RED LAKE RESERVE

SCHEME TO ESTABLISH A SANITA-RIUM ON THE SOUTH SHORE STRIP

TO RIVAL THE ADIRONDACKS.

ONLY FOREST OF VIRGIN PINE EX-TANT WITHIN THE NATIONAL LIMITS.

HOTELS AT CLEARWATER LAKE

Are a Part of the New Scheme Which Is Rapidly Taking Tangible Form.

The proposed opening of the Red Lake reservation has not deterred some of the more active residents of the northen part of the state from pushing to the front a long cherished scheme for maintaining in the vicinity of Red Lake a virgin pine forest, in order that Minnesota may have a region of primeval wildness, together with all the pungent healthfulness so well known as a characteristic of the piney woods. New York has Mount MacGregor and the Adirondacks, but nowhere else in the country, so far as known, is there another possible resort equal in native charms and deciduous healthfulness to that which borders the southern shore of Red lake. Pierced by rippling streams and dotted with lakes of unsullied purity, it presents charms of out-door sport second only to its atmospheric inspiration for those of weak lungs, and a few of the chief spirits of the portion of the state thereabouts have a project for the securing of the title in fee simple by the government for a summer sanitarium and pleasure resort. At present the reservation is held by the government in trust for the Indians, and, while a part of it has been thrown open for settlement, the sale to be made in a very short time, there will still remain a strip about six miles in width immediately facing the southern shore of the lake. This the government could acquire by treaty, surrendering separated tracts in various parts of the state which it still holds, and thus secure to future generations not only a national park in which shall be preserved the mammoth pines as they exist, and as they cannot remain they exist, and as they cannot remain under the inroads of civilization and settlement, but where there may also be a congenial resort for sufferers from pulmonary and other afflictions to pulmonary and other affections to which the gum of the pines is a pleas-

ant antiseptic.

If this can be arranged, the parties back of the scheme stand ready to build hotels both on Red lake and Clearwater lake, which will be at the southern boundary of the reservation, and are prepared to embark on a large scale in the arrangement of satisfac-tory accommodations for sufferers who may seek that refuge. While at present the locality is somewhat isolated from civilization by lack of railroad facilities, the Brainerd & Northern Minnesota Logging road is pushing on toward Fosston as rapidly as possible, and when completed it will pass within a few miles of the corner of this reservation. When that is accomplished, the new reserve will be much more accessible from Chicago than the Adirondacks, and will, in fact he able to complete even further. fact, be able to compete even further east than the city on Lake Michigan.

MINNIESS BUTTER BEST.

Four Prizes. Elgin, Ill., formerly the queen of but-

Star State Takes Three of

termakers, has surrendered the palm to Minnesota buttermakers, who captured three out of four prizes at the recent buttermakers' convention at Cedar

Thomas Milton, of St. Paul, took the grand sweepstakes and silver trophy for the best tub of separator butter made in the United States.

The Belle Plaine creamery, operated by the Miltonian separated.

by the Milton company, received sec-ond honors, and medals in the same The Mabel creamery, of Mabel, Fil-

more county, received second premium on gathered cream.

Never before has a single state taken such honors, and the compliment is peculiarly great in view of the fact that there were 500 competitors, representing every dairy state in the Union. The award confirms the verdict of the trade, which has for a year paid one-half to one cent per pound above the market price for the Minnesota product

sota product.

Dairy Commissioner Anderson says that the increase in the product of Minnesota creameries and the improvement in quality are due to the laws prohibiting the sale of oleomargarine, butterine and such products in the

NOT OFFICIALLY HOME.

State Government Not Aware of Company D's Return.

Adjt. Gen. Muchlberg, whose woes in connection with the Grand Army enconnection with the Grand Army encampment were related in yesterday's Globe, has more trouble on his hands. A short time ago Capt. Ed S. Bean, of Company D, of the First Regiment infantry, applied to the adjutant general for permission to take his troops out of the state for a trip to New Orleans and the permission was granted. They were to be gone ten days and the time has expired, and now the adjutant genwere to be gone ten days and the time has expired, and now the adjutant general is very anxious to know what has become of the crack company of the state, if not of the nation. If he had read the Globe he would know, of course, that the command of Capt. Bean has been home for several days, but as a military mogul at the head of Minnesota's unsullied soldiers he can Minnesota's unsullied soldiers, he can take no notice of a newspaper report, and he has not been legally informed of the return of the company. The general public, will, no doubt, join the Globe in expressing the hope that Capt. Bean will immediately inform the adjustant general of his safe return. adjutant general of his safe return, and thus insure to the head of the state troops that sound sleep which is nec-essary to the proper enforcement of the peace and dignity of the most glorious commonwealth in the galaxy of the

HAVE CUBANS SEIZED HIM?

