ON BRYAN'S TRAIL

STANDARD OF THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY UNFURLED AT PHILADELPHIA.

GENS. PALMER AND BUCKNER

GIVEN A ROUSING RECEPTION IN THE CITY OF BROTHERLY LOVE.

PARTY LEADERS ON PLATFORM.

Bryan Deserted by Men Who for Years Have Dominated in the Keystone State.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 26.—The standard bearers of the National Democrats, Gen. Palmer and Gen. Buckner, were given a rousing reception tonight by the Democrats of this city who favor the yellow metal, at a ratification meeting held in the Academy of Music. The big building was crowded from pit to dome. Seated upon the stage were Democratic leaders who have been prominent in the councils of the Democratic party for years past, but who have bolted the Chicago ticket and platform. Among others were Wm. M. Singerly, Dr. Eugene Townsend, ex-superintendent of the mint; A. J. Cassatt, Wm. F. Harrity, C. S. Patterson, Samuel Dickson, William R. Wright, Robert E. Wright, of Allentown; A. B. Farquhar, York; James M. Beck, United States district attorney, and others. State Chairman W. B. Given called the meeting to order and after a few remarks introduced John C. Bullitt as chairman of the meeting. Mr. Bullitt, in the course of his remarks, mentioned the name of Wm. J. Bryan. There were hisses and a few scattered cheers. Mr. Bullitt said:

I want to say that if I am further interrupted by cheers when I mention Bryan's name, I will have the officers eject the offenders from the house.

There were no further interruptions, and after a short speech Mr. Bullitt introduced Gen. Palmer. As the presidential nominee stepped to the front of the stage he was greeted by tremendous cheers, and was not able to proceed for two minutes. Some one in the gallery yelled: "Three cheers for Palmer, Buckner and gold," and they were given with a will.

Gen. Palmer prefaced his remarks by a glowing compliment to the opportunities afforded the young men and made his first allusion to the Chicago convention by saying:

I don't believe there are any classes in the United States. The man who says we are divided into classes is an enemy of the country. Business depression is not caused, as has been charged, by the restriction of our currency, because money was never cheaper than it is now. The reason money is not active, is because there is a shadow of dishonesty and repudiation hanging over this country.

Speaking of his candidacy, he stated that he is a candidate for the presidency, without any hope of election.

Gen. Palmer then spoke of the value of silver and gold, comparing what he termed the 53-cent dollar and the gold dollar. He was interrupted by a man in the gallery. A policeman was about to eject the offender, when Gen. Palmer said: "I don't want any one put out. I want any disorderly man to come down on this stage and sit with gentlemen until he becomes a gentleman."

He was stopped several times at the beginning of his next sentence. He started: "Mr. Bryan says—(cheers for Bryan) Mr. Bryan says—(More cheers for Bryan.) When the interruptions ceased, Gen. Palmer said:

"I am glad to see so many cheerful gentlemen in this audience. After November you will be laughing out of the other corner of your mouth," but he did not finish his allusion to Mr. Bryan.

Continuing, he said that in case of free coinage of silver, the government would collect no gold, consequently the $430,000,000 of silver now in the hands of the people would sink in value to about $200,000,000. He closed by saying that if the people did not unite manfully and resolutely and crush out this fallacy, this development, they could hope for nothing from this country in the future. As Gen. Palmer took his seat on the stage he was loudly cheered.

He was followed by Gen. Buckner, who said he did not believe that the interruptions came from Philadelphians. He believed the silver mine owners had sent hirelings here to interrupt the speakers. After this remark there were no more interruptions. Gen. Buckner explained what the ratio of 16 to 1 meant.

"We believe the system we advocate is honest and for the benefit of the United States. It is charged that we have discriminated against silver since 1873, while, as a matter of fact, we have discriminated against gold and not silver."

