conditions

In some conditions the gain from the use of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil is rapid. For this reason we put up a 50c. size, which is enough for an ordinary cough or cold or useful as a trial for babies and children.

In other conditions gain must be slow, sometimes almost imperceptible, health can't be built up in a day. For this Scott's Emulsion must be taken as nourishment, food rather than medicine, food prepared for tired and weak digestions.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York. 50c. and $1.00

MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

Guy Peters, twenty years old, was fined $10 yesterday morning for stealing a box of cigars from Gamble & Ludwig.

There will be a Hoo Hoo concatenation this evening at Masonic temple, at which time it is expected that several of the visitors in town attending the lumbermen's meeting will be put through.

Sol Smith Russell is at home for a two weeks' vacation before he opens in Chicago on the 30th. William T. Adams (Oliver Optic), brother of Mrs. Russell, is a guest at the house on his journey around the world.

Christmas week at the Bijou will be celebrated by the advent of that well-known actress, Agnes Wallace Villa, who will be seen in this city for the first time in several seasons in Frank Harvey's comedy drama, "The World Against Her."

"The Passing Show" is duplicating the big success scored last season in its present engagement at the Metropolitan, and Canary and Lederer's big aggregation of burlesquers are making new friends with every performance. The first matinee will be given today at reduced prices.

Preparations are now nearly completed for the woman's six-night bicycle race to open at Washington rink next Monday evening. The contestants will ride three hours each evening during the week, and under the terms of the race none but amateurs of the Twin Cities are eligible.

To California on the "Maple Leaf."

Every Tuesday the Chicago Great Western Railway (Maple Leaf Route) run a Tourist Sleeper via the Santa Fe Route to Los Angeles—24 hours shorter than by any other line! Tickets at Maple Leaf Ticket Office, Robert and Fifth streets.

INSANE CRIMINALS' PLOT

One of Three Weakened and the Delivery Won't Occur.

MATTEWAN, N. Y., Dec. 17.—Another conspiracy looking to a delivery of convicts at the asylum for criminal insane has been frustrated by the confession of the ringleader, Pat McGuire, one of the five who escaped with Oliver Percy Curtis last spring. A keeper named John Brown acted as a go-between for the three convicts who were in the plot and parties in New York. A trap was laid for Brown and he was caught by means of a decoy letter containing a two-dollar bill.

Maple Leaf Route, Much the Quickest.

The Chicago Great Western Railway (Maple Leaf Route) makes by far the quickest time to and from Kansas City and points between. Elegantly equipped evening train leaves at 7:30 daily. You going?

LONDON, Dec. 17.—The Globe says that it is rumored that the Hendersons, of Glasgow, received an order today for a yacht, designed by George N. Watson, which is to compete in races for the America's cup.

"'VIN MARIANI' restores strength quicker, and sustains vitality more than any other tonic." Juliet Corson

VIN MARIANI

THE IDEAL TONIC

pronounced unequalled by all who test it.

Mailed Free. Descriptive Book with Testimony and Portraits OF NOTED CELEBRITIES.

Beneficial and Agreeable. Every Test Proves Reputation.

Avoid Substitutions. Ask for 'Vin Mariani.' At Druggists and Fancy Grocers.

MARIANI & CO., PARIS: 41 Bd. Haussmann. 52 W. 15th St., New York. LONDON: 239 Oxford Street.

MEN BE MANLY

We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. *Use it and pay if satisfied.* Address, VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. BRINLEY

251, 253 and 255 Nicollet Ave., MINNEAPOLIS - MINNESOTA

The oldest and only reliable medical office of its kind in the city, as will be proved by exposing a dozen fakes of the daily press. Regularly graduated and legally qualified; long engaged in Chronic, Nervous and Skin Diseases. A friendly talk costs nothing. If inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine sent by mail or express, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed. If doubt exists we say so. Hours—10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 a. m. If you can do so, come, state case by mail. Special Parlor for Ladies.

Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness, Falling Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, arising from Indiscretions, Excess, Influence or Exposure, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self-Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with success. Safely, Privately, Speedily. Unnatural Discharges Cured Permanently.