State Superintendent Pendergast Has Mysteriously Disappeared. State Superintendent of Public In-

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT **Tooth Powder**

AN ELECANT TOILET LUXURY.

"The Chicago Great Western Railway (Maple Leaf Route) now gets the preferred passenger business to and from Des Moines because of its quick time and superior service. Evening train leaves at 7:30 daily." Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

struction Pendergast is playing truant, as nearly as can be learned. About two weeks ago he started on a short vacation to attend the annual meeting of the department of superintendents of the National Educational association, which was to be held at Jacksonville. which was to be held at Jacksonville, Fla. The meeting closed several days ago, but nothing has been heard from the recreant superintendent until a day or two ago, when it was reported at the state university that the gentleman from Hutchinson had been seen taking a vessel for the Bermudas. The islands of the gulf stream are a pleasant resort at this season of the year, and there is no objection to his making the visit if he so desires, but there is some anxiety at the capitol lest he may have fallen into the hands of the insurgents from Cuba, who are supposed to be exercising a strict surveillance of that portion of the high seas. It would indeed be terrible if the head of the Minnesota state public school system should be state public school system should be chopped off to make a Cuban holiday, while the patriots of the state are showing their substantial appreciation of the cause by patronizing plays, mass meetings and other Cuban war measures.

SOME UNWRITTEN HISTORY

Told by Gen. Mason in an Interesting Lecture.

Gen. E. C. Mason delivered a lecture at the House of Hope church last night on the subject, "How We Won the San Juan Archipelago." The occa-sion was one of the series of enter-tainments that is being given for the benefit of the boys' brigade. This lecbenefit of the boys' brigade. This lecture contains some unwritten history of military and international questions leading up to the settlement of the dispute over the San Juan islands, which are located at the entrance to Puget sound and the gulf of Georgia.

Gen. Mason began by saying that he did not think a war with Great Britain at all probable yet war was possi-

ain at all probable, yet war was possible at any time. He wanted to show, however, that serious complications might be averted by prudent action even after matters had progressed so far as to make bloodshed imminent. This was illustrated in the trouble Tar as to make bloodshed imminent. This was illustrated in the trouble over the islands referred to. Gen. Mason then went into a description of Puget sound and the islands laying adjacent therto, which were claimed by the Hudson Bay company under the charter granted to it by Great Britain, as was also much of what now constitutes the North Pacific states. When tutes the North Pacific states. When the boundary line was established on the forty-ninth uarellel, however, the claim of the Hudson Bay company to any part of the mainland lying south of that line ceased, though the owner-

of that line ceased, though the ownership of the islands was still unsettled. Vancouver island, on which the city of Victoria stands, was inhabited by the British, but San Juan and the othe adjacent islands were inhabited by Americans, who claimed the islands as part of the United States. A pig was the means by which a war came near being brought on between the two governments in 1859. A man named Cutler, living on San Juan island, shot a pig belonging to the Hudson Bay company because it was trespassing on his property. He offered Hudson Bay company because it was trespassing on his property. He offered to pay for the damage he had done, but the company refused, and a war vessel was sent in to arrest Cutler and take him to Victoria to be tried by a British magistrate. But Cutler succeeded in convincing the officers who came to arrest him that some of them would get shot if they persisted in taking him, so they concluded to let him go.

let him go.

The effrontery of the British government in sending a war vessel to arrest a citizen of the United States on what was claimed to be American soil brought forth a protest on the part of the inhabitants of the islands and brought forth a protest on the part of the inhabitants of the islands and a demand for protection at the hands of their government. In those days it tooks months to communicate with the head of the government at Washington city, and, pending the forwarding of the communication and the return of an answer, Gen. Harney, who was in command at Fort Bellington, situated near the line on the mainland, sent Capt. Pickett—he who afterwards became famous as an officer in the Confederate army—to protect was in command at Fort Bellington, situated near the line on the main-land, sent Capt. Pickett—he who afterwards became famous as an officer in the Confederate army—to protect the people on the islands. Pickett transported his command in a fishing schooner and landed on San Juan island in a dense fog, so that his movements were not revealed to the British until they saw the American flag floating over the island the next morning.

