

BULLETIN OF THE ST. PAUL GLOBE.

FRIDAY, July 3. Weather for Today—Showers and Cooler.

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PAGE 3. News of Minneapolis. Records Smashed at Haha. Stillwater Affairs. Stone Booms Bland. Cleveland Strikers Riotous.

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PAGE 7. Railway Rates to Go Up. Globe's Popular Wants.

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EVENTS TODAY.

Wildwood—Minstrels. St. Michael's Church—Lawn Festival

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Arrived: Venetia, Stettin, Munchen, Bremen, Germanic, Liverpool, Salem, Columbia, Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Edam, Amsterdam, via Bologne; Dresden, Bremen. DEPARTING: Washland, Philadelphia, Britanno, New York. BREMEN—Arrived: H. H. Meier, New York, Trave, New York. SAN FRANCISCO—Arrived: Mariposa, Honolulu, Departed: Gaelic, Hong Kong and Yokohama. QUEENSTOWN—Arrived: Britanna, New York for Liverpool. Departed: Teutonic, New York. GLASGOW—Arrived: Carthagenian, Philadelphia, Peruvian, Boston. PLYMOUTH—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, New York. NAPLES—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm II, New York. HAMBURG—Arrived: Palatia, New York.

The betting in Chicago is 16 to 1 in favor of a silver ticket.

Richmond was captured again yesterday, this time by the Confederates. One bright star appears in the Democratic sky. The delegates from Alaska are for gold.

It cannot be said that Senator Pettigrew is not enjoying himself outside the breastworks.

Be careful in handling your fireworks tomorrow, as carelessness might leave you short an arm or an eye.

The temperature goes up to the hundred mark as the gold reserve comes down to the \$100,000,000 mark.

It did not break the hearts of the Louisville to be beaten yesterday. They have been beaten before.

What's in a name. Mayor Swift is the slowest man in Chicago when it comes to cleaning up the place.

How nice it would be if Dr. Nansen would drop in here tomorrow and plant that frosty North pole on Bridge square.

John R. McLean is really in some danger of presidential lightning. The Ohio delegation is talking of supporting him.

There will be more "cranks" in Chicago next week than ever assembled there before, and this is saying a great deal for Chicago.

An astrologer has told Mr. Bland that he is to be nominated for president. This is the first serious basket the Missourian has had.

President Cleveland yesterday appointed a new postmaster at St. Peter, Minn. It looks as though St. Paul's turn might come next.

Tom Platt has scared away the flies that have been pestering him and now announces that he will try to break into the United States senate.

Sioux City has set an example that ought to be followed by several other Western cities. It has actually removed an alderman for boodling.

Tillman is already at Chicago talking, talking, talking. His shibboleth is "is it or bust" and everybody in this neck of the woods hopes it will be "bust."

Vice President Stevenson definitely announces that he is not a candidate for president. It was feared Stevenson wasn't going to discover it until it was too late.

It is stated that the free silverites object to W. C. Whitney's coming to Chicago. Why object? Mr. Whitney is a free American citizen who is entitled to a hearing.

Wonders have not yet ceased. Gov. Altgeld positively refuses to be a candidate for chairman of the Democratic national convention. For which, by the way, Heaven be praised!

The Democratic delegates from Colorado have given Senator Teller a discolored optic by refusing to vote for him for president. They cannot forget that Teller has been planting himself on their corns these many years.

Some of the verses of this campaign are nearly as bad as those of 1840. Here is a sample from the Bland followers of Missouri:

Give us back McKim and silver, and let us make McKim sick, in the idea of November.

CLAIM THE EARTH

SILVER MEN SAY THEY CAN SECURE THE NECESSARY TWO-THIRDS.

MAY ABROGATE THE RULE.

UNLESS THE GOLD MEN SUCCUMB SILVER WILL EXERT ITS POWER.

GOLD MEN WAITING ON WHITNEY.

Have Hopes That Something Will Happen When Once He is on the Ground.