Blood, Skin and Venereal Diseases, all forms of Blood Poison, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Ulcers, Painful Swellings, from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system by means of Safe, Time-Tested Remedies. Stiff and swollen Joints and Rheumatism, the result of Blood Poison, surely Cured. KIDNEY and URINARY Complaints, Painful, Difficult, too Frequent or Bloody Urine, Gonorrhœa and Gleet cured in a few days. Stricture removed without pain or cutting, no matter how long standing, or how bad, in 1 to 4 days. Rupture, cured by a new method. No pain! No cutting! No detention from business. Hemorrhoids, or Diseases of the Rectum, Piles, Ulcers, Fistula, Fissure, Fistulæ and Strictures of the Rectum. These rectal troubles are often the unsuspected cause of many forms of Nervous Prostration, Irritability and Muscular Weakness and should never be neglected.

Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases, Asthma, Bronchitis and Epilepsy: Constitutional and acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully by the Old and Rapid Methods. It is self-evident that physicians paying attention to a class of cases treating great numbers, thoroughly qualified to and the proved good results of all ages and countries are used. No Experiments are Made. On account of the great number of cases applying the charges are kept low; often lower than others. Skill and perfect cures are important. Call or write. Symptom Blank and pamphlet free by mail. The Doctor has successfully treated and cured thousands of cases in this city and the Northwest. All consultations, either by mail or in person, are regarded as strictly confidential and are given perfect privacy.

DR. BRINLEY, Minneapolis, Minn.

POLICIES ARE HIGH

THOSE WHO PAY INSURANCE HOLD A CONVENTION IN MINNEAPOLIS.

WHY WE PAY HIGH RATES.

EASTERNERS CALL MINNESOTA A ROTTEN STATE AS TO INSURANCE.

RESOLUTIONS ARE ADOPTED.

C. M. Griggs, of St. Paul, Chosen President of the New Organization.

The subject of reducing the expense of insurance was considered yesterday by a small body of men in convention assembled at the board of trade rooms. It was the thought of the convention not to make needless war upon the insurance companies as the enemies of the insured, but to consider what means may be taken to secure for Minnesota an equal standing with other states; that rates may be reduced to the proper proportion. The efforts considered are along the line of improving risks, equalizing and making equitable rates and securing full and unrestricted competition. It was a convention of the insured rather than the insurers, though a number of insurance men have watched the proceedings with interest.

About a score of gentlemen were present at 10:30 when A. L. Crocker called to order. In the absence of Mayor Pratt, he welcomed the visitors, and immediately called for nominations for chairman. H. E. Fletcher was speedily selected and Gen. C. C. Andrews, of St. Paul, was elected secretary.

In taking the chair, Mr. Fletcher spoke of the great necessity for economy in business and expressed the opinion that economy in insurance had been very generally overlooked. It was entirely legitimate, he said, for the insured to be organized in order to secure the best insurance for the least money.

While Mr. Fletcher was speaking Mayor Pratt came in, and was at once introduced. After he had welcomed the convention the following committees were suggested by A. L. Crocker and duly indorsed by the convention:

Resolutions—Youmans, of Winona; Hackett, St. Paul; Wyman, Duluth; Potter, Minneapolis; Kneutson, Mankato.

Permanent Organization—Johnson, Minneapolis; Andrews, St. Paul; Horton, Winona; Nye, Shakopee; Church, Duluth.

S. T. Johnson was introduced as the first speaker, and said:

FOREST FIRES.

Gen. C. C. Andrews, state fire warden, was introduced and spoke on the prevention of forest fires. He outlined the provisions made for preventing forest fires in Minnesota and urged that, after all, the best means of prevention was an active public sentiment. He believed that the prevalence of forest fires in the Northwest, by suggesting to Eastern people the carelessness of Western people, had a considerable influence in keeping up insurance rates.

The latter point was indorsed by Mr. Johnson. He said that insurance people down East were frequently told that Minnesota was a "rotten state" for insurance; that "whole counties burned up in Minnesota."

