands Passes the Senate. the presiding officer. A semblance of order was presented most of the time. At 9:30 Senator Reishus moved that

WILL BECOME A FIXED LAW

When Approved by the Governor and Adopted by the People.

CRONKHITE MADE FAMOUS.

Senate Waits While Hours Are Spent in Scouring Two Cities for Him.

For Taxati	ion-	
Allen,	Jones,	Sevatson,
Barr.	. Johnson, A.G.,	Sheehan,
Co'e.	Knatvold,	Smith,
Culkin,	Larson,	Theden,
Day,	Milter,	Thompson,
Hanna,	Ozmun,	Thorpe,
Hanson,	Peterson,	Wing.
Heneman,	Reishus.	Wyman,
Hodge,	Ringdal,	Young-28.
Iltis.		
Against To	axation-	
Collester,	Lloyd,	Schaller.
Currier,	Masterman,	Spencer.
*		

Howard, Potter, Sweningsen,
Johnson, W. E., Roverud,
Absent Without Leave—Cronkhite.
Absent Under Excuses—Keller, Sperry and
Yale, all of whom voted against the bill on
Monday.

House File No. 1, the Anderson bill to tax unused railroad lands, passed the senate last night after a fight that has been waged with great earnestness. The senate had been in continuous session under a call of the senate from the moment of assembling at 2:30 in the afternoon until after 10 o'clock. The senators were imprisoned during that time by their own action while the sergeantat-arms was hunting up absentees, and particularly Senator Cronkbite. who up to the hour of adjournment

last night had not been found. It was said that he had been seen in Minneapolis during the afternoon, and the sergeant-at-arms had the police and detective forces in the Mill City looking for him all afternoon and evening, but they were unable to find the senator. In the meantime the friends of the bill were hard at work to secure enough votes to reconsider the measure and to carry it to its final passage. They were uncertain of their men until 10 o'clock, and then they made sure that they were able to hold those who formerly voted for the bill in line. These, together with Senator Smith, who was at home attending a city election Monday, made the necessary votes. It was then decided to abandon any effort to secure the attendance of Senator Cronkhite, as they did not need any more votes and the object of delay had been accomplished. Senator Hanna, who was sick at his lodgings, was sent for, and the friends of the bill felt sure of their ground, and it was whispered about the chamber that the bill would be put through and clinched. This was done in short or-

Senator Wyman, at 10:15, moved that the senate take under consideration Senate File No. 104. This was evidently a mere by-play agreed upon. Senator Allen objected, and President Day ruled that the bill alluded to

Senator Allen then moved that further proceedings under the call of the senate be dispensed with. A roll call in his seat and go upon record. upon this proposition was taken, which resulted in 35 affirmative votes to 15 in the negative. T vote was then taken upon the mo-

on to reconsider the action by which the bill was defeated, which resulted in carrying the motion by a vote of 27 to 23. Senator Iltis voted against a resideration, but he voted for the bill both times when placed upon its pass-

Senator Greer raised the point of order that the bill, having been upon general orders, and the vote to recommend the passage of the bill having been adverse to the bill, a motion to reconsider being made, in should go upon general orders at the time it was decided to reconsider the bill.

Senator Wyman argued that it went upon the calendar. Senator Young took the position that the bill would be placed in the same

position it had when lost. President Day ruled that the bill was before the senate to be acted upon, and the senate could dispose of it as they desired. Either to refer it to general orders or to put it upon its

The bill was read the third time and placed upon its final passage upon motion of Senator Barr

There were 28 ayes and 22 nays. Senator Yale had been excused because of his wife coming to the city on a late train. Senators Cronkhite, Keller and Sperry were absent also. Senator Iltis voted for the bill, as he had when placed upon its passage Monday. The friends of the bill broke out into applause at the result, both before and

after the vote was announced. Senator McHale raised the question that there were but twenty-seven votes and the vote of the lieutenant governor, and that the lieutenant governor has no right to vote. He did not insist upon his objection being entered upon the journal, when asked by Lieut. Gov. Day if that was his sire, but said the record would show

the vote upon the bill. Senator Allen moved that the vote by which the bill was passed be reconsidered, and he expressed a hope that the motion would be voted down. The roll was called, and the motion was ated by a vote of 38 to 1, Senator

McHale being the only one voting in

KILLING TIME.

