SAINT PAUL.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

Dayton's Bluff branch, Order of the Iron Hall, will be addressed at its hall, Bates avenue and Third street, by F. D. Somerby, the supreme president of the order.

Evangelist Cooper began his series of temperance meetings at the First Baptist church Saturday evening. The meetings are to be held every night the coming week at the same place.

The male singers of the Catholic Memorial day choir will meet at the school house, Seventh and St. Peter streets, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock to rehearse for the Catholic cemetery exercises. John Gehan will direct services on that date.

SUNDAY AT THE HOTELS.

G. Campbell, of St. Louis, is at the Aberdeen.

R. W. Price, of Duluth, is at Hotel Metropolitan.

Col. J. R. Nambert, of Hastings, is at Hotel Metropolitan.

J. J. Thompson, of Great Falls, is at the Hotel Metropolitan.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Pettit, of Chicago, are guests of the Aberdeen.

G. B. Morrow, of South Haven, Mich., is registered at the Metropolitan.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Dickinson, of Fargo, N. D., are guests at Hotel Metropolitan.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Dunn and Miss Dunn, of Philadelphia, are at the Aberdeen.

REGER WAS A SPRINTER,

But the Salvation Army and Police Finally Rounded Him Up.

Frank Reger, a well dressed young man, was locked up at the central police station last evening on the charge of being drunk and resisting an officer.

Reger was arrested by Officer Coveny, but only after he had given his captor an exciting chase of half a dozen blocks. The young man's arrest in the first place was due to a disturbance in which himself and several companions had taken part, in front of the Salvation Army barracks, on Wacouta street.

The afternoon services had ceased, and Capt. Berryhill requested a crowd in front of the quarters to disperse. Reger and his friends objected to being moved on, and, it is said, when Capt. Berryhill approached the young man he received a blow in the face.

Reger turned and ran, but was soon overtaken by several of the "soldiers" and turned over to Officer Coveny. While on the way to the patrol box Reger made a break for liberty, and Officer Coveny and several members of the Salvation Army started in pursuit. Reger was a swift sprinter, and he led his would-be captors a merry race down Seventh street to Rosabel, and down Rosabel to No. 7's engine house, where he was finally overhauled. When Reger was once more safe in the grasp of Officer Coveny some hundred puffing and winded citizens who had joined in the chase escorted the pair to the patrol box and saw the fleet-footed young man safely on his way to the central police station. Reger was bailed out at a late hour last night by his father.

STRYKER'S CLASS OF '96.

Yesterday a Baccalaureate Sermon, Tonight a Play.

Dr. John P. Egbert delivered the baccalaureate sermon for the graduating class of Stryker seminary, St. Anthony Park, at the House of Hope church yesterday morning. Dr. Egbert was more than usually eloquent, which is according high praise, indeed, and he had a large audience, most of the students from the seminary being present in addition to the usual congregation.

This evening the young ladies will stage a one-act comedy and also a number of Greek tableaux in the seminary chapel. The performance will be given under the direction of Miss Whitridge, and the artistes who will appear for the first time are the Misses Benz, Campbell, Leech, Wilde, Smith, McCan and McKinney. The Greek tableaux to be staged are:

Chain Dance; Sacrifice of Iphigenia; Toilet of the Bride; Tribute to the Manoton; Home Scenes From the Greeks; Night and the Fates; Battle of the Amazons; After the Battle; Niobe Group; Revel of the Muses; War of the Gods; Bacchus and Bacchantes; Death of Adonis; Cupid and Psyche; Death of Virginia; The Marble Dream.

Recitation ....Miss Campbell
Piano Duet........Misses Moreton and Stryker

The one-act comedy is:

"A Hoosier Courtship"—
Mother McClung.........Miss Whitridge
Hepsy Miller...................Miss Shaw
Thomps McClung.............Mr. Judson
"Aunt Hitty Supplies Back Numbers to All the Village Histories"—
Miss Whitridge
Rossville Lecture Course..........Mr. Judson
Piano Solo.........................Miss Moreton

The exercises will continue during the week and promise to be very interesting.

WHITHOLM IS DEAD.

Another Life Sacrificed to the Moving Cars.

Joseph Whitholm, the man who was run down by a Duluth work train in the East St. Paul yards Friday evening, died at the city hospital yesterday. When taken to the hospital Whitholm's chief injury was thought to have been a crushed foot and leg, which was amputated at the knee. Later developments, however, showed that he had sustained a fractured skull, which was the immediate cause of his death.

Shortly before he died the man recovered consciousness for a brief time and stated that he was a married man and lived on Rice street. Nothing further could be learned of his identity, and no inquiries on the part of his family or friends have yet been reported. The dead man is about forty years old, and had a shoemaker's awl in his pocket when taken to the hospital. Unless the body is claimed today it will probably be buried by the county.

POLICE MAKE A RAID.

They Capture Two Women in Seventh Street Wine Rooms.

