of the local speakers who were to make addresses at the same hall could not be found. The escort committee was in an awful state of mind, because of the non-arrival of Ignatius Donnelly, and as the sage did not appear the word was passed and the Bryan party left the hotel at 8:20 for the hall. A band and the old soldiers and a couple of campaign clubs were awaiting the appearance of the party and the march to the Auditorium was made by way of Sixth and Minnesota streets. How the carriages ever forced a way through the crowd that failed to gain admission to the hall without accident is one of the mysteries of the evening. Mr. Bryan was accompanied in the carriage occupied by T. D. O'Brien, John L. Townley and Daniel Barnard. Other members of the escort committees with Judge Rea, Col. Harries, Col. Gridley and Francis Clark had departed for the halls where they were announced to speak some time before.

One of the incidents not on the programme occurred at the union depot. A noisy fellow, evidently a baggageman, and, judging from his actions, under the influence of liquor, just as Bryan passed yelled "Hurrah for McKinley!"

"Not tonight, you don't," was the retort of a bystander, as he dealt the first a blow in the face. The McKinley man hadn't a chance to strike back as the crowd bore his assailant along and out of reach. But the McKinley man had no more to say as he wiped a bloody nose.

Another little incident that afforded amusement to the denizens of the Ryan yesterday afternoon Michael Doran was responsible for. Mr. Doran called at the hotel to see a friend. As he entered from Sixth street he noticed workmen putting up bunting over the balcony.

"What's going on here, Johnny," he said to the porter at the entrance.

"Getting ready for the convention, sir," replied the lad.

"What convention?"

"Why, Mr. Bryan is coming; the Democratic convention."

"Democratic," ejaculated Mr. Doran, "Democratic, not by a damned sight," and he hurried up the elevator.

AT THE AUDITORIUM.

An Enthusiastic Audience of 7,000 Greets Him.

Seven thousand people heard William J. Bryan speak in the Auditorium last night. The capacious interior was never so crowded before. Not only were the galleries, or elevated portions of the Auditorium packed to overflowing, but even the lofty cross beams away up near the roof served as points of vantage for venturesome boys and youths who risked their necks to get a glimpse of the "Boy Orator."

There was a goodly proportion of ladies in the audience, some of whom waved handkerchiefs to express their approval of the sentiments that caused the men to shout and cheer and throw their hats in the air. All parties were represented, though naturally the Republicans and sound money Democrats were not so numerous as the Bryanites.

That the latter were there in large numbers was made manifest when Mr. Bryan appeared. He had scarcely set foot upon the rear of the platform where scarcely a glimpse of him could be obtained by nine-tenths of the crowd when the demonstration broke forth. As he advanced to the front, and all beheld and recognized him, for he needed no introduction, it seemed as if the whole audience sprang up to greet him. Deafening shouts and cheers rent the air while thousands of men standing upon their chairs waved their arms, threw their hats aloft, and yelled like Indians at a war dance. Pandemonium is but a feeble expression of the scene. Nothing like it was ever witnessed here before. For more than four minutes it continued, until at last, from sheer exhaustion, the storm of cheers and applause quieted down until Mr. Bryan was formally presented, when it was renewed for another spell.

Mr. Bryan arrived at exactly 8:20 p. m. Prior to that time, the vast audience, which had gathered as early as 7 o'clock, waited patiently for his appearance until 8 p. m., when they began to grow uneasy. The speaker's platform was as crowded as the rest of the Auditorium, but no local orators put in an appearance until about that time, when Frederick McGhee, the colored attorney, walked onto the platform. His appearance was greeted with cries of "McGhee, McGhee, Speech, speech." Mr. McGhee "obliged."

Mr. McGhee informed the audience that the country was passing through a crisis never known before except during the struggle that freed his brethren from the bonds of slavery.