C. W. Hackett, of St. Paul, was the next speaker. His topic was "A Business Man's Interest in Insurance Legislation." Mr. Hackett explained the special interest of business men as against the rural inhabitant on account of the larger proportion and higher rates paid by merchants and manufacturers. It was a general principle, he asserted, that, in order to secure low prices, free competition must be had. In Minnesota there was not free competition. Rates were fixed arbitrarily and the business of insurance was virtually a trust. Legislation was needed which would invite competition; which would encourage the formation of home companies and induce outside companies to enter the state. Legislation should also assure to the insured the payment of a loss after it had occurred. At the same time Mr. Hackett urged that laws should not encourage fraud. The companies should be fully protected against incendiarism. As to rates, the speaker said that the ordinary rate was supposed to be high enough to cover extraordinary losses, but whenever a great fire did occur, rates were sure to go up until the companies were reimbursed for the special fire—while the regular rate should have covered this emergency. On some risks Mr. Hackett said present rates were prohibitive.

"Incendiarism" was the subject of K. Kneutson, of Mankato. He said that of the $140,000,000 annual fire losses of the country, 65 per cent were due to incendiarism.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Senator A. T. Stebbins, of Rochester, Minn., presided at the afternoon session and introduced John G. Thomas, of Chicago, who read a paper on "Methods and Desirability of Improving Risks," in which he advocated the use of automatic sprinklers as potent factors in the "economy" of fire protection. He also advocated solid brick instead of brick veneered walls, and advised manufacturers to employ "slow-burning" process of construction rather than the cheaper methods usually employed. Speaking of the contempt usually had for the old fashion "fire bucket," he cited some statistics to show what had been accomplished by the pail. These statistics were compiled by the Boston Manufacturers' Mutual Fire Insurance company, and showed the result of their four years' experience:

Fires extinguished by pails alone	204
Fires extinguished by pails and hose	59
Fires extinguished by sprinklers alone	127
Fires extinguished by sprinklers and pails	30
Fires extinguished by sprinklers and hose	134

But while pails are all right when human hands are near-by to use them, yet the sprinkler is invaluable to check fires at all times.

RESOLUTIONS REPORTED.

At the close of Mr. Thomas' remarks the committee on resolutions made the following report:

Whereas, It is evident to all property owners of the state of Minnesota that more and wider fire insurance capacity in this state is a necessity; and

Whereas, This convention, composed of insurers, delegates from the various municipalities and commercial bodies of the state, are met together to consider this subject; and

Whereas, We know the disposition of our people is toward bettering their risks in all practicable ways; and

Whereas, The majority of the companies transacting the business of fire insurance in this state are arbitrary in their methods and refuse to make proper discrimination in the quality of risks, when naming rates; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the delegates here assembled, representing the insured of the state of Minnesota, do hereby extend the most urgent invitation to all fire insurance organizations of reputable standing to come into our state and in a fair and legal way compete for our business; and be it further

Resolved, That to all such concerns who will so enter our state and compete for our business, we pledge our hearty encouragement and support: be it further

Resolved, That the state insurance department be earnestly requested to co-operate in arranging by every legal and liberal ruling in opening the way for the admission of all fire insurance organizations now legally operating in other states; and be it further

Resolved, That as we so fully recognize the necessities of our situation, we hereby recommend that this body proceed to the formation of a permanent organization.

J. S. Kearney next spoke on the subject of fire protection, recommending an appliance in which he is interested and which is a twin brother to the automatic sprinkler.

S. E. Olson then made a few remarks expressing his sympathy with the movement to secure better rates for the poor, oppressed insured. He had so bad a cold that he could hardly talk above a whisper, and he retired immediately upon expressing himself as above stated.

Sam T. Johnson, of the committe on permanent organization, made a report, which was adopted.

This report styled the organization "The Minnesota Fire Insurers' association," and named Minnesota as the principal place of business of the corporation, and announced the object of the association to be:

First—The encouragement of owners of insurance property, situated in Minnesota, to secure the widest range of competition.

Second—The education of insurers regarding the care of risks.

Third—To bring about a reduction of the fire loss and premium rates.

Fourth—To further the aims of the association, by securing suitable legislation.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The following officers were then elected:

President—C. M. Griggs, of St. Paul.

Vice Presidents—C. W. Brown, of Hennepin county; L. P. Hunt, of Blue Earth; Jacob Reese, of Scott; Roscoe Horton, of Winona; B. C. Church, of St. Louis county; R. A. Kirk, of Ramsey; A. T. Stebbins, of Olmsted; A. N. Johnson, of Swift.

