

THE DAILY GLOBE

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Address all letters and telegrams to THE GLOBE, St. Paul, Minn. EASTERN ADVERTISING OFFICE, ROOM 40, TEMPLE COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Weather Forecast. WASHINGTON, July 16.—Forecast for Friday: Minnesota—Fair, followed by showers Saturday; southerly winds; warmer.

TEMPERATURES. St. Paul 70, Minneapolis 76, Duluth 70, Winthrop 74, Huron 78, Bemidji 80-86, Bemarok 80, Boston 85-82, Williston 82, Buffalo 86-88, Havre 86, Cheyenne 86-88, Helena 84, Chicago 82-84, Edinboro 84, Cincinnati 72-76, Battleford 74, Helena 78-82, Prince Albert 80, Montreal 80-86, Calgary 76, New Orleans 84-90, Medicine Hat 78, New York 80-76, Swift Current 72, Pittsburgh 80-78, Qu'Appelle 80, Winnipeg 74-78.

DAILY MEANS. Barometer 30.13, relative humidity 55, weather clear, maximum thermometer 72, minimum thermometer 52, daily range 20, amount of rainfall or melted snow in last twenty-four hours 0, thermometer 50, wind S. E.

VERY MUCH MIXED. The comparison of which many people are fond just at present between the existing political situation and that just preceding the outbreak of the Civil war, is justified in as far as it relates to the general breakup of parties, the severance of old ties and the forming of new ones.

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It might be supposed that the people's party, which has been getting almost everything in sight, would be happy in the prevalence of this general row. On the contrary, it is scarcely better off than the others. The men who have been in charge of the Populist movement in the past have very decided views of their own about the disposition of the offices. They have borne the labor and the heat of the day, and, imagining that they see a possibility of success, they have no mind to hand over the honor and emoluments to any eleven-hour convert. While Democrats are kicking because they say the People's party has swallowed the Democracy, Populists are kicking with equal vigor because they say the Democratic party has swallowed them.

The plan which shrewd men have hit upon, and which has been notably advocated and advanced by Mr. Teller, the ablest of the free silver leaders, to form a union of the free silverettes of all parties, Republican, Democratic and Populist, and to carry the country on a fusion deal, has practical difficulties about it. Great among them is the inherent selfishness of politicians who do not care to see the fruits of their labors pass into the possession of others, even though it may be recommended to them as the necessary price paid for the triumph of a principle.

tion with great ease, but that you cannot get it ratified by the people. It takes too many individuals to consummate the deal. Just as soon as the masses of the voters get a blow at a political trade, which rests upon their consent, they knock it out on the first round. You can get the support of the American people for almost any proposition that is commended to them on the ground of straightforward devotion to principle, however small may seem to be the following. You cannot get them to fall in with a mob whose ostensible object is the division of the public spoils. Already it is apparent that the fusion scheme intended to apply to all political action in the year 1896 is a source of greater discord than harmony. Its disintegrating influence will be more evident with each day that passes, and will be exhibited in special force at and after the St. Louis convention.

THE GOLD RESERVE AGAIN. The effect of the disturbed conditions in the financial world is again apparent in the renewed raid upon the treasury's gold reserve. It seems strange enough that this one concrete fact, standing out before the eyes of all the people, does not teach them where the trouble lies. The treasury is able to keep all the gold that it wants as long as there is no threat of action that will make the gold dollar worth more than any other kind of dollar. The instant, however, that conditions appear or threaten to appear which would place a premium upon gold, ten thousand hands are reached out to grab at the vanishing gold, and the treasury reserve disappears like water poured upon the sands. The present renewal of withdrawals from the treasury is not a consequence of any commercial or industrial conditions whatever. The gold that is being drawn out, like a large part of that which has been demanded within the last year, in redemption of greenbacks is desired for hoarding. The process of currency contraction, which the advocates of free silver affect to deplore, and which has been in steady progress in this country during the last three years, becomes graver and more pronounced from the moment that free coinage becomes an actual living issue in our politics. For there has been a contraction in the media of exchange that is the source of a large share of all our industrial misfortunes. It is only to a small extent a contraction of actual money. This consists of the gold which has been withdrawn from actual use, owing to the belief that it will, later on, command a handsome profit if the plans of the silver monetarists should succeed.

