MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

The reservoir committee yesterday authorized the city treasurer and engineer to arrange a plan by which the men working on the reservoir could be paid off every two weeks.

Louis J. Cooke, M. D., physical director of the Burlington (Vt.) Y. M. C. A., will shortly be identified with the Minneapolis association in a similar capacity. He will assume his new duties Sept. 15.

J. G. Anderson, of Lyndale and Seventh avenues north, left his home Thursday morning with $60 in currency in his pocket, and has not been heard from since. His wife reported his disappearance to the police.

The Good Templars finished their convention labors yesterday morning, merely routine matters engaging their attention. The early adjournment was something of a surprise, as an afternoon session had been expected.

The suit of Alden J. Blethen, of the Penny Press, against Thomas Lowry, for $100,000, was yesterday continued over the term, the plaintiff's attorney stating that the continuance was at the request of the defendant.

Archie Armstrong, the young man who was injured Thursday evening by striking his head against a trolley pole while attempting to board an interurban car, and who is now at the city hospital, was feeling much better last evening. The chances for his recovery are considered good.

The grand commandery of Minnesota Knights Templars will hold its annual conclave in St. Cloud on June 24, and it is expected a large number of members from Minneapolis and St. Paul commanderies will be in attendance.

Belle Crawford, living at 116 Second street south, second floor back, has asserted her independence and positively refuses to be enumerated. She has dared the authorities to do their worst, giving as an excuse for her conduct that she "doesn't have to" be counted.

Mrs. Margaret S. Lovell, wife of ex-Ald. C. P. Lovell, died yesterday morning, aged forty-four years. The funeral will take place on Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, from the residence, 306 Eighth street south, and the interment will be in Lakewood. Mrs. Lovell was the mother of six children, four girls and two boys, all of whom

The Good Templars finished their Minnesota's representatives at the Cleveland convention will have a fine thing in the line of badges on the occasion of the coming national convention. The badges are of white silk, and have the seal of the state worked by hand in colored silk on them. The delegates will leave Minneapolis and St. Paul on Monday next over the Burlington road, arriving in Cleveland Tuesday evening.

DISTRICT COURT.

NEW CASES.

65476—Ezra Northfield vs. C. A. Briggs, Chicago, Great Western Railway Company, garnishee; affidavit filed.

65482—Milton E. Holton vs. Elizabeth Dean et al. To quiet title and foreclose mortgage. Spooner and Flaherty.

65484—William Murch vs. Gus Swanson, Minnesota Transfer Company, garnishee; affidavit filed.

65485—Advance Thresher Company vs. J. J. McCaffrey et al. Note, $125. L. L. Longbrake.

DISPOSITIONS—JURY.

64673—Theodore Bastings, as receiver of the Minneapolis Times company, vs. the Century Piano Company. Judgment for defendant, by stipulation. Jamison, J.

65478—Rose Mandt vs. Alexander Mandt; order made. Jamison, J.

53113—S. T. Davison vs. Eliza A. Harmon and Charles K. Sherburne. Defendants' motion for judgment and pleading granted. Stay of thirty days granted. Jamison, J.

64760—Daniel Egan vs. Nellie Gordon et al. On trial. Jamison, J.

64416—F. P. Benjamin vs. Minneapolis Street Railway Company. Verdict for defendant. Belden, J.

"COFFEE JOHN'S" LOSS.

His Road House on Lyndale Avenue Destroyed by Fire.

Coffee John's road house located at Lyndale avenue and Forty-third street, caught fire shortly before 12 o'clock last night, and was totally destroyed. The loss is estimated to be at least $5,000. The house or "club," as it was called, was quite a swell institution, containing a restaurant and all the comforts of home. The origin of the fire is unknown. The amount of the insurance, if any, could not be learned.

Great Music at Harriet.

The musical programme at Lake Harriet Sunday is as follows: March, "First of All," Minker; overture, "Zampa," Herold; Scotch selection, "Robert Bruce," Bonnieau; quartette; Fantasie, "The Mocking Bird," Freeman; piccolo solo by Charles H. Freeman; patrol, "1492," Rice. Part II: March, "Twenty-second Regiment," Reeves; overture, "Fest," Leuther; selection, "A Burnt Cork Caprice," Layrendean; quartette; air and variations, "Anna Bolona," Douzetti; cornet solo by Prof. Charles Rodenkirchen, late of Thomas orchestra; galop, "American Wheelmen," Weigand. Evening programme: March, "Remembrance of Stave Island," Shorman; overture, "William Tell," Rossini; quartette; polka caprice, "Lake Harriet," respectfully dedicated to Thomas Lowry, Esq., by Prof. Charles Rodenkirchen; Italian waltz, "La Serenata," Jaxone; African patrol, Benchel. Part II: March, "Our Navy," Berystein; medley, "Popular Songs," Dewitt; grand selection, "Huguenots," Meyerbeer; quartette; potpourri, "German 'Before Paris," Reeves; galop, "District Telegraph."