Secretary and Treasurer—S. T. Johnson.

Executive Committee—S. E. Olson, C. M. Yeomans, K. Kneutson, G. L. Nye, C. S. Conklin.

CALLED OUT 2,000.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The steamfitters' strike, which has been on for several weeks, was further extended today by the calling out of 2,000 more men. The men called out are carpenters, plumbers, housesmiths and sheetiron workers employed on the Vanderbilt Clinic at Sixtieth street and Ninth avenue; the Commercial building, Fourteenth street and University place, and a new building at Broadway and Broome street. It is expected that several other buildings will be deserted by employes in a few days if the employers persist in their efforts to do the steam-fitting with non-union men. There were already 900 steamfitters on strike and this brings the number up to nearly 3,000, with the prospect of more being called out in a day or two. The steam-fitters declare they will win the strike if it is necessary to call out all the men engaged on every large building in the city.

Seven Hundred Miners Strike.

SOUTH M'ALESTER, I. T., Dec. 17.—The Osage Coal Mining company's mine at Larabs, I. T., shut down yesterday, 700 miners striking for a raise of 20 cents per ton.

WHY NOT YOU?

HERE IS A LADY RELIEVED FROM NERVOUSNESS AND EXHAUSTION.

SHE TELLS WHAT HELPED HER—THEY WILL DO THE SAME FOR YOU.

Give the Great Medical Discovery a Trial—It Is Effective When All Other Remedies Have Failed.

To provide for the wants of a host of lodgers is no easy task as all who have tried it know. The constant care induces nervousness and the everlasting work, while body and mind are unstrung, results in exhaustion. Mrs. F. G. Mowry has for many years been proprietress of one of the largest and most favored lodging houses in Boston, Mass. It is located at No. 28 Worcester Square, and patronized by many well-known people. Read this letter from Mrs. Mowry and bear in mind that what is true in her case can be made so in yours, if you will heed as well as read.

"Boston, Mass., Nov. 25th, 1895. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co.—Gentlemen: I am using Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets for nervousness and exhaustion. I find them all that is recommended. I am glad to write in their praise. Respectfully yours,

Mrs. F. G. Mowry,
No. 28 Worcester Square."

Several of Mrs. Mowry's patrons are also using Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets and with best results.

$1.00 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on box. Kola booklet free. All druggists or sent direct, Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

GRIP IS EPIDEMIC.

WHOLE FAMILIES STRICKEN AND MANY DEATHS REPORTED.

Nearly Every Third Person Suffering With a Cold, Which Often Results in Grip, Pleurisy or Pneumonia.

Colds lead to coughs, coughs to grip, pneumonia and consumption; therefore, it is all important to check a cold before it reaches the lungs. Munyon's Cold Cure will positively break a cold inside of twenty-four hours if taken as soon as the cold manifests itself. When the cold reaches the lungs or bronchial tubes the Cough Cure should be used alternately every half hour with the Cold Cure. The Cold Cure is guaranteed to prevent pneumonia if used in the beginning of the cold. Pneumonia or inflammation of the lungs can be controlled by the use of these two cures.

The Cough Cure positively cures bronchitis, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, loss of voice, soreness of the chest, difficulty in breathing, hacking cough and all pulmonary diseases where the lungs are not too far decomposed or covered with tubercles.

If you are ailing step into the nearest drug store and get a 25c vial of one of Munyon's Remedies. No matter what your disease, or how many doctors have failed to cure, it will give you relief.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

UNDER MOB RULE.

RIOTERS CREATE TERROR AND CAUSE DESTRUCTION IN PHILADELPHIA.

ATTACKS ON STREET CARS.

HOODLUMS PELT CONDUCTORS, MOTORMEN AND POLICEMEN.

COMPLETE TIE-UP ON ALL LINES.