He alluded to the present Democratic administration in a complimentary way, and the mention of President Cleveland's name was the signal for great cheering. He concluded by saying: "We had differences in the past, but they were fought out to a finish, and the soldiers who took part in it now shake hands. Our differences will be fought to a finish, but the result will not be so disastrous."

Resolutions denouncing the Chicago platform and candidates were read and indorsed.

The resolutions adopted indorsed Palmer and Buckner and said:

We hold that the time-honored principles of the Democratic faith have been betrayed by the majority of the party representatives at the Chicago convention. We denounce the action of that convention, and refuse to be bound by its declarations. They are subversive of the public faith and of private honor.

We protest against its assault upon the supreme court of the United States; its virtual denial of the right of the United States government to enforce the orders of the federal courts and the laws of the United States for the protection of the mails and of interstate commerce; its threatened repudiation of the obligations of the government; its encouragement of the scaling of private debts and its denial of the right of private contract, as revolutionary, unpatriotic and undemocratic. Especially do we condemn and denounce its advocacy of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at an arbitrary ration of 16 to 1 as an abandonment of a peculiarly distinctive dogma of the Democratic party.

COCKRAN AT BALTIMORE.

Spoke to the Honest Money League of Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 26.—The Honest Money Democratic league of Maryland, composed mainly of Democrats who do not favor a third electoral ticket in this state and who will, as a rule, support McKinley on the currency issue in the coming election, held an enthusiastic meeting at Music hall in this city tonight. The hall was packed to the doors with an audience numbering between 4,000 and 5,000, who listened with great interest to speeches by ex-Congressman W. Bourke Cockran, of New York, and Congressman John K. Cowen, of Maryland, president and one of the receivers of the Baltimore & Ohio Railway. Both speakers were applauded to the echo. Henry A. Parr, of this city, presided and the list of one hundred or more vice presidents included many of the most prominent business men in Baltimore and other cities of Maryland.

Mr. Cockran made the principal address. He was frequently interrupted, especially by a man in one of the galleries, who finally became so persistent that he crowd cried "put him out." At the first mention of Mr. Bryan's name by the New York orator, the crowd broke into cheers, in which at least one-half of the audience joined. The other half hissed quite as vigorously and when Mr. Cockran could again make himself heard he announced that he would read a quotation from one of Mr. Bryan's speeches. The man in the gallery yelled: "I'll bet it's a forgery," and the crowd again demanded that he be put out.

"Don't put him out," said Mr. Cockran, "let me answer his question. This quotation is from Mr. Bryan's New York organ and if it is a forgery his friends have perpetrated it." The crowd cheered again and Mr. Cockran continued: "We will show the Populists how the Democrats can treat them with forbearance and let them remain here, but if the gentleman in the gallery thinks he can disconcert me with demonstrations with his feet or with his mouth he does not understand with whom he is dealing."

This captured the crowd and thereafter Mr. Cockran was permitted to proceed without interruption. His address was mainly one of dramatic effect rather than of an argumentative character and lasted something more thn an hour. Mr. Cowen followed him with a clean cut argument on the financial questions at issue, which he preceded by a vigorous denial of the oft repeated charge that the employes of the Baltimore & Ohio were being coerced into voting for McKinley.

INGALLS ON COERCION.

Campaign Story Refuted and Railway Employes Cheered.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—M. E. Ingalls, the president of the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad, spoke tonight in the Auditorium on the issues of the political campaign. The address was primarily for the railroad men of Chicago, the seats in the body of the house being reserved for them. Despite the weather, which was rainy, the railroad men were out in full force. Mr. Ingalls was greeted with an audience of fully 4,500 people, who cheered and applauded him in an enthusiastic manner. Mr. Ingalls, in opening his address, proceeded to make an argument to show that Mr. Bryan's scheme cannot raise the price of silver, but will drive gold out of circulation; that it will contract the currency and produce a panic; that the present hard times are not caused by the gold standard; that the greatest development in the past had been when the country was on that standard and the only hope for future development was by continuing it.

