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BULLETIN OF THE ST. PAUL GLOBE.

SUNDAY, FEB. 2, 1896.

Weather for Today-- Fair, Westerly Winds.

Senate Passes Silver Bond Bill. Chicago Convention Hall Chosen. Cuban Insurgents in Dire Straits.

G. A. R. Encampment Assured. Officials Want Old Salaries.

Minnesota Needs Steel Works. Hospital Commission's Answer. Game Commissioners Alert.

Editorial. London Press Roasts Salisbury.

Sheldon Names Two Judges. Appeal of Episcopal Bishops. Coppinger Is Confirmed.

Maher Dismisses the Coming Fight. Great Shots at Billiards.

John Goodnow Meets Spink. Sports at Fort Karnival. Harrison Landing at Billiards.

Anti-Cough Feeling Analyzed. Assemblyman Johnson's Mistake.

News of Minneapolis. In the World of Labor. Kaiser Determined to Have a Navy.

FARCE PLAYED OUT

AS EXPECTED, THE SENATE PASSES THE SILVER SUBSTITUTE BOND BILL.

NO SURPRISE MANIFESTED.

MUCH TIME WASTED IN TALK BEFORE THE VOTE IS TAKEN.

PARTY LINES ARE NOT DRAWN.

Davis, Nelson and Vilas the Only Northwesterners to Vote Against It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The long contest over the silver bond bill is at an end in the senate, the body having passed the free silver coinage substitute to the house bond bill by the decisive vote of 42 to 35, a majority of 7 for free silver.

This result was reached at 3 o'clock today after three hours of caustic debate and sharp parliamentary fencing. The public interest in the culmination of the protracted struggle was shown by crowded galleries and a full attendance on the floor, seventy-seven senators being present and the others paired. Baron Von Thielmann, the German ambassador, occupied a front seat in the legislative gallery, showing deep interest in the final vote.

Members of the house crowded the chamber, filling available seats and standing room in the rear and side

of the ratio. Mr. Daniel (Dem., Va.) and Mr. Gray (Dem., Del.) spoke against the Butler amendment, urging that it would tend to disturb the parity of the metals.

Mr. Jones (Dem., Ark.) pointed out that the main purpose of this measure was to secure the free coinage of silver. The committee did not wish to complicate this main issue with collateral questions. He appealed to the friends of the measure to pass the free coinage amendment without scattering their energy by side amendments. Mr. Teller added his appeal in the same line. "I am sorry to see the friends of free coinage weakening," said Mr. Allen, as he proceeded to support the Butler amendment, pointing out that it was desirable and essential feature of the main proposition for free coinage. "It is useless to have free coinage," interjected Mr. Butler, "unless the secretary of the treasury is directed to carry out its spirit by paying obligations in silver."

Mr. Harris (Dem., Tenn.), Mr. Bacon (Dem., Ga.) and Mr. Cockrell (Dem., Mo.) all spoke against complicating the main question of free coinage with the Butler amendment. Mr. Peffer (Pop., Kan.) supported the Butler amendment, being the fourth of the Populist senators—Butler, Allen, Stewart and Peffer—who had resisted the appeal of the main silver element for the adoption of free coinage without complicating issues.

The amendment was defeated, 13 to 27 for free silver. Mr. Stewart (Pop., Nev.) ridiculed the discussion going on. It was all dress parade, he said. Every one knew the pending measure would receive no attention after leaving the senate. It was merely a question of recording opinions. The vote should be taken on all collateral questions.

The amendment of Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) forbidding the issue of interest-bearing bonds, was next taken up. This brought forward a renewal of the discussion over complicating the main issue.

Mr. Mills (Dem., Tex.) stated that while he did not approve the pending silver substitute as reported from the committee, still he would vote for it

word coming like a firecracker. Mr. Baker (Rep., Kan.) said that as the senate had gone into "justice court petting" the measure was being on technicalities. "If for one week we withdraw the amendment he had offered in order to allow the strict enforcement of this unanimous consent," he said.