Two women, named Mrs. Paine and Mrs. Ryan, were arrested by Sergeant Rice and Officer Davis in a saloon on Seventh street late last night, charged with visiting wine rooms. The proprietor of the resort from which they were taken has already been before the court twice as the proprietor of the Tremont wine rooms. At his last conviction he was let off lightly on his promise that he would quit the business. The women will be held as witnesses against him.

Feed

The nerves upon pure, rich blood and you need not fear the horrors of nervous prostration. Nerves are weak when the are improperly and insufficiently nourished. Pure blood is their proper food, and pure blood comes by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is thus the greatest and best nerve tonic. Opiates, cocoa and sedative compounds deaden and stifle, but Hood's Sarsaparilla nourishes and builds up.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact, the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

HOW ARE YOUR KIDNEYS?

I am an old commercial traveler, and was obliged to give up my position on the road through my sufferings from kidney diseases. For two years I have tried many advertised medicines and so-called kidney cures, but never got the slightest relief until my wife persuaded me to buy a box of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills. I now have no pains whatever, and really would not know that I had any kidneys at all. I will gladly recommend them to my friends. F. W. Kittuck, Detroit, Mich.

RESTS AT OAKLAND

D. D. MERRILL RESTS WITH THE DEAD IN THAT FAIR SPOT,

SACRED TO THE DEAD OF MEN.

HOSTS OF FRIENDS FOLLOW THE REMAINS TO THE GRAVE'S SIDE,

IN TOKEN OF RESPECT AND LOVE.

First Baptist Church Mourns the Departure of a Veteran and Valued Worker.

With solemnly simple, yet impressive, ceremony, the remains of D. D. Merrill, the pioneer citizen, who died Thursday, were laid to rest in Oakland cemetery yesterday afternoon. Borne to his last resting place by loving hands, surrounded by hundreds of sorrowing friends, the casket in which he reposed as if in sleep, covered with floral tributes of affection, esteem and honor, his path to the grave was tenderly guarded, even if, perchance, in years gone by, he may have encountered reverses, sorrows, and many stony places. It was an appropriate finale to a long, honorable and busy career of over three score years.

The multitude of people who attended the funeral services in the First Baptist church was evidence sufficient of the sense of loss and personal bereavement they felt in the death of D. D. Merrill, and friends of years, intimately associated with him in business, in social, in religious life, spoke eloquently of his many virtues and of his work, which would ever remain a monument to his memory in the years to come.

There were brief services at the family residence, corner of Eighth and John streets, and from there the cortege moved to the First Baptist church, where brief addresses were made by Rev. J. W. Conley and his church associates, who had been intimately acquainted with him during forty years of active connection with the Baptist church. The remains were deposited inside the chancel, where the floral remembrances lay. In Mr. Merrill's pew, in the center aisle, on a stand, lay an open Bible, covered with roses. A chain of smilax barred the entrance thereto.

After reading of scriptures by Rev. E. P. Savage, Rev. J. W. Conley led in prayer. It was an eloquent supplication. The choir, composed of Miss Eva A. Alcott, soprano; Nellie A. Hope, alto; Harry George, tenor; George H. Butrick, bass, and Prof. C. G. Titcomb, organist and director, sang "Jesus Lover of My Soul."

"It is a sad, a pathetic duty we must perform today," said Mr. D. R. Noyes, "to pay a last tribute of respect and love to the brother who has been called before us into the full reward of his earthly labors. We come to show our appreciation of one whose life, as a Christian citizen, as a father, husband, friend, deserves worthy tribute. We are here to bow in sorrow over the remains of one, who, in all that the term implies, was a conscientious Christian, a good man. No man in distress ever appealed in vain to Mr. Merrill. The cause of religion and charity found him a strong friend. Generous, pure-minded, he was always ready to do his duty. He not only labored, but he gave and suffered. This church is in one sense a monument to his work. In the cause of reform and good government, and education, he labored for years. Once, not long ago, I was at his house, and we spoke of death. He stepped from the sitting room into the parlor. 'This,' he said, 'is what death means to me.' The illustration was homely, but who knows but what it was a foreshadowing of this sad event. We shall all miss him, and none more so than those associated with him in business."

"I hardly dare trust myself to speak at this time," said E. M. Van Duzee. "I will only speak a few words of tribute to the memory of one I have known long and esteemed as a brother. From the time Mr. Merrill united with this church, April 5, 1856, over forty years ago, I have known him. That period covers the largest part of the history of this city—socially, and in a business and religious sense. He was a factor in all that tended to the upbuilding and betterment of the community in which he lived. As a deacon in this church for twenty-five years, as president and treasurer of the Baptist state convention for twenty-nine years, as superintendent of the Sunday school, as trustee, as president of the First Baptist congregation, we all learned to love him.

"Both locally and throughout the state he was known by his good works. He was loyal in dark days, in times of bitter trial, and in the sunlight of prosperity he rejoiced with us. Patient with the faults of others, charitable, and a man who thought no evil, we shall miss him even more as the days lengthen into weeks and the weeks into months and months into years."