"But the bloody shirt is dead," exclaimed Mr. McGhee, "and I stand upon it. And now from one end of the country to another the common people are waiting to hear the gospel of the new dispensation preached by that great tribune of the people, William Jennings Bryan!" (Prolonged cheering.)

"Remember, that we, the people, made this country before capital ever breathed in it. (Applause.) It was the common people who laid the foundations for capital and it is too late now to tell the people that the foundation of a house is no part of the house.

"Who is it that claims that America can't do what she wants to do? It wouldn't be wise for me to discuss the financial situation, since it is said that the common people don't know anything about it and therefore can't talk about it. And if the white people don't know anything about it, how can a poor darkey like me be expected to understand it?" (Laughter and applause.)

As Mr. McGhee finished, W. W. Erwin's tall form pushed its way forward from the rear of the platform. The audience demanded a speech from him, too, but Mr. Erwin had not delivered ten words before a committee in the rear announced that Mr. Bryan had arrived.

"The next president of the United States is about entering the building," announced Mr. Erwin, "so I will speak at another time."

Then amid deafening shouts and applause, Mr. Bryan appeared, escorted by a committee representing the "Organized Labor Bryan-Lind Club of St. Paul." Fred Nash, who was at the head of the committee, accompanied Mr. Bryan to the front of the platform. S. L. Pierce, the chairman of the meeting, rapped for order. T. D. O'Brien slipped to the front and said:

Fellow citizens of St. Paul, we have got a lot of work to do tonight and let's begin. I present, as the chairman of this meeting, our esteemed fellow-citizen, the Hon. Squire L. Pierce.

Mr Pierce—Fellow citizens, we are all here tonight for the purpose of hearing, and in order to hear it is necessary that you must try to keep just as quiet as you can. It is a very hard job for any one to make a speech here tonight so as to be heard.

The first thing on the programme is a one-minute speech by Mr. Nash in a presentation to Mr. Bryan. Now, let us have just as much quiet as possible.

Mr. Nash—Ladies and gentlemen, in behalf of the Organized Labor Bryan-Lind Club of the City of St. Paul, who have tendered me the honor of presenting their congratulations and good wishes to you upon this occasion (turning to Mr. Bryan) I wish to present to you this silver pen as a token of our appreciation for the manner in which you have conducted this campaign, and we trust that when the measure for the free silver coinage comes to you for signature, you will utilize this little token—not because of its intrinsic value—upon which your adversaries lay so much stress—but because it embodies the sentiments of a class of citizens who have always proved themselves to be the country's staunchest bullwark against oppression, tyranny and unjustice. (Applause.)

The accompanying address contains the expressions of our club upon the stand we have taken in this campaign against the trusts and combines which now threaten the very existence of this republican form of government, (voice "Good for Nash") and more especially against the coal combine, which has been felt, and its cruel extortions have been felt by every wage worker in this great Northwest.

In conclusion, all I ask is that the Organized Labor Bryan-Lind club be put on record, and a copy of the address in full will be presented to the press for your consideration when you receive your morning papers. I thank you.

Mr. Pierce—Ladies and gentlemen, Mr. Bryan got up this morning a great deal earlier than any of you did. It was 2 o'clock this morning, or 1 o'clock, I believe, and he spoke until 3 o'clock. He has made some sixteen speeches since. And yet he is bright as a dollar—a silver dollar that will come through the mint when he has signed the bill authorizing the redressing of the wrong of 1873. (Applause.) I don't know how he manages to be heard in such an audience as this—I am sure I can't, and I wont try to be heard, because he can speak for himself. Now allow me to introduce to you Mr. Bryan. (Great applause.)

Mr. Bryan Begins.

