HARRISON IS OUT

DELIVERS TEN SPEECHES IN INDIANA FOR SOUND MONEY AND M'KINLEY.

OVATIONS ALONG THE LINE.

PEOPLE OUT IN FORCE TO HEAR AND CHEER THE EX-PRESIDENT.

DEFENDS HONOR OF THE NATION.

Considers the Democratic Federal Interference Plank in One of the Addresses.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 20.—Gen. Harrison arrived at Evansville at 8 o'clock this evening, having made ten speeches during the day. Everywhere there were great crowds and everywhere great interest was manifested. At Worthington he spoke for thirty minutes, confining himself to a discussion of the silver question. At Edwardsport he spoke briefly. At Bushrod he addressed several hundred miners who had gathered. At Vincennes the silver question was again the topic. Referring to Mr. Bryan's declaration that we can have bimetallism with free coinage, he said:

I say we cannot. This government is a great and strong government, but it cannot fix the value of everything. If you want to know what anything is worth, you must go to the market to find out. The statutes may declare that a bushel of oats is of the same value as a bushel of wheat, but that does not make it so. We must stamp out with the votes of a million of our people in Indiana and in the adjoining states this heresy that is pressed upon us now.

What we want is to return to the condition of things we had when we had a revenue bill that paid the expenses of the government, and did not put us to the necessity of selling bonds to pay them. We shall find prosperity just where we lost it. If you wish to find anything you have lost, you must go to the place you lost it. You lost prosperity when you inaugurated the Democratic policy, and you must go back there again, and my word for it, you will find what you have lost.

The demonstration of the day was at Princeton. Leaving the train, Gen. Harrison was escorted to the fair grounds, where an immense crowd awaited him. From the station to the fair grounds the streets were filled with people who cheered enthusiastically as the distinguished visitor passed them. A stand had been erected in front of the grand stand facing the race track. The grand stand and the space around the speaker's stand were filled with people.

Gen. Harrison referred to his personal relation to the campaign and to the fact that he spoke to them simply as one citizen to another. He alluded to the fact that Mr. Bryan had attempted to show that he occupied a different position now from that occupied by him while president, on the silver question. He quoted at some length from speeches made by him in 1876 and 1878 and also from his message to congress. He said:

Mr. Bryan stated that in my messages I was speaking as a statesman, and that in my present utterances as was speaking as a politician. This is what I said to congress and the people of the United States in 1889. My voice then, speaking under the responsibilities of a great public office, was precisely what it is today when I speak to you as a private citizen.

There is one aspect of this campaign of which I want to speak for a few moments. To me it is of supreme importance and interest. Because if we should be beguiled into free silver and fall into the slough of a commercial panic, we would get out of it after a while. We would repent ourselves and deliver ourselves. But there is another proposition involved in this campaign which if we give our assent to it, will injure the government not in its statutes, which may be repealed by the congress that follows, but in its great national powers. The Chicago convention declared that it denounces federal interference with the affairs of the states. That was not a general proclamation. It had a particular aim. It was directed to, and attempted to describe a particular event. It was meant to rebuke Mr. Cleveland for interfering in the Chicago riot to open a way for the United States mail and for commerce between the states. It was meant to declare that it was no part of the business of the national government to do that.

When Mr. Bryan indorses that platform, as he said he does, he declares that if in any of our great states a riot should break out and the mail trains should be stopped and interstate commerce stopped, he will not feel that he has the right or power as president to open a way for the mails of the United States and for its interstate commerce. He has virtually said he would feel that his duty, if elected president and Gov. Altgeld is elected governor of Illinois. No, it will never happen, but I am only giving you another reason why it should not happen. If it should happen Mr. Bryan has put himself in the attitude of saying that if in any of the states the processes of the courts of the United States should be defied by a mob and the trains should be stopped and interstate commerce interrupted, he would not feel he could interfere, as president, to reinforce the United States marshals to execute his writs or push out of the way the obstructions to the mails; but that he would feel it his duty to go to Gov. Altgeld and ask him to do it.

Now, in the name of the dead of the great war for the Union, in the name of the living who fought with those who gave their lives that the powers of this national government might be maintained, I protest against such doctrine. I protest to the American people that a man who says the United States has not the constitutional power to support its marshals and to execute its writs and has not the power to open the way for the mails and interstate commerce, ought not to be the president of the United States. We had that thing in 1861 to 1864. The government of Kentucky thought Mr. Lincoln had no right to march troops through Kentucky. When we got home we thought that doctrine was dead, and I think when this election is over we will find that it is dead.