Rev. J. W. Conley paid an eloquent tribute to Mr. Merrill's home life and Christian character, and spoke comforting words to the surviving members of the family, and Rev. W. W. Dawley, of the Central Baptist church, Minneapolis, spoke for his Baptist brethren throughout the state in their deep sense of loss. In all the 222 Baptist churches of Minnesota he was known, and the loss of his counsel and aid would be felt. Deacon A. H. Cavender, the oldest member of the church, also spoke a few words.

The casket was then uncovered and the friends were given a last opportunity to view the remains before the interment at Oakland.

The floral offerings were many and beautiful. On a background of palms beside the casket lay a beautiful book of white roses, from the St. Paul Book and Stationery company, with the words in smilax across the open pages, "A Noble Life Lives On." Another was a pillow of immortelles, from a cousin and nephew of the deceased, with the words "At Rest" in lilies of the valley.

The honorary pallbearers were: A. H. Cavender, J. H. Randall, E. M. Van Duzee, W. M. Wakefield and S. C. Haskell, Mr. Merrill's fellow members on the church's staff of deacons.

The pallbearers were G. W. Hallowell, C. H. Slocum, J. H. Beek, C. W. Saunders, H. C. Drake, H. T. Drake, F. B. Platt, G. H. Hosmer, J. W. Griggs and W. C. Stanton.

His sons, Leavitt K. and D. D. Merrill Jr., from New York; Thomas Merrill, a brother, from Salt Lake City, Utah, and his sister, Mrs. Rohrer, and daughter, from Helena, Mont., were in attendance. The father of Mrs. D. D. Merrill Jr. died last Wednesday evening in New York, and she was unable to be present.

The services at the grave were simple and short.

FRANK KINNEY'S FRIENDS

Also Attest Their Devotion to a Dead Brother.

The funeral of Deputy Sheriff Frank W. Kinney, who died Friday morning, was held yesterday from the residence, 684 Carroll street, Rev. Carl Scovel, of the House of Hope Presbyterian church, officiating. The funeral was under the direction of Meridian lodge, I. O. O. F., of which deceased was a popular member, and the pall bearers were Charles Reichcw, Eugene Gilberton and George H. Irish, of the sheriff's office, and three brother Odd Fellows. The floral offerings were many and beautiful, one in particular, a floral wheel minus the hub and spokes, from his brother deputies, attracting attention. There were also beautiful floral pieces from Sheriff Chapel and wife, and Conductor Manley, of the Red Wing & Southern road. Services were held at the residence and in the chapel at Oakland cemetery, where the remains were interred.

Doings in Minnehaha Camp.

Minnehaha Camp, M. W. A., will give an entertainment in the Odd Fellows' block, Thursday evening. This camp has a membership in good standing of 435 and is still actively at work trying to reach the 500 mark. The entertainment on Thursday is the second of a series of free monthly sociables for the benefit of the members and their families. The officers of the camp are V. C., Harry Franklin; W. A., Louis Benson; clerk, A. H. Hopper; assistant clerk, J. N. Mounts; banker, E. B. Lott; escort, M. F. Brewer; physicians, Drs. L. E. Penny and E. F. Geer; managers, A. W. Lilly, C. Bombach and D. Sullivan. The camp has a minstrel troupe which will give an entertainment at Hersey, next Friday evening, for the benefit of the camp at that place.

FAIR MEN ARE BUSY.

This Fall's Festival to Be the Best Yet.

A huge sign at the intersection of Snelling and University avenues is but one of the indications that the work of preparation for the next state fair is now on in real earnest. Secretary Randall and his assistants in the office are busy early and late. Wagon loads of premium lists re being put into the mails. The cash prizes offered aggregate about $15,000. Unusual interest is being shown and competition in each of the classes promises to be very brisk.

Efforts, which promise to be successful, are being made to secure some exhibits that will be wholly novel and unusual at a state fair, and which will tend to broaden its scope and give it many of the qualities of an exposition. More definite announcements will be made as soon as arrangements can be more nearly perfected.

Interest in the county exhibits is constantly increasing. The amount offered by the society in this class is $700, which will be divided among all the counties competing according to merit. Last year the counties of Stevens, Crow Wing, Isanti, Mower, Carlton, Carver, Anoka, Polk, Blue Earth, Aitkin, Pine, St. Louis, Mille Lacs and Itasca made exhibits, Mille Lacs winning first place, Blue Earth second, Mower third and Anoka fourth.

President Weaver is receiving more numerous applications for space in the machinery department than was ever known before at this season of the year. Vice President McGinnis is having a similar experience regarding space in both the exposition and woman's buildings. These exhibits promise to be the largest ever known in the history of the society.

The fair will open Monday morning, Aug. 31, with an interesting programme, and with all exhibits in position and in perfect order. All preparation work must and will be done the week before. The exhibition will continue six full days, with a full programme for each day. There will be no "breaking up" on Saturday. This course is only just to both exhibitors and patrons. People come to see and examine exhibits for six days, and exhibitors need that time in which to present their exhibits to the world. This plan will be carried out. Exhibitors must "take due notice and govern themselves accordingly."