But that is a mere bagatelle as compared with the contraction of our credit money. The banks of this country alone pass through their clearing houses every year from \$50,000,000 to \$70,000,000 of checks, drafts and other substitutes for currency. This is the real circulating medium of the country; so vast in its amount and so flexible in its adaptation to the demands of trade that any interference with it is most dangerous to the health of the body politic. What is the utmost contraction that can be wrought in the money of the country which, all told, amounts to only about \$3,000,000,000, as compared with the contraction of from \$10,000,000,000 to \$25,000,000,000 in the circulating paper that plays the part of money and that responds with the utmost sensitiveness to confidence and to doubt? It is this credit money which has been contracted and contracting ever since 1893. It is this movement that is the source of our deepest troubles, and that can be remedied only by a return of confidence. The dollar of gold which is pulled out of the treasury reserve is a mere nothing in comparison with the thousands of dollars of credit paper which that one dollar represents and can support, but which will not be circulated falling the existence of a solid basis of redemption. Therefore, the renewal of gold withdrawals from the treasury, as the result of the greater prominence given to the silver question, means more distress growing out of a further contraction of the vast volume of circulating medium with which, and not with the metallic basis, our business is and must continue to be done.

The gold reserve, while maintained under present conditions, is as inflexible an indication of the financial condition as a barometer is of approaching weather changes. The new raid that has begun means nothing more or less than that a certain number of people who have money to invest believe that by putting their capital into gold dollars they will get back a comfortable premium in the event of a free silver victory, and that even the agitation of the question may possibly bring them a profit within the next few months. It is a diabolical speculation upon the life and death of the nation, but it is human nature, after all. The resentment of the people could be directed, not only against men who are ready to traffic in the country's misfortunes, but also against those who create for them an opportunity.

A GREAT LOSS. The unexpected death of ex-Gov. William E. Russell, of Massachusetts, is a blow to the Democratic party and a loss to the nation. No man of his age had won greater or worthier distinction in American public life. Before none did there stretch a more promising future. And we may add, of the services of none was there a profounder need. Gov. Russell represented all that is best in the traditions of historic Democracy. He was the gentleman and the scholar in politics. With all the pride of unsullied ancestry, all the fidelity to Democratic principle that came of ardent and spontaneous devotion, and all the hatred of what is mean or forbidden in political warfare that characterizes an honorable gentleman, he became a figure in national politics conspicuous because it is all too rare in this age of expediency and compromise. His extraordinary popularity among the people, and his executive ability, when placed in a position of responsibility were shown by his repeated election as governor of the heavily Republican state of Massachusetts. At no time was there any honor within the bestowal of his party there which he could not have commanded; and he was undoubtedly the choice of New England for the presidency. He would, indeed, have been an almost ideal candidate. And that he would at some future day have filled the presidential chair, had he lived, was not only the probable but the expected. Above all, he had that quality so necessary in the times through which we are passing, and alas, all too infrequently exhibited, of unwavering loyalty to his convictions. He joined the splendid fight of the minority in the recent Chicago convention, and became there more than ever the idol of his people. It is always sad when a man of such powers and possibilities of usefulness as this is cut off in his prime. In this instance, remembering what need his country had of him and how grandly he might have answered it, it is a national misfortune. All honor to the memory of William E. Russell; and may his example at least not be lost upon the young men of the republic.

MAY BE IMPEACHED

SIX MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY SAID TO HAVE EXPOSED THEMSELVES. NOT BOUND BY THE CHARTER. THEY CONFIRM POLICE APPOINTMENTS MADE IN DIRECT VIOLATION OF IT. MR. MCARDY MAY TAKE A HAND. Comptroller May Refuse to Approve Payrolls Bearing the Names of the Doubtful Ones.

Six members of the assembly voted last night to confirm the mayor's appointments to the police force of men who, under charter, are legally disqualified to serve as patrolmen. It was the opinion of a lawyer who witnessed the bold proceeding, that these six assemblymen laid themselves open to impeachment proceedings. They have the satisfaction of knowing, however, that they abide by the caucus held the previous day, also fulfilled the Globe's prediction that they would do the very thing they did.