The senators, with a number of visitors, seemed to enjoy the situation dur-ing the early hours of the evening. Occasionally a member would make motion to send for cots. Senator Pot-ter hinted that folding beds that combined combined with desks would make useful articles of senate chamber fur Twice lunch was brought in and eaten with a relish, the Windson

and Merchants' hotels providing good sandwiches and salads. President Day or one of the senators held the gavel all evening, and senators were excused to go to the corrido or ante rooms for a few minutes at a time. Occasionally motions of a humorous nature were made and promptly turned off or disposed of by

further proceedings under the call of the senate be suspended. Senator Stockton seconded the motion. Senator Allen asked that the senators

from the committee rooms be called in. Senator Barr said that it had been inderstood that Senator Hanna be sent for before a vote should be tak Senator Morgan said he hoped the proceedings would not be suspended under a limit of twenty-four hours. President Day put the motion and

Senator Reishus had a speech read, but the vote was put before he had a hance to make it.

President Day then stated that the senator might proceed. Senator Reishus: "As a Populist, I feel that, as a party, we are five in number and four of us are ready to vote. There are forty-six of you Republicans here and it is not necessary to wait for one man. There are enough Republicans here to carry the party pledges and pass this bill, if they are so disposed.'

Senator Wyman: "The senator stated a few days ago that the Republican party was between the devil and the deep sea. He has not yet stated which is the devil and which is the

Senator Stevens: "We want to assure the senator from Lyon that it is not question of party, but one of sending out to recover one of the lost sheet and bring him into the fold of the ninety and nine.'

Senator Reishus: "I want to say that if the absent one was brought in he yould be but one of five, and will no relieve the Republican party from the pledges of its platform. When I said that the Republican party was between the devil and the deep sea, meant that it was between the cor porations on the one side and their conscience on the other."

Senator Yale suggested that one of the twelve fell from grace in the older

Senator Reishus: "And he wasn't a Populist, either." Senator Schaller thought it was hardly fair to question the motives of an absent senator without knowing that it was his design to be absent. The senate again resumed a go-easy gait, and the judiciary committee re-sumed its hearing on the Hastings & Dakota railroad land forfeiture bill.

THE EARLIER PROCEEDINGS. At the opening of the afternoon ssion Senator Barr said that in ac cordance with the notice given the sideration of the vote by which House File No. 1 was defeated. This is the Anderson bill to tax unused railroad

Senator Yale said he hoped the motion would not prevail. He had refrained from speaking upon the bill before, but he regarded it as a vicious measure. He then proceeded to review the history of land grants as inducements offered to outside capital to build railroids. He took the position that the agreement made with railroads had become a question of honor and it would neither be expedient nor fair to break the agreement or understanding. Senator Yale discussed the measure for a half hour and made a strong argument against the provisions of the bill.

IMPRISONED THEMSELVES. Immediately after the conclusion of enator Yale's speech Senator Allen moved a call of the senate. Several stated that Senator Hanna was ill. and Senator Schaller moved that he be excused. Senate Allen said that he proposed to insist that the power of the senate be exhausted to bring all senators into the chamber. Senators Stevens and Morgan alluding to the could not be taken up in case of ob- charge having been made in the senate that this was a political measure, said they would favor the proposition advanced to require every senator to be yeas and nays were taken upon the motion to excuse Senator Hanna. In explaining his vote Senator Schaller said he knew that Senator Hanna is an honest man and is not a coward and he had made the motion for that purpose. The vote resulted in 40

against excusing him to 10 in favor The sergeant-at-arms was instructed to procure a carriage and bring Senator Hanna to the senate chamber Senator Keller was excused on motio of Senator McHale, who stated that he was beyond Chicago on his way to Washington. The sergeant-at-arms was instructed to procure the attend-

ance of not only Senator Hanna, but also Senators Cronkhite and Spencer. While the sergeant-at-arms was out on his mission, on motion of Senator Stevens, the calendar was taken up by unanimous consent and a number of bills passed.

During the afternoon Senator Sper ry was granted a request to be ex-cused from further attendance. He had received a telegram announcing the serious illness of his father. stated that his position on the bill was well understood, and he had no intention to change his yiews.

Senator Hanna was brought in by the sergeant-at-arms shortly before o'clock. The officer proceeded in his search for Senator Cronkhite, and the senate proceeded with the calendar, with occasional interruptions to excuse senators to go to the postoffice or other points within the building. Shortly after 6 o'clock the sergeant at-arms reported that he was unable to find Senator Cronkhite in St. Paul, and that he understood that he was in

Minneapolis. Senator Dunham moved that fur ther proceedings under the call of the senate be dispensed with.

MAKING RECORDS. Senator Stevens stated that he opposed the motion. He said that it had been said on the floor that this was a Republican measure, and he wanted every senator brought into the senate so as to be placed upon record.

Senator Ringdal said he also opposed he motion, and he was willing, as far as his party is concerned, to camp or he ground for a week in order to

The motion was lost, and the serreant-at-arms was instructed to pursue his search. The question being asked. Senator Stevens said it was hi opinion that the police power of Mineapolis could not be invoked to bring he senator to the senate, but that citizens of the state could be called upon to aid the sergeant-at-arms.