Harriet's Attractions.

The Lake Harriet management is to be congratulated for securing such a comely and charming soubrette for the New York Comic Opera company as Miss Clara Randall. She is the sister of the Prima Donna Adelaide Randall, and has been with her in nearly all her operatic enterprises of recent years.

Emma Eames'

PARTING LETTER

I FEEL that I owe to the Genuine JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT, in a great measure, the fact that, at the end of a very hard season, I am in better voice and general health than at the beginning. I have constantly used the Johann Hoff's Malt Extract with my meals and kindly ask you to send one case, in care of the *Steamer City of New York*, on Tuesday, as I leave on Wednesday, and would not like to be without it.

Yours Sincerely
Emma Eames

Beware of imitations. The genuine *Johann Hoff's Malt Extract* has this signature on neck label. Johann Hoff

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Agents, New York.

ASK FOR THE GENUINE
JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.

ALDERMANIC TALK

THE CITY FATHERS DESERT THEIR GUESTS FOR THREE LONG HOURS.

VERY TAME PROCEEDINGS.

ORDINANCES RELATING TO HOTEL RUNNERS AND MILK GIVE THEM PAUSE.

THE MILNOR JURY IS OUT.

At a Late Hour Last Night They Were Unable to Agree on a Verdict.

Ald. McAllister and the Democratic braves went on a hunt for woodchucks in the city council last night, and let their wives and guests go to the Bijou under the chaperonage of a committee. The council had advertised a thirty-minute session, but managed to masticate the dilapidated linen for three hours handily.

The chief trouble came up over the ordinance regulating hotel runners. The ordinance has lately been amended, and now provides that no person shall act as agent for boats, vessels, public houses, etc., without first receiving a license from the city, the price of which shall be $25 a year. The ordinance is rather liberal in its terms, and might be construed to include city passenger agents of railroads or other "street men," so called. After a long wrangle the ordinance passed by a vote of 18 to 4.

The contract for cast iron valve pipes for the new reservoir was awarded to the Peninsular Car company for $19.60 per ton.

Thomas A. Clark and James McMullen, receivers of the Knights of Labor Building association, asked the council to reimburse them in the sum of $200 for repairs made necessary by the crowds that frequented the Hayward trial. The matter was referred to the claims committee.

City Attorney Simpson made a report on ex-Sheriff Ege's application for the $500 reward offered by ex-Mayor Eustis for the arrest of the murderers of James R. Harris. The city attorney carried water on both shoulders, saying that while the mayor had no authority to bind the city and the petitioner had no legal claim, such rewards were usually offered, and in his opinion the city should honorably pay the claim.

City Engineer Cappelen was given a ten days' vacation to attend the meeting of the American Association of Civil Engineers.

The Flint Brick company asked permission to pave Second avenue south from Washington avenue to Third street with brick at $1.90 per square yard.

The new milk and dairy ordinance subjecting the trade to the supervision of the Health department was adopted.

Milnor Jury Is Out.

Judge Smith yesterday charged the jury in the case of the state against Walter Milnor, and in five minutes thereafter the court room was vacated by all save the jury and deputy sheriff. The jury took with them the load of books and the magnifying glass of Prof. Curtiss, which latter will be used in examining the alleged alterations in the books. County Attorney Nye finished his argument at 11 o'clock, and the defense, represented by A. H. Hall, occupied the time from 2 o'clock until 4:30. At a late hour last night the jury was still out.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Enthusiastic Meeting of the Joint Committees.

The joint committees of the Union Royal Arcanum Picnic Association of Minnesota met last evening at the Minneapolis Commercial club to close up its business preparatory to arranging the programme of games, contests, and the distribution of prizes. The following gentlemen from St. Paul were present.

ST PAUL COMMITTEES.

Secretary and Treasurer—H. C. Baker, 144 East Third street.

Executive Committee—W. W. Cooley, Germania building; G. G. Cooper, G. C. Knispel, J. L. Wakefield, William Woodhead, J. A. Fortin, H. C. Penfield, F. H. Warwich, O. J. Tong.

Printing and Advertising—H. R. Hartig, 15 West Third street; D. L. Wilson, A. M. Knox, H. C. Baker, F. H. Warwick.

Prizes—George Thane, corner Fourth and Sibley; Prof. H. A. Hartigan, Louis Feeser Jr., E. J. Westlake, F. H. Tenney, E. E. Sharp, H. Pilcher, H. Sternberg, Ed Spencer.

Music—G. C. Kinspel, 353 Jackson street; G. H. Brose, P. M. Roberts.