CHICAGO, July 2.—It being understood that the territories are to be allowed six votes, and that the District of Columbia is to have 6 votes also, the total number of votes in the convention is 912. Then 460 would be a majority, and 612 a two-thirds majority. Of these figures the silver men to-day claim these states: Alabama 22, Alaska 6, Arkansas 16, Arizona 6, California 18, Colorado 8, Georgia 26, Idaho 6, Illinois 48, Indiana 30, Kansas 26, Iowa 26, Kentucky 26, Louisiana 16, Mississippi 18, Missouri 24, Montana 6, Nebraska 16, Nevada 6, New Mexico 6, North Carolina 22, North Dakota 6, Ohio 46, Oklahoma 6, Oregon 8, South Carolina 18, Tennessee 24, Texas 30, Utah 6, Virginia 24, West Virginia 12, Wyoming 6.

They also claim 4 of the 6 delegates from Delaware, 1 of the 6 from Florida, 4 of the 8 from Maine, 1 of the 16 from Maryland, and 6 of the 18 from Minnesota.

They concede the following delegations to the gold men on the temporary roll: Connecticut 12, Massachusetts 30, Michigan 28, New Hampshire 8, New Jersey 20, New York 72, Pennsylvania 64, Rhode Island 8, South Dakota 8, Vermont 8, Wisconsin 24.

This is a few votes below the two-thirds necessary to nominate, but it is confidently believed that these will be secured. The silver men also believe that an investigation of the contests from Michigan and South Dakota will result in adding these two delegations to their side of the column.

It will be noticed that Nebraska is figured in the silver column and this is because, while there is a contest, the silver men say that they will see that the gold standard men are not seated. It is the security in this preponderance of votes that makes the silver leaders confident of ultimate victory. The decision on the abrogation of the two-thirds vote on nominations may be delayed until just as the convention is ready to nominate. Then unless the gold standard men recognize the superiority of numbers and succumb to the inevitable, the silver men will force the issue and rescind the long standing rule.

WAITING ON WHITNEY.

Gold Men Expect Something to Happen When He Comes.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The announcement that the Eastern gold standard leaders, William C. Whitney, Senator Hill and others, would arrive to-morrow has put some heart into the gold standard men who are here, and the argument in hotel corridors waxed a little warmer. The rumor of a withdrawal of the gold standard forces from the convention, if they are defeated, is still current but it cannot be definitely placed in the so far arranged plans of the gold standard people. The plan is, at least, calculated to make things lively, even if it has not the greater effect, the one the gold standard men desire, of obtaining converts. It will be similar to the plan adopted by the New York Democrats during the days preceding the convention of 1892, when in the same halls the orators foretold the destruction of Democracy if President Cleveland was renominated. The plan is to have Senator Hill, Mr. Whitney, Ex-Mayor Grant, John R. Fellows, Senator Smith, of New Jersey; Ex-Gov. Russell, of Massachusetts; and other well known orators discuss the situation with not only the leaders of the gold standard movement from other states, but with the leaders of the silver movement. If these discussions, like the Hill and Cleveland discussions of 1892, are to be made public, the result can hardly be foretold, for the silver element here now in such preponderance, is of an excitable character.

A conference of the gold standard men is called for 8 o'clock to-morrow night at the Auditorium, and it is believed that a line of action will be

mapped out at that time. The statement that Wilson S. Bissell, of Buffalo, would act as delegate at large in place of Senator Murphy in the New York delegation, is believed here to be erroneous, as Mr. Murphy's alternate, Jacob A. Cantor, Mr. Bissell, however, will, as a close friend of President Cleveland, take an active participation in the fight for gold.

Headquarters of the gold standard men have been opened at the Palmer House, one of the largest parlors being set apart for that purpose. The gold standard men, tonight, seem to be quite confident that Hill will be accepted by the silver men for temporary chairman, the argument they use being that the many silver senators who will be so prominent in the convention and who are at the head of the silver movement, will not want to turn down a fellow senator. But, so far, it is only a surmise, the part of the gold standard men who are now on the ground.