The secretary's books are open and entries of exhibits may be sent in at any time until Saturday, Aug. 29, when entries close. Entry blanks and premium lists will be sent to all who request them. Entries are free and open to the world, except in a few instances stipulated in the body of the premium list.

Col. Liggett is in Ohio this week, and C. N. Cosgrove is in Chicago, securing attractions.

The large society dining hall, used last year as an annex to the exposition building, is being repainted and remodeled and will hereafter be known as the woman's building. Here will be found the exhibit of ladies' textile work, culinary stores, etc. The art exhibit will also be found in this building.

MIGHT HAVE BEEN MURDER.

Harry Wiggins Practically Confesses in Minneapolis.

Harry D. Wiggins, arrested in Minneapolis as the third member of the party of highwaymen whose recent exploits have terrorized two cities, was interviewed yesterday. He stated that Wiman was the brains of the gang. He was the leader; what he said went, and he was always the aggressive one where the victim was beaten.

"Was there any understanding among you as to what was to be done in case the victim would offer resistance and flash a gun?" he was asked.

"Well, no, there was not exactly any understanding," he replied, "except that Wiman once said there were enough of us to deal with any man who would make a fight. We did not have it understood that murder would follow, but then it is hard to say what may have followed. You know when men in the work we were in get cornered the worse is apt to follow. And here I might say that Whittaker did not say to bore Hoy, as I understand was stated. But he did say afterwards that we would have fixed him if trapped."

LIBRARY AND TEXT BOOKS.

Trades Assembly Committees Discuss Them Tomorrow.

The committee appointed by the trades and labor assembly to investigate into the proposition to sell the market house property to erect a public library building will meet at Assembly hall tomorrow evening, and the members of the committee all express a determination to investigate fully not only into the immediate necessity for larger accommodations for the public library, but also into many plans that have been suggested as the best means of filling the want if such exists.

* * *

The free text book committee of the trades and labor assembly will meet tomorrow evening to revive the free text book agitation. The committee had thought its labors had been successful, but a failure on the part of the authorities to provide any funds to carry out the action of the school board in adopting the plan has caused the labor unions to urge active work on the part of the committee to maintain the present favorable public sentiment upon the question. The committee consists of H. W. Dennett, John F. Krieger, Edward B. Lott, M. E. Murray, Harry Franklin, E. Christopherson and W. Shumaker.

MADE A RAINY CENTURY.

Local Cyclists Have a Wet Run From Northfield.

About fifty cycles from the Capitol City, Laurel and St. Paul Cycling clubs, among whom were several ladies, met yesterday morning at break of day on the high bridge. Under command of Capt. Jackson, of Northfield, at 5:10 o'clock, they started for that place, and the most of them returned last evening between 9 and 11 o'clock, thoroughly tired—and wet. They were caught out in a severe rain storm about 3 o'clock, on the return trip. Northfield is called a century, and the boys say that if it had not been for the storm the run would have been an entire success, both as regards enjoyment and the time it required to make the run.

STARTS WEST TODAY.

Judge Lochren Will Open Court Here June 1.

Judge Lochren will leave Washington today, according to a dispatch from Washington last night, the large accumulation of cases in the eighth circuit necessitating the opening of the court at St. Paul by June 1 at the latest, Judge Lochren relinquished his duties at the pension bureau last Wednesday, when he took the oath of office, and since then Dominick P. Murphy, first deputy commissioner, who has been nominated, but not yet confirmed as Judge Lochren's successor, has been acting commissioner.

Lutherans Gain Some.

A class of about fifty was confirmed yesterday morning at the First Swedish Lutheran church, Woodward and John streets.

The members were: Emily Anderson, Dell Cronquist, Esther Bjorkland, Frida Anderson, Ebba Thorsell, Alma Anderson, Hilda Swanstrom, Hilda Johnson, Josephine Johnson, Josephine Gustafson, Aurora Johnson, Ingrid Cederberg, Hilda Carlson, Ellen Nelson, Eva Lorentz, Anna Palmquist, Linea Peterson, Anna Blomstar, Carrie Ekblad, Christine Bystrom, Ellen Johnson, Emma Zarrison, Selma Bjorkland, Anna Paulson, Hannah Bodin, Olga Smith, Johannah Anderson, Annie Oberg, Sophia Johnson, Anna Johnson, Emma Swanson, Betty Sanberg, Louis Ekstrand, Adolph Lundstrom, Oscar Hammarquist, Oscar Smith, Alfred Peterson, Carl Fogelberg, Charles Enquist, Carl Anderson, Olof Danielson, Carl Nelson, Emil Johnson, Carl Peterson, John Peterson, Carl G. Nelson, George Olson.

SPLIT ON SECRETS

RECENT ANTI-SECRET SOCIETY ORDER DEPLETES THE LUTHERAN CHURCH ROLLS.

SECEDING SWEDES FOUND

A NEW CHURCH, ST. ANSGARIUS' SWEDISH EPISCOPAL PARISH OF ST. PAUL.

LARGE MEMBERSHIP IN SIGHT

Under the Recent Sweeping Order of the President of the Augustana Synod.