Continued on Fifth Page.

place every man upon record.

Senator Yale suggested that

Mayor Pratt and Other Minneapolitans Arrive With Their "Offer,"

RETURN SADDER AND WISER.

Cold Indifference Marks Their Reception in the Capitol

SITE LEFT WITH MR. DOWNS.

One Legislator's Timely Suggestion -- A Peculiar Documente

Like the famous soldiers who marched up the hill and then marched down again, the few men composing John Goodnow's capitol site brigade marched up the various flights of stairs in the capitol building yesterday-and then marched

down again. When they went up they were full of March zephyrs and hope. When they went down the string attached to the sham balloon that had buoyed them up was cut. And it had not been severed by the sharp knife of the Ramsey county delegation; but it was none the less completely cut, and, as the committee had no new balloon ready, they were long on ozone and short on solid ballast. It happened this way:

When the committee reached the capitol they had decided that under all the depressing circumstances, it would need a man of nerve to try the temper of the house by introducing a frivolous subject at a time when the legitimate business of the body is in an almost hopeless state of "swamp." So that veteran raconteur and generally likeable man, Hon. Tom Downs, was selected as the proper person to present the formidable document. Mr. Robbins has dismissed the matter from his mind as unworthy of serious consideration; Mr. Dingman would not touch it with an extended pair of tongs; level-headed Alpheus Dale takes life too seriously to engage in any monkey business; Mr. O'Reilly, as a Democrat, believes in fair play too sincerely to encourage anything savoring of piracy; Mr. Dahl, while willing, was not thought to possess sufficient dignity to maintain his composure while making so hollow a proposition; and, for one reason or another, the other delegates from the sister city were not available. But Mr. Downs, while one of the best men on earth and deservedly popular, is

A CONFIRMED JOKER ing" an individual or a party of individuals. So he was decided on as the best man to have the custody of Loring park for the time being.

Then a few of the most prominent en who had convoyed Mayor Pratt and "offer" retired to a committee room to smoke off the effects of their chilly experience among the house members. While in this room a prominent representative from a country district expressed himself in about these words

"The state of Minnesota is not ask ing tenders of a site for a new capitol, nor are we asking donations of money for any purpose. But if Mineapolis has land to spare and money to give away, it might be a holy and a wholesome thing to sell the land and then distribute all the money among the thousands who suffered by the gigantic losses sustained in the failure of the Guaranty Loan association."

This was spoken in the hearing of the Minneapolis men, and met with such hearty indorsement that they quickly realized the sure failure that would attend their mission. In addition, a second member remarked that Minneapolis had got all the advertising she deserved out of the alleged offer, and should be satisfied.

THE "OFFER" was not sent to the speaker's desk yesterday, although Mr. Downs is supposed to have had it in his possession all day, after the committee ar rived. In the wording of the document there are peculiarities that will strike any one given to analysis of language. Mayor Pratt opens his pa-per by stating he has "the honor" to transmit "the formal resolution of the board of park commissioners of the city of Minneapolis, tendering to the state of Minnesota Loring park, in said city, as a site for the state capitol building and grounds, and also the resolutions of the city council of the city of Minneapolis, passed March 8, 1895, and approved March 9, 1895, formally ratifying the said act of the board of park commissioners of the city of Minneapolis." Both documents are certified to and formally sealed, respectively with the seal of the board of park commissioners and the seal of

the city of Minneapolis. He then goes on to state that the park is "beautifully improved" and "conservatively estimated as worth at least \$2,000,000." Further language is used which would lead a stranger to suppose Minnesota wants a state park and Minneapolis is willing to give her one. The document says: "It is per-fect in every way and ready for the use and benefit of the people of the state without the necessity of expending one dollar on it in any way." It is also stated that, if the legislature desires, a committee will show the park at any time. This is a possible junket that none of the legislators

will be very anxious to take. The delegation from Minneapolis consisted of Mayor Pratt, Vice President Stoft and Commissioner Loye, of the park board; Ald. McAllister, of the board of trade; F. G. Winston. H. C. Akeley and W. M. Regan. A consultation was held with members of the Hennepin delegation, and the result of this conference was that the Minneapolis visitors lost a great deal of their "peartness." They not only found the sentiment for a possible re-

moval VERY FLAT AND COLD, but it was also discovered that the plans to make the offer were defective. To make it to the house alone would not do, and to make it to the senate

had hardly been contemplated. Just here the cold, unresponsive feel ing they had run against began to

have its natural effect on the comm teemen. They didn't care much whether the "offer" went to the sensite or not. In fact they would be perfectly willing that the thing should go to the house in such a shape that it would not amount to anything in re-ality and could easily be allowed to

rest in innocuous desnetude.