Auditing Committee—O. J. Tong, "The Argyle;" Elijah Baker, George H. Blanchard.

Transportation Committee—W. W. Cooley.

Committee on amusements and games same as executive committee.

The committee on transportation reported that the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway had made a 50 cent-rate from St. Paul to Lake Park, Minnetonka and return. Children under twelve years, half price—and had placed the following trains at the disposal of the committee—Leaving St. Paul, 8:50 a. m., and 4.38 p. m. Returning, leave the lake at 4:38, 8, and 10:30 p. m., all except the first named coming direct to St. Paul. The prize committee reported that the merchants of the Twin Cities had donated over one hundred valuable prizes to be given to the winner in the various games and contests. Twenty thousand elaborate programmes will be printed and promptly distributed.

The sale of tickets has exceeded all anticipation, and it is confidently expected that the attendance from the Twin Cities alone will exceed 4,000, not to mention those coming from outlying councils throughout the state.

Notwithstanding these numbers, so perfect will be the supervision, the utmost good order will be maintained. Manager Sayer, of the Lake Park hotel, has practically turned over the entire resort to the committee, and will furnish meals at reduced rates. The committee has also chartered the City of St. Louis, in addition to the other steamers, and ample provision has been made for the comfort and pleasure of all.

ARE DOCTORS NOW.

Result of Late Examinations Announced by the Medical Board.

The state board of medical examination has announced the following successful candidates:

W. H. Darling, Mankato; H. A. Beaudaux, Minneapolis; M. C. Millet, Rochester; Fred Sheppard, Hutchinson; Judd Goodnow, St. Paul; J. A. Gates, Kenyon; G. A. Newman, Goodhue, J. H. Beady, Minneapolis; J. V. O'Connor, Minneapolis; H. P. Sawyer, Berlin; Fred Moench, St. Paul; M. J. Hart, Rochester; W. H. Kirkpatrick, Minneapolis; T. R. Watson, Minneapolis; Paul Sorkness, Lake Park; W. A. Angell, Minneapolis; George E. Campbell, Rochester; William de la Barr, Minneapolis; A. P. Lommen, Spring Grove; J. S. Tenny, Wabasha; C. D. Harrington, River Lake; J. C. Farmer, White Bear; C. L. Dohn, St. Paul; George P. Kirch, St. Paul; A. W. Kenning, Duluth; Helen B. Nuzum, C. P. Atrz, Pennsylvania; Per Oyen, Roseau; George D. Head, Minneapolis; J. J. Platt, Minneapolis; C. W. Meckstroth, St. Paul; Charles Germo, St. Paul; J. G. Cross, Rochester; Clotilde Pretlow, Minneapolis; E. W. Danner, St. Paul; Malcolm McKinnan, Roseau; C. W. Bray, St. Paul; Charles Bolsta, Ortonville; J. B. Holst, Claybank; Jesse A. Slocum, Winona; Margaret Koch, Minneapolis; L. E. Claydon, St. Paul; C. S. Terwilliger, Minneapolis; A. E. Henstin, Le Roy; M. K. Knauff, St. Paul; E. A. Hensel, Alexandria; A. K. Brown, Pipestone; George Banson, Dodge Center; Frank S. Barnard, Minneapolis.

Cramps, Colera Morbus, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and all complaints prevalent in the Summer, are quickly cured with

PAIN-KILLER

This good old remedy, if kept in the house, will save many sleepless nights, many dollars in doctor's bills, and no end of suffering. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle.

$100 000 FOR THE M. & ST. L.

Rumors of an Important Supreme Court Decision.

NEW YORK, June 14.—A private dispatch from St. Paul Minn., says: The supreme court of the state of Minnesota has decided the Kenwood Land suit in favor of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad company. Under this decision the railway company will receive about $100,000.

Aping St. Paul Customs.

The vicinity of Second avenue south and Fourth street was the scene of a small sized but real live mad dog scare between 5 and 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, which caused quite a little excitement in the neighborhood, and ended in the death of the dog. The dog, a small mongrel, whose owner is unknown, was first noticed by two ladies, who were walking down Second avenue. The dog was frothing at the mouth and trying to bite everything in sight. The ladies rushed into A. B. Herrman's drug store, on the corner, and a policeman was called and succeeded in knocking the dog in the head with a club. No one was bitten, although there were one or two narrow escapes.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DEDICATION PROGRAMME.

Ceremonies for the National Park Celebration.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The following programme for the dedication of the Ohio monuments at Chickamauga and Chattanooga National park has been received at the war department by the national commission: The Ohio monuments, fifty-three in number, will be dedicated and turned over to the United States on Tuesday, September 18. The ceremonies incident to the occasion will be as follows: The meeting will be held at Snodgrass Hill at 12 o'clock, noon. The president of the Ohio commission, Gen. John H. Beatty, will formally turn over the monuments to the governor of Ohio.

