

OLSON'S

The Big Store,
First Avenue South and Fifth
St., MINNEAPOLIS.
All Interurban Cars Pass Our Doors

THE DICKINSON DRY GOODS COMPANY BANKRUPT STOCK

Comprising their immense and superb lines of Silks, Dress Goods, Flannels, Linings, Linens, Prints, Gingham, Muslins, Domestic, Blankets, Comforters, Notions, Trimmings, Hosiery, Underwear, Men's Furnishings, Umbrellas, Ribbons, Laces, Gloves, Embroideries, Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, Stationery, Toys and Fancy Goods,

Was Sold to Us by the Assignee at an Enormous Discount

THIS IMMENSE STOCK IS BEING REMOVED TO THE BIG STORE.

This Sale Will Begin Promptly at 10 O'Clock A. M. Today, Wednesday

In connection with this great purchase and sale we announce another prodigious purchase of LADIES' and MISSES' CAPES and JACKETS--over 10,000 Garments, the entire season's output of one of New York's leading manufacturers, at LESS THAN ONE-HALF COST TO MAKE. Also the

BURKHOLDER MILLINERY CO.'S FINE BANKRUPT STOCK OF IMPORTED PATTERN HATS AND MILLINERY

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT THIS SALE AT RIDICULOUS PRICES.

The Store Will Remain Closed Until 10 O'Clock Today. Our Entire Force Have Labored All Night to Get the Great Stocks in Condition for the Sale Today.

S. E. OLSON CO.

MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

Work of laying the brick paving on Bridge square was commenced yesterday.

Rev. Charles A. Reese has determined to accept the call recently extended to him by the First Baptist church at Lawrence, Mass.

Joseph Jefferson will be seen in his famous character of "Rip Van Winkle" on next Monday and Tuesday nights at the Metropolitan.

The board of corrections and charities allowed ex-Supt. Owen \$20 for his services instead of that amount and passage to Norway as previously published.

The Cedar Lake Ice company has taken out a permit for the construction of a large frame greenhouse at the intersection of Lyndale avenue and Huron street.

The State Horticultural society will hold its twenty-ninth annual meeting on Dec. 3 and 4. The special features of the meeting will be a fruit exhibit and a review of the condition of apple growing in Minnesota.

Theodore Walker, a colored man, whose favorite pastime seemed to be beating the face of his wife, Mary, was fined \$5 or thirty days.

J. C. Sodin has taken out a permit for the construction of three double tenements on Twenty-seventh street, near Fourteenth avenue south.

The buildings will be frame and two stories in height, and will cost about \$300 each.

S. E. Olson & Co. have taken out a permit to erect another flight of fire-proof stairs on the outside of their immense department store building, so as to ensure every facility for escape in case of fire or accident in their building.

Inspector Tibbury yesterday seized 1,562 pounds of pork that Ernest Hirsch, a Carver county farmer, had brought to the city for sale.

The loss will fall very hard on Farmer Hirsch, who killed the hogs to raise a sum of money necessary to relieve his farm of debt.

The latest move in Odd Fellows circles is the proposition to organize an association of great grand masters.

The number of such dignitaries in the Twin Cities is estimated at 500, and it is thought that the new organization will prove a good thing.

A meeting for the purpose of discussing the matter will be held this evening at the hall of Wilkey Lodge No. 5.

HALL WOULD TALK,

BUT THE GRAND JURY DOES NOT CARE TO PERMIT HIM TO.

STEVENS TO SPEAK FOR HIM

EXTENSION OF TIME NEEDED ON THE EXPOSITION PROPERTY.

THE CHICAGO FLOUR FIGHT.

John Robinson Gets Seven Years

—Charles Johnson Tries to Hang Himself.

TRIED TO HANG HIMSELF.

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His Offense Was One That Merited It.

Robinson Will Spend Seven Years in Stillwater Penitentiary for his Crime upon Little Edna Huntz.

ONE NIGHT'S WORK, \$85.

Big Haul Made by a Cute Burglar.

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Hanlon Wins the First.

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Football Men Leave Today.

Recommended by Physicians.

Horsford's

Baking Powder is itself a Nutritious Food.

No other powder has this quality.

HOYT'S RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

THE MINNEAPOLIS FOOTBALL TEAM.

THE CHICAGO FLOUR FIGHT.

SHORT OF FUNDS.

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Washburn-Crosby concern and the Northwestern Consolidated Milling company come into an arrangement willingly. Negotiations are in progress at Minneapolis pointing toward a settlement, for the Washburn-Crosby company, which has been the obstacle one, is growing tired of the fight. The loss to the Northwestern concern during the last week has been enormous, and the Pillsbury crowd has sacrificed too much now to be willing to give up. Chicago has been made the battle ground, and if the outcome is successful, the factor plan of handling flour will undoubtedly be put into operation elsewhere.

James S. Bell, of the Washburn-Crosby company, was seen last night and asked if it were true that the millers were in the fight.

"The Chicago papers have exaggerated the facts greatly," he said, "and don't know what they are talking about. The fact is, there is a thorough and harmonious understanding between the Pillsbury-Washburn people and the Washburn-Crosby company. There is no contention in the matter of prices, and there is no cutting going on between these mills, in Chicago or elsewhere. It is entirely a fight between the jobbers at Chicago. They are selling flour for the figures they actually pay for it, and we have nothing to do with the matter here."

