Daily Globe.

ST. PAUL

VOL. XVIII.—PRICE TWO CENTS—{ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.} ST. PAUL, MINN.: TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 15, 1895. PRICE TWO CENTS—{ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.}—NO. 288.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

BULLETIN OF THE DAILY GLOBE.

TUESDAY, OCT. 15.

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TODAY'S EVENTS.

Metropolitan—Trilby, 8.15.
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MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

MOVILLE, Oct. 14.—Arrived: Parisian, Montreal, for Liverpool.

In her next foreign war, France ought to select somebody of her color as well as her size.

Both New York and Minnesota have learned that nothing creates so much of a stir as to enforce the laws.

Why did not Gov. Clough choke off that Towne free silver meeting as expeditiously as he did the prize fight?

Fears are expressed that the cold snap has prevented the ripening of several sets of Northern Pacific receivers.

Free silverites are tearing their hair in the attempt to find an explanation of the rise in the price of the white metal.

Now it is announced that Moses E. Clapp thinks of running for governor. Does the Republican party of Minnesota need a Moses?

Massachusetts suffers from two candidates for governor, each of whom seems to have the indorsement of the Boston Herald.

A so-called special to a Republican paper says that "Tawney, Eddy and McCleary are opposed to a third term." That does settle it.

South Dakota's crop of defaulters shows no signs of giving out. The seed of the Taylor affair will continue to produce them for many a day.

If the Vanderbilts should assume responsibility for the Union Pacific, Uncle Sam might get back some of the money he has sunk in that enterprise.

Yale and Harvard should take a lesson from the babyish performance of Lord Dunraven, stop making faces at each other and get ready to play ball.

Chicago is so excited about Cuba that she might send Prof. Bemis down there to take the island away from Campos and make a present of it to Debs.

There is a long drouth in Pennsylvania. The Quakers want water. There is a long drouth in New York. The Knickerbockers want nothing so little as water.

Chicago railroad officials say that they have to run "home-seekers'" excursion trains to carry people into Minnesota. They know where to find what they seek.

Don M. Dickinson must have resigned those aspirations to fill the office of secretary of state. His language concerning the Sackville-West episode is offensively undiplomatic.

The governor of Georgia has taken no measures to prevent the meeting there of the bankers' convention, although those gentlemen have knocked out more people than Corbett and Fitzsimmons ever did.

Wilford Woodruff, president of the Mormon church, says part of his family are Democrats and part Republicans. When a man has a family which he can count up in bunches of ten, he can usually find political divisions in it.

Whether Harrison is trying to avert suspicion that he is in sympathy with McKinley, or McKinley is anxious to prove that he does not approve of Harrison, is the question that puzzles the Republican reader of the day's news.

In this dreadful language does a contemporary describe the situation in New York: "At present writing the Stecklerites, reinforced by the Delicatessen Union and the Schweitzer Kase men, are proposing to run a ticket of their own."

HOLDS HIS WHEAT

GRANGER OF THE NORTHWEST CONFIDENT OF A RISE IN PRICE.

MILLER'S DARING ESCAPE.

LEAPS THROUGH A CAR WINDOW OF A RAPIDLY MOVING TRAIN.

TAYLOR BEHIND BARS TODAY.

South Dakota M. E. Appointments—General News of the Northwest.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 14.—There is no doubt that Northwestern farmers are holding back their wheat on account of low prices prevailing and marketing their coarse grain instead. For several days past the receipts of wheat in this market have fallen below those of last year. Receivers say that offerings are daily growing lighter, and the daily sales here support the statement. On the other hand there has been a more than corresponding increase in coarse grains, though the daily reports of car inspection do not show as large a total for all grain receipts. During the first eleven days of the month the receipts of flax were equal to nearly two-thirds the total amount received during the full month of September. The quantity received during September was 816,662 bushels, which was more than came here during the entire crop last year, while for the first eleven days of October the receipts were 527,870 bushels. The same proportion prevails with regard to all coarse grains except rye. The receipts of oats for eleven days of October have been 56,699 bushels, as compared with 81,245 bushels during the entire month of September. Barley receipts during October thus far have been 356,253 bushels, while the total for the month of September was only 510,777 bushels. Of course it is not reasonable to fear that the wheat movement will continue relatively small for any length of time. Farmers who are averse to selling their wheat for ruling prices, and have coarse grains to sell, will send the latter to market now and hold the wheat for the reason that the coarse grains command relatively much higher values in this market than wheat. There is the further reason that flax cannot be held in the stack, as wheat can with safety from damage by the elements. Grain men believe that the heavy movement of coarse grains will be practically over before the 15th of next month, and the early closing of navigation is likely to spur shippers on to make inducements for a larger movement of wheat during the first half of November, if the market should demand, which is entirely likely.

PREFER THEIRS STRAIGHT.