MAYOR ORDERS ALL SALOONS TO CLOSE AND INCREASES THE POLICE.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 17.—This city is all but at the mercy of a gang of hoodlums, and the traction strike is not yet twenty-four hours old. Tonight not a street car of the Union Traction company is running, and that company controls every line in the city. The police were absolutely unable to control the mob's violence today. From early morning until dark, as each branch line made desperate efforts to start, howling mobs surrounded each car, stoned and hooted the motorman and conductor, smashed the windows, cut the trolley ropes and wreaked all possible destruction. Then the attempt was abandoned. The strikers took little, if any, part in the work of destruction. This was in the hands of the inevitable rowdy element. Many persons were injured by flying missiles and there is fear that when complete reports have been received they will include fatalities. Thousands of dollars worth of valuable property was destroyed. Compared to the events of the day, the streets tonight are quiet, although filled with surging crowds.

Five hundred extra policemen were sworn in by Mayor Warwick tonight, and these, with the regular force of 2,100, will make an attempt to quell the rioters tomorrow. They have orders from Mayor Warwick to cary their batons unsheathed. Should this fail, the governor will be appealed to to order out the militia. The city's executive declared tonight that the strike is no longer a contest between a railway company and its employes, but a battle between the city and violence, and the city will win, if it takes the United States army.

THREE PROCLAMATIONS.

The situation is the gravest the city has ever been called upon to encounter. Tonight the staff officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania are in their armories, uniformed and armed, in case of need. Three proclamations were issued by Mayor Warwick this afternoon. First he appealed to all good citizens to assist the authorities in maintaining order, and to that end to refrain from gathering in crowds on the streets. Secondly, he ordered the summary closing of all liquor saloons; and thirdly, he asked all women and children to stay at home. The war itself remains unchanged. The Traction leaders refuse to listen to any suggestions from the other side, and, indeed, no effort is being made in that direction. Three mass meetings of the strikers were held tonight in various parts of the city. They have almost universal sympathy, not only from conservative citizens, who, while deprecating violence, declare that the strikers have right on their side, but from labor unions throughout the country. The offices of the mayor and director of public safety were besieged all day by prominent citizens seeking an end to the battle. Among these were John Wanamaker, ex-Chief Justice Paxson, P. A. B. Widener, William L. Elkins, A. J. Cassatt, Rufus Shapley and Caleb B. Fox, all of whom are more or less connected with traction interests.

SURROUNDED BY A MOB.

John Lowber Welsh, president of the Union Traction company, was in and out the offices from early morning until late tonight. At 10 o'clock he bustled in to tell the mayor that the mob surrounding the car stables at Eighth and Dauphin streets, where the main offices of the company are situated, was increasing and threatened violence. Additional details of police were promptly dispatched to the scene. J. J. Sullivan, president of the Electric Traction, one of the branch lines, was recognized by a mob at Fourth and Market streets this afternoon, and the clothes were almost torn from his back before policemen rescued him. Separate letters were sent to the mayor this afternoon by Mr. Welsh, Mr. Sullivan and William H. Shelmerdine, president of the People's line, declaring that the city and county will be held responsible for the value of the property destroyed today.

President Mahon, of the National Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, who is controlling the strike, made a statement to the public tonight. He declared that the strikers were in no way to blame for the disturbances; that the disorder and destruction to property was the work of persons not connected with them. The committee decided also to again caution the men against violence, and to request them to use their best endeavors to protect the company's property. The company, he added, was alone responsible for the trouble by refusing to listen either to the employes or the citizens' committee.

FEW CARS MOVED.

It is impossible to learn tonight whether or not an attempt to start any cars will be made tomorrow. On the dozen divisions of the company today an aggregate of about fifty-six cars were started out. The total unmber in the service of the company is 2,500. The entire road covers about 500 miles, and over 6,000 men are employed. Tonight about 5,000 of these are out. There are all sorts of rumors. One is that the electricians of the company will join the ranks of the malcontents; another that armies of railway workers are bound for this city from Brooklyn, Baltimore, Indianapolis and other points, either to assist or take the places of the strikers. Over 100 arrests were made today, and nearly all the prisoners were held for a hearing tomorrow. One youth, not a striker, was held in $4,000 bail for cutting the rope of a mail car. He will be a government prisoner. Large details of police are on duty at every car stable and all points along the principal thoroughfares.