The talk about raising the price of silver has been abandoned, he said, and now the Populists talk about the large sum due the bondholders and creditors, and there must be a cheap dollar with which to pay these debts. Who are the great creditors of this country? Not the Eastern bondholder that Bryan abuses. The great creditor is the wage-earner. The country owes him more each month many fold than is due all the bondholders. There is another objection to the Bryan scheme from a point higher than dollars and cents. It is that the whole plan is dishonest—an appeal to the ignorant and dishonest side of humanity.

I have heard that much talk about coercion of railway employes by railway corporations. I do not believe there is a particle of truth in it. So long as I have the power every man connected with me, high or low, shall have the right on election day to deposit his ballot for whoever he sees fit. We ask you to carefully read and consider, so that on election day you may vote as your judgment and conscience dictate. There is something higher in this campaign than the mere cheating of your creditors; it is a question of the honor of the country which is of more consequence than the few dollars which you may take by beating the bondholder. Think of what it is for a nation like ours to live without honor, to have the finger of scorn pointed at us by the civilized world as the one great nation of 70,000,000 people that deliberately debased its coin to cheat its bondholders. This nation is the last hope of man. Here has been the experiment of free government. So far we have kept our honor as we received it from our fathers, pure and untarnished, and the question presented to each and all today is whether we shall heed the call of duty, and, regardless of party, crush this attempt to dishonor the nation, and hand it down to our children unsullied and fair as it was when we received it.

COAST SOUND MONEY DEMS.

The Washington State Convention Held at Tacoma.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 26.—The gold standard Democrats of Washington held a well attended state convention here today for the purpose of nominating presidential electors and choosing a state committee. They call themselves the Democratic party, leaving out the word "National." The following gentlemen were nominated for electors: Judge Thomas Burke, of King county; G. W. Stapleton, of Clarke county; Y. O. Blalock, of Walla Walla, and Wm. S. Yeardsley.

Thomas B. Hardin, of Seattle, was chosen chairman of the convention, and Judge Allen, of Olympia, was elected chairman of the state committee. The platform indorses the Indianapolis platform and ticket; indorses the Cleveland administration; declares that the Democratic party always has been and should continue to be the party of sound money. The platform contains this plank:

We believe our government should not continue in the banking business and that as soon as it can be done, without any contraction of our currency, the greenbacks and treasury notes, which have been heretofore issued should be redeemed and not reissued.

SOUND MONEY SPEECH.

Made by a Prominent Democrat of Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 26.—Charles L. Jewett, ex-chairman of the Democratic state central committee of Indiana and ex-speaker of the house of representatives, made a notable speech tonight before the sound money club of Columbus, Ind. He gave many reasons why he could not support the Chicago ticket and platform. He also said he did not believe that one of the objects of the Indianapolis convention—to lay the foundation for a new Democratic organization—could be accomplished. Mr. Jewett's partial conversion to the Republican policy of protection is a surprise to his hosts of Democratic friends. He will also vote for McKinley.

SAN MARCOS SWAMPED.

Waterspout Caused Destruction and Possible Loss of Life.

SAN MARCOS, Tex., Sept. 26.—A waterspout struck this region this afternoon causing great destruction and it is feared loss of life. Across the San Marcos river, fifteen houses were swept away. Reports from the surrounding country have not yet been received. Particulars probably be late arriving, owing to crippled wires.

THE ONLY ONE.

THE PYRAMID PILE CURE THE ONLY PILE CURE RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS AS BEING PERFECTLY SAFE.

No Opium, Cocaine, Narcotic or Other Poison in It.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is probably the only Pile Cure extensively recommended by physicians, because it is so safe, so prompt in the relief afforded and so far as known the only positive cure for piles except a surgical operation.

In one year the Pyramid Pile Cure has become the best known, the safest and the most extensively sold of any pile cure before the public.