Mr. Bryan has said that he has never said anything to indicate that he would not enforce the laws. I say yes, when he said he believed in that platform, he said so. Gov. Altgeld has recently made a speech in New York city, only last Saturday night, and in that speech in New York city, he clearly said that those resolutions of the convention pointed to the Chicago riot and to Mr. Cleveland's conduct in connection with it. He says that the marshal of Southern Illinois called upon him to help him and enforce the process of the United States courts, and he complains that the marshal of Northern Illinois, instead of calling upon him, called upon the president of the United States to help him. No, we cannot diminish the power or the dignity or the honor of this great nation. We must hold to the doctrine that the president is the chief executive of the nation, sworn to execute the laws, has power to execute them on every foot of American soil, without asking anybody's consent.

At the conclusion of his speech, the crowd at the back of the platform demanded a speech and the general spoke briefly.

At 7:30 p. m. the Evansville demonstration was begun by a parade which was reviewed by Gen. Harrison from a stand erected at the court house. After the parade Gen. Harrison spoke to 2,000 people in Evansville.

OVATION FOR HARRISON.

People of Indiana Glad to See the Ex-President.

PRINCETON, Ind., Oct. 20.—Benjamin Harrison left Indianapolis at 9 o'clock this morning over the Indianapolis & Vincennes road on his first Indiana speaking trip. He was accompanied by B. B. F. Pierce, R. H. Hanna, W. T. Durbin, representing the national committee; Daniel Ransdell, E. H. Nebeker, H. C. Adams, W. L. Taylor, John L. Griffith, C. C. Foster and W. L. Ketcham. About seventy-five people were at the station to see the departure. Just before the train started there were calls for Mr. Harrison. He stepped to the rear platform and bowed and the crowd gave him three cheers.

The first stop was at the Belt Line Crossing, in West Indianapolis. No arrangements had been made for a meeting at this place, but a few people had gathered and demanded a speech. Gen. Harrison spoke briefly and as the train moved out cheers for Harrison and McKinley were given. The first scheduled stop was Moorsville. The ex-president was cheered as he appeared on the platform. He arraigned the Democrats for striking down the protective tariff.

At Martinsville, Gen. Harrison spoke from the stand which had been erected near the railroad, about 3,000 people listened attentively and eagerly. He confined himself chiefly to a description of that part of the Chicago platform relating to the use of federal troops in the states.

At Spencer there was a great demonstration. Gen. Harrison discussed the powers of the federal courts and his remarks were enthusiastically cheered.

Oregon and Sound Money.

Assistant General Freight Agent S. G. Fulton, of the Northern Pacific, arrived in the city from Portland yesterday to attend the Transcontinental Freight meeting now in session at the Great Northern offices.

Mr. Fulton is a sound money man, and says that the outlook for McKinley in Oregon is very bright, and he expects the Canton man will win by a comfortable majority. Business in the West, said Mr. Fulton, was largely waiting the result of the election.

Immigrant Season Closes.

Traveling Passenger Agent F. B. Sanford, of the Great Northern, with headquarters at Chicago, is in the city winding up the company's Northwestern immigrant business for the season. Mr. Sanford reports that during the season just past, large numbers of immigrants and land-seekers have taken homes on unoccupied lands, and that the prospects for next year are still greater. A few stragglers still come up from Southern points, but the travel will cease in a week or two.

Larimore Gets a Terminus.

The Great Northern issued a circular yesterday changing the terminals of the Dakota division of that road from Grand Forks to Larimore, according to the plans announced some time ago in the Globe. The depot at Larimore has been so remodeled as to accommodate the officials who will be transferred from Grand Forks. The change will add several families to the population of Larimore.

Minnesota Transfer.

CATTLE—Trading active and market fairly well supplied. Prices firm generally. Sales:

No.	Wt.	Price	No.	Wt.	Price
25 feeders ..	956	$3 05	1 bull	1,200	$2 00
22 feeders ..	970	2 90	6 steers ...	1,012	3 10
1 stag	990	2 50	2 canners ...	1,000	1 50
15 yearlings.	630	2 85	1 cx	1,700	2 50
4 heifers ..	690	2 35	1 stocker ..	780	2 25
3 canners .	907	1 60	1 bull	1,370	2 05
1 steer	1,500	2 85	3 cows	924	2 50
1 steer	850	2 50	1 stag	830	2 25

HOGS—One small bunch averaging 205 pounds sold at $3.