Hon. William McKinley will thereupon accept the monuments from the Ohio commission and formally turn them over to the honorable secretary of war, Daniel S. Lamont, who will accept them on behalf of the United States government. Ceremonies suitable to the occasion may follow the formal programme.

FORMALLY TRANSFERRED.

Formosa Handed Over to Japan by Lord Li.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The formal transfer of the island of Formosa from China to Japan is announced in a cablegram from the Japanese foreign office to the legation here. It occurred on June 3, but as there is no telegraphic communication between Japan and Formosa, the news was conveyed by a dispatch boat. Lord Li, son of Li Hung Chang, acted for the Chinese, and it is believed John W. Foster was also present. Admiral Kabayama acted in behalf of Japan in receiving the new possession. The dispatch states that all foreigners are safe and that the natives welcomed the arrival of the Japanese.

CHARTS OF THE LAKES.

The First Covers Huron and Part of Superior.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The hydrographic office of the navy department issued today its first nautical chart of the Great Lakes. It comprises all of Lake Huron and a part of Lake Superior. In a few days a chart of Lake Superior will be issued, and during the summer charts of the other lakes will follow. Naval officers who have been stationed on the lakes say that the new charts will be very valuable to navigators and superior to anything that has ever before been published. The depth of water in every portion of Lake Huron is given, as well as the points which ships on the lake can use. The chart is compiled from information gathered by the corps of engineers of the army, and also from the surveys and soundings made by the British authorities in Canadian waters, as well as by surveys and soundings by officers of the hydrographic office.

Pensions.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Northwestern pensions were granted yesterday as follows: Minnesota—Additional. Roger Healy, St. Paul. Increase, William H. Hall, Concord. Reissue, William Christoph, Litchfield; Augustus Wilnn, Millville; Charles Brown, New House. South Dakota—Original, Martin Hart, Hillsview. Reissue, John H. Huyck, Sioux Falls; Mads Williamson, Volga; William J. Jones, Aubreys; Cyrus W. Reynolds, Tyndall. Wisconsin—Original, Felix Burkhardt, Oconto. Additional, Charles E. Beutner, Milwaukee. Increase, Christopher Crabb, Alaska. Reissue, John Reger, Mineral Point; Henry Schmidt, Milwaukee; Morrison Garst, Kenosha; John V. Savage, Plattville; William S. Reynolds, Tomah; Henry R. Gratiot, Gratiot; James Yarnall, Waupun; George W. Prosser, Merrill; John Martens, Depere. Widows, minors of David T. Parish, Platteville; minors of Henry Moessner, Port Washington.

Built for Two.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 14.—Mrs. A. D. Cooper, whose husband is treasurer of the Graham Paper company, of this city, left today for a trip through Europe. She and her son Tom, eighteen years old, who will accompany her, intend to do most of their traveling on a tandem bicycle. They propose to take in Norway, Sweden and parts of Russia.

A COMMON ENEMY.

SECRETARY CARLISLE REPLIES TO THE ILLOGICAL SILVER ARGUMENTS.

FALL OF THE WHITE METAL.

ITS VALUE, WHAT HAS ESTABLISHED IT AND WHAT MUST BE DONE.

FATE OF THE TRADE DOLLAR.

All Other Silver Dollars Would Share It Under Free and Unlimited Coinage.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 14.—The large personal following of Secretary Carlisle in this city, and the keen interest felt by all classes in the currency question, filled Music hall this evening with such a crowd as Louisville never before saw congregated on a similar occasion. Long before the hour at which the address was to begin the hall was filled to overflowing, the well-to-do and influential business men jostling with the laborer and mechanic for a convenient seat. Nor was the meeting a gathering of Democrats to honor a party leader. Republicans were out in force, and on every hand could be seen the desire to learn. For some time it had been recognized that this occasion would be something out of the ordinary, and nearly all the Democratic candidates were present.

Promptly at 8 o'clock Mr. Carlisle came, and was presented by Charles R. Long. His reception should have satisfied the most expectant. When the tremendous applause subsided, in his clear, incisive voice Mr. Carlisle waded immediately into his subject. Mr. Carlisle repeated his argument that the under-valued metal would be driven out of the country by the adoption of a bimetallic system, and at some length paid attention to the claims that the fall in the price of silver was due to its demonetization.

ILLOGICAL ARGUMENTS.