Nearly all druggists sell it at 50 cents and $1 per package.

Address the Pyramid Co., Albion, Mich., for book on cause and cure of piles and also hundreds of testimonials from all parts of the United States.

If suffering from any form of piles ask your druggist for a package of Pyramid Pile Cure and try it tonight.

THACHER IS THROUGH

DECLINED THE DOUBTFUL HONOR TENDERED HIM BY NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

IS AGAINST FREE SILVER.

HE COULD NEVER MAKE A CONTEST ON THE BUFFALO PLATFORM.

PROBABLE RESULT A PARTY SPLIT

Regular Democrats Will Support Griffin and Silver Wing Will Indorse a Populist.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 26.—John Boyd Thacher declines the democratic nomination for governor, in his statement to the notification committee.

This was the day set for the visit to Mr. Thacher by the committee of five appointed at the meeting of the state democratic committee on Tuesday, to officially notify him of his nomination but in advance of their coming he gave out a letter announcing his declination. At the outset of this statement, Mr. Thacher made acknowledgement of the honor which the nomination implied and in the next sentence said that he was constrained to decline it. He said:

I was away from Albany and at my country home during the convention, and I did not learn of my nomination until after 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon (Sept. 17.) It was not until 9 o'clock that night that I had an opportunity to learn the character of the platform adopted by the convention. There had never been submitted to me a press copy, a manuscript copy or any other copy of the proposed platform. If any one had been entrusted with the duty of presenting such a copy the trust had not been fulfilled. I had no reason to expect, after the convention at Saratoga, and after the attitude of the delegates from New York in the national convention that the next state convention would commit the democratic party unreservedly to all parts of the Chicago platform.

Mr. Thacher then recounted the facts of his now famous letter to the state committee, and summarized the contents of that communication, and continued:

While I had not sought the nomination, or requested a single delegate to give me his support, I was willing and eager to contend against that system of "bossism," which is today in control of the public affairs of the State of New York. I was prepared to organize the democratic party from one end of the state to the other on a line of battle against that system, and to wage an unremitting and vigorous warfare. I believed that municipal and other reforms in which the people are interested, could not be obtained until the administration had been wrenched from the hands of the political boss. I believed that the people would be with us on that issue.

It has developed, in the consideration of the resolution by which the state committee appointed your committee, as well as in the public press, and in other public and private communications that there is a very decided desire on the part of the democratic party to contest the election on the abstract question of the unlimited coinage of silver at the unalterable ratio of 16 to 1, as compared with gold and to ignore or to subordinate every other state issue. It is apparently the purpose of the party at this time to make the acceptance of an extremely political sentiment the sole test of a candidate of the democracy. It does not seem to be enough that men are willing to support the regular candidate on the regular democratic ticket, but they are required to subscribe to every letter and phrase of that platform.

It is impossible for me, with the views I hold, to make a contest on the coinage issue. I believe in the good old democratic doctrine of the joint free and equal use of gold and silver.

This doctrine is as far removed from the single use of gold, which enables speculators to juggle with its value, as it is from that of the principle which seeks to establish an impossible ratio for its sister metal. Therefore, entertaining the views I do, and now thoroughly impressed with the belief that the party will consent to make the contest only on primarily the silver issue, I feel that as an honorable man, I should make way for some one who can carry the banner with that device.

There seems no place in the democratic party today for conservatism. Men are divided into two classes, each entertaining views exceedingly intolerable of the other. The history of legislation is conservatism in the end prevails. I believe that the democratic party, when it approaches the responsibilities of legislation, will be true to itself and to the people.