St. Cloud Enjoined From Emptying Sewerage Into the Water Supply.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Oct. 14.—The water, light and power company and the city of St. Cloud have suddenly become involved in a litigation. Last week, after a great deal of contention, the city council ordered a sewer laid on Third street north, the chief object of which was to afford temporary relief to the cathedral parochial school, the board of health having condemned an attempt to build a cess pool, and threatened legal proceedings if persisted in by the parish. The sewer, as planned, empties into the river close to the filtering station of the water works plant and within about 900 feet of the intake pipe. This morning the company owning the water works secured a temporary restraining order and stopped the work on the sewer upon the ground that it would contaminate the water supply. About 600 children attend the school, which is now closed.

SOUTH DAKOTA PULPITS.

Appointments Announced at the Aberdeen Conference.

Special to the Globe.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Oct. 14.—The annual conference for South Dakota came to a close shortly after 4 o'clock this afternoon when Bishop Joice finished reading the apointments for the coming year. Presiding elders are: Aberdeen district, J. S. Akers; Huron, Thomas Emmons; Mitchell, A. R. Boggs; Sioux Falls, J. O. Dobson; Watertown, H. M. Springer. The larger charges were filled as follows: Aberdeen, F. W. Nazearene; Groton, W. D. Deeble; Huron, C. B. Clark; Pierre, O. H. Sprout; Redfield, G. C. Stevens; Mitchell, Lewis Bradford; Dell Rapids, G. F. Hopkins; Elk Point, F. T. Nichols; Madison, J. P. Jenkins; Sioux Falls, first church, W. H. Jordan; Jordan church, Nathan F. A. Well; circuit, admission; East Sioux Falls, H. B. Clearwater; Vermillion, C. E. Hager; Yankton, C. H. Smith; Brookings, T. H. Youngman; Millbank, Oliver Williams; Watertown, W. H. Vance; White, F. A. Burdick. The report of Conference Treasurer Rifunbark showed that the sum of $7,119 was raised for church extension, benevolence, missions, etc., during the year. This is exactly $574 less than raised last year. The statistical secretary reported a total membership of 9,922, which is a decrease of 172. There are 133 churches and 58 parsonages; substantially no change in the number of Sunday schools, 193. Vermillion was chosen as the place of the next meeting. Strong prohibition resolutions were adopted. Rev. A. E. Cathcart was left without an appointment to take the presidency of the non-partisan prohibition union.

Branded an Insurance Agent.

BATHGATE, N. D., Oct. 14.—This town reveled in a sensation late last week, which ended in a trial that had the whole town and much of Pembina county for spectators. A man named Bowen, formerly expressman on the Great Northern, struck the town Friday to write up life insurance. Among those whom he canvassed and by whom he was refused was a blacksmith, an Englishman of the old school. Bowen was persistent, and, after being refused several times, started to abuse the Englishman. While he was in the tallest phrases of mean things he had at his command, the blacksmith suddenly slapped a red-hot horseshoe against his breast and branded him plainly, burning through his clothes and searing the skin. As the insurance man turned to get away he was branded again by the same mark of good luck. He finally made his way out of the shop, and had the village smithy arrested. The jury set the smithy free.

LEAP FOR LIBERTY.

Fargo Swindler Makes a Daring Escape—Not Recaptured.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., Oct. 14.—Chief of Police Barnes, of this city, captured Joe Miller, the man who it is thought is the instigator of a scheme which has done many people in this city out of large sums of money, in St. Paul Sunday, and started for Fargo on the Northern Pacific. During the night Miller escaped by jumping from the train near Hawley. The police have been searching all day, but up to a late hour he had not been captured.

READY TO START WITH TAYLOR.

Sheriff Price Will Land Him in Prison Today.

PIERRE, S. D., Oct. 14.—The supreme court today handed down a remittitur in the case of Defaulting State Treasurer Taylor. Sheriff Price will start for Sioux Falls with his prisoner tomorrow morning.

North Dakota's Schools.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Oct. 14.—From the annual reports of the schools of North Dakota, compiled by Miss Bates, state superintendent of education, for the year ending Sept. 1, 1895, the following interesting facts and figures are gleaned: There were employed 953 male and 1,865 female teachers. The amount paid to male teachers was $187,206.66 and to female teachers was $260,330.40. There were 64,000 pupils enrolled. The school enrollment was 35 per cent of the population of the state. There are 2,071 schools, with a seating capacity of 68,527 pupils. There are 15,916 volumes in the school libraries, exclusive of text books. The total value of the school property is $1,643,181.77. The special tax levied for school purposes was $828,416.92. The number of children of school age in the state is 61,718. There are only 35 colored children of school age in the entire state.