Mr. Bryan—Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, it gives me a great deal of pleasure to be permitted to defend our cause in the presence of an audience in this great city, and before addressing myself to the subject in hand, I desire to express to the organized labor of this city my grateful appreciation of the gift which they have presented. It is a gold pen with a silver holder, and if I shall be elected by my countrymen to be chief executive of this nation (a voice, "You will"), that pen (another voice, "That's what you will") and that holder shall be used to sign a free coinage bill. (Great applause.) And I am glad that the pen with which my signature shall be affixed is the gift of the laboring men, because, my friends, I believe that the laboring men of this country—aye, more than that, the laboring men of all this world—are interested in the restoration of silver to its ancient place by the side of gold. (Applause.)

I would not favor the free coinage of silver did I not believe that it would be beneficial to those who toil, because, my friends, my political philosophy teaches me that there can be no prosperity in this nation unless that prosperity begins first among those who create wealth and finds its way afterwards to the other classes of society. (Applause.) More than that, civilization itself rests upon the great mass of the people, and it is only by carrying the mass of the people upward and onward that we can expect any advance in civilization. There can be no real civilization where a few in a land have more than they can use and the many have an insufficient amount to give the necessary sustenance. (Applause.) Nor do I believe that these great inequalities can exist in a nation where the government observes the old maxim of equal rights to all and special privileges to no one.

My friends, when government is properly administered, there will be no railroad wreckers to make themselves rich by bankrupting those who put their confidence in them (applause); when government is properly administered there will be no representative of a coal trust sitting by every fireside to exact tribute from those who desire to be protected from the cold of winter (applause); when government is properly administered there will be no syndicate fattening out of the government's adversities after they have brought those adversities upon the government for their own benefit (applause); when government is properly administered there will be no corporations which assume greater authority than the power which created them (applause); when government is properly administered it will recognize those fundamental principles set forth in the Declaration of Independence, "All men are created equal, that they are endowed with inalienable rights, that governments are instituted to preserve these rights and that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed." (Applause.) When these four principles are applied then government will be what it ought to be.

Jackson has well said that there are no necessary evils in government, that evils exist only in its abuses; and, my friends, it is not government that we raise our hands against. No man who understands society or the necessity for government will ever raise his hand against government, it's against the abuses of government. (Applause.) Its against the abuses of government, and we shall not be driven from our purpose to eradicate these abuses, although every man entrenched behind a special privilege shall heap abuse upon those who attempt to rob him. (Applause.)

Dodging the Money Issue.

We have made the money question the paramount issue of this campaign, and yet our opponents are not satisfied to meet this question openly. They have never been satisfied to meet the money question. The advocates of the gold standard never fought an open fight in all their lives—and never will. (Applause.)

You ask me why they don't. I will tell you. Shakespeare explains it "that it is conscience that makes cowards of men," and the conscience of the advocate of the gold standard tells him that his policy enriches some but is a curse to the great masses. (Applause.)

Voice—May I ask you a question, Mr. Bryan?

Mr. Bryan—Yes, sir.

Other Voices—No, no, and hisses.

Mr. Bryan—My friends, wait a moment now.

A Voice—I want to ask you a question.

Mr. Bryan—Wait a moment. I am willing to answer any question pertinent to this discussion, because when a man believes he is right, no question confuses him much. (Applause.) (Voices—Question?)

Same Voice—If under the advocacy of the Republican party at the present time, what, in your opinion, was the cause of the Homestead and the Pittsburg strikes? (Voices—Oh, sit down. Sit down.)

Another Voice—Give that to Erwin. Erwin will tell you, and hisses.

Mr. Bryan—My friends, when I submit to an inquiry, I have a right to suppose that it will be directed toward the subject that I am discussing and not a subject foreign to it. (Applause, and cries, "Put him out.") If anybody desires to ask any question connected with the money question while I am discussing that question, feel perfectly at liberty to do so and I shall not embarrass you by my reply, I will try to give you light. If you are wrong and if I am wrong I shall be as glad to be put right as I am to put you right. (Applause and voices "Put that man out.")

Will Not Fight Open.