The strength of the democratic party is its weakness. It is the party of the people. It stands with sympathetic arms welcoming the oppressed, the weak, the distressed, and promising them comfort and relief. It is natural that mischievous and destroying elements should clothe themselves in the garments of honest distress and seek to shelter themselves within those arms and to conduct from that refuge their predatory raid. What the democratic party needs is a wise, fearless and powerful organization, which will respond to every beat of the popular heart, but which will regulate the entrance of the wicked and perverse. This organization will not come from outside, but from inside the party. I have no sympathy for those who desert the party now in its hour of need. Every democrat who believes that the party is or can be made an instrument of good should stay within its ranks and by counsel and example endeavor to build it up and make it strong. My party can demand of me no honorable sacrifice I will not make. It can ask of me no duty I will not perform. My best usefulness now will be humbly to remain within its ranks and give such powers as I possess to strengthening its pillars and establishing its bulwarks.

The probable outcome of Mr. Thacher's declination will be the indorsement, by a branch of the regular democracy, of Daniel G. Griffin, on state issues, and the indorsement of a populistic candidate by the silver men in the state. It is believed that this is satisfactory to Mr. Hill. Tammany Hall, however, may insist upon its own candidate, and at the state committee meeting on Monday night they may fight for the promotion of Judge Porter for first place and Elliott Danforth to second. It is absolutely denied that Mr. Bryan wrote any letter to Mr. Thacher asking his withdrawal, nor has he intimated to anybody such a desire. The story was made out of whole cloth.

APPEAL FOR DUBOIS.

Democrats of Idaho Asked to Support Him.

Boise, Idaho, Sept. 25.—Secretary Walsh of the democratic national committee has given out the following letter:

To the Democratic Voters of Idaho:—

The conspicuous services rendered by Senator Dubois of your state, in behalf of free silver, has made him one of the conspicuous figures in the fight for bimetallism now being waged. To the ever persistent efforts of the silver republicans to press the silver issue in all national affairs; to their bold and courageous stand at the St. Louis convention, is to be attributed largely the issue between single and double standard now being waged throughout the country. Senator Dubois was the recognized leader in all these great movements. He severed his connection with his own party to advocate the cause which you have so deeply at heart. The combination of democrats against him in his own state cannot be justified upon any grounds. The return of Senators Teller and Dubois is essential in this fight for silver. Any effort on the part of organized democracy in this state to prevent his return would injure the prospects of Mr. Bryan in every state where there are silver republicans. It is not putting it too strongly to say that the national democratic committee believes that there is not at this time no one thing that would aid the cause of Mr. Bryan more than a clear and distinct understanding throughout the country that democrats of Idaho intend to return Mr. Dubois to the senate.

Voicing the sentiments of the national democratic committee, they wish it distinctly understood that they repudiate the so-called agreement entered into by the democrats and populists in relation to the election of a United States senator in place of Senator Dubois.

And further, the democrats of Idaho are released by the national committee from compliance with the terms of said agreement. The national democratic committee desires his return and desires most generous recognition on the part of the local democrats of the silver republicans of Idaho, who are associates of Senator Dubois.

C. A. WALSH,
Member and Secretary of the Democratic National Committee.

HAVE YOU A HOME?

We don't mean a house merely, but a home. How quickly you can tell the difference between a house and a home. You have no idea how far a little money will go nowadays in home-building. We try to show you from day to day how far it will go, but alas! newspaper space costs much money and we can only suggest, **but at our store—there's where you get your object lesson.** . . . . . .

PARLOR TABLES.

Realizing that values, and they alone, will create buyers these days, we will inaugurate tomorrow, Monday, for one week a **Special Table Sale,** including every Center and Parlor Table in our stock marked in plain figures, as follows:

All $1.50 Tables for..... $1.00
All $2.50 Tables for..... $1.75
All $4.00 Tables for..... $2.75
All $5.00 Tables for..... $3.75
All $7.00 Tables for..... $4.85
All $9.00 Tables for..... $6.50
All $12.00 Tables for..... $8.50

IN FINE FURNITURE

THIS TABOURETTE

Or Reception Chair, like picture, in polished mahogany finish, artistic in every detail, upholstered in choicest silk goods, certainly worth $15.00. The New England price is but

$7.75.