A PETTY CRIME. It was a very petty crime that was consummated by the assembly last night in voting to confirm the appointments to the police force made by Mayor Doran in direct violation of the city charter. It would have been thought hardly possible that these men should so hold themselves up to the public view as deliberate law-breakers, for no wretched purpose than to pay a few political debts by the use of the public funds. Yet they were not unwilling to stoop to this infamy, and a majority of them violated every obligation of office and every sense of public propriety with an ease and indifference which shows a curious condition of public morals. The case is not one for argument, any more than it would be if the assembly were to vote to make a present of the market house to some private individual, or to issue permits to favored persons to break all the laws if they wished to and still enjoy immunity from arrest. The only question remaining is the old and impudent one conveyed by the attitude of the present city government: "What are you going to do about it?"

In this connection we shall watch with a great deal of interest the course pursued by Controller McCurdy when the police pay rolls are sent to him for approval. The names of the illegally appointed men have, of course, no more right to be on them than have those of any other private citizens. Mr. McCurdy has been a great stickler for the charter in the past, and has held up every claim about which there could be a doubt and some as to which there was none. It will not be possible for him to pass this flagrant nullification of the charter without condemning his whole past; or to veto it without causing a coolness between friends. There is a chance for him to demonstrate his sincerity as guardian of the public interest by interposing between the treasury and those who have signaled their accession to office by voting, within two months, to override a plain provision of the organic law of the city, to advance their personal interests.

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GOV. RUSSELL DEAD

END CAME SUDDENLY WHILE HE WAS ON A FISHING EXPEDITION. BOSTON SHOCKED BY NEWS. FOR A TIME THE SAD STORY WAS REFUSED ANY CREDENCE. HISTORY OF "THE BOY GOVERNOR." A Prominent Figure in the Political Affairs of His State and the Nation.

QUEBEC, July 16.—Ex-Gov. Russell was found dead this morning in his fishing camp at St. Adelaide, near Grand Pabos. He passed through Montreal in the best of health and was then on his way to the salmon grounds in Gaspe, Grand Pabos, the nearest telegraph station to St. Adelaide, is a little fishing place of only three hundred inhabitants, and there are very few facilities for getting more explicit information. The people who accompanied ex-Gov. Russell were his brother and F. Peabody from Boston. Their camp was near the Little Pabos river, where they had been fishing all day yesterday when the ex-governor seemed in the very best of health. The tent in which they slept was divided into two compartments, and, as the ex-governor slept alone, the others never knew that he was dead till late this morning, when they thought it was time to wake him. The coroner has been notified but has not yet arrived.

William Eustice Russell was born in Cambridge on January 6, 1857, within the shadow of the university from which he was graduated in 1877. He became a candidate and was elected to the Harvard law school in 1880, and immediately commenced business as a member of the law firm of C. T. and F. Russell, having the same association today, with offices on State street. Mr. Russell's political affiliations have always been Democratic. In 1881 he became a candidate and was elected a member of the Cambridge common council and two years later became a member of the upper branch of the city government. In 1888, Mr. Russell was elected mayor of Cambridge by a large majority. He held the reins of government in the mayor's chair for three terms. Russell was married to Miss Margaret Swan, daughter of the late Rev. Joshua Swan, formerly of Cambridge on June 3, 1885. They had three children, two sons and one daughter. In 1888 Mr. Russell was nominated for governor and while he was defeated by Gov. Ames, he polled nearly 1,000 votes more than was cast for Mr. Cleveland for president. He worked incessantly, making the tariff and Mr. Cleveland's record the leading topics of his speeches. He was nominated again in 1893 and was elected over Mr. Brackett by a plurality of 8,000. In 1892, the presidential year, he defeated Wm. H. Hall by a plurality of 2,500 votes, while Benjamin Harrison carried the state by a plurality of 30,000. He retired from office at the end of his third term and resumed the practice of law.



WILLIAM E. RUSSELL.

for his train left Sedalia, Mr. Bryan received a telegram announcing the sudden death of Ex-Gov. Russell. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were greatly shocked at the news and at once indited the following telegram: Mrs. E. Russell, Cambridge, Mass. I have just learned of the sudden death of Gov. Russell, and hasten to express to you my profound sympathy. Your husband's friends were legion and they all share your sorrow. W. J. Bryan.

HEART DISEASE.