SHEEP—Muttons and lambs steady.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Native beef steers sold at $3.40@5; butchers and canners, $2@2.25; bulls, $2@2.75; calves steady at $3@5.80; Western range cattle, $3.25@3.50. Trade in hogs was fairly active. Coarse heavy to prime assorted light hogs sold at $3@3.55, with packing droves largely at $3@3.35. Sales of pigs were made largely at $2.15@3.40. Trade in sheep was brisk at $2.75@3.25 for inferior to choice Western sheep, sales being principally at $2.25@3.15. Lambs sold at $3@4.90 for common to fancy, the bulk going at $3.25@4.50. Receipts—Cattle, 3,500; hogs, 19,000; sheep, 17,000.

London Financial.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Evening Post's London financial cablegram: The stock markets were overshadowed all day today by the prospect of gold shipments, and, except for Americans, the closing was at about the lowest. Americans were good from start to finish, with a further rise in the street, the higher prices for wheat giving the stimulus today. Illinois Central was specially good. The Paris and Berlin markets were dull.

Midway Horse Market.

Barrett & Zimmerman's Report — Receipts light; the volume of sales small and prices low. Representative sales:

	Wgt.	Price.
1 pr gray mares, 5 and 6 yrs, service, sound	2,500	$107 50
1 pr bay mares, 6 yrs, sound....	2,600	130 00
1 bay gelding, 5 yrs, sound, driver.	1,100	60 00
1 chestnut mare, 6 yrs, service, sound	1,400	55 00

New York Money.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Money on call easier at 4@8 per cent; last loan, 5; closed offered at 5. Prime mercantile paper, nominally 7@9 per cent. Sterling exchange firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88½ for demand and $4.80½ for sixty days. Posted rates, $4.80½@4.82½ and $4.83½@4.85 Commercial bills, $4.78¾. Silver certificates, 65½@65¾c. Bar silver, 67½c.

Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 20. — Cattle—Receipts, 3,300; market steady; native beef steers, $3.60@4.75; Westerns, $3@3.80; Texans, $2.15@3.10; cows and heifers, $2.40@3; canners, $1.25@3.30; stockers and feeders, $2.80@3.60; calves, $3@5.25; bulls, stags, etc., $1.50@3. Hogs—Receipts, 4,200; market averaged shade higher; heavy, $3.20@3.35; mixed, $3.25@3.30; light $3.85@3.40; bulk of sales, $3.25@3.35. Sheep—Receipts, none; market steady.

Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000; shipments, 3,100; best grades steady, others weak to 5@10c lower; Texas steers, $2.15@3.20; Texas cows, $1.50@2.80; native steers, $3.25@4.25; native cows and heifers, $1.25@3; stockers and feeders, $2.25@3.60; bulls, $1.90. Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; shipments none; market opened steady to strong, closed weak; bulk of sales, $3.15@3.30. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; shipments, none; market steady to 5c higher; lambs, $2.75@4.25; muttons, $2@3.50.

DR. BRINLEY

251, 253 and 255 Nicollet Ave.,

MINNEAPOLIS - MINNESOTA.

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Nervous Debility, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, arising from Indiscretions, Excess or Exposure, are treated with success. Safely, Privately, Speedily. Unnatural Discharges Cured Permanently.

Blood, Skin and Venereal Diseases all forms, the system by means of Safe, Time-Tested Remedies. KIDNEY and URINARY Complaints, Painful, Difficult, too Frequent or Bloody Urine, Gonorrhœa and Stricture promptly cured.

Rupture, no matter how long standing, or how bad, is cured by a new method. No pain! No cutting! No detention from business.

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Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases, Constitutional and acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully by entirely New and Rapid Methods. It is self-evident that a physician paying attention to a class of cases attains great skill. Call or write. Symptom list and pamphlet free by mail. The doctor has successfully treated and cured thousands of cases in this city and the Northwest. All consultations, either by mail or in person, are regarded as strictly confidential and are given perfect privacy.

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CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

FULL CENT ADDED

WHEAT RISE IN THE CHICAGO PIT IS NOT AS YET CHECKED.

MARKET OPENED BEARISH.

DURING THE MORNING A BIG SLUMP SEEMED ON THE CARDS.

SHARP RALLY IN LATE DEALINGS.