And in the inside pocket of Repre sentative Downs, besides the customary \$15, there is snugly resting the "offer" that bears the signature of Robert Pratt. The chances are, or course, that it will be presented to the house this morning; but it is violating no confidence to say that sev eral of the delegates who came over yesterday would prefer that it should not be brought forth at all-more especially since the bluff of a cash bonus has faded into the whenceness

IS TAYLOR TAKEN? Belief General at Pierre That He

Is in Custody. Special to the Globe. PIERRE, S. D., March 13.-The be lief is strong her among state officials and others that Gov Sheldon has received advices of the capture of Taylor, though he will communicate nothing during the temporary absence of Attorney General Crawford, who has of the case. He informed a party today that Taylor would likely be in custody very soon, and con-fessed that he had important news, but would not divulge it. A man named Lambert, said to be a special detective, left this morning for the Southwest, and is supposed to have gone to identify Taylor.

TAYLOR CERTAINLY CAPTURED. TAMPA, Fla., March 13.-The information concerning the arrest of W. L. Taylor, the defaulting treasurer of South Dakota, in Mexico, by a Pinker ton agent last Sunday, comes by way of Havana. No reason to doubt the accuracy of the news exists. Taylor, who went under his mother's name (Mason), and a compaion calling himself Phelps, were traced to Port Tampa. William A. Pinkerton himself was here last week conducting the search and stopped at the Tampa Bay hotel, as though he were here for pleasure. He had an agent with him. He learned that Taylor had sailed by the steame Mascotte for Havana a few days before. The agent went to Havana and though the Cuban police discovered that Taylor had sailed two days pre-viously on the steamship Orizala for Vera Cruz. A Pinkerton agent in Vera Cruz was notified, and he is reported to have missed Taylor at the steamer in Vera Cruz, to have followed lowed him up and to have arrested him in the City of Mexico on last Sun-

day SIOUX CITY, Io., March 13 .- Journal's Pierre, S. D., special: Horner and Stewart and C. T. McCoy, attornevs for Taylor's bondsmen, have filed their answer in the suit of the state to recover on the bond. The points

made are as follows:

First—The bond is void, because it is excessive. The constitution places the bond at \$250,000, and the defense claims that the state extorted an additional \$100,000, thus violating the entire bond. Second-In case this point is overruled, the defense holds that the ex-

cess of \$100,000 is certainly void. cess of \$100,000 is certainly void.

Third—The defense holds that \$350,000 tioned at Sheerness, to proceed to Gravesend and take charge of the amount defaulted was stolen during Taylor's first term, and is consequently not a charge upon his second

expiration of the first term the treas. urer shall make a full and complete accounting to the governor or other accounting officer, and that the terms of this settlement shall be indorsed upon the new bond; that as this was not done the new bond was invalid Fifth-Two hundred and twenty thousand dollars of the default came from the floating funding warrants. The defense holds that issuance of these warrants was contrary to the constitutional provision limiting state's debt, and that this amount cannot be recovered, as it was in no sens

PISTOLS PREFERRED.

TWO NEW YORK BLOODS IN-

DULGE IN A ROW.

CHALLENGE FOR A DUEL

Follows, and Prospects Are That One Will Be Fought in the

Near Future.

HAVERHILL, Mass., March 13 .-Walter Scott Hale of Haverhill tonight confirmed a report current this afternoon that Thomas Gilroy Jr., of New York, son of ex-Mayor Gilroy, and Hale's brother-in-law, had, as the result of a violent quarrel in the cafe of the Parker house, challenged Hale to fight a duel, and the

challenge was accepted. The quarrel occurred through personal charges and counter-charges resulting from young Hale's endeavors to have his mother removed as his guardian. Hale states that he, accompanied by a friend, Sidney W. Young, of Haverhill, went to New York early in the week to notify Hale's mother of the action to remove her as guardian. She was found at the home of ex-Mayor Gilroy, and her counsel, Mr. Badger, was present at the interview tween her and her son, during which the lawyer told Hale that he had better look out for young Gilroy, as he latter had threatened to break

every bone in his body. Hale and Young reached Boston of their return from New York this morn ing, and called at the Parker house for Gilroy, who, with his wife, was a guest at the hotel. When Gilroy ap peared, Hale accused him of living or money from Hale's income. Gilroy replied that he could not have anythi to do at that time with Hale, as Hale was his physical superior, but that le would meet him with pistols at any New York hotel. An exchange of epithets occurred, during which a cro gathered, and Gilroy escaped to his room. Hale stated that he is prepared to fight at any time, but not-within 100 miles of New York.