There was great confusion in the chamber. The presiding officer rapped repeatedly and called on the sergeant-at-arms to get the members to their seats. There was a momentary pause and then no arrangements being offered the presiding officer ordered a vote on the main question, the silver substitute. As the vote proceeded it excited keen interest, many tallies being kept. The vice president in a distinct voice announced the result in committee of the whole, yeas, 43; nays, 34. The details of the vote were the same, except that those who voted nay before voted yea on this motion as on Mr. Gorman's motion to lay on the table. The bill was then reported from the committee of the whole to the senate and was passed 42-35. Mr. Mills changed from yea to nay and this was the only difference from the detailed vote on Mr. Morgan's early motion to lay on the table. The vote in detail follows:

Yeas—Allen, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Blanchard, Brown, Butler, Call, Cockrell, Daniel, George, Harris, Irby, Jones (Ark.), Jones (New), Kyle, Mantle, Mitchell (Or.), Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew, Pritchard, Pugh, Roach, Shop, Squire, Stewart, Teller, Williams, Turpie, Vest, Voorhees, Walbach, Warren, White, Wilson—42.

Nays—Allison, Baker, Burrows, Caffery, Chandler, Dan, Eilkins, Faulstich, Fry, Gallinger, Gear, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hawley, Hill, Lindsay, Lodge, McBride, McMillan, Martin, Mills, Mitchell (Wis.), Morrill, Murphy, Nelson, Palmer, Platt, Proctor, Sherman, Thurston, Wheeler, Wetmore—34.

A brief executive session was held and at 5:15 o'clock the senate adjourned until Tuesday.

PASSED MANY BILLS. But House Proceedings Present Little of Interest.

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COLISEUM IS CHOSEN

AS THE PLACE FOR HOLDING THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

WILL SEAT 15,000 PEOPLE.

PALMER HOUSE MADE HEADQUARTERS—FINE FACILITIES FOR THE PRESS.

FINANCE WILL BE THE ISSUE.

Tariff Will Be Overshadowed by the Money Question, Says Mr. Harritt.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—The Democratic national committee has selected the Coliseum as the place for the convention, and has chosen the Palmer house as its headquarters. Early this morning the committee started out to view Tattersall's and the Coliseum, two buildings offered for the convention. They chose the latter by a unanimous vote. The Coliseum is at present unfinished, but Col. Dickinson, ex-secretary of the world's fair, who is manager of the structure, informed the committee that it would be entirely ready for the convention by April 1. It is now being completed with great rapidity, gangs of men being employed night and day. The building stands on the ground occupied by Buffalo Bill's Wild West show during the world's fair, and is a trifle over seven miles from the Palmer house. The means of reaching it quick-

ARE IN DIRE STRAITS

CUBAN INSURGENTS BADLY IN NEED OF SUPPLIES OF ALL KINDS.

TO ANTICIPATE GEN. WEYLER.

MARIN WILL TRY TO STRIKE A DEATH BLOW BEFORE HIS CHIEF'S ARRIVAL.

ANXIETY IS FELT FOR GOMEZ.

Confirmation of Report That He Has but Two Months Longer to Live.

HAVANA, Feb. 1.—Considerable anxiety is felt here regarding the result of the military operations now being conducted against Gen. Maximo Gomez and Antonio Maceo under the personal direction of Gen. Marin, the acting captain-general of Cuba. It is believed that Marin has the ambition to strike a death blow to the insurrection before the arrival from Spain of Gen. Weyler, the successor of Marshal Martinez de Campos as captain-general of Cuba, and it is understood he has taken every step possible under the circumstances to accomplish this end. But ambition is not the only spur to Gen. Marin's activity. It is coming to be admitted even in Cuban circles that the insurrection has reached a precarious stage from several causes, notably lack of ammunition and arms and the want of fresh horses and supplies.

Convention Still in the Cold. ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—The Business Men's League of St. Louis met to discuss the project of building an armory and convention hall combined in time for the Republican convention, and decided against the plan owing to the short time intervening. They, however, favor the armory.

CENSURE FOR BAYARD. Decided Upon by House Committee by a Strictly Party Vote.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The house committee on foreign affairs this afternoon adopted by a party vote a resolution censuring Ambassador Bayard for his two speeches at Edinburgh and Boston. The resolution quotes the passages of these two speeches, which are

STORIES OF POPULAR BONDS TOLD IN PICTURES.