I said that the advocates of the gold standard had never fought an open fight. I repeat it. The advocates of the gold standard are not fighting an open fight in this campaign. Before the Republican convention, didn't you hear a great many people talk about the impossibility of having two yard-sticks? Didn't you hear them talk about gold being the only money fit for civilized nations? Didn't you hear them talk about the mine owners' profit in free coinage and the demagogue who tried to curry favor with the people by advocating free coinage and the dishonest debtor who wanted to pay his debts in cheap dollars? You heard all those. But when the Republican convention met and they had a number there sufficient to write a platform, did they put in there anything about two yard-sticks? Did they put anything about the demagogue who was advocating bimetalism? Not at all. That Republican platform expressly declared that the gold standard was not a desirable thing; that Republican platform expressly pledged the Republican party to get rid of a gold standard and substitute the double standard—when? When the leading commercial nations would help to do it. (Applause.)

But, my friends, the very fact that that platform pledges the Republican party to substitute the double standard for the gold standard is a positive assertion that the double standard is better than the single gold standard. (Applause.) But the trouble is that having declared that bimetallism was better than the gold standard, they said we could not have it until the leading nations of Europe should co-operate—which in my judgment is equivalent to saying that they never expect to have the double standard. (Applause.) Now, if the advocates of the gold standard had been willing to fight an open, honest, manly fight, why didn't they declare that the gold standard was good and that the American people ought to maintain it because it is good? Why didn't they say it? They didn't say it because to have declared so would have been to contradict the testimony of the masses of people of every country which has ever had it. (Applause.)

Now, my friends, do you believe that the Republican party is going to try to secure bimetallism? (A voice, "Yes, sir.") I don't. (Another voice, "Neither do I.") The Republican platform was written by men who do not want bimetallism. (Applause.) The Republican platform was written by men who believe that this nation must have, whether it likes it or not, whatever financial system foreign creditors insist on our having. (Applause.) Therefore I say that when they go forth declaring that they want international bimetallism they are merely holding that out as a mask behind which they may work to fasten the gold standard permanently upon the American people. (Applause.)

No party in the history of this nation has ever declared that the gold standard was a good thing; no party in all the history of this nation has ever declared that the gold standard is a good thing. If you say that the so-called National Democrats have declared that the gold standard is a good thing. (A voice: "Fifty thousand majority in Minnesota for Bryan!") If, my friends, you remind me that the so-called National Democratic party declared for the gold standard, I tell you that that is not a national party, because no national party ever nominated one ticket for the express purpose of electing another ticket. (Applause, hurrahs and voices: "Fifty thousand for the Boy Orator." "Hit him again!") No national party was ever organized as an adjunct of another party already in existence; no national party ever expected to have its birthday and its death at the same time. (Applause and "That's a good shot!")

The Indianapolis Platform.

And, my friends, the best evidence that I am right in saying that the advocates of the gold standard never fought an open fight is found in the fact that the men who assembled at Indianapolis wrote a platform which was entirely different from the platform which the minority of the Democrats at Chicago tried to secure the adoption of in the Chicago convention. (Applause.) At Chicago the minority wanted international bimetallism and were afraid that free coinage would prevent it. But when that minority got into a convention by itself it was so busy that it forgot all about international bimetallism. (Laughter and applause.) And then to further brand it as nothing but a fraud and a deception, those who advocate that independent Democratic ticket employ speakers who openly tell you they are going to vote for the Republican candidate and advise others to in sound money meetings. (Applause, and a voice, "They are curs!") I say, my friends, that these things all prove to you that our opponents are not making a square, open fight. They say they are advocates of honest money. I tell you that honesty is not a characteristic that appears occasionally and disappears in a man's character. (Laughter and applause.) A man who is honest in one thing is apt to be honest in other things. But these men who prate about honest money are the ones who deal dishonestly with the American people. (Great applause.) They remind me of Peter Cartwright, I think it was, some one asked him whether he was sanctified or not and he said, "Yes, in spots." (Laughter.) These people seem to be honest in spots. (Renewed laughter.) And they want you to believe that men who put up one ticket when they expect to vote for another, men who advise you to vote for a ticket that they don't expect to vote for, men who talk about sound money without telling you what it is, men who prate about an honest dollar and then worship the most dishonest dollar in the country today—the gold dollar (applause)—they want you to believe that they are the only people who can be trusted to be entirely unselfish and patriotic in the establishment of a financial policy. (Laughter and applause.)