ANGRY AT WHITNEY. Silver Men Resent His Coming to the Convention.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Some of the silver men manifest a disposition to resent the announced intention of gold advocates who are not delegates to the convention to come to Chicago, with the avowed intention of influencing the course of proceedings. Senator-elect Money, of Mississippi, said: "This is an unheard of proceeding for men like Mr. Whitney and Mr. Eckles, who have no credentials to a national convention, to attend it with the view of influencing the action of delegates on a question of principle. It is, of course, usual for the friends of candidates to exert their influence on delegates who believe as they do; but for men to come here as these men do, for them to change the views of delegates who are instructed on a line of policy, is either a piece of arrogance or a piece of folly, just as you choose to regard it. I say to them that either one of two constructions is to be put upon their conduct. They either propose to buy men outright, or they want to otherwise influence delegates to break faith with their constituents. Either policy will be resented, and I predict that the gold standard men will come to the convention without other excuse than that of exerting their influence on duly elected delegates will meet with a very cool reception. The convention will be silver to its core, and the gold influence cannot be used with effect."

SOUTH DAKOTA CONTEST. Silver Men Will Ask for all Eight Seats.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Dr. Srobrska Ross, of Yankton, S. D., arrived here today as the representative of the contestants for the eight seats allotted to that state will be contested on the ground that the convention was irregular. He asserts that the convention was held at an unusual place, and that many of the delegates were present from the counties. He asserts, voted on forged proxies, however, he asserts, voted on forged proxies. He also asserts that the chairman of the convention with arbitrary ruling, says he refused to permit the introduction of a silver resolution on the ground that the amendments to the platform, as brought in by the committee on resolutions, he also declined to submit to a vote. He says that the contestants are all silver men, while the gold standard advocates are all gold standard advocates.

MAY TAKE HILL. Move to Make Him Chairman Gaining Ground.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The movement to make Senator Hill temporary chairman has received a decided impetus during the day, and there is good reason for believing that the majority of the national committee would be pleased to see him in the chair if he felt that it would be accepted by the silver men. The committee profess to believe that Hill will be accepted by the silver people because he is not regarded as a partisan. He is ranked with the gold forces. Many impartial observers express the opinion that the silver men are in a position to make such a move at the beginning of the convention. The silver leaders are anxious to suggest his name for pronounced silver proclivities for preceding officer.

ONLY FIRST PLACE. Gov. Matthews Not a Vice Presidential Candidate.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Gov. Matthews, of Indiana, is not a candidate for the vice presidency, and will not allow his name to be considered for second place on the ticket. An authoritative statement to this effect was made tonight by Senator Turpie, the senior senator from Indiana, who is believed to be in order to put rest reports of a combination by which Gov. Matthews would secure the vice presidency. Mr. Turpie's statement is as follows: "The candidacy of Gov. Matthews today has developed a considerable amount of support from all conservative men. The delegation from Indiana desires it to be stated in the most emphatic terms that Matthews is not a candidate for the vice presidency, and he will not allow his name to be considered for that position."

Chicago University Beaten. CHICAGO, July 2.—The nine of the Brown University defeated that of Chicago University today by a score of 6 to 5.

A. D. SMITH, OF MINNEAPOLIS,



Delegate to the Chicago Convention from the Fifth District.

RIOT AT CLEVELAND

STRIKER SHOT DEAD BY A STUDENT EMPLOYEE OF BROWN COMPANY.

WAS SET ON BY A CROWD.

HIS BULLET KILLED A MAN NOT CONCERNED IN THE ATTACK.

HE NARROWLY ESCAPED LYNCHING

Militia and Police Needed to Save Him from the Hands of the Mob.

CLEVELAND, O., July 2.—The strike at the Brown Hoisting company's works has reached a point where the authorities, as well as the strikers, are in no mood for trifling. When the non-union men left the works at 5 o'clock this afternoon there was rioting. Two hundred and fifty policemen emerged from the gates, guarding fifty-three workmen. An immense crowd had gathered a block away, but the police took a new route and eluded them for the moment. The strikers set up a yell and ran, soon overtaking the marching column, hooting and yelling. A huge moving van was in the rear, filled with strikers, and with it a small wagon, laden with empty beer bottles. The police suspected that the bottles were intended as missiles and compelled the driver of the wagon to turn back.