Counties Will Get the Cash.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, S. D., Oct. 14.—The different counties of the state have responded to the September call of the land commissioner's office for funds for distribution to the counties in December. These funds now on hand, with the funds received from the December call, will be sent out before the 1st of January. The amounts just sent in, by counties, is from interest on the permanent school fund and from leases, all small amounts. About $900 of the total is from deferred payments. The total amount received from the counties is $21,851.55. To this amount must be added $896.45, interest on deferred payments.

Hello Lines in the Valley.

FARGO, N. D., Oct. 14.—The long-distance telephone line from Hillsboro to Mayville and Portland is completed and the 'phones will be in soon. All the line from Fargo to Grand Forks is completed except a short strip in Hillsboro and a short distance near Buxton. Grand Forks will be talking with Fargo this week. At Hillsboro the three lines will have a switch, so the lines both north and south can be used at the same time. The line from Fargo to Tower City is proving a decided success. The machines at Grandin and Kelso are being put in.

Fires at Anoka.

ANOKA, Minn., Oct. 14.—Extensive fires have burned over Pope, Boardman and Elwell meadows. In the towns of Blaine and Ham Lake a great many tons of hay have been burned and the damage is considerable. A. J. Boardman's elegant place was in a dangerous situation, but was saved. Some machinery was burned that was being used on the meadows. The dense smoke blew directly towards the Twin Cities. Fires have raged three days.

Burned Grain in Shock.

COOPERTOWN, N. D., Oct. 14.—The most disastrous prairie fire ever experienced in this section passed over the west and northwest portions of Griggs county Saturday night and Sunday. Thousands of bushels of grain in shock and stack were destroyed, besides hundreds of tons of hay and feed. In some places horses and cattle were burned. The loss will reach up into the thousands of dollars. No lives lost so far as reported.

Captured Tons of Fish.

APPLETON, Wis., Oct. 14.—Fishermen of Oshkosh have been trying to evade the game wardens with their illegal fish catches by taking their fish to Green Bay by wagon. Two loads were passing through here this morning when they were seized by the game wardens. The loads contained 5,000 pounds. The drivers were arrested and the fish sold at auction. It seems illegal fishing continues despite the fight of the state wardens.

Rich Gold Finds.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Oct. 14.—Private dispatches received from Neihart confirms the news of the gold strike. The vein is three feet wide in rotten quartz, which is easily crushed, and the gold can be panned out by hand. The quartz runs from $100 to $3,300 on the surface. A large number of mining men went up from here on this morning's train and at Neihart people are reported as wild with excitement.

Moguls for the Iron Range Road.

TWO HARBORS, Minn., Oct. 14.—The Duluth & Iron Range road has placed an order for ten locomotives with the Baldwin Locomotive works, of Philadelphia. The engines are to be duplicates of the 70's built this summer at the Schenectady works. With the building of these engines, the fourteen largest road locomotives in the United States will have been built for the Duluth & Iron Range within one year. An order for twenty-five box cars has been placed with the West Duluth Manufacturing company.

Endeavorers This Week.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 14.—The State Christian Endeavor association, which holds its ninth annual convention in Duluth this week, promises to be an event of importance. There are 28,000 Endeavorers in the state, and it is thought that at least 500 delegates will attend. There will be special arrangements made from the northwestern part of the state for train service for the benefit of delegates and reduced rates from eleswhere.

FALL OF THE RATIO

FARMERS' CONGRESS REFUSES TO ADOPT A FREE SILVER RESOLUTION.

DEFEATED BY 147 VOTES.

EAST, NORTH AND SOUTH WENT ALMOST SOLIDLY AGAINST IT.

GEORGIA DELEGATES SPLIT.

Request to President Cleveland to Call an International Monetary Conference.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 14.—Soon after the Farmers' national congress resumed its meetings this morning a sensation was sprung in the form of a fight on free silver, which resulted in the complete defeat of the 16 to 1 forces. By a vote of 251 9-14 to 104 5-14 the congress refused to insert the words "at a ratio not to exceed 16 to 1" in a resolution asking congress to use both gold and silver on a parity and calling for an international conference on the monetary question.

The resolution was one which had just come from the committee on resolutions and was reported favorably. It was offered by J. G. Offut, a prominent delegate from Indiana. In substance it deprecated the present condition of finances in this country, and called upon the president of the United States to call an international congress of all nations willing to unite in the equal use of both gold and silver. Then the free silver delegates wanted the paragraph changed to "willing to unite in the equal use of both gold and silver at a ratio not to exceed 16 to 1."

Numbers of delegates jumped to their feet, and it was soon evident that the congress was opposed to the amendment. The question was first put viva voce, and the noes had it evidently. A vote by states was called for, and resulted in the rejection of the amendment by a vote of 251 9-14 to 104 5-14. Georgia's delegation was divided. The states known as the silver states favored the amendment, and the East, North and South voted almost solidly against it. The fight was made squarely on the merits of the question and the issue was in no way clouded with parliamentary technicalities.