Truth, my friends (a voice, "What about the 52-cent dollar?")—I will come to you in a moment. Truth, my friends, does not deal in ambiguous phrases; truth does not hide behind words with a double meaning; and when you find men who, instead of

Continued on Third Page.

CAMPAIGN... TORCHES

The Double-Swing Carnival Campaign Torch is the simplest, cheapest and neatest. No loose parts to get lost. Complete with wick and stick.

Special and very low rates in quantities.

W. J. DYER & BRO.

21 and 23 West Fifth St.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Humor

In the blood may develop into scrofula or other serious disease. Do not delay. Take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies the blood and cures scrofula, etc.

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists 25c.

SHOES

FOR ALL $3.50

ALL STYLES ALL KINDS. DON'T PAY $5.00 and $6.00 Until you see ours.

$3.50 SHOE STORE, 16 W. 6th St. (Bet. Wabasha and St. Peter.)

FIELD, SCHLICK & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO FIELD, MAHLER & CO.)

THE SENSATION OF THE SEASON

Ladies' Genuine French Dressed Kid Gloves, Sold Here and Everywhere at all Times for $2.00 and $2.25, for

$1.10 A PAIR

TOMORROW.

One of the largest and best known French makers of Kid Gloves, wishing to realize quickly, sold us for spot cash his entire New York stock of strictly First Quality Dressed Kid Mousquetaire Gloves—both embroidered and plain backs—at a price that surprised us. The only stipulation he made was that under no circumstances must his name be used in case we sold the Gloves under price. You know the name well and we need not tell it. The Gloves will show that a master made them.

We can tell you, however, that the Gloves cost from $16.50 to $19.50 a dozen to import. They are made from finest skins, and the workmanship is the very best. If we chose to hold them we could sell every pair in Christmas week for $2.25 a pair. But, being ever desirous of offering the best bargains in the Nothwest, we will place the entire lot on sale at

$1.10 A PAIR

At 8:30 O'Clock Tomorrow Morning.

And as this is the Lowest Price ever quoted in the United States for Gloves of this character, the rush tomorrow should be unprecedented.

All sizes in the following colors:

Black, Browns, English Reds, Tans, Bronze, Dark Green, Modes, Pearl, Fawn, Slates, Ox-Blood, and evening shades.

We guarantee every pair to be worth $2.00 or $2.25. We guarantee every pair to be perfect. We guarantee them to be first qualities—NOT seconds. We will replace every pair that shows any manufacturer's imperfections.

Sale begins at 8:30 o'clock. Wise women will supply their Christmas wants when they get the benefit of half prices.

Black Silks From Auction.

On Wednesday, Oct. 7, JOHN N. STEARNS & CO., the famous makers of Black Silks, sold by auction, through Messrs. Townsend and Montant, 7,100 pieces of Black Silks, consisting of—

700 Pieces Black Faille Francaise	18 to 24 Inch
450 Pieces Black Rhadames	19 to 24 Inch
500 Pieces Black Armures	20 to 23 Inch
1,600 Pieces Black Luxors	19 to 24 Inch
1,200 Pieces Black Duchesse	20 to 27 Inch
900 Pieces Black Brocades	20 to 22 Inch
100 Pieces Black Crystals	20 to 22 Inch
100 Pieces Black Radzimirs	20 to 23 Inch
150 Pieces Black Moires	20 to 22 Inch
150 Pieces Black Taffetas	20 to 27 Inch
1,200 Pieces Black Gros Grains	19 to 24 Inch

Through an arrangement with one of the great New York houses we secured a big slice of these at the lowest prices of the sale. The Silks are now en route by express. While we cannot at this writing quote detailed prices, we can assure you that at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning you will find the biggest Black Silk Bargains ever offered in this city.