In Secret Society Circles. Stocks Dull but Strong. Cash Wheat in Chicago, 65 1-4c. Bar Silver, 67 1-4c.

Wants of the People. In St. Paul Musical Circles. Electric or Gas Lighting.

The Poor of St. Paul. Books of the Hour. Work of F. Marion Crawford.

In Arab Cairo. Social News of St. Paul. Sabbarban Social Amicities.

New Costumes for Balls. Fashions of the Day. The Sordid Side of Life.

Argument for Immortality. The Week at the Theaters.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS. NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Arrived: Steamer Paris, Southampton.

The Washington fog has a silver lining. Politically considered, this is going to be a boom year.

A Michigan town has a female undertaker. She buries men with great enthusiasm.

The biggest fish stories are now coming from the state game and fish commission.

Just now South Dakota is leading Minneapolis a couple of laps as a sensation center.

This is ground-hog day. It will be of particular interest to anybody having a ground-hog case.

Well, let's consider the Duraven and Tillman incidents passed without further discussion.

"Tribly" has been translated into Russian. The czar's people cannot escape all the calamities.

Rival Iowa starch companies are at war. They are trying to take the starch out of each other.

If the anthracite coal dealers could only fix the weather, too, their lives would be a perennial picnic.

It is perhaps in order just now to say that Edwin F. Uhl will do as the successor of Ambassador Runyon.

A bill has been introduced in the Iowa legislature forbidding the manufacture or sale of cigarettes in that state. It would be a good thing if passed and enforced, but somehow or other the sting of such measures is always pulled.

areas. It had been expected that a final vote would be taken at 2 o'clock, but a conflict of opinion arose as to the agreement, resulting in considerable bitterness and personal feeling. Many amendments were pending when 2 o'clock came, and these were summarily cut off by a strict construction of the agreement, although the differences over the agreement itself held off the vote for an hour behind the time set.

The result was such a foregone conclusion that little excitement or surprise was occasioned by the announcement of the passage of the substitute.

The early hours of the session, beginning at 11 o'clock, were given to the closing speeches, including that of Mr. Morrill, the octogenarian of congress, who is still vigorous in speech and thought. The other speeches were under the five-minute rule, being brief and snappy. Mr. Lindsay took occasion to say that in his judgment the president had fulfilled the full measure of his duty in financial affairs and should do no more. If calamity came as a result of congressional inaction the president should leave the responsibility where it belonged—on the shoulders of congress.

Another interesting incident occurred when Mr. Gorman was urging that the legislation was fruitless, as it could not receive executive approval. Mr. Morgan called attention to the fact that the duty of congress was to act without executive influence or direction, to which Mr. Gorman, with much earnestness, replied:

"I fully agree to that proposition and only regret that there has not been a closer adherence to it in the past. The senator from Alabama cannot go far beyond those he is bound to make time by the constitution of the United States, and due weight should be given to whatever recommendation he makes without fear of political power or patronage from the president."

Mr. Mills, who had voted with the silver men on all the last motions, changed his vote at the last, and recorded himself as against the passage of the free silver bill.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS OPENED AT 11 o'clock today with a speech from the venerable senator from Vermont, who responded to the president's message and had supplemented it with an emergency tariff revenue bill. The free silver substitute for the bond bill, he added, "may not be the first time when bread has been asked for that a stone has been presented, but it is the first time that a committee of the senate seems to have perpetrated a practical joke, almost good enough for the crown of Barnum's manager."

The senator thought that a deficient national income should be not less swiftly remedied than excess, saying: "The present administration, however, exhibits a bashful diffidence about it. Mr. Teller (Rep., Col.) replied briefly to certain references Mr. Morrill had made as to the cheapness of silver when coming from the mines. He said the same could be said of gold. The very remarkable mines at Cripple Creek were turning out gold at 25 cents an ounce.

From this time forward the speeches were brief, until the agreement that the five-minute rule of debate should prevail. Under this rule the various amendments were taken up by Mr. Butler of North Carolina, prohibiting the issuance of bonds without the authority of congress, and also providing for a method of redeeming the greenbacks in gold or silver, according to the fluctuations

merely to destroy the obnoxious bond bill as it came from the house.