The victory of the sound money element in the congress was emphasized later in the day, when a resolution declaring opposition to the further issue of interest-bearing treasury bonds or notes under any circumstances was lost. A resolution favoring congressional enactment against the beef trust was adopted.

NO VOTES FOR WOMEN.

Warm Contest on the Question in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 14.—The Massachusetts Man Suffrage association has opened headquarters at 7 A Park street, in this city, and is preparing to make an active campaign against woman suffrage in municipal politics. The following circular, signed by 100 prominent men of the state, was issued tonight:

"To the People of Massachusetts: A law was passed by the last legislature providing that all persons qualified to vote for school committee at the approaching state election, whether male or female, shall have an opportunity at that election to express their opinion, 'Is it expedient that mutual suffrage be granted to women?'

"The question is of great and far-reaching importance. To create conditions which suggest that the power to make the laws may be in a body different from that which has the power to enforce the laws is objectionable. To more than double the total number of voters is in itself no advantage. Women, as compared with men, have had but little experience in private or trust or corporate business affairs. Our city and town governments are great public business corporations. We submit, therefore, that the rights and property of our citizens, female as well as male, are better protected and more intelligently cared for than they would be by establishing women suffrage.

"We submit that woman suffrage will not prove a benefit, but rather an injury, to the family, which is the base of growth and prosperity of the state. For the welfare of the community as a whole we urge those who vote, whether men or women, to vote 'no.'"

Among the more prominent names attached to the circular are those of ex-Gov. George D. Robinson, ex-Gov. Russell, Hon. L. Jefferson Coolidge, ex-United States minister to France, Charles W. Elliott, president of Harvard college, and Hon. Eben S. Draper, ex-chairman of the Republican state committee.

A. P. A. BOARD MEETS.

Perfecting Organization for the National Campaign.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 14.—The advisory board of the American Protective association, organized at Milwaukee last year, met here today. The main object of the meeting is to perfect a national organization in accordance with the general plan agreed upon at Milwaukee a year ago and which shall perform a like function in the forthcoming presidential campaign as that performed by state boards in local elections. That is, the religious affiliations and influences which surround each of the candidates nominated for president and vice president will be rigidly investigated and a report thereon will be made to all the members of the order throughout the country to guide them on election day.

WILL LEAVE THE G. A. R. U.

President Anderson Dissatisfied With His Committee.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—An evening paper asserts that Dr. H. A. C. Anderson will resign his position as president of the German-American Reform union at the meeting to be held tomorrow night, on account of the action of the general committee's co-operation with Tammany in the municipal campaign. The meeting is to be a protest against this coalition and will be addressed by Theodore Sutro, Carl Schurz and others. The Good Government club, of which editor Richard Watson Gilder, of the Century, is a leading light, met tonight and repudiated the good government city ticket, indorsing the fusion ticket.

For Congress.

LITCHFIELD, Ill., Oct. 14.—At the congressional committee's meeting held here today W. F. L. Hadley, of Madison county, was nominated as Republican candidate for congress to fill the place of Cyrus L. Cook, deceased.

ISSUED THE CALL.

Democrats Summon the Utah Convention to Meet Again.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Oct. 14.—The Democratic territorial committee met today and unanimously decided to reconvene the territorial convention. The call issued by the committee says: "Efforts are being made to cause the people to believe that the dominant church of Utah desires the defeat of the Democratic ticket. The Democratic party has no quarrel with any church in Utah. Its grievances have been caused by those who are willing to drag the cross of Christ in the mud and filth of politics to advance selfish ends. Therefore, in order that there may be issued a declaration of political and religious independence, the Democratic state committee hereby directs the reassembling of the delegates that composed the original convention, at Salt Lake Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1895."

AN APOSTLE'S POSITION.

LOGAN, Utah., Oct. 14.—In an interview Apostle Moses Thatcher, Democratic candidate for the United States senate, said: "I believe that every member of an organized society should respect his officers, because if he did not confusion and possible disruption would result. I have known of nothing in the religious organization to which I belong to in the least degree restrict me in the obligations which I owe to the state. I reaffirm my position as to the union of church and state, in whatever form it may appear, believing that the peace, prosperity and happiness of the people depend upon their absolute separation. I will remain with my party on issues which have already arisen, or may arise in the future."

SANK WITH THREE MEN.

Wreck of the Nellie Duff Off Lorain, O.