The trouble over secret societies, which has been agitating the local churches of the Augustana synod throughout the country, was practically settled by dissenting Swedes of St. Paul yesterday afternoon when a new church organization was formed, which will seek admission into the Episcopal diocese presided over by Bishop Whipple. The new body is not yet an incorporated parish, nor in all probability will it become such before next fall, but it has been accorded the rights and privileges of a "mission," one of the forms of church organization recognized by the Episcopacy, by Bishop Gilbert, and the 300 interested Swedish churchmen who assembled at St. Paul's Episcopal church yesterday afternoon in special service and to hear the answer of Bishop Gilbert to their request for a new church organization were eminently pleased when they learned that Bishop Gilbert not only sanctioned their past efforts, but also assured them of their welcome as a mission under the canons of the Episcopal church.

As a mission the new organization will be a regularly installed diocesan institution and will be under the direct supervision of Bishop Gilbert, who will appoint its warden and vestrymen. The work which has been done towards accomplishing the formation of the new church body has been largely carried on by Rev. Olof O. Toffteen, rector of Saint Ansgarius' Swedish Episcopal church, of Minneapolis, and yesterday that gentleman was the recipient of much congratulation from those whom he has so ably served. Rev. Toffteen has been greatly aided in his efforts by Israel Bergstrom, a member of his parish, in Minneapolis, and it is highly probable that Mr. Bergstrom will be appointed minister in charge of the new mission by Bishop Gilbert.

For the present, however, Rev. Toffteen will have charge of the mission, and will see it firmly established and thoroughly officered before he leaves for a trip to Sweden, June 5. During his absence, Mr. Bergstrom will administer its spiritual affairs under the direction of Bishop Gilbert. Mr. Bergstrom is at present a lay reader in the Episcopal church and a candidate for the holy orders. While the matter has not been definitely decided upon as yet, it is understood that in the coming fall, when the mission will have become an incorporated parish, with the right to elect its officers and choose its rector, Mr. Bergstrom will be called to assume the duties of a permanent rector. He will probably, by that time, have been admitted to the priesthood and the perspective members of the new parish are of one accord that he be called to administer to their spiritual welfare.

Rev. Toffteen preached to the congregation assembled at St. Paul's church yesterday upon the topic, "Love One Another," but throughout his entire discourse strictly avoided any reference to the action of the deacons of the First Swedish Lutheran church in expelling several of its members, on the grounds that they were members of secret societies, nor did he touch upon the existing differences between the dissenters and the Augustana synod either by way of defense or justification of either body. Following the sermon, however, he went into the details of the proposed plans for the new organization, and explained to his auditors the nature of the undertaking, stating that at a consultation with Bishop Gilbert Saturday night he had been authorized to organize the new church and promised the protection and co-operation of the entire diocese.

A name for the mission has not been chosen as yet, but it is likely that it will be known as the Saint Ausgarius Swedish Episcopal mission until the date of its incorporation, when it will become Saint Ausgarius' parish. Saint Ausgarius is a popular church name with Swedish churchmen, and there are at present churches of that name in Boston, Philadelphia, New York, Chicago and Minneapolis. Ausgarius was the first missionary to carry the gospel to Sweden and his name has since been deeply revered and highly honored. He established the first Christian church in Sweden, A. D. 809, when he was on a northern journey from France, his native land.

Services will be held under the auspices of the new St. Ansgarius mission, beginning with next Sunday, at St. Paul's church, at 3:30 p. m. The services will be those of the regular Episcopal church, with music and vestments, a form which, in some respects, resembles that of the state church of Sweden, and it is expected that a large number who have hitherto affiliated with no church will join the new body. The trouble which led to the dissension among the Swedish churchmen arose over a provision in the government of the churches under control of the Augustana synod, which states that no member of any of its churches can belong to a secret society. The proviso has not been strictly enforced for some years, but recently the president of the synod ordered the enforcement of the clause, at the discretion of the pastors of the several churches. Pursuant of the president's order, the deacons of the First Swedish Lutheran church called upon the members of that church who belonged to secret societies, and informed them that they must give up their membership in the societies or be expelled from the church. None of those approached were inclined to favorably receive the decision, and they were expelled from the church. Rev. Toffteen was approached by these and many others desirous of joining a more liberal church body, and together with Mr. Bergstrom, succeeded in opening the way for an entrance into the domain of the Episcopal church. Next Sunday a date will be announced when those who have not yet handed in their names as desirous of joining the new church organization, may do so. Already over 200 have signified their desire to affiliate with the new mission.

DEADLY GASOLINE AGAIN.

Second Explosion in Two Days—White Bear This Time.

By filling a lamp with gasoline instead of kerosene, Mrs. Sullivan, who resides in one of the Wampler cottages in Shady lane at White Bear, came near losing her life early yesterday morning. She lighted the lamp about 1 a. m., and stepped out of the room for a few moments, when she was startled by a loud explosion and rushed back to find the room a mass of flame. The White Bear fire department was quickly on hand and subdued the fire before the damage was very serious.

"Drys" Leave for Pittsburg.

