

BULLETIN OF THE ST. PAUL GLOBE.

Weather for Today—Fair, Southerly Winds.

THE CRIME OF '96

Butler's Anti-Bond Bill Characterized as an Attempt to Perpetrate It.

MEASURE SCORED BY HILL.

Bond Attitude of the Administration Defended by Senator Sherman.

INFAMY OF ACTUAL REPUTATION.

It Attacks, Said Hill, to This Measure, Which Dwarfs Alleged 'Crime of '73.'

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The bill to prohibit the issue of bonds is now before the senate with the prospect of a final vote Monday.

The objection to the measure was withdrawn today, and by the decisive vote of 24 to 29 the senate adopted the motion of Mr. Butler, author of the bill, to proceed with it.

The debate on the measure proceeded throughout the day and was at times very animated. Mr. Hill attacked the bill as a barefaced attempt at repudiation by an indirect cutting off of the only means existing for a redemption of greenbacks.

Mr. Sherman, Mr. Gray, Mr. Hawley and Mr. Lodge spoke in opposition to the bill, and Mr. Mills, Texas; Mr. Butler, Mr. Allen, Mr. Stewart and Mr. Clarke for it.

The tariff question came in for incidental consideration, and Senators Sherman, George and Gray expressed the view that it would be a disgrace if congress adjourned without enacting a law to increase the revenues.

Mr. Butler asked for a vote on the bond bill, Monday, Mr. Hill, from whom the chief opposition was expected, gave his assent.

The chaplain's prayer had hardly closed when Mr. Butler renewed his motion to take up the bill prohibiting the issue of bonds.

Yeas: Republicans, Brown, Dubois, Hansbrough, Mitchell (Or.), Perkins, Pettigrew, Fritchard, Shoup, Teller, Thurston, Warren, Wilson, 12 Democrats, Bacon, Daniel, Berry, Blackburn, Chilton, Cockrell, Danel, George, Harris, Jones (Ark.), Martin, Mills, Pasco, Pugh, Turpie, Vest and White, 17; Populists, Allen, Butler, Kyle, Peffer, Stewart, 34.

Nays: Republicans, Allison, Baker, Burroughs, Chandler, Davis, Frye, Gallinger, Hale, Hawley, McMillan, Morrill, Nelson, Sherman and Wetmore, 18; Democrats, Sherman, Gray, Hill, Lindsay, Vilas, 20.

Mr. Hill began his speech in opposition. He spoke calmly first, gradually warming up in emphasis and feeling.

"It is a startling proposition," he said, "to the crime which will be perpetrated if this bill passes and becomes a law. It is a bold proposition to repeal the redemption act, to repeal the only law which exists for the redemption of the currency of the country.

By declaring that for no purpose whatever shall money be raised on bonds, this measure is in effect a repeal of the act of '73. It is a startling proposition. It will simply put in peril the finances of the country.

"This is plain, bold, open repudiation," exclaimed Mr. Hill, his words ringing through the chamber. "The measure means that your paper money and the honor of your country is what this measure means. The crime of '73 pales into insignificance beside the crime of '96. This measure means that the government by the throat; it holds up the treasury."

Mr. George (Dem., Miss.) began asking questions at this point and a discussion of the measure followed. Mr. George asked why it was not best to put aside all partisanship, both sides coming together to deal with the crisis.

"Instead of sitting here quarreling," said Mr. George, "let the Ohio senator that criticizes a proper relief measure."

Mr. Sherman was quickly on his feet. "I say in all seriousness," he said, "that if this congress adjourns without giving the redemption of the currency an adequate measure, it will be a disgrace, falling in a large part on the senate. We are going on like a spendthrift squandering his fortune. The senate refuses to give the proper power for relief. But the bill is a bold repudiation of the act of a bankrupt and of a dishonest bankrupt. That God, it cannot pass, for we all know this is merely a moot debate."

Mr. Gray (Dem., Del.) followed. "I agree with Mr. George," he said, "and I agree with the Ohio senator that criticizes a proper relief measure. It will be a disgrace, falling in a large part on the senate. We are going on like a spendthrift squandering his fortune. The senate refuses to give the proper power for relief. But the bill is a bold repudiation of the act of a bankrupt and of a dishonest bankrupt. That God, it cannot pass, for we all know this is merely a moot debate."