McCoy and Needham Matchedi LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 13.-A match has been made for a limited contest between "Kid" McCly, who won from Maber tonight, and Dannie Needham, ex-champion welter-weight. The contest will take place here early

WITH 420 ABOARD.

Spanish Cruiser Reina Regente Is Believed to Have Foundered.

LOST IN MEDITERRANEAN.

War Ships Sent in Search of the Missing Ves-

ROSEBERY IS TO STEP OUT.

Rumored That His Resignation Will Soon Be in the Queen's Hands.

GIBRALTAR, March 13 .- The Spanish cruiser Reina Regente is believed to have foundered off Tangiers, Morocco, during the recent gale. She had a crew of 420 officers and men. Pieces of one of her boats and semaphore flags are reported to have been picked up along the shore near Ceuta and Tarifa.

Reina Regente is a new secondclass, deck-protected cruiser. It is of 4,800 tons, has 12,000 horsepower and is expected to steam twenty

knots. The Reina Regente had just conveyed the returning Moorish mission to Tangiers. She left that port on March 1 for Cadiz, and has not since been heard of. The absence of news from her is causing the greatest anxiety, and it is believed that she has been lost with all hands. The cruiser Isla da Luzon, of the Spanish fleet, sailed from Algiers in search

of the missing cruiser. The Reina Regente is a steel protected cruiser and was completed in 1887. Her dimensions are: 320 feet; beam, 50 feet 7 inches; draught, 19 2-3 feet. She is of 4,750 tons displacement, 11,500 horsepower and her speed is 20.6 knots. Her main armament consists of four 9.45-inch guns, 4.72-inch guns and a battery of fourteen rapid-firing and machine guns and five torpedo tubes. Her protected deck is 4.8 inches thick on the slope, her conning tower is five inches thick, and her heavy gun shield three inches thick.

She was one of the three Spanish war ships that took part in the great Columbian naval parade in New York harbor in the spring of '93.

An Unknown of the Seas. LONDON, March 13.-A steamship with two smokestacks arrived at Gravesend yesterday and refused information as to her destination. In con-sequence, the government ordered the British ship Bustard, a small coast defense gunboat carrying one gun, sta- be put aboard the yacht and taken to strange steamer. This was done, and a guard was placed on board of her. From the fact that a Japanese officer was found on board the steamship, it is presumed that the cantured vessel is either a Japanese or else a steamer

chartered by the Japanese government Agrarians Aggressive. BERLIN, March 13.-In the reichstag today Herr von Heyl Zu Herrnsheim, National Liberal, introduced a motion demanding that Germany withdraw from the commercial treaty with the Argentine Republic. He justified his proposal on the ground that Argentine wheat should be subjected to a higher rate of duty, and said that if the Argentine Republic made reprisals Germany should place difficulty in the way of importing Argentine wool.

New Honors for Bismarck. LONDON, March 14.-A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin says that Prince Bismarck has been elected to membership of the Society of Berlin Artists.

A committee of the reichstag, after an exciting debate, decided by a vote of 12 to 5 hear a government commissioner on the subject of appointing Prince Bismarck an honorary citizen of the empire.

Rest in the Pantheon. PARIS, March 13.-The remains of Victor Hugo were placed in the Pantheon today. Hugo died May 22, 1885.

FREIGHT RATES.

House Railroad Committee Considers Feig's Bill.

The house railroad committee had a meeting yesterday afternoon to consider Mr. Feig's bill for a reduction of the freight rates on ore and coal, and listened to arguments from representatives of various interests. Representative McInnis stated that the people of the iron range would be adversely affected by the operation of the bill, as its tendency would be to decrease wages of employes. A strong protest against the bill was presented by William C. Hays, the representative of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, in behalf of 25,000 railroad employes of the state. His argument was that the curtailment of the freight receipts meant a corresponding cut in wages, and he cited numerous figures to show that the companies could not do a profitable business at a reduced rate. Mr. McInnis stated that the reduction of the ore rates would be beneficial only to companies in the iron business in other states, and that there was no grievance among the shippers

in this state. Receiver Must Pay Up. PORTLAND, Or., March 13.-United States District Judge Bellringer today denied the petition for a modification of the order appointing E. McNeill re-ceiver of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, so as to absolve him from the payment of indebtedness contracted by the receivers of the Union Pacific in their operation of the O. R. & N. company before the ap-pointment of separate receivers.