Point Three Cents Above Low Mark Touched Before the Market Closed —Coarse Grains Weak.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—After ruling easy and lower all day, wheat suddenly developed strength and advanced 3⅛c from the low point, closing a cent higher than yesterday's close. The rally was started on New York sales of wheat to Spain. All the other markets were dull, and inclined to weakness. Corn closed ¼c lower, oats unchanged and provisions 2½c to 10c lower. Enough of the strength of yesterday's curb was carried over today to cause an opening advance in the price of December wheat of from ⅛c to ½c. This was in spite of the bearishness of the early news, but the slight improvement was of short duration. The first transactions in December were all from 77⅝ to 77½c, but before 11 o'clock it had declined to 76½c. The change in the speculative sentiment at Liverpool was the main cause of weakness which developed here, but not the only reason. The public and private Liverpool cables received before the opening did not agree as to the decline in that market. Private cables showed a decline of from 1½d to 2d. The crewd appeared to believe this report to be the correct one, and sold wheat liberally on it. Later cables confirmed their good judgment. The Northwest receipts were again heavy. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 1,537 cars, compared with 1,433 on the similar day of the week before, and 1,438 on the corresponding day of the previous year. The Chicago receipts were 277 cars, but withdrawals from store were only 10,000 bushels. The export clearances from the Atlantic seaports amounted in wheat and flour to 339,000 bushels. Liverpool advised a continuance in the demand for wheat for India, and corn and oats were wanted also for the same destination.

The market looked during the forenoon as if headed for a long bear turn. How deceptive are the appearances put on by the action of the pit trading, was exemplified during the latter half of the session, when, from being very weak, the market turned round and became exceedingly strong. During the forenoon it worked gradually down until after numerous vicissitudes and quick reactions, it struck 75⅝c for an instant. That was the turning point and after it had gradually worked its way up again to around 76½c it performed one of those bullish feats of legerdemain which it has been practicing for the last two months.

New York reported the sale of 300,000 bu of wheat to Spain. This appeared to open up a new field for the disposal of American wheat, and naturally had a strong effect. In an hour's time an advance of 3⅛c took place, the price of December shooting up to 78⅜c. Scalpers were slow to realize what a good scalping risk such a sudden advance was, but when they did they let wheat go in chunks for about five minutes, and in that time it dropped to 77¾c. That proved to be only the middle of its closing turn, however, for in another five minutes it was up again to 78½c, and 78⅜c was the closing price.

Corn opened heavy, though practically unchanged, depressed by lower cables. As long as wheat was willing it kept with it on the down grade. As soon as the latter began to pick itself up, however, near the close, corn, with a great deal of energy, rose and got back to about the opening price. May started at 29½c, declined to 28½@28⅝c, and closed easy at 29¼c.

Oats, while active to a degree, did not attract any special attention. The market was nervous and unsettled, following the action of corn, but received better support than that cereal, and showed more strength. During the day the feeling was easy and prices declined. Later it advanced and closed a shade higher than yesterday's final quotations, after a second drop. May opened unchanged at about 22½c, fluctuated between 21½c and 22¼c, and closed steady at 22⅛c.

Provisions showed but little activity. The market firmed moderately on buying orders, then declined again in the absence of support. Near the close nearly all of the loss was recovered on the sudden advance in wheat. January pork closed 10c lower, at $7.97½. January lard, 2½c lower, at $4.52½. January ribs, 5c lower, at $3.95. Estimated receipts for Wednesday: Wheat, 312 cars; corn, 910 cars; oats, 414 cars; hogs, 37,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Opening.	High-est.	Low-est.	Closing.
Wheat—				
Oct	75¾-76	76⅞	73¾	76½
Dec	77½-⅞	79	75⅝	78⅜
May	82⅜-⅝	83⅝	80¼	83
Corn—				
Oct	25⅛	25⅛	23⅞	24⅝
Dec	26-¼	26¼	25	25¾
May	29¼	29¼	28½-⅝	29¼
Oats—				
Oct	18⅛	18¾	18⅛	18¾
Dec	19¼	19½-⅝	19	19½
May	22-⅛	22¼	21½	22⅛
Pork—				
Dec	7 15	7 15	6 95	7 10
Jan	8 00	8 05	7 85	7 97½
Lard—				
Dec	4 35	4 35	4 30	4 32½
Jan	4 55	4 57½	4 50	4 52½
Ribs—				
Dec	3 77½	3 77½	3 72½	3 72½
Jan	3 97½	3 97½	3 90	3 95