Gov. Douglas, of the British territory, then assembled a fleet of British war then assembled a fleet of British war vessels and threatened to drive Pickett off, but sent him word that if he would off, but sent him word that if he would consent to a joint military occupation of the island pending an adjustment of the difficulty, hostilities would not be commenced. Pickett asked for time to communicate with Gen. Harney, his superior officer, which was granted, and Harney sent word back not to consent to joint occupancy, and he would sent Lieut. Casey to reinforce him. The British fleet was suspicious that a reinforcement would be sent a reinforcement would be sent,

and kept a sharp lookout to prevent the landing of any more United States

the landing of any more United States troops on the island, but notwithstanding this, Casey, too, managed to land under cover of a fog, and had joined Pickett before the British learned anything about his movements.

President Buchanan did not fully approve of Gen. Harney's action in the matter, however, and sent Gen. Winfield Scott, then in command of the army of the United States, to adjust the difficulty. Scott arrived there in November, 1859, and at once entered into an agreement with Gen. Bain, commanding the British forces in the region, for the joint military occupancy of the islands. Each side was to maintain a garrison of 100 men on pancy of the islands. Each side was to maintain a garrison of 100 men on San Juan island, and these forces were to co-operate in controlling the islands. The War of the Rebellion coming on a little later, the question of ownership of the islands was pushed into the background, and the islands continued under military rule for a period of thirteen years. During all that time of thirteen years. During all that time the public affairs were conducted in a

very satisfactory manner, and with perfect harmony on the part of the two forces. But the question of ownership must But the question of ownership must be settled some time, and the agitation over it was reopened, with the result that Great Britain asserted that she would consider no basis of settlement that would deprive her of the island of San Juan. To this the United States secretary of state replied that that foreclosed further discussion of the subject, as the United States would insist on its claim. War seemed insultable but the subject was finally that Great Britain asserted that she would consider no basis of settlement that would deprive her of the island of San Juan. To this the United States secretary of state replied that that foreclosed further discussion of the subject, as the United States would insist on its claim. War seemed inevitable, but the subject was finally submitted to Emperor William of Germany for arbitration, who, contrary to the expectation of British officers, decided in favor of the United States in 1872, expressing the conviction that the line ran down the main channel between Vancouver island and San Juan tween Vancouver island and San Juan island. The British garrison vacated

the latter island, and the trouble was at an end. Gen. Mason, who is very familiar with all the facts on account of his being stationed on the coast at the time of the settlement of the trouble, time of the settlement of the trouble, says that war would certainly have resulted but for the good judgment of one of the British officers on one occasion neglecting to obey an order of his superior to land troops and proceed against the United States force in possession of the island. In conclusion, Gen. Mason said he did not desire to inspire too much of the military spirit into the youth, but it was well to reinto the youth, but it was well to remember that war is not an unmixed evil; that while it is a great waste of wealth and sacrifice of human life, yet it tends to the evolution of a higher

CUT TO THE QUICK FOR THE

Maple Leaf Route the Fastest.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.- Latest U.S. Gov't Report

PAINTS IT ROSEATE

W. TAYLOR, BACK FROM THE EAST, ENTHUSIASTIC OVER THE LOOKOUT.

SIGNS OF BUSINESS REVIVAL

SEEN ON ALL HANDS BOTH IN NEW YORK AND PHILADEL-PHIA.

INQUIRY FOR WESTERN LANDS.

Money for Investment in This City Not Hard to Obtain in the East.

J. W. Taylor, the real estate man, has returned from a three weeks' visit to the money centers of the East. Mr. Taylor was everywhere met with surprising signs of a businss revival.

"I was in New York," said Mr. Taylor yesterday to a Globe reporter, "when the government bond issue was made. Foreign investors knew these bonds were a bargain, and had sent in orders to American bankers. The foreigners expected that the bonds would run up to a premium of about 109, which would make them gilt-edged security, and the bids from over the water were made on that basis. But when 109 was passed, and the new bonds kept going higher and higher, the Englishmen positively got nervous, and sent cab'es anxiously inquiring where those bonds were likely to stop booming. Well, they didn't stop till they reached 115, which marked them as the highest-priced securities issued by any nation, and gave the United States a better credit than any country in the world.