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Mr. George now came forward with a proposition which attracted marked attention. He said he would pledge his one vote to the Republican senators if they would together support a proper relief measure. He would accept in such a measure a tax on beer, a revenue tax on wool, lumber, tea, coffee, an increase on tobacco, cigars and cigarettes, and a fair revenue duty on any agricultural product imported from Canada to the United States.

Mr. Hill, resuming his speech, said a non-partisan revenue measure was an impossibility. Mr. Hill was followed by Mr. Baker (Rep., Kan.), who said the passage of the bill would result in a repudiation and a possible revolution. It would be the greatest crime of the nineteenth century.

At 2 o'clock the chair held the regular order of business before the body, but the senate, by a vote of 49 to 27, decided to continue the consideration of the bond bill. Mr. Hawley (Rep., Conn.), in a short but impassioned exposition, scored the pending measure. "If this bill is passed," he declared, "it will be one of the foulest blot on the history of this honorable body. This is repudiation. This is bankruptcy; this is anarchy and infamy."

Mr. Mills (Dem., Tex.) supported the bill. He ridiculed the idea of repudiation. If more revenue was requisite, then this congress would give it, and if it did not, then the next would. The people would insist on receiving sufficient revenue for the government.

Mr. Sherman said he felt sure the bill would fall dead as soon as it left the senate. The senator argued that the law requiring the redemption of notes in coin was a contract. The United States could not avoid that contract without dishonor. This was the first time in the history of the country that an attempt was made to violate any contract of business before the body, but the law, he said, was a repudiation of the public debt, "exclaimed Mr. Sherman. "This proposition is a crime to be denounced, and not proper to be voted on. Those who vote for it would countenance a dishonorable act. But thank God the measure cannot become a law. If this bill is passed," he declared, "it will be one of the foulest blot on the history of this honorable body. This is repudiation. This is bankruptcy; this is anarchy and infamy."

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QUAY PAID TRIBUTE

HE CAME TO CANTON TO ADMIT THAT THE BATTLE WAS OVER.

OTHER LEADERS TO FOLLOW.

The Campaign Against the Democrats the Question to be Considered.

PARTED WITH FRIENDLY WORDS.

Neither One Had Anything to Say to the Result of the Conference.

CLEVELAND, O., May 22.—The Leader, which better represents McKinley, perhaps, than any other newspaper in the United States, will publish tomorrow in substance the following upon the visit of Quay to McKinley:

Quay came to Canton, not as the bearer of messages from any man or group of men, but as the leader of the Republican party in Pennsylvania. He did not come, as he facetiously remarked in Washington, to question McKinley about his attitude on the money question. He was a Republican leader, visiting the men who will certainly be the victors of the Republican party for president.

The giving of offices was not considered, nor was the campaign for the nomination discussed, because every Republican knows that campaign to be practically ended. One thing they did discuss was the campaign which McKinley will enter against the Democratic candidate for president. The conference was most pleasant and cordial on both sides. The visit of Quay was such as will undoubtedly be made by many other Republican leaders, both before and after the St. Louis convention.

At 12 p. m. Senator Quay was driven from McKinley's home to the depot and taken by train eastward. Both McKinley and Quay declined to be interviewed about their conference. Later in the afternoon McKinley started for Cleveland to join his wife and remain until Monday.

Matthew's Masterful Silence.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 22.—Senator Quay arrived at his home in Beaver, Pa., from Canton, this evening. An effort was made to induce him to talk, but he refused to say anything further than that his conference with Maj. McKinley was satisfactory. To the query as to whether he believed McKinley would be nominated, he replied: "I have nothing to say whatever." The senator broke his resolution not to talk the next morning, however, and to a solicitous question as to whether he was still to be considered a candidate, emphatically replied: "I am not." He is a presidential nominee, and shall be voted for at the St. Louis convention.

Only a Friendly Visit.