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour—Quiet. No. 2 spring wheat, 76½c; No. 3 spring wheat, 70@73c; No. 2 red, 78½@79½c; No. 2 corn, 24½c; No. 2 oats, 19c; No. 2 white, f. o. b., 20@20¾c; No. 3 white, f. o. b., 17½@20c; No. 2 rye, 38c; No. 2 barley, none; No. 3, f. o. b., 25½@30c; No. 1 flax seed, 72½@73c; prime timothy seed, $2.65. Mess pork, per bbl, $7.10@7.15; lard, per 100 lbs, $4.30@4.32½; short ribs sides (loose), $3.67½@3.77½; dry salted shoulders (boxed), 4@4¼c; short clear sides (boxed), 4¼@4⅜c. Whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal, $1.19. Sugars, cut loaf, unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 15,000 bbls; wheat, 181,000 bu; corn, 660,000 bu; oats, 725,000 bu; rye, 35,000 bu; barley, 207,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 9,000 bbls; wheat, 17,000 bu; corn, 593,000 bu; oats, 338,000 bu; barley, 30,000 bu. On the produce exchange today the butter market was firm; creameries, 9@19c; dairies, 9@17c. Cheese firm, 8¼@9c. Eggs firm, fresh, 17c.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

Wheat Options, On a Late Rally, Closed Higher.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Flour—Receipts, 31,100 bbls; exports, 100,706 bbls; dull, beyond attention to actual needs; Minnesota patents, $4.20@5; Minnesota bakers', $3.20@3.75. Rye flour steady. Buckwheat flour firm. Buckwheat quiet. Cornmeal steady. Rye easy. Barley easy. Barley malt dull. Wheat—Receipts, 324,600 bu; exports, 168,853 bu; spot irregular; No. 1 hard, 87¾c; options opened weak and lower, but turned suddenly strong in the afternoon, and closed nervous at ½@⅛c net advance; No. 2 red, May, 85⅝@85½c, closed at 85¾c; October closed at 83¼c; December, 82⅝@85 9-16c, closed at 85¾c. Corn—Receipts, 104,300 bu; exports, 165,305 bu; spot weaker; No. 2, 32c; options declined under liquidation and closed at ¾@1c loss; May, 35@36c, closed at 35½c; October, 31⅛@31⅝c, closed at 31½c; December, 32½@33¼c; closed at 32⅞c. Oats—Receipts, 19,900 bu; exports, 40,556 bu; spot weaker; No. 2, 23¼c; options quiet, closing ⅛@¼c net decline; October, 24c, closed at 24c; December, 23¾@23⅞c, closed at 24c. Hay quiet. Hides firm. Leather firm. Wool quiet. Beef steady. Lard dull and easy. Pork dull. Tallow dull and easy. Cottonseed oil dull. Petroleum quiet. Rosin steady. Rice firm. Molasses quiet. Pig iron steady. Copper steady. Lead steady. Tin easy. Spelter quiet. Coffee options opened steady at a decline of 20 points, and closed steady 10@20 net decline; December, $9.30@9.55; March, 9.50; spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice, 10¾c; jobbing, 11¼c; mild quiet; Cordova, 15@17c; sales, 1,500 bags Maracaibo p. t. Sugar—Raw firm; refined steady.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 20.—Flour in moderate demand. Wheat stronger; No. 2 spring, 73c; No. 1 northern, 76½c; December, 76¾c. Corn—No. 3, easier, 25¾c. Oats weak and lower; No. 2 white, 19½c; No. 3 white, 16@20c. Barley steady; No. 2, 36c; sample, 26@36c. Rye weak and lower; No. 1, 40@41c. Provisions lower.

Butter and Eggs.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Butter steady; Western dairy, 8@12c; Western creamery, 12½@20c; Elgins, 20c; factory, 7@11½c. Eggs—Quiet; state and Pennsylvania, 18@20c; Western, 15@18½c.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Butter firm; creameries, 9@19c; dairies, 9@17c. Eggs firm; fresh, 17c.

Duluth Grain.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 20.—The market fluctuated greatly today and trading was heavy. Yesterday's trading, according to the clearing house, looks like 5,500,000 bu. The vessel rate to Buffalo was stiffened and charges were made 2½c. Nothing was worked for shipment today. Cash sales were 200,000 bu, of which the mills took 30,000, at 1¾ to 2c under December. The shippers paid 2¼c to 2½c under. The market opened at 77¼c, dropped to 76¾c, and then took an upward turn, going to 77½c. A drop took it down to 76½c at 11:35 o'clock, and then in fifteen minutes it went to 78c. The close was at 77⅝c bid.