The Minnesota and North Dakota delegations to the national convention of the Prohibition party, which is to be held at Pittsburg, Wednesday and Thursday, will leave the city this evening at 8:10, via the Milwaukee. Minnesota will send over twenty delegates.

The "American" System of Taxation

Boston Herald.

We are accustomed to speak of England as a country where aristocratic methods of government prevail, and yet, from what we have said, it must be apparent that in matters of taxation we in this country do not begin to approach the English in the adoption of Democratic practices. If an analysis could be made of our customs tax, it would probably be found that nine-tenths is eventually paid by those whose incomes are less than $1,000 per annum. This does not take into account the manufacturers' tax upon consumption, which the system of protection imposes; that is, the tax found in the higher prices at which are sold the American equivalent of the foreign taxed goods—advances in price which must in the aggregate amount to hundreds of millions of dollars a year, and which, in the vast majority of cases, represent the payments of the millions of wage earners and others of exceedingly restricted incomes.

AT THE THEATERS.

Washington Irving's fascinating tale of the bibulous Dutchman who slumbered for twenty years on the top of the Catskill mountains was presented in its dramatic dress at the New Mozart theater last night by Lewis Eagan and his company. Nearly every seat on the first floor was occupied and the balcony was literally packed. The audience greatly enjoyed the drama, not only because of the interest attaching to the story but in consequence of its novelty to the majority of the spectators, for "Rip Van Winkle" at popular prices is a combination seldom witnessed here. The last time it was presented in this city the best seats in the Metropolitan opera house cost $2 apiece, as those who occupied them can testify, while the choicest sitting room could be had at the New Mozart last evening for the modest sum of 30 cents. But Joseph Jefferson comes high, and it is barely possible that most of the people who witnessed last night's performance would perceive a greater distinction between 30 cents and $2 than they would between Joseph Jefferson and Lewis Eagan. However, that is neither here nor there. The performance satisfied those who paid to see it, and more cannot be asked of Mr. Eagan. His Rip pleased them, and indeed their approbation of his efforts was deserved in the latter scenes of the play. The scene with the mountain goblins would be far more effective if those mysterious individuals were simply seen and not heard. Under no circumstances should they attempt to sing.

LEE HAS FRIENDS.

William E. Lee is still going around the state posing as the candidate of the common people!—and carrying his check book with him.—Little Falls Herald.

* * *

William E. Lee is now recognized as the most dangerous opponent to Gov. Clough's renomination in the field. Mr. Lee would make a good, clean governor and it is pleasant to see that he is gaining strength wherever his candidacy is seriously considered.—Elk River Star News.

* * *

The Wadena Pioneer affects to sneer at the statement that the fight between W. E. Lee and Gov. Clough is a war of the people against the machine. The statement is true, however. Gov. Clough has complete control of every part of the machinery of the party in the state.—Todd County Argus.

FACTS FOR TOILERS.

Controller Eckels Talks About the Effect of Free Coinage on Them.

"The truth is that the man who depends upon his daily wages is the least able to bear the burdens of a depreciated currency. He has no reserve to live upon, and when you cut in half the purchasing power of his dollar and not increase the remuneration given him you do him an injury which cannot but bring distress and poverty. I have studied with much care the history of labor under the workings of a depreciated currency and I say without fear of successful contradiction that the laboring man has been the one who has always suffered most and that whatever rise in prices there may be at such time his wages remain stationary. He gains nothing of an increase on the one hand, while, on the other, he is compelled to pay an increased price for all that he buys to eat and wear.

FACTS FOR TOILERS.

"The seriousness of this fact ought to be considered with another one which I know, and that is this: There can be and will be no revival in business until it is definitely settled that the money of this country is to rest upon a basis which is satisfactory to our business men. They will not invest in new enterprises, and they will not undertake old ones. As long as this condition exists there cannot be mills and factories in operation and work furnished labor, no matter how high or how low tariffs are.

"I know something of this phase of the question because of the facts which have come to me in an official way. I know that labor at proper wages can only be had when those who are investors are willing to invest, and they will not be willing to invest if there is the least possibility of the return on their investment coming to them in a depreciated money.

"The laboring men of Ottawa, La Salle and Streator are not looking to those who have no capital for investment to give them work. They know they must enlist active capital, and capital is not to be enlisted by a currency agitation which the possessors of it have reason to believe will destroy it. You cannot force the employment of capital, but you can keep it idle. The course being pursued by those who are demanding the free coinage of silver is doing this very thing. The result is that the laboring man is out of employment, and while the man with some money laid aside can get on without a new income each day, the laborer, depending on his day's work, cut off from the results of it, suffers.

WRONG THE LABORING MAN.

"If the Democratic party ever forces upon this country free coinage of silver it will inflict upon the laboring man a wrong so grievous that after the result is seen will forever drive from it, and rightly, the support of every laboring man in this country. I would dislike being the active politician who advised, aided and abetted such a thing when the laboring man, after feeling its effect, passes judgment at the polls.

"The whole question is one which involves a principle of economics which vitally affects the well-being of every man, woman and child in our country. It would be a shame to settle it to please the personal whim of this man or the other, or to gain this or that political advantage. No right of property ought to be destroyed to please party political managers and no person should be asked to destroy his own for campaign purposes.