"So soor as the news of this extraordinary demand for the bonds was thoroughly circulated abroad, money began to come over in large quantities, and when I left New York there was every evidence that foreign capital will make heavy investments this year on make heavy investments this year on our side of the water. Meantime, there is such a demand for money for various enterprises that it is quoted on call in New York at 3½ and 4 per cent, while prime mercantile reserved. while prime mercantile paper brings 51/2 to 7. Now this is not because money cause the demand has suddenly increased. Why, last week showed the

sides, the demand for state bonds is much better now than it has been fo a long time, which is always a good

"Perhaps the most agreeable thing "Perhaps the most agreeable thing that I heard when I was East was told that I heard when I was East was told me by a very wealthy man, who has always dealt heavily in Western farming lands. He said he had been in business for a long time and that he recalled that one of the first signs of better times, after the panic of 1873, was the revival of inquiry for farms in Lova and Minnesota. Soon afterwards Iowa and Minnesota. Soon afterwards the market began to improve for real estate in Western cities. The same thing is being repeated. This man told me that he had lately met more customers who want to invest in Mir

nesota farming lands than he had for the past eight years.
"I found no difficulty in securing all the money I asked for to loan on St. Paul real estate. The people there are perfectly satisfied to make loans on the basis of our present values. They think that our real estate is worth every cent that we ask for it now, and that there is no danger of its going lower.

lower.

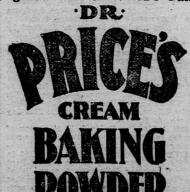
"The gold reserve? New York isn't worrying about that any more. The bankers think that the government will find no difficulty now in keeping the reserve at the proper figure. And when you consider the wonderful credit that the nation has just established and the anxiety of foreigners to send their money over I imagine that send their money over, I imagine that the bankers are more than half right. "You can say, too, that all the state-ments made to me in New York and Philadelphia came from conservative business men of the highest position in financial circles" financial circles."

IMMIGRANTS ARE ARRIVING.

Seventh Congressional District Has Caught the Fever.

Secretary Groat, of the state immigration association, returned yesterday morning from the immigration con-vention held Wednesday and Thursday sight was gained by many citizens of the Red river valley into the most practical methods of immigration work. The delegates were so pleased with the out-look that they passed a resolution call-ing upon the commissioners of each county to make a reasonable expendi-ture for the publication of pamphlets

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair.



MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free m Ammonia, Alum er any other adulterant,

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

and other matter advertising the resources of each particular county. The same statement was heard on all hand—that numerous letters have been received this spring from parties in the East and South who want to secure farms in the Seventh district. Not only that, but there is already a steady stream of immigration arriving in the stream of immigration arriving in the valley. Yes, indeed, the convention was as enthusiastic as anybody could

DESERTED AFTER TWO WEEKS. Mrs. O. O. Edwards, an Iowa Bride,

Left in St. Paul. A case of early desertion came to light in the case of O. O. Edwards, a Western Union telegraph operator at Western Union telegraph operator at Marshalltown, Iowa. Two weeks ago, Edwards, who is twenty-eight years of age, married a pretty school teacher of twenty-two, and the couple came to St. Paul to spend their honeymoon. While here, Edwards applied to the Northern Pacific Railroad company for transportation to Spokane for himself and wife. It seems that a short time and wife. It seems that a short time ago he rendered some valuable service to the railroad company, and transportation was promptly furnished.

Last Saturday, Edwards went to
Anoka, promising his newly made bride

that he would return next day. While at Anoka he seemed to have been seized with a fit of absent-mindedness, for he forgot all about his promise and failed to return to St. Paul, taking Sundaying trains for Gradients. day's train for Spokane.

Mrs. Edwards is heartbroken over the affair and feels keenly the action of her errant spouse. With but little money, and in a strange place, her situation is anything but cheerful. She has found employment in the city and

has found employment in the city and will stay here rather than go back to her home in Iowa.

HELP FOR ARMENIA.

Mass Meeting Tomorrow in Humanity's Interest.

The citizens' mass meeting at the Metropolitan opera house tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, on behalf of the Armenian sufferers, will be of general in-terest. Hon. J. J. Parker will preside in place of Mayor Smith. Addresses will be delivered by Archbishop Ireland, Capt. H. A. Castle and Rev. J. W. Con-

It is hoped there will be a substantial offering to alleviate suffering in the name of humanity.

If you've worn a Gordon Hat, tell friends how well it pleased.

St. Cloud Is Next.

Four Months?