At Wilson avenue and Euclid, a railroad train blocked the way and an effort was made to force the train through the guard of police. The officers dragged to the ground the driver, Fred W. Hearn, a moving contractor, and the man on the seat beside him, James O'Neil, a paving contractor. These men resisted and the police used their clubs on them with such effect that their heads were soon swollen masses of cuts. O'Neil's ankle was broken. The strikers in the van jumped out and the police charged the crowd, using their clubs on all the heads within reach. Fred Cooper, a machinist, returning from work and not a striker, was caught in the crowd and severely clubbed on the head. Hearn was arrested and locked up.

STRIKERS DISPersed before the onslaught of the police and the non-union men were sent home.

Meanwhile, a tragedy had taken place at the Brown works. Albert G. Saunders, a young student at Case School of Applied Science, whose father lives at 331 Prospect place, has been struck for the Brown company during the riot. The practical knowledge it would give him did not leave with the non-union men, and he sought to reach home alone. As he turned up Hamilton street, a knot of strikers saw him and shouted to him to stop. He did not obey and they began to throw stones at him. A brick struck him on the head and knocked him off his wheel, and he claims that after he was down they continued to stone him. Rising to his feet, he drew his revolver and fired. The crowd fled, and he escaped.

Patrolman Gibbons heard the shot fired, and rushing up, seized young Saunders and hurried him into the office of the Bishop-Babcock company. In a wonderfully short space of time the streets as far as the riot had reached, were a scene of confusion. The strikers, who were walking through an alley with several companions, were sent to a hospital, where he died in a few minutes. He was a single man, twenty-five years old, and was a brother of Retzger, of the Milwaukee Base Ball club.

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The destruction of silver money and establishing gold as a standard means have a ruinous effect on all forms of property except those investments which yield a return in money. These would be enormously enhanced in value, and would gain a disproportionate and unfair advantage over every other species of property. If, as the most reliable statistics afford, there are nearly \$7,000,000,000 of coin or bullion in the world, but only \$1,000,000,000 of gold, it is impossible to strike silver out of existence as money without results which will prove disastrous to millions and utterly disastrous to tens of millions of people.

While the silver money is in circulation, the money of the constitution; indeed, the money of the American people, anterior to the constitution, is not the money of the constitution as quite independent of its existence.

The action of the national Republican convention at St. Louis has repudiated this fundamental doctrine of our party. The single gold standard is not in accordance with the proposition that the free coinage of silver upon any basis or ratio is not the money of the constitution.

Every man who places currency above party, and who sympathizes with the progress of the nation, and who is conscious of a duty to his conscience, should be asked to submit to party dictation. Every man who places currency above party, and who sympathizes with the progress of the nation, and who is conscious of a duty to his conscience, should be asked to submit to party dictation.

Company F, in command of Maj. Lieblich, marched to the center of the crowd that remained behind. The soldiers were menaced and jeered. Maj. Lieblich halted his men, drew his revolver and declared that upon the slightest attempt at violence he would give the command to fire. After that, the noise ceased and the crowd scattered. The major will cause a proclamation declaring the riot act to be in force, to be posted in the neighborhood of the Brown works tomorrow morning.

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CAN HE DO IT?

DEFEATED CANDIDATES ARE STILL NURSING THEIR INJURED FEELINGS.

WHAT WILL CLAPP DO NOW?

IS A MATTER OF INTEREST TO A GOOD MANY MEN JUST AT PRESENT.

NATE KINGSLEY'S SLAUGHTER

Was Necessary to Help the Head of the Ticket at the Polls.

Hon. W. B. Douglas, of Moorhead, and Ben Smith, of Mankato, were sitting in the Windsor yesterday afternoon. They were surrounded by space. As defeated aspirants for the nomination secured by Mr. Childs, they had no further use for the headquarters upstairs. Yet each of the gentlemen was good-natured, and, apparently, happy. They are naturally possessed of sunny dispositions, and one little defeat could not make them sour on the world. They canvassed the situation with the Globe man, and professedly could see nothing but victory ahead for the ticket nominated.