"So far as I am concerned, I am unwilling to take so great a responsibility as to advise or aid action which keeps idle the capital necessary to the life of these factories and essential to those most vitally interested—the laboring classes."

BITS OF SCIENCE.

A pound of phosphorous heads 1,000,000 matches.

The pin factories of the United States manufacture about 18,000,000,000 pins per year.

The screw in the fourth jewel wheel of a watch is so small that a lady's thimble would hold 1,000,000 of them.

It is now stated that the world will be over peopled at the end of 176 years. This brings us to the year 2072, when the population, at the present rate of increase, will be 5,994,000,000 people.

It has been discovered after numerous experiments that a dark hair is much stronger than a light one. One dark hair can carry a weight of 113 grammes, while a light-colored hair will break if a weight of 75 grammes is hung from it.

NO BLOOD WAS SHED

BUT BATES AVENUE PROMISED TO BECOME THE SCENE OF ACTUAL WAR.

OLD UNION JACK THE CAUSE.

WAVING IN THE MORNING BREEZE WITHOUT AN AMERICAN COMPANION.

RESPECT TO QUEEN VICTORIA

Without Tribute to Columbia Aroused Dayton's Bluff Residents to the Verge of Bloodshed.

International trouble is brewing on Bates avenue. The American citizens residing upon that street and in its vicinity are greatly incensed over what they consider the offensive loyalty of two neighboring English-Canadian families to the British crown. The heads of these families have manifested their allegiance to Great Britain by unfurling the union jack from their housetops in honor of the queen's birthday. Had they also hoisted the stars and stripes to the breeze, that they might float beside the English flag, nothing would have been said or thought of the matter, but as it is, much has been said and still more has been thought. Flaunting the union jack alone is more than the citizens of the Second ward can endure without protest, and if the English emblems are not lowered today, those who elevated them may encounter more than a mere protest.

The flags were raised on Saturday, and all that day as well as yesterday they waved aloft over the porches of the two dwellings occupied by the English-Canadians. Every American citizen who beheld the flags became indignant, and before long threats of pulling them down were frequently heard. Even passers-by—strangers in the neighborhood—paused to look at the English flags, and then shook their heads disapprovingly as they passed on. The threats were renewed yesterday until at last they reached the ears of one of the Canadian gentlemen, whereupon he said to some of his neighbors:

"If anybody attempts to take that flag down, I'll shoot him on the spot."

But the indignation of the neighbors is not due to the flag episode alone. They bring a more serious charge against the Canadians than disrespect for the American flag. They say that the children of both households are kept away from the public schools by their parents, upon each and every occasion that the pupils are called upon to participate in any national or patriotic celebration. Last year these children were not permitted to attend school on Decoration day, because of the patriotic exercises in which the pupils took part.

"Brought up in this way, the children cannot have any respect for the country in which they live," said one of the well-known residents of the Second ward, yesterday. "The principle involved in these two instances is a vital one fraught with serious consequences to the welfare of our country. It seems to me that a citizen of a foreign country, who makes this country his home, and earns his living here, should treat the country that gives him a living—and a better one too, than he can earn in his native land—with some show of respect and courtesy. At least he need not bring up his children to despise it. If he can't behave decently in this respect, then he ought to return to his own country, where he can live under his own flag exclusively. We certainly don't want such specimens here."

HER BIRTHDAY WAS VIC'S.

Mrs. Robert Burns Was Also Born May 24, 1819.

Mrs. Robert Burns, of 961 Juno street, was seventy-seven years of age yesterday. Mrs. Burns, who is a remarkably bright old Irish lady, was born May 24, 1819, in the town of Ballyna, county Mayo, Ireland, and with her husband came to New York in 1850. She says that Queen Victoria had the honor of being born on the same date in the same year with her, and Mrs. Burns considers this quite a distinction—for Queen Victoria.

"Yes," said she, in reply to the reporter's remark that she carried her age well, "I'm seventy-seven years of age, and don't you forget to say that I'm Irish—I am, every bit o' me. When we came to this country me and my husband moved to Detroit, and from there we went to Fort Erie, just across the border from Buffalo, in Canada. We lived there up to May 15, 1889, when we came to this city, and here we're going to stay. How old is my husband? Yerra, how do I know. He says he's seventy-four; but he's older than I am, I know."

Mrs. Burns talks interestingly of the Fenian raid into Canada in 1866. Fort Erie was the point where the Fenians were most active, and during the trouble Mr. and Mrs. Burns moved to Buffalo, N. Y. After the trouble was over they returned to their home.

The well-preserved and happy old couple now live with their sons, Thomas and Frank Burns, who are both unmarried. They are now, as Mrs. Burns puts it, "both gentlemen of leisure." They have taken the Globe for the past seven years, ever since removing to St. Paul, and Mrs. Burns says they would be lost without it.

Today the many friends of Mrs. Burns and her ancient consort will call and extend congratulations, and this evening a pleasant little reception will be held in their honor.