From another prominent miller it was learned that the present Chicago fight had been on for ten days past. How long it will continue is quite another matter. This miller stated that the fight was on among the Chicago jobbers, and not among the manufacturers of flour. There has been no cut in the manufactured price except that of 20 cents a barrel made some days ago. At the time the 20-cent cut was made flour was lowered outside of Chicago 10 cents a barrel, and if it were being sold at a lower price than usual, the jobbers were the ones that were losing by it. While there is no war between the Washburn-Crosby company and the Pillsbury concern, it is generally understood that both corporations would prefer to see Chicago prices on a firm basis with the factor plan, in operation so successfully here, also in operation in Chicago.

Among the public grounds and

buildings met yesterday and found that the cost of furnishing rooms for the municipal court in the new court house building would be about \$1,400. The committee had appropriated \$1,400 from next year's budget for this purpose, and had hoped to get \$700 from the municipal court fund of this year. The committee was unable to figure out any plan by which the balance could be obtained, and after a vain wrestle with the problem, it was finally decided to ask the committee on police to advance the necessary funds.

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Harmonia hall was well filled with Minneapolisians last night to hear Hon. W. J. Bryan, United States congressman from Nebraska, deliver his lecture upon the silver question.

Judge Vanderburg presided, and H. D. Stock Jr. made a short address.

Mr. Bryan, in an easy, graceful manner, plunged at once into his subject with an eloquent earnestness that held the attention of his auditors. He illustrated many of the points of his address with witty anecdotes, and his exposition of his theory was frequently interrupted by liberal plaudits from his hearers. He said:

In advocating the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at 16 to 1, we are advocating the restoration of a policy which existed in the United States from 1792 to 1873. There never was a law passed from the beginning of our government down to the act of demonetization in 1873 which discriminated against either gold or silver. During all that time gold and silver were treated exactly alike. They were admitted to the mint on equal terms, and when coined, were made full legal tender for all public debts and private

No party in the United States ever adopted a national platform which declared in favor of a gold standard or advocated a discrimination against silver, and yet those who advocate the coinage of gold and silver on equal terms are now denounced as "cranks" and "fanatics," and the free silver sentiment is called a "disease" and a "craze."

Under the bimetallic system the supply of standard money is determined by the production of gold and silver, and money cannot become too plentiful unless the supply of gold and silver increases more rapidly than the demand for money. The cost of production is not material in determining the value of gold and silver. Values depend on supply and demand, and the cost of production is of no importance whatever, except as it has an influence upon the supply of the metals. In other words, if the cost of producing gold should fall to one cent per ounce, the value of gold would not fall so long as the supply of gold is not increased. The metallic system the government stands pledged to coin all gold and all silver at the same price, and so the government is able to coin and use all the gold and silver produced and presented to it, regardless of the changes in the value of either metal. Under the relative production of gold and silver in the world, the production of gold is five times as great as the production of silver, or the production of silver is one-fifth that of the production of gold. Gold and silver are produced in unlimited quantities, and it is possible to furnish an unlimited demand for them by legislation for the reason that the production of them is limited. It would be impossible to furnish an unlimited demand for them, because there is no basis upon which to calculate the cost of production. We know that a certain amount of land will on an average produce a certain crop, but there is no basis upon which we can calculate the cost of producing an ounce of gold or silver, or the cost of producing a bushel of wheat or corn or any other product, because there is no basis upon which to calculate the cost of production. We know that a certain amount of land will on an average produce a certain crop, but there is no basis upon which we can calculate the cost of producing an ounce of gold or silver, or the cost of producing a bushel of wheat or corn or any other product, because there is no basis upon which to calculate the cost of production. We know that a certain amount of land will on an average produce a certain crop, but there is no basis upon which we can calculate the cost of producing an ounce of gold or silver, or the cost of producing a bushel of wheat or corn or any other product, because there is no basis upon which to calculate the cost of production.

Fire in a Drug Store. Fire in the Hofflin-Thompson drug company's annex last evening caused damage to the extent of about \$1,500. The entire upper ceiling was destroyed and the building was gutted. The building was owned by the E. M. Hooley estate and was leased by the Hofflin company, being rented out to various establishments as stores.

Hoyt's Resignation Accepted. The trustees of the First Baptist church last night formally accepted the resignation of Dr. Jayland Hoyt and will so report at a prayer meeting Thursday evening. Dr. Hoyt will be tendered a farewell reception at the

church next Monday evening, and a week from Sunday. It is said, he will preach his first sermon to his new congregation in Philadelphia. This fact was known to the trustees, and they therefore had only one course to pursue, to accept the resignation with the best grace possible.

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river between the professional oarsmen Buber and Hanlan for the championship of England and a \$1,000 purse, the winner of three heats to be the victor, was won today by Hanlan by a boat length.

THE MAPLE LEAF LADS. The Chicago Great Western Ry. (Maple Leaf Route) offers the free use of newspapers and magazines on its through trains, leaving at 7:30 in the evening.

HE'S AN EAU CLAIRE MAN. Special to the Globe. WINONA, Minn., Nov. 19.—The body of the man who committed suicide here a day or so ago, was today identified as Lawrence Gutzwiller, of Eau Claire, an employe of a lumber company at that place. He has a wife and two children in Germany.

GUILTY OF PETT LARCENY. Gus Anderson and Louis Anderson, two jail prisoners indicted for robbery in the first degree, appeared before Judge Elliott yesterday afternoon and were allowed to plead guilty to petty larceny. They were given ninety days in the workhouse.

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