CANTON, O., May 22.—Senator M. S. Quay, of Finance cast a friendly visit to Gov. McKinley having received a telegram that Senator Quay would pay him a visit, met him at the station. To a reporter Senator Quay declined to talk as to the object of his visit, but he was paying Gov. McKinley a friendly visit. It is believed here this afternoon that the visit is being in every way.

North Dakota Decisions.

BISMARCK, N. D., May 22.—The supreme court has handed down two decisions, the first being in the action brought by James E. O'Connor, assignee of E. T. Spafford, vs. M. J. O'Connor, the second in the action of J. H. Perkins vs. the estate of Judge Templeton, who held that the insolvency law of the state was unconstitutional. The decision is reversed, the court holding that part of the law is constitutional. This is a victory for the assignee. The other opinion was in the case of Homer E. Sargent, appellant, vs. Charles F. Kindred, respondent; an appeal from Cass county, Iowa. The decision of Judge McConnell is reversed, and an order denying the motion to vacate judgment. Both opinions are by Judge Corbett.

Hoskins Case Throws Out.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., May 22.—The \$35,000 mortgage case of Editor Hoskins against Supt. Welch, of the state insane hospital; State Senator Cole, Dr. Buchanan, E. A. Jewett, the First National bank, E. E. Corliss and Col. Marden, for committing him in the insane hospital, is tried today before Judge Corbett, who dismissed the case after the plaintiff had put in his testimony. The court held that he was properly committed to the asylum, and that the superintendent was obliged to receive him. Hoskins tried his own case, and wanted to show that he was sane, but the court held that it was not in issue.

She Has a Woman's Tongue.

YANKTON, S. D., May 22.—In the inter-collegiate oratorical contest between representatives of the six state colleges the first honors were awarded to Miss Alice Hyde, of the state university, at Vermillion, and second to Ewert, of Yankton. The judges were the president of the Ohio and Wyoming universities; Prof. West, of the Minnesota state university; Rev. Mr. Strickland; Prof. Kraatz, of Sioux City, and Miss J. M. Prime, of Madison. During the previous nine years Yankton won first place four times, Mitchell thrice, Sioux Falls once and Redfield once.

Commencement at St. Peter.

ST. PETER, Minn., May 22.—The commencement exercises of A. A. college closed last evening, with a band tournament, in which a half-dozen bands participated. The alumni association elected the following officers: President, H. N. Benson, St. Peter; vice president, A. O. Eberhart, Mankato; secretary and treasurer, E. L. Erickson, St. Peter; corresponding secretary, Miss Johnson, St. Peter; executive committee, Rev. E. O. Stone, St. Paul; Dr. F. M. Magnuson, St. Cloud; A. Toft, St. Paul.

Bankers Banquet.

YANKTON, S. D., May 22.—The State Bankers' association concluded its session here last night with a banquet given by the local bankers, at which eighty guests were present. It elected Porter P. Peck, of Sioux Falls, president; D. A. McPherson, of Deadwood, vice president; David Williams, of Webster, secretary; L. H. Neff, of Groton, treasurer.

Woodmen Go Into Camp.

NEW PAINESVILLE, Minn., May 22.—The Woodmen of the World, a fraternal organization of America was instituted here last evening by Deputy Head Consul T. J. Dolbow. There is a charter list of twenty-three. C. F. Galm was chosen venerable consul, and G. M. Nanch, delegate to the state camp.

Logs Break Loose.

ASHLAND, Wis., May 22.—A large raft of red oak logs broke loose this afternoon just off Houghton point, and a peculiar feature was that the logs were piled so high that they immediately sank when they broke loose, making the loss very heavy. The logs belonged to C. C. Thompson Lumber company, of Washburn.

Field Day at the Moorhead Normal.

MOORHEAD, Minn., May 22.—Tomorrow a joint field day has been arranged, in which the students of the high school and the normal will participate. The events include athletics of all kinds.

CANT CONVICT ROMANO.

A Smooth Swindling Scheme Shown Up in the Duluth Case.