"It is insisted, it is claimed, that the fall in the price of silver is attributable to the legislation in Germany, the United States, France and various other countries during and since the year 1873, and most illogically it is also insisted that notwithstanding the reduced price of that metal is the result of the unfriendly action of a great many governments acting in concert and with a settled purpose, the United States alone can restore the value of silver. Of course, if it required the action of twelve or thirteen different governments to bring the price of silver to its present state, it would seem quite clear that no one of them alone could restore it; as, if the depreciation in the value of silver as compared to gold has been caused solely by the adverse legislation complained of, it follows that if that legislation had never taken place the value of silver as compared to gold would now be the same as it was in 1872, before that legislation occurred. What then would have occurred? What then would have been the result? Not a single dollar of full legal tender silver would be in circulation in the United States at this time, or at any other time since 1872, because at that time the bullion contained in the silver dollar was worth about three per cent more than the bullion contained in the gold dollar, and the two could not circulate together. The same law which drove silver out of circulation under the acts of 1834 and 1837 would have kept it out, and instead of having in circulation among the people about 398,000,000 legal tender silver, as we have now, we would have had none. The fall in the price of silver was not due to the legislation complained of, but to an enormous over-production. The average annual production of silver in the world during the five years next preceding 1863 was about $66,000,000; while in 1893 it was over $209,000,000, an increase of 216 per cent, much greater than the increase in business or population of the world.

WHAT WOULD HAPPEN.

"Notwithstanding the fall of silver, silver mining continues to be a most profitable industry. While the farmers and other producers are struggling to live comfortably and meet their obligations, owners of silver mines have accumulated enormous fortunes. It is not necessary to discuss what might be the effect of the permanent or temporary establishment of an international ratio by agreement between the great commercial countries of the world, because the free coinage people repudiate the suggestion that any other nation should be consulted, and all that is necessary is for the United States is to proceed independently at once. If the fiat of a single government is sufficient to impart value to a coin, or any other commodity, perhaps these gentlemen are right, but the whole world has been wrong for thousands of years, and all the labor and all the taxation to which the people of the world has been subjected in the past has been unnecessary and unjustifiable. That the fiat of the government does not make money was illustrated by the history of the trade dollar. That was coined free of charge, and delivered without expense to the owners of bullion, and contained thirty-six more grains than was contained in two half dollars or four quarters. It was legal tender for all debts up to $5, just as half dollars and quarters were. The trade dollar was more valuable intrinsically, but without the credit of the government it sank to eighty cents, while the less valuable of coins were maintained at full par. What happened to the trade dollar would be exactly what would happen to all other silver dollars, if free and unlimited coinage were adopted."

Mr. Carlisle will leave here tomorrow morning, over the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad, for Washington. After the speaking tonight the secretary was tendered a reception at the Watterson club.

BLACKBURN GETS BACK.

Cleveland, Carlisle and Lindsay Roughly Handled.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 14.—Senator Blackburn addressed a large audience here tonight. He had hoped it would not be necessary for him to speak to his neighbors, as he had defended himself against lies and slanders elsewhere. Every newspaper wearing the collar of its master, every gauger and storekeeper, had combined with the administration and money power to cause his defeat. Senator Lindsay told them last night that he (Blackburn) was preaching heresy. Carlisle had been sent here, and he thought it would make the combine complete and lock the doors of the White House and come himself. Carlisle was taken to task for saying he never favored free and unlimited coinage. He sat by his side and thought he heard him vote for the Bland silver bill on November 5, 1873, and vote and speak for the acts of 1890, and he would give the best member of his body if Carlisle had not been the ablest advocate of free and unlimited coinage of silver.

"But Brutus tells you that he had not, and surely Brutus is an honorable man. Carlisle said in his three speeches that there were but eight million in silver dollars coined between 1792 and 1873, while the truth is there were $105,000,000 of silver money coined."

Carlisle was also accused of misrepresenting by $92,000,000 the amount of gold in circulation. The greatest portion of the speech was devoted to a severe criticism of Cleveland, Carlisle, Lindsay and the press.

THEY EMPHASIZE IT.

Claim the Silver Organization Is to Control the Democrats.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 14.—Speaking today of the movement inaugurated last night for the formation of a silver organization within the lines of the Democratic party, Senator Jones said: "This movement is strictly in the lines of the Democratic party, and we want the country to understand that. The organization of silver advocates in an independent body, without partisan character, cannot have the effect of giving organized strength to silver Democrats in a sense that will enable them to control the sending of delegates to the various conventions. An organization within the lines of the Democratic party, like to none now promoted, is absolutely essential to the success of the issue in our next national convention."

Senator Harris also emphasized the fact that the National Bimetallic league is to be a Democratic organization.

FUN IN OHIO.

Democrats Outwit the Silverites in a County Convention.

CANTON, O., June 14.—The administration forces of the county Democracy today defeated the silver men by packing the convention and refusing to adopt resolutions of any sort. They did so by fusing the harmony promoters of the party, but not until a big row was had between the two factions. It was precipitated by Anthony Howells, consul to Wales, who tried to indorse the Cleveland policy after the convention had decided to let resolutions go by default. The silver men tucked onto the indorsement every declaration of the party since 1876, and the delegates, rather than repudiate all their doctrines, were ready to vote with the silver men, when Howells took the matter out of their hands by withdrawing his motion.