Not only riding, but walking, was next to impossible on Chestnut street. The whole population seemed to be on this and neighboring streets, and, in the way peculiar to the public, seemed to enjoy the excitement when it was out of the reach of flying stones. For several hours the street was practically at the mercy of a mob. Holiday shoppers sought side streets, and some merchants boarded up their windows.

WRECKED BY MOBS.

About 2 o'clock the Fraction officials attempted to operate the Chestnut street line. The cars reached a point east of Broad, and from that street to Eighth street about twelve cars were drawn up, when a crowd of boys began to taunt the motormen and conductors. Suddenly stones began to fly, and almost in an instant the twelve cars were borne down upon by a furious mob. Every pane of glass was smashed, trolley ropes were cut, cushions slashed and fenders wrecked. During this disturbance Reserve Policeman Keppler was seriously injured by stones. Along Eighth street the same condition of affairs prevailed. It was not until late in the day that sufficient quiet existed to warrant the removal of the wrecked cars under police escort. There was no more attempt to run them.

The fiercest riot of the day occurred at Sixth and Vine streets about noon. The mob reached almost to Market street two blocks below. It entrenched itself along the sidewalks and bombarded every car which attempted to run the gaunlet. Superintendant Linden, with a great force of police, finally succeeded in dispersing the crowds after sixteen arrests had been made. At Sixth and Market streets a veritable pandemonium broke loose as the first two cars reached that point. In an instant every window was smashed and a perfect fusillade of dinner kettles, fire buckets and blocks of wood poured from the upper floors of business houses on either hand. Motormen and conductors fled for their lives. Later in the day another violent scene was witnessed at Eighth and Market streets. A West Philadelphia car made its appearance. Motorman, conductor and the few passengers inside were ordered to leave, and after the fender had been ripped from its attachments and the same general work of destruction perpetrated, the car was upset at the intersection of the two lines of track. This blockade was not raised for two hours. Similar scenes occurred on the Northeastern section, and all through the city less destructive attempts were made to prevent the running of the cars.

AIDED BY WOMEN.

Women are playing a prominent part in the strike. One of the warmest adherants of the strikers is a Mrs. Howard, who has done much towards organizing the men and winning over new recruits. The Women's Health Protective association adopted resolutions of sympathy for the men. Apart from these facts, women congregated in large groups about many of the car stations and did not for a moment allow the agitation to slumber. All over the town many women succeeded in inducing motormen to leave their cars in the streets. In fact many of the women were far more bitter against those who remained at work than were the strikers themselves.

At a late hour tonight Gov. Hastings telephoned to Mayor Warwick asking if he needed any aid from him. A negative reply was given. The governor then said, should the least occasion arise, to call on him at once.

NO POLITICS IN THE A. F. L.

Convention Concludes Its Business and Adjourns.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The Federation of Labor adjourned sine die this afternoon and many of the delegates have left for their homes. At today's session a proposition to form a national organization of unskilled labor was adopted by the convention. Delegate O'Sullivan presented the following resolution, which was carried by a vote of 1,460 to 158:

"Resolved, That this convention declares that party politics, whether Democratic, Republican, Socialistic, Populistic or any other organization, should not have a place in the Federation of Labor."

A resolution indorsing the struggles of the Cuban patriots for liberty was adopted. Copies will be forwarded to President Cleveland and Secretary of State Olney. Resolutions on the death of ex-Senator Allen G. Thurman were also adopted.

Delegate White, of the united garment workers, made an address denouncing the sweat shop system, and asked the assistance of the convention to eradicate the evil. Mr. White told of the present strike between the tailors and contractors and predicted success.

Recess was then taken, after which the convention went into executive session to consider the report of the grievance committee. The session lasted until 4:30 o'clock. When the public got back to the hall it was announced that the dispute between the metal polishers, buffers and platers' union and the Brotherhood of Brass Workers had been discussed, and that the convention adopted a resolution that the two organizations meet in convention and adjust their differences. Brewers' Union No. 18, of Chicago, will pay up back indebtedness of $1,500 or $1,800. A number of differences between musical unions throughout the country were also settled.