DULUTH, Minn., May 22.—The trial of Samuel D. Liebow, alias Walter Romano, the alleged directory swindler, is in progress in the district court, and the testimony developed the fact that the scheme used by the swindler was smoother than was supposed at first. Last summer an agent thoroughly canvassed the city for advertising for the index business directory. He got few advertisements, but all were unwilling to have their names inserted free of charge. A large number of business men signed written papers, giving their consent to this, and they were much surprised when these same papers came back in the hands of Romano as contracts for paid advertising. The signatures were unaltered, but the contracts had been added since. Romano is on trial for forgery, but it is doubted if the charge can be made to stick, as there is no forgery. He is defended by Seymour Stedman and J. G. McClintock. Stedman is from Chicago, where the gang of which the police claim Romano is a member, is located.

No Bolt in South Dakota.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 22.—A report has been sent out from Yankton that after the adjournment of the late Democratic convention at Aberdeen the free silver delegates had selected eight delegates to Chicago, who were to go as a contesting delegation. The eight being Ross, Lynch, Pratt, Barrett, Neumayer, Abel, Taubman and Mullen. On receipt of this dispatch W. A. Lynch, of Yankton, who is a prominent free silver man, was asked by wire about it. He pronounced it false. The free silver men met after the conclusion of the convention and debated the question, but finding that there were no delegates to Chicago, they voted they voted the proposition down. There is no talk whatever of a contest, though there is considerable grumbling among the free silver men against the federal office holders who ran the convention.

Bond Holders Would Foreclose.

DULUTH, Minn., May 22.—The Central Trust company of New York has applied to the district court to foreclose a mortgage for \$25,000 on the plant of the Duluth Manufacturing company. The trust company claims to have purchased \$250,000 mortgage bonds of a manufacturing company in good faith, and claims the right to sue the company to foreclose. Permission of the court is necessary, because the manufacturing company is in the hands of a receiver.

State's Testimony All In.

SHRINERS COMING TO SIOUX FALLS.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 22.—The grand lodge of the Shriner's temple, No. 1, and one never surpassed in the Northwest will be given by the Mystic Shrine here on Monday. The secretary has already received letters from twenty towns in Minnesota and Iowa, accepting the invitation. They are coming in each day. It is now certain that fully 500 Shriners will be here, and most of them will bring their wives.

Three Leave Hope Behind.

MOORHEAD, Minn., May 22.—Hope academy, a college of the Lutheran Augustana synod, in this city, held its commencement exercises this week. Three students graduated.

A New Colonel on His Staff.

PIERRE, S. D., May 22.—Gov. Sheldon appointed R. B. Stewart, of this city, a colonel on his staff. This appointment is in place of J. B. Wolgemuth, who resigned on account of the action of the governor in the Brookings college deal.

Experimenting at Pierre.

PIERRE, S. D., May 22.—R. S. Ferris, of the United States coast survey, is in the city, making this a point of observation in the work of connection of the magnetic needle. He will take his observations tomorrow morning.

Faribault Firebugs.

FARIBAULT, May 22.—About 3 a. m. the barn owned by Mr. Benson was burned with a horse, buggy, harness and feed. This is one of a number of fires, the work of firebugs, in this locality recently.

Sheffield Company Incorporates.

FARIBAULT, Minn., May 22.—Articles of incorporation have been filed by the Sheffield Milling company, M. B. Sheffield, B. B. Sheffield, A. Blodgett, H. D. W. Grant, E. R. Hatch and C. W. Peterson. The capital stock is \$200,000.

WILD-EYED CRANK.

He Made an Attempt on the Life of Corbett.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 22.—Jim Corbett narrowly escaped being hit in the hands by a wild-eyed crank, armed with a revolver, at Hot Springs, yesterday. As he was walking along Central avenue, a man suddenly sprang from a doorway, facing the legislator, and claimed to know his name as Corbett.

"If you are Jim Corbett," the crank yelled, "I'm going to lick you right here."

Corbett hesitated a moment, and then the crank, with a quick movement, drew a revolver from his pocket and pointed it at Corbett's breast. Corbett, realizing the situation, struck the weapon out of the crank's hand and, seizing the man, held him until an officer arrived.