AS LINDSAY SEES IT.

Silver Advocates Condemned and Carlisle Applauded.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 14.—Senator Lindsay spoke to a crowded house here last night. He dealt some sledge-hammer blows at the doctrines of the free silver campaign in this state, and replied to the plan of Senator Jones to raise immediately the value of all silver of the world 100 per cent. Should this be done, he held that the 423,000,000 legal tender silver dollars in circulation by our people would not have a cent added to their money value; but if, by the magical influence of an act of congress, the mercantile value of silver can be increased from 67 cents to $1.29 per ounce, then we may double the value of thousands of millions of silver in India, Mexico and other countries. No American would share the benefits of this miraculous increase, except the mine owners and the speculators. Senator Lindsay's speech was of two hours' duration and was enthusiastically received. During the course of his remarks he paid a glowing tribute to Carlisle's efforts in the cause of honest money.

OUTRAGE AND MURDER.

Cuban Rebels Destroy a Village Near Santiago.

HAVANA, June 14.—The insurgents have burned the village of Nuevitas, near Santiago, destroying twenty houses. In addition, they barbarously murdered five citizens by hacking them with machetes, and wounded two others. The president of the Red Cross association has disappeared from Santiago and is supposed to have joined the insurgents. A professor of the Institute Pinarco Maximo Abunza, while examining students who presented themselves for graduation, the examination taking place in public, sustained an atheist thesis upon revolutionary principles and unfavorable to the continued rule of Spain over Cuba. The government promptly ordered the suspension of the professor, and also suspended the director of the institute for the same cause.

THINK IT FRUITLESS.

Germans Not Eager for a Monetary Conference.

BERLIN, June 14.—The National Zeitung today says that replies have now been received by the government from the majority of the federal governments to the former's inquiry regarding the expediency of an international conference. It is said that, while several answers do not imply opposition to the proposal, not one of them manifests a real desire for a conference. The replies generally indicate a conviction that such a meeting would be fruitless.

Gibbons at Corpus Christi.

ROME, June 14.—Cardinal Gibbons presided yesterday at Corpus Christi celebration and procession in the Church of Santa Maria Trastevere, from which he derives his cardinal title. A number of the leading Americans in the city were present at the celebration.

Rescued Mariners.

BALTIMORE, June 14.—The steamer Hestia, Capt. Ranie, from Glasgow, brought to port nine seamen rescued on June 5 from the sinking Norwegian bark Ragnhild. The men had been at the pumps for eight days and were about exhausted.

Strike May Be Averted.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Today the indications were that trouble between the bookbinders at the government printing office and the foreman would be amicably settled, and the threatened strike of the 450 bookbinders in the government employ here averted.

Free Traders Winning.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., June 14.—The assembly has passed on its second reading the customs bill, which abolishes the duties imposed in 1891 and virtually establishes free trade.

Lawson the Terrible.

CHICAGO, June 14.—John Lawson, the "Terrible Swede," yesterday broke the world's bicycle record for five miles, previously held by Bainbridge. Bainbridge's record was 11:40. Lawson made it in 11:33 2-5.

DISHONEST DIRECTORS.

Sensational Charges Against Massachusetts Railroaders.

BOSTON, Mass., June 14.—Before the railroad commission this afternoon, Director Charles A. Sinclair, of the Worcester, Nashua & Rochester railroad, created a sensation by stating that the road had issued $71,500 in bonds since June 30, of last year, without the approval of the railroad commissioners, and that his predecessors in office had indulged in systematic stealings, amounting to three per cent a year on the stock of the company. The hearing was on the petition of the road for the approval of an issue of $200,000 bonds as authorized under the law. On the advice of Chairman Sanford, who told him he was not in a position to charge others with stealing, Mr. Sinclair afterwards withdrew his charge, but the commissioners will investigate.

IN THE CIVIL SERVICE.

About 2,500 Government Printing Employes Added.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—President Cleveland has signed an order prepared by the civil service commission whereby about 2,500 positions in the government printing office are put within the classified civil service. The positions included are all those in the office, with the possible exception of about 100, which embrace char women, coal heavers and others.

LYNCHED FOR TWO MURDERS.

Negro's Fiendish Crime on an Island Plantation.