The head of the lakes mills ground 88,270 bbls last week, and shipped 96,650. The railroads received 203,235 bbls, and shipped 191,340.

The close: Cash, No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 northern, 75c; No. 2 northern, 72¾c; No. 3 spring, 69¾@70¾c; rejected, 61¾@70¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 northern, 75c; October, No. 1 northern, 75c; December, No. 1 hard, 78⅜c; No. 1 northern, 77⅝c bid; May No. 1 northern, 82½c bid. Receipts of wheat, 503,611 bu; shipments, 381,308 bu. Cars inspected, 1,019; last year, 859.

Receipts—Corn, 6,102 bu; oats, 47,497 bu; rye, 36,502 bu; barley, 198,898 bu; flax, 255,517 bu. Oats close, 20¼@18¾c; rye, 37c bid; flax, 72¼c bid; December, 74½c.

Superior Grain.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Oct. 20.—Close—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 76⅝c; No. 1 northern, 75⅝c; No. 2 northern, 73¼c; No. 3 northern, 71⅛c; rejected, 68⅛c; cash flax, 72½c.

ST. PAUL MARKETS.

Quotations on Grain and Produce in This City.

Quotations on hay, grain, feed, etc., furnished by Griggs Bros., commission merchants:

WHEAT—No. 1 northern, 72@73c; No. 2 northern, 70@71½c.

CORN—No. 3 yellow, 21½@22c; No. 3, 20½@21c.

OATS—No. 3 white, 17½@18c; No. 3, 16½@17c.

BARLEY AND RYE—Sample barley, 22@26c; No. 2 rye, 34@35c; No. 3 rye, 33@34c.

SEEDS—Flax, No. 1, 70@71c; timothy, $1.10@1.30; clover, $4@4.75.

GROUND FEED AND MILLSTUFFS—No. 1 feed, 2 bu corn to 1 bu oats, $8.75@9; No. 2 feed, 1 bu corn to 1 bu oats, $9.50@9.75; No. 3 feed, ground, 1 bu corn to 2 bu oats, $10@10.50; cornmeal, bolted, $12@13; cornmeal, unbolted, $8.50@9; bran, bulk, $4.75@5.25.

HAY—Receipts very light; market higher for best qualities; fancy upland, $6.25@6.50; good to choice wild and upland, $5@6; fair to choice qualities, $4@4.75; good to choice timothy, $7@7.50; oat and rye straw, $3@3.50.

JAMESON, HEVENER & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Flour, Feed, Grain, Hay, Etc.

Northwestern Agents for PILLSBURY'S BEST FLOUR.

State Agents for Griswold Bros.' Hay Bale Ties. Write us for prices.

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MINNEAPOLIS MARKETS.

Lower Cables Took the Stiffness Out of Wheat.

Lower cables rather took the strength out of the wheat market yesterday and there was a rush to sell at the opening. The first trade was at about where the market closed Monday, but the offerings were too great to sustain the value and the price fell rapidly. The news coming was about as bearish as it has been bullish all along. December wheat sold down to around 74c here before 12:30, and the market appeared weak all along, up to that time. This was followed by some covering of shorts, advancing the price considerably. Closing quotations were: No. 1 hard, o. t., 74½c; No. 1 northern, October, 75½c; December, 76½c; May, 81c; o. t., 73¼c; No. 2 northern, o. t., 70¼@71¼c.