TWO CONVENTIONS.

Chicago Democratic Fractions Have Declared War.

CHICAGO, May 22.—When the Democratic standard committee read today the call for the county convention, as issued by the county central committee machine, a meeting was called and war to the knife was declared against the machine. There will certainly be two county conventions. The following resolution was unanimously adopted: "This committee recommends to the executive committee of the Democratic honest money committee that it advise all Democrats of Cook county, who are favor of honest primaries and honest money to remain away from the primaries to be held on Monday next; and this committee recommends that the executive committee that it proceed at once to reorganize the Democratic party in this county."

Rapid Transit Set Back.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The appellate division of the supreme court denied a motion to postpone the report of the special commission on rapid transit appointed by Mayor McClellan. The report of the underground railway plan, adopted by the commission, is set back.

SCHOOLS FOR INDIANS

THREE INSTITUTES FOR INDIAN TEACHERS PLANNED FOR THE COMING SUMMER.

ONE AT ST. PAUL IN JULY.

PROGRAMME FOR THE MINNESOTA INSTITUTE PREPARED BY THE INDIAN OFFICE.

WORK IN ALL ITS MANY PHASES.

Questions Involved in Indian Education and Civilization to be Discussed by Experts.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The officials of the Indian office are now at work preparing for the three Indian school institutes to be held during the summer. The programmes for the institutes are about completed, and will soon be issued in printed form. The institute at St. Paul, to be held in the capitol building there, will open on Monday evening July 20, and will continue to July 25. The following is the programme for the St. Paul meetings:

Address of welcome by Prof. C. E. Gilbert, superintendent of city schools of St. Paul. Response by the superintendent of Indian Affairs, W. N. Cressman, superintendent of the Indians the Sisseton Way to Civilization," by John A. Oakland, superintendent of Pine Ridge school. "Education for All Races Essentially the Same," by Hon. W. W. Pendergast, superintendent of public instruction, Wisconsin.

Tuesday, Morning Session—"Industries of Indians," by Lieut. W. A. Mercer, acting agent of Pointe agency, Wisconsin. "Industries of Montana Indians," by George Steele, agent Blackfoot agency, Montana. "Industries of South Dakota Indians," by L. D. Davis, superintendent Platteau school, South Dakota. "Industries of Minnesota Indians," by H. H. Cressman, superintendent of Leach Lake school, Minnesota.

Tuesday, Evening Session—"Education and Civilization Among the Oneidas," by Charles F. Pierce, superintendent Oneida school, Wisconsin. "Education and Civilization Among the Indians of Sisseton," by Beatrice Souders, superintendent Standing Rock agency, North Dakota. "The Cutting System," by E. J. Park, assistant superintendent Carlisle school, Pennsylvania. "Wisconsin Winnegobies," by Axel Jefferson, superintendent Wittenberg school, Wisconsin.

Wednesday, Morning Session—"The Moral Status of the Indian From His Own Standpoint," by Walter J. Wicks, superintendent Hope Indian school, Santee agency, Nebraska. "Education of Indian Girls," by Angus Prudden, superintendent Grand River boarding school, Standing Rock agency, N. D. "The Moral Status of the Indian," by J. H. Cook, superintendent Wild Rice River school, Minnesota. "Study of," by Prof. F. B. Riggs, Santee agency, Nebraska.

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Thursday, Morning Session—"Relation of the School to the Indian Health Question," by Dr. M. M. Waldron, Hampton school, Santee agency, Nebraska. "School Sanitation," by Fred Tron, agent Crow Creek agency, S. D. "Educational Manual Training," by G. W. Johnson, Blacksmith, Fort Shaw school, Montana, and by J. M. Hessler, Manual training teacher, Mt. Pleasant school, Michigan.

Thursday, Evening Session—To be devoted to state meetings, as follows: First, superintendents and teachers; second, farmers, industrial teachers and work shops; third, matrons' service, including department of sewing, cooking and laundry work. The programmes for these section meetings will be promulgated at the institute.

Flags and Bunting.

Government Will Lead Them to the St. Paul Encampment.

Special to the Globe.