NATCHEZ, Miss., June 14.—As the result of the infatuation of R. W. Dawson, with Virgie Brooks, a negro woman, Frank Macklin, manager of Natchez island plantation, lies dead in this city, with two Winchester balls through his body; the Brooks woman is dead on the island; Robert Carter, a negro boy, is at the hospital mortally wounded, and the body of Dawson, unshrouded, uncoffined and riddled with bullets, occupies an unknown grave near the water's edge on the Louisiana side of the river, where he fell while resisting arrest. Dawson was a shanty boat fisherman. The woman left him some time since and took up quarters on the Natchez island plantation. Dawson, early this morning appeared on the island, when Macklin ordered him away. Dawson started as though to obey, but turned suddenly and fired twice at Macklin, who dropped dead. Dawson then entered the house and shot the woman through the breast, killing her instantly. The same bullet passed through the body of the boy, Robert Carter, probably fatally injuring him. Dawson then made towards Louisiana. A posse from Vidalia, headed by Magistrate Brady impaneled a jury and held an and filled him with bullets. Magistrate Brady impanelled a jury and held an inquest on the spot, the verdict exonerating those engaged in the killing of Dawson.

NO PRIZES FOR CORNELL.

British Papers Comment on the American Crew.

LONDON, June 14.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon, commenting on the performances of the Cornell crew since it has been training on the Thames for the Henley regatta, expresses the opinion that more than one English crew will meet with little difficulty in defeating the oarsmen from Ithaca. The Echo, discussing the same subject, says it is not anticipated that the Cornell crew will seriously threaten the English crews, adding: "They row a tremendously fast stroke, but fail to catch the water with effect."

THE NATIONAL EMBLEM.

Old Home of Betsy Ross Decorated by the Quakers.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 14.—The celebration of flag day was appropriately observed throughout the city today. The dwelling at 239 Arch street, which was the home of Betsy Ross, the maker of the first American flag, was beautifully decorated with flags and bunting. The place had numerous visitors today, many of the callers being sight-seers from all parts of the country. Nearly all of the public schools displayed the national emblem.

Elected by Knights of Honor.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The Knights of Honor elected the following officers: John Mullins, New York, supreme dictator; J. W. Gohere, Pennsylvania, supreme vice dictator; John S. Shannon, Georgia, supreme assistant dictator; B. C. Nelson, Missouri, supreme reporter; J. W. Branch, Ohio, supreme treasurer; Rev. H. M. Hope, Virginia, chaplain; J. H. Hancock, Kentucky, supreme guide; J. R. Cole, Texas, supreme guard; F. B. Sliger, Arkansas, supreme sentinel; George S. Hallmark, Florida, F. M. Churchill, Massachusetts, and William J. Robinson, Pennsylvania, supreme trustees.

His Light Went Out.

LACON, Ill., June 14.—Knowles' "Light of the West," an imported shire stallion valued at $10,000, owned by Burgess Brothers, died today. The horse took first premium at the world's Columbian exposition. It was one of the best known stallions in America, having been exhibited in every American horse show since 1890. Breeders considered "Light of the West" the best draft stallion in America.

Great Timber Sale.

ASHLAND, Wis., June 14.—One of the largest sales of timber for several years was consummated here today. The Keystone Lumber company, of Ashland, purchased from John Canfield, of Manistee, Mich., all the standing pine owned by him in the Fish Creek valley, about 50,000,000. It gives the Keystone company control of all the pine along that creek.

Pointer and Mascot Matched.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 14.—Hal Pointer, 2:04½, owned by the Village Farm, and Mascot, 2:04, owned by W. P. Taylor, will pace two races, best three heats in five, at the grand circuit meeting in August, for $2,000 a side each race. One race will take place the first week of the meeting, and one in the second.

To Paris as a Delegate.

Special to the Globe.

HASTINGS, Minn., June 14.—Hon. J. F. Norrish has left for Paris as a delegate to the international prison congress, and expects to be absent about three months. He was accompanied by Mrs. J. F. Norrish and Miss Gertrude A. Norrish.

No Use Getting Mad.

New York World.

The increase of 10 per cent in wages at the Lehigh Zinc works was not stopped by denunciations of free trade, nor can it be helped by any amount of indignation it may excite in the minds of McKinley's admirers.

"Coon" Brand Collars are Guaranteed Value.

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AT ALL LEADING OUTFITTERS. . . .

What is Fashion? An interesting subject, too large for off-hand discussion. We'd like to mail to you (free) our *Descriptive Catalogue*. After getting a copy of us, see your Outfitter.

CLUETT, COON & CO., Makers. Factories, Troy, N. Y.

GRAPE AND CANISTER.

An insurmountable difficulty in the way of a successful harmony dinner is that each guest in his heart really wants the other's goose cooked.—Philadelphia Times.

In case Joe Blackburn finds it necessary to turn in a general alarm Bill Bryan will pack up his financial water tower and scurry down into Kentucky, and right at the present writing it looks very much as if the conflagration is too hot for Joseph to handle.—Washington Post.