Texas Cattlemen Meet. FORT WORTH, Tex., March 13 .- The en's convention met again today and went to work on routine business. The new officers are: President, A. P. Bush; vice president, R. J. Kle-berg; second vice president, S. B. Burnets; secretary, J. C. Loving. There are upwards of \$50.000,000 represented in the convention, the association below one of he largest in the lenited States, with a membership of 700. The annual dues amount to \$37,000

DENY ITS LEGALITY. New Complications Regarding the

Chicago & Northern Pacific Lease. MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 13 .- A

new complication in the extremely complicated Northern Pacific litigation developed today when the Northern Pacific receivers filed a reply to the in tervening petition of the Chicago & Northern Pacific receivers denying the legality of he lease or its assignment under which the Northern Pacific company operated the lines of the Chicago & Northern Pacific road from April, 1890, to Sept. 21, 1893. The receivers further develop an inclination to shoulder all the responsibility on the Wisconsin Central lines. The receivers deny that there is any sum whatever due the Wisconsin Central receivers, or the Chicago & Northern Pacific receivers. The receivers of the Northern Pacific company further set forth that they have been unable to determine whether the Chicago & Northern Pacific lines are being operated by the Wisconsin Central receivers, or by one of the Wisconsin Central companies.

CAPTURED REBEL ARMS

SPANIARDS MAKE SEIZURES IN CUBA.

INSURGENTS ARE DIVIDED.

Costa Rica and San Domingo Promise Neutrality in Cuban War,

MADRID, March 13.-Advices have een received from Havana showing that the government officials have discovered a secret store of arms and ammunition destined for the uses of the revolutionists. Private advices confirm the state-

ment that there are dissensions among the insurgents, and the speedy end of the rebellion is predicted. The govern-ments of Costa Rica and San Domingo have reassured the Spanish government that they will observe strict neutrality in the Cuban trouble. SAVANNAH, Ga., March 13.-The

steam yacht Pedro Pablo, Capt. Green-wood, which arrived here today from New York, is being closely watched by revenue officers, who are suspicious that she has come to this por to take on arms and ammunition for the Cuban insurgents. The Pedro Pablo made her wharfage exactly where the ill-fated Natalie took on munitions of war for Hayti. This is right under the nose of the boarding fficers and inspectors, and in the case of the Natalie prevented any suspicion. Owing to the rigid instructions from Washington Boarding Offi-

cer Laird made a rigid inspection of the yacht, and then reported her to the steamboat inspectors, she having no proper engineer.

Capt. Greenwood claims the yacht is on the way to Cuba on a pleasure trip, but the officials are suspicious that arms have been shipped here to Any freights arriving for the yacht

A. P. A. BOODLING.

will be closely inspected.

Serious Charges Against Members

of the Mishigan Order. DETROIT, Mich., March 13.-The Evening News will publish today a three-column sensational interview with a prominent ex-member of the A. P. A., in which it is alleged that a prominent member of the order received some \$6,000 from Col. Bliss, on of the candidates for nomination as governor last year, and various sur from other candidates. It is also charged that an attempt was made to secure \$600 monthly from United States Senator McMillan during the senatorial campaign last winter. Fac simile letters between Beatty and members of the A. P. A. state political committee are published to sub stantiate the charges made. Other allegations of "working" the candidates and appropriating the proceeds are set forth in detail. The session of the state council of

up at the election of officers. Charles T. Beatty was re-elected state supreme president. Col. E. Sellers, attorney for President Beatty, announced that against the Detroit News would be commenced at once for \$25,000 damage on account of its article published to day regarding the soliciting and use of money from candidates yéar's political campaign. ey from candidates during last

the A. P. A. today was chiefly taken

Mexico Firm in Her Demands. CITY OF MEXICO, March 13.-Minister Mariscal has just completed con sideration of Guatemala's last note and has informed Minister De Leon that Guatemala must recognize that indemnity is due Mexicans for the property destroyed during the raid on Agua, Azul, Egipto and other ranches where Mexicans were cutting timber and who were driven out by Guatemala's soldiers or persons disguised as such. Mexico will not recede one iota from the stand originally taken.

Enjoy Her Freedom Abroad NEW YORK, March 13-Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt and her daughter Consuelo sailed for Liverpool today on the Teutonic. The booking was made at the pier and in a name other than her own. She will return, it is said, in the early summer for the sea son at Newport. Among others who

sailed on the Teutonic were J. J. Col-

lins, United States consul general to

London: Lord Ava, the eldest son of

the Marquis of Dufferin, and Herbert

W. Bowen, United States consul gen-Blizzard in Nebraska. OMAHA, Neb., March 13.-A severe snow storm prevails in Nebraska to-night. As much as four inches have fallen in some localities. The storm is general throughout the state. It is

hardly cold enough to produce suf-

fering, and little wind accompanies

the snow. Coal Operators Combining. COLUMBUS, O., March 13.-Coal op rators and coal road officials of Ohio net here today and discussed matters of a centralizing station to avoid cutting prices and rates, but nothing was

Prof. Huxley Ill. LONDON, March 13.-Prof. Huxley, the scientist, is suffering seriously from

BIG BLOCKS BURN.