But there are others. "I'm a Republican," is about the only answer one can get from men who are sore and disappointed at the outcome of the convention. While the answer is true in each case, it is delightfully evasive. The number of men who will openly "bolt" the ticket, in the sense of repudiating it by word of mouth, is few. The number who will refuse to "bolt" the ticket, in the sense of swallowing it like a pill, is many. There are bolters and bolters, if one stops to think a moment.

"I don't care a snap of my finger for bolters," said Tams Bixby. "They never worry me in the least," he continued, "because their influence never amounts to anything. They are, although Tams is now, and will continue to be, chairman of the Republican state central committee.

But Tams overlooks the fact that there were men sitting as delegates in the convention who were not elected. They bolted the nomination of A. R. McGill; and unto this day Dr. Ames believes he was legally elected that year, if all the votes had been counted as cast.

Now, if there are not a great many newspapers of the Republican persuasion that will not support David M. Clough for governor, there will be numerous large districts of "crow" consumed between now and November. Or there will be a very noticeable boycott of Clough's name in the editorial columns.

Thick-and-thin party men like Editor Miller, of Luverne, can hardly be expected to bolt the entire ticket. But it's dollars to pennies that there will be no eulogies of David M. in the Rock county Herald. Old Eb. Huntington, of the Window Reporter, is of a different mold, and it is a safe bet that he will hardly wince off by election day. The governor is an unfit man for the position.

The soreness felt by the delegates from the northern portion of the state will hardly wince off by election day. They consider that they were clearly entitled to have a representative on the state ticket. Either Grindeland or Douglas would do the trick, and they are not satisfied with either. They will do anything against the ticket, but the failure to give any of them a place on the ticket is a matter of course. Frank M. Eddy, beyond question. The whole plea for a nominee from the North was based on the help it would give to the Populists. A ready victory, and a ready victory, and an undisputed majority in the Seventh district, the People's party will now be sure to receive the support of all the voters of that district. The only hope of the sound money men up in that section will be to unite on a good clean Democrat.

There is too much of the protection hog in the Republican party. They will never, unless Eddy should see his danger and withdraw.

Nate Kingsley smiles and smiles—but this last defeat has been a very bitter pill to swallow. Beyond question, there was a tacit understanding with the powers that be that this year Nate should be the Republican nominee for nomination. And the agreement would have been carried out were it not for the fact, realized just before the convention met, that if Childs were beaten the effect would be to place the ticket at least the head of the ticket. Then, too, after berating Gen. Clapp for jeopardizing Childs' chances, it would have been too glaringly inconsistent to have failed to nominate the attorney general for another term when they had the power. There were wise heads managing the campaign organized in the state house.

When Eustis and Van Sant had made their declarations of submission to the dictation of the machine, there were repeated cries for "Clapp, Clapp, Moses E. Clapp, Moses E. Clapp." Moses knew where he was at; but he was not at the state convention, for the first time in many years. He did not respond, nor has he made his submission to the powers that be. It will be strange if he does do it before or during the campaign. He is an able man, who knows that he is made of the kind of material which will stand up to any and every need, financial or political; why should he stultify himself at this time, nor sicken his intellectual stomach by giving it a glutinous dose of crow? Of several well posted men questioned by the Globe, there was not one who did not "wonder what Moses Clapp will do now." The chances are he will go ahead practicing law and politics alone for at least two years. But then again he may not, if the right people go after him to secure his assistance to at least take the front wheel off the machine.

Attorney Harris Richardson was noticeable by his absence, physically, from the fight between Clough and Clapp, and from the convention. There are men, though, among them, the manager of a leading Twin City Republican daily—who have intimated to the Globe that Richardson did even more than his share of the planning and carrying out of the Clough campaign. And this assertion recalled a conversation heard more than a year ago. There were present several Republican lawyers, in the office of John Day Smith, in Minneapolis. The talk turned on state law suits, which were quite numerous at that time. Harris Richardson was special counsel for the state—in fact, it is doubtful if the state has had any other special counsel for six years back. Comment on this fact was free, and the statement was openly made that Richardson was given all the

however, he has not taken much stock in McKinley bills or strict partisan politics.