MAJ. M'KINLEY'S POSITION.

Friends, enemies, and fellow countrymen,
I come not here to talk;
I don't have to;
The leaders of the G. O. P.
Are doing that for me;
I saw wood
And see that the clouds that lower upon
our house
Have a silver lining.
But I never say so;
Neither do they;
They are the geese that lay the golden
eggs,
And I am a Sphinx,
Which doesn't lay any eggs;
It lays low.
See?
I am charged with being a straddler;
What if I am?
As long as I am charged with anything
I don't have to pay cash,
And it is this confounded money question
That is causing all the trouble,
I mean trouble for other people;
It doesn't trouble me in the least;
I know exactly how I stand
On the financial issue
And——
A voice—Say, Bill,
Close up there!
If you don't keep your feet together
You'll split wide open
Before June!

—New York Sun.

There Is No Doubt of It.

Chicago Chronicle.

What he says about honest money opinion among German voters is equally true in regard to voters of Scandinavian origin and of other foreign nationalities. On a debased money platform the Democratic party could not get 10 per cent of the vote cast by immigrants from continental Europe and their descendants. The German vote alone, including that of born Germans and other descendants, is one-half the total vote of Cook county, and is an immense proportion of the entire vote of the state.

Cramps, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, and all complaints prevalent in the Summer, are quickly cured with

PAIN-KILLER

This good old remedy, if kept in the house, will save many sleepless nights, many dollars in doctor's bills, and no end of suffering. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle.

No Chance for "My Dear Hanna."

Boston Herald.

The interesting fact is recalled that when James A. Garfield was elected president of the United States the number of federal officials from whom "My Dear Hubbell," treasurer of the campaign committee, squeezed political contributions was something like 50,000, and all of them were dependent upon the good will of the party in power. Today there are in that greatly increased army only 775 men who can be reached by the political spoilsman, thanks to the latest order of President Cleveland.

Matthews Under the Eagle's Eye.

Brooklyn Eagle.

For example, he is quoted as saying that he is opposed to gold as a single unit of value. He wants to retain both gold and silver, and as soon as it can be accomplished would like to go back to the conditions that prevailed prior to 1873. The governor might as well say that he is opposed to pounds or inches or pints as single standards of value and that he wants half-pounds, half-inches or half-prints in lieu thereof.

One Pumpkin Show Enough.

The city of St. Paul is trying to arrange for direct opposition to the state agricultural society during fair week. They want to have an exhibit of vegetables and grain on Third street so the strangers can see the possibilities of the state as a grower of agricultural products. This is the very reason the state society holds its show at Hamline that week and if St. Paul opposes it in any way as this, the society should retaliate as much as possible.—Le Sueur News.

BACO-CURO!

Only scientific cure for Tobacco habit. Use tobacco until remedy notifies you to stop. Written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Send for free booklet and proofs. All druggists or sent direct by EUREKA CHEMICAL & MFG. CO., LaCrosse, Wis. and Boston, Mass. $1.00 per box, three boxes with written guarantee $2.50.

RELIABLE PATTERNS.

Guaranteed to Fit if Proper Size is Given.

We have made an arrangement with one of the oldest and most reliable Paper Pattern houses in New York, which enables us to offer our readers standard and perfect-fitting patterns of the very latest and newest designs.

These patterns are retailed in stores at from 20 to 40 cents. We have made arrangements whereby we can offer them at the extremely low price of 10 cents.

A paper pattern of any size, of this illustration, may be obtained by sending your name and address, number and size of pattern desired, together with 10 cents for each pattern, to the Pattern Department of

THE GLOBE, St. Paul, Minnesota.

PLEASE OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING MEASUREMENTS.

For Waists: Measure around fullest part of bust, close under arm; raise slightly in the back, draw moderately tight.

For Skirts: Measure around the waist, over the belt; draw moderately tight.

Printed directions accompany each pattern, showing how the garment is to be made.

When ordering patterns for children please also state age of child.

20,574.

LITTLE GIRL'S DRESS—This roguish little maid is wearing the daintiest and most serviceable of summer frocks. The material used in our model is blue and white lawn prettily trimmed with Valenciennes edging and insertion. The pattern is cut with a full waist gathered onto a plain yoke both back and front. A pretty belt of the dress material conceals the place where the full straight skirt is sewed onto the bodice. A large round collar of the lawn trimmed with a ruffle of lace, headed by a row of insertion and finished by a straight band collar, entirely conceals the yoke and makes a very becoming addition to the costume. The bishop sleeves end under pointed cuffs. The dress closes in the center back with hooks and eyes, or buttons and buttonholes, as preferred. Gingham, chambray, grass linen, batiste, cambric, lawn, pique, challis, etc., can be used for this design.

20574—Little Girl's Dress with straight full skirt (suitable for wash fabrics), requires for medium size 5¾ yards material 22 inches wide, 4¼ yards 27 inches wide, or 3⅞ yards 36 inches wide. Insertion represented 2 yards; embroidery, 4½ yards. Cut in five sizes, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 years.

P. C. LUTZ Writes:

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