Novelty Silks for 65c.,

Worth $2.00 and $2.25.

For those who do not want Black Silks we will offer a lot of High Novelty Silks, sold a few weeks ago at $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.25, for

65 CENTS

a yard, at 9 o'clock sharp. That's less than you have to pay for ordinary Lining Silks. Read a partial list of the different kinds:

New Monotone Silks, Extra Heavy Warp-printed Taffetas, Dresden Printed Taffetas, New Effects in Evening Satins, Extra Heavy Black Brocaded Silks, Roman Striped Taffetas, Extra Heavy Black Velour, New Poplins, Fancy Figured Armures, Changeable Satins, Lyons make, and many others, for 65 cents, at 9 o'clock.

Haskell's Black Taffetas, No. 1 ..... 60 Cents
Haskell's Black Taffetas, No. 1 ..... 70 Cents

Novelty Dress Goods.

A collection of choice and charming Novelties is here, but it does not follow that they are all high-priced. True, some of them cost as high as $4.00 or $5.00 a yard. You may not want to buy any of these, but you should see them. That costs nothing. There are lots of Novelties—Novelties in weave and color effects at 50c, 75c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.25, which we know cannot be duplicated in either city at the price.

Note the width of all our Dress Goods.

A new stock of Novelty Weaves and Fancy Tweed Mixtures, guaranteed pure wool, 40 inches wide, for 50c

All-Wool Broken Checks and Mixtures, 46 inches wide, 75 cents.

Novelty Bourettes in Scroll designs, 48 inches wide, for 85 cents.

Clouded Scotch Suitings, 48 inches wide, for 85 cents.

Fancy Granite Suitings, green, gray, brown and blue mixtures, 46 inches wide. for .. 85c

Camel's Hair Canvas, 48 inches wide, $1.00.

Tailor Suitings in new Canvas weaves, 46 inches wide, only $1.00

Novelty Pebble Suitings, in all the leading colors, interwoven with black, 46 inches wide $1.00

Harwich Mixtures, Rough Scotch Goods, very stylish and serviceable, 48 inches wide $1.25

Novelty Mohair Fancy Mixtures, in two-toned colorings, 48 inches wide $1.50

Leading and Exclusive Novelties:

VELOURS, REPS, MOIRES, PERSIANS, ORIENTALS, CHANGEABLES.

Extra Special.

A Good Dress for mighty little money tomorrow.

50 pieces strictly All-Wool Serges; crisp, new, fresh goods, warranted purest wool, full 45 inches wide, every color you can think of, for

27 Cents

a yard all day tomorrow.

Black Goods.

We are sole agents for "Gold Medal" Black goods. If a Dress made of "Gold Medal" goods does not give satisfactory wear, fetch it back and we'll return the amount paid for it without a question. These are the maker's instructions. It proves his faith in them.

"Gold Medal" Jacquards, 44 inches wide, very special, tomorrow 55c

"Gold Medal" Granite Cloths, 45 inches wide, $1.25.

"Gold Medal" Canvas Cloths.

"Gold Medal" Crepon Effects.

Diagonal Cheviots, Extra quality, 45 inches wide 50c

Diagonal Cheviots, 46 inches wide, 60 cents.

Diagonal Cheviots, 50 inches wide, 65 cents.

Novelty Weaves in Granite, Pebble and Canvas Cloths, 50 inches wide, for

ONE DOLLAR

a yard—all special values.

Two Special Leaders:

40 pieces strictly All-Wool Black Serges, fine wool, firmly woven, 44 inches wide, for

27 Cents

a yard.