Frank A. Day is editor of the Martin County Sentinel, and a state senator. When D. M. Clough succeeded to the governor's chair, Day was made president of the senate, and as such is acting lieutenant governor. He is one of the shrewdest and most indefatigable political manipulators in Minnesota.

D. F. Morgan is a state senator and a shining light of the Minneapolis bar. As an orator he stands high.

Frank M. Nye is county attorney of Hennepin county, and holds high rank both in his profession and as a public speaker.

John Lind served two terms as congressman from the Second Minnesota district. He is also a lawyer, was for a time, and possibly is yet, chief counsel for the Northwestern Millers' association. He is strong with the Scandinavian element.

Charles A. Towne is the congressman from the Seventh district, and has gained prominence as an orator. By profession he is a lawyer, and once essayed to be an actor, but never held either office, but he is a man of influence in his section.

Stephen B. Howard is a state senator from Hennepin county, being promoted from the house two years ago. He also is a lawyer.

H. E. Hoard is the editor of the Montevideo Leader, heretofore one of the leading Republican weeklies of the state. It is not recalled that he ever held either office, but he is a man of influence in his section.

A quiet conference of free silver men was held in St. Paul last Saturday evening. Informal discussion was indulged in, and it was practically decided to nominate a free silver candidate for congress in the Fourth district. The gentleman agreed on, he said to be ready to make the race. It is just out that he is a leading and a respected member of the Republican party at present, and respected as much for his good character as a man as for his great ability as a campaigner. His name will be made public within a very few days, but not with authority until the silver men meet again which will be early in the coming week. This movement of the Fourth district silver men will be a conference finally adjourned by the foregone conclusion yesterday, and claimed by seventeen of the leading silver advocates in Minnesota, on the Republican side. It should be noted, however, that the adjournment of the proposed candidate hinges on the action of several Democrats who favor the free coinage of silver. They will withdraw their names from the nomination and to work for the candidate after he is nominated.

TIN SCALE FIXED. But Not Yet Signed by the Manufacturers.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 2.—The Amalgamated association and manufacturers' committee met in conference at noon to-day to make another effort to settle the tin plate workers' wage scale for the year. After a long session it was finally agreed to-night after the manufacturers had agreed to a scale which is practically that of last year. While the scale was agreed to, the manufacturers would sign it as individuals nor as a committee. This leaves the option of signing or not as he chooses to the individual manufacturer. The agreement was modified by the agreement giving the manufacturer the option of signing or not as he chooses to the individual manufacturer. The agreement was modified by the agreement giving the manufacturer the option of signing or not as he chooses to the individual manufacturer.

MRS. STOWE'S FUNERAL. Services Very Simple as She Had Requested.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 2.—With all the beauty of the full Episcopal ritual, the funeral services over the body of Harriet Beecher Stowe were held at her late home to-day afternoon. In accordance with the oft expressed wishes of Mrs. Stowe, everything in connection with the funeral was devoid of ostentation, and instead of the customary pomp and circumstance, the funeral was on an ivy background was suspended. Only relatives and close friends of the distinguished authoress were present. Previous to the services, the public was allowed to view the remains, a large number of colored people being among the viewers.

Burial services will be held tomorrow afternoon at Andover, Mass., and the burial will be on the grounds of Phillips Academy, where Mrs. Stowe's husband and son are buried.

SUGAR PARTY. Will Try to Run Politics in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 2.—The national Republican party, as the sugar planters style themselves, met in secret session to-day and decided to drop the national platform of the regular state organization. They will ignore the negroes and old-time leaders, hold a state convention on July 9, and make an active campaign, independent of the "machine," hoping to force recognition from McKinley and his managers.

"Rooting" for Fennoyer. CHICAGO, July 2.—Delegates from Palmer have opened headquarters at the Oregon house as a compromise candidate.

STAND FOR SILVER

MINNESOTA REPUBLICANS FAVORING THAT METAL ISSUE A MANIFESTO.

THEY DISOWN THE NEW FAITH

WHICH DECLARES FOR THE SINGLE GOLD STANDARD,