LORAIN, O., Oct. 14.—The schooner Nellie Duff, hailing from Detroit and bound from Pelee island for Cleveland loaded with gravel, sank two miles off Lorain harbor shortly after midnight last night, the captain and two members of the crew drowning. A heavy sea was running and the schooner sprang a leak and went down while trying to make the port. Capt. Peterson and Seaman John Haggerman, both of Pomeroy, O., and an unknown sailor hailing from Cleveland, were drowned. Fishermen brought in word early this morning that wreckage was floating in on the beach, and the tug Cascade immediately started out, and after half and hour discovered the spars of a boat sticking above the water about two miles out. A man was found clinging to the topmast in almost a lifeless condition. He was picked up and brought in. He gave his name as George Wilson, but is in such an exhausted condition that he has yet ben unable to give an intelligent account of the wreck.

THREE CARS IN A DITCH.

Scores of Passengers on Board, and Nearly All Were Hurt.

ELKHORN, W. Va., Oct. 14.—A passenger train on the Norfolk & Western railroad was wrecked by a broken frog between Bluefield and Kenova today. The baggage and mail car and the second-class coach were thrown from the track and ditched. Seventy-six passengers were in the car and all were more or less injured. P. P. Dillon, mayor of Pocahontas, W. Va., was badly hurt; also R. L. Coney, of the Greebriar Coal company, and F. L. Shaffer, baggage master. All the wounded passengers were taken to Pocahontas for medical attendance.

BURNING FOR A MONTH.

Fire Raging in the Muir Tunnel, on the Northern Pacific.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 14.—Fire has been raging furiously in the Muir tunnel on the Northern Pacific, between Bozeman and Livingston, for nearly a month. Efforts were made to smother the fire by sealing the tunnel, and also with steam, but both were unsuccessful. The damage cannot be estimated at this time, but it is believed to be very heavy. Large quantities of earth have fallen in on the tracks. Trains are being transferred successfully over the new track recently constructed over the mountains.

BURNED ON HIS STEAMER.

Loss of the Ben Sweet and Her Captain.

TOMAHAWK, Wis., Oct. 14. — The steamer Ben Sweet burned and sunk in shallow water in Tomahawk lake. Capt. Lewis Gleerum, the captain, was burned to death in the cabin. His remains will be sent to Eau Claire, Wis.

Explosion of a Converter.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 14.—An explosion of a converter occurred at the Frankstown mill of Jones & Laughlin early this morning. Ten men were injured, three it is feared being fatally burned. The names of the latter are: Squire Watson, John B. Burr, William Edwards.

Fell From N. P. Trestle.

BUTTE, Mont., Oct. 14.—Four bridge carpenters working on the Northern Pacific road a few miles from here were knocked from the top of a high trestle by a falling timber to the rocks below. John McParris was killed and the injured are: John Holmes, fatally; George Abrams, fatally; Dan Harrison, may live.

$20,000, PERHAPS.

Omaha Very Unfortunate With Her Treasurers.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 14.—The investigation into the affairs of the Omaha city treasury, which has been in progress since Treasurer Bolln was deposed for being caught short, developed a new line of evidence today, which it is asserted shows that Jerome Coulter, Bolln's deputy, misappropriated $20,000, and possibly more. No effort, apparently, was made to falsify the books. The money was taken and pocketed, and as more was needed, it was drawn from the banks. The reason why this has never been discovered was that from the time that Bolln went into office those books were never balanced with the cash account.

BRILLIANT EVENT.

RECEPTION TENDERED VISITING EPISCOPALIANS BY MR. AND MRS. HILL.

THEIR HOME THROWN OPEN

IN HONOR OF RT. REV. BISHOP WHIPPLE AND BISHOP GILBERT.

IT WAS A CHARMING AFFAIR

In One of the Finest Mansions on the American Continent.

The reception tendered the bishops and delegates of the general conference by Mr. and Mrs. James J. Hill at their palatial home on Summit avenue last night exceeded in magnificence any social function tendered the convention since its meeting. Their luxurious residence was thrown into one vast reception room, seemingly, and while the attendance of guests was very large, yet the amplitude of the Hill mansion give so much room that the idea of a crowd was entirely absent. When the guests had laid off their wraps and descended to the main floor, they were met by the ushers, who were Messrs. W. N. Armstrong, T. L. Schurmeier, W. H. Lightner, A. Dalgren, Lurdley Shepherd, Charles Otis, M. J. Boyle, Ed Halbert, H. P. Bend, W. C. Farrington, Dan Hand and E. W. Durant Jr., who presented them to the hosts and hostesses of the evening. These were Rt. Rev. Bishop Whipple, Mrs. Dr. John Wright, Rt. Rev. Bishop Gilbert and Mrs. Gilbert, and Mr. and Mrs. James J. Hill, who were stationed in a group in the reception room. Over 1,200 invitations had been sent out, and fully 1,000 persons accepted them.

The reception being much in the nature of a semi-public event, furnishes the justification for a more general knowledge of the magnificent interior of the railroad magnate's palatial home. Brilliantly illuminated, and with its splendid proportions clearly brought out against the black sky, this dinified structure stood forth last night with every appearance of a baronial castle on the summit of

SOME HISTORIC MOUNTAIN.