Cash sales, by sample and otherwise, include the following: 8,200 bu No. 1 northern, to arrive, 71¼c; 800 bu No. 1 northern, to arrive, 71⅜c; 5,000 bu No. 1 northern, to arrive, 72½c; 5,000 bu No. 1 northern, to arrive, 71⅝c; 5 cars No. 1 northern, to arrive, 71½c; 4 cars No. 1 northern, to arrive, 72¼c; 1 car No. 1 northern, to arrive, 71c; 1 car No. 1 northern, to arrive, 71¼c; 1 car No. 1 northern, 72⅜c; 62 cars No. 1 northern, 72¼c; 16 cars No. 1 northern, 72½c; 3 cars No. 1 northern, 72c; 13 cars No. 1 northern, 71⅝c; 6 cars No. 1 northern, 71½c; 12 cars No. 2 northern, 70c; 31 cars No. 2 northern, 68c; 1 car No. 2 northern, 69¾c; 14 cars No. 2 northern, 70¼c; 8 cars No. 3, 66c; 6 cars No. 3, 63c; 2 cars rejected, 2 lbs off, frosted, 53c; 1 car rejected, 2 lbs off, 55c; 2 cars rejected, 2 lbs off, 59c; 3 cars no grade, 2 lbs off, 62c; 1 car no grade 2 lbs off, 56½c; 1 car no grade, 2 lbs off, 63c; 2 cars no grade, 4 lbs off, 60c; 1 car no grade, 2 lbs off, 55c; 1 car No. 3 corn, 21½c; 6 cars No. 3 oats, 16½c; 1 car No. 3 white oats, 18½c; 2 cars No. 3 white oats, 17½c; 2 cars No. 3 oats, stained, 16c; 1 car no grade oats, 16½c; 1 car No. 3 oats, 17¾c; 5 cars No. 3 oats, 17½c; 9 cars No. 3 oats, 17¼c; 2 cars No. 2 rye, 36½c; 2 cars No. 2 rye, 35c; 6 cars No. 4 barley, 25½c; 1 car No. 3 barley, 27c; 3 cars No. 4 barley, 25c; 1 car No. 5 barley, 24c.

CASH WHEAT—Something seemed to be wrong with traders yesterday morning, who wanted nothing but standard grade, and a limited quantity of No. 2. A number of cars of No. 3 wheat and low grade remained unsold up to a late hour. A full 3c discount under December governed all sales of No. 1 northern, either on spot or to arrive. No. 2 northern was traded in a lukewarm sort of way at 2c to 4c under standard. All the way from 5½c to 12c under No. 1 northern was the range on No. 2 wheat, with low grade stuff proportionately lower. Receipts here were again lighter than the same day a year ago. Receipts, 518 cars; shipped, 75.

FLOUR—First patents are quoted at $4.10@4.30 per bbl; second patents, $3.95@4.05; first clears, $3@3.10; second clears, $2.40@2.60; low grade and red dog is quotable at $11.50@12 per ton in jute. Flour shipments, 70,180 bbls.

HAY—Choice to fancy is quoted at $6@6.50 per ton; coarse to medium, $4@5.50; choice timothy, $7@7.50. Receipts, 22 tons.

CORN—No. 3 yellow is quoted at 21@21½c; No. 3, 20½@21c. Receipts, 4 cars; shipped, none.

OATS—No. 3 white are quoted at 17@17½c; No. 3, 16½@17c. Receipts, 47 cars; shipped, 50 cars.

BARLEY—Feed barley is quoted at 23½@25c; malting grades, 26@27c. Receipts, 41 cars; shipped, 41 cars.

BUTTER—Creameries, extras, perfect goods, 17½@17¾c; firsts, lacking in flavor, almost perfect, 16@16½c; seconds, 13@14½c; thirds, 7@9c; imitations, firsts, 14@15c; imitations, seconds, 10@11c. Dairies—Extras, packages included, 15@16c; firsts, lacking in flavor, sweet, 13@14c; seconds, 10@11c. Ladies—Extras, 12@13c; firsts, 10@11c; seconds, 8@10c; extras, 11½@12c; packing stock, 6c; grease butter, clean, 3c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, 14½c; cold storage eggs, 13½c; seconds, 7@8c. Cases returned, ½c less. Sales are made subject to candling, with loss off on rotten and broken eggs.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, 10½@11c; Wisconsin, full cream, 9½@10c; state cheese, full new cream, twins or flats, fancy, 8½@9c; twins or flats, good, 4@5c; twins or flats, sharp, 2@3c; limburger, No. 1, 8½@9c; brick, extra fancy, 9½@10c; limburger, No. 2, 4@5c; primost, No. 1, 5½@6c; primost, No. 2, 3@4c; Young America, choice to fancy, 9@10c; Swiss, No. 1, new, 11c; Swiss, block, 10@11c; skims, 2@2½c.

Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 20.—Wheat—Spot No. 1 standard California per cental, 7s 2d; Walla Walla per cental, 6s 11d; No. 1 northern spring average price per cental, 6s 11d; October, 6s 9d, 1¾d lower; November, 6s 9d, 1¾d lower; December, 6s 9¼d; January, 6s 9¼d; February, 6s 9¼d. Maize—Spot American mixed per cental, 3s 4¾d; October, 3s 4¼d, ¼d lower; November, 3s 4d, ¾d lower; December, 3s 4¼d; January, 3s 3½d; February, 3s 3½d; March, 3s 3½d. Flour—Minneapolis, 22s 9d.