Interest will be allowed at 4 per cent July 1, '96, on sums of \$5 and upwards deposited in The Savings Bank of St. Paul, on or before Tuesday next, March 3. Fifth and Jackson streets.

Watson Concert Tonight.

Prof. J. Jay Watson's last appearance in St. Paul will take place tonight, when he will give the concert postponed from last Saturday. The violinist will play "Ole Bull and Vieuxtemps" celebrated variations on "Yankee Doodle," by general request; also several of his own compositions on the piano and gultar, of both of which he is master.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN

MATINEE TODAY-Entire Balcony 25c. SUNDAY Lower Floor..... 50c.

.THE MERRY WORLD.. Travesties on Trilby, Sans Gene, Skits on Wang, Rot Roy, Madelene.

AND

NIGHT

The Original N. Y. Cast, including Amelia Summerville, Willard Simms, Jeanette Bogeard, Dayid Warfield, Marie Laurens, Lee Harrison, ed fifty (50) others. FANNY MANCY AT THE MONDAY

THE GRAND.

THE BIG CAST:

NIGHT.

Matinee Today at
2:30.

JACOB LITT'S
GREAT CUBAN PLAY

THE LAST

STROKE.

Frederic De Belleville,
John T. Sullivan,
Samuel Edwards,
Edgar Forrest,
Ada Dwyer,
Helen Lowe'l,
Madeline Lack
And others. Tomorrow-IN OLD KENTUCKY

RICE AS FRENCH BALL.

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, DEATHS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

BIRTHS. Mr. and Mrs. Mike Nickel
Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Carter
Mr. and Mrs. C. Bell
Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Link
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hirsch
Mr. and Mrs. Almen T. Cole
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Harkins
Mr. and Mrs. Gus Helmle
Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Wright
Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Wright
Mr. and Mrs. Michael Ryan DEATHS.

Leona Waters, city hospital ... John Carroll, 473 State st Johanna Beer, 976 Lafond st...

ANNOUNCEMENTS. MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE March 3 at our State Savings Bank, Ger-mania Life Ins. Bldg., 4th and Minn. sts., will be entitled to 4 mos. Interest, July 1. Julius M. Goldsmith. Treasurer.

DIED.

TRENTER—In St. Paul, Feb. 28, 1896, Peter Trenter, aged thirty years. Funeral tomorrow, from residence of his brother. Joseph Trenter, corner of Toronto and West Seventh streets, at 1:30 p. m. Services at St. Francis De Sales church at 2 o'clock, Friends please astend.

DOWNS—Feb. 28, 1896, at his sister's residence, 300 Aurora avenue, John Downs. Funeral tomorrow, Sunday, at 2 p. m. Services at St. Joseph's church at 2:30. Winona and Minneapolis papers please copy.

WHALEY—Friday, Feb. 28, 1895, at the family residence, 645 Pine street, John Whaley, aged seventy-three years. Funeral Monday at 9:30 a. m. Services at St. Mary's church at 10 o'clock. Dubuque, Iowa, papers please copy.

FOR FUNERALS—Carriages, \$2 and hearses \$3. Seven Corners Livery. Telephone call, No. 339.

Roses, Carnations And all kinds of Cut Flowers Half-Price Today. MAY & CO., 25 and 27 W. Fifth St.

Chickens, per pound, 10 CENTS

12 CENTS

3 dozen Eggs for 25 CENTS

Schoch's XXXX Patent Flour, 98-1bs.,

First Patent. Onions, per bushel,

15 CENTS

Solid Meat Oysters, per quart, 40 CENTS

Chocolate Menier Pastilles, per box, 20 CENTS

10-pounds Sweet Potatoes,

25 CENTS 3 quarts Cranberries,

25 bars Ricker's No. 1 White Soap,

\$1.00

Strawberries, Mushrooms, Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Egg Plant, Water Cress, Mint, Green Onions, Parsley, Head Lettuce, Leaf Lettuce, Rhubarb, Oyster Plant, Celery Root, Radishes, Crisp Celery, New Cabbage, Spinach, Leeks, Cucumbers, Schives.

25 CENTS

5-lb. Jars Creamery, per lb18c
5-1b. Jars Fancy Dairy, per 1b 15c
Our Fancy Creamery, per 1b23c
Full Cream Cheese, per lb10c
Nice Mild Cheese, per 1b
Smoked White Fish, per 1b
Tongues and Sounds, per 1b 10c
Summer Sausage, per 1b
Breakfast Bacon, per 1b 10c
Extra Fine Strained Honey, per
glass10c
Smoked Sturgeon, per lb121/c
Pure Pork Sausage, per lb10c
3-1b. Pail Lard25c

THE ANDREW SCHOCH GROCERY CO. Corner Seventh and Broadway.