The spacious grounds about it with winding drives and stately porte cochere only served to heighten the reseblance, but it was not until the guests were ushered into the immense hall that they could but faintly appreciate the beauty and grandeur of the place. Facing the entrance proper a great broad staircase broke the distance between the main floor and a generous landing, which in turn bore off two separate passages to the second floor.

The spaces on either side of the staircase were literally banked with palms and other exotics which furnished an appropriate foreground for the brilliant stained glass effects which backed the landing and which were brought into prominence by the subdued effect of the electric light. Practically the entire house was thrown open to the visitors, who found much to please their tasts and edify their senses.

With the large number of guests the offices of the ushers were by no means simple, but by a simple plan the pleasure of those who were being entertained was admirably insured. After paying their respects to those receiving with the host and hostess, the visitors naturally found their way out of the reception room into the music room.

The reception room, which is situated just to the left of the main hall as you enter, is finished in dark wood with a remarkably cheerful fireplace, and the big cut glass disk suspended from the ceiling softens the innumerable lights which cast a warm glow upon the tapestry and fittings which are in the best taste.

Opening off the reception room is the music room, which is exquisitely finished in white and gold, and in the corners of which are found two grand pianos. The walls are relieved by rare paintings, while in several niches are bits of statuary, the whole making a thoroughly comfortable, home-like conservatory. Here, too, were placed about in artistic confusion palms and potted plants. Thence across the great hall the regal drawing room, which last evening was honored by the presence of so many distinguished people, furnished the subject for unlimited admiration. Equipped with an immense open fireplace, the wall decorations blended so perfectly, the room was perhaps never before seen to better advantage, the bright colors of the women's gowns setting off by the sombre cloth of the members of the clergy.

Off the drawing room is a tiled piazza, which was housed in for the reception, and to which some of the more daring of guests found their way and chatted in spite of the chill night air. The view of the lighted city many hundred feet below was a novel one to many of those present, and it only required, a small stretch of imagination to feel oneself in the stronghold of some ancient feudal castle.

TREASURES IN ART.

The art gallery, which for the character and value of its pictures, is reputed to contain one of the greatest private collections of paintings in the country, funished a genuine treat for the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hill. Side by side were hung the characteristic wood scene of Rosseau, the pastoral work of Dupre, representations of ancient warfare by Delacroix, while tucked away among such celebrated masters as Millet, Carot, Daubigny and Troyon were several little military bits by De Taille.

The gallery is beautifully furnished, the space being relieved by two or three pieces of heroic bronze statuary. At one end is set in a pipe organ, upon which several numbers were given through the evening, and which added in no small measure to the felicity of the occasion.

During the evening the guests spent much time in looking over the art gallery and in listening to a fine musical programme presented by I. Warren Andrews, assisted by Miss Stella Griswold and Mr. Fritz Schlachter, of Minneapolis. The programme was as follows:

On the Organ—
Procession March..........I. V. Flagler
Melody in F..................Rubinstein
Song Without Words.............Thome
March Nuptiale.......F. de la Tombelle
Triumphal March........Sainton-Dolby
Violin and Organ—
Vision de Jeanne d'Arc..........Gounod
Gavotte in G.........................Bohm
"Tannhauser" Fantasie.........Wagner
Trios, String and Organ—
Messe Sans Paroles............d'Ortigue
Andante Religioso...............Bussine
Organ—
Grand Chorus in D.............Guilmant
Cello Solo—
Nocturne No. 2...............Golterman
Miss Stella Griswold............Violinist
Fritz Schlachter....................'Cellist

ELABORATE LUNCHEON.

During the evening an elaborate lunch, consisting of salads, sandwiches, ices, fruits, cakes and coffee was served in the dining room. The attendance of distinguished guests was very large, and besides, many of the noted men of the church, the attendance of prominent people of the Twin Cities was very large. The bishops were:

Rt. Revs. Graves, China; Newton, Virginia; Adams, Easton; Wells, Spokane; Brooke, Oklahoma; Brewer, Montana; Whitehead, Pittsburg; Doan, Albany; Coleman, Delaware; Hale, Cairo; Niles, New Hampshire; Neely, Maine; Millspaugh, Kansas; White, Indiana; Spaulding, Colorado; Rulison, Central Pennsylvania; Penica, retired bishop of Cape Palmas, Africa.