The question of electing two fraternal delegates to the British trades union congress, to be held in London on Sept. 3, 1896, was then taken up. John McBride, the retiring president, was elected one of the delegates by acclamation. There were two nominations for the second delegate. They were Adolph Strausser, of the cigarmakers' union, and J. W. Sullivan, of the typographical union. Strausser was elected, the vote being: Strausser, 852; Sullivan, 657. Sullivan was made alternate.

After the passage of a number of congratulatory resolutions the convention adjourned sine die.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN

Maple Leaf Route RAILWAY

Route your freight and buy your ticket via this fast line to and from Chicago and the East and Kansas City and the Southwest.

Allen's Lung Balsam

For the Cure of

Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup,

And all other derangements of the Throat and Lungs. IT CONTAINS NO OPIUM IN ANY FORM, and is harmless to the most delicate person. At Druggists.

BOOMING THE LAND

IMMIGRATION WORKERS OPEN THEIR CONVENTION AT FARGO.

PLENTY OF ENTHUSIASM.

MEN FROM ST. PAUL PROMINENT IN THE PROCEEDINGS.

LEADERS IN THE MOVEMENT.

The First Day Occupied With Speeches—The Real Work to Begin Today.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., Dec. 17.—The North Dakota immigration convention was called to order this morning by President Powers, and there congregated in the opera house one of the most enthusiastic audiences in the history of the state. Besides many prominent North Dakotans on the platform, were Chairman Schurmeier, of the Northwestern immigration convention, and Editor E. V. Smalley, both of St. Paul, and Editor P. V. Collins, of Minneapolis. Nearly every county in the state is represented, and the enthusiasm has no bounds. The city is filled with people wearing badges as delegates to the convention and there is nothing but convention talk to be heard on the streets. In calling the convention to order this morning, Mayor Ball made a short address, after which President Powers outlined the origin and purpose of the convention. Secretary Irons read his report, which was adopted. T. L. Schurmeier was called on to make an address, and was received with a round of applause. He was enthusiastic in praise of the state of North Dakota and her advantages. Just after adjourning at noon the president appointed the committee on credentials.

In the afternoon Secretary McGinnis, of St. Paul, was called on and delivered with eloquence an address on the resources of the state. Editor Smalley spoke on the practical side of the immigration convention. He advised the use of printers' ink in a liberal manner. P. V. Collins delivered one of the best addresses of the day on the subject: "The Future Northwest." Addresses were also given by Judge Bartholomew, Lieut. Gov. Worst, Hon. Hugh Harrison, A. L. Plummer and many others. It was a day of speeches. The committee on credentials had not reported at a late hour. The temporary organization will be made permanent. Delegates from the different counties are hard at work this evening laying plans for sub-organizations. The hard work of the convention will not come until tomorrow.

MORTON INCENSED.

Indignation Over Birch Cooley Monument Removal.

Special to the Globe.

MORTON, Minn., Dec. 17.—The appraisers selected by Judge Webber to place a value upon the six acres of land selected by the last legislature as the proper place for the erection of the Birch Cooley monument, met at the Commercial hotel in Morton Monday. The appraisal committee consisted of Maj. Bowler, of Bird Island; Hans Gronnerud, of Olivia, and Wencel Kodet, of the town of Henryville. Assistant Attorney General Andrew Erwin was present and advised the commission as to the mode of procedure. A short session was held at the hotel, after which the commission adjourned to the proposed site. After a short observation the appraisal was made at $30 an acre and $320 damages, amounting to $83.33 per acre for the six acres. This is a little more than Mr. Weis, owner of the land, had been offered by the state, $80 per acre. The village council of Morton is greatly incensed at this move on the part of the state, and at a meeting held last evening decided to take steps to restrain further proceedings for removal and the outlook is for a long fight in the courts before removal of the monument is secured.

HENRY C. WAITE ASSIGNS.

Failure of One of St. Cloud's Leading Business Men.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Dec. 17.—Henry C. Waite, one of the oldest and most respected business men of this part of the state, was forced to make an assignment today for the benefit of his creditors. No figures as to the probable assets and liabilities are available at this time. The failure is due to the collapse of N. P. Clark & Co. Assignee Kells, of the latter insolvent firm, recently begun suit on a disputed claim against H. C. Waite and applied for a receiver. The hearing upon the application for a receiver was set for an early date and forced the asignment. Clark claims that Waite owes him $22,000, and this is denied by Waite. The assets are entirely land, scattered through a dozen or more counties in the state, and the value is difficult to estimate. Part of this land is pine and the stumpage is in dispute between Clark and Waite. Waite was the first man to practice law in the city of St. Cloud, and has since then been extensively engaged in mining, merchandising, banking, milling and farming.