5-lb. Pail Lard Compound 30c

Salt Pork, per 1b......7c

PROPOSALS FOR CITY LIGHT ING WANTED.

City Clerk's Office,

St. Paul, Minn., February 17th, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room No. 42, City Hall and Court House, St. Paul, Minnesota, until the 2d day of March, A. D. 1896, at 5 o'clock in the afernoon of said day, for contracts for electric lighting of the City of St. Paul, and certain streets and public grounds of said city, according to the specifications heretofore prepared by the Board of Public Works of the City of St. Paul, and now on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of St. Paul.

Notice is also hereby given that scaled proposals will be received at the same time and place for a contract to furnish said city with gas lighting according to the specifications therefor and heretofore prepared by the Board of Public Works of the City of St. Paul.

The portions of the streets and public

Paul.

The portions of the streets and public grounds of the City of St. Paul to be lighted by electricity are shown by the said specifications for electric lighting, and the portions of 'he streets and public grounds of the said ('ty to be lighted with gas are as shown by said specifications for gas lighting.

the said ('ty to be lighted with gas are as shown by said specifications for gas lighting.

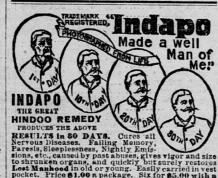
The contract to be made will be entered into at the said City Hall and Court House as soon as the Common Council of the City of St. Paul acts upon the proposals received pursuant to this notice, and such contracts will be made between the City of St. Paul and the lowest responsible bidders for said electric lighting, and also for said gas lighting, for the times and upon the conditions as are stated in each of said specifications.

The proposals for said contracts will be opened and considered by the said Common Council at a meeting of each body of said Common Council to be held in the City Hall and Court House in the City of St. Paul, as follows, to-wit: By the Board of Aldermen of said city on Monday, March 2d, A. D. 1896, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., on said day, and by the Assembly of said city March 2d, A. D. 1896, at 8:30 o'clock p. m., on said day. Said proposals shail be securely sealed and marked, "Proposals for City Lighting."

The right is reserved by the Common Council to reject all unreasonable bids.

Blank forms of bids may be procured at the office of the City Engineer of the City of St. Paul.

MATT JENSEN, City Clerk. Feb. 20-(daily, including Sunday)-Feb. 29.



A SPECIALTY Primary, Section BLOOD POISON POISON PRIMARY SECTION PRIMARY OF THE P

iary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If yea prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fareand hotel billis, and nocharge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, lodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling cut, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON or guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffied the skill of the most eminent physicians. \$500,000 capital behit. Jour unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed or application. Address COOK REMEDY CO. 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Sixth and Robert Streets, St. Paul

FEW SATURDAY POINTERS

Dress Goods Department.

Four big specials for today. Colored Dress Goods.

Tweed Suitings, in hair-line stripes, checks and mix-tures; value 50c a yard, for.. West End Suitings of silk, wool and mohair, a complete range of colorings, good styles; 49c value 75c a yard, for.....

Black Goods Dept.

Men's Plain Hemstitched Handkerchiefs; regularly sold

sold elsewhere at 20 cents each.

Storm Serge—20 pieces of pure worsted Storm Serge, the bright and wiry kind; the regular 50c quality. Our special 25c For two days more we was button Suede Mouse 8-button Suede Mouse Statistics. For two days more we will sell 8-button Suede Mousquetaire

For today.....

Special Linen Handkerchief

Sale.

Ladies' Plain Hemstitched Linen

Handkerchiefs, three-width hems;

MEN'S DEPARTMENT—THREE BARGAINS.

Perrin's Gloves, \$1.75 quality95c Half Hose, double toes and heels, 25c quality.... 1216 **~~~~~~~~~~~~~~**



The Food Drink

There is great nourishment in a single sip of

-more than there is in a dozen loaves of bread. It is invaluable

as a flesh-builder and tonic for nursing mothers, consumptives, and all invalids. To be had at all Druggists' and Grocers'. PREPARED BY

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASS'N, St. Louis, U. S. A. Send for handsomely illustrated colored booklets and other reading ma

ST. PAUL FURNITURE CO. DESIGNERS AND MANUFACTURERS *****

ixtures and Furniture for Banks, Stores, Churches, Halls, Etc.