New lot of Wiry Black Storm Serges,

FIELD, SCHLICK & CO., ...CONTINUED....

44 inches wide, the best ever sold anywhere, for

42 Cents

a yard.

Lining Specials.

The busiest Lining counter in the state. The right things always at lowest prices.

60 pieces of Superior Rustling Taffeta, soft finish—the kinds used by the best dressmakers—full 36 inches wide, black and colors, all you want for

11 Cents

a yard tomorrow. Has the real silk rustle.

100 pieces of Edwards' best Lining Cambrics, the best there is, black and colors, all you want up to 15 yards, for

3 Cents

a yard tomorrow.

Cloak Room.

We are trying to do a bigger Cloak business than ever before. And what is more we are doing it. We are selling more Garments than in any former season.

It's safe to buy where the most people buy. And if you'll take a stroll through the different Cloak Rooms in town you'll always find here three times as many buyers as in any other store in town. Try it for your own satisfaction.

New things for Monday:

Extra good Boucle and Beaver Jackets, Franklin and Box Fronts, latest French pleated back, raised seams, perfect-fitting. Special for Monday $5.00

We received Saturday afternoon a lot of Irish Frieze, Kersey, Two-Toned Boucle and Beaver Jackets—all in latest and nobbiest effects. These Jackets are worth anywhere $9.50, $10.50 and $11.50. As a special Monday inducement we will sell them for $7.50

Highest Grade Tailor-Made Kersey, Boucle or Two-Toned Persian Jackets, *lined throughout with Fancy Taffeta*, strictly exclusive novelties, for $15.00

Boucle Capes, 33 inches long, *full silk lined* and interlined; collar and front edged with Thibet. Special $9.00

Novelty Capes in Military and New Golf styles, in Kerseys, Illuminated Boucles, Irish Friezes and Wide Wale Cheviots, *silk lined throughout*, elegantly finished. Special price for Monday $13.50

Style, Economy, Service.

For $4.75 we will sell you a Tailor-made Dress Skirt of plain black Cheviot or fancy Two-toned Persian Cloth.

For $4.75 and $5.75 we'll sell you a fancy Dress Waist of Corduroy or best changeable Taffeta Silk. In other words, a complete suit good enough for all occasions—for street wear, for church, for the theater—the whole suit for $9.50 or $10.50—or the two Suits for $20.00. It costs very little to be well dressed and becomingly dressed these days. Come in and see about it.

Lace Department.

Another lot (for Monday) of those 44-inch Silk Mulls, in white, cream, black and evening shades, at our famous price of .. 35c

Silk Mulls of finer qualities, all shades and colors, 45 inches wide 58c

High-Class Silk Chiffons and Mousselines, 44 and 48 inches wide, in 25 leading shades, worth $1.00 and $1.25, for 85 cents and 75c

Black Ostrich Feather Boas—the finest collection ever shown in St. Paul—every one warranted not to crock. All warranted real Ostrich Feathers. We sell no imitations. All bright, brilliant, early and plump. Prices, $3.00, $3.75, $4.50, $5.25, $6.00, $7.50, $9.50, $10.00 and up to $25.00.

Notions.

Dressmakers say it pays them to buy Notions and Dress Findings here. It will pay you, too.

These are Specials for Monday:

Our best Plain and Corduroy Velveteen Dress Facing, all colors, 5 cents a yard.

Best Silk Seam Binding, 9 cents a piece.

Silk Bone Casing, regular price 5c, tomorrow 2 cents a yard.

Silk Serge Dress Shields, advertised elsewhere worth 30c, tomorrow 15 cents a pair.

Coraline Dress Stays, 15 cents a set.

Lace Curtains.

Important to Housekeepers.

It costs money to keep a Curtain stock clean from accumulations of odds and ends. We'll spend some money tomorrow to clean up our stock. Every style of Curtains of which there are less than four pairs *will be closed out at a loss* tomorrow. Some of them have been used as samples and are slightly mussed, but none are soiled in the least.