THERE WAS AN AMUSING TILT between Mr. Stewart and several senators while Mr. Lindsay was speaking. He had declared that free coinage was always pressed when it could not pass and never seriously pressed when it could pass. Mr. Stewart interjected to deny that the question was not pressed in 1890, for, said he, it was useless to press it then, as the president would have vetoed it. "Who said he would have vetoed it?" exclaimed Mr. Teller. "He said it himself," answered Mr. Stewart. "To whom?" asked Mr. Gray.

Mr. Stewart did not immediately answer, but Mr. Voorhees renewed the controversy by asking Mr. Stewart what authority he had for stating that Mr. Harrison, who was president in 1890, would have vetoed a free coinage amendment. "He did not tell me," answered Mr. Stewart. "I was not in communication with him," Mr. Teller added that he had personal knowledge of Mr. Harrison's purpose to veto free coinage. When Mr. Allen had made a final plea for his amendment, saying he wanted to put the question to the silver men to the test the vote was taken, and the amendment was defeated—21 to 57.

Mr. Morrill (Rep., Vt.) offered an amendment providing that the seigniorage on the coinage of silver be retained by the United States to the extent of the difference between the coinage value and the commercial value of bullion.

At five minutes to 2 o'clock Mr. Gorman began speaking and closed by moving to lay the silver substitute, as reported by the finance committee, on the table. The motion was rejected by a vote of 34 to 43.

The amendment of Mr. Morrill as to seigniorage was then defeated—33 to 44.

At this point a complication arose as to the nature of the unanimous consent agreement for a vote at 2 o'clock. Mr. Harris contended that an amendment offered after 2 o'clock was a violation of the agreement. His entire purpose was to get a final vote at 2 o'clock. Mr. Cockrell, who had been understood that all amendments should be cut off at 2 o'clock. Mr. Harris said he would not ask the presiding officer to pass on the question. Unanimous consent was binding on senators only as they desired to recognize it. The presiding officer addressed the senate briefly. He said: "Unanimous consent" was in the hands of senators, and it was not for him to determine. He would recognize amendments as offered.

Mr. Cockrell urged senators to "abide by the agreement." He declared that never in the history of the senate had such an arrangement been broken. This would be a dangerous precedent, said Mr. Cockrell, and senators may find it rising up hereafter to give them serious trouble.

Mr. Chandler said the senators from Missouri (Cockrell) and from Tennessee (Harris) were

INDULGING IN THREATS because their interpretation of an agreement was not accepted. Mr. Chandler read from the record an urging that it was expressly understood that amendments should not be cut off. Mr. Gorman added an appeal on this same line, saying there should be liberality in hearing amendments. "I ask unanimous consent," said Mr. Gorman, "that amendments be received."

"And I object," said Mr. Harris, with explosive effect which amused the galleries.

Mr. Sherman arose with the congressional record in hand. He said he had never known of a violation of unanimous consent. He felt from reading the record that the final vote was to be taken at 2 o'clock. But Mr. Sherman asked in the cause of harmonizing misunderstandings that a half hour be allowed for amendments. "No more extension so long as I have charge of the subject," said Mr. Harris, each

of the balance of his salary for the year in which he died. Mr. Loud (Rep., Va.) objected, and the bill was referred.

Bills were passed to grant American registers to the Larks Hinde and Jones (New), Kyle, Mantle, Mitchell (Or.), Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew, Pritchard, Pugh, Roach, Shop, Squire, Stewart, Teller, Williams, Turpie, Vest, Voorhees, Walbach, Warren, White, Wilson—42.

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ly are numerous, however, as cable lines, the elevated road and the Illinois Central railroad pass by the door. Col. Dickinson says it will seat 15,000 people when finished.

Chairman Harritt said tonight: "We will do nothing more at this meeting. We have chosen the hall and the hotel for our headquarters, and the balance of the details will go over until the next meeting of the committee, which will be held at the Palmer house in five weeks from now. The sergeant-at-arms will be chosen at that time. We are going to do one good thing at this convention, and that is, take care of the press in good shape. We are going to give them better facilities and more of them than were ever given at any national convention ever held."

The committee adjourned tonight for five weeks.</