FOR THE ANDERSON BILL.

Aitkin County Inaugurates a Campaign of Education.

Special to the Globe.

AITKIN, Minn., Dec. 17.—The voters of Aitkin county, regardless of politics, had a mass meeting today and resolved to call a convention of friends of the Anderson bill, to be held in Aitkin March 10, 1896, and appointed a committee to make the necessary arrangements. The convention is to consist of delegates from every county in the state having untaxed railroad lands within its borders, and its object is to inaugurate a campaign of education before the people in favor of the ratification of the Anderson bill at the next general election.

GIRL'S HALLUCINATION.

Missing Josie Blomgren Is Found With a Freind.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Dec. 17.—Josie Blomgren, daughter of Rev. Blomgren, a Swedish Baptist minister at Willmar, who was thought to have been abducted, was located in the family of a friend of the minister this afternoon. The abduction story was a pure invention of the girl. The case is a good deal of a puzzle, but the girl is suffering from hallucinations, as she told the story to throw her parents off their guard about an elopement which is said to have been planned.

FRIEND OF MISS HARDY.

Miss Haire Swears the Co-respondent Is a Person of Propriety.

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Minn., Dec. 17.—Two of the most important witnesses for the defense in the Mendenhall divorce case are sick, Mrs. Mendenhall, the plaintiff, and Miss Kate Hardy, the co-respondent. The former will be in court tomorrow, but the condition of the latter is worse. She is suffering from nervous prostration, and is so seriously ill that her physician will not allow her to testify. The defense will have to get along without her. The most important witness on the stand this afternoon was Miss Haire, an intimate friend and former partner of Miss Hardy. She met Miss Hardy ten years ago, when she taught for her in a school in Chicago. In less than a year the acquaintance ripened into intimacy, and they read a great deal together. She was next associated with Miss Hardy in school work in Eau Claire, which place was suggested to them by the Wisconsin state superintendet of schools. Miss Haire's testimony was a strong defense of her friend. She testified that the relations between Miss Hardy and Mr. Mendenhall were propriety itself. A searching cross-examination brought out very few modifications of her testimony. Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge, a prominent lady, who has known the Mendenhalls for twenty-five years, testified that Mrs. Mendenhall called on her in the summer of 1892 and declared her intention to drive Miss Hardy out of town, claiming that she had had a dream which proved conclusively that her husband was guilty. Mrs. Woodbridge thereupon, with the consent of Mrs. Mendenhall, told Miss Hardy what the enraged lady intended to do. At this point the defense rested. The plaintiff's rebuttal will take up two days more at least.

Farmers at Baldwin.

Special to the Globe.

BALWIN, Wis., Dec. 17.—A farmers' institute commenced here this morning for a two day's session, conducted by Thomas Convey. A large and enthusiastic meeting is in progress. Mr. Convey says it is the largest that has been held this year.

VOTED TO SELL.

Brainerd Will Be Lighted by a Private Corporation.

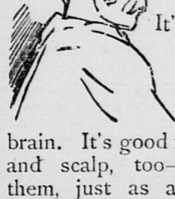
Special to the Globe.

BRAINERD, Minn., Dec. 17.—The vote on the proposition for the city to sell its electric light plant to C. N. Parker, of this city, and E. C. and P. A. Gibson, of New York, resulted in a vote of 723 in favor of the proposition to 143 against. Ten thousand dollars will be expended for improvements on the plant at once.

Killed Under His Engine.

Special to the Globe.

WASECA, Minn., Dec. 17.—W. L. Brainard, a fireman on the Chicago & Northwestern road, was killed in the railway yards this morning. He was beneath his engine when another engine struck it, and his life was crushed out almost instantly. He had been working on the road but a short time, and is unmarried. His remains were forwarded to his home at Gary, S. D.



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Beware of imitations. 430 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

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