OF COURSE,

We do not expect to do all the Stove business in St. Paul this season, but with our three magnificent lines,

THE JEWEL, THE RADIANT HOME, THE PENINSULAR

Heaters, Cooks and Ranges, we are prepared to give you what you are entitled to—the best that can be had for the money. Can sell you a Box Stove for **$1.50,** a Self-Feeding Base Burner Heater for **$13.50,** with 13-inch fire pot; a Steel Range, absolutely guaranteed Jewel or Peninsular, for **$24.00,** and so on through the line.

We will gladly send a man to appraise that old heater or cook stove of yours, and allow just what it is worth on the purchase price of a new one.

we show a Fancy Divan exactly like cut; Curly Birch, Mahogany finish; strictly French in design; hand-carved; upholstered in best quality silk damask. This Divan would have sold for at least $30 a few years ago. You will find it on our floors tomorrow at.... **$12.75**

Carpets and Rugs

Occupy an entire floor in our store. Always to the front in new things, we are showing an immense assortment of new Suakim Rugs in carpet sizes; pure Oriental effects and colorings; at the following prices they are cheaper than carpets:

6 feet by 9 feet, each..... **$8.00**
7½ feet by 10½ feet, each.... **$11.25**
9 feet by 12 feet, each..... **$15.75**

MISFIT CARPETS are the great money-savers. We will open up Monday an entirely new lot, and can guarantee to fit almost any room at a straight saving of from $3.00 to $15.00 on every Carpet. Bring the size of your room.

.. OUR TERMS CASH or about one-fifth down and balance monthly, suits us. . . .

NEW ENGLAND Furniture and Carpet Company.

The One-Price Complete House Furnishers. 434 436 Wabasha St., St. Paul.

Send 10 cents for latest Catalogue.

STORY OF THE BOLT

NARRATIVE OF THE RECENT DISRUPTION OF THE WESTERN FREIGHT ASSOCIATION.

CAR FERRY FIGHT TO BLAME

PRIMARILY FOR THE BEGINNING OF THE PRESENT HOSTILITY OF RIVALS.

GREAT NORTHERN COAL FEEDER.

One May Be Built in British Columbia to Tap Veins Near Crow's Nest.

The desire to protect their roads individually, and irrespective of the welfare of the organization is what has precipitated the bolting of certain roads from the Western Freight association.

The history of the struggle of the association to maintain its existence goes farther back than the withdrawal of the Rock Island and the Atchison roads, which occurred in the middle of last week. The story runs back three or four months, during which time Chairman Midgley has made a hard scrabble to preserve unity. The members of the association generally concede that the break was no fault of the chairman's. Mr. Midgley is looked upon by all traffic men as being an unusually safe and conservative man to represent them in an association. It is the conservative man who makes money for his road, or for any combination of roads they figure, and the official who slashes rates on the slightest pretext and thus disturbs the entire situation over a large territory, who not only decreases the dividends of his own road, but those of others as well. The members of the association have faith in Mr. Midgley, although perhaps they think that he writes more letters than is necessary. But the circular recently printed in the Globe which was the first intimation in this section that the Western Freight association was on the verge of dismemberment, was issued with a well defined purpose by Mr. Midgley. He knew that if he directed it to all traffic men that copies of it would be sure to fall into the hands of general managers, who would themselves take the matter up and make an attempt to patch up the trouble. But the scheme was ineffective it seems. The bolting of the Rock Island and the Atchison brought about a crash which has been hanging fire, but which might otherwise have been averted. The trouble dates back to the recently settled war between the Michigan Car Ferry company and all rail lines between Chicago and St. Paul. When the car ferry company cut rates, Mr. Midgley worked hard to prevent the all rail lines from following. He counseled delay and advised the members of the association to get together and come to some concerted plan before any move was made to meet the cut. This plan was followed until other of the lake lines pooled issued with the car ferry company and made reduced rates of their own. Then the trouble began. Chairman Midgley was unable to prevent a break in the agreement, and one of the roads jumped. Then came the thick of the ferry rate war which will be remembered with mingled feelings of amusement and resentment by the various roads interested. The trouble started here. Chairman Midgley begged and importuned, but at the first chance other roads found fault and broke away. What the general managers will do in the matter of reorganizing the association is certain; they will reform the fragments, and if the bolters do not want to come in, they can stay out and take the consequences. Still, an association which does not comprise within its membership every line in the territory effected, is at best but a slim affair and is bound to go to pieces in time. Consequently the hope of the freight men is to get the Rock Island and the Atchison back into line.