It Was the Cause of Gov. Russell's Death. MONTREAL, July 16.—A special telegram from Campbell, N.B., says: Ex-Gov. Russell's body will leave Little Pabos tomorrow morning by steamer Admiral which will make a special trip early in the morning, and will bring the body to Dalhousie. Mrs. E. Russell, Cambridge, Mass. Mr. Russell are extremely brief. After the excitement of the Chicago convention Mr. Russell was attracted to the picturesque Gaspe coast by the famous salmon fishing of the Grand Pabos. Mr. Russell's companions were early in the morning by steamer Admiral which was the ex-governor was called he gave no response, and on approaching his couch the friends were horrified to discover that he was dead.

At a late hour tonight the coroner's jury returned to St. Adelaide de la Riviere from the camp. The doctor and coroner decided that heart disease was the cause of death. The remains were conveyed to the village tonight to await the arrival of the steamer Admiral tomorrow morning.

Resolutions of Regret.

BOSTON, MASS., July 16.—The executive committee of the Young Men's Democratic club of this city held a special meeting this afternoon and passed a resolution deploring the death of Ex-Gov. Russell.

UPPER RIVER DAMS.

Col. Jones and Party Return from a Tour of Inspection. Col. W. A. Jones, United States engineer in charge of the reservoir system of the upper Mississippi river, has returned to St. Paul after an extensive tour of inspection of the Winnebago works at Leech lake and Winnebago, Neb. Col. Jones was accompanied on his trip by Ex-Senator Washburn, Congressman Loren Fletcher, Stanley Washburn and William De la Barre, of Minneapolis; and Dr. Perry Millard and John L. Estabrook, of St. Paul. All of the party expressed themselves as having enjoyed one of the most interesting of trips, and highly complimented Col. Jones on the progress of the construction of the work accomplished on the northwestern water ways during the present season. Col. Jones, from the standpoint of an expert, is also much gratified with the season's achievements and appreciates the commendation of the inspectors.

Judge Kelly Honored.

Judge Kelly has been chosen delegate at large in the National Federation of Agriculture to represent the state at the Irish race convention, which will be held at Dublin, Sept. 1. Judge Kelly will be accompanied on his trip by Ex-Senator Washburn, Stanley Washburn and William De la Barre, of Minneapolis; and Dr. Perry Millard and John L. Estabrook, of St. Paul. All of the party expressed themselves as having enjoyed one of the most interesting of trips, and highly complimented Col. Jones on the progress of the construction of the work accomplished on the northwestern water ways during the present season. Col. Jones, from the standpoint of an expert, is also much gratified with the season's achievements and appreciates the commendation of the inspectors.

Col. Club Case.

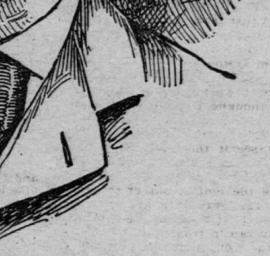
The case against C. J. McDermott and Andy Callahan, charged with selling snore at the rooms of the "Owl club," 410 Wabasha street, was called in the police court yesterday and continued to July 21. The defendant put up \$500 each for their appearance on that date. The police say that the "Owl club" snore room was secured by Patrolmen Gill and Markie who, accompanied by a hack driver, visited the rooms Tuesday night. Fire was discovered by Patrolman Ramusson in the basement of the St. Paul Roofing and Ornament works at 11 o'clock last night. The department responded quickly to the alarm, and the fire was extinguished before any great damage was done. The fire started and spread in the loss on building and stock is estimated at \$1,200, covered by insurance.

GOV. RUSSELL DEAD

END CAME SUDDENLY WHILE HE WAS ON A FISHING EXPEDITION. BOSTON SHOCKED BY NEWS. FOR A TIME THE SAD STORY WAS REFUSED ANY CREDENCE. HISTORY OF "THE BOY GOVERNOR." A Prominent Figure in the Political Affairs of His State and the Nation.

QUEBEC, July 16.—Ex-Gov. Russell was found dead this morning in his fishing camp at St. Adelaide, near Grand Pabos. He passed through Montreal in the best of health and was then on his way to the salmon grounds in Gaspe, Grand Pabos, the nearest telegraph station to St. Adelaide, is a little fishing place of only three hundred inhabitants, and there are very few facilities for getting more explicit information. The people who accompanied ex-Gov. Russell were his brother and F. Peabody from Boston. Their camp was near the Little Pabos river, where they had been fishing all day yesterday when the ex-governor seemed in the very best of health. The tent in which they slept was divided into two compartments, and, as the ex-governor slept alone, the others never knew that he was dead till late this morning, when they thought it was time to wake him. The coroner has been notified but has not yet arrived.