Disastrous Fire at Kansas City--Loss Fully \$350,-000.

HOTEL GUESTS PERISH.

Three Burned to Death and Four Injured in a West Virginia Blaze.

DEATH IN A BATH OF FIRE.

Flashing Flames Fatally Injure Mill Men at Sharon, Pa.

KANSAS CITY, March 13 .- Fire

destroyed between \$300,000 and \$350,-000 worth of property at Fourth and Broadway this evening. About 5:30 flames were bursting out of the windows of the big four-story building at 410 West Fifth street, occupied by the English Supply company, dealers in engine supplies and wrought iron materials, and spread with great rapidity. One hour after it started only walls and a mass of burning debris remained to mark the place where the big building had stood. The wind was blowing a gale when the fire broke out, and the flames were carried to the top of the five-story brick building north of the English building, occupied by the Western Newspaper union and the Great Western Type foundry. The walls of the Western Newspaper union building began falling. and all hope of saving it was abandoned. An hour later it was a smouldering mass. In it were a great quantity of type and type material, besides six cylinder presses. The Western Union company printed "patent insieds" for 200 Western weekly newspapers, and employed a big force. The loss in this building alone will exceed \$175,000. The English building was owned by the Kersey Coate estate, and the destruction of the building and its contents involves a loss of about \$250,000, \$75,000 of which is on the English Supply Co.'s stock. The latter company carries an insurance

THREE DEAD, FOUR DYING. Fatal Hotel Fire at Mackeyville

W. Va. PARSONS, W. Va., March 13.-At Mackeyville, six miles north of here, a disastrous fire occurred this morning at 1 o'clock in the hotel. Eugene Sission, Homer Cottlett and Squire Corley were burned to death and Jacob Coffner, William Wilson, J. K. Williams and James Jenkins were severely if not fatally injured. Fifteen per sons escaped by jumping from win-dows. The dead are single men. Hotel and store are a total loss. The hotel was a big two-story frame

structure, and the fire was roaring through it when it was first discoered by Jenkins, who aroused the family and guests as quickly as possible effort could be made to save any effects, and their only efforts were t arouse those who were asleep. All had retired when the fire broke out in the kitchen and spread rapidly to the second story. The only two stairways in the building, one in front and the other in the rear, were both cut off when those from the lower floor gave the alarm. All escaped by jumpin from the windows, and some sus-tained slight injuries in addition to their burns. There were over forty people in the hotel. Jacob Coffne William Wilson, J. K. Williams and James Jenkins were in one room. They were driven back from the hallway by the flames, and all were badly burned in trying to escape by the stairs. Then they tried to raise the windows, but the flames were sweeping up so that they had to jump through a furnace of flame. They were also badly hurt and burned, and Coffner is the only one of the four who can recover. In two other rooms on the second floor were Eugene Sission, Homer Cot-lett and James Corley. The latter perished and their remains were charred beyond recognition. The positions in which their bodies were found indicated that they never got out of the room, and all died together. The loss was only \$5,000.

All who escaped saved only their night clothes and were provided for today by neighbors and the stores. The guests were mostly lumbermen

who had little baggage. CRASHED IN A HARBOR. British and Norwegian Vessels in

Collision at Mobile. MOBILE, Ala., March 13 .- The Norwegian steamship Fulton, Capt. Jacobson, from Bocas Del Torro, was in collision today with the British ship Austria, off the mouth of the Mobile river. The Fulton was coming in and the Austria going out. The former was under good headway, and, when fifty yards from the Austria, swerved in her course and crashed into the Austria's port, damaging the ship several thousand dollars and staving a large hole in the port of the Fulton. The steamer careened to one side and began to settle, the water pouring over the lee rail. Just as Capt. Jaco was about to lower the boat, the vessel righted. The Fulton had a cargo of bananas.

Capt. Jacobson reports no new developments at Bocas

HIS LIFE'S WORK LOST. New York Inventor a Severe Suf-

ferer From Fire. NEW YORK, March 13.-The large Fifth avenue burned today, causing a

loss of \$100,000. It was occupied on all but the top flat by Gillis & Geoghan, steamfitters' supplies, and the top floor was used as a manufactory and workshop by Nicolo Tesla, the electrician. The loss of Gillis & Geoghan is \$60,000; of Tesla, \$30,000, and of the owners of the building, \$30,000. The destruction of Tesla's workshop comes just when it was whispered in the scientific world that the inventor was on the eve of one of the greatest of discoveries connected with the problem of improving the electric light. M. Tesla is the con-

Falls Power company and to many other important concerns. It is feared the disaster may result in the physical collapse of the great inventor. He has long been in a state bordering on exhaustion through overwork

FATAL FIERY BATH.