Real Estate Transfers.

Max A Kopper to H F Schwabe, lts 8 and 9, blk 1, Weed & Hall's add and lt 20, blk 2, Schwabe's add..... $500

H F Schwabe and wife to Dora S W C Koppe, lts 8 and 9, blk 1, Weed & Hall's add and lt 20, blk 2, Schwabe's add 500

E S Rask to G P Sandberg, lt 12, blk 1, Birmingham's add..... 326

G P Sandberg and wife to P G Sandberg, lt 15, blk 3, E. Rice's First add, and lt 14, blk 4, Academy Heights.. 2,000

G P Sandberg and wife to P G Sandberg, lt 16, blk 15, E R Bryant's subd and lt 12, blk 4, Birmingham's add.. 1,000

P G Sandberg to Margaret Sandberg, same as next two above..... 3,000

W W Clark and wife to F M Crosby, lts 2 and 3, blk 47, St. Anthony Park 5,910

A Stathel and wife to Josephine Von der Weyer, south of lt 3, blk 11, Bazille & Gurin's add..... 17,000

A Stathel and wife to Josephine Von der Weyer, south ½ of lt 2, blk 10, Bazille & Guerin's add, and lt 24, Stinson's subd of blk 25, Stinson, Brown & Ramsey's add..... 20,000

L J Christensen and wife to W Kemstedt, west 20 ft of lt 12, blk 2, subd of blk 2, Stinson's div..... 600

E E Scribner and wife to J A Lederer, lt 12, blk 11, Summit Park add..... 1,200

Eleven transactions; total.....$42,036

GREATER ACTIVITY

WITH AGGRESSIVE STRENGTH THE FEATURE OF THE DEALINGS IN STOCKS.

SHORTS SEVERELY TREATED.

THEY WERE NIPPED, NOTABLY IN BURLINGTON AND IN CHICAGO GAS.

RISE IN FACE OF STRINGENT MONEY

Under the Influence of the Wheat Rally Stocks Closed Strong and at the Best.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The stock market today displayed a substantial increase in activity, and business was fairly well distributed. Aggressive strength was noted, and in one or two cases the shorts were severely treated, notably in Burlington and Chicago Gas. For several days rumors have been current of a probable squeeze of shorts in both properties. Special significance was attached to the fact that the largest buying orders in the last mentioned stock were received from a banking house that has chiefly been identified with the management. The extreme advance scored was 4⅛ per cent to 65⅝. At intervals the speculation was quite animated and the dealings embraced a number of the usually inactive shares. The upward course of prices was engineered in the face of a stringent money market, and the chief motive power was in forecasts of a continuation of the present extraordinary grain movement and advances in the prices of cereals. An additional bull factor was the reported engagement of an aggregate of over $5,000,000 in gold from Europe. Higher London quotations and moderate purchases for that account stimulated fractional advances at the opening with the greatest activity in Sugar and the Grangers. Increasing strength ruled until midday, when a reactionary tendency developed, and Manhattan and Sugar, which had exhibited a sagging tendency in contrast to the general list, dropped 1⅝ and ⅝ per cent, respectively. The other reactions were small and the upward trend was soon resumed, and on good buying for both accounts, further gains were recorded. Sugar and Manhattan subsequently made full recoveries. In the usually inactive list, Illinois Steel rose 3½. Money on call ranged between 4 and 8 per cent, closing at 5 per cent, and in the afternoon a slight stiffening in exchange rates was noted, due to the arrangements made by gold importers. The speculation in the late dealings was stimulated by a revival of strength in the wheat market. The closing was at the best prices of the day.

Railroad bonds were strong and more active. The gains otherwise were less notable in the speculative issues, but Atchison, Colorado & Pacific firsts figured for a rise of 2½ per cent. The sales were $1,234,000. Government bonds made a further slight gain on purchases of $22,000. Silver certificates were steady. The transactions aggregated $6,000 at 66.

The total sales of stocks today were 180,500 shares, including: Sugar, 28,800; Burlington, 28,000; L. & N., 6,200; Manhattan, 10,600; Pullman, 11,600; Rock Island, 20,700; Wabash pfd