Nottingham Curtains—all 3½ yards long:

$1.50 Curtains for 75c a pair.
$2.00 Curtains for $1.10 a pair.
$2.75 Curtains for $1.50 a pair.
$3.50 Curtains for $2.25 a pair.
$5.50 Curtains for $3.40 a pair.

Irish Point Curtains, 3½ yards long:

$2.00 Curtains for $1.25 a pair.
$6.00 Curtains for $4.00 a pair.
$7.50 Curtains for $5.00 a pair.
$10.00 Curtains for $7.00 a pair.

FIELD, SCHLICK & CO., ...CONTINUED....

Brussels Net Curtains, 3½ yards long:

$3.30 a pair from $5.00.
$4.00 a pair from $5.50.
$4.75 a pair from $6.50.
$6.00 a pair from $8.50.
$9.50 a pair from $12.50.
$12.00 a pair from $16.00.

We repeat—there are not more than three pairs of any pattern. Only one pair of some.

For Men.

Are you sure you know which is the best underwear made in the world? If you don't we can tell you. It's the *Sanitary Steam Shrunk Underwear*, made in Germany. You may think we are biased because we are sole agents for this underwear in St. Paul. But it is the best, nevertheless.

It is made of long fiber combed Australian yarns.

It is steam shrunk—shrunk fully two sizes.

The shapes are better and the finish is better than in any other German Sanitary Underwear.

It costs less than any other first-class German Sanitary Underwear.

Does that cut any figure with you? It does with most men.

All sizes and all weights now in stock.

Mail Orders.

Did you get one of our new catalogues? If not, send us a postal card and you shall have one by return mail. It's a beauty—full of information and well worth having.

FIELD, SCHLICK & CO.

ST. PAUL.

SCHOCH

A Few Trade Winners.

FIVE CARS OF

Michigan Apples!

Baldwins, Greening, Spies, Talman Sweet, King, 20-Oz. Pippin, Snow Apples and Ben Davis.

ONE CAR FALL APPLES,

$1 to $1.25 Per Barrel.

We sell more Apples than all the other stores together.

Quick Sales and Small Profits is our motto.

Bushel Basket of Apples, 50 Cents.

Sweet Potatoes, per barrel, $1.50.

New Chestnuts, per pound, 10 Cents.

Michigan Sweet Cider, per gallon, 12½ Cents.

Per barrel, $3.50.

Hyslop Crabapples, per bushel, 75 Cents.

5-lb Caddy of Fine Uncolored Japan or Black Tea, $1.50.

Bushel box of Preserving Pears, $1.50.

Bushel box of Fancy Quinces, $1.50.

100 pounds best Granulated Sugar, $4.50.

One car load of 10-pound baskets Concord Grapes, 10c Per Basket.

5-lb jar of North Oaks Farm Butter, $1.10.

5-lb jar of Creamery Butter, 90 Cents.

100-bar box of White Seal Soap for $2.50.

Fine Java and Mocha Coffee, per pound, 25 Cents.

Solid Meat Oysters, per quart, 40 Cents.

Schoch's XXXX First Patent Flour, per sack, $2.00.

New York Bartlett Pears, per barrel, $4.00.

Sauer Kraut, per barrel, $3.00.

Per Gallon, 15c.

Western Wash Machine, $2.50.

Norway K K K Herring, per pail, 60 Cents.

Holland Herring, per keg, 60 Cents.

Large New Queen Olives, per quart, 25 Cents.

Five-gallon keg, $3.25.

5-lb can New Apple Butter, 45 Cents.

New imported Dill Pickles, per gallon, 50 Cents.

Cape Cod Cranberries, per barrel, $5.00.

Salt Pork, per barrel, $7.00.

Per Pound, 4 Cents.

THE ANDREW SCHOCH GROCERY CO.

Corner Seventh and Broadway.