Millmen Caught in Flashing Flames-Five Injured.

SHARON, Pa., March 13.-By the flashing of flames from the door of an annealing furnace in the Sharon iron works late this afternoon five employes were frightfully burned. The burned are: John Strauss, burned about the face, arms and body; condition is thought to be serious. Eman-uel Brandt, burned about the arms and legs. Arthur Bailey, burned about the arms. Thomas Boyd, slightly burned.

George Strom, slightly burned.
• When the flames burst forth from the furnace the men, who were standing near, were completely enveloped in fire. Strauss seemed to lose all reason, and began running through the mill, his clothes all aflame. He was caught by the mill employes, and their quick work saved him from being burned to a crisp.

Governor's Family Afflicted. LAURET, Del., March 13 .- The condition of Gov. Marvin is greatly im-proved today. His only brother died

yesterday from paralysis. The governor's favorite son and partner is dangerously ill of pneumonia, and his nephew and secretary is convalescing from an illness. JAPS AFTER FORMOSA

WAR SHIPS MAKE A DESCENT ON THE ISLANDS.

ISLAND WELL FORTIFIED. Japs Also Covet the Fisher Islands as a Base of Oper-

PARIS, March 13.-A dispach received in this city from Shanghai says that the rumored Japanese descent upon the island of Formosa is an accomplished fact. A Japanese squadron from Wei-Hai-Wei numbering sixteen vessels has been sighted off the northern extremity of the island. The squadron is hovering around Kelung and Tamsin. which are strongest places the Chinese possess in Formosa. The garrisons there amount to 30,000 men. It is expected that these two towns, which are not far distant from each other, will be the first points of at-

tack. LONDON, March 14.—The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says he learns that China is willing to concede to Japan the islands she desires, including Formosa, if France will give her consent, but that she will not concede an inch of territory in Manchuria. The correspondent further says that the Chinese envoy in St. Petersburg has, by means of secret concessions, secured the czar's promise to oppose any Jap-

NEXT MOVE OF JAPS.

anese designs in Manchi

Fisher Islands to Be Occupuled as a Base of Operations. LONDON, March 13.-The Times tomorrow will publish a dispatch from Shanghai saying that it is reported there the Japanese intend to use the Fisher islands, a group of islands between the island of Formosa and the mainland of China, as the basis of their operations

against Formosa and the south of China. BAYARD AT A BANQUET.

Britishers Talk on American Com-

merce. LONDON, March 14.-Sir Albert Kaye Rollit, of the Associated Chamber of Commerce, presided tonight at the banquet given by that body. Among those present were Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, the American ambassador; James Brice, president of the board of trade; Lord Dunraven and Lord Ashbourne. Responding for the board of trade. Mr. Brice referred to the revival of Great Britain's trade with America, and said he ventured to congratulate Mr. Bayard on the energy President Cleveland had displayed in the tariff question. Contin-

uing, he said: "Our trade with America is distinctly a review trade. This is especially felt in Yorkshire. There is reason to hope that the impulse given there will soon spread to other branches of our industry. On the whole, therefore, the prospects are encouraging.

In replying Mr. Bayard said that

nothing was more welcome to him as an American than to hear English cheer the prosperity of their country. He dilated upon the exhibition of patriotism in the late debates in the ouse of commons affecting the Indian empire and the British navy, and upon the approaching resignation of Speaker Peel, who, he declared, il lustrated perfectly the unselfishness of public service, and who had earned the commendation "well done thou good and faithful servant.' Mr. Bayard said that he had no mandate to speak on the effect of the American tariff bill. If it had helped the United States, he was glad. He then recounted the history of the international negotiations to establish new rules of signals at sea, and re-

ferred to America's agreement to sus-

pend action on the Washington de-cisions to enable England to come into

harmony with other nations. Con-

cluding, Mr. Bayard said that private

property should be equally sacred on water and land, and that individual rights ought to be considered. Parkhurst's Agents in Trouble. NEW YORK, March 13.-Agents Whitney and Dnett, of the Parkhurst ociety, and an alleged burglar named Liss were arrested today upon a charge of conspiracy preferred by Detectives Jacobs and McManus. A warrant is also out for Samuel L. Cohen upon the same charge. Jacobs and Mc-Manus were arrested two weeks ago, charged with receiving money from

stool pigeon for Whitney and Dnett. Sued Iron Hall Trustees. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 13.-Receiver Failey, of the Iron Hall, today brought suit to quiet title if the receiver of the real estate here valued at \$30,000 to \$50,000. The de. trolling electric engineer to the Niagara | fendants are the old trustees.

Liss, wlo 's alleged to have acted as a