There was present also a large number of the Catholic clergymen of the Catholic church of the Twin Cities, among them being Rt. Rev. Archbishop Ireland, Mgr. Caillet, Nugent, London, Eng., and Rev. Drs. Heffron, Shields, Turner, Maynihan and Very Rev. Fr. Byrn, of St. Thomas' seminary and Rev. Frs. Casey, Harrison, McNulty, Dolphin, Lawler, Chusty, Illig, Gibbons and Fitzpatrick. Among the prominent persons, both clergy and laity, and ladies from abroad, were Rev. William R. Huntington, New York; Dr. David H. Greer, New York; Dr. Battersley, Albany; Dr. McVicar, Philadelphia; Dr. Dobbin, Shattuck school, Faribault; Rev. Dean and Mrs. Gardaur, Faribault; Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Seabrease, Fort Wayne, Ind.; J. Pierpont Morgan, New York; Augustus Bronson, Wapacka, Wis. From this city there were venerable Archdeacon and Mrs. Appleby, Dr. and Mrs. Wright, Dr. Andrews and the Andrews, Rev. and Mrs. Cotton, Rev. and Mrs. Charles Holmes, Rev. E. Dray, Rev. N. Bolt, Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Ingersoll, ex-Gov. Ramsey, Hon. and Mrs. J. J. Parker, D. W. Lawler, Judge and Mrs. Otis, Judge and Mrs. Kelly, Judge and Mrs. Egan, Judge and Mrs. Flandrau, Col. and Mrs. Newport, Judge Willis, Gen. and Mrs. Bend, Gen. and Mrs. Mason. Gen. C. C. Andrews, Maj. and Miss White, Dr. and Mrs. Stone, Senator and Mrs. H. F. Stevens, Gen. and Mrs. Newport, Judge and Mrs. Willrich, Messrs. and Mesdames R. R. Dorr, J. B. Tarbox, D. R. Noyes, Samuel Hill, D. M. Sullivan, J. M. Hanaford, A. Tighe, D. A. Monfort, W. E. Peet, E. W. Peet, S. R. McMasters, W. P. Wright, Frederick Weyerhauser, H. F. Stevens, Frederick Driscoll Sr., H. A. Castle, C. A. Severance, H. P. Upham, E. G. Rogers, William Dawson Jr., W. A. Lindeke, Messrs. R. Gordon, J. G. Pyle, W. J. Footner, W. H. Winter, and Misses Gordon, Bend, Upham, Bass, Horne, Lindeke and Warner.

The reception was, in every respect, one of the most informal sort, despite its elegance of appointment and surroundings, and the conventionality of introduction seemed to melt away in the genial warm of the welcome tendered the distinguished guests. And while St. Paul has not had the honor of entertaining through its entire stay, the general convention, yet by individual hospitality, as shown last night, it has been shown how warmly would have been the welcome shown it and how unceasing would have been the efforts in entertaining had the convention come to us.

EIGHTEEN DOOMED MEN.

Their Heads Come Off for Missionary Outrages.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The World prints this morning the following dispatch from Foo Chow, dated Oct. 15: "As a result of the British consul's interview with him, the viceroy has agreed to execute eighteen more men accused of murdering missionaries immediately. The consuls and the taotal (magistrate) are empowered to pass sentence hereafter without reference to the viceroy. The concessions are due to the presence here of five British men-of-war."

CAUGHT A GHOUL.

Madison the Hiding Place of a Des Moines Grave Robber.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 14.—A man giving the name of John Mockler, but who is believed to be Dr. John W. Overton, of Des Moines, Io., was sentenced to ten days' imprsonment in the county jail this morning for drunkenness. In February, 1893, Dr. John W. Overton, instructor in the medical department of Drake university; John W. Schaffer, observer at the United States signal service station; J. W. Martin, a hostler, and J. E. Sloan, a liveryman, were accused by the Des Moines police officers charged with robbing the grave of an old soldier. A cab driver, who had been asked to help the ghouls, but backed out, tipped off the robbery to the police, and the four men were arrested with the corpse in their possession. Overton was released on bail and disappeared, as did also Schaffer. Charges were not preferred against the other two men. Mockler has been in Madison for about a week, living on charity. Although poorly dressed, he is an intelligent looking man, about fifty years of age, and the Madison officers are confident he is the person the Iowa authorities have so long been looking for. Sheriff McGarraugh, of Des Moines, will come here tonight with a requisition for Overton.

WILL PUSH THE ROAD.

New Ulm in Earnest Over Another Railway.

NEW ULM, Minn., Oct. 14.—At a public meeting nearly 100 prominent citizens signed a guarantee of right of way through New Ulm and $5,000 toward the right of way from Winthrop to New Ulm to the Minneapolis, New Ulm & Southwestern Railroad company. The survey from Winthrop to New Ulm has been completed and contracts will be let for grading this week. It is understood that surveys toward the Missouri will be pushed as rapidly as possible, and direct connections with the northern part of the state may be sought.

Dickinson in Idaho.

TACOMA, Wash., Oct. 14.—A private telegram was received here this afternoon from Boise City, Idaho, announcing that Judge Beatty, of the United States district court, today extended the jurisdiction of M. W. Dickinson as general manager over the property of the Northern Pacific in that state. Judge Beatty continued action on the receivership matter for a week. It is supposed he wished to await the outcome of the hearing in New York on Friday.