Our amiable contemporary, the World-Herald, is by nature endowed with the instincts of the mole, the crawfish and the snake at one time. It is as blind as the mole and loves to grub under ground; its motions forward are always really backward, and its course is as slippery and devious as that of the watersnake.—Omaha Bee.

The governor general of Cuba appears to be Campos mentis.—Boston Herald.

Now that the North Carolina Methodists have taken up the financial question, we may expect a fresh batch of heresy trials.—Washington Post.

Judging from Campos' wanting more troops, about the only direction in which the Cuban insurrection is over, is over the left.—Philadelphia Times.

The financial vagaries of Democratic National Committeeman Sewell, of Maine, would seem to indicate that he had taken a share in them steers.—Boston Herald.

Senator Teller says he has no presidential ambitions. In this respect Mr. Teller is in very distinguished company.—Omaha Bee.

Between Mr. Foraker and those manufacturers who are advancing wages Gov. McKinley is forced to put in some very unpleasant hours.—Washington Post.

It is possible that Tom Reed is staying in the woods because there is a popular impression that lightning strikes more frequently there than anywhere else.—Kansas City Times.

Hon. Tom Carter is letting his mouth go rampaging around like a Montana maverick, and presidential aspirants tremble while awaiting the outcome.—Toledo Blade.

Benjamin Harrison is more of a receptive candidate than ever since he inadvertently sat down on Candidate McKinley's glossy tile at the Memorial exercises in New York city and crushed the opposition beyond all chance of resurrection.

Asphalt Very Strong.

Railroad Gazette.

The girders for the bourse now being built between Market and Chestnut streets, and extending from Fourth to Fifth streets, Philadelphia, were some time ago hauled to the site of the building. Many cross-flags and manhole covers were broken and a rut from ½ to ¾ of an inch deep appeared everywhere on the granite paving along the route of the hauling, whereas no trace of the wheels was left on the asphalt paving around the city hall. These girders weigh about thirty tons each. Of this about twenty tons came on the rear pair of wheels, which had seven-inch tires.

Morning Papers Handicapped.

Crookston Daily Tribune.

The St. Paul Globe complains because of the make-up of the time tables of the railroads running out of the Twin Cities. Most of the important mail trains leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis depart in the evening, and thus the morning newspapers for Northwest patrons are sent out on the same train with the evening papers, and the latter have thus got a big advantage. The morning papers are badly handicapped, and it would seem as though the railroads should give the interest of the morning papers some consideration in making up their time schedules.

They Will Win "If."

Courier-Journal.

But while it is clear that they were thus hopeful, it was no less clear that they based their hopes chiefly upon blunders and divisions by the Democrats. The almost universal expression among them was to this effect: "If the Democrats do so and so, Bradley's chances won't be worth much more than Republican chances in Kentucky are usually worth; but if the Democrats do such and such, then Bradley's prospect for the governorship is really good."

The Worst, by Common Consent.

Pittsburg Post.

Accepting the judgment of the leading Republican papers of the state, the late legislature was one of the worst, and to find anything to compare with it one will have to go back to legislatures before the adoption of the constitution of 1873, when the bars were all down and the lobby reigned supreme.

It's a Trust Buster.

Kansas City Times.

The safe trust is also tottering. The Whisky trust and the Cordage trust have gone, the Sugar trust is crippled and the Safe trust will soon be a thing of the past. Thus within a year after the passage of the new tariff law three of the trusts which have grown up and prospered under the fostering care of the McKinley law have been compelled to yield to the natural laws of trade and give up their attempts to rob the public by means of combination of capital and collusion in fixing prices.

The "Sixth Year Hoodoo."

Toledo Blade.

This is the malignant "sixth year" of the Ohio Republicans—the year to choose a legislature to elect a colleague to John Sherman in the United States senate. It is history that the sixth year has been fatal to the Republicans in the election of a majority of the general assembly.

THE GOLDEN FLEECE.

olorado Mine Is Robbed of an Enormous Sum.

LAKE CITY, Col., June 14.—A scheme of gigantic proportions has been unearthed by which the Golden Fleece Mining company has been systematically robbed for a number of months, and today it was announced the mine would shut down for an indefinite period. The robbery will reach enormous proportions, amounting, it is believed, to half the output, which was $40,000 per month.

The English Bimetallist.

Evening Post.

The secret of the queer tales about the progress of bimetalism in England which travelers like Mr. Whitney bring back is that of late years they see a great deal of the impoverished landholding class, who, like the "debtor class" everywhere, are in favor of anything that will raise prices. "Cheap money" is money in which mortgages could be paid off, in which grain would rule high, and rents come back to their own level, and settlements be made easy. The same class fondled the protective idea for nearly a whole generation after the rest of the nation had buried it.

**It Might Go Democratic