170 West Fifth Street.

Dr. W. J. HURD'S Extracting Teeth Without Pain. Strictly First Class Fill. ing. Crowns. Bridges and Plates. Popu-lar Prices. Office Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 5.

The Oldest and Best Appointed Studio in the Northwest.

Seventh and Minnesota

SEE C.a. Timmerman SEE THE NEW PHOTO At 99 and 101 East Sixth Street.

EXQUISITE PHOTOGRAPHY ... Crayons, Oils and Pastels... Outdoor and commercial work a specialty.

Mr. Zimmerman's Personal Attention.

Appointments. Telephone 1071.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMsey—District Court, Second Judicial District.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, Plaintiff, vs. Charles E. Rittenhouse, Grace H. Rittenhouse, Frederick N. Finney, J. W. Simonton, Randolph A. Wilkinson, Jacob E. Schadle and Jennie R. M. Schadle, Defendants. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above-named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed with the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office, in the Bank of Minnesota Building, in the city of St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fall to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court above entitled for the relief demanded therein.

STEVENS, O'BRIEN, COLE & ALBRECHT, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 203 Bank of Minnesota Building, St. Paul, Minnesota. You and each of you are hereby summoned

Notice is hereby given that in the above entitled action no personal claim is made against any of the defendants therein named except the defendant Charles E. Rittenhouse.

STEVENS, O'BRIEN, COLE & ALBRECHT, Bank of Minnesota Building, St. Paul, Minnesota, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

PROPOSALS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF DAMS AND SHORE PROTECTIONS BETWEEN ROCK ISLAND, ILL, AND MUSCATIND, 10WA.-U. S. Engineer Office, Rock Island, Ill, February 1, 1896.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 2 p. m., March 3, 1896, and then publicly opened. Information furnished on application.

PYRAMID PILE CURE FOOT OF MINNESOTA STREET. Is a new discovery for the prompt, permanent cure of Piles in every form.

PROPOSALS FOR PRINTING AN-NUAL REPORTS.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 24, 1896.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals marked "Proposals—Annual Reports." will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 5 o'clock p. m., on Monday, March 2, 1896, for printing and binding 200 copies of the annual reports of city officers for A. D. 1895; and also for printing said reports in pamphlet form, as may be needed for the various departments of the city. The specifications to be followed are on file in the office of the City Clerk. A bond or certified check in the sun of twenty per cent of amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The Common Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Common Council.

Chairman of Joint Committee on Printing, Feb 24-(daily)-March 2.

LUMBER WANTED.

City Clerk's Office.
St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 26, 1896.
Sealed proposals, marked "Proposals for Lumber," will be received at this office until 5 o'clock p. m., March 3, 1896, for furnishing the City of St. Paul with such lumber as may be required and ordered during the year ending Dec. 31, 1896, and according to specifications on file in the office of the City Engineer. gineer.

Said proposals will be opened and considered, and contract awarded, at regular meetings of the Board of Aldermen and of the Assembly to be held in the Council Chamber, in the City Hall, in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. on the following dates, to wit: At a meeting of the said Board of Aldermen on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1896, and at a meeting of the Assembly on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1896. A certified check in the sum of 10 per cent of the amount of bid must accompany each proposal to ensure the entering into a proper contract. The Common Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Common Council.

MATT JENSEN, City Clerk.

Feb. 26-Daily-March 3.

BACTERIOLOGICAL APPARATUS

WANTED.

City Clerk's Office.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 26, 1896.

Sealed proposals, marked "Proposals for Bacteriological Apparatus," will be received at this office until 5 o'clock p. m., March 3d, 1896, for furnishing the City of St. Paul with bacteriological apparatus, to be based upon specifications on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of St. Paul.

Said proposals will be opened and considered, and contract awarded, at regular meetings of the Board of Aldermen and of the Assembly to be held in the Council Chamber, in the City Hall, in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. on the following dates, to wit: At a meeting of the said Board of Aldermen on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1896, and at a meeting of the Assembly on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1896.

A certified check in the sum of 10 per cent

A certified check in the sum of 10 per cent of the amount of bid must accompany each proposal to ensure the entering into a proper contract. The Common Council reserved the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Common Council.

MATT JENSEN, City Clerk.
Feb. 26-Daily-March 3.

DEFECTIVE PAGE