Well-Known Educationalist Dead

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 14.—Andrew J. Moulder, city and county superintendent of schools, died today of pneumonia. During the past forty years he served two terms as superintendent of the city schools and three terms as state superintendent of public instruction. He has been prominent in national educational conventions. He established the present educational system of California.

LANDED AT SEOUL.

AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN MARINES PROTECT THEIR LEGATIONS.

DOWNFALL OF THE QUEEN.

TAI WON KUN AND THE KING JOIN HANDS TO RULE COREA.

HER MAJESTY'S VANISHING ACT

Little Doubt That She Has Been Put to Death and That Others Have Suffered.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—Information of the formidable uprising in Corea, resulting in the disappearance and probable death of the queen, and the landing of military forces by the United States and European powers, has been received by Minister Kurino, of Japan, from the foreign office at Tokio. It is quite sensational, indicating the landing of marines by Russia, the United States, and probably Great Britain. The latest dispatch received by Minister Kurino states that a force of Russian marines, forty in number, has been landed. Thus far they have confined themselves to guarding the Russian legation at Seoul. United States marines were landed from the Yorktown to the number of 16. It is believed also that British marines have been landed. Besides these, the Japanese have a considerable force of soldiers at Seoul who have been preserving order.

The dispatches come from Tokio and communicate the substance of dispatches received from Gen. Muira, the Japanese envoy at Seoul. They are dated from the 9th to the 12th inst. It appears from these that the trouble had its inception through the queen's dislike of the newly organized soldiers in Corea. The old soldiers had the primitive equipment of the far East, but with the progress of Japanese influence in Corea two battalions of Corean troops were organized on modern methods. Each battalion numbered 600 men, armed with modern weapons. They were well drilled and officered. When the queen showed her disfavor toward these new troops they appealed to the Tai Won Kun, a powerful chief who has long been at enmity with the queen. He accepted the leadership of the new troops, and at the head of one battalion entered the queen's palace. The native soldiers fled from the palace.

SHE DISAPPEARED.

The Tokio dispatches do not state specifically what became of the queen, further than that she disappeared and cannot be found. The officials are inclined to believe, however, that the unofficial reports of the queen's death are true. The Japanese government has acted quickly on the reports, and has appointed a commission to inquire into the facts. In the meantime it is emphatically denied that the queen's death, if it has occurred, was due to the Japanese. One report is that a Japanese soshi killed the queen. This is not yet confirmed. The officials say that the soshis are an irresponsible and lawless class, and that their acts cannot be laid to the Japanese people or government.

Gen. Muira's report also covers the work of Japanese troops in preserving order. These troops were stationed opposite the palace, having secured this point of vantage some time since through the Corean government. They took no part in the attack on the palace, but after it had occurred, when the native troops were fleeing and the new battalions were enforcing their success in capturing the palace, the Japanese troops aided in preventing bloodshed and disorder. It is probable that some deaths occurred during the melee. Following this came the landing of United States and Russian marines, and, as is believed, the landing of the British.

FRIENDS OF THE JAPS.

The latest indications are that the Tai Won Kun and the king are in control of affairs at the Corean capital. The king has been the nominal ruler, but the queen has heretofore been recognized as the real ruler. The influence of the king and the Tai Won Kun are distinctly favorable to the Japanese.

At the Corean legation no word has been received from the disturbed capital. The officials are much exercised and do not doubt that the queen has met her death, although they are not ready to abandon hope. In case official confirmation is received, there will be such formal ceremony as is usual on the death of a sovereign. The legation will go into mourning, but there is not likely to be a funeral service, although this has been considered as a further mark of respect.

TERRORS OF DYNAMITE.

Gen. Campos Trying to Stop the Rebel Outrages.

HAVANA, Oct. 14.—The recent use of dynamite by the insurgents along the line of the railroad is causing the authorities grave uneasiness and it has been considered necessary to employ some special measures to suppress the practice. Considerable damage has been done and fears are felt that greater harm may come from the practice. Captain General Martinez de Campos has published an order that all trees and bushes shall be cut down and all huts shall be removed within a distance of 200 yards of the railroad track on both sides. It is further ordered that no one shall be allowed to approach the trains. Violators of these orders are to be summarily courtmartialed.

Capt. Gen. de Compos also publishes an order which proclaims that he will continue his practice of pardoning all rebels who lay down their arms and surrender themselves to the authorities, except the chiefs. These latter are to be subject to the decision of the captain general, who will investigate to ascertain whether any of them have been guilty of outrage in the conduct of the investigation.

As a further warning against the use of dynamite, severe Spanish laws, enacted in 1894 as a result of the outrage at Barcelona, are to be published here.