TO TAP COAL BEDS.

The Great Northern has been doing a little prospecting on its own hook in the Crow's Nest Pass country in upper Montana near the Canadian boundary, with a view of discovering if possible, the southern end of a very rich vein of coal which extends down from British Columbia. The existence of the veins has been suspected for years, but all attempts to locate them have failed, but now it is understood that the lead has been struck. President Hill, some time ago, sent out an expert to look the matter up, and the report which came to the office this week, is that the lead will be very valuable if it continues in the same vastness already found. If the find proves what is expected of it, it is likely a new branch of railroad will be constructed by the Great Northern into the Fort Steele country in order to bring down the coal which can be mined and loaded on cars at a cost scarcely more than $1.25 per ton. A large number of beds of more or less extent have already been discovered. The quality of coal found in not the same in each. Some is anthracite, some bituminous and a small quantity cannel. The expert is confident of striking an inexhaustible vein of anthracite before his investigations are completed.

WESTERN PASSENGER RATES.

All to Be Restored to Normal Tariffs Today.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—The chairman of the Western Passenger association has granted authority to the roads in his organization to extend the sale of tickets for homeseekers' excursions to points in North Dakota, South Dakota and Minnesota.

Tomorrow the Soo line will withdraw the reduced one-way rates which went into effect from St. Paul to the East in connection with Grand Army rates, and all rates in the territory of the Western Passenger association will then be restored to the normal tariffs.

Announcement is made of the appointment of James Donohue, formerly general frieght and passenger agent of the Gulf road, to be general freight agent of the St. Louis & San Francisco at Kansas City.

COAL RATES CUT.

Omaha Starts It and Other Lines Will Follow.

The Omaha yesterday announced a reduction from $2.50 to $2 on hard coal rates from the head of the lakes to Sioux City, Sioux Falls, Pipestone and intermediate points. The reduction is the logical result of the action of the Missouri lines in reducing the rates from $3.20 from Chicago and Joliet to Kansas City and other lower river points. The merchants in the coal business have been clammoring for a lower rate for months, and now that they have succeeded the movement of coal will be greatly stimulated. The Omaha's rate will go into effect Oct. 1. Other lines running into upper Missouri river territory will meet the cut of the Omaha very likely within a few days.

GRAIN; BUT NOT FLAX.

Rates on the Former Are Increased, Others Left.

The meeting which has been in session at the Omaha offices for the past three or four days of lines running into upper Missouri river territory, adjourned yesterday afternoon with its labors completed. The work of the traffic men has been arduous as an immense amount of checking and rechecking has been necessary to line up the grain rates. As a result of the meeting, rates on grain have been advanced from a cent to a cent and a half from Sioux City and northern territory, to Chicago. The rates on flax were not changed.

DAVIES IS SWITCHED.

He Is Transferred From Ticket Selling to Auditing.

Assistant General Passenger Agent Daniel Davies, of the Great Northern, will retire from that position about Oct. 1, and take up duties of responsibility in the auditing department. Mr. Davies has been assistant general passenger agent for two or three years and has enjoyed the confidence of the management. The reason for the change is not given. The forthcoming vacancy has not as yet been filled, but it is likely that Chief Clerk E. H. Wilde, who is one of the best passenger men of his years in the Northwest, will receive the appointment. Another possible candidate is General Western Agent R. C. Stevens, of Seattle.