William Eustice Russell was born in Cambridge on January 6, 1857, within the shadow of the university from which he was graduated in 1877. He became a candidate and was elected to the Harvard law school in 1880, and immediately commenced business as a member of the law firm of C. T. and F. Russell, having the same association today, with offices on State street. Mr. Russell's political affiliations have always been Democratic. In 1881 he became a candidate and was elected a member of the Cambridge common council and two years later became a member of the upper branch of the city government. In 1888, Mr. Russell was elected mayor of Cambridge by a large majority. He held the reins of government in the mayor's chair for three terms. Russell was married to Miss Margaret Swan, daughter of the late Rev. Joshua Swan, formerly of Cambridge on June 3, 1885. They had three children, two sons and one daughter. In 1888 Mr. Russell was nominated for governor and while he was defeated by Gov. Ames, he polled nearly 1,000 votes more than was cast for Mr. Cleveland for president. He worked incessantly, making the tariff and Mr. Cleveland's record the leading topics of his speeches. He was nominated again in 1893 and was elected over Mr. Brackett by a plurality of 8,000. In 1892, the presidential year, he defeated Wm. H. Hall by a plurality of 2,500 votes, while Benjamin Harrison carried the state by a plurality of 30,000. He retired from office at the end of his third term and resumed the practice of law.



WILLIAM E. RUSSELL.

for his train left Sedalia, Mr. Bryan received a telegram announcing the sudden death of Ex-Gov. Russell. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were greatly shocked at the news and at once indited the following telegram: Mrs. E. Russell, Cambridge, Mass. I have just learned of the sudden death of Gov. Russell, and hasten to express to you my profound sympathy. Your husband's friends were legion and they all share your sorrow. W. J. Bryan.

HEART DISEASE.

It Was the Cause of Gov. Russell's Death. MONTREAL, July 16.—A special telegram from Campbell, N.B., says: Ex-Gov. Russell's body will leave Little Pabos tomorrow morning by steamer Admiral which will make a special trip early in the morning, and will bring the body to Dalhousie. Mrs. E. Russell, Cambridge, Mass. Mr. Russell are extremely brief. After the excitement of the Chicago convention Mr. Russell was attracted to the picturesque Gaspe coast by the famous salmon fishing of the Grand Pabos. Mr. Russell's companions were early in the morning by steamer Admiral which was the ex-governor was called he gave no response, and on approaching his couch the friends were horrified to discover that he was dead.

At a late hour tonight the coroner's jury returned to St. Adelaide de la Riviere from the camp. The doctor and coroner decided that heart disease was the cause of death. The remains were conveyed to the village tonight to await the arrival of the steamer Admiral tomorrow morning.

Resolutions of Regret.

BOSTON, MASS., July 16.—The executive committee of the Young Men's Democratic club of this city held a special meeting this afternoon and passed a resolution deploring the death of Ex-Gov. Russell.

UPPER RIVER DAMS.

Col. Jones and Party Return from a Tour of Inspection. Col. W. A. Jones, United States engineer in charge of the reservoir system of the upper Mississippi river, has returned to St. Paul after an extensive tour of inspection of the Winnebago works at Leech lake and Winnebago, Neb. Col. Jones was accompanied on his trip by Ex-Senator Washburn, Congressman Loren Fletcher, Stanley Washburn and William De la Barre, of Minneapolis; and Dr. Perry Millard and John L. Estabrook, of St. Paul. All of the party expressed themselves as having enjoyed one of the most interesting of trips, and highly complimented Col. Jones on the progress of the construction of the work accomplished on the northwestern water ways during the present season. Col. Jones, from the standpoint of an expert, is also much gratified with the season's achievements and appreciates the commendation of the inspectors.

Judge Kelly Honored.

Judge Kelly has been chosen delegate at large in the National Federation of Agriculture to represent the state at the Irish race convention, which will be held at Dublin, Sept. 1. Judge Kelly will