SHEBOYGAN, ST. PAUL & WESTERN.

New Company to Build Eighteen Miles of Road.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 26.—The Sheboygan, St. Paul & Western Railroad company filed articles of organization with the secretary of state at Madison today. The capital stock is $350,000. The incorporators are Frank Geel, Frank Roentz, Arthur F. Winter, James Mallman and Paul Krez. The road is to be constructed from Sheboygan to a point on the Milwaukee & Northern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, at or near Random Lake, in Sheboygan county, and will be 18 miles in length.

Some Railroad Gossip.

Harry Grosse, general Eastern agent of the North-Western at New York, is in the city.

C. J. Kelley, of Anaconda, was a caller upon Chief Clerk A. N. Gray, of the Great Northern, yesterday.

President Hubel, of the Des Moines Union Railway company, was in the city yesterday.

Chief Clerk Dixon, of the Milwaukee, is in Chicago.

T. H. Simmons, general freight agent of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, who has been attending the meeting of the freight officials, has returned home.

An executive meeting of the Western Passenger association has been called for Monday by Chairman Caldwell.

Vice President and General Manager A. B. Plough, of the St. Paul & Duluth, has gone to New York on business connected with the road.

Hawley to Have a Barbecue.

HAWLEY, Minn., Sept. 26.—Preparations have been begun for a grand barbecue to be held here probably Oct. 31. This promises to be a monster affair, and will be attended by a large number from Moorhead, as well as surrounding towns and villages. Men of national reputation will be there to speak, and it is expected to be a glorious close of the campaign. Definite anneuncements will soon be made.

National Investment Company.

ROOMS 58-65, GLOBE BUILDING.

Having taken the management of the Globe Building, we have moved our offices from the old stand in the German-American Bank Building to Rooms 58-65, Globe Building.

We shall be pleased to have all old and new clients call on us.

We shall continue in our old line of business, viz.: Mortgage Loans, Tax Certificate Bonds, and the care of property and estates.

During the past two years we have made a specialty of taking charge of improved real estate for our clients. We have been very successful in this line and feel satisfied that we can give thorough satisfaction to any parties desirous of renting Offices, Stores, Steam-heated Flats or Houses.

We have also made a specialty during the past few years of issuing Tax Certificate Bonds in denominations of $100, $500 and $1,000. These Tax Certificate Bonds bear interest at 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and are secured by Tax Certificates deposited with the St. Paul Trust Company to hold as security until said Bonds are paid. The interest upon these Bonds is payable at the St. Paul National Bank.

We also wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that we have determined to sell all the real estate which the National Investment Company has, and that during the next ten days we expect to offer it at such prices that the public will be glad to purchase it even in these hard times. We will have lists printed and ready for distribution Monday morning, giving the different properties in the different sections of the city, headed as follows:

Arlington Hills,
West Side,
University Avenue District,
Dayton's Bluff.

Under each one of these headings we will give the properties owned by us in the locality named, and will set opposite each property the price that this property stands us under foreclosure. We will then be ready to consider any proposition which purchasers may be willing to make us. We have advertised our real estate three different times during the past year and each time have disposed of a large portion of our property. This time we hope to sell all that we have left.

We can handle a few choice applications for loans on improved property.

ROBERT L. WARE,
GENERAL MANAGER.

OFFICERS:

ROBERT L. WARE, President and Treasurer. WILLIAM G. WHITE, Secretary.
A. A. DOOLITTLE, Vice-President. J. POWELL MOORE, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN C. RICHARDSON, A. A. DOOLITTLE,
JAMES H. WEED, HERMAN SEGNITZ,
JOHN McCULLOCH, WILLIAM G. WHITE